Laurent Series and z-Transform

Geometric Series Time Shift A

20191028 Mon

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Causal Signal
$$a(n) => f(z), X(z)$$

$$(n \geqslant 0) \qquad (|z| < p) \quad (|z| > p^{-1})$$

$$\Lambda_{n} = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n} \quad (n \ge 0)$$

$$f(z) = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\circ} z^{\sigma} + \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{1} z^{1} + \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{2} z^{2} + \cdots = \frac{1}{1 - \left(\frac{z}{2}\right)}$$

$$X(z) = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\circ} z^{\circ} + \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\circ} z^{-1} + \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\circ} z^{-2} + \cdots = \frac{1}{1 - \left(\frac{1}{2z}\right)}$$

$$\bigwedge_{n} = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n} \quad (n \ge 0)$$

$$f(\xi) = \frac{1}{1 - \left(\frac{\xi}{2}\right)} \longrightarrow \frac{2}{2 - \xi} \quad \left(|\xi| < 2\right)$$

$$X(z) = \frac{1}{1 - \left(\frac{1}{2z}\right)} \longrightarrow \frac{z}{z - o.5} \quad \left(|z| > 0.5\right)$$

Anti-Causal Signal
$$a(n) = > -f(z), -X(z)$$

$$(n < 0) \qquad (|z| > P) \quad (|z| < P^{-1})$$

$$\Lambda_n = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n \quad (n < 0)$$

$$f_{2}(z) = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{-1} z^{-1} + \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{-2} z^{-2} + \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{-3} z^{-3} + \cdots = \frac{\left(\frac{2}{z}\right)}{1 - \left(\frac{2}{z}\right)}$$

$$\chi_{2}(2) = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{3} z^{1} + \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{-2} z^{2} + \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{-3} z^{3} + \cdots = \frac{\left(2z\right)}{1 - \left(2z\right)}$$

$$\bigwedge_{n} = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n} \quad (n < 0)$$

$$f_{2}(\xi) = \frac{\left(\frac{2}{2}\right)}{|-\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)|} \longrightarrow \frac{2}{\xi-2} = -f(\xi)\left(|\xi| > 2\right)$$

$$X_{2}(z) = \frac{(2z)}{1 - (2z)}$$
 $\frac{z}{0.5 - z} = -\chi(z) (|z| < 0.5)$

$$\bigwedge_{n}^{\prime} = -\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n} \quad (n < 0)$$

$$f(\xi) = \frac{2}{2-\xi} \longrightarrow \frac{-\left(\frac{2}{2}\right)}{1-\left(\frac{2}{2}\right)} \left(|\xi| > 2\right)$$

$$X(z) = \frac{z}{z - 0.5}$$
 $\frac{-(2z)}{|-(2z)|} (|z| < 0.5)$

Inverse z

$$\xi \leftarrow \xi^{-1}$$
, $Roc(\xi) \leftarrow Roc(\xi^{-1})$

anti-Causal

$$f(z) = \frac{2}{2-z} \quad (|z| < 2)$$

Causal Z anti-Causal
$$f(z) = \frac{2}{2-z} \quad (|z| < 2) \qquad f(z') = \frac{z}{z - 0.5} \quad (|z| > 0.5)$$

$$X(z) = \frac{z}{z - 0.5} \quad (|z| > 0.5)$$

$$X(z') = \frac{2}{2 - z} \quad (|z| < 2)$$

$$X(z^{-1}) = \frac{2}{2-z} \quad (|z| < 2)$$

$$f(\overline{z}') = \frac{2}{2-\overline{z}'} \quad (|\overline{z}'| < 2) \longrightarrow f(\overline{z}') = X(z) = \frac{\overline{z}}{\overline{z} - 0.5} \quad (|\overline{z}| > 0.5)$$

$$X(z^{-1}) = \frac{z^{-1}}{z^{-1} - 0.5} \quad (|z^{-1}| > 0.5) \longrightarrow X(z^{-1}) = \int (z) = \frac{z}{2 - z} \quad (|z| < z)$$

$$f(z') = X(z)$$
 Laurent Series (anti-causal signal) with the same formula as causal $X(z)$

$$X(z^{-1}) = f(z)$$
 z-Transform (anti-causal signal) with the same formula as causal f(z)

Causal

anti-Causal

$$f(\xi) = \frac{2}{2-\xi} \left(|\xi| < 2 \right)$$

$$f(z) = \frac{2}{2-z} \left(|z| < 2 \right) \qquad X(z^{-1}) = \frac{2}{2-z} \left(|z| < 2 \right)$$

$$X(\xi) = \frac{\xi}{\xi - 0.5} (|\xi| > 0.5)$$
 $f(\xi^{-1}) = \frac{\xi}{\xi - 0.5} (|\xi| > 0.5)$

Inverse z $f(z^{-1})$, $Roc(z^{-1}) \Longrightarrow \alpha_{-n}$

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$$f(\xi) = \frac{2}{2-\xi} \quad (|\xi| < 2) \qquad \qquad f(\xi^{-1}) = \frac{\xi}{\xi - 0.5} \quad (|\xi| > 0.5)$$

$$X(\xi) = \frac{\xi}{\xi - 0.5} \quad \left(|\xi| > 0.5 \right) \qquad X(\xi^{-1}) = \frac{2}{2 - \xi} \quad \left(|\xi| < 2 \right)$$

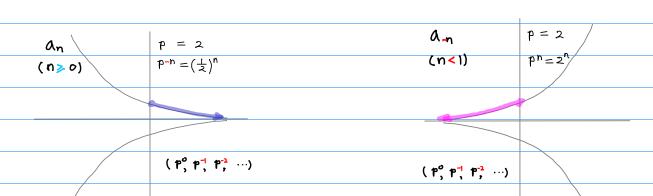
$$X(z^{-1}) = \frac{2}{2-z} \quad (|z| < 2)$$

$$f(z) = \frac{2}{2-z} = \frac{1}{1-\left(\frac{z}{2}\right)} = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{0} z^{0} + \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{1} z^{1} + \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{2} z^{2} + \cdots \qquad \Delta_{n} = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n}$$

$$= p^{0} z^{0} + p^{-1} z^{1} + p^{-2} z^{2} + \cdots \qquad n = 0, 1, 2, \dots$$

$$f(z^{1}) = \frac{2}{2-z^{-1}} = \frac{1}{1-\left(\frac{1}{2z}\right)} = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{0} z^{0} + \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{1} z^{-1} + \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{2} z^{-2} + \cdots \qquad \Delta_{-n} = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{-n}$$

= po eo+ po ed+ po es + ...



Inverse $z = \chi(z^{-1})$, $Roc(z^{-1}) \Longrightarrow \alpha_{-n}$

Causal

anti-Causal

$$f(\xi) = \frac{2}{2-\xi} \quad (|\xi| < 2) \qquad \qquad f(\xi') = \frac{\xi}{\xi - 0.5} \quad (|\xi| > 0.5)$$

$$X(\xi) = \frac{\xi}{\xi - 0.5} \quad (|\xi| > 0.5) \qquad X(\xi^{\dagger}) = \frac{2}{2 - \xi} \quad (|\xi| < 2)$$

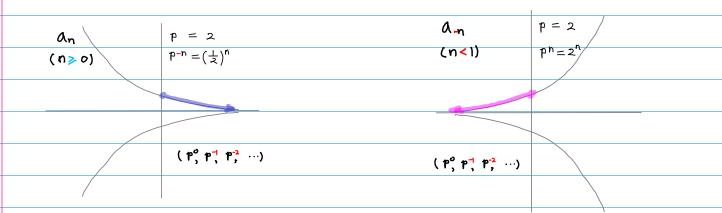
$$X(z) = \frac{z}{z - 0.5} = \frac{1}{1 - (\frac{1}{2z})} = (\frac{1}{2})^{0} z^{0} + (\frac{1}{2})^{1} z^{-1} + (\frac{1}{2})^{2} z^{2} + \cdots \qquad \Delta_{n} = (\frac{1}{2})^{n}$$

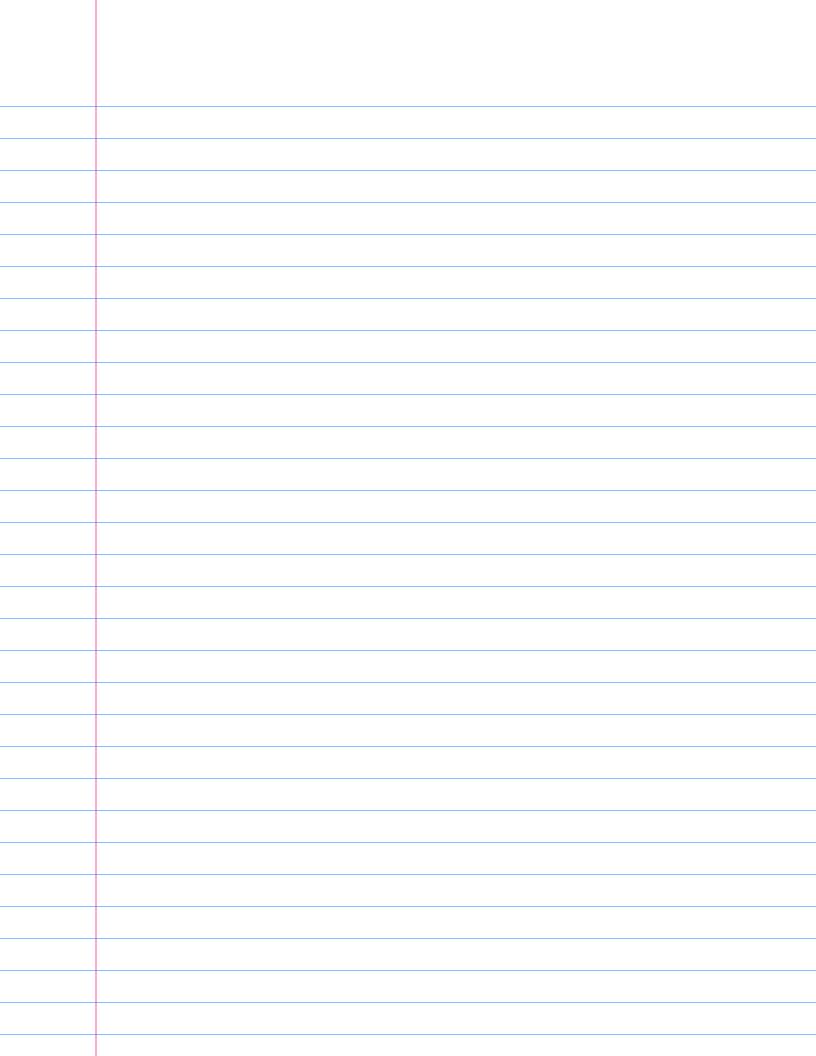
$$= p^{0} z^{0} + p^{-1} z^{-1} + p^{-2} z^{-2} + \cdots \qquad n = 0, 1, 2, \cdots$$

$$X(z^{-1}) = \frac{z^{-1}}{z^{-1} - 0.5} = \frac{1}{1 - (\frac{z}{2})} = (\frac{1}{2})^{0} z^{0} + (\frac{1}{2})^{1} z^{1} + (\frac{1}{2})^{2} z^{2} + \cdots \qquad \Delta_{-n} = (\frac{1}{2})^{-n}$$

$$= p^{0} z^{0} + p^{1} z^{1} + p^{2} z^{2} + \cdots \qquad n = 0, -1, -2, \cdots$$

$$z$$





Causal

$$f(\xi) = \frac{2}{2-\xi} \quad (|\xi| < 2) \qquad -f(\xi) = -\frac{2}{2-\xi} \quad (|\xi| > 2)$$

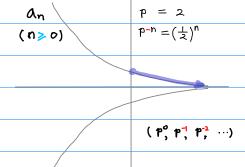
$$X(\xi) = \frac{\xi}{\xi - 0.5} \left(|\xi| > 0.5 \right) - X(\xi) = -\frac{\xi}{\xi - 0.5} \left(|\xi| < 0.5 \right)$$

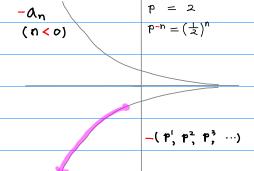
$$f(z) = \frac{2}{2-z} = \frac{1}{1-(\frac{z}{2})} = (\frac{1}{2})^0 z^0 + (\frac{1}{2})^1 z^1 + (\frac{1}{2})^2 z^2 + \cdots \qquad \alpha_n = (\frac{1}{2})^n$$

$$= p^0 z^0 + p^{-1} z^1 + p^{-2} z^2 + \cdots \qquad n = 0, 1, 2, \dots$$

$$f(z) = \frac{2}{z-2} = \frac{\left(\frac{2}{z}\right)}{1-\left(\frac{2}{z}\right)} = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{1}z^{-1} + \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{2}z^{-2} + \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{3}z^{-3} + \cdots \qquad \alpha_{n} = -\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n}$$

$$= p^{1}z^{-1} + p^{2}z^{-2} + p^{3}z^{-3} + \cdots \qquad n = -1, -2, -3, \cdots$$





Inverse ROC f(z), Roc $(z^{-1}) \implies -a_n$



Causal anti-Causal
$$f(z) = \frac{2}{2-z} \quad (|z| < 2) \qquad f(z) = \frac{2}{2-z} \quad (|z| > 0.5)$$

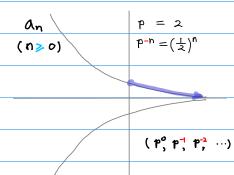
$$X(z) = \frac{z}{z - 0.5} \quad (|z| > 0.5)$$

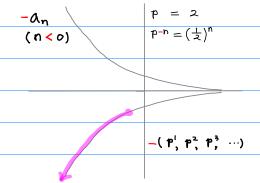
$$X(z) = \frac{z}{z - 0.5} \quad (|z| > 0.5) \qquad X(z) = \frac{z}{z - 0.5} \quad (|z| < 2)$$

$$f(z) = \frac{2}{2-z} = \frac{1}{1-(\frac{z}{2})} = (\frac{1}{2})^0 z^0 + (\frac{1}{2})^1 z^1 + (\frac{1}{2})^2 z^2 + \cdots \qquad \alpha_n = (\frac{1}{2})^n$$

$$= p^0 z^0 + p^{-1} z^1 + p^{-2} z^2 + \cdots \qquad n = 0, 1, 2, \cdots$$

$$f(z) = \frac{2}{2-z} = \frac{-\left(\frac{2}{z}\right)}{1-\left(\frac{2}{z}\right)} = -\left[\left(2\right)^{1}z^{-1} + \left(2\right)^{2}z^{-2} + \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{3}z^{-3} + \cdots\right] - \Delta_{n} = -\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n}$$
$$= -\left[p^{1}z^{-1} + p^{2}z^{-2} + p^{3}z^{-3} + \cdots\right] \qquad n = -1, -2, -3, \cdots$$





Inverse ROC $\chi(\xi)$, Roc $(\xi^{-1}) \implies -\alpha_n$

Causal

anti-Causal

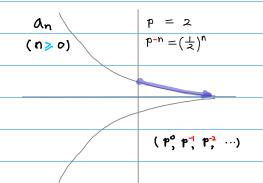
$$f(z) = \frac{2}{2-z} \quad (|z| < 2) \qquad \qquad f(z) = \frac{2}{2-z} \quad (|z| > 0.5)$$

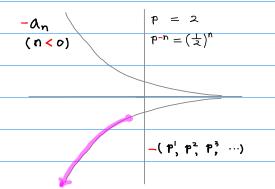
$$X(\xi) = \frac{\xi}{\xi - 0.5} \quad (|\xi| > 0.5) \qquad X(\xi) = \frac{\xi}{\xi - 0.5} \quad (|\xi| < 2)$$

$$X(\xi) = \frac{\xi}{\xi - 0.5} = \frac{1}{1 - (\frac{1}{2\xi})} = (\frac{1}{2})^0 \xi^0 + (\frac{1}{2})^1 \xi^{-1} + (\frac{1}{2})^2 \xi^{-2} + \cdots \qquad \alpha_n = (\frac{1}{2})^n$$

$$= p^0 \xi^0 + p^{-1} \xi^{-1} + p^{-2} \xi^{-2} + \cdots \qquad n = 0, 1, 2, \dots$$

$$X(z) = \frac{z}{z - 0.5} = \frac{-(2z)}{1 - (2z)} = -\left[(2)^{1}z^{1} + (2)^{2}z^{2} + (\frac{1}{2})^{3}z^{3} + \cdots\right] - \alpha_{n} = -(\frac{1}{2})^{n}$$
$$= -\left[p^{1}z^{1} + p^{2}z^{2} + p^{3}z^{3} + \cdots\right] \qquad n = -1, -2, -3, \cdots$$





causal
$$\$$$
 anti-causal $(n \ge 0)$

$$\frac{\left(|\mathcal{E}| < p\right) \left(|\mathcal{E}| > p^{-1}\right)}{\left|\mathcal{E}| > p\right) \left(|\mathcal{E}| < p^{-1}\right)}$$

causal

anti-causal

$$p=2 \qquad \bigwedge_{n} = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n} \qquad (n \ge 0)$$

 $\Lambda_n = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n \quad (n < 0)$

$$f(\xi) = \frac{1}{1 - \left(\frac{\xi}{2}\right)} \left(|\xi| < 2 \right) \qquad f_{\bullet}(\xi) = \frac{\left(\frac{2}{Z}\right)}{1 - \left(\frac{2}{Z}\right)} \left(|\xi| > 2 \right)$$

$$X_{a}(z) = \frac{(2z)}{1 - (2z)} \quad (|z| < 0.5)$$

$$X(\xi) = \frac{1}{1 - \left(\frac{1}{2\xi}\right)} \quad \left(|\xi| > 0.5 \right) \qquad X_{\alpha}(\xi) = \frac{\left(2\xi\right)}{1 - \left(2\xi\right)} \quad \left(|\xi| < 0.5 \right)$$

$$f(\xi) = \frac{2}{2-\xi} \quad (|\xi| < 2) \qquad f_{\alpha}(\xi) = \frac{-2}{2-\xi} \quad (|\xi| > 2)$$

$$X(z) = \frac{z}{(1z) > 0.5}$$

$$X(\xi) = \frac{\xi}{\xi - 0.5} \quad \left(|\xi| > 0.5 \right) \qquad X_{\alpha}(\xi) = \frac{-\xi}{\xi - 0.5} \quad \left(|\xi| < 0.5 \right)$$

$$X(\xi) = \frac{\epsilon}{\xi - 0.5} \quad (|\xi| > 0.5)$$

causal

anti-causal

$$p=1/2$$
 $A_n = (2)^n \quad (n \ge 0)$

$$\Delta_n = (2)^n \qquad (n < 0)$$

$$f(\xi) = \frac{1}{1 - (2\xi)} \left(|\xi| < 0.5 \right)$$

$$f(\xi) = \frac{1}{1 - (2\xi)} \left(|\xi| < 0.5 \right) \qquad f_{\infty}(\xi) = \frac{\left(\frac{1}{2Z}\right)}{1 - \left(\frac{1}{2Z}\right)} \left(|\xi| > 0.5 \right)$$

$$X(\xi) = \frac{1}{1 - \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)} \left(|\xi| > 2 \right)$$

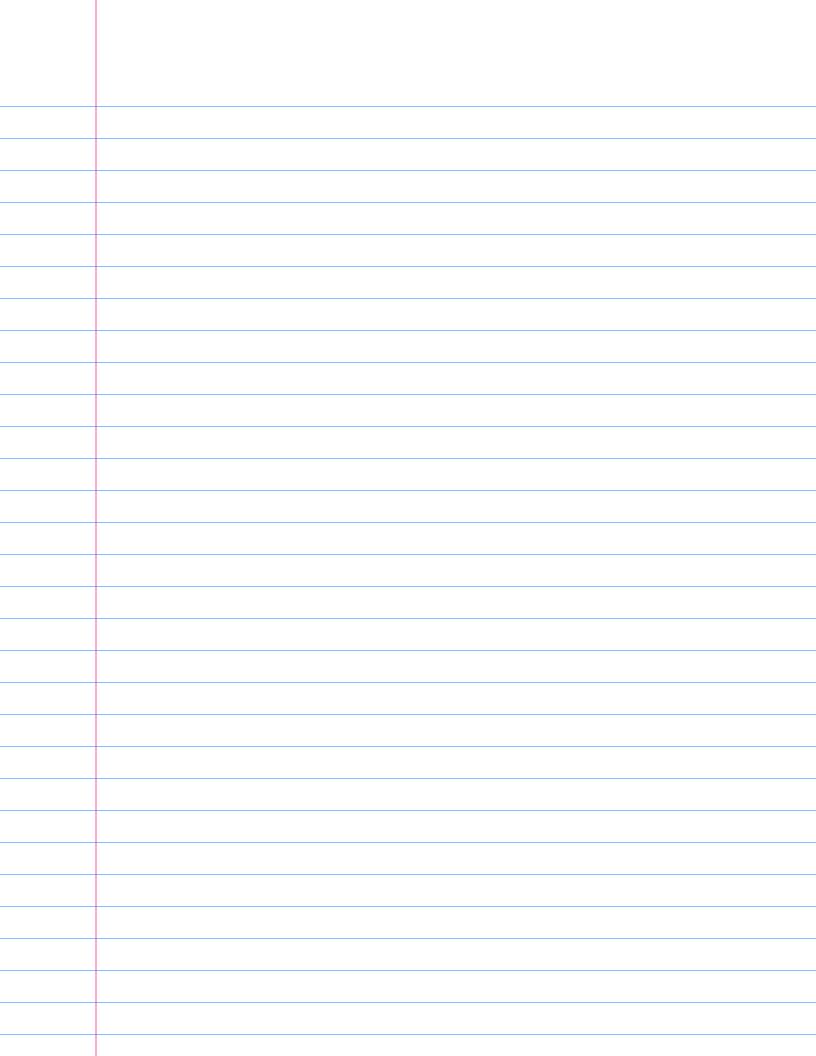
$$\chi_{\mathbf{c}}(z) = \frac{\left(\frac{\mathbf{Z}}{2}\right)}{1 - \left(\frac{\mathbf{Z}}{2}\right)} \quad \left(|z| < \chi\right)$$

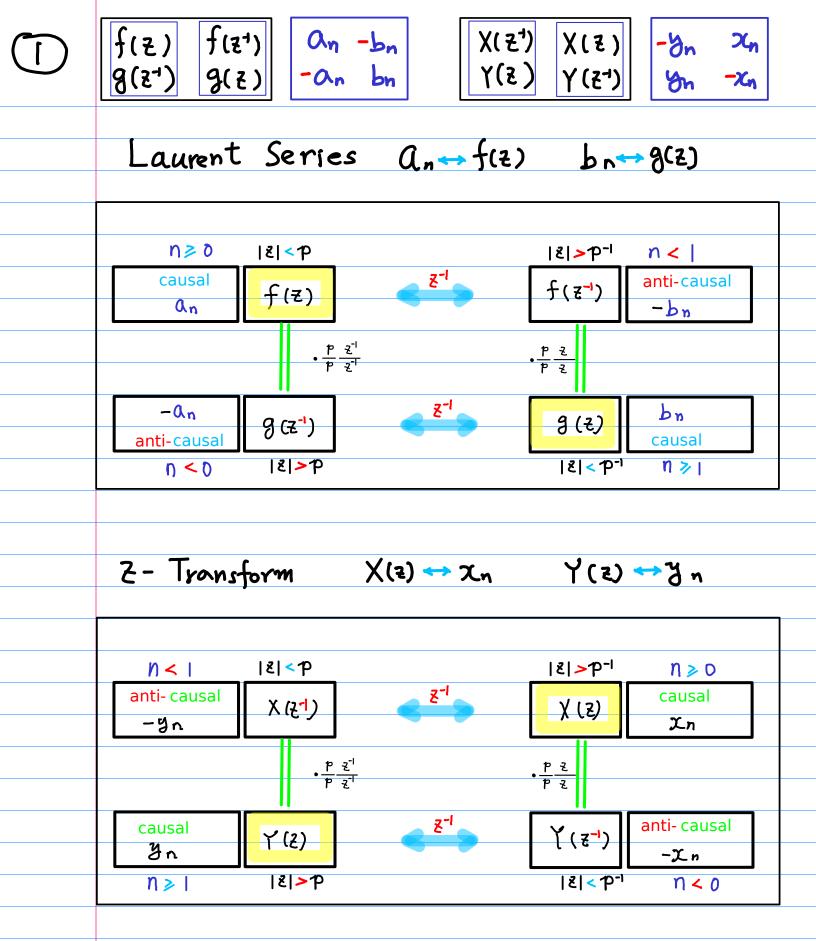
$$f(z) = \frac{0.5}{5.5 - z} \quad (|z| < 0.5)$$

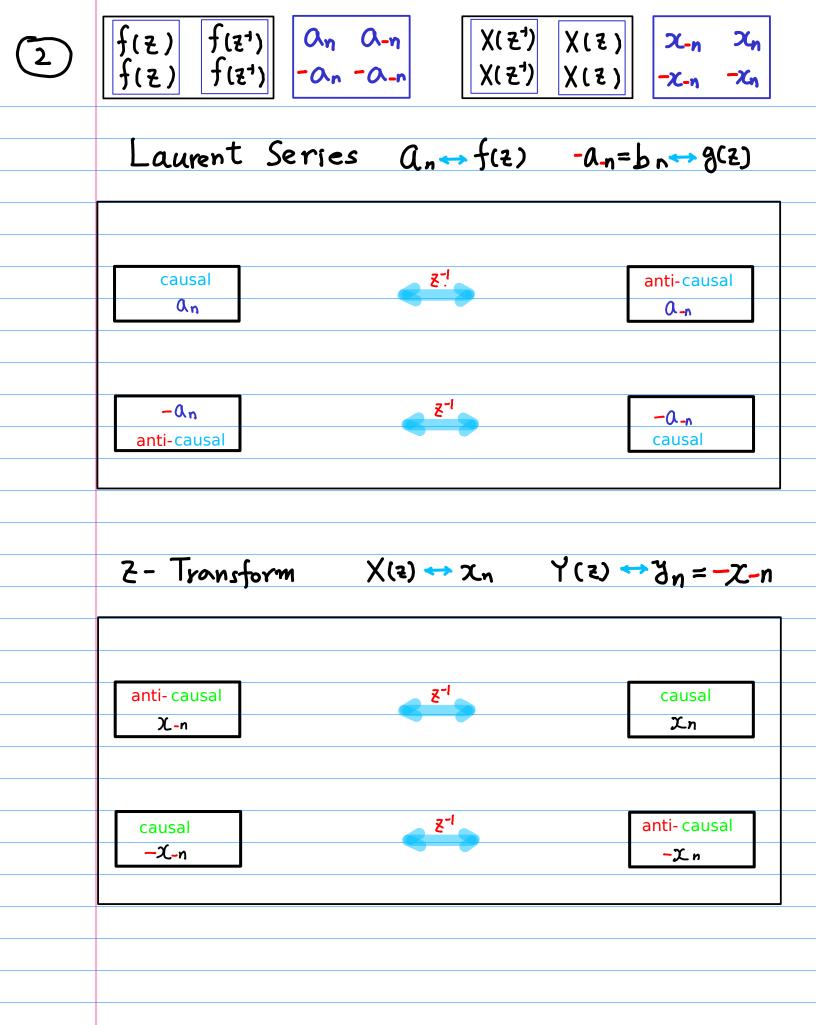
$$f_{\bullet}(\xi) = \frac{-0.5}{0.5 - \xi} \left(|\xi| > 0.5 \right)$$

$$X(\xi) = \frac{\xi}{\xi - \lambda} \quad \left(|\xi| > \lambda \right) \qquad X(\xi) = \frac{-\xi}{\xi - \lambda} \quad \left(|\xi| < \lambda \right)$$

$$X_{(\xi)} = \frac{-\xi}{\xi - 2} \left(|\xi| < 2 \right)$$



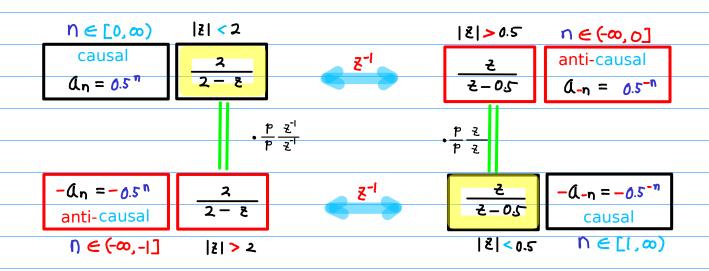




$$\begin{array}{c|c}
2 & \frac{2}{2-\xi} \\
\frac{2}{2-\xi} & \frac{2}{2-05}
\end{array}$$

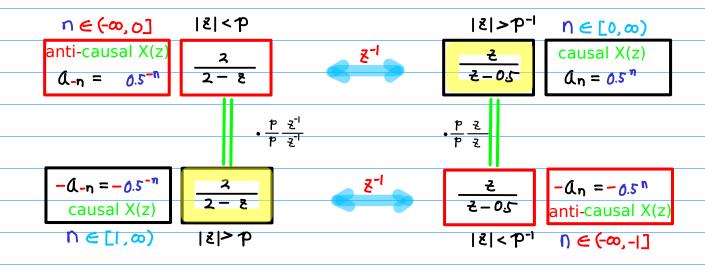
$$0.5^{-n}$$
 0.5^{n} -0.5^{n}

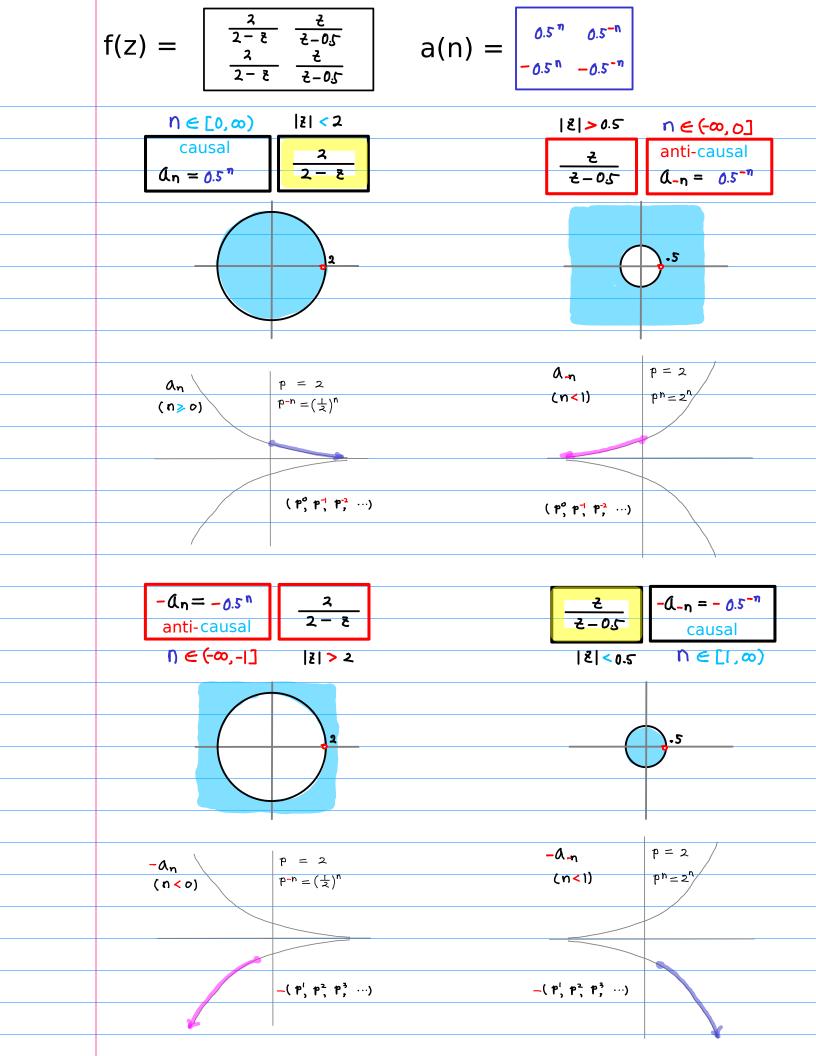
f(z) Laurent Series

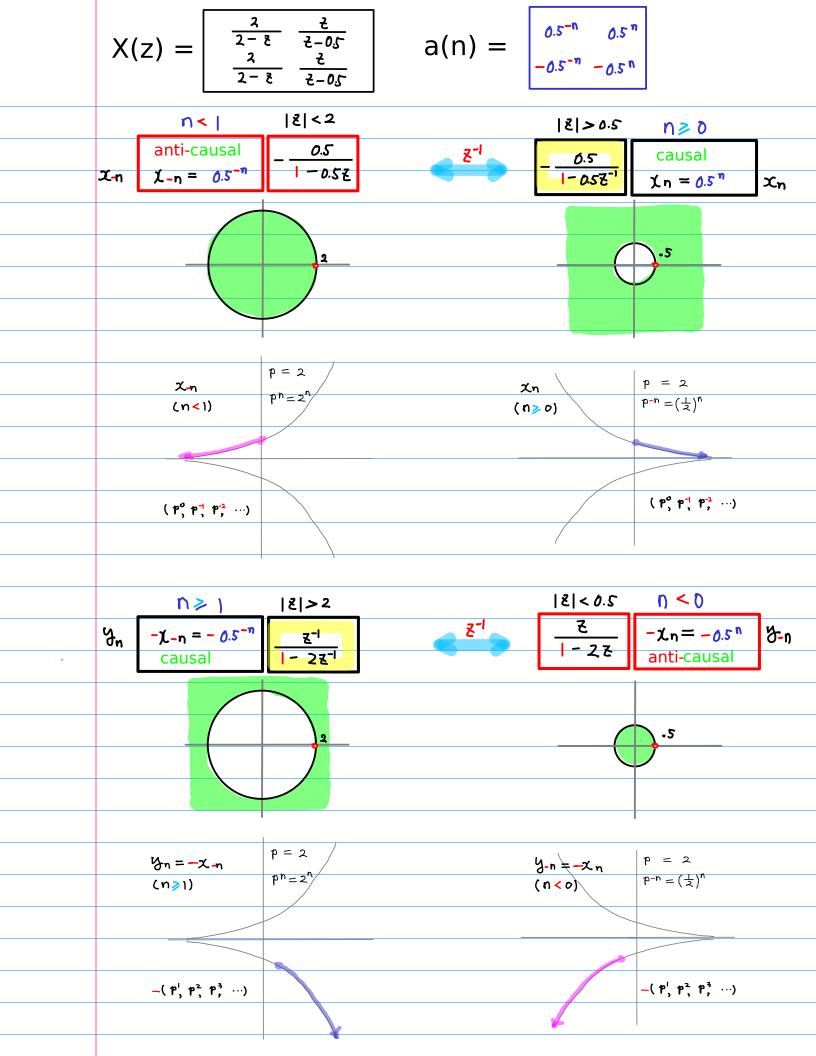


0.5⁻ⁿ

z-Transform X(z)







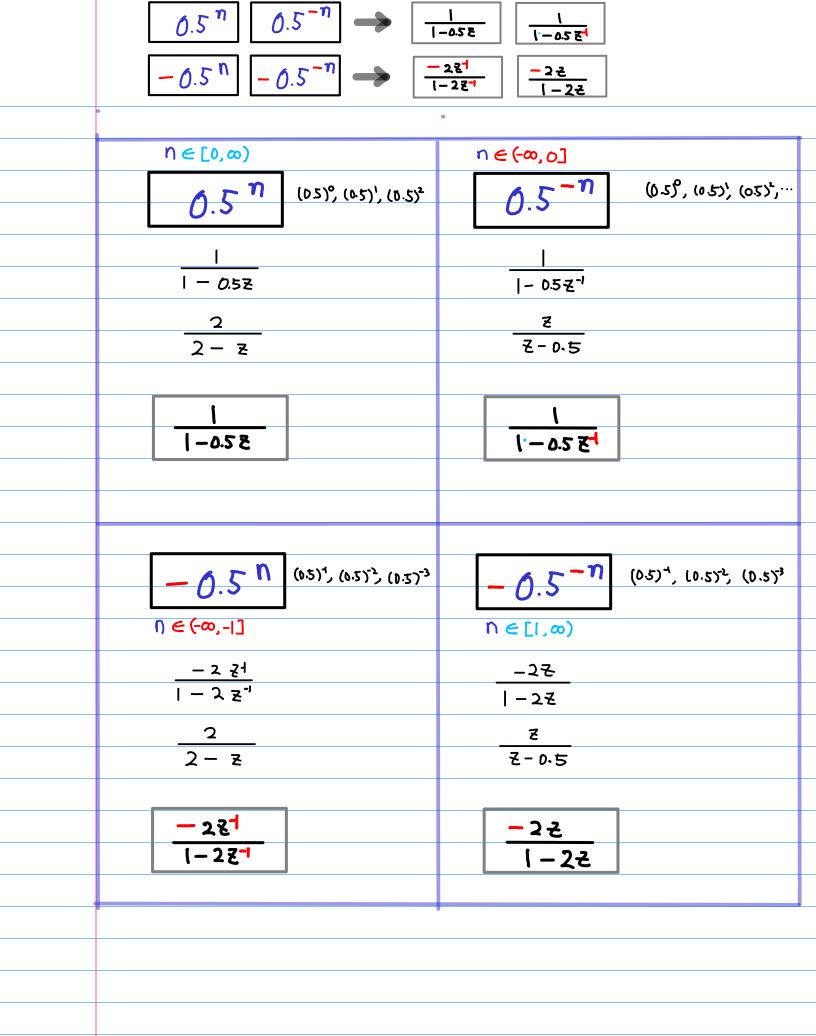
$$0.5^{n}$$

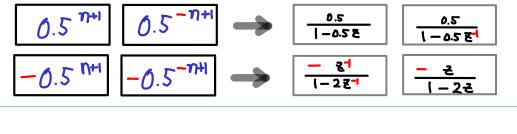
$$a(n), Range => f(z), ROC$$

$$0.5^{n}$$

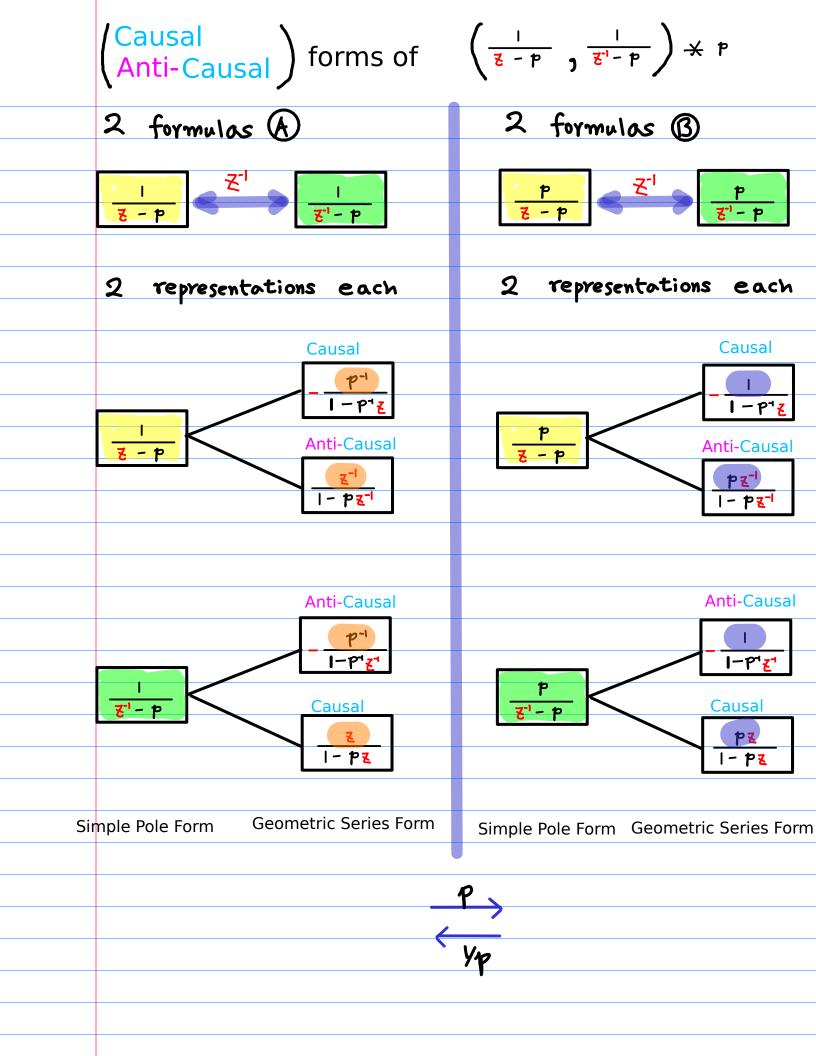
$$0.5^{n}$$

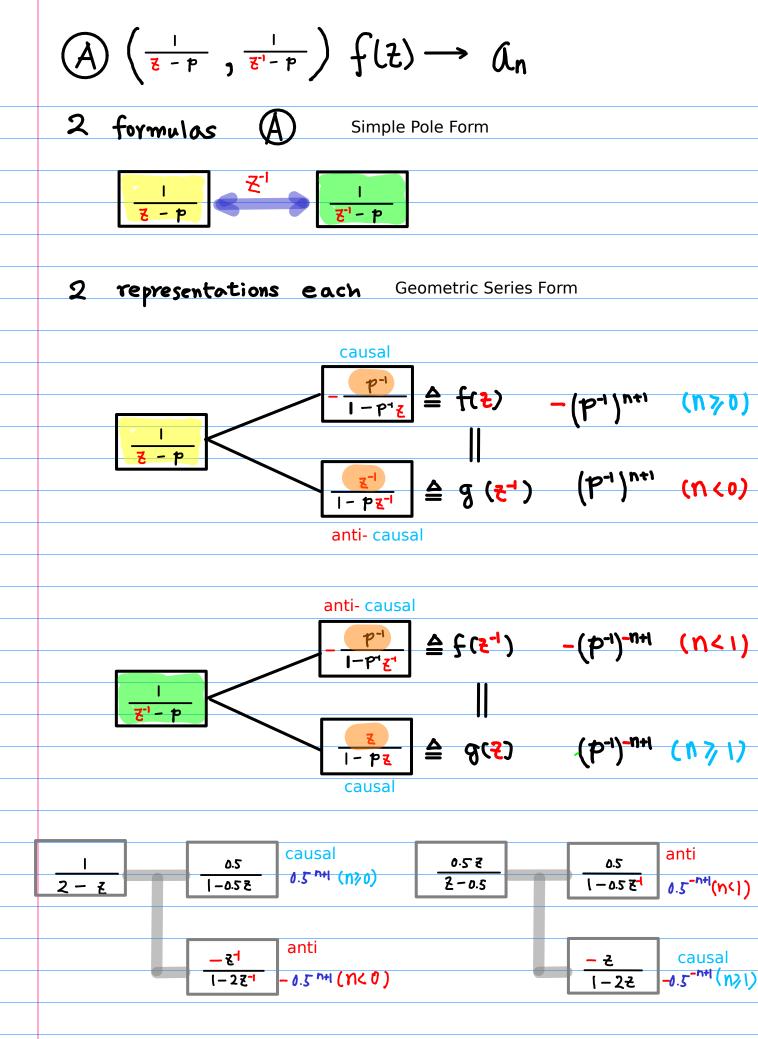
$$0.5^{-n}$$





	n ∈ [0,∞)	n ∈ (-∞, o]	
	$0.5^{n+1} (0.5)^{1}, (0.5)^{2}, (0.5)^{3}$	$0.5^{-11} (0.5)^{1}, (0.5)^{2}, (0.5)^{3}$	
	0.5	0.5	
	I — 0.5%	- 0.5 Z -	
	ſ	0.5 2	
	2 - z	- 0· 5	
	0.5	0.5	
	1-0.5 &	1 - 0.2 E-	
	-0.5° (0.5)°, (0.5)1, (0.5)2	-0.5^{-11} (0.5)°, (0.5) ²	
	n ∈ (-∞, -]	n ∈ [1,∞)	
	ぇ-¹	전 - 2편	
	1 72		
	2 - z	<u>0.5 ₹</u> ₹-0.5	
		-	
	_ & <mark>-</mark>	- ₂	
	1-2 2-1	1-22	
•			





$$A \left(\frac{1}{\xi - p}, \frac{1}{\xi' - p} \right) f(\xi) \rightarrow a_n \quad \text{method } 1$$

$$\frac{p^{-1}}{1-p^{-1}z} - (p^{-1}) \rightarrow -(p^{-1})^{n+1} \rightarrow -(p^{-1})^{n+1}$$

$$-(p^{-1}z^{o} + p^{-2}z^{1} + p^{-3}z^{2} + \cdots)$$
anti-causal

$$(p) \rightarrow (p)^{-n-1} \rightarrow (p^{-1})^{n+1}$$

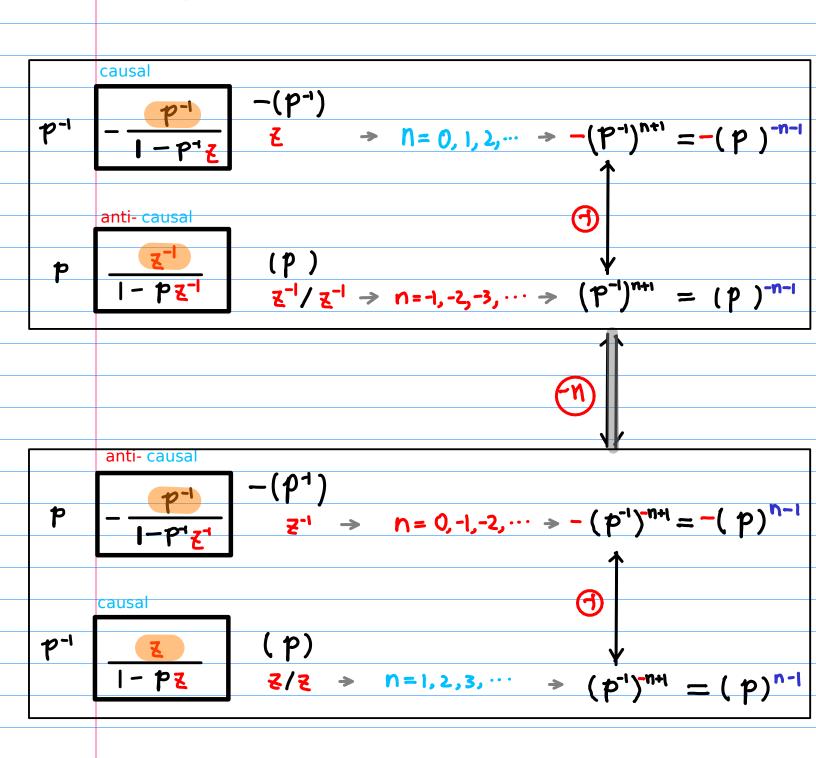
$$(p^{0}z^{1} + p^{1}z^{2} + p^{2}z^{2} + \cdots)$$

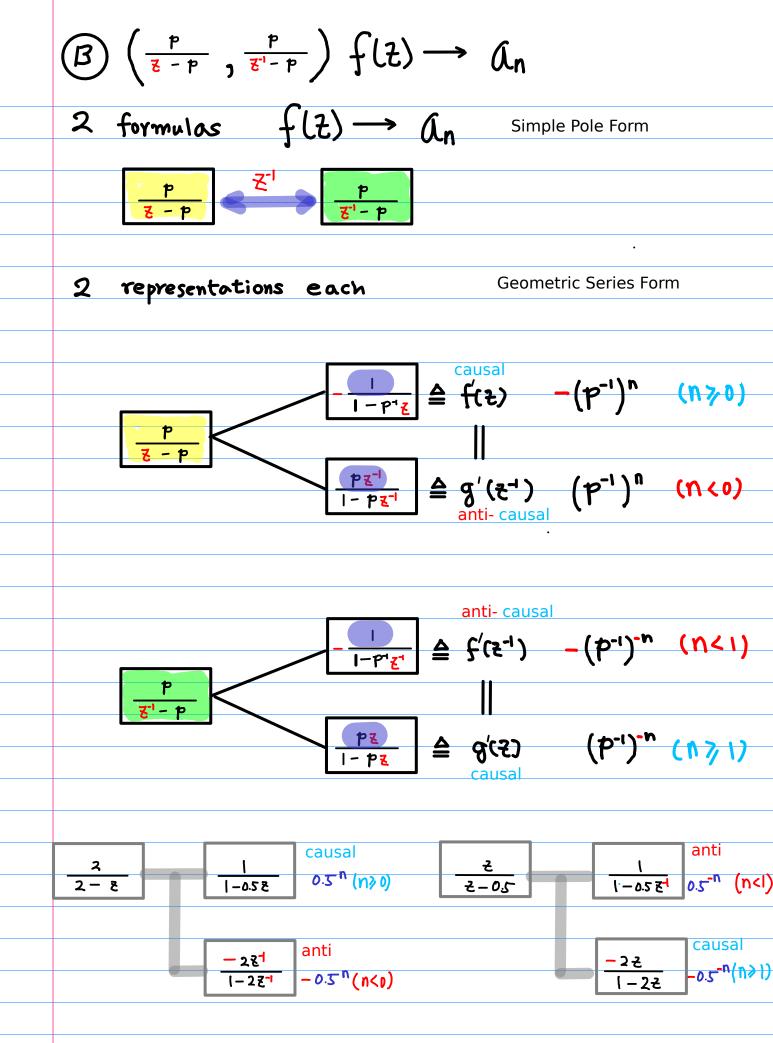
anti- causal

$$\frac{p}{1-pz} \qquad (p) \qquad (p)^{n-1} \qquad (p^{-1})^{-n+1}$$

$$(p^{n}z^{1}+p^{1}z^{2}+p^{2}z^{3}+\cdots)$$

$$A \left(\frac{1}{\xi - P}, \frac{1}{\xi' - P} \right) f(\xi) \rightarrow a_n \quad \text{method 2}$$



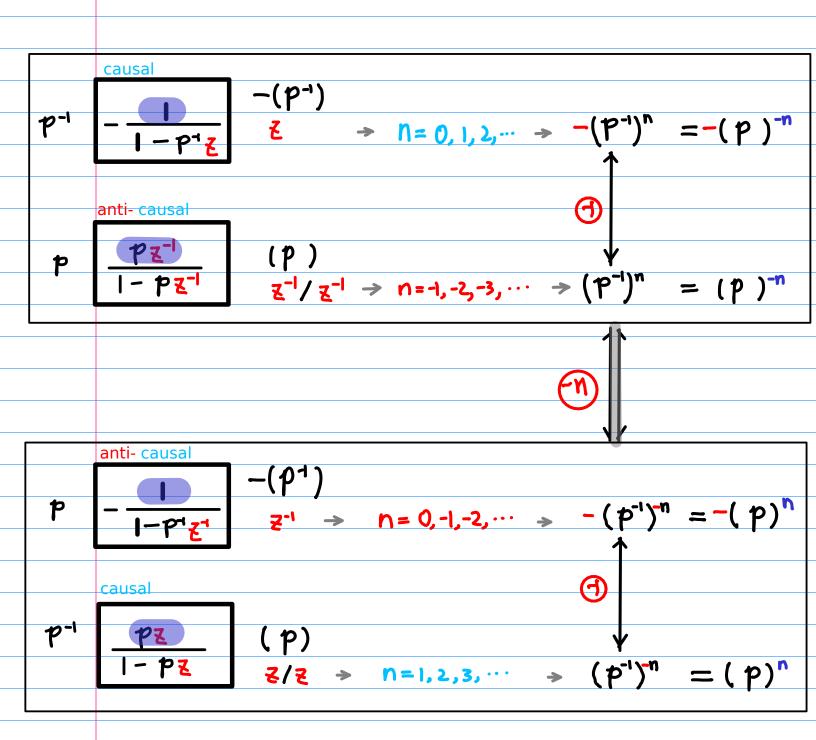


$$\mathbb{B}\left(\frac{P}{E-P},\frac{P}{E'-P}\right)f(z) \rightarrow a_n \quad \text{method } 1$$

(p1 21 + p2 22 + p3 23 + ...)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} p^{-1} & pz \\ \hline 1 - pz & (p) & (p)^n & (p^1)^{-n} \\ \hline & (p^1z^1 + p^2z^2 + p^3z^3 + \cdots) \end{array}$$

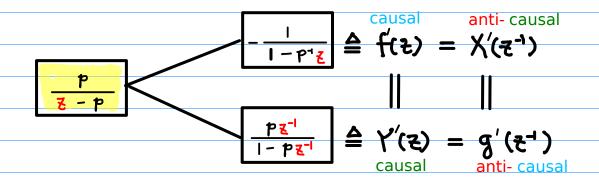
$$\mathbb{B}\left(\frac{P}{Z-P},\frac{P}{Z'-P}\right)$$
 f(Z) \longrightarrow \mathcal{U}_n method 2

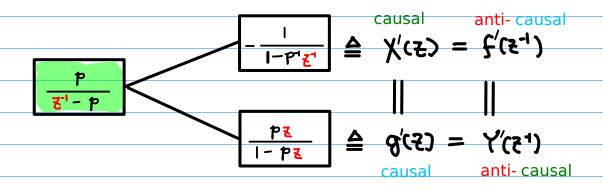


2 formulas Simple Pole Form

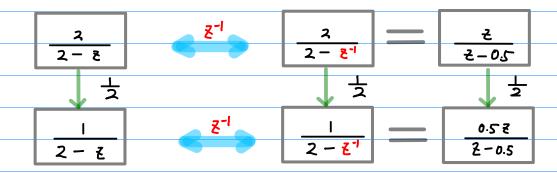


2 representations each Geometric Series Form

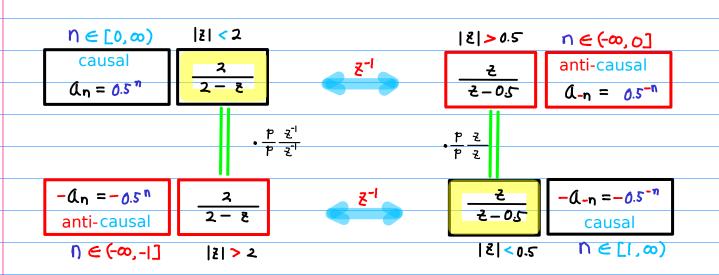




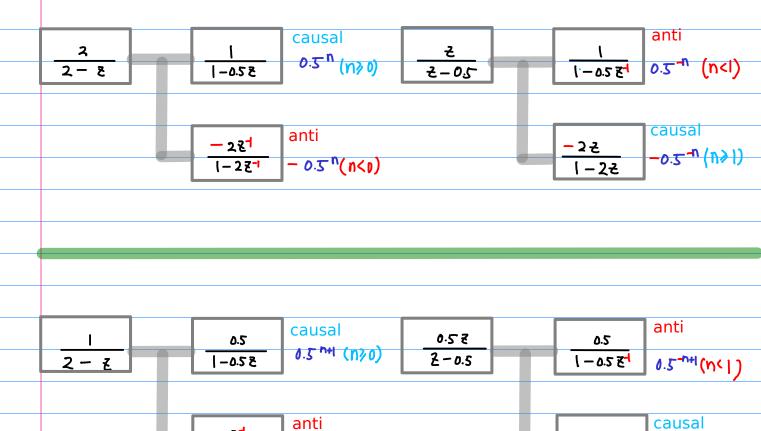
$$\left(\frac{p}{p-g},\frac{p}{p-g}\right) = \left(\frac{p}{p-g},\frac{g}{g-p}\right)$$



$$0.5^{-n+1} = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{-n+1}$$



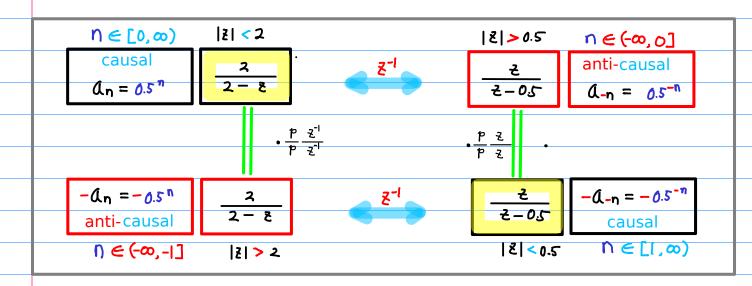
$$\frac{1}{p}\left(\frac{p}{p-2},\frac{2}{2-p^{-1}}\right)=\left(\frac{1}{p-2},\frac{p^{1}2}{2-p^{-1}}\right)$$

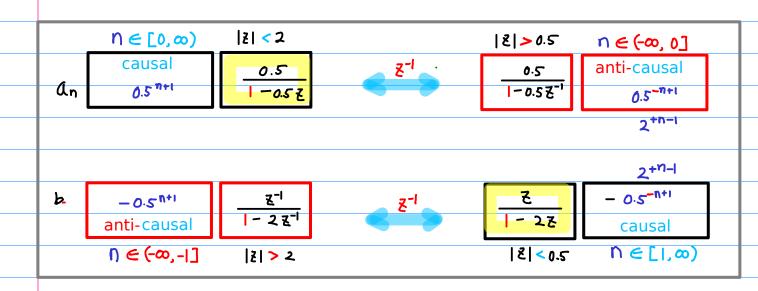


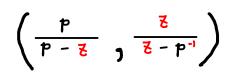
-0.5 n+1 (n<0)

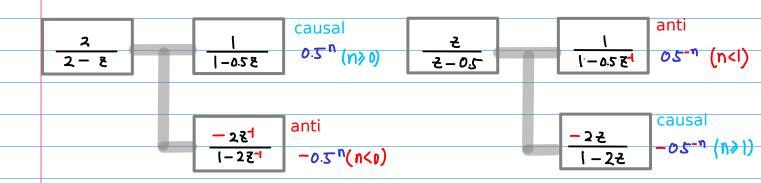
-0.5^{-h+1}(n)1)

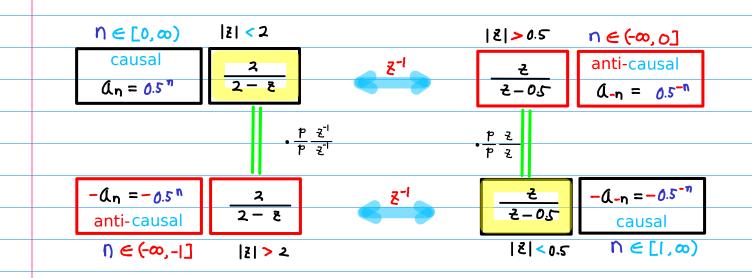
$$\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{2}{2-\epsilon},\frac{2}{2-\epsilon}\right) = \left(\frac{0.5}{1-a\epsilon\xi},\frac{2}{1-a\epsilon\xi}\right)$$

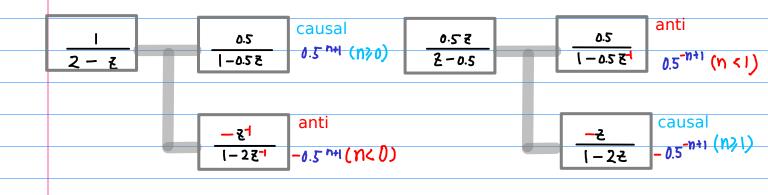


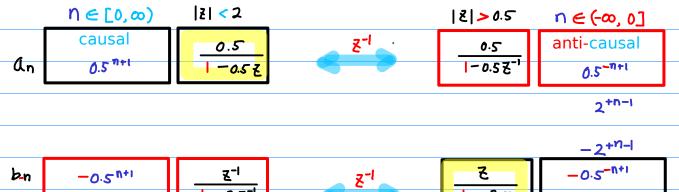


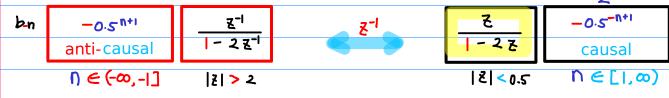












Time Shift

(1)
$$(n > 0)$$
 $(n = (\frac{1}{2})^n$ $f(z) = \frac{2}{2-\frac{2}{2}}$ $\chi(z) = \frac{2}{\frac{2}{2}-0.5}$

$$f(i) = \frac{2}{2-i}$$

$$\chi(s) = \frac{2}{5}$$

(1) (n<0)
$$(1-\frac{1}{2})^n$$
 $f(z) = -\frac{2}{2-2}$ $\chi(z) = -\frac{2}{2-0.5}$

$$f(\xi) = -\frac{2}{2-\xi}$$

$$\chi(s) = -\frac{s}{2-0.5}$$

$$\left(\begin{array}{c} N \geqslant 1 \end{array} \right) \qquad \left(\begin{array}{c} M^{-1} = \left(\frac{1}{2} \right)^{N-1} \end{array} \right) \qquad f(\varepsilon) = \frac{2\varepsilon}{2 - \varepsilon} \qquad \chi(\varepsilon) = \frac{1}{\varepsilon - 0.5}$$

$$f(t) = \frac{2t}{2-t}$$

$$\chi(s) = \frac{s - 0.2}{1}$$

$$\left(\begin{array}{c} N < I \end{array} \right) \qquad \left(\begin{array}{c} I \\ N-I \end{array} \right) = \left(\frac{1}{2} \right)^{N-1} \qquad \qquad f(z) = -\frac{2z}{2-z} \qquad \chi(z) = -\frac{I}{z-0.5}$$

$$f(z) = -\frac{2z}{2-z}$$

$$\chi(z) = -\frac{1}{z-0.5}$$

$$\left(\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{array} \right) \qquad \left(\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{array} \right) = \left(\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 2 \end{array} \right) = \frac{2}{1} \qquad \left(\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \end{array} \right) = \frac{2}{1} \qquad \left(\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \end{array} \right) = \frac{2}{1} \qquad \left(\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \end{array} \right) = \frac{2}{1} \qquad \left(\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \end{array} \right) = \frac{2}{1} \qquad \left(\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \end{array} \right) = \frac{2}{1} \qquad \left(\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \end{array} \right) = \frac{2}{1} \qquad \left(\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \end{array} \right) = \frac{2}{1} \qquad \left(\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \end{array} \right) = \frac{2}{1} \qquad \left(\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \end{array} \right) = \frac{2}{1} \qquad \left(\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \end{array} \right) = \frac{2}{1} \qquad \left(\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \end{array} \right) = \frac{2}{1} \qquad \left(\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \end{array} \right) = \frac{2}{1} \qquad \left(\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \end{array} \right) = \frac{2}{1} \qquad \left(\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \end{array} \right) = \frac{2}{1} \qquad \left(\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \end{array} \right) = \frac{2}{1} \qquad \left(\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \end{array} \right) = \frac{2}{1} \qquad \left(\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \end{array} \right) = \frac{2}{1} \qquad \left(\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \end{array} \right) = \frac{2}{1} \qquad \left(\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \end{array} \right) = \frac{2}{1} \qquad \left(\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \end{array} \right) = \frac{2}{1} \qquad \left(\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \end{array} \right) = \frac{2}{1} \qquad \left(\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \end{array} \right) = \frac{2}{1} \qquad \left(\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \end{array} \right) = \frac{2}{1} \qquad \left(\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \end{array} \right) = \frac{2}{1} \qquad \left(\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \end{array} \right) = \frac{2}{1} \qquad \left(\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \end{array} \right) = \frac{2}{1} \qquad \left(\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \end{array} \right) = \frac{2}{1} \qquad \left(\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \end{array} \right) = \frac{2}{1} \qquad \left(\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \end{array} \right) = \frac{2}{1} \qquad \left(\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \end{array} \right) = \frac{2}{1} \qquad \left(\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \end{array} \right) = \frac{2}{1} \qquad \left(\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \end{array} \right) = \frac{2}{1} \qquad \left(\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \end{array} \right) = \frac{2}{1} \qquad \left(\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \end{array} \right) = \frac{2}{1} \qquad \left(\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \end{array} \right) = \frac{2}{1} \qquad \left(\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \end{array} \right) = \frac{2}{1} \qquad \left(\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \end{array} \right) = \frac{2}{1} \qquad \left(\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \end{array} \right) = \frac{2}{1} \qquad \left(\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \end{array} \right) = \frac{2}{1} \qquad \left(\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \end{array} \right) = \frac{2}{1} \qquad \left(\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \end{array} \right) = \frac{2}{1} \qquad \left(\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \end{array} \right) = \frac{2}{1} \qquad \left(\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \end{array} \right) = \frac{2}{1} \qquad \left(\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \end{array} \right) = \frac{2}{1} \qquad \left(\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \end{array} \right) = \frac{2}{1} \qquad \left(\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \end{array} \right) = \frac{2}{1} \qquad \left(\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \end{array} \right) = \frac{2}{1} \qquad \left(\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \end{array} \right) = \frac{2}{1} \qquad \left(\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \end{array} \right) = \frac{2}{1} \qquad \left(\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \end{array} \right) = \frac{2}{1} \qquad \left(\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \end{array} \right) = \frac{2}{1} \qquad \left(\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \end{array} \right) = \frac{2}{1} \qquad \left(\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \end{array} \right) = \frac{2}{1} \qquad \left(\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \end{array} \right) = \frac{2}{1} \qquad \left(\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \end{array} \right) = \frac{2}{1} \qquad \left(\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \end{array} \right) = \frac{2}{1} \qquad \left(\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \end{array} \right) = \frac{2}{1} \qquad \left(\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \end{array} \right) = \frac{2}{1} \qquad \left(\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \end{array} \right) = \frac{2}{1} \qquad \left(\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \end{array} \right) = \frac{2}{1} \qquad \left(\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \end{array} \right) = \frac{2}{1} \qquad \left(\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \end{array} \right) = \frac{2}{1} \qquad \left(\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \end{array} \right) = \frac{2}{1} \qquad \left(\begin{array}{c} 1$$

$$f(z) = \frac{2}{(2-z)z}$$

$$\chi(s) = \frac{s - 0.2}{s_{r}}$$

$$(1) \qquad (n < -1) \qquad (n_{+1} = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n+1}$$

$$\left(\int_{\mathbf{N}+1} = \left(\frac{1}{2} \right)^{\mathbf{N}+1}$$

$$f(z) = -\frac{2}{(2-z^2)z^2}$$
 $\chi(z) = -\frac{z^2}{z-0.5}$

$$\chi(z) = -\frac{z^2}{z - 0.5}$$

Time Shift

(2)
$$(n \ge 0)$$
 $(a) = (2)^n$ $f(z) = \frac{0.5}{0.5-2}$ $\chi(z) = \frac{2}{2-2}$

$$\chi \qquad \frac{z.o}{5-z.o} = c$$

$$\chi(s) = \frac{5}{2 - 2}$$

(n<0)
$$(n<0)$$
 $f(z) = -\frac{0.5}{0.5-z}$ $f(z) = -\frac{2}{z-2}$

$$f(z) = -\frac{0.5}{0.5-z}$$

$$\chi(s) = -\frac{\xi}{\xi - x}$$

6 (n>1)
$$(z) = (z)^{n-1}$$
 $f(z) = \frac{0.5z}{0.5-\frac{2}{2}}$ $f(z) = \frac{1}{z^{2}-2}$

$$f(z) = \frac{5.50}{5.00}$$

$$\chi(s) = \frac{1}{2-2}$$

(n<1)
$$(n<1)$$
 $(2)^{n-1}$ $f(z) = -\frac{0.5z}{0.5-z}$ $f(z) = -\frac{1}{z-x}$

$$f(z) = -\frac{0.52}{0.5-2}$$

$$\chi(z) = -\frac{1}{z-z}$$

$$(\lambda_{14} = (2)^{n+1}$$

$$(n \ge -1) \qquad (z) = (z)^{n+1} = (z)^{n+1} \qquad f(z) = \frac{\delta z}{(\delta z - \frac{2}{2})^{\frac{2}{2}}} \qquad \chi(z) = \frac{z^{2}}{z^{2}}$$

$$\chi(s) = \frac{s-3}{s_3}$$

$$\left(\uparrow < -1 \right) \qquad \left(\uparrow = \left(2 \right)^{n+1} \qquad f(z) = -\frac{0.5}{\left(0.5 - \frac{2}{2}\right)^{\frac{2}{2}}} \qquad \chi(z) = -\frac{z^{2}}{z^{2}-2}$$

$$f(z) = -\frac{0.5}{(0.5-\frac{2}{5})^{\frac{2}{5}}}$$

$$\chi(z) = -\frac{z^2}{z^2}$$

Time Shift

$$2 \longleftrightarrow \frac{1}{2}$$

$$f(s) = \frac{2}{2-\frac{5}{4}}$$

$$\chi(s) = \frac{2 - 0.2}{5}$$

$$(n > 0) \quad (1)^n = (2)^n$$

$$f(z) = \frac{0.5}{0.5 - \frac{2}{5}} \qquad \chi(z) = \frac{2}{5 - 2}$$

$$\chi(s) = \frac{s}{s-2}$$

$$\int (\xi) = -\frac{2}{2-\xi}$$

$$f(z) = -\frac{2}{2-z} \qquad \chi(z) = -\frac{z}{z-0.5}$$

$$(n < 0) \quad (n = (2)^n$$

$$f(z) = -\frac{0.5}{0.5 - z} \qquad \chi(z) = -\frac{z}{z}$$

$$\chi(z) = -\frac{z}{z-z}$$

$$(n \ge 1) \qquad (n \ge 1)^{n-1}$$

$$f(i) = \frac{2i}{2i}$$

$$\xi(s) = \frac{3-5}{5} \qquad \chi(s) = \frac{5-0.2}{1}$$

$$(n \ge 1)$$
 $(n \ge 2)^{n-1}$

$$f(z) = \frac{5.5z}{2.0.5 - 2.0}$$
 $\chi(z) = \frac{1}{1.00}$

$$\chi(s) = \frac{1}{s-2}$$

$$f(z) = -\frac{2z}{2-z}$$

$$f(z) = -\frac{z}{2z}$$
 $\chi(z) = -\frac{z}{1}$

$$f(z) = -\frac{0.5z}{0.5-z}$$

$$\chi(s) = -\frac{1}{s-s}$$

$$(n \ge -1) \qquad (n + 1) = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n+1}$$

$$f(z) = \frac{2}{(\lambda - \xi)\xi}$$

$$\chi(s) = \frac{\frac{5 - 0.2}{5}}{5}$$

$$(n \ge 1) \quad (1)$$

$$f(z) = \frac{z_0}{5(5-z_0)}$$

$$\chi(s) = \frac{s_{5}}{s_{5}}$$

$$(1) \qquad (n < -1) \qquad (n+1) = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n+1}$$

$$f(z) = -\frac{z}{(2-z)z}$$

$$\chi(s) = -\frac{s_2}{2-0.5}$$

(n<-1)
$$(n+1) = (2)^{n+1}$$

$$f(z) = \frac{0.5}{(0.5-2)^2}$$

$$\chi(z) = -\frac{\xi^2}{\xi - z}$$

Shift to the right

× Z

* Z T

delete ao

(5)

(3)

$$(n > 0) \quad (n = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n$$

$$f(s) = \frac{3-5}{2} \qquad \chi(s) = \frac{5-0.2}{5}$$

$$\chi(s) = \frac{5}{5 - 0.2}$$

$$\left(\uparrow \right) \qquad \left(\uparrow \right) = \left(\frac{1}{2} \right)^{n-1} \qquad f(\varepsilon) = \frac{2\varepsilon}{2-\varepsilon} \qquad \chi(\varepsilon) = \frac{\varepsilon}{\varepsilon - 0.5}$$

$$f(t) = \frac{2t}{2-t}$$

$$\chi(s) = \frac{s - 0.2}{1}$$

$$(n \ge 0) \quad (n = (2)^n \quad f(z) = \frac{0.5}{0.5-2} \quad \chi(z) = \frac{z}{z-2}$$

$$f(3) = \frac{5.0}{5.0} = (5)$$

$$\chi(s) = \frac{s}{s-2}$$

$$(n > 1) \qquad (1) \qquad f(z) = \frac{0.5z}{0.5-z} \qquad \chi(z) = \frac{1}{z-2}$$

$$f(\xi) = \frac{5.58}{5-2.8}$$

$$\chi(s) = \frac{1}{s-2}$$

x Z

* Z 1

insert ao

$$\left(n < 0 \right) \quad \left(\frac{1}{2} \right)^{n} \qquad f(\varepsilon) = -\frac{2}{2 - \varepsilon} \quad \chi(\varepsilon) = -\frac{\varepsilon}{2 - 0.5}$$

$$f(\mathfrak{F}) = -\frac{2}{2 - \mathfrak{F}}$$

$$\chi(s) = -\frac{s}{4}$$

(7)
$$(n < 1)$$
 $(n = (\frac{1}{2})^{n-1}$ $f(z) = -\frac{2z}{2-z}$ $\chi(z) = -\frac{1}{z-0.5}$

$$f(z) = -\frac{2z}{2-z}$$

$$\chi(z) = -\frac{1}{z-0.5}$$

$$(n < 0) \quad (n = (2)^n$$

$$f(z) = -\frac{0.5}{0.5-z}$$

$$f(z) = -\frac{0.5}{0.5 - z} \qquad \chi(z) = -\frac{z}{z - z}$$

(n<1)
$$(n<1)$$
 $(2)^{n-1}$ $f(z) = -\frac{0.5z}{0.5-z}$ $f(z) = -\frac{1}{z-2}$

$$f(\xi) = -\frac{0.5\xi}{0.5-\xi}$$

$$\chi(s) = -\frac{1}{s^2-s}$$

Shift to the left

_____×ヹ^{-|}

n Z

delete ao

(1)
$$(n > 0)$$
 $(n = (\frac{1}{2})^n$ $f(z) = \frac{2}{2 - \frac{2}{2}}$ $\chi(z) = \frac{2}{\frac{2}{2} - 0.5}$

$$f(\mathfrak{d}) = \frac{2}{2 - \frac{2}{4}}$$

$$\chi(s) = \frac{5}{5 - 0.2}$$

(n>-1)
$$(n>-1)$$
 $(n>-1)$ $(n>-1)$ $f(x)=\frac{2}{(2-\frac{2}{2})^{\frac{2}{2}}}$ $f(x)=\frac{2}{(2-\frac{2}{2})^{\frac{2}{2}}}$ $f(x)=\frac{2}{(2-\frac{2}{2})^{\frac{2}{2}}}$

$$f(z) = \frac{2}{(2-z)z}$$

$$\chi(s) = \frac{s - 0.2}{s}$$

(2)
$$(n \ge 0)$$
 $(n = (2)^n$ $f(z) = \frac{0.5}{0.5-2}$ $\chi(z) = \frac{z}{z-2}$

$$\frac{7.0}{5-2.0} = (5)$$

$$\chi(s) = \frac{5}{5-2}$$

$$(n > -1) \quad (2)^{n+1} = (2)^{n+1} \qquad f(z) = \frac{0.5}{(0.5-\frac{2}{2})^{\frac{2}{5}}} \qquad \chi(z) = \frac{z}{z-2}$$

$$f(z) = \frac{z_{00}}{z_{00}} = (z) f$$

$$\chi(s) = \frac{s}{s^{2}-2}$$

shift to the left ←



x <u>Z</u> ¹

insert ao

 $\left(\begin{array}{c} \eta < 0 \end{array} \right) \qquad \left(\begin{array}{c} \eta = \left(\frac{1}{2} \right)^{n} \\ \end{array} \right) \qquad f(z) = -\frac{z}{2-z} \qquad \chi(z) = -\frac{z}{2-0.5}$

$$(n < 1) \quad (n < 1) \quad (n < 1)$$

$$f(\xi) = -\frac{2}{(2-\xi)\xi} \qquad \chi(\xi) = -\frac{\xi}{\xi-0.5}$$

$$\chi(s) = -\frac{s}{2-0.5}$$

(n<0)
$$(n<0)$$
 $(z) = -\frac{0.5}{0.5-2}$ $(z) = -\frac{2}{2-2}$

$$A_n = (2)^n$$

$$f(z) = -\frac{0.5}{0.5-2}$$

$$\chi(z) = -\frac{z}{z-z}$$

(10)

$$(n < -1)$$
 $(x) = (x)^{n+1}$ $f(z) = -\frac{0.5}{(0.5-z)^{\frac{2}{2}}}$ $\chi(z) = -\frac{z}{z-z}$

$$f(z) = -\frac{0.5}{(0.5 - \frac{2}{2})^{\frac{2}{2}}}$$

$$\chi(z) = -\frac{z}{z-2}$$

n= -4	n=-3	N=-5	<i>µ</i> =-1	<i>U</i> = 0	n=I	N=2		
P ₃	b²	b ⁻¹	b°	b'	b²	b		
				_		9		
bn+1 n= -2,-3,-4,				b ⁿ⁺¹	n = -j	۰۰۰ اړه		
	n=-3	N=-5	Ŋ=┤	<i>U</i> =0	n=I	N=2	N=3	
	P₃	þ.	b ⁻	b°	ь'	b²	b	
b ⁿ n=-1,-			$b^n = 0, 1, 2, \cdots$					
	n=-3	N=-5	Ŋ=┤	U=0	n=I	N=2	N=3	
		P3	6 2	b -1	b°	ь'	b ²	b
bn-1 n=0,-1,-2,				$b^{n-1} \qquad n = 1, 2, 3, \cdots$				
		-)					

$$(n \ge 0) \quad (n = (1)^n$$

$$f(z) = \frac{1}{1 - \frac{z}{2}} \qquad \chi(z) = \frac{z}{z - 1}$$

$$f(s) = \frac{1-\frac{5}{4}}{1-\frac{5}{4}} \qquad \chi(s) = \frac{\frac{5}{4}-1}{\frac{5}{4}}$$

$$\xi(s) = -\frac{1-s}{l} \qquad \chi(s) = -\frac{s-l}{s}$$

$$f(s) = -\frac{1}{1-s} \qquad \chi(s) = -\frac{s}{s}$$

$$(n \ge 1) \quad (n \ge 1)^{n-1}$$

$$f(z) = \frac{z}{1-z^2} \qquad \chi(z) = \frac{1}{z-1}$$

$$(n \geqslant 1) \quad (n_{-1} = (1)^{n-1}$$

$$f(s) = \frac{s}{1 - \frac{s}{2}} \qquad \chi(s) = \frac{s}{1 - \frac{s}{2}}$$

$$f(s) = -\frac{1-s}{s} \qquad \chi(s) = -\frac{1-s}{s}$$

(n<1)
$$(n-1)^{n-1}$$

$$f(z) = -\frac{z}{1-z} \qquad \chi(z) = -\frac{1}{z-1}$$

$$(n \ge -1) \quad (n \ge -1)^{n+1}$$

$$f(s) = \frac{(1-\frac{5}{5})\frac{5}{5}}{1} \qquad \chi(s) = \frac{\frac{5}{5}-1}{\frac{5}{5}}$$

$$(n \ge -1) \qquad (1-1)^{n+1} = (1-1)^{n+1}$$

$$f(s) = \frac{1}{(1-\frac{5}{2})^{\frac{5}{2}}} \qquad \chi(s) = \frac{\frac{5}{2}-1}{\frac{5}{2}}$$

$$(n < -1) \quad (n < -1)$$

$$f(s) = -\frac{1}{s} \times \chi(s) = -\frac{s}{s}$$

$$(n < -1) \quad (n+1) = (1-1)^{n+1}$$

$$f(z) = -\frac{1}{(1-z^2)^2} \qquad \chi(z) = -\frac{z}{z-1}$$

(1)
$$(n \ge 0)$$
 $(x) = (1)^n$ $f(x) = \frac{1}{1-\frac{2}{5}}$ $\chi(x) = \frac{\frac{5}{5}-1}{1-\frac{5}{5}}$

delete ao

(n>1)
$$(n>1)$$
 $f(z) = \frac{z}{1-z}$ $\chi(z) = \frac{1}{z-1}$

(1)
$$\chi_{N-1} = (1)^{N-1}$$

$$\chi(z) = \frac{1}{z} \qquad \chi(z) = \frac{1}{z}$$

(3)
$$(n < 0)$$
 $(x) = (1)^n$ $f(z) = -\frac{1}{1-z}$ $\chi(z) = -\frac{z}{z}$

$$(n < 0) \quad (l_n = (l_n)_n \quad f(s) = -\frac{l_n}{1 - \frac{s}{2}} \quad \chi(s) = -\frac{s}{2}$$

$$(n < 1) \quad (m = 1)^{n-1} = (1)^{n-1} \qquad f(z) = -\frac{z}{z} \qquad \chi(z) = -\frac{1}{z-1}$$

(1)
$$(n > 0)$$
 $(1)^n = (1)^n$ $f(z) = \frac{1}{1-\frac{2}{2}}$ $\chi(z) = \frac{2}{\frac{2}{2}-1}$

$$(n > -1) (n > -1) (1)^{n+1}$$

$$(n > -1) \qquad (1)_{n+1} = (1)_{n+1} \qquad f(s) = \frac{1}{1} \qquad \chi(s) = \frac{s-1}{s}$$

$$(u \ge -1) \quad (u \ge -1) \quad (1-1)_{u+1} \qquad \xi(s) = \frac{(1-5)s}{1} \qquad \chi(s) = \frac{s-1}{s}$$

(1)
$$(n < 0)$$
 $(n = (1)^n$ $f(z) = -\frac{1}{(-z)}$ $\chi(z) = -\frac{z}{z-(z)}$

$$\int_{\mathbb{R}} (\xi) = -\frac{1-\xi}{1-\xi} \qquad \chi(\xi) = -\frac{\xi-1}{\xi}$$

$$(n < 0) \quad (n = (1)^n)$$

$$f(z) = -\frac{1}{1-z} \qquad \chi(z) = -\frac{z}{1-z}$$

insert ao

$$(n < -1) \mathcal{A}_{n+1} = (1)^{n+1}$$

$$f(z) = -\frac{1}{|z|} \qquad \chi(z) = -\frac{z}{|z|}$$

$$(n < -1) \quad (l_{n+1} = (l_{n-1})_{n+1} = (l_{n-1})_{n+1} \qquad f(s) = -\frac{1}{(l_{n-1})_{n-1}} \qquad \chi(s) = -\frac{s}{s} - 1$$

Causality

```
f(z) \ (|z| < p) \leftrightarrow \alpha_n \ (n \ge 0) \ -(p^n, p^2, p^2, \cdots)
\chi(z^1) \ (|z| < p) \leftrightarrow z_{-n} \ (n < |) \ -(p^n, p^2, p^2, \cdots)
f(z^1) \ (|z| > p^1) \leftrightarrow \alpha_n \ (n < |) \ -(p^n, p^2, p^2, \cdots)
\chi(z) \ (|z| > p^1) \leftrightarrow \alpha_n \ (n \ge 0) \ -(p^n, p^2, p^2, \cdots)
f(z) \ (|z| > p) \leftrightarrow -\alpha_n \ (n < 0) \ (p^n, p^1, p^2, \cdots)
\chi(z^1) \ (|z| > p) \leftrightarrow -z_{-n} \ (n \ge 1) \ (p^n, p^1, p^2, \cdots)
\chi(z^1) \ (|z| < p^1) \leftrightarrow -\alpha_n \ (n \ge 1) \ (p^n, p^1, p^2, \cdots)
\chi(z) \ (|z| < p^1) \leftrightarrow -z_n \ (n < 0) \ (p^n, p^1, p^2, \cdots)
```

an an xn xn bn yn yn

$$\begin{array}{c|cccc}
f(z) & g(z) & Y(z) & X(z) \\
f(z) & g(z) & Y(z) & X(z)
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|cccc}
f(z) & g(z) & Y(z) & X(z) \\
f(z) & g(z) & Y(z) & X(z)
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c} [0,\infty) & (-\infty,0] & (-\infty,0] & [0,\infty) \\ \hline (-\infty,-|] & [1,\infty) & (-\infty,-|] \\ \hline \end{array}$$

an an	2 ⁻ⁿ 2 ⁿ	$\alpha_n = -2^{-n}$	
-an-a-n	-2 ⁻ⁿ -2 ⁿ		
Xn Xn	2 ⁻ⁿ 2 ⁿ	$\chi_n = -2^n$	
-X-n -Xn	-2 ⁻ⁿ -2 ⁿ		
-(p ¹ , p ² , p ³ ,) -(p ¹ , p ² , p ³ ,)	-(-2, -2, -2,) -(-2 ¹ , -2 ² , -2 ³ ,)	
(p, p, p, p,) (p, p, p, p,)		.) (2°, 2′, 2²,)	
$-\frac{1-b_1^2}{-\frac{1-b_1^2}{2}}$ $-\frac{1-b_1^2}{2}$	2-1	2-1 (- 1-2-1g-1	$ \frac{\frac{1}{2}}{-\left(\frac{\overline{\xi}}{2}\right)} \qquad \frac{\frac{1}{2}}{1-\left(\frac{1}{2\xi}\right)} $
- pz	_ = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	- E - ($\frac{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)}{\left(\frac{2}{\epsilon}\right)} - \frac{\epsilon}{\left(-\frac{2}{\epsilon}\right)}$
- pz-1	- 2z ⁻¹	1-28	- (2) - 28
8 <1P 8 >1P-1	ž < 2	ž <mark>> 2 ⁻¹</mark>	
& >10 & <10-1	2 		
161 7 161 7	161-6		
[0,\infty) (-\infty, 0]	[0,\infty]	[-∞, 0]	
(-\omega_,-] [,\omega)	(-∞,-]		

