

# The DIFFERENT KINDS of LEGISLATIVE RESOLUTIONS

(according to Uniform Rule #49)

Resolutions are drafted according to Uniform Rule #10 and have the same time limit on introductions as bills do (after the 35<sup>th</sup> day of the second session they may only be introduced by standing committees--see Uniform Rule #44).

<u><b>TYPE</b></u>	<u><b>PURPOSE</b></u>	<u><b>NEEDED TO PASS</b></u>	<u><b>FINAL ACTION</b></u>
<b>SIMPLE RESOLUTION</b> HR - HOUSE SR - SENATE	TO EXPRESS THE WILL, WISH, VIEW, OPINION, SYMPATHY, OR REQUEST OF THE HOUSE OR SENATE	A MAJORITY VOTE OF THE FULL MEMBERSHIP OF THE HOUSE OR SENATE *	SAME AS A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION
<b>CONCURRENT RESOLUTION</b> HCR - HOUSE CONCURRENT SCR - SENATE CONCURRENT	SAME AS A SIMPLE RESOLUTION BUT EXPRESSES THE WISH OF BOTH HOUSES. USED FOR THE INTERNAL BUSINESS OF THE LEGISLATURE, SUSPENSION AND AMENDMENT OF THE UNIFORM RULES, REQUESTING ACTION OF EXECUTIVE AGENCIES AND INTERIM COMMITTEES, FIXING THE TIME AND PLACE FOR JOINT ASSEMBLIES, AND TO ESTABLISH JOINT COMMITTEES	A MAJORITY VOTE OF THE FULL MEMBERSHIP OF BOTH HOUSES* (UNLESS OTHERWISE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM RULES)	SENT TO THE GOVERNOR FOR INFORMATION AND TO THE LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR FOR FILING. THE LEGISLATIVE AFFAIRS AGENCY SENDS IT TO DESIGNATED ADDRESSEES
<b>SPECIAL CONCURRENT RESOLUTION</b> HSCR SSCR	TO EXPRESS DISAPPROVAL OF AN EXECUTIVE ORDER OF THE GOVERNOR	MUST BE CONSIDERED BY A STANDING COMMITTEE AND REQUIRES A MAJORITY VOTE OF THE FULL MEMBERSHIP OF THE LEGISLATURE IN JOINT SESSION	SAME AS A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION
<b>JOINT RESOLUTION</b> HJR SJR	TO EXPRESS THE VIEW OR WISH OF THE LEGISLATURE TO THE PRESIDENT, CONGRESS, U.S. GOVERNMENT AGENCIES, OR OTHER STATE GOVERNMENTS. IT IS REQUIRED FOR PROPOSING OR RATIFYING AMENDMENTS TO THE U.S. CONSTITUTION, PROPOSING AMENDMENTS TO THE STATE CONSTITUTION	TREATED AS A BILL; ADOPTION BY BOTH HOUSES BY A MAJORITY VOTE OF THE FULL MEMBERSHIP	SIGNED BY THE GOVERNOR AS A FORMALITY. THE LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR SENDS COPIES TO FEDERAL AND STATE OFFICERS, AGENCIES, AND JURISDICTIONS
<b>SPECIAL RESOLUTION</b> HSR SSR	USED ONLY TO EXPEL A MEMBER (SEC. 12, ART. II, ALASKA CONSTITUTION)	REFER TO RULES COMMITTEE, 3 READINGS, AND PASSAGE BY 2/3 VOTE OF HOUSE OR SENATE	SAME AS SIMPLE, CONCURRENT, AND SPECIAL CONCURRENT RESOLUTIONS

\* This kind of resolution does not require committee referral, three readings, or a roll call vote.