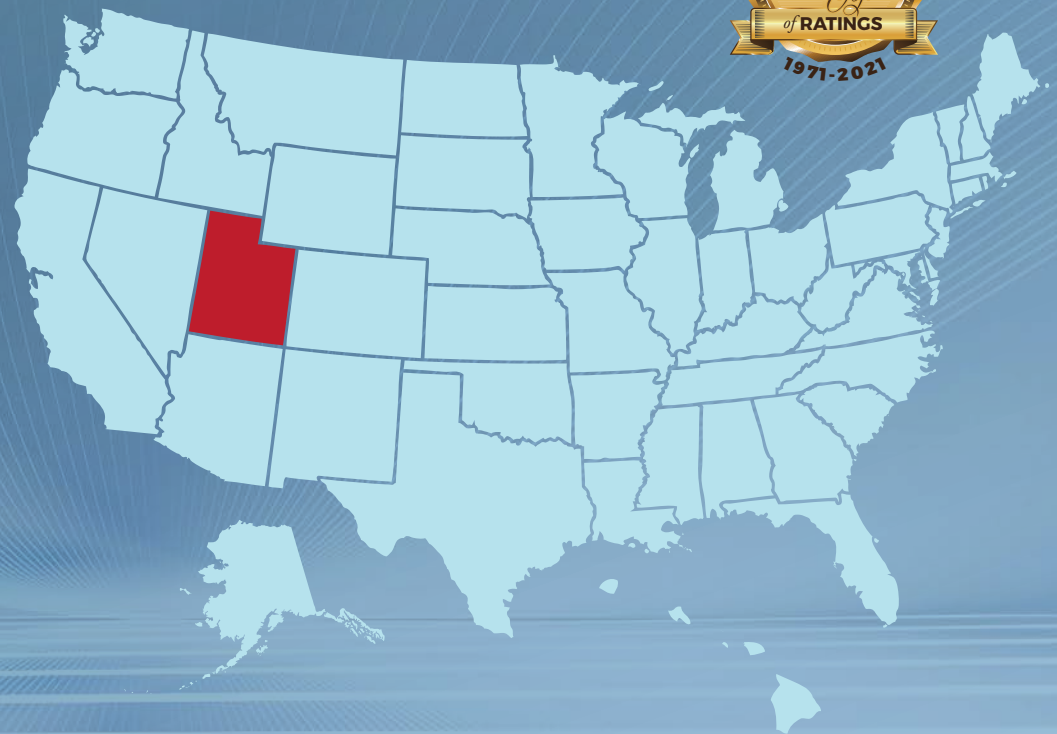




# RATINGS of UTAH 2021



*The nation's gold standard to hold nearly 8,000 lawmakers accountable for their voting records.*



 [ratings.conservative.org](https://ratings.conservative.org)

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

Letter from the Chairman .....	3	Utah Senate Vote Descriptions .....	10
About the Center for Legislative Accountability ..	4	Utah House Statistics .....	16
2021 Winners & Losers .....	6	Utah House Scores .....	17
Utah Senate Statistics .....	7	Utah House Vote Descriptions .....	22
Utah Senate Scores .....	8		



## LETTER FROM THE CHAIRMAN

The American Conservative Union Foundation's Center for Legislative Accountability is proud to present our *Ratings of Utah* for 2021. Like our *Ratings of Congress*, ACU Foundation's *Ratings of the States* are meant to reflect how elected officials view the role of government in an individual's life. We begin with our philosophy (conservatism is the political philosophy that sovereignty resides in the person) and then apply the proper role of government (its essential role is to defend Life, Liberty and Property).

The Left has stormed our nation's corridors of power to take control over the lives of every American. Now, they have set their sights on the states, freedom's last line of defense.

President Lincoln once said, "America will never be destroyed from the outside. If we falter and lose our freedoms, it will be because we destroyed ourselves." The Left's agenda dismantles the vision of our founders when they pledged their lives, their fortunes, and their sacred honor.

We hope these Ratings will empower each and every American to hold their officials accountable and to rally behind the conservative champions who defend our freedoms in statehouses around the country.



Matt Schlapp  
Chairman  
American Conservative Union Foundation





## ABOUT THE CENTER FOR LEGISLATIVE ACCOUNTABILITY

The Center for Legislative Accountability (CLA), an initiative of the American Conservative Union Foundation (ACUF), is the premier organization for holding lawmakers accountable. The CLA produces the longest-running conservative congressional scorecard and our state program is the only one in the nation that scores all 8,000 lawmakers in the 50 states across every policy area. In addition to ACUF's Conservative Political Action Conference (CPAC), the largest gathering of conservatives in the world, the CLA develops conservative policy solutions and educates everyday citizens and activists on the proper role of government. In 1971, ACUF launched its *Ratings of Congress* to provide a comprehensive evaluation of the voting records of every Member of Congress.

The Ratings quickly became considered the "gold standard" and over the following decades have been utilized by activists, voters, academics and elected officials to determine which lawmakers best adhere to conservative principles. In 2011, these Ratings were expanded into state legislatures as part of a five-state pilot program. By 2015, *Ratings of the States* grew to include all 50 states and all 99 legislative chambers.

Today, the CLA annually analyzes over 105,000 pieces of legislation to issue scores for all of America's federal and state lawmakers and presents awards to lawmakers who score 80% or better in recognition of their conservative voting records.

### ACUF

#### Executive Committee

Matt Schlapp  
*Chairman*

Charlie Gerow  
*Vice Chairman*

Randy Neugebauer  
*Treasurer*

Kimberly Bellissimo  
*Secretary*

Dan Schneider  
*Executive Vice President*

#### Board Members

Veronica Birkenstock  
Gordon Chang

Jonathan Garthwaite  
Carolyn D. Meadows

### ACU

#### Executive Committee

Matt Schlapp  
*Chairman*

Charlie Gerow  
*Vice Chairman*

Carolyn D. Meadows  
*2<sup>nd</sup> Vice Chair*

Bob Beauprez  
*Treasurer*

Kimberly Bellissimo  
*Secretary*

Bill Walton  
*At-Large*

Dan Schneider  
*Executive Vice President*

#### Board Members

Jackie Arends  
Larry Beasley  
Morton C. Blackwell  
Muriel Coleman  
Sander Gerber  
Alan M. Gottlieb  
Dr. M. Zuhdi Jasser

KT McFarland  
Jim McLaughlin  
Priscilla O'Shaughnessy  
Ron Robinson  
Mike Rose  
Tim Ryan

Terry Schilling  
Matt Smith  
Thomas Winter



## METHODOLOGY

The CLA's Ratings of Congress and the States illustrate how elected officials view the role of government in an individual's life. When determining a position on a particular issue, the CLA begins by defining conservatism: the political philosophy that sovereignty resides in the person. Then, we apply the founders' belief that the proper role of government is to protect Life, Liberty and Property.

In order to depict how closely a lawmaker adheres to conservative principles, the CLA selects from the full spectrum of issues relating to the economy, culture, national security and government integrity. Some key areas include taxation, spending, education, labor, licensure, regulation, environment, life, free speech, Second Amendment rights, foreign aid, defense priorities and global organizations, including the United Nations. All congressional and state analyses are conducted after the adjournment of a legislative session to ensure that no issue is neglected.

Each lawmaker is evaluated on a zero to 100 scale, with a score of 100 representing a voting record that is perfectly aligned with conservative principles. Officials who earn a score of 90% or higher are presented with the CLA's highest honor, the Award for Conservative Excellence, while those who earn a score of 80% or higher, but less than 90%, are presented with the Award for Conservative Achievement. Additionally, any lawmaker who earns a score of 10% or lower qualifies for the ACUF's Coalition of the Radical Left.

## ANNUAL METRICS

  
**ANALYZE**  
**105,000**  
**BILLS**

  
**SELECT**  
**2,000**  
**BILLS**

  
**RATE**  
**8,000**  
**ELECTED**  
**OFFICIALS**

To determine legislative rankings, the CLA annually evaluates over 105,000 bills that were introduced in Congress and every convening state legislature running from January 1 to December 31. Of those bills, the CLA ultimately selects roughly 2,000 pieces of legislation that best illustrate how elected officials view the role of government in an individual's life. The CLA calculates individual scores for a total of nearly 8,000 federal and state lawmakers based on over 157,000 votes cast on the 2,000 bills selected. The CLA provides a score for each legislative chamber, which is based upon the average scores of all members within that respective chamber. A legislature's overall score is calculated by averaging each state's two legislative chambers together in order to better reflect the differences in political power between the chambers. (The exception being Nebraska, the nation's only unicameral legislature comprising a single legislative chamber, on which the state's overall score is based.)



Fred McGrath, *Director*  
 Francis Finnegan ,  
*Deputy Director/Data Manager*

Zoe Reese, *Operations Associate*  
 Larry Hart , *Senior Policy Fellow*  
 Bryan Axler, *Policy Fellow*



## 2021 WINNERS & LOSERS

### 90-100% AWARD FOR CONSERVATIVE EXCELLENCE

No change since last year\*

SENATE

n/a

5 since last year\*

HOUSE

PETERSEN, MIKE	SNIDER, CASEY
ROBERTSON, ADAM	STRONG, MARK
SEEGMILLER, TRAVIS	WILCOX, RYAN

### ≤ 10% COALITION OF THE RADICAL LEFT

No change since last year\*

SENATE

n/a

1 since last year\*

HOUSE

n/a

### 80-89% AWARD FOR CONSERVATIVE ACHIEVEMENT

2 since last year\*

SENATE

KENNEDY, MICHAEL  
MCCAY, DANIEL

7 since last year\*

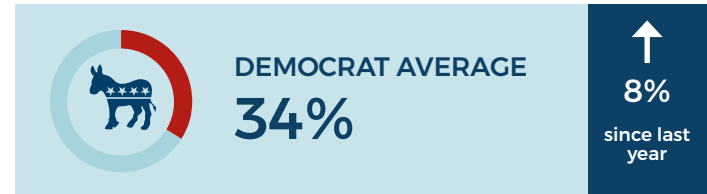
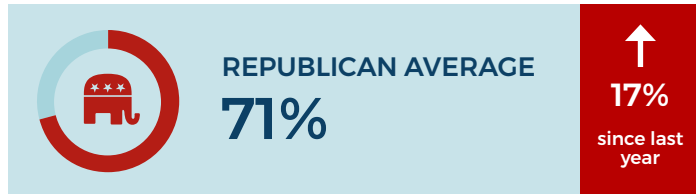
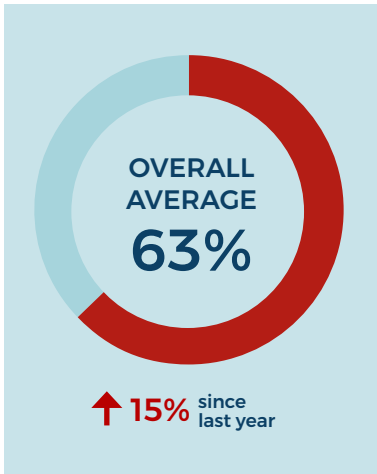
HOUSE

BRAMMER, BRADY	GWYNN, MATTHEW	PETERSON, VAL	STRATTON, KEVEN
BROOKS, WALT	HAWKES, TIMOTHY	PIERUCCI, CANDICE	TEUSCHER, JORDAN
CHRISTIANSEN, STEVE	MALOY, A. CORY	RAY, PAUL	THURSTON, NORMAN
CHRISTOFFERSON, KAY	MOSS, JEFFERSON	SCHULTZ, MIKE	WILSON, BRAD

\*Compared to number of qualifying lawmakers in the previous session  
Republicans in ALL CAPS, Democrats in initial caps, asterisk indicates Independents/Libertarians/other



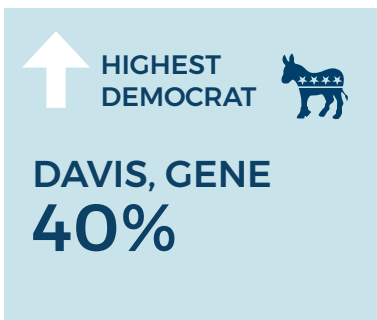
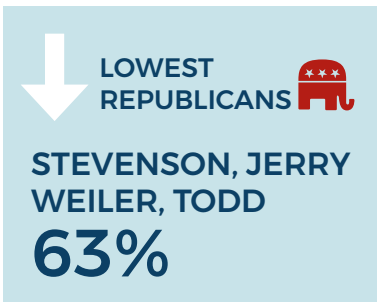
## UTAH SENATE STATISTICS



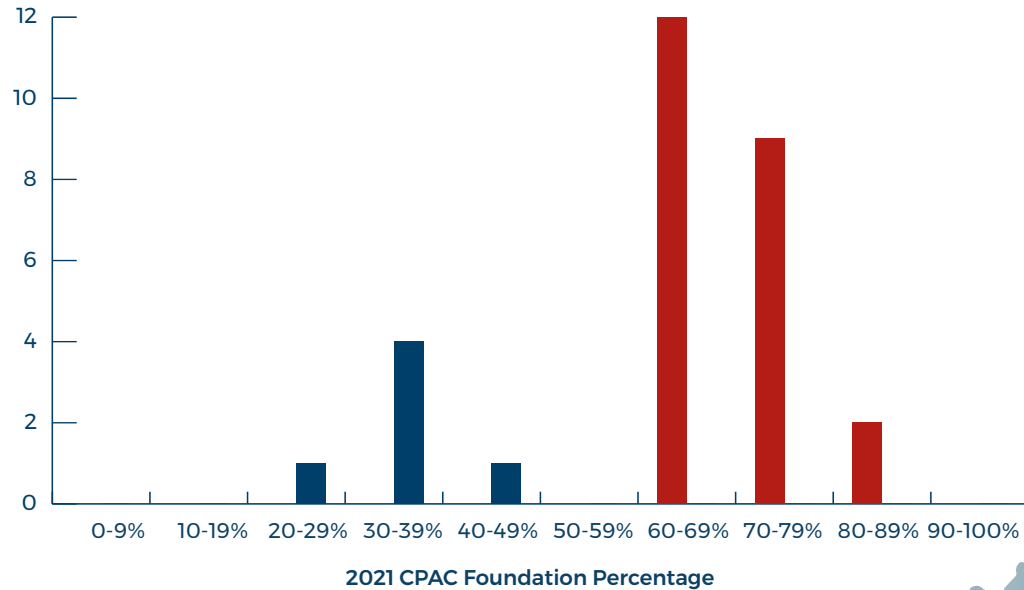
### UTAH SENATE CONSERVATIVE RATINGS

**RED = REPUBLICANS**  
**23 TOTAL IN SENATE**

**BLUE = DEMOCRATS**  
**6 TOTAL IN SENATE**



**# OF STATE SENATORS**







# UTAH SENATE SCORES

## UTAH SENATE VOTE DETAIL

Party	Dist.	2021 %	2020 %	LIFETIME AVG	HCR 8	HB 17	SB 27	SB 32	SB 34	HB 58	HB 60	SB 63	HB 82	SB 87	HB 91	HB 98	SB 98	HB 140	SB 147	SB 148	HB 159	SB 164	SB 167	SB 187	HB 192	SB 194	SB 195	HB 217	SB 217	HB 223	SB 226	HB 233	HB 270	HB 294	HB 308	HB 328	HB 415	SR 901 (First Senate Extraordinary Session)	SR 902 (First Senate Extraordinary Session)	HB 1007 (First Special Session)		
ADAMS, J. STUART	R	22	69%	50%	60%	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	-	+	X	-	+	+	-	-	X	+	+	+	+	X	+	+	+	+	+	
ANDEREGG, JACOB	R	13	72%	62%	74%	X	X	+	+	X	+	-	+	+	-	X	+	+	X	X	+	-	+	+	-	X	X	+	-	-	+	X	X	+	X	-	+	+	+	+	+	
BRAMBLE, CURTIS	R	16	68%	55%	63%	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	-	+	X	-	-	+	+	-	-	+	-	-	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	X	+	+	+	
BUXTON, DAVID	R	20	69%	48%	59%	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	-	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	-	+	-	-	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	
CULLIMORE, KIRK	R	9	70%	58%	65%	X	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	X	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	-	+	-	-	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	X	+	+	+	
Davis, Gene	D	3	40%	23%	32%	-	+	+	+	-	-	-	+	+	-	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	-	-	-	-	+	+	-	-	-	-	+	-	X	-	-	-	-	-	+	
Escamilla, Luz	D	1	35%	29%	27%	-	-	+	+	-	-	-	+	+	-	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	-	-	-	-	+	+	-	X	-	-	+	-	X	-	-	-	-	-	-	
FILLMORE, LINCOLN	R	10	74%	72%	73%	+	+	+	+	X	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	X	X	X	-	+	-	-	+	X	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+

+ = Member voted with ACU's position      † = Legislator did not vote on enough of the selected bills and as a result did not receive a rating for the 2021 session. Two-thirds of the selected bills must be voted on to receive a score.  
 - = Member voted against ACU's position      R = Republican D = Democrat I = Independent  
 x = Member was absent for vote

- HCR 8 Expressing Support for a Greater Parental Role in Education.
- HB 17 Protecting Property Owners from Local Bans on Natural Gas.
- SB 27 Improving Access to Health Care by Expanding the Scope of Practice of Physician Assistants.
- SB 32 Clarifying Employment Law to Protect "Remote Service" Job Opportunities.
- SB 34 Protecting Fourth Amendment Rights from Being Infringed by Limiting Government Use of Facial Recognition Software.
- HB 58 Strengthening Property Rights by Holding Rioters Accountable for Their Actions.
- HB 60 Strengthening Second Amendment Rights by Enacting Constitutional Carry.
- SB 63 Increasing Government Dependency by Providing Spousal Payments Under Obamacare.
- HB 82 Strengthening Property Rights by Limiting Bans on Internal Accessory Dwelling Units.
- SB 87 Exempting Hair Stylists from the State's Draconian Cosmetology Licensing Regime.
- HB 91 Further Socializing the Costs of Electric and LNC Trucks and Buses.
- HB 98 Reducing Delays in the Government Building Permit Inspections.
- SB 98 Strengthening Property Rights by Reforming Civil Asset Forfeiture.
- HB 140 Protecting Taxpayers from Future Tax Hikes.
- SB 147 Driving Up Business and Consumer Costs by Mandating "Cage-Free" Eggs.
- SB 148 Ensuring Parents Have Access to Public School Curriculum.
- HB 159 Strengthening Free Speech on College Campuses.
- SB 164 Increasing Tax Burdens through the Socialization of "Affordable" Housing.
- SB 167 Socializing Film Production Cost and Expanding Cronyism by Increasing Motion Picture Tax Credits.
- SB 187 Authorizing School Districts to Opt-out of Enforcing Mask Mandates.
- HB 192 Increasing Government Dependency by Providing Fertility Preservation Coverage Under Obamacare.
- SB 194 Expanding Government Central Planning and Subsidizing Government-Favored Businesses.
- SB 195 Strengthening Individual Liberties by Providing a Check on Executive "Emergency" Powers.
- HB 217 Further Fostering Innovation by Expanding the State's Regulatory Sandbox.
- SB 217 Expanding Cronyism and Government Central Planning Through a "TIF" Scheme.
- HB 223 Socializing "Hydrogen Production System" Cost by Expanding a Renewable Energy Tax Credit Program.
- SB 226 Improving Educational Outcomes by Strengthening School Choice.
- HB 233 Strengthening Individual Liberties Through Exemptions to Vaccine Mandates at Public Institutions of Higher Education.
- HB 270 Protecting Property Owners from Excessive Taxation Through a Reform to the Appeals Process.
- HB 294 Reopening the Economy by Ending COVID-19 Public Health Orders.
- HB 308 Strengthening Individual Liberties by Prohibiting Government-Imposed "Vaccine Passports."
- HB 328 Further Socializing Higher Education Costs Through the "Adult Learners Grant Program."
- HB 415 Combatting Unconstitutional Presidential Executive Orders by Prohibiting State Cooperation.
- SR 901 (First Senate Extraordinary Session) Combatting Critical Race Theory and Leftist Indoctrination at Public Schools.
- SR 902 (First Senate Extraordinary Session) Supporting the Second Amendment Right to Keep and Bear Arms.
- HB 1007 (First Special Session) Prohibiting Mask Mandates at Public Schools.



UTAH SENATE VOTE DETAIL

	Party	Dist.	2021 %	2020 %	LIFETIME AVG	HCR 8	HB 17	SB 27	SB 32	SB 34	HB 58	HB 60	SB 63	HB 82	SB 87	HB 91	HB 98	SB 98	HB 140	SB 147	SB 148	HB 159	SB 164	SB 167	SB 187	HB 192	SB 194	SB 195	HB 217	SB 217	HB 223	SB 226	HB 233	HB 270	HB 294	HB 308	HB 328	HB 415	SR 901 (First Senate Extraordinary Session)	SR 902 (First Senate Extraordinary Session)	HB 1007 (First Special Session)				
GROVER, KEITH	R	15	75%	55%	68%	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	-	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
HARPER, WAYNE	R	6	76%	52%	66%	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	-	+	+	-	X	X	+	-	-	+	+	-	-	X	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		
HINKINS, DAVID	R	27	69%	59%	65%	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	-	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	-	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		
IPSON, DON	R	29	64%	52%	56%	+	+	X	X	+	+	+	-	+	-	-	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	-	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	+	X	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		
Iwamoto, Jani	D	4	24%	25%	24%	-	-	+	+	+	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	X	-	-	+	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	+	-	-	-	-	X	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-		
JOHNSON, JOHN	R	19	75%	n/a	75%	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	-	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		
KENNEDY, MICHAEL	R	14	83%	n/a	74%	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		
Kitchen, Derek	D	2	35%	29%	32%	-	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	+	-	-	+	+	+	-	+	X	-	-	-	-	-	X	+	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Mayne, Karen	D	5	37%	32%	32%	X	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	+	-	-	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	+	-	-	-	-	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-		
MCCAY, DANIEL	R	11	82%	58%	79%	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	-	+	+	-	+	X	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	X	X	+	+	+		
MCKELL, MICHAEL	R	7	66%	68%	71%	+	+	+	+	+	X	+	-	+	+	-	+	-	-	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	X	+	X	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	X	+	+	
MILLNER, ANN	R	18	68%	48%	57%	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	X	+	X	-	+	-	-	+	+	-	-	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		
OWENS, DERRIN	R	24	76%	73%	68%	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	X	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	X	+	-	-	+	+	X	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
Riebe, Kathleen	D	8	31%	19%	32%	-	-	+	+	+	-	-	-	+	-	-	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	-	X	-	X	+	X	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
SANDALL, SCOTT	R	17	69%	57%	59%	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	-	+	-	-	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	+	-	-	+	+	X	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
STEVENSON, JERRY	R	21	63%	48%	58%	+	+	X	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	-	+	+	-	X	X	+	-	-	X	-	-	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	X	X	X	X	
THATCHER, DANIEL	R	12	73%	48%	65%	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	X	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	-	+	X	-	-	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
VICKERS, EVAN	R	28	66%	52%	63%	+	+	+	+	+	X	+	-	+	+	-	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
WEILER, TODD	R	23	63%	45%	62%	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	-	+	-	-	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	-	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	X	+	+	+	
WILSON, CHRIS	R	25	72%	n/a	72%	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	-	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
WINTERTON, RONALD	R	26	64%	59%	61%	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	-	-	-	+	-	-	+	+	-	-	+	-	-	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	

+ = Member voted with ACU's position      † = Legislator did not vote on enough of the selected bills and as a result did not receive a rating for the 2021 session. Two-thirds of the selected bills must be voted on to receive a score.  
 - = Member voted against ACU's position      R = Republican D = Democrat I = Independent  
 x = Member was absent for vote





## UTAH SENATE VOTE DESCRIPTIONS

1. **HCR 8 Expressing Support for a Greater Parental Role in Education.** The resolution supports parental rights by reaffirming that the state is secondary to and supportive of the primary role of a parent in educating children. ACU supports strong parental rights and involvement in education and improving educational outcomes through school choice and supported this resolution. The Senate passed the resolution on February 25, 2021 by a vote of 21-5 and the resolution was signed by the Governor.

---

2. **HB 17 Protecting Property Owners from Local Bans on Natural Gas.** This bill strengthens property rights by ensuring localities cannot infringe the utility choices of developers and property owners. This bill, which prohibits local policies which restrict natural gas or propane, is in response to local governments in California, Washington, and Massachusetts which have banned natural gas in new residential developments. ACU supports all sources of energy, does not believe government should favor one source of energy over another and supported this bill. The Senate passed the bill on February 12, 2021 by a vote of 25-3 and the bill was signed into law.

---

3. **SB 27 Improving Access to Health Care by Expanding the Scope of Practice of Physician Assistants.** This bill is designed to reduce health care costs and expand access to care by providing physician assistants (PAs) greater ability to practice and treat patients. Under the bill, PAs are no longer forced to maintain supervisory and collaborative practice agreements with physicians to practice. ACU supports expanding competition and lowering health care costs by reducing unnecessary regulations and licensing barriers and supported this bill. The Senate passed the bill on February 18, 2021 by a vote of 26-1 and the bill was signed into law.

---

4. **SB 32 Clarifying Employment Law to Protect "Remote Service" Job Opportunities.** This bill is meant to protect the operations of "marketplace companies" that connect individuals with "remote-service contractors" to provide services such as tutoring, translating, or transcribing. Specifically, the bill ensures individuals providing services through the platforms of marketplace companies are classified as independent contractors as opposed to employees, thereby shielding companies and workers from costly labor and regulatory mandates. ACU supports reducing regulatory barriers and protecting the ability of contractors to negotiate their own arrangements for compensation and supported this bill. The Senate passed the bill on January 25, 2021 by a vote of 28-0 and the bill was signed into law.

---

5. **SB 34 Protecting Fourth Amendment Rights from Being Infringed by Limiting Government Use of Facial Recognition Software.** This bill strengthens Fourth Amendment Rights by restricting the use of facial recognition technology by law enforcement. Under the bill, law enforcement agencies must provide specific information to the Department of Public Safety justifying a request of a facial recognition search, such as the specific crime and connection of the individual to the crime. Additionally, such searches may only be conducted for purposes of "investigating a felony, a violent crime, or a threat to human life" or identifying a person who is deceased, incapacitated, or at risk and unable to provide their identity. The bill specifically prohibits the use of facial recognition technology for purposes of civil immigration violations and contains additional protections, such as requiring at least 2 trained employees to agree on a match before reporting the information back to a requesting agency. ACU supports strengthening civil liberties and privacy rights as protected under the Fourth Amendment and supported this bill as a step in the right direction. The Senate passed the bill on March 4, 2021 by a vote of 27-1 and the bill was signed into law.

---

6. **HB 58 Strengthening Property Rights by Holding Rioters Accountable for Their Actions.** This bill is designed to strengthen property rights by ensuring rioters are held accountable for their actions. Under the bill, individuals arrested for rioting that resulted in substantial or serious bodily injury, substantial property damage, arson, or the possession of a dangerous weapon must appear before a magistrate or judge prior to being released from custody. Additionally, upon conviction, courts are required to order the defendant to pay restitution. ACU firmly supports the founders' belief in the First Amendment and the right to peacefully assemble, and we also support protecting property rights by holding accountable all parties who cause destruction and violence and supported this bill. The Senate passed the bill on February 25, 2021 by a vote of 16-10 and the bill was signed into law.



- 
7. **HB 60 Strengthening Second Amendment Rights by Enacting Constitutional Carry.** This bill strengthens Second Amendment rights by establishing “constitutional carry” (permitless carry) in Utah. As a result, all individuals over the age of 21 who are permitted to lawfully own a firearm are now able to carry a concealed firearm (unloaded) in most public places without having to obtain a special permit. ACU supports the founders’ belief in the Second Amendment and supported this bill. The Senate passed the bill on February 5, 2021 by a vote of 23-6 and the bill was signed into law.
- 
8. **SB 63 Increasing Government Dependency by Providing Spousal Payments Under Obamacare.** This bill increases government dependency by further expanding the state’s Medicaid system to now provide compensation payments to spouses who attend to Medicaid recipients eligible for personal care services. The program will cost state taxpayers \$3 million to establish and will be largely funded by federal taxpayers due to the state’s expanded Medicaid system under Obamacare. ACU supports efforts to help people live happier, healthier, more productive lives, opposes efforts to expand dependence on government, which leads to intergenerational poverty, opposes further expanding a program rife with fraud and waste and opposed this bill. The Senate passed the bill on January 26, 2021 by a vote of 28-0 and the bill was signed into law.
- 
9. **HB 82 Strengthening Property Rights by Limiting Bans on Internal Accessory Dwelling Units.** This bill helps strengthen property rights by slightly limiting the ability of localities to impose overreaching zoning and land use restrictions. Under the bill, localities may only prohibit internal accessory dwelling units (e.g., a basement mother-in-law suite) on no more than 25% of land zoned for residential use. ACUF’s Center for 21st Century Property Rights is a leading voice on this issue and works to protect the property rights of all property owners. ACU supports strengthening property rights, supports efforts to eliminate unnecessary zoning and housing regulations that proliferate scarcity and drive-up housing costs and supported this bill as a step in the right direction. The Senate passed the bill on March 3, 2021 by a vote of 27-1 and the bill was signed into law.
- 
10. **SB 87 Exempting Hair Stylists from the State’s Draconian Cosmetology Licensing Regime.** This bill expands employment opportunities by exempting blow dry bars from the state’s draconian cosmetology licensing regime. As a result, individuals who merely dry, style, arrange, shampoo or condition hair would “only” have to undergo a two-hour hair safety program and receive a passing score of 75% on an examination, as opposed to obtaining the 1,200 hours of training required for a cosmetology license. ACU supports the complete elimination of the state’s board of cosmetology, opposes the proliferation of licensing requirements (such as the one pertaining to cosmetology) which is primarily designed to restrict competition and enrich cosmetology schools and supported this bill as a step in the right direction. The Senate passed the bill on February 12, 2021 by a vote of 21-8 and the bill was signed into law.
- 
11. **HB 91 Further Socializing the Costs of Electric and LNG Trucks and Buses.** This bill expands and extends a crony tax credit program through 2030 which socializes the costs of electric trucks and buses. Under the bill, purchasers of heavy-duty electric or natural gas-powered vehicles are eligible for a state tax credit of \$15,000. The tax credit is decreased at rate of \$1,500 annually until it expires in 2030. ACU supports all sources of energy and believes government should not favor one source of energy over another. ACU supports a broadly applied tax code with as low of rates as possible for everyone and opposes this cronyism which shifts tax burdens to individuals and products not favored by government and opposed this bill. The Senate passed the bill on March 3, 2021 by a vote of 25-0 and the bill was signed into law.
- 
12. **HB 98 Reducing Delays in the Government Building Permit Inspections.** This bill helps protect builders from costly delays due to the permitting processes of localities. Under existing law, cities have three days to complete a building inspection and 14 for the permit process. This bill authorizes a builder to hire an independent third-party inspector to finish an inspection if the city fails to meet its deadline. ACU supports expanding access to affordable housing by reducing bureaucratic red tape and combatting excessive zoning and building inspections and supported this bill. The Senate passed the bill on March 4, 2021 by a vote of 23-5 but the bill was vetoed by the Governor.
-



13. **SB 98 Strengthening Property Rights by Reforming Civil Asset Forfeiture.** This bill, crafted by the Libertas Institute, strengthens property rights through a series of reforms to the state's civil asset forfeiture system. The reforms help prevent abuse and the unjust seizure of property by law enforcement, including ending a scheme in which property is transferred to the federal government where property owners have fewer legal protections. ACUF's Nolan Center for Justice is a national leader in criminal justice reform and works to cut crime, reduce taxpayer costs, protect victims, define the proper scope of government, and responsibly reduce incarceration rates. ACU supports strong protections against asset forfeiture abuse and believes a criminal conviction should be required in order for an individual's property to be transferred to the government and supported this bill. The Senate passed the bill on February 3, 2021 by a vote of 26-0 and the bill was signed into law.
- 
14. **HB 140 Protecting Taxpayers from Future Tax Hikes.** This bill serves as a slight protection to taxpayers in the event taxes are hiked at the federal level. Under the bill, any new revenue generated by the state due to a federal tax change must be placed in a restricted account and used to provide a future tax cut. This bill is necessary due to the state tax code and deductions being tied to the federal tax code. ACU supports protecting taxpayers, especially at a time the Biden administration is advocating large tax hikes which will choke economic growth and supported this bill. The Senate defeated the bill on March 5, 2021 by a vote of 8-21.
- 
15. **SB 147 Driving Up Business and Consumer Costs by Mandating "Cage-Free" Eggs.** This bill advances excessive government interference in the agricultural sector by imposing significant restrictions on egg producers beginning in 2025. To meet government's draconian standards, producers with 3,000 or more egg-laying chickens would be allowed to produce eggs only if hens are kept in "cage-free housing systems" which must meet stringent square footage mandates. The bill would also specify that hens must be provided "enrichments" and amenities such as perches, scratch areas and dust baths. ACU recognizes that cage-free systems have higher mortality rates due to increased challenges in maintaining air quality, attending injured or sick birds, and preventing birds from harming one another. ACU believes all animals should be protected from abuse and deserve to be treated with dignity and respect. ACU also recognizes that mandates of these kind do not solve animal abuse but rather drive-up costs for working households. ACU opposes excessive government interference in the agricultural industry which disrupts supply chains and ultimately raises consumer costs and opposed this bill. The Senate passed the bill on March 5, 2021 by a vote of 25-0 and the bill was signed into law.
- 
16. **SB 148 Ensuring Parents Have Access to Public School Curriculum.** This bill strengthens government accountability by ensuring parents have access to the curriculum taught at public and charter schools. Specifically, the bill requires school districts to make curriculum readily available for a parent to view, to notify parents annually how to access this information, and to post how to access the information on the school district's website. ACU supports strengthening parental rights, supports efforts to improve the accountability of public schools to parents and students and supported this bill. The Senate passed the bill on March 5, 2021 by a vote of 25-0 and the bill was signed into law.
- 
17. **HB 159 Strengthening Free Speech on College Campuses.** This bill contains a number of provisions designed to strengthen free speech on college campuses. For example, the bill protects students from being punished for exercising their right to free speech, as long as that speech does not constitute "discriminatory harassment." The bill also requires institutions to publish a "free expression policy" that is available in the institution's student handbook, website, and orientation programs. ACU supports the freedom of speech as protected under the First Amendment and supported this bill. The Senate passed the bill on February 25, 2021 by a vote of 26-0 and the bill was signed into law.
- 
18. **SB 164 Increasing Tax Burdens through the Socialization of "Affordable" Housing.** This bill enriches government-favored developers by increasing taxpayer funding of so-called "affordable housing" initiatives. Under the bill, localities may grant government-owned property to developers to build affordable housing units. The bill also provides \$800,000 to fund a "mediation program" for landlords and low-income tenants and to provide predevelopment grants to support the construction of low-income housing units. These initiatives are on top of countless other government subsidies including the federal low-income housing tax credit (LIHTC) and the state low-income housing tax credit (LIHTC). ACU opposes this taxpayer-funded cronyism, believes the state should instead expand its efforts to reduce excessive zoning and building regulations to solve the housing shortage and opposed this bill. The Senate passed the bill on March 4, 2021 by a vote of 28-1 and the bill was signed into law.
-



- 
19. **SB 167 Socializing Film Production Cost and Expanding Cronyism by Increasing Motion Picture Tax Credits.** This bill further expands cronyism by increasing the annual limit on motion picture tax credits from \$6.8 million to \$8.4 million. The tax credits are doled out to production companies (Hollywood Leftists) who film a portion of their piece in Utah. ACU believes the market is the best mechanism to direct investment in entertainment, opposes tax carve-outs which provide competitive advantages to select companies and industries while shifting tax burdens to other businesses and individuals not favored by government and opposed this bill. The Senate passed the bill on March 4, 2021 by a vote of 19-9 and the bill later became law without the Governor's signature.
- 
20. **SB 187 Authorizing School Districts to Opt-out of Enforcing Mask Mandates.** This bill helps combat government overreach by permitting local school districts to opt-out of enforcing "public health orders" such as mask mandates. ACU opposes the government's overreach surrounding the COVID-19 pandemic, supports improving educational outcomes by opting out of unnecessary mask mandates and supported this bill. The Senate passed the bill on March 5, 2021 by a vote of 20-7 but the bill was vetoed by the Governor.
- 
21. **HB 192 Increasing Government Dependency by Providing Fertility Preservation Coverage Under Obamacare.** This bill increases government dependency by further expanding the state's Medicaid system to now provide coverage for fertility preservation. The program will cost state taxpayers \$1 million to establish and will be largely funded by federal taxpayers due to the state's expanded Medicaid system under Obamacare. ACU supports efforts to help people live happier, healthier, more productive lives, opposes efforts to expand dependence on government, which leads to intergenerational poverty, opposes further expanding a program rife with fraud and waste and opposed this bill. The Senate passed the bill on March 2, 2021 by a vote of 26-2 and the bill was signed into law.
- 
22. **SB 194 Expanding Government Central Planning and Subsidizing Government-Favored Businesses.** This bill serves as another mechanism of cronyism by establishing the Utah Main Street Program within the Governor's Office of Economic Development. This program provides grants and subsidies to select businesses and regions while socializing the costs onto taxpayers. ACU believes the free-market - not government central planning - is the best mechanism to direct investment. ACU opposes this cronyism which enriches select companies and communities while socializing the costs onto other taxpayers and regions not favored by government and opposed this bill. The Senate passed the bill on February 24, 2021 by a vote of 23-3 and the bill was signed into law.
- 
23. **SB 195 Strengthening Individual Liberties by Providing a Check on Executive "Emergency" Powers.** This bill provides a critical check on executive branch powers concerning "public health emergencies." Under the bill, multiple new restrictions are placed on public health orders and declared emergencies (such as ones declared during the COVID-19 pandemic.) The restrictions limit executive authority and provide the legislature greater oversight and control during the process. ACU believes that many of government's reactions to COVID-19 have done more harm than good, supports this check on executive authority and supported this bill. The Senate passed the bill on March 5, 2021 by a vote of 25-0 and the bill was signed into law.
- 
24. **HB 217 Further Fostering Innovation by Expanding the State's Regulatory Sandbox.** This bill expands the states existing regulatory sandbox program beyond the financial services, insurance, and legal services industries. Under the bill, all businesses, regardless of industry, will be permitted to apply for exemptions to special licensing and other burdensome requirements. Additionally, the bill allows for the general public to submit suggestions for deregulation. ACU supports efforts to advance innovation by easing regulatory burdens and supported this bill. The Senate passed the bill on March 3, 2021 by a vote of 27-0 and the bill was signed into law.
- 
25. **SB 217 Expanding Cronyism and Government Central Planning Through a "TIF" Scheme.** This bill enacts the so-called Housing and Transit Reinvestment Zone Act, which expands government central planning while enriching government-favored developers. Specifically, the bill authorizes localities to establish regional tax increment financing (TIF) schemes in areas surrounding certain public transit facilities. Under these crony schemes, government-favored developers are rewarded with subsidies for construction of affordable housing projects based on "anticipated" future revenue. ACU supports a broadly applied tax code with as low of rates as possible for everyone. ACU opposes central planning schemes and instead supports unleashing the free market by eliminating unnecessary zoning and land use regulations and opposed this bill. The Senate passed the bill on March 5, 2021 by a vote of 24-3 and the bill was signed into law.
-



26. **HB 223 Socializing “Hydrogen Production System” Cost by Expanding a Renewable Energy Tax Credit Program.** This bill further expands cronyism by enlarging the renewable energy systems refundable tax credit program to now include hydrogen production systems. ACU supports all sources of energy and believes government should not favor one source of energy over another. ACU oppose this further interference in the free market and socializing energy costs onto taxpayers and opposed this bill. The Senate passed the bill on March 4, 2021 by a vote of 26-2 and the bill was signed into law.
- 
27. **SB 226 Improving Educational Outcomes by Strengthening School Choice.** This bill is designed to improve educational outcomes by responsibly expanding opportunities for students and their families to pursue school choice. Specifically, the bill authorizes the State Board of Education to offer courses online through a “Statewide Online Education Program.” ACU supports improving educational outcomes and reducing taxpayer costs by responsibly expanding school choice and supported this bill. The Senate passed the bill on March 1, 2021 by a vote of 20-6 and the bill was signed into law.
- 
28. **HB 233 Strengthening Individual Liberties Through Exemptions to Vaccine Mandates at Public Institutions of Higher Education.** This bill strengthens individual liberties by prohibiting public higher education institutions from requiring proof of vaccination as a condition for enrollment without providing exemptions for medical and religious reasons. ACU supports the ability of Americans to manage their own risk related to illnesses and COVID-19 and supported this bill. The Senate passed the bill on March 4, 2021 by a vote of 21-7 and the bill was signed into law.
- 
29. **HB 270 Protecting Property Owners from Excessive Taxation Through a Reform to the Appeals Process.** This bill helps protect taxpayers from excessive property taxation through a critical reform within the property valuation appeals process. Under the bill, if a property owner successfully appeals a property valuation a locality is prohibited from increasing the valuation unless a physical improvement is made that exceeds \$20,000 or there is a change in zoning or the legal description of the property. ACUF’s Center for 21st Century Property Rights is a leading voice on this issue and works to protect property owners from losing their properties through excessive taxation. ACU supports this taxpayer protection and supported this bill. The Senate passed the bill on March 3, 2021 by a vote of 25-0 and the bill was signed into law.
- 
30. **HB 294 Reopening the Economy by Ending COVID-19 Public Health Orders.** This bill puts an end to many of the draconian COVID-19 public health orders imposed by the State Department of Health and local health departments. The bill lays out certain criteria for the termination of the orders such as daily case rates, hospitalizations, and vaccine distributions. At the time of this vote, the state met all of the requirements to end the orders. ACU supports protecting constitutional rights, supports the ability of Americans to manage their own risk related to illnesses, believes that many of government’s reactions to COVID-19 have done more harm than good and supported this bill as a step in the right direction. The Senate passed the bill on March 5, 2021 by a vote of 23-6 and the bill was signed into law.
- 
31. **HB 308 Strengthening Individual Liberties by Prohibiting Government-Imposed “Vaccine Passports.”** This bill enacts the COVID-19 Vaccine Restrictions Act, which strengthens individual liberties by ensuring that individuals are not mandated by government to receive an immunization or vaccination for the coronavirus (COVID-19). The bill includes some exemptions, such as government employees working in public health and medical settings. ACU supports strengthening individual liberties, supports the ability of Americans to manage their own risk related to illnesses and supported this bill. The Senate passed the bill on March 5, 2021 by a vote of 26-0 and the bill was signed into law.
- 
32. **HB 328 Further Socializing Higher Education Costs Through the “Adult Learners Grant Program.”** This bill establishes yet another mechanism to further socialize higher education costs. Specifically, the bill establishes the “Adult Learners Grant Program” which pays for tuition and other expenses incurred by individuals 26 years of age or older pursuing a degree program. Furthermore, the bill advances government racial and regional discrimination by prioritizing the grants to “minority students” and “students from rural areas.” ACU believes higher education subsidies represent one of the largest transfers of wealth from lower-income individuals to higher-income individuals. ACU opposes further socializing higher education costs onto taxpayers and government discrimination and opposed this bill. The Senate passed the bill on March 3, 2021 by a vote of 26-0 and the bill was signed into law.
-

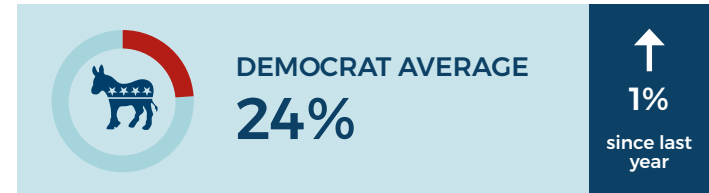
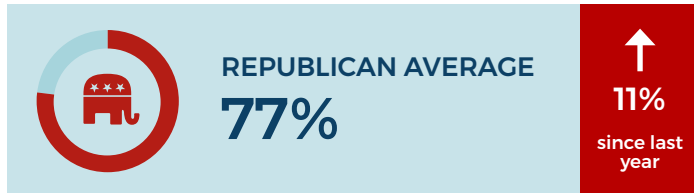
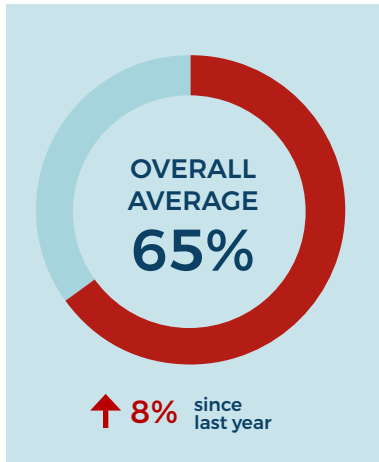


- 
33. **HB 415 Combatting Unconstitutional Presidential Executive Orders by Prohibiting State Cooperation.** This bill is designed to protect Utahns from unilateral and unconstitutional presidential executive orders by preventing state and local governments from cooperating with enforcement. Under the bill, the Constitutional Defense Council is to receive certain executive orders and the state Attorney General is directed to determine whether the order is constitutional. The state and all political subdivisions are prohibited from enforcing any order that is unconstitutional. ACU supports strengthening individual liberties and combatting unconstitutional executive actions and supported this bill. The Senate passed the bill on March 5, 2021 by a vote of 18-6 and the bill was signed into law.
- 
34. **SR 901 (First Senate Extraordinary Session) Combatting Critical Race Theory and Leftist Indoctrination at Public Schools.** This Senate Resolution urges the state Board of Education to ensure that critical race theory (CRT) is not included in the state's curriculum. Specifically, the resolution recommends that concepts that teach that one race is superior or inferior to another race, that an individual should be discriminated against because of their race, or that moral character is determined by individual race not be included in curriculum standards. ACU recognizes that CRT is a tool used by the radical Left to advance division amongst Americans and expand the role of government. ACU believes it is abhorrent to advance this indoctrination on young students and supported this resolution. The Senate passed the resolution on May 19, 2021 by a vote of 21-6.
- 
35. **SR 902 (First Senate Extraordinary Session) Supporting the Second Amendment Right to Keep and Bear Arms.** This Senate Resolution supports Second Amendment Rights by expressing support for statutory protections from federal actions that infringe an individual's right to keep and bear arms. The resolution further supports legislative action to strengthen state law by establishing Utah as a "Second Amendment Sanctuary State." ACU supports the founders' belief in the Second Amendment, opposes unnecessary gun control measures that do not improve public safety and infringe the right of law-abiding individuals to keep and bear arms and supported this resolution. The Senate passed the resolution on May 19, 2021 by a vote of 22-6.
- 
36. **HB 1007 (First Special Session) Prohibiting Mask Mandates at Public Schools.** This bill strengthens individual liberties by prohibiting public colleges, universities and grade schools from imposing face mask mandates. ACU believes that many of government's reactions to COVID-19 have done more harm than good, supports efforts to combat abuse of power by government officials and supported this bill. The Senate passed the bill on May 19, 2021 by a vote of 23-5 and the bill was signed into law.
-





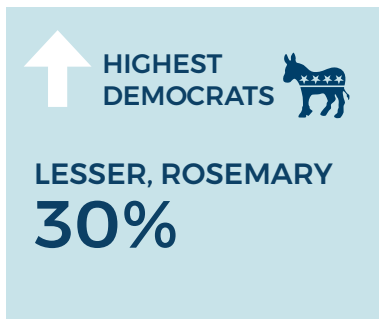
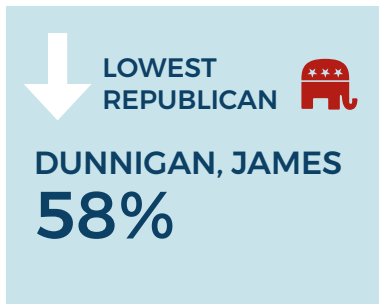
# UTAH HOUSE STATISTICS



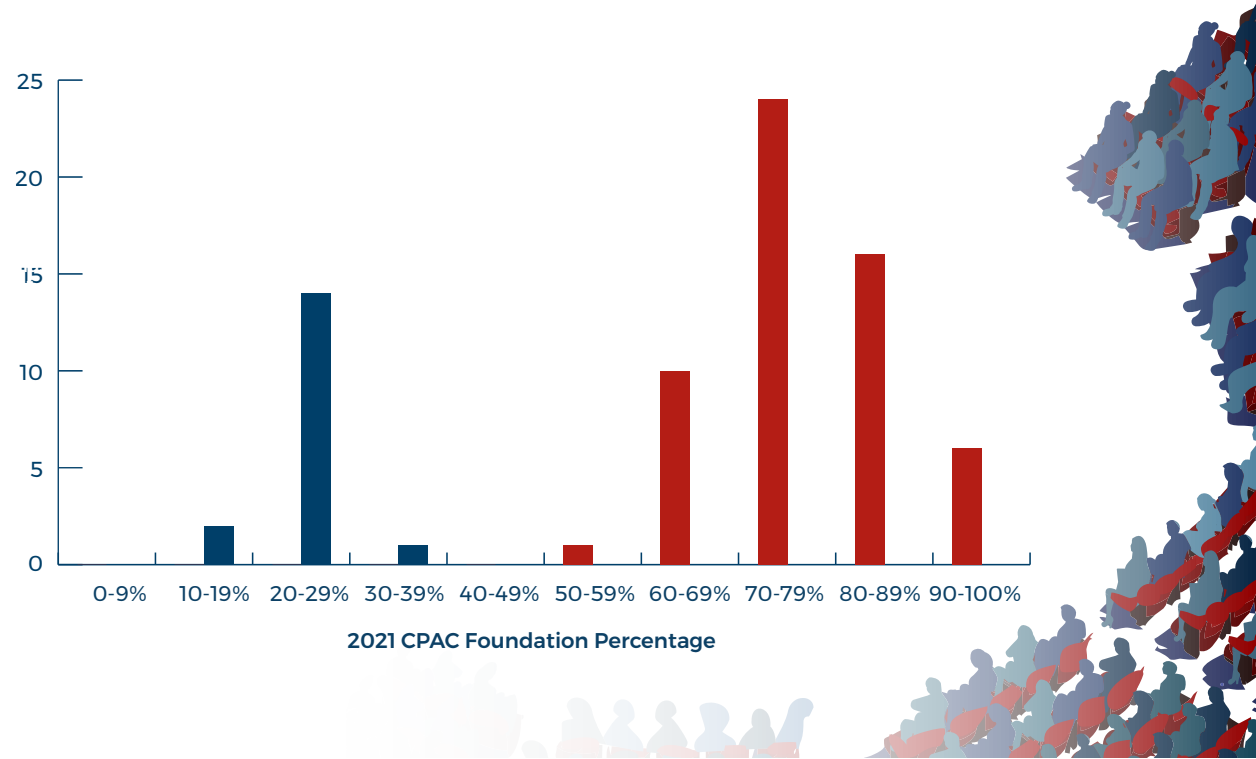
## UTAH HOUSE CONSERVATIVE RATINGS

**RED = REPUBLICANS**  
**58 TOTAL IN HOUSE**

**BLUE = DEMOCRATS**  
**17 TOTAL IN HOUSE**



**# OF STATE REPS**







# UTAH HOUSE SCORES

## UTAH HOUSE VOTE DETAIL

	Party	Dist.	2021 %	2020 %	LIFETIME AVG	HCR 8	HB 17	SB 27	SB 32	SB 34	HB 58	HB 60	SB 63	HB 76	HB 82	SB 87	HB 91	HB 98	SB 98	HB 132	HB 140	SB 147	SB 148	HB 159	SB 164	SB 167	SB 187	HB 192	SB 194	SB 195	HB 217	SB 217	HB 223	SB 226	HB 233	HB 270	HB 271	HB 294	HB 302	HB 308	HB 328	HB 415	HR 901 (First House Extraordinary Session)	HR 902 (First House Extraordinary Session)	HB 1007 (First Special Session)			
ABBOTT, NELSON	R	60	77%	n/a	77%	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	-	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		
ACTON, CHERYL	R	43	70%	59%	66%	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	-	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ALBRECHT, CARL	R	70	74%	74%	67%	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	X	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
BALLARD, MELISSA	R	20	60%	53%	56%	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	-	-	-	+	-	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
BARLOW, STEWART	R	17	69%	68%	65%	+	X	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	-	-	-	+	+	-	-	+	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Bennion, Gay Lynn	D	46	24%	n/a	24%	-	-	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	X	X	-
BIRKELAND, KERA	R	53	75%	n/a	75%	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
BRAMMER, BRADY	R	27	82%	78%	75%	+	+	+	+	+	X	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Briscoe, Joel	D	25	21%	23%	19%	-	-	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	X	X	-

+ = Member voted with ACU's position      † = Legislator did not vote on enough of the selected bills and as a result did not receive a rating for the 2021 session. Two-thirds of the selected bills must be voted on to receive a score.  
 - = Member voted against ACU's position      R = Republican    D = Democrat    I = Independent  
 x = Member was absent for vote

- HCR 8 Expressing Support for a Greater Parental Role in Education.
- HB 17 Protecting Property Owners from Local Bans on Natural Gas.
- SB 27 Improving Access to Health Care by Expanding the Scope of Practice of Physician Assistants.
- SB 32 Clarifying Employment Law to Protect "Remote Service" Job Opportunities.
- SB 34 Protecting Fourth Amendment Rights from Being Infringed by Limiting Government Use of Facial Recognition Software.
- HB 58 Strengthening Property Rights by Holding Rioters Accountable for Their Actions.
- HB 60 Strengthening Second Amendment Rights by Enacting Constitutional Carry.
- SB 63 Increasing Government Dependency by Providing Spousal Payments Under Obamacare.
- HB 76 Strengthening Second Amendment Rights by Preempting Local Gun Control.
- HB 82 Strengthening Property Rights by Limiting Bans on Internal Accessory Dwelling Units.
- SB 87 Exempting Hair Stylists from the State's Draconian Cosmetology Licensing Regime.
- HB 91 Further Socializing the Costs of Electric and LNG Trucks and Buses.
- HB 98 Reducing Delays in the Government Building Permit Inspections.
- SB 98 Strengthening Property Rights by Reforming Civil Asset Forfeiture.
- HB 132 Imposing Excessive Regulations on Cosmetology Businesses.
- HB 140 Protecting Taxpayers from Future Tax Hikes.
- SB 147 Driving Up Business and Consumer Costs by Mandating "Cage-Free" Eggs.
- SB 148 Ensuring Parents Have Access to Public School Curriculum.
- HB 159 Strengthening Free Speech on College Campuses.
- SB 164 Increasing Tax Burdens through the Socialization of "Affordable" Housing.
- SB 167 Socializing Film Production Cost and Expanding Cronyism by Increasing Motion Picture Tax Credits.
- SB 187 Authorizing School Districts to Opt-out of Enforcing Mask Mandates.
- HB 192 Increasing Government Dependency by Providing Fertility Preservation Coverage Under Obamacare.
- SB 194 Expanding Government Central Planning and Subsidizing Government-Favored Businesses.
- SB 195 Strengthening Individual Liberties by Providing a Check on Executive "Emergency" Powers.
- HB 217 Further Fostering Innovation by Expanding the State's Regulatory Sandbox.
- SB 217 Expanding Cronyism and Government Central Planning Through a "TIF" Scheme.
- HB 223 Socializing "Hydrogen Production System" Cost by Expanding a Renewable Energy Tax Credit Program.
- SB 226 Improving Educational Outcomes by Strengthening School Choice.
- HB 233 Strengthening Individual Liberties Through Exemptions to Vaccine Mandates at Public Institutions of Higher Education.
- HB 270 Protecting Property Owners from Excessive Taxation Through a Reform to the Appeals Process.
- HB 271 Lowering Childcare Costs by Increasing the Number of Children that May be Supervised Without Obtaining a License.
- HB 294 Reopening the Economy by Ending COVID-19 Public Health Orders.
- HB 302 Protecting Women's Athletics from Competition with Men.
- HB 308 Strengthening Individual Liberties by Prohibiting Government-Imposed "Vaccine Passports."
- HB 328 Further Socializing Higher Education Costs Through the "Adult Learners Grant Program."
- HB 415 Combatting Unconstitutional Presidential Executive Orders by Prohibiting State Cooperation.
- HR 901 (First House Extraordinary Session) Combatting Critical Race Theory and Leftist Indoctrination at Public Schools.
- HR 902 (First House Extraordinary Session) Supporting the Second Amendment Right to Keep and Bear Arms.
- HB 1007 (First Special Session) Prohibiting Mask Mandates at Public Schools.



UTAH HOUSE VOTE DETAIL

	Party	Dist.	2021 %	2020 %	LIFETIME AVG	HCR 8	HB 17	SB 27	SB 32	SB 34	HB 58	HB 60	SB 63	HB 76	HB 82	SB 87	HB 91	HB 98	SB 98	HB 132	HB 140	SB 147	SB 148	HB 159	SB 164	SB 167	SB 187	HB 192	SB 194	SB 195	HB 217	SB 217	HB 223	SB 226	HB 233	HB 270	HB 271	HB 294	HB 302	HB 308	HB 328	HB 415	HR 901 (First House Extraordinary Session)	HR 902 (First House Extraordinary Session)	HB 1007 (First Special Session)										
BROOKS, WALT	R	75	88%	77%	78%	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	X	X	+	+	+	X	X	+	-	X	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+								
BURTON, JEFFERSON	R	66	75%	n/a	75%	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+							
CHEW, SCOTT	R	55	73%	70%	66%	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	-	-	-	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+							
CHRISTIANSEN, STEVE	R	47	89%	84%	87%	+	+	X	+	+	+	+	X	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+							
CHRISTOFFERSON, KAY	R	56	85%	74%	73%	+	X	+	X	+	+	X	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	X	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+							
Collard, Clare	D	22	26%	n/a	26%	-	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+						
Dailey-Provost, Jennifer	D	24	28%	26%	26%	X	-	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	+	-	+	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+					
DUNNIGAN, JAMES	R	39	58%	47%	55%	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+					
ELIASON, STEVEN	R	45	63%	50%	58%	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	X	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	-	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+				
FERRY, JOEL	R	1	74%	64%	69%	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	X	-	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+				
GIBSON, FRANCIS	R	65	78%	68%	71%	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	X	-	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
GWYNN, MATTHEW	R	29	82%	n/a	82%	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
HALL, CRAIG	R	33	60%	40%	53%	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	-	+	-	-	+	+	-	-	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
HANDY, STEPHEN	R	16	73%	52%	50%	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
Harrison, Suzanne	D	32	24%	30%	28%	-	-	+	+	+	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
HAWKES, TIMOTHY	R	18	86%	72%	72%	+	X	+	+	+	X	+	X	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	X	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		
HAWKINS, JON	R	57	n/a†	64%	59%	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X			
Hollins, Sandra	D	23	19%	19%	21%	-	-	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	+	-	-	X	X	-	-	-	-	-		
JOHNSON, DAN	R	4	74%	48%	58%	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	-	+	-	+	+	-	-	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
JUDKINS, MARSHA	R	61	68%	63%	62%	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	-	-	-	+	+	-	-	-	+	-	-	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
King, Brian	D	28	29%	20%	21%	-	+	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	X	-	+	+	X	-	X	-	X	-	X	-	+	X	-	-	+	X	-	-	X	X	-	-	-	-		
KOHLER, MIKE	R	54	73%	n/a	73%	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	X	-	-	+	-	+	X	+	X	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Kwan, Karen	D	34	24%	27%	21%	-	-	+	+	+	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

+ = Member voted with ACU's position      † = Legislator did not vote on enough of the selected bills and as a result did not receive a rating for the 2021 session. Two-thirds of the selected bills must be voted on to receive a score.  
 - = Member voted against ACU's position      R = Republican    D = Democrat    I = Independent  
 x = Member was absent for vote





UTAH HOUSE VOTE DETAIL

	Party	Dist.	2021 %	2020 %	LIFETIME AVG	HCR 8	HB 17	SB 27	SB 32	SB 34	HB 58	HB 60	SB 63	HB 76	HB 82	SB 87	HB 91	HB 98	SB 98	HB 132	HB 140	SB 147	SB 148	HB 159	SB 164	SB 167	SB 187	HB 192	SB 194	SB 195	HB 217	SB 217	HB 223	SB 226	HB 233	HB 270	HB 271	HB 294	HB 302	HB 308	HB 328	HB 415	HR 901 (First House Extraordinary Session)	HR 902 (First House Extraordinary Session)	HB 1007 (First Special Session)						
NELSON, MERRILL	R	68	75%	63%	56%	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+					
Owens, Doug	D	36	24%	n/a	24%	-	-	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
PETERSEN, MIKE	R	3	93%	n/a	93%	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
PETERSON, VAL	R	59	80%	71%	75%	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
PIERUCCI, CANDICE	R	52	87%	73%	80%	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
Pitcher, Stephanie	D	40	21%	17%	18%	X	X	X	-	+	-	-	X	-	X	-	-	+	+	+	+	X	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
PULSIPHER, SUSAN	R	50	77%	65%	72%	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	-	-	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		
RAY, PAUL	R	13	80%	55%	63%	+	+	+	+	X	+	+	-	X	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	X	-	+	+	X	-	+	-	-	+	+	+	X	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
ROBERTSON, ADAM	R	63	90%	82%	83%	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	X	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		
Romero, Angela	D	26	19%	8%	17%	-	-	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	X	X	-			
SAGERS, DOUGLAS	R	21	62%	47%	49%	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	-	-	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		
SCHULTZ, MIKE	R	12	81%	67%	72%	+	+	+	+	+	+	X	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	X	X	X	-	+	+	-	-	+	X	X	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		
SEEGMILLER, TRAVIS	R	62	91%	81%	81%	+	-	X	+	+	+	+	X	+	X	+	+	X	+	X	+	X	+	+	+	+	X	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		
SHIPP, REX	R	72	78%	71%	74%	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	-	-	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
SNIDER, CASEY	R	5	90%	74%	79%	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
SNOW, V. LOWRY	R	74	76%	66%	59%	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	-	+	-	+	+	-	X	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
SPENDLOVE, ROBERT	R	49	69%	56%	58%	X	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
STENQUIST, JEFFREY	R	51	75%	60%	63%	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Stoddard, Andrew	D	44	26%	17%	24%	X	-	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	+	-	+	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	+	+	-	-	X	-	X	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	X	X	-	-			
STRATTON, KEVEN	R	48	82%	67%	79%	+	+	-	+	+	X	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
STRONG, MARK	R	41	93%	87%	88%	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
TEUSCHER, JORDAN	R	42	89%	n/a	89%	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	X	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	X	+	-	X	+	X	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
THURSTON, NORMAN	R	64	87%	83%	77%	+	+	+	+	+	+	X	-	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	-	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+

+ = Member voted with ACU's position  
 - = Member voted against ACU's position  
 x = Member was absent for vote

† = Legislator did not vote on enough of the selected bills and as a result did not receive a rating for the 2021 session. Two-thirds of the selected bills must be voted on to receive a score.  
 R = Republican D = Democrat I = Independent



## UTAH HOUSE VOTE DETAIL

	Party	Dist.	2021 %	2020 %	LIFETIME AVG	HCR 8	HB 17	SB 27	SB 32	SB 34	HB 58	HB 60	SB 63	HB 76	HB 82	SB 87	HB 91	HB 98	SB 98	HB 132	HB 140	SB 147	SB 148	HB 159	SB 164	SB 167	SB 187	HB 192	SB 194	SB 195	HB 217	SB 217	HB 223	SB 226	HB 233	HB 270	HB 271	HB 294	HB 302	HB 308	HB 328	HB 415	HR 901 (First House Extraordinary Session)	HR 902 (First House Extraordinary Session)	HB 1007 (First Special Session)			
WALDRIP, STEVE	R	8	72%	46%	55%	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	-	-	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		
WARD, RAYMOND	R	19	60%	62%	46%	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	-	-	-	+	+	-	+	-	-	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
WATKINS, CHRISTINE	R	69	71%	70%	62%	X	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	X	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	+	-	X	+	-	-	+	+	X	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	X	+	+	+	+	+
Weight, Elizabeth	D	31	21%	26%	23%	-	-	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	X	X	-	
WELTON, DOUG	R	67	62%	n/a	62%	X	-	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	-	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	
Wheatley, Mark	D	35	22%	27%	20%	-	-	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	+	-	-	-	X	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	X	X	-	
WILCOX, RYAN	R	7	94%	n/a	94%	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	X	+	+	+	X	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	
WILSON, BRAD	R	15	81%	64%	70%	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	X	+	-	X	+	-	X	+	-	X	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
WINDER, MIKE	R	30	63%	53%	55%	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	-	+	-	+	+	-	-	-	-	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	

+ = Member voted with ACU's position      † = Legislator did not vote on enough of the selected bills and as a result did not receive a rating for the 2021 session. Two-thirds of the selected bills must be voted on to receive a score.  
 - = Member voted against ACU's position      R = Republican D = Democrat I = Independent  
 x = Member was absent for vote

- HCR 8 Expressing Support for a Greater Parental Role in Education.
- HB 17 Protecting Property Owners from Local Bans on Natural Gas.
- SB 27 Improving Access to Health Care by Expanding the Scope of Practice of Physician Assistants.
- SB 32 Clarifying Employment Law to Protect "Remote Service" Job Opportunities.
- SB 34 Protecting Fourth Amendment Rights from Being Infringed by Limiting Government Use of Facial Recognition Software.
- HB 58 Strengthening Property Rights by Holding Rioters Accountable for Their Actions.
- HB 60 Strengthening Second Amendment Rights by Enacting Constitutional Carry.
- SB 63 Increasing Government Dependency by Providing Spousal Payments Under Obamacare.
- HB 76 Strengthening Second Amendment Rights by Preempting Local Gun Control.
- HB 82 Strengthening Property Rights by Limiting Bans on Internal Accessory Dwelling Units.
- SB 87 Exempting Hair Stylists from the State's Draconian Cosmetology Licensing Regime.
- HB 91 Further Socializing the Costs of Electric and LNG Trucks and Buses.
- HB 98 Reducing Delays in the Government Building Permit Inspections.
- SB 98 Strengthening Property Rights by Reforming Civil Asset Forfeiture.
- HB 132 Imposing Excessive Regulations on Cosmetology Businesses.
- HB 140 Protecting Taxpayers from Future Tax Hikes.
- SB 147 Driving Up Business and Consumer Costs by Mandating "Cage-Free" Eggs.
- SB 148 Ensuring Parents Have Access to Public School Curriculum.
- HB 159 Strengthening Free Speech on College Campuses.
- SB 164 Increasing Tax Burdens through the Socialization of "Affordable" Housing.
- SB 167 Socializing Film Production Cost and Expanding Cronyism by Increasing Motion Picture Tax Credits.
- SB 187 Authorizing School Districts to Opt-out of Enforcing Mask Mandates.
- HB 192 Increasing Government Dependency by Providing Fertility Preservation Coverage Under Obamacare.
- SB 194 Expanding Government Central Planning and Subsidizing Government-Favored Businesses.
- SB 195 Strengthening Individual Liberties by Providing a Check on Executive "Emergency" Powers.
- HB 217 Further Fostering Innovation by Expanding the State's Regulatory Sandbox.
- SB 217 Expanding Cronyism and Government Central Planning Through a "TIF" Scheme.
- HB 223 Socializing "Hydrogen Production System" Cost by Expanding a Renewable Energy Tax Credit Program.
- SB 226 Improving Educational Outcomes by Strengthening School Choice.
- HB 233 Strengthening Individual Liberties Through Exemptions to Vaccine Mandates at Public Institutions of Higher Education.
- HB 270 Protecting Property Owners from Excessive Taxation Through a Reform to the Appeals Process.
- HB 271 Lowering Childcare Costs by Increasing the Number of Children that May be Supervised Without Obtaining a License.
- HB 294 Reopening the Economy by Ending COVID-19 Public Health Orders.
- HB 302 Protecting Women's Athletics from Competition with Men.
- HB 308 Strengthening Individual Liberties by Prohibiting Government-Imposed "Vaccine Passports."
- HB 328 Further Socializing Higher Education Costs Through the "Adult Learners Grant Program."
- HB 415 Combatting Unconstitutional Presidential Executive Orders by Prohibiting State Cooperation.
- HR 901 (First House Extraordinary Session) Combatting Critical Race Theory and Leftist Indoctrination at Public Schools.
- HR 902 (First House Extraordinary Session) Supporting the Second Amendment Right to Keep and Bear Arms.
- HB 1007 (First Special Session) Prohibiting Mask Mandates at Public Schools.



## UTAH HOUSE VOTE DESCRIPTIONS

1. **HCR 8 Expressing Support for a Greater Parental Role in Education.** The resolution supports parental rights by reaffirming that the state is secondary to and supportive of the primary role of a parent in educating children. ACU supports strong parental rights and involvement in education and improving educational outcomes through school choice and supported this resolution. The House passed the resolution on February 11, 2021 by a vote of 53-14 and the resolution was signed by the Governor.

---

  2. **HB 17 Protecting Property Owners from Local Bans on Natural Gas.** This bill strengthens property rights by ensuring localities cannot infringe the utility choices of developers and property owners. This bill, which prohibits local policies which restrict natural gas or propane, is in response to local governments in California, Washington, and Massachusetts which have banned natural gas in new residential developments. ACU supports all sources of energy, does not believe government should favor one source of energy over another and supported this bill. The House passed the bill on February 3, 2021 by a vote of 51-18 and the bill was signed into law.

---

  3. **SB 27 Improving Access to Health Care by Expanding the Scope of Practice of Physician Assistants.** This bill is designed to reduce health care costs and expand access to care by providing physician assistants (PAs) greater ability to practice and treat patients. Under the bill, PAs are no longer forced to maintain supervisory and collaborative practice agreements with physicians to practice. ACU supports expanding competition and lowering health care costs by reducing unnecessary regulations and licensing barriers and supported this bill. The House passed the bill on March 2, 2021 by a vote of 70-1 and the bill was signed into law.

---

  4. **SB 32 Clarifying Employment Law to Protect "Remote Service" Job Opportunities.** This bill is meant to protect the operations of "marketplace companies" that connect individuals with "remote-service contractors" to provide services such as tutoring, translating, or transcribing. Specifically, the bill ensures individuals providing services through the platforms of marketplace companies are classified as independent contractors as opposed to employees, thereby shielding companies and workers from costly labor and regulatory mandates. ACU supports reducing regulatory barriers and protecting the ability of contractors to negotiate their own arrangements for compensation and supported this bill. The House passed the bill on February 10, 2021 by a vote of 60-13 and the bill was signed into law.

---

  5. **SB 34 Protecting Fourth Amendment Rights from Being Infringed by Limiting Government Use of Facial Recognition Software.** This bill strengthens Fourth Amendment Rights by restricting the use of facial recognition technology by law enforcement. Under the bill, law enforcement agencies must provide specific information to the Department of Public Safety justifying a request of a facial recognition search, such as the specific crime and connection of the individual to the crime. Additionally, such searches may only be conducted for purposes of "investigating a felony, a violent crime, or a threat to human life" or identifying a person who is deceased, incapacitated, or at risk and unable to provide their identity. The bill specifically prohibits the use of facial recognition technology for purposes of civil immigration violations and contains additional protections, such as requiring at least 2 trained employees to agree on a match before reporting the information back to a requesting agency. ACU supports strengthening civil liberties and privacy rights as protected under the Fourth Amendment and supported this bill as a step in the right direction. The House passed the bill on March 4, 2021 by a vote of 73-0 and the bill was signed into law.

---

  6. **HB 58 Strengthening Property Rights by Holding Rioters Accountable for Their Actions.** This bill is designed to strengthen property rights by ensuring rioters are held accountable for their actions. Under the bill, individuals arrested for rioting that resulted in substantial or serious bodily injury, substantial property damage, arson, or the possession of a dangerous weapon must appear before a magistrate or judge prior to being released from custody. Additionally, upon conviction, courts are required to order the defendant to pay restitution. ACU firmly supports the founders' belief in the First Amendment and the right to peacefully assemble, and we also support protecting property rights by holding accountable all parties who cause destruction and violence and supported this bill. The House passed the bill on February 26, 2021 by a vote of 53-18 and the bill was signed into law.
-



7. **HB 60 Strengthening Second Amendment Rights by Enacting Constitutional Carry.** This bill strengthens Second Amendment rights by establishing “constitutional carry” (permitless carry) in Utah. As a result, all individuals over the age of 21 who are permitted to lawfully own a firearm are now able to carry a concealed firearm (unloaded) in most public places without having to obtain a special permit. ACU supports the founders’ belief in the Second Amendment and supported this bill. The House passed the bill on February 8, 2021 by a vote of 51-20 and the bill was signed into law.
8. **SB 63 Increasing Government Dependency by Providing Spousal Payments Under Obamacare.** This bill increases government dependency by further expanding the state’s Medicaid system to now provide compensation payments to spouses who attend to Medicaid recipients eligible for personal care services. The program will cost state taxpayers \$3 million to establish and will be largely funded by federal taxpayers due to the state’s expanded Medicaid system under Obamacare. ACU supports efforts to help people live happier, healthier, more productive lives, opposes efforts to expand dependence on government, which leads to intergenerational poverty, opposes further expanding a program rife with fraud and waste and opposed this bill. The House passed the bill on March 2, 2021 by a vote of 58-11 and the bill was signed into law.
9. **HB 76 Strengthening Second Amendment Rights by Preempting Local Gun Control.** This bill strengthens Second Amendment rights by preventing localities from imposing gun controls or enacting firearm regulations that are more restrictive than state law. Additionally, the bill prohibits localities from enforcing any new federal firearm regulations unless the state has also adopted the law. ACU supports the founders’ belief in the Second Amendment and supported this bill. The House passed the bill on February 23, 2021 by a vote of 56-16. (The bill failed to advance in the Senate.)
10. **HB 82 Strengthening Property Rights by Limiting Bans on Internal Accessory Dwelling Units.** This bill helps strengthen property rights by slightly limiting the ability of localities to impose overreaching zoning and land use restrictions. Under the bill, localities may only prohibit internal accessory dwelling units (e.g., a basement mother-in-law suite) on no more than 25% of land zoned for residential use. ACUF’s Center for 21st Century Property Rights is a leading voice on this issue and works to protect the property rights of all property owners. ACU supports strengthening property rights, supports efforts to eliminate unnecessary zoning and housing regulations that proliferate scarcity and drive-up housing costs and supported this bill as a step in the right direction. The House passed the bill on March 4, 2021 by a vote of 64-7 and the bill was signed into law.
11. **SB 87 Exempting Hair Stylists from the State’s Draconian Cosmetology Licensing Regime.** This bill expands employment opportunities by exempting blow dry bars from the state’s draconian cosmetology licensing regime. As a result, individuals who merely dry, style, arrange, shampoo or condition hair would “only” have to undergo a two-hour hair safety program and receive a passing score of 75% on an examination, as opposed to obtaining the 1,200 hours of training required for a cosmetology license. ACU supports the complete elimination of the state’s board of cosmetology, opposes the proliferation of licensing requirements (such as the one pertaining to cosmetology) which is primarily designed to restrict competition and enrich cosmetology schools and supported this bill as a step in the right direction. The House passed the bill on February 11, 2021 by a vote of 50-22 and the bill was signed into law.
12. **HB 91 Further Socializing the Costs of Electric and LNG Trucks and Buses.** This bill expands and extends a crony tax credit program through 2030 which socializes the costs of electric trucks and buses. Under the bill, purchasers of heavy-duty electric or natural gas-powered vehicles are eligible for a state tax credit of \$15,000. The tax credit is decreased at rate of \$1,500 annually until it expires in 2030. ACU supports all sources of energy and believes government should not favor one source of energy over another. ACU supports a broadly applied tax code with as low of rates as possible for everyone and opposes this cronyism which shifts tax burdens to individuals and products not favored by government and opposed this bill. The House passed the bill on March 3, 2021 by a vote of 39-34 and the bill was signed into law.
13. **HB 98 Reducing Delays in the Government Building Permit Inspections.** This bill helps protect builders from costly delays due to the permitting processes of localities. Under existing law, cities have three days to complete a building inspection and 14 for the permit process. This bill authorizes a builder to hire an independent third-party inspector to finish an inspection if the city fails to meet its deadline. ACU supports expanding access to affordable housing by reducing bureaucratic red tape and combatting excessive zoning and building inspections and supported this bill. The House passed the bill on March 4, 2021 by a vote of 45-25 but the bill was vetoed by the Governor.





14. **SB 98 Strengthening Property Rights by Reforming Civil Asset Forfeiture.** This bill, crafted by the Libertas Institute, strengthens property rights through a series of reforms to the state's civil asset forfeiture system. The reforms help prevent abuse and the unjust seizure of property by law enforcement, including ending a scheme in which property is transferred to the federal government where property owners have fewer legal protections. ACUF's Nolan Center for Justice is a national leader in criminal justice reform and works to cut crime, reduce taxpayer costs, protect victims, define the proper scope of government, and responsibly reduce incarceration rates. ACU supports strong protections against asset forfeiture abuse and believes a criminal conviction should be required in order for an individual's property to be transferred to the government and supported this bill. The House passed the bill on March 4, 2021 by a vote of 73-0 and the bill was signed into law.
- 
15. **HB 132 Imposing Excessive Regulations on Cosmetology Businesses.** This bill places an excessive burden on barber and beauty shops and largely serves as a mechanism to enforce the state's draconian cosmetology licensing regime. Under the bill, all cosmetology businesses are forced to obtain an informational notice from their local health department which contains the contact information of the health department and various sanitary issues the facility must abide by. Cosmetology businesses are forced to post the notice in a readily visible location and may be fined \$500 per a violation. ACU supports the complete elimination of the state's cosmetology board, opposes this excessive mandate, and opposed this bill. The House defeated the bill on February 4, 2021 by a vote of 32-36.
- 
16. **HB 140 Protecting Taxpayers from Future Tax Hikes.** This bill serves as a slight protection to taxpayers in the event taxes are hiked at the federal level. Under the bill, any new revenue generated by the state due to a federal tax change must be placed in a restricted account and used to provide a future tax cut. This bill is necessary due to the state tax code and deductions being tied to the federal tax code. ACU supports protecting taxpayers, especially at a time the Biden administration is advocating large tax hikes which will choke economic growth and supported this bill. The House passed the bill on February 19, 2021 by a vote of 42-27. (The bill failed to advance in the Senate.)
- 
17. **SB 147 Driving Up Business and Consumer Costs by Mandating "Cage-Free" Eggs.** This bill advances excessive government interference in the agricultural sector by imposing significant restrictions on egg producers beginning in 2025. To meet government's draconian standards, producers with 3,000 or more egg-laying chickens would be allowed to produce eggs only if hens are kept in "cage-free housing systems" which must meet stringent square footage mandates. The bill would also specify that hens must be provided "enrichments" and amenities such as perches, scratch areas and dust baths. ACU recognizes that cage-free systems have higher mortality rates due to increased challenges in maintaining air quality, attending injured or sick birds, and preventing birds from harming one another. ACU believes all animals should be protected from abuse and deserve to be treated with dignity and respect. ACU also recognizes that mandates of these kind do not solve animal abuse but rather drive-up costs for working households. ACU opposes excessive government interference in the agricultural industry which disrupts supply chains and ultimately raises consumer costs and opposed this bill. The House passed the bill on March 4, 2021 by a vote of 63-7 and the bill was signed into law.
- 
18. **SB 148 Ensuring Parents Have Access to Public School Curriculum.** This bill strengthens government accountability by ensuring parents have access to the curriculum taught at public and charter schools. Specifically, the bill requires school districts to make curriculum readily available for a parent to view, to notify parents annually how to access this information, and to post how to access the information on the school district's website. ACU supports strengthening parental rights, supports efforts to improve the accountability of public schools to parents and students and supported this bill. The House passed the bill on March 4, 2021 by a vote of 49-21 and the bill was signed into law.
- 
19. **HB 159 Strengthening Free Speech on College Campuses.** This bill contains a number of provisions designed to strengthen free speech on college campuses. For example, the bill protects students from being punished for exercising their right to free speech, as long as that speech does not constitute "discriminatory harassment." The bill also requires institutions to publish a "free expression policy" that is available in the institution's student handbook, website, and orientation programs. ACU supports the freedom of speech as protected under the First Amendment and supported this bill. The House passed the bill on February 8, 2021 by a vote of 60-11 and the bill was signed into law.
-



- 
20. **SB 164 Increasing Tax Burdens through the Socialization of “Affordable” Housing.** This bill enriches government-favored developers by increasing taxpayer funding of so-called “affordable housing” initiatives. Under the bill, localities may grant government-owned property to developers to build affordable housing units. The bill also provides \$800,000 to fund a “mediation program” for landlords and low-income tenants and to provide predevelopment grants to support the construction of low-income housing units. These initiatives are on top of countless other government subsidies including the federal low-income housing tax credit (LIHTC) and the state low-income housing tax credit (LIHTC). ACU opposes this taxpayer-funded cronyism, believes the state should instead expand its efforts to reduce excessive zoning and building regulations to solve the housing shortage and opposed this bill. The House passed the bill on March 4, 2021 by a vote of 68-2 and the bill was signed into law.
- 
21. **SB 167 Socializing Film Production Cost and Expanding Cronyism by Increasing Motion Picture Tax Credits.** This bill further expands cronyism by increasing the annual limit on motion picture tax credits from \$6.8 million to \$8.4 million. The tax credits are doled out to production companies (Hollywood Leftists) who film a portion of their piece in Utah. ACU believes the market is the best mechanism to direct investment in entertainment, opposes tax carve-outs which provide competitive advantages to select companies and industries while shifting tax burdens to other businesses and individuals not favored by government and opposed this bill. The House passed the bill on March 3, 2021 by a vote of 46-21 and the bill later became law without the Governor’s signature.
- 
22. **SB 187 Authorizing School Districts to Opt-out of Enforcing Mask Mandates.** This bill helps combat government overreach by permitting local school districts to opt-out of enforcing “public health orders” such as mask mandates. ACU opposes the government’s overreach surrounding the COVID-19 pandemic, supports improving educational outcomes by opting out of unnecessary mask mandates and supported this bill. The House passed the bill on March 5, 2021 by a vote of 44-26 but the bill was vetoed by the Governor.
- 
23. **HB 192 Increasing Government Dependency by Providing Fertility Preservation Coverage Under Obamacare.** This bill increases government dependency by further expanding the state’s Medicaid system to now provide coverage for fertility preservation. The program will cost state taxpayers \$1 million to establish and will be largely funded by federal taxpayers due to the state’s expanded Medicaid system under Obamacare. ACU supports efforts to help people live happier, healthier, more productive lives, opposes efforts to expand dependence on government, which leads to intergenerational poverty, opposes further expanding a program rife with fraud and waste and opposed this bill. The House passed the bill on March 3, 2021 by a vote of 58-12 and the bill was signed into law.
- 
24. **SB 194 Expanding Government Central Planning and Subsidizing Government-Favored Businesses.** This bill serves as another mechanism of cronyism by establishing the Utah Main Street Program within the Governor’s Office of Economic Development. This program provides grants and subsidies to select businesses and regions while socializing the costs onto taxpayers. ACU believes the free-market - not government central planning - is the best mechanism to direct investment. ACU opposes this cronyism which enriches select companies and communities while socializing the costs onto other taxpayers and regions not favored by government and opposed this bill. The House passed the bill on March 3, 2021 by a vote of 45-23 and the bill was signed into law.
- 
25. **SB 195 Strengthening Individual Liberties by Providing a Check on Executive “Emergency” Powers.** This bill provides a critical check on executive branch powers concerning “public health emergencies.” Under the bill, multiple new restrictions are placed on public health orders and declared emergencies (such as ones declared during the COVID-19 pandemic.) The restrictions limit executive authority and provide the legislature greater oversight and control during the process. ACU believes that many of government’s reactions to COVID-19 have done more harm than good, supports this check on executive authority and supported this bill. The House passed the bill on March 4, 2021 by a vote of 68-4 and the bill was signed into law.
- 
26. **HB 217 Further Fostering Innovation by Expanding the State’s Regulatory Sandbox.** This bill expands the states existing regulatory sandbox program beyond the financial services, insurance, and legal services industries. Under the bill, all businesses, regardless of industry, will be permitted to apply for exemptions to special licensing and other burdensome requirements. Additionally, the bill allows for the general public to submit suggestions for deregulation. ACU supports efforts to advance innovation by easing regulatory burdens and supported this bill. The House passed the bill on February 5, 2021 by a vote of 73-0 and the bill was signed into law.
-



27. **SB 217 Expanding Cronyism and Government Central Planning Through a "TIF" Scheme.** This bill enacts the so-called Housing and Transit Reinvestment Zone Act, which expands government central planning while enriching government-favored developers. Specifically, the bill authorizes localities to establish regional tax increment financing (TIF) schemes in areas surrounding certain public transit facilities. Under these crony schemes, government-favored developers are rewarded with subsidies for construction of affordable housing projects based on "anticipated" future revenue. ACU supports a broadly applied tax code with as low of rates as possible for everyone. ACU opposes central planning schemes and instead supports unleashing the free market by eliminating unnecessary zoning and land use regulations and opposed this bill. The House passed the bill on March 5, 2021 by a vote of 57-10 and the bill was signed into law.
- 
28. **HB 223 Socializing "Hydrogen Production System" Cost by Expanding a Renewable Energy Tax Credit Program.** This bill further expands cronyism by enlarging the renewable energy systems refundable tax credit program to now include hydrogen production systems. ACU supports all sources of energy and believes government should not favor one source of energy over another. ACU oppose this further interference in the free market and socializing energy costs onto taxpayers and opposed this bill. The House passed the bill on February 26, 2021 by a vote of 69-4 and the bill was signed into law.
- 
29. **SB 226 Improving Educational Outcomes by Strengthening School Choice.** This bill is designed to improve educational outcomes by responsibly expanding opportunities for students and their families to pursue school choice. Specifically, the bill authorizes the State Board of Education to offer courses online through a "Statewide Online Education Program." ACU supports improving educational outcomes and reducing taxpayer costs by responsibly expanding school choice and supported this bill. The House passed the bill on March 5, 2021 by a vote of 53-16 and the bill was signed into law.
- 
30. **HB 233 Strengthening Individual Liberties Through Exemptions to Vaccine Mandates at Public Institutions of Higher Education.** This bill strengthens individual liberties by prohibiting public higher education institutions from requiring proof of vaccination as a condition for enrollment without providing exemptions for medical and religious reasons. ACU supports the ability of Americans to manage their own risk related to illnesses and COVID-19 and supported this bill. The House passed the bill on February 19, 2021 by a vote of 48-22 and the bill was signed into law.
- 
31. **HB 270 Protecting Property Owners from Excessive Taxation Through a Reform to the Appeals Process.** This bill helps protect taxpayers from excessive property taxation through a critical reform within the property valuation appeals process. Under the bill, if a property owner successfully appeals a property valuation a locality is prohibited from increasing the valuation unless a physical improvement is made that exceeds \$20,000 or there is a change in zoning or the legal description of the property. ACUF's Center for 21st Century Property Rights is a leading voice on this issue and works to protect property owners from losing their properties through excessive taxation. ACU supports this taxpayer protection and supported this bill. The House passed the bill on February 12, 2021 by a vote of 68-2 and the bill was signed into law.
- 
32. **HB 271 Lowering Childcare Costs by Increasing the Number of Children that May be Supervised Without Obtaining a License.** This bill is designed to combat the shortage of childcare by allowing individuals to care for up to six children (previously four) without having to obtain a childcare license, pay fees, undergo background checks, etc. ACU supports lowering childcare costs through regulatory reform and supported this bill. The House passed the bill on February 22, 2021 by a vote of 56-16. (The bill failed to advance in the Senate.)
- 
33. **HB 294 Reopening the Economy by Ending COVID-19 Public Health Orders.** This bill puts an end to many of the draconian COVID-19 public health orders imposed by the State Department of Health and local health departments. The bill lays out certain criteria for the termination of the orders such as daily case rates, hospitalizations, and vaccine distributions. At the time of this vote, the state met all of the requirements to end the orders. ACU supports protecting constitutional rights, supports the ability of Americans to manage their own risk related to illnesses, believes that many of government's reactions to COVID-19 have done more harm than good and supported this bill as a step in the right direction. The House passed the bill on March 5, 2021 by a vote of 54-18 and the bill was signed into law.
-



- 34. HB 302 Protecting Women's Athletics from Competition with Men.** This bill protects the institution of women's athletics by requiring all public education institutions to maintain separate competition for female and male students. Under the bill, students participating in public school athletics or events are required to compete according to their biological sex at birth. As a result, biological males who identify as females (or vice versa) may not compete with individuals of a different sex, unless the competition is designated coed. ACU believes all individuals should be treated with dignity and respect and have the same opportunities under the law. ACU also recognizes that there are numerous standard classifications in sports (such as age, weight, etc.) to ensure fair competition. Therefore, ACU supports ensuring fair competition among teams competing across the state and supported this bill. The House passed the bill on February 17, 2021 by a vote of 50-23. (The bill failed to advance in the Senate.)
- 
- 35. HB 308 Strengthening Individual Liberties by Prohibiting Government-Imposed "Vaccine Passports."** This bill enacts the COVID-19 Vaccine Restrictions Act, which strengthens individual liberties by ensuring that individuals are not mandated by government to receive an immunization or vaccination for the coronavirus (COVID-19). The bill includes some exemptions, such as government employees working in public health and medical settings. ACU supports strengthening individual liberties, supports the ability of Americans to manage their own risk related to illnesses and supported this bill. The House passed the bill on February 22, 2021 by a vote of 66-2 and the bill was signed into law.
- 
- 36. HB 328 Further Socializing Higher Education Costs Through the "Adult Learners Grant Program."** This bill establishes yet another mechanism to further socialize higher education costs. Specifically, the bill establishes the "Adult Learners Grant Program" which pays for tuition and other expenses incurred by individuals 26 years of age or older pursuing a degree program. Furthermore, the bill advances government racial and regional discrimination by prioritizing the grants to "minority students" and "students from rural areas." ACU believes higher education subsidies represent one of the largest transfers of wealth from lower-income individuals to higher-income individuals. ACU opposes further socializing higher education costs onto taxpayers and government discrimination and opposed this bill. The House passed the bill on March 4, 2021 by a vote of 64-6 and the bill was signed into law.
- 
- 37. HB 415 Combatting Unconstitutional Presidential Executive Orders by Prohibiting State Cooperation.** This bill is designed to protect Utahns from unilateral and unconstitutional presidential executive orders by preventing state and local governments from cooperating with enforcement. Under the bill, the Constitutional Defense Council is to receive certain executive orders and the state Attorney General is directed to determine whether the order is constitutional. The state and all political subdivisions are prohibited from enforcing any order that is unconstitutional. ACU supports strengthening individual liberties and combatting unconstitutional executive actions and supported this bill. The House passed the bill on March 2, 2021 by a vote of 55-17 and the bill was signed into law.
- 
- 38. HR 901 (First House Extraordinary Session) Combatting Critical Race Theory and Leftist Indoctrination at Public Schools.** This House Resolution urges the state Board of Education to ensure that critical race theory (CRT) is not included in the state's curriculum. Specifically, the resolution recommends that concepts that teach that one race is superior or inferior to another race, that an individual should be discriminated against because of their race, or that moral character is determined by individual race not be included in curriculum standards. ACU recognizes that CRT is a tool used by the radical Left to advance division amongst Americans and expand the role of government. ACU believes it is abhorrent to advance this indoctrination on young students and supported this resolution. The House passed the resolution on May 19, 2021 by a vote of 56-0. (Members of the Democratic party who walked off the floor in protest are recorded as opposing the ACU position.)
- 
- 39. HR 902 (First House Extraordinary Session) Supporting the Second Amendment Right to Keep and Bear Arms.** This House Resolution supports Second Amendment Rights by expressing support for statutory protections from federal actions that infringe an individual's right to keep and bear arms. The resolution further supports legislative action to strengthen state law by establishing Utah as a "Second Amendment Sanctuary State." ACU supports the founders' belief in the Second Amendment, opposes unnecessary gun control measures that do not improve public safety and infringe the right of law-abiding individuals to keep and bear arms and supported this resolution. The House passed the resolution on May 19, 2021 by a vote of 56-0. (Members of the Democratic party who walked off the floor in protest are recorded as opposing the ACU position.)
- 
- 40. HB 1007 (First Special Session) Prohibiting Mask Mandates at Public Schools.** This bill strengthens individual liberties by prohibiting public colleges, universities and grade schools from imposing face mask mandates. ACU believes that many of government's reactions to COVID-19 have done more harm than good, supports efforts to combat abuse of power by government officials and supported this bill. The House passed the bill on May 19, 2021 by a vote of 50-24 and the bill was signed into law.