

XML Schema - Data Types Quick Reference



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1 Namespaces §3.1 pt2

- <http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema>
- <http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-datatypes>

2 Logic Types

boolean atomic binary-valued logic legal literals {true, false, 1, 0} §3.2.1.2 pt2

3 Binary Data Types

base64Binary atomic Base64-encoded arbitrary binary data. §3.2.16 pt2
hexBinary atomic Arbitrary hex-encoded binary data. Example, "0FB7" is a hex encoding for 16-bit int 4023 (binary 111110110111). §3.2.15 pt2

4 Text types

anyURI atomic A Uniform Resource Identifier Reference (URI). Can be absolute or relative, and may have an optional fragment identifier. §3.2.17 pt2
language derived token natural language identifiers [RFC 1766] Example: en, fr. §3.3.3 pt2
normalizedString derived string White space normalized strings §3.3.1 pt2
string atomic Character strings in XML §3.2.1 pt2
token derived normalized-String Tokenized strings. §3.3.2 pt2

5 Number Types

byte derived short 127 to-128. Sign is omitted, "+" assumed. Example: -1, 0, 126, +100. §3.3.19 pt2
decimal atomic Arbitrary precision decimal numbers. Sign omitted, "+" is assumed. Leading and trailing zeroes are optional. If the fractional part is zero, the period and following zero(es) can be omitted. §3.2.3 pt2
double atomic Double-precision 64-bit floating point type - legal literals {0, -0, INF, -INF and NaN} Example, -1E4, 12.78e-2, 12 and INF §3.2.5 pt2
float atomic 32-bit floating point type - legal literals {0, -0, INF, -INF and NaN} Example, -1E4, 1267.43233E12, 12.78e-2, 12 and INF §3.2.4 pt2
int derived long 2147483647 to -2147483648. Sign omitted, "+" is assumed. Example: -1, 0, 126789675, +100000. §3.3.17 pt2
integer derived decimal Integer or whole numbers - Sign omitted, "+" is assumed. Example: -1, 0, 12678967543233, +100000. §3.3.13 pt2

long derived integer 9223372036854775807 to -9223372036854775808. Sign omitted, "+" assumed. Example: -1, 0, 12678967543233, +100000. §3.3.16 pt2
negativeInteger derived nonPositive Infinite set {...,-2,-1}. Example: -1, -12678967543233, -100000. §3.3.15 pt2
nonNegativeInteger derived integer Infinite set {0, 1, 2,...}. Sign omitted, "+" assumed. Example: 1, 0, 12678967543233, +100000. §3.3.20 pt2
nonPositiveInteger derived integer Infinite set {...,-2,-1,0}. Example: -1, 0, -126733, -100000. §3.3.14 pt2
positiveInteger derived nonNegativeInteger Infinite set {1, 2,...}. Optional "+" sign. Example: 1, 12678967543233, +100000. §3.3.25 pt2
short derived int 32767 to -32768. Sign omitted, "+" assumed. Example: -1, 0, 12678, +10000. §3.3.18 pt2
unsignedByte derived unsignedShort 0 to 255. a finite-length Example: 0, 126, 100. §3.3.24 pt2
unsignedInt derived unsignedLong 0 to 4294967295 Example: 0, 1267896754, 100000. §3.3.22 pt2
unsignedLong derived nonNegative 0 to 18446744073709551615. Example: 0, 12678967543233, 100000. §3.3.21 pt2
unsignedShort derived unsignedInt 0 to 65535. Example: 0, 12678, 10000. §3.3.23 pt2

6 Date Time Types

date atomic Calendar date.Format CCYY-MM-DD. Example, May the 31st, 1999 is: 1999-05-31. §3.2.9 pt2
dateTime atomic Specific instant of time. ISO 8601 extended format CCYY-MM-DDThh:mm:ss. Example, to indicate 1:20 pm on May the 31st, 1999 for Eastern Standard Time which is 5 hours behind Coordinated Universal Time (UTC): 1999-05-31T13:20:00-05:00. §3.2.7 pt2
duration atomic A duration of time. ISO 8601 extended format PnYn MnDTnH nMn S. Example, to indicate duration of 1 year, 2 months, 3 days, 10 hours, and 30 minutes: P1Y2M3DT10H30M. One could also indicate a duration of minus 120 days as: -P120D. §3.2.6 pt2
gDay atomic Gregorian day. Example a day such as the 5th of the month is --05. §3.2.13 pt2
gMonth atomic Gregorian month. Example: May is --05-- §3.2.14 pt2
gMonthDay atomic Gregorian specific day in a month. Example: Feb 5 is --02-05. §3.2.12 pt2
gYear atomic Gregorian calendar year. Example, year 1999, write: 1999. §3.2.11 pt2
gYearMonth atomic Specific gregorian month and year. Example, May 1999, write: 1999-05. §3.2.10 pt2
time atomic An instant of time that recurs every day. Example, 1:20 pm for Eastern Standard Time which is 5 hours behind Coordinated Universal Time (UTC), write: 13:20:00-05:00. §3.2.8 pt2

7 XML Types

Name derived token XML Names §3.3.6 pt2
NCName derived Name XML "non-colonized" Names. §3.3.7 pt2

NOTATION atomic NOTATION type §3.2.19 pt2
QName atomic XML qualified names §3.2.18 pt2
 Following types should only be used in attribute declaration for XML compatibility:
ENTITY derived NCName ENTITY attribute type §3.3.11 pt2
ENTITIES derived ENTITY ENTITIES attribute type §3.3.12 pt2
ID derived NCNAME ID attribute type §3.3.8 pt2
IDREF derived NCName IDREF attribute type §3.3.9 pt2
IDREFS derived IDREF IDREFS attribute type §3.3.10 pt2
NMTOKEN derived token NMTOKEN attribute type §3.3.4 pt2
NMTOKENS derived NMTOKENS NMTOKENS attribute type §3.3.5 pt2

8 Built-in Types

anyType ur-type Built-in Complex type definition of Ur-Type. §3.4.7 pt1
anySimpleType ur-type Built-in Simple type definition of Ur-Type. §4.1.6 pt2

9 Simple Data Type Declaration §4.1.2 pt2

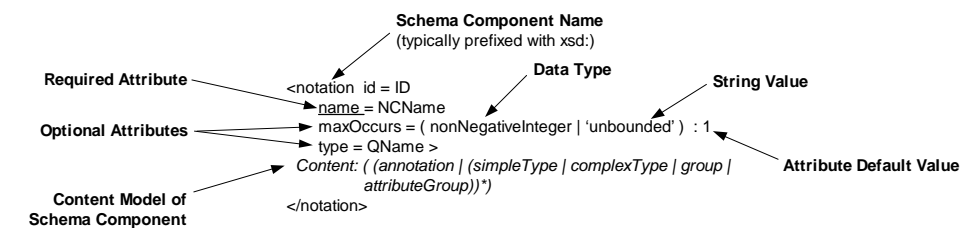
Note: All schema components allow attributes from non-schema namespaces.

```
<simpleType id = ID
  final = ( '#all' | ( 'list' | 'union' | 'restriction' ) )
  base = NCName>
  Content: ( annotation ?, ( restriction | list | union ) ) </simpleType>

<list id = ID
  itemType = QName>
  Content: ( annotation ?, ( simpleType ? ) ) </list>

<union id = ID
  memberTypes = List of QName>
  Content: ( annotation ?, ( simpleType * ) ) </union>

<restriction id = ID
  base = QName>
  Content: ( annotation ?, ( simpleType ?, ( minExclusive | minInclusive |
    maxExclusive | maxInclusive | totalDigits | fractionDigits | length | minLength |
    maxLength | enumeration | whiteSpace | pattern ) * ) ) </restriction>
```



10 Constraining Facets

§4.3 pt2

<length id = ID
fixed = boolean : false
value = nonNegativeInteger >
Content: (annotation?) </length>

<minLength id = ID
fixed = boolean : false
value = nonNegativeInteger >
Content: (annotation?) </minLength>

<maxLength id = ID
fixed = boolean : false
value = nonNegativeInteger >
Content: (annotation?) </maxLength>

<pattern id = ID
value = anySimpleType >
Content: (annotation?) </pattern>

<enumeration id = ID
value = anySimpleType >
Content: (annotation?) </enumeration>

<whiteSpace id = ID
fixed = boolean : false
value = ('collapse' | 'preserve' |
replace') >
Content: (annotation?) </whiteSpace>

<maxInclusive id = ID
fixed = boolean : false
value = anySimpleType >
Content: (annotation?) </maxInclusive>

<maxExclusive id = ID
fixed = boolean : false
value = anySimpleType >
Content: (annotation?) </maxExclusive>

<minInclusive id = ID
fixed = boolean : false
value = anySimpleType />
Content: (annotation?) </minInclusive>

<minExclusive id = ID
fixed = boolean : false
value = anySimpleType >
Content: (annotation?) </minExclusive>

<totalDigits id = ID
fixed = boolean : false
value = positiveInteger >
Content: (annotation?) </totalDigits>

<fractionDigits id = ID
fixed = boolean : false
value = nonNegativeInteger >
Content: (annotation?) </fractionDigits>

11 Simple Data Types and Constraining Facets

§4.1.5 pt2, Appendix B pt0

Simple Data Type	length	minLength	maxLength	pattern	enumeration	whiteSpace	maxInclusive	maxExclusive	minExclusive	minInclusive	totalDigits	fractionDigits
anyURI	u	u	u	u	u	u						
base64Binary	u	u	u	u	u	u						
boolean				u	u							
byte - 127 to-128				u	u	u	u	u	u	u	u	u
date - CCYY-MM-DD				u	u	u	u	u	u	u		
dateTime - CCYY-MM-DDThh:mm:ss				u	u	u	u	u	u	u		
decimal - Arbitrary precision decimal numbers				u	u	u	u	u	u	u	u	u
double - Double-precision 64-bit floating point				u	u	u	u	u	u	u		
duration - PnYn MnDTnH nMn S				u	u	u	u	u	u	u		
ENTITIES	u	u	u		u	u						
ENTITY	u	u	u	u	u	u						
float - 32-bit floating point type				u	u	u	u	u	u	u		
gDay				u	u	u	u	u	u	u		
gMonth				u	u	u	u	u	u	u		
gMonthDay				u	u	u	u	u	u	u		
gYear				u	u	u	u	u	u	u		
gYearMonth				u	u	u	u	u	u	u		
hexBinary	u	u	u	u	u	u						
ID	u	u	u	u	u	u						

Simple Data Type

Simple Data Type	length	minLength	maxLength	pattern	enumeration	whiteSpace	maxInclusive	maxExclusive	minExclusive	minInclusive	totalDigits	fractionDigits
IDREF	u	u	u	u	u	u						
IDREFS	u	u	u		u	u						
int - 2147483647 to -2147483648.				u	u	u	u	u	u	u	u	u
integer				u	u	u	u	u	u	u	u	u
language - RFC 1766] Example: en, fr	u	u	u	u	u	u						
list	u	u	u	u	u	u						
long - 9223372036854775807 to -9223372036854775808				u	u	u	u	u	u	u	u	u
Name	u	u	u	u	u	u						
NCName	u	u	u	u	u	u						
negativeInteger				u	u	u	u	u	u	u	u	u
NMTOKEN	u	u	u	u	u	u						
NMTOKENS	u	u	u		u	u						
nonNegativeInteger				u	u	u	u	u	u	u	u	u
nonPositiveInteger				u	u	u	u	u	u	u	u	u
normalizedString	u	u	u	u	u	u						
NOTATION	u	u	u	u	u	u						
positiveInteger				u	u	u	u	u	u	u	u	u
QName	u	u	u	u	u	u						
short - 32767 to -32768				u	u	u	u	u	u	u	u	u
string	u	u	u	u	u	u						
time - hh:mm:ss				u	u	u	u	u	u	u		
token	u	u	u	u	u	u						
union				u	u							
unsignedByte - 0 to 255				u	u	u	u	u	u	u	u	u
unsignedInt - 0 to 4294967295				u	u	u	u	u	u	u	u	u
unsignedLong - 0 to 18446744073709551615				u	u	u	u	u	u	u	u	u
unsignedShort - 0 to 65535				u	u	u	u	u	u	u	u	u

12 Regular Expressions for Pattern Facet

§4.3.4 pt2

§Appendix D pt0, §Appendix F pt2

Special Characters needing to be escaped with a '\'

\ | . - ^ ? * + { } () []

Character References

N or c for hex or decimal XML character references

Repetition Operators

* 0 or more,
? 0 or 1,
+ 1 or more

Interval Operators

{x,y} range x to y, {x,} at least x, {x} exactly x, i.e. {4,8} 4 to 8

Character Range Expressions

[a-zA-Z] = character a to z upper and lower case
[0-9] = digits 0 to 9

Special Character Sequences

\n	newline	\p{IsBasicLatin}	block escape identifying ASCII characters, similar IsGreek, IsHebrew, IsThai for these ranges of Unicode blocks
\r	return	\p{L}	all Letters
\t	tab	\p{M}	all Marks
.(dot)	all characters except newline and return	\p{N}	all Numbers
\s	space characters (space, tab, newline, return)	\p{P}	all Punctuation
\S	non-Space characters	\p{Z}	all Separators
\i	initial XML name characters (letter _ ;)	\p{S}	all Symbols
\I	not initial XML name characters	\p{C}	all Others. Additional modifying values like Lu = uppercase, Ll = lowercase, Nd = decimal digit, Sm = math symbols, Sc = currency
\c	XML NameChar characters	\P{}	not the block or category, \P{IsGreek} = not Greek block
\C	not XML NameChar characters		
\d	decimal digits		
\D	not decimal digits		
\w	XML Letter or Digit characters		
\W	not XML Letter or Digit characters		

Pattern Examples

Expression	Match(es)
Chapter \d	Chapter 0, Chapter 1, Chapter 2....
Chapter\s\w	Chapter followed by a single whitespace character (space, tab, newline, etc.), followed by a word character (XML 1.0 Letter or Digit)
Espanñola	Española
\p{Lu}	any uppercase character, the value of \p{} (e.g. "Lu") is defined by Unicode
a*x	x, ax, aax, aaax....
a?x	ax, x
a+x	ax, aax, aaax....
(a b)+x	ax, bx, aax, abx, bax, bbx, aaax, aabx, abax, abbx, baax, babx, bbax, bbbx, aaaax....
[^0-9]x	any non-digit character followed by the character x
\Dx	any non-digit character followed by the character x
.x	any character followed by the character x
.*abc.*	1x2abc, abc1x2, z3456abchooray....
ab{2}x	abbx
ab{2,4}x	abbx, abbbx, abbbbx
ab{2,}x	abbx, abbbx, abbbbx....
(ab){2}x	ababx

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