



Legislative Scorecard

Victories & Defeats for NH Businesses

2017 edition

New Hampshire's Statewide Chamber of Commerce

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Events

- **Sep 27**
Employers' Guide to Opioids in the Workplace; Presented by Tufts Health Freedom Plan; Sheraton Harborside, Portsmouth
- **Oct 4**
BIA Forum on Workforce Housing Radisson Hotel, Manchester
- **Oct 18**
104th Annual Dinner, Lifetime Achievement and New Hampshire Advantage Celebration; Presented by Eversource; Radisson Hotel, Manchester
- **Oct 27**
Fifteenth Annual Governor's Advanced Manufacturing and High Technology Summit; Grappone Conference Center, Concord
- **Nov 5-6**
New Hampshire Leadership Summit; Mountain View Grand Resort & Spa, Whitefield

2017 Legislative Scorecard House Roll Call Votes

HB 115 Raising the state minimum wage This bill would have raised the minimum wage in New Hampshire to \$12 per hour (phased in over a two year period of time). The current minimum wage is set at the federal minimum of \$7.25. BIA opposed this legislation because we believe that if the minimum wage is increased it should occur at the federal level so that employers throughout the country experience the same impact. The roll call vote is on a House Labor, Industrial and Rehabilitative Services committee report of "Inexpedient to Legislate." A "yea" vote is consistent with BIA's position on the legislation. 193 "yea" - 169 "nay."

HB 145 Requiring municipal approval for siting high voltage transmission lines This bill would have required municipal approval as part of the siting process for high voltage transmission lines. The bill is clearly directed at delaying or stopping the "Northern Pass" project. Although BIA is neutral on Northern Pass, we opposed the bill. Legislation aimed at a single project is simply bad public policy. The current site evaluation process allows for municipal input and provides sufficient eminent domain protections. The roll call vote is on a House Municipal and County Government Committee report of "Inexpedient to Legislate." A "yea" vote is consistent with BIA's position on the legislation. 229 "yea" - 60 "nay."

HB 191 Granting towns the authority to issue bonds for expansion of internet services This bill would have permitted municipalities to issue taxpayer-supported bonds for the purpose of providing or expanding internet service and would result in municipalities in New Hampshire being able to invest in and own broadband infrastructure in areas that are already served by private telecommunications companies. BIA opposed this bill. By allowing municipalities to enter into this market, they would be in direct competition with private business. Experience from other states demonstrates that schemes similar to what this legislation would have allowed have failed at great cost to local taxpayers. The roll call is on a House Science, Technology and Energy committee majority report of "Inexpedient to Legislate." A "yea" vote is consistent with BIA's position on the legislation. 193 "yea" - 168 "nay."

HB 254 Business membership on the Assessing Standards Board This bill added business and consumer representatives to the Assessing Standards Board. BIA supported this legislation as a way of providing business and consumer input and more balanced decisions of utility and communications infrastructure property tax valuations. The roll call vote is on a House Executive Departments

“SCORECARD VOTES” CONTINUED FROM PAGE 1

and Administration majority committee report of “Inexpedient to Legislate.” A “nay” vote is consistent with BIA’s position on the legislation. 266 “yea” – 78 “nay.”

HB 478 Prohibiting discrimination based on gender identity This bill adds “gender identity” as a protected civil right. BIA supported this legislation because it clarifies and codifies existing case law for employers. This is also a business and workforce development issue. By promoting inclusiveness this legislation demonstrates to residents, visitors, and those considering relocating to the state for employment that New Hampshire is committed to equal rights for all. The roll call vote is on a tabling motion in the House, effectively killing the legislation. A “nay” vote is consistent with BIA’s position on this legislation. 187 “yea” – 179 “nay.”

HB 485 Standards for emerging contaminants in drinking water This bill establishes new standards for groundwater quality and new criteria for assessing PFC risks that far exceeded federal levels established by the Environmental Protection Agency. BIA opposed this legislation as an unnecessary and expensive response to isolated instances of contamination of existing wells. The roll call vote is on a House Resources, Recreation and Development Committee report of “Ought to Pass as Amended.” A “nay” vote is consistent with BIA’s position on the bill. 335 “yea” – 29 “nay.”

HB 547 Recycling and disposal of electronic waste This bill establishes a statewide network of recycling centers to collect waste from consumer electronics products funded through the creation of a new Waste Collection and Recycling Fund. BIA opposed this legislation because of added costs and regulatory burdens on electronics manufacturers and a belief that these types of recycling efforts are already successfully working in the private sector. The roll call vote is on a House Science, Technology and Energy majority committee report of “Inexpedient to Legislate.” A “yea” vote is consistent with BIA’s position on the legislation. 194 “yea” – 149 “nay.”

HB 644 Extending the interest and dividends tax to capital gains This bill created a new tax on capital gains in New Hampshire. BIA opposed this legislation because of its impact on business investment, particularly small business owners and start-up entrepreneurs. The roll call vote is on a House Ways and Means majority committee report of “Inexpedient to Legislate.” A “yea” vote is consistent with BIA’s position on the legislation. 200 “yea” – 137 “nay.”

SB 11 Right-to-Work This legislation sought to establish New Hampshire as the only right-to-work state in New England. Right to work means that employees cannot be forced to join or financially support labor unions in the workplace as a condition of employment. BIA supported this legislation believing it would give New Hampshire an economic development advantage over other non-Right-to-Work states at no cost to taxpayers. The roll call vote is on a House Labor, Industrial and Rehabilitative Services Committee report of “Inexpedient to Legislate.” A “nay” vote is consistent with BIA’s position on the legislation. 200 “yea” – 177 “nay.”

SB 129 Renewable energy This bill subsidizes biomass electricity production and increases costs to ratepayers. BIA opposed this bill. Increasing costs for all residential and commercial/industrial customers at a time when our electricity rates are 50-60% higher than the national average is inappropriate. It is bad public policy to subsidize one modest segment of our economy at the expense of all other sectors. The roll call vote is on a tabling motion in the House. A “yea” vote is consistent with BIA’s position on the bill. 90 “yea” – 217 “nay.”

SB 191 Full-day kindergarten This legislation provides additional state funding to school districts offering full day kindergarten. BIA supported this legislation because we recognize the importance of full day kindergarten and early childhood education in providing the foundation for future learning. This is also a workforce issue as many young families considering staying in or relocating to New Hampshire have an expectation that full day kindergarten will be available. Full day kindergarten also results in increased employment flexibility for working men and women. The roll call vote is on a House Education majority committee report of “Ought to Pass as Amended.” A “yea” vote is consistent with BIA’s position on the legislation. 247 “yea” – 116 “nay.”

Senate Roll Call Votes

SB 2 Reducing business taxes This bill reduced the Business Profits Tax from the current rate of 7.9% to 7.5% and the Business Enterprise Tax from the current rate of .675% to .50% effective July 1, 2020. BIA supported this legislation which would make modest improvements to New Hampshire’s business tax climate. The roll call vote is on a Senate Finance Committee report of “Ought to Pass with Amendment.” A “yea” vote is consistent with BIA’s position on the legislation. 14 “yea” – 8 “nay.”

SB 11 Right-to-Work This legislation sought to establish New Hampshire as the only Right-to-Work state in New England. Right to work means that employees cannot be forced to

join or financially support labor unions in the workplace. BIA supported this legislation believing it would give New Hampshire an economic advantage over other non-Right-to-Work states at no cost to taxpayers. The roll call vote is on a Senate Commerce Committee report of "Ought to Pass." A "yea" vote is consistent with BIA's position on the legislation. 12 "yea" – 11 "nay."

SB 38 Highway and bridge improvements This bill provides an additional \$36.8 million from surplus general funds to be used for road and bridge infrastructure projects, including the Bridge Aid Program and reducing the number of "red list" (structurally deficient or functionally obsolete) bridges throughout the state. BIA supported this legislation due to the critical importance our transportation infrastructure has on commuter (employee) safety and the ability for companies to safely and efficiently move products. The roll call vote is on a Senate Finance Committee report of "Ought to Pass as Amended." A "yea" vote is consistent with BIA's position on the legislation. 23 "yea" – 0 "nay."

SB 44 K-12 Common Core education standards This bill prohibits the Department of Education and the State Board of Education from requiring "Common Core" education standards from being implemented in any school or school district. BIA opposed this bill because businesses recognize the importance of more rigorous education standards like Common Core for preparing young people for 21st century jobs. New Hampshire's College and Career Ready (based on Common Core) standards have been adopted (with local school district input and approval) by virtually every district in the state and have been in use for more than eight years. The roll call vote is on a Senate Education Committee report of "Ought to Pass." A "nay" vote is consistent with BIA's position on the legislation. 14 "yea" – 9 "nay."

SB 77 Relative to Business Profits Tax deductions This bill would increase the IRS section 179 deduction (expenses for capital equipment purchases) from \$100,000 to \$500,000. BIA supported this legislation because it gives businesses more flexibility in how they expense capital equipment purchases and it brings New Hampshire in line with the federal standard. The roll call vote is on a Senate Ways and Means Committee report of "Ought to Pass." A "yea" vote is consistent with BIA's position on the legislation. 14 "yea" – 10 "nay."

SB 83 Raising the state minimum wage This bill raised the minimum wage in New Hampshire to \$12 per hour (phased in over a one year period of time). The current

minimum wage is set at the federal minimum of \$7.25. BIA opposed this legislation because we believe that if the minimum wage is increased it should occur at the federal level so that employers throughout the country experience the same impact. The roll call vote is on a Senate Commerce Committee report of "Inexpedient to Legislate." A "yea" vote is consistent with BIA's position on the legislation. 14 "yea" – 9 "nay."

SB 94 Affordable housing This bill added \$5 million to the Affordable Housing Fund administered by the NH Housing Finance Authority. Monies from this fund are used to provide low interest loans and gap financing to developers building high density, lower cost housing. BIA supported this bill because the availability and affordability of housing for New Hampshire's workforce continues to be a significant concern for many employers engaged in workforce retention and recruit-

CONTINUED ON PAGE 13

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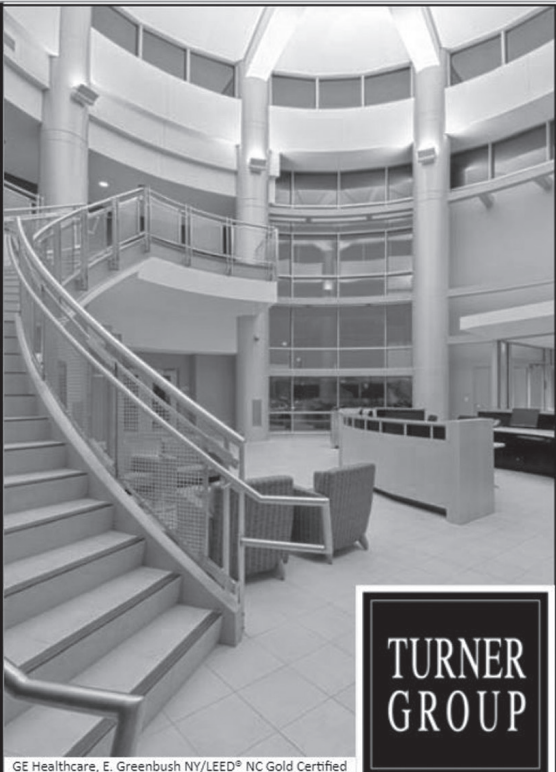
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Senate Scorecard

KEY TO SYMBOLS

- = Vote consistent with BIA position
- = Vote inconsistent with BIA position
- = No vote recorded due to absence, abstention, or conflict of interest

Champion of Business: Members scoring 86-100%

Friend of Business: Members scoring 70-85%

Senator	Party	District	SB 2	SB 11	SB 38	SB 44	SB 77	SB 83	SB 94	SB 191	HB 194	Score
Avard, Kevin	R	12	●	●	●	○	●	●	●	●	●	89%
Birdsell, Regina	R	19	●	●	●	○	●	●	●	●	●	89%
Bradley, Jeb	R	3	●	●	●	○	●	●	●	●	●	89%
Carson, Sharon	R	14	●	○	●	○	●	●	●	●	●	78%
D'Allesandro, Lou	D	20	○	○	●	●	○	○	●	●	○	44%
Daniels, Gary	R	11	●	●	●	○	●	●	●	○	●	78%
Feltes, Dan	D	15	○	○	●	●	○	○	●	●	○	44%
French, Harold	R	7	●	●	●	○	●	●	○	●	●	78%
Fuller Clark, Martha	D	21	—	○	●	●	○	○	●	●	○	50%
Gannon, William	R	23	●	●	●	○	●	●	●	●	○	78%
Giuda, Bob	R	2	●	—	●	○	●	●	○	●	●	75%
Gray, James	R	6	●	●	●	○	●	●	●	●	●	89%
Hennessey, Martha	D	5	○	○	●	—	○	○	●	●	○	38%
Innis, Daniel	R	24	●	●	●	○	●	●	●	●	●	89%
Kahn, Jay	D	10	○	○	●	●	○	○	●	●	○	44%
Lasky, Bette	D	13	○	○	●	●	○	○	●	●	○	44%
Morse, Chuck	R	22	●	●	●	○	●	●	○	●	●	78%
Reagan, John	R	17	●	●	●	○	●	●	○	●	●	78%
Sanborn, Andy	R	9	●	●	●	○	●	●	○	○	●	67%
Soucy, Donna	D	18	○	○	●	●	○	○	●	●	○	44%
Ward, Ruth	R	8	●	●	●	○	●	●	●	●	●	89%
Watters, David	D	4	○	○	●	●	○	○	●	●	○	44%
Woodburn, Jeff	D	1	○	○	●	●	○	○	●	●	○	44%

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House Scorecard

KEY TO SYMBOLS

- = Vote consistent with BIA position
- = Vote inconsistent with BIA position
- = No vote recorded due to absence, abstention or conflict of interest
- N/A = No score because member was present for 50% or less of the votes

Champion of Business: Members scoring 86-100%

Friend of Business: Members scoring 70-85%

Representative	Party	County	District	HB 115	HB 145	HB 191	HB 254	HB 478	HB 485	HB 547	HB 644	SB 11	SB 191	SB 129	Score
Abbott, Michael	D	Ch	1	○	●	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	27%
Abear, Marc	R	Be	2	●	●	●	●	○	○	●	●	●	○	●	73%
Abel, Richard	D	Gr	13	○	—	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	20%
Abrami, Patrick	R	Ro	19	●	●	●	●	○	○	●	●	●	●	○	73%
Aldrich, Glen	R	Be	2	●	●	●	●	○	○	●	●	●	○	●	73%
Alicea, Caroletta	D	Me	8	○	○	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	—	○	10%
Allen, Mary	R	Ro	15	●	—	—	○	○	○	●	●	●	○	○	44%
Almy, Susan	D	Gr	13	○	●	○	○	●	○	●	○	○	●	○	36%
Altschiller, Debra	D	Ro	19	○	○	○	○	●	○	○	●	○	●	○	27%
Ames, Richard	D	Ch	9	○	●	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	27%
Ammon, Keith	R	Hi	40	●	●	●	○	○	○	●	●	●	○	●	64%
Avellani, Lino	R	Ca	5	●	●	●	●	○	○	●	●	●	○	○	64%
Ayala, Jessica	D	Hi	31	○	○	○	○	●	○	●	○	○	●	○	27%
Azarian, Gary	R	Ro	8	—	—	●	—	—	—	●	●	—	●	○	N/A
Backus, Robert	D	Hi	19	○	—	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	20%
Bailey, Brad	R	Gr	14	●	○	○	—	○	○	—	—	●	●	○	38%
Baldasaro, Alfred	R	Ro	5	●	●	●	●	○	○	●	●	●	○	—	70%
Barnes, Arthur	R	Ro	8	●	●	●	●	○	○	—	—	—	—	●	71%
Baroodly, Benjamin	D	Hi	43	○	●	—	○	—	○	—	—	○	●	—	34%
Barry, Richard	R	Hi	21	●	●	●	○	○	○	●	●	●	●	○	64%
Bartlett, Christy	D	Me	19	○	○	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	18%
Bates, David	R	Ro	7	●	●	●	●	○	○	●	●	●	●	●	82%
Bean, Philip	R	Ro	21	●	●	○	●	○	○	●	●	○	○	○	45%
Beaudoin, Steven	R	St	9	●	●	—	●	○	●	●	●	●	—	—	88%
Beaulieu, Jane	D	Hi	45	○	—	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	—	22%
Belanger, James	R	Hi	27	●	●	●	●	○	○	●	●	●	○	—	70%
Bennett, Travis	D	Gr	8	○	—	○	○	●	○	—	—	○	●	○	25%
Berch, Paul	D	Ch	1	○	—	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	20%
Berrien, Skip	D	Ro	18	○	—	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	—	22%
Berube, Roger	D	St	18	—	—	●	—	—	—	—	—	○	●	—	N/A
Biggie, Barbara	R	Hi	23	—	●	●	—	—	—	●	●	●	●	○	86%
Binford, David	R	Gr	15	●	○	●	●	○	○	●	●	●	●	○	64%
Bixby, Peter	D	St	17	○	○	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	18%
Bordenet, John	D	Ch	5	○	●	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	27%
Bouldin, Amanda	D	Hi	12	●	●	○	○	●	○	—	—	—	●	○	50%

Representative	Party	County	District	HB 115	HB 145	HB 191	HB 254	HB 478	HB 485	HB 547	HB 644	SB 11	SB 191	SB 129	Score
Boutin, Skylar	R	Gr	2	○	—	●	—	○	○	—	—	●	●	—	50%
Bove, Martin	R	Ro	5	●	●	●	○	○	○	●	—	○	—	○	44%
Brewster, Michael	R	Me	21	○	—	●	○	○	●	●	●	●	●	●	70%
Brown, Duane	R	Gr	16	●	○	●	—	○	○	●	●	●	○	○	50%
Buco, Thomas	D	Ca	2	—	●	●	—	○	—	●	●	○	●	○	63%
Burns, Charlie	R	Hi	23	—	●	●	—	—	—	●	●	●	○	●	86%
Burridge, Delmar	D	Ch	16	○	—	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	—	22%
Burt, John	R	Hi	39	●	●	●	●	○	●	●	●	●	○	●	91%
Burton, Wayne	D	St	6	○	○	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	18%
Butler, Edward	D	Ca	7	○	○	○	○	●	○	○	●	○	●	○	27%
Byron, Frank	R	Hi	20	●	○	●	○	○	○	●	●	●	○	○	45%
Cahill, Michael	D	Ro	17	○	●	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	27%
Cali-Pitts, Jacqueline	D	Ro	30	○	●	●	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	36%
Campion, Polly	D	Gr	12	○	●	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	27%
Carr, John	R	Hi	26	●	●	●	○	○	○	●	●	●	●	—	70%
Carson, Clyde	D	Me	7	○	●	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	27%
Chandler, Gene	R	Ca	1	●	●	●	—	○	—	●	●	●	●	○	78%
Chandley, Shannon	D	Hi	22	○	●	○	○	●	○	○	—	○	●	○	30%
Chase, Francis	R	Ro	20	●	●	—	○	○	○	●	●	○	●	—	56%
Chirichiello, Brian	R	Ro	6	—	●	●	—	—	—	●	●	○	○	—	67%
Christensen, Chris	R	Hi	21	●	●	●	○	○	○	●	●	●	●	○	64%
Christie, Rick	R	Hi	6	●	●	●	●	○	○	●	●	●	○	●	73%
Cilley, Jacalyn	D	St	4	○	○	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	18%
Cleaver, Skip	D	Hi	35	○	●	○	○	—	○	○	○	○	●	○	20%
Cloutier, John	D	Su	10	○	○	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	18%
Comeau, Ed	R	Ca	5	●	●	●	●	○	●	●	●	●	○	●	82%
Comtois, Barbara	R	Be	7	●	●	●	—	○	○	—	—	●	○	●	63%
Cook, Allen	R	Ro	11	●	●	●	●	○	○	●	●	●	●	—	80%
Copp, Anne	R	Me	1	●	—	●	—	○	●	—	—	●	○	●	71%
Cordelli, Glenn	R	Ca	4	●	●	●	●	○	●	●	●	●	—	—	89%
Cornell, Patricia	D	Hi	18	○	—	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	20%
Costable, Michael	R	Ro	3	●	●	●	●	○	○	●	●	●	○	●	73%
Cote, David	D	Hi	31	○	—	—	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	22%
Crawford, Karel	R	Ca	4	—	—	—	○	●	—	●	●	○	●	—	67%
Cushing, Robert Renny	D	Ro	21	○	○	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	18%
Danielson, David	R	Hi	7	○	●	●	○	○	○	●	●	●	●	○	55%
Darrow, Stephen	R	Gr	17	○	—	●	●	●	○	○	●	●	●	○	60%
Dean-Bailey, Yvonne	R	Ro	32	●	○	●	○	○	○	●	●	●	●	○	60%
DeSimone, Debra	R	Ro	14	●	—	—	—	○	○	—	—	●	●	—	N/A
Dickey, Glen	R	Hi	5	●	●	●	○	○	○	●	●	●	○	●	64%
DiLorenzo, Charlotte	D	Ro	17	○	—	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	20%
DiSilvestro, Linda	D	Hi	9	○	—	○	○	●	○	—	—	○	●	—	29%
Doherty, David	D	Me	20	○	○	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	18%
Donovan, Daniel	R	Hi	2	●	●	●	○	●	○	●	●	●	●	—	80%
Dontonville, Roger	D	Gr	10	○	○	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	—	20%
Doucette, Fred	R	Ro	8	●	—	●	○	○	○	—	—	○	●	○	38%

Representative	Party	County	District	HB 115	HB 145	HB 191	HB 254	HB 478	HB 485	HB 547	HB 644	SB 11	SB 191	SB 129	Score
Dowling, Patricia	R	Ro	6	○	—	○	○	○	○	●	●	○	○	—	22%
Dyer, Caleb	L	Hi	37	●	○	●	—	●	●	●	●	●	○	●	80%
Eaton, Daniel	D	Ch	3	○	●	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	27%
Ebel, Karen	D	Me	5	○	—	○	○	●	○	○	●	○	●	○	30%
Edgar, Michael	D	Ro	21	○	○	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	18%
Edwards, Elizabeth	D	Hi	11	○	●	—	○	●	○	○	—	○	—	○	25%
Edwards, Jess	R	Ro	4	●	●	●	●	○	○	●	●	●	—	●	80%
Elber, Joel	D	Hi	19	○	○	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	—	10%
Elliott, Robert	R	Ro	8	●	●	—	○	○	○	●	●	●	●	○	60%
Ellis, Donna	D	St	8	○	—	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	20%
Emerick, J. Tracy	R	Ro	21	●	●	●	○	○	○	●	●	●	○	○	55%
Farnham, Betsey	D	Ro	18	○	—	○	○	●	○	—	—	○	●	○	25%
Faulkner, Barry	D	Ch	12	○	●	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	27%
Fedolfi, Jim	R	Hi	1	●	—	●	○	○	●	—	—	●	○	—	57%
Fenton, Donovan	D	Ch	8	○	—	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	20%
Ferreira, Elizabeth	R	Hi	28	●	●	●	●	○	○	●	●	●	○	●	73%
Fesh, Robert	R	Ro	6	●	—	●	○	○	○	●	●	●	○	●	60%
Fields, Dennis	R	Be	4	●	●	●	○	○	○	●	●	●	●	○	64%
Flanders, Donald	R	Be	3	—	—	●	—	—	—	●	●	●	○	○	67%
Fontneau, Timothy	D	St	7	○	○	—	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	—	22%
Forest, Armand	D	Hi	18	○	—	○	●	●	○	○	●	○	●	○	40%
Fothergill, John	R	Co	1	●	○	●	○	●	○	●	○	●	●	○	55%
Francese, Paula	D	Ro	18	—	—	○	—	—	—	○	○	○	●	○	17%
Fraser, Valerie	R	Be	1	—	○	●	—	—	—	●	●	●	●	—	83%
Freeman, Lisa	R	Hi	12	●	●	●	●	○	●	—	—	●	●	●	89%
Freitas, Mary	D	Hi	14	○	—	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	—	—	13%
Friel, William	R	Ro	14	—	●	●	—	—	—	—	—	—	●	—	N/A
Fromuth, Bart	R	Hi	7	●	—	●	○	○	●	●	●	●	○	—	67%
Frost, Sherry	D	St	16	○	—	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	20%
Gagne, Larry	R	Hi	13	●	●	●	○	○	○	●	●	●	○	●	64%
Gagnon, Raymond	D	Su	5	○	—	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	20%
Gargas, Carolyn	R	Hi	27	●	—	—	—	●	○	●	●	●	●	○	75%
Gauthier, Francis	R	Su	3	●	●	●	○	○	○	●	●	○	●	○	55%
Gay, Betty	R	Ro	8	○	○	●	○	●	○	●	●	●	●	●	64%
Gidge, Kenneth	D	Hi	33	○	○	—	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	—	22%
Gile, Mary	D	Me	27	○	—	○	○	●	○	—	—	○	●	○	25%
Gilman, Julie	D	Ro	18	○	—	○	○	●	○	●	○	○	●	○	30%
Goley, Jeffrey	D	Hi	8	○	●	○	○	●	○	○	●	○	●	○	36%
Gordon, Pamela	D	Ro	29	○	—	—	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	22%
Gordon, Richard	R	Ro	35	●	●	●	●	○	○	●	●	●	○	●	73%
Gottling, Suzanne	D	Su	2	○	●	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	27%
Gould, Linda	R	Hi	7	●	●	●	●	○	○	—	—	●	○	●	67%
Gourgue, Amanda	D	St	25	—	—	○	○	●	—	○	○	○	●	○	25%
Graham, John	R	Hi	7	●	●	●	—	○	○	●	●	●	●	○	70%
Graham, Robert	R	St	1	●	●	●	○	○	○	●	●	—	●	○	60%
Grassie, Chuck	D	St	11	○	●	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	27%

Representative	Party	County	District	HB 115	HB 145	HB 191	HB 254	HB 478	HB 485	HB 547	HB 644	SB 11	SB 191	SB 129	Score
Green, Dennis	R	Ro	13	●	●	●	●	○	○	●	●	●	○	●	73%
Grenier, James	R	Su	7	●	○	●	○	○	○	●	●	○	●	○	45%
Griffin, Barbara	R	Hi	6	●	○	—	○	○	○	—	●	●	○	○	33%
Griffin, Gerald	R	Hi	5	●	●	●	○	○	○	●	●	●	○	●	64%
Griffin, Mary	R	Ro	7	●	●	●	○	○	○	●	●	●	●	○	64%
Guthrie, Joseph	R	Ro	13	●	●	●	○	○	○	●	●	○	●	○	55%
Hagan, Joseph	R	Ro	4	●	●	●	○	○	○	●	●	●	●	○	64%
Halstead, Carolyn	R	Hi	23	●	●	●	○	○	○	●	●	●	○	●	64%
Ham, Bonnie	R	Gr	5	●	○	○	●	—	○	●	●	●	—	○	56%
Hansen, Peter	R	Hi	22	●	●	●	●	○	○	●	●	●	○	●	73%
Harrington, Michael	R	St	3	●	●	●	○	○	●	●	●	●	○	●	73%
Harvey, Cathryn	D	Ch	1	○	—	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	20%
Harvey, Suzanne	D	Hi	29	○	—	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	20%
Hatch, William	D	Co	6	○	○	○	○	●	○	—	—	○	●	—	25%
Heath, Mary	D	Hi	14	○	●	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	27%
Hellwig, Steve	R	Hi	37	●	—	●	●	○	●	●	●	●	○	●	80%
Henle, Paul	D	Me	12	○	—	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	20%
Hennessey, Erin	R	Gr	1	●	○	○	○	●	○	●	●	●	●	○	55%
Herbert, Christopher	D	Hi	43	○	●	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	27%
Higgins, Patricia	D	Gr	12	○	●	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	27%
Hill, Gregory	R	Me	3	●	○	●	●	○	○	●	●	●	○	●	64%
Hinch, Richard	R	Hi	21	●	●	●	○	○	○	●	●	●	●	○	64%
Hoell, J.R.	R	Me	23	●	●	●	●	○	●	●	●	●	○	●	82%
Hoelzel, Kathleen	R	Ro	3	●	●	●	○	○	○	●	●	●	○	○	55%
Hopper, Gary	R	Hi	2	●	●	●	●	○	○	●	●	○	○	●	64%
Horgan, James	R	St	2	●	●	●	—	○	○	—	—	●	●	○	63%
Horn, Werner	R	Me	2	○	●	●	○	○	○	●	●	●	●	●	64%
Horrigan, Timothy	D	St	6	○	○	○	○	●	○	○	●	○	●	○	27%
Howard, Raymond	R	Be	8	●	●	●	●	○	●	●	●	●	○	●	82%
Hull, Robert	R	Gr	9	●	○	●	●	○	○	—	—	—	○	●	50%
Hunt, John	R	Ch	11	●	●	●	○	○	○	●	●	●	○	○	55%
Huot, David	D	Be	3	○	—	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	20%
Hynes, Dan	R	Hi	21	●	●	●	○	●	○	●	●	●	○	—	70%
Irwin, Virginia	D	Su	6	○	—	—	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	22%
Itse, Daniel	R	Ro	10	●	●	●	●	○	○	●	●	●	○	—	70%
Jack, Martin	D	Hi	36	○	●	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	27%
Janigian, John	R	Ro	8	●	●	●	○	○	○	●	●	●	●	○	64%
Janvrin, Jason	R	Ro	20	●	●	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	●	—	50%
Jasper, Shawn	R	Hi	37	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	●	—	—	N/A
Jeudy, Jean	D	Hi	10	○	—	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	—	22%
Johnsen, Gladys	D	Ch	7	○	●	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	27%
Johnson, Tiffany	R	Gr	7	●	●	●	●	○	○	●	●	●	○	●	73%
Josephson, Timothy	D	Gr	11	○	●	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	—	30%
Judd, Bing	R	Co	1	●	●	—	○	○	○	●	●	●	●	—	67%
Kaczynski, Thomas	R	St	22	●	●	●	●	○	○	●	●	●	—	●	80%
Katsakiores, Phyllis	R	Ro	6	●	—	●	○	○	○	●	●	○	○	—	44%



Representative	Party	County	District	HB 115	HB 145	HB 191	HB 254	HB 478	HB 485	HB 547	HB 644	SB 11	SB 191	SB 129	Score
Katsiantonis, Thomas	D	Hi	15	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	N/A
Keane, Amelia	D	Hi	31	○	●	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	27%
Keans, Sandra	D	St	23	○	—	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	20%
Kenison, Linda	D	Me	15	○	●	○	—	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	30%
Khan, Aboul	R	Ro	20	●	●	●	○	○	○	●	●	○	●	○	55%
King, Mark	D	Hi	33	○	○	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	18%
Klee, Patricia	D	Hi	30	○	○	○	○	●	○	○	—	○	—	○	11%
Klose, John	R	Me	21	●	●	●	○	○	○	●	●	○	●	○	55%
Knirk, Jerry	D	Ca	3	○	●	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	27%
Kolodziej, Walter	R	Ro	7	●	●	●	—	○	○	●	●	●	○	●	70%
Kotowski, Frank	R	Me	24	—	●	●	—	—	—	●	●	●	●	○	86%
Krans, Hamilton	D	St	14	○	—	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	20%
Kuch, Bill	R	Me	23	●	●	●	○	○	○	●	●	●	○	●	64%
Kurk, Neal	R	Hi	2	●	●	●	○	○	○	●	●	●	○	●	64%
L'Heureux, Robert	R	Hi	21	●	●	—	○	○	○	●	●	●	●	—	67%
Ladd, Rick	R	Gr	4	●	●	●	○	○	○	●	●	●	●	○	64%
Laflamme, Larry	D	Co	3	○	●	○	○	●	○	—	—	—	●	○	38%
Lang, Timothy	R	Be	4	●	●	●	○	○	○	●	●	●	●	—	70%
Lascelles, Richard	R	Hi	20	●	●	●	○	○	○	●	●	●	●	○	64%
Laware, Thomas	R	Su	8	●	●	●	●	○	○	●	●	○	●	●	73%
Le, Tamara	D	Ro	31	○	○	—	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	—	20%
Leavitt, John	R	Me	24	○	●	●	—	○	○	●	●	●	—	—	63%
LeBrun, Donald	R	Hi	32	●	—	●	○	○	○	●	●	●	○	○	50%
Leishman, Peter	D	Hi	24	○	●	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	27%
Lewicke, John	R	Hi	26	●	●	○	○	○	○	●	●	●	○	●	55%
Ley, Douglas	D	Ch	9	○	●	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	27%
Lisle, David	D	Hi	35	○	—	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	—	○	11%
Long, Douglas	R	Me	4	●	○	●	○	○	○	—	—	●	●	○	44%
Long, Patrick	D	Hi	10	○	○	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	18%
Lovejoy, Patricia	D	Ro	36	○	●	●	●	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	45%
Lundgren, David	R	Ro	5	●	—	●	—	○	○	—	—	●	○	—	50%
Luneau, David	D	Me	10	○	●	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	27%
MacKay, James	D	Me	14	○	●	○	○	●	○	○	●	○	●	○	36%
MacKay, Mariellen	R	Hi	30	○	●	○	○	●	○	○	●	○	●	○	36%
MacKenzie, Mark	D	Hi	17	○	—	○	○	●	○	○	●	○	—	○	22%
Maes, Kevin	D	Gr	6	○	●	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	27%
Major, Norman	R	Ro	14	●	●	●	○	○	○	—	—	—	○	●	50%
Malloy, Dennis	D	Ro	23	○	●	○	○	●	○	○	●	○	●	○	36%
Maloney, Michael	R	Be	5	●	●	—	●	○	●	●	●	●	○	●	80%
Mangipudi, Latha	D	Hi	35	○	●	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	27%
Manley, Jonathan	D	Hi	3	○	○	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	18%
Mann, John	D	Ch	2	○	—	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	20%
Manning, John	R	Ro	8	●	●	●	○	○	○	●	●	●	●	—	70%
Marple, Richard	R	Me	24	●	●	●	●	○	○	—	—	●	○	○	56%
Marsh, Henry	R	Ro	22	—	—	●	—	—	—	—	—	●	●	●	N/A
Marsh, William	R	Ca	8	●	●	●	○	○	○	●	●	●	●	○	64%

Representative	Party	County	District	HB 115	HB 145	HB 191	HB 254	HB 478	HB 485	HB 547	HB 644	SB 11	SB 191	SB 129	Score
Martin, Joelle	D	Hi	23	○	●	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	27%
Martineau, Jesse	D	Hi	42	○	○	○	—	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	20%
Massimilla, Linda	D	Gr	1	○	○	—	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	20%
Matthews, Carolyn	R	Ro	3	●	●	●	○	○	○	●	●	●	○	●	64%
McBeath, Rebecca	D	Ro	26	○	—	—	—	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	25%
McCarthy, Frank	R	Ca	2	●	●	●	●	○	●	●	●	●	○	—	80%
McCarthy, Michael	R	Hi	29	●	—	—	○	○	○	●	●	○	●	○	44%
McConkey, Mark	R	Ca	3	●	●	●	○	○	○	●	●	●	●	○	64%
McConnell, James	R	Ch	12	●	●	●	●	○	○	●	●	●	○	○	64%
McGuire, Carol	R	Me	29	●	●	●	○	○	○	●	●	●	○	●	64%
McKinney, Betsy	R	Ro	5	●	—	○	○	○	○	●	●	○	○	●	40%
McMahon, Charles	R	Ro	7	●	●	●	—	●	○	●	●	●	●	○	80%
McNally, Jody	R	St	10	●	●	●	○	○	○	●	●	●	●	○	64%
McNamara, Richard	D	Hi	38	○	○	○	○	●	○	—	—	—	●	○	25%
Meador, David	D	Ch	6	○	—	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	20%
Merner, Troy	R	Co	7	—	●	●	—	—	—	●	●	○	●	●	86%
Messmer, Mindi	D	Ro	24	○	○	—	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	20%
Milz, David	R	Ro	6	●	●	●	○	○	○	●	●	○	○	—	50%
Moffett, Howard	D	Me	9	○	●	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	27%
Moffett, Michael	R	Me	9	●	●	●	●	○	○	●	●	●	●	●	82%
Moore, Craig	R	Hi	25	●	●	—	●	○	○	●	●	●	●	○	70%
Moore, Josh	R	Hi	21	●	●	●	●	○	●	●	●	●	○	●	82%
Morrison, Sean	R	Ro	9	—	○	●	—	—	—	●	●	○	●	—	67%
Moynihan, Wayne	D	Co	2	○	●	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	27%
Mullen, John	R	St	1	●	●	●	○	○	○	●	●	●	●	●	73%
Mulligan, Mary Jane	D	Gr	12	○	—	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	20%
Murotake, David	R	Hi	32	●	●	●	●	○	○	●	●	●	●	—	80%
Murphy, Keith	R	Hi	7	●	●	●	●	○	○	●	●	●	○	●	73%
Murray, Kate	D	Ro	24	○	●	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	27%
Myler, Mel	D	Me	10	○	—	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	—	22%
Nasser, Jim	R	Ro	2	●	●	●	○	●	○	●	●	●	●	○	73%
Negron, Steve	R	Hi	32	●	●	●	●	○	○	●	●	●	○	○	64%
Nelson, Bill	R	Ca	5	●	—	●	—	○	○	●	●	●	●	○	67%
Newman, Sue	D	Hi	29	○	●	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	—	30%
Nigrello, Robert	R	Ro	16	●	—	●	○	○	○	—	—	—	●	○	49%
Nordgren, Sharon	D	Gr	12	○	○	○	○	●	○	—	—	○	●	○	22%
Notter, Jeanine	R	Hi	21	●	●	●	●	○	○	●	●	●	○	●	73%
Nutting, Allison	D	Hi	34	○	—	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	—	22%
O'Brien, Michael	D	Hi	36	○	—	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	—	22%
O'Connor, John	R	Ro	6	●	●	●	●	○	○	●	●	●	○	—	70%
O'Connor, John	R	Su	4	—	—	●	○	—	—	●	●	○	●	●	71%
O'Day, John	R	Ch	11	●	●	●	●	○	●	●	●	●	○	●	82%
O'Leary, Richard	D	Hi	13	○	●	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	27%
O'Neil, William	D	Hi	9	—	—	○	○	—	—	○	○	○	●	—	17%
Ober, Lynne	R	Hi	37	●	—	●	—	○	○	●	●	—	○	●	63%
Ober, Russell	R	Hi	37	●	—	●	○	○	○	●	●	●	○	●	60%

Representative	Party	County	District	HB 115	HB 145	HB 191	HB 254	HB 478	HB 485	HB 547	HB 644	SB 11	SB 191	SB 129	Score
Ohm, Bill	R	Hi	36	●	●	●	○	○	○	●	●	●	○	—	60%
Opderbecke, Linn	D	St	15	○	●	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	27%
Osborne, Jason	R	Ro	4	●	●	●	●	○	○	●	●	●	○	●	73%
Oxenham, Lee	D	Su	1	○	○	○	—	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	20%
Packard, Sherman	R	Ro	5	●	●	●	—	○	○	●	●	●	○	○	60%
Panasiti, Reed	R	Hi	22	●	●	●	○	○	○	●	●	●	—	●	70%
Pantelakos, Laura	D	Ro	25	○	—	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	20%
Parkhurst, Henry	D	Ch	13	○	—	●	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	30%
Patten, Dick	D	Me	17	○	—	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	—	22%
Pearl, Howard	R	Me	26	●	●	●	○	○	○	●	●	●	○	○	55%
Pearson, Mark	R	Ro	34	●	●	●	●	○	○	●	●	○	—	●	70%
Pearson, William	D	Ch	16	○	●	○	○	●	○	—	—	○	●	○	33%
Pellegrino, Anthony	R	Hi	21	—	●	●	○	—	—	—	—	—	○	○	N/A
Phinney, Brandon	R	St	24	●	●	●	—	○	○	●	●	●	○	●	70%
Pierce, David	R	Hi	6	●	●	●	○	○	○	●	●	○	○	○	45%
Pitre, Joseph	R	St	2	●	—	—	○	○	○	●	●	●	○	●	56%
Plumer, John	R	Be	6	—	●	●	—	—	—	●	●	●	○	—	83%
Porter, Marjorie	D	Hi	1	○	—	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	20%
Proulx, Mark	R	Hi	44	●	●	●	○	○	○	●	—	○	●	—	56%
Proust, Andrew	R	Hi	37	●	●	○	●	○	●	●	●	●	○	●	73%
Rand, Steven	D	Gr	8	○	○	○	○	●	○	●	○	○	●	○	27%
Read, Ellen	D	Ro	17	○	○	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	18%
Renzullo, Andrew	R	Hi	37	●	●	●	○	○	○	●	●	●	○	●	64%
Rice, Chip	D	Me	27	○	—	○	○	●	○	—	—	○	●	—	29%
Rice, Kimberly	R	Hi	37	●	—	●	○	○	○	●	●	●	○	○	50%
Richards, Beth	D	Me	13	—	●	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	—	33%
Richardson, Herbert	R	Co	4	—	●	●	—	○	—	●	—	—	●	—	N/A
Rimol, Bob	R	Ro	5	●	●	●	○	○	○	—	—	—	●	—	57%
Roberts, Carol	D	Hi	4	○	—	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	20%
Rodd, Beth	D	Me	6	—	●	○	—	—	—	○	○	○	●	—	34%
Rogers, Katherine	D	Me	28	○	●	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	27%
Rollins, Skip	R	Su	6	●	●	●	○	○	○	●	●	●	●	○	64%
Rosenwald, Cindy	D	Hi	30	○	●	○	○	●	○	○	—	○	●	○	30%
Rouillard, Claire	R	Hi	6	●	—	●	○	○	○	●	●	●	○	○	50%
Salloway, Jeffrey	D	St	5	○	—	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	20%
Sanborn, Laurie	R	Hi	41	●	●	●	●	○	○	●	●	●	○	●	73%
Sandler, Catt	D	St	21	○	—	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	—	22%
Sapareto, Frank	R	Ro	6	●	●	●	○	○	○	●	●	—	○	○	50%
Schleien, Eric	R	Hi	37	●	●	●	—	●	○	●	●	●	—	—	88%
Schmidt, Janice	D	Hi	28	○	—	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	20%
Schmidt, Peter	D	St	19	○	●	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	27%
Schmidt, Stephen	R	Ca	6	●	●	●	○	○	○	●	●	●	—	○	60%
Schuett, Dianne	D	Me	20	○	●	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	27%
Schwaegler, Vicki	R	Gr	3	●	○	○	—	○	○	●	●	●	●	○	50%
Scruton, Matthew	R	St	12	●	●	●	○	○	○	●	●	○	●	○	55%
Scully, Kevin	R	Hi	33	●	●	●	●	○	○	●	●	●	○	●	73%

Representative	Party	County	District	HB 115	HB 145	HB 191	HB 254	HB 478	HB 485	HB 547	HB 644	SB 11	SB 191	SB 129	Score
Seaworth, Brian	R	Me	20	●	●	●	●	○	●	●	●	●	○	○	73%
Seidel, Carl	R	Hi	28	●	●	●	●	○	○	●	●	●	○	●	73%
Shaw, Barbara	D	Hi	16	○	○	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	18%
Shepardson, Marjorie	D	Ch	10	○	—	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	20%
Shurtleff, Stephen	D	Me	11	○	●	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	27%
Silber, Norman	R	Be	2	●	●	●	○	○	○	●	●	●	○	●	64%
Smith, Gregory	R	Hi	37	●	●	●	○	○	○	●	●	●	○	—	60%
Smith, Marjorie	D	St	6	○	—	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	—	○	11%
Smith, Ryan	R	Me	3	●	●	○	●	○	○	—	—	●	○	—	50%
Smith, Steven	R	Su	11	●	●	●	○	○	○	●	●	●	●	—	70%
Smith, Suzanne	D	Gr	8	○	○	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	18%
Smith, Timothy	D	Hi	17	○	—	○	○	●	○	—	—	○	●	○	25%
Snow, Kendall	D	Hi	42	—	—	○	—	—	—	○	○	○	—	—	N/A
Sofikitis, Catherine	D	Hi	34	○	—	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	20%
Somero, Paul	R	Hi	25	●	●	●	●	○	●	●	●	●	○	—	80%
Somssich, Peter	D	Ro	27	○	○	○	○	●	○	●	○	○	●	○	27%
Soucy, Timothy	D	Me	16	○	●	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	—	30%
Southworth, Thomas	D	St	20	○	—	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	—	22%
Souza, Kathleen	R	Hi	43	—	○	●	—	—	—	●	●	●	○	○	57%
Spang, Judith	D	St	6	○	—	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	20%
Spanos, Peter	R	Be	3	●	—	●	○	○	○	●	●	●	○	●	60%
Spencer, Matthew	R	St	18	●	●	●	●	○	○	●	●	●	●	●	82%
Spillane, James	R	Ro	2	●	●	●	●	○	○	●	●	●	○	●	73%
Sprague, Dale	D	St	18	○	●	○	○	●	○	○	●	○	●	○	36%
Stallcop, Joseph	L	Ch	4	○	○	○	○	●	○	—	—	○	—	○	13%
Sterling, Franklin	R	Ch	14	●	●	○	○	○	○	●	●	●	—	○	50%
Stone, Brian	R	Ro	1	●	●	○	●	●	○	●	●	●	●	○	73%
Sullivan, Daniel	D	Hi	8	○	●	○	○	●	○	○	●	○	●	—	40%
Sullivan, Victoria	R	Hi	16	●	●	●	●	○	○	●	●	●	○	●	73%
Sykes, George	D	Gr	13	○	●	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	27%
Sylvia, Michael	R	Be	6	●	●	—	●	○	●	●	●	●	○	●	80%
Sytek, John	R	Ro	8	●	●	●	○	○	○	●	●	●	●	○	64%
Tanner, Linda	D	Su	9	○	—	○	—	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	22%
Tatro, Bruce	D	Ch	15	—	—	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	22%
Testerman, Dave	R	Me	2	●	●	●	●	○	○	●	●	●	—	—	78%
Theberge, Robert	R	Co	3	●	●	●	○	○	○	●	●	—	○	○	50%
Thomas, Douglas	R	Ro	5	●	●	●	●	○	○	—	—	—	●	○	63%
Thomas, Yvonne	D	Co	3	○	○	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	18%
Tilton, Rio	R	Ro	37	●	●	●	○	○	○	—	—	○	●	○	44%
Torosian, Peter	R	Ro	14	●	●	●	●	○	●	●	●	●	○	●	82%
Treleaven, Susan	D	St	17	○	—	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	20%
Tripp, Richard	R	Ro	6	●	—	●	○	○	●	●	●	○	○	—	56%
True, Chris	R	Ro	4	●	●	●	●	○	○	●	●	●	○	●	73%
Tucker, Edith	D	Co	5	○	●	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	27%
Turcotte, Alan	D	Me	22	○	—	○	○	—	○	—	—	○	●	○	14%
Turcotte, Leonard	R	St	4	●	●	●	●	○	○	●	●	●	○	●	73%


Representative	Party	County	District	HB 115	HB 145	HB 191	HB 254	HB 478	HB 485	HB 547	HB 644	SB 11	SB 191	SB 129	Score
Twombly, Timothy	R	Hi	34	●	●	●	○	○	○	●	●	●	○	●	64%
Ulery, Jordan	R	Hi	37	●	●	●	●	○	○	●	●	●	○	●	73%
Umberger, Karen	R	Ca	2	●	●	●	○	○	○	●	●	●	●	○	64%
Vadney, Herbert	R	Be	2	●	●	●	●	○	○	●	●	●	○	●	73%
Valera, John	R	Hi	38	●	●	●	○	○	○	—	—	●	○	●	56%
Van Houten, Connie	D	Hi	45	○	○	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	18%
Vann, Ivy	D	Hi	24	○	—	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	—	—	13%
Varney, Peter	R	Be	5	●	●	●	—	○	●	—	—	●	○	●	75%
Verville, Kevin	R	Ro	2	●	●	●	●	○	○	—	—	●	○	●	67%
Vincent, Kenneth	D	St	17	○	●	○	○	●	○	○	●	○	●	○	36%
Vose, Michael	R	Ro	9	●	●	●	●	○	○	●	●	●	○	●	73%
Wall, Janet	D	St	6	○	○	○	○	●	○	○	●	○	●	○	27%
Wallace, Scott	R	Ro	33	—	●	●	—	—	—	●	●	●	○	—	83%
Wallner, Mary Jane	D	Me	10	○	●	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	—	30%
Walsh, Robert	D	Hi	11	○	—	○	○	●	○	●	○	○	●	—	33%
Walsh, Thomas	R	Me	24	●	●	●	○	○	○	—	—	●	○	—	50%
Walz, Mary Beth	D	Me	23	○	●	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	27%
Ward, Gerald	D	Ro	28	○	○	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	18%
Webb, James	R	Ro	6	●	●	●	○	○	○	●	●	○	○	—	50%
Weber, Lucy	D	Ch	1	○	●	○	○	●	○	—	—	○	●	○	33%
Welch, David	R	Ro	13	●	●	●	○	○	○	●	●	○	—	●	60%
Wells, Natalie	R	Me	25	●	●	●	●	○	●	●	●	●	●	●	91%
Weyler, Kenneth	R	Ro	13	●	●	●	○	○	○	●	●	●	—	●	70%
White, Andrew	D	Gr	13	○	●	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	27%
Williams, Kermit	D	Hi	4	○	○	○	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	○	18%
Willis, Brenda	R	Ro	6	○	—	○	—	○	○	●	●	○	●	●	44%
Woitkun, Steven	R	Ro	12	●	—	—	○	○	●	●	●	○	—	—	57%
Wolf, Dan	R	Me	5	●	—	○	○	●	○	●	○	●	●	○	50%
Wolf, Terry	R	Hi	7	●	—	●	○	●	○	●	●	●	●	○	70%
Woolpert, David	D	Me	6	○	●	—	○	●	○	○	○	○	●	—	33%
Wuelper, Kurt	R	St	3	●	●	●	●	○	●	●	●	●	○	●	82%
Zaricki, Nick	R	Hi	6	—	●	—	●	●	—	—	—	●	○	●	83%

“SCORECARD VOTES” CONTINUED FROM PAGE 3

ment. The roll call vote is on a Senate Capital Budget Committee report of “Ought to Pass.” A “yea” vote is consistent with BIA’s position on the bill. 19 “yea” – 5 “nay.”

SB 191 Full-day kindergarten This legislation provides additional state funding to school districts offering full-day kindergarten, targeted to those communities most in fiscal need. BIA supported this legislation because we recognize the importance of full-day kindergarten and early childhood education in providing the foundation for future learning. This is also a workforce issue as many young families considering staying in or relocating to New Hampshire have an expectation that full-day kindergarten will be available. Full-day kindergarten also

results in increased employment flexibility for working men and women. The roll call vote is on an “Ought to Pass as Amended” motion offered by Senator Bradley. A “yea” vote is consistent with BIA’s position on the legislation. 21 “yea” – 2 “nay.”

HB 194 Payroll flexibility This bill repeals a Department of Labor requirement that employers pay their employees weekly unless they first obtain permission from the commissioner to pay bi-weekly. BIA supported this legislation because it is a modest step toward improving New Hampshire’s business regulatory climate. The roll call vote is on a Senate Commerce Committee report of “Ought to Pass.” A “yea” vote is consistent with BIA’s position on the legislation. 13 “yea” – 10 “nay.” 

2017 Victories & Defeats

Highlights

SB 1 Reducing the rate of the Business Profits Tax This legislation reduced the rate of the Business Profits Tax from the current 7.9% to 7.5%, phased in over a two-year period of time. BIA supported this legislation arguing it sends a positive message promoting job creation in New Hampshire, while providing companies with tax relief to compensate for other high costs such as electricity, labor, and health care benefits. Although this bill was re-referred to the Senate Ways and Means Committee, the tax reduction language was included in the state budget that was passed and signed into law. **Victory**

SB 2 Reducing the rate of the Business Enterprise Tax This legislation reduced the rate of the Business Enterprise Tax from the current .675% to .50%, phased in over a two-year period of time. BIA supported this legislation arguing that it sends a positive message promoting job creation in New Hampshire, especially for small businesses, while providing companies with tax relief to compensate for other high costs such as electricity, labor, and health care benefits. Although this bill was retained by the House Ways and Means Committee the tax reduction language was included in the state budget that was passed and signed into law. **Victory**

SB 11 Right-to-Work This bill would have made New Hampshire the only Right-to-Work state in the northeast. Right-to-Work means that employees cannot be forced to join or financially support a labor union in the workplace as a condition of employment. BIA supported this legislation as an important economic development initiative (at no cost to the state) that would have separated us from all other states in the Northeast. This bill passed the Senate, but was killed in the House. **Defeat**

SB 77 Increasing IRS section 179 deductions for capital equipment purchases This bill increased the deduction for IRS section 179 investments (capital equipment) from the current \$100,000 to \$500,000, bringing New Hampshire in line with the federal tax code. BIA supported this legislation, but it was laid on the table in the Senate. However, the deduction language was included in the state budget that was passed and signed into law. **Victory**

SB 129 Relative to electric renewable energy classes and relative to the class rate for biomass This legislation, among other things, made changes to renewable energy classes and raised the class rate for biomass. BIA opposed this bill because it would increase electricity costs for all customers, especially large energy users. Rate impact analysis of the changes to Class II (solar) and

Class III (biomass) performed by New Hampshire utilities showed increased compliance costs would be in the tens of millions of dollars. The bill passed the Senate and House; Governor Sununu allowed the bill to become law without his signature. **Defeat**

HB 130 Prohibiting an employer from using credit history in employment decisions This bill sought to prohibit employers from using credit histories when making hiring decisions. BIA opposed this legislation believing it was an inappropriate intrusion by the state into sound private sector hiring practices. The bill was killed in the House. **Victory**

HB 442 Prohibiting criminal record checks in the employee application process This bill would have prohibited employers from asking about criminal backgrounds as a part of the application process (often called “ban the box”). BIA opposed this legislation believing it was an inappropriate intrusion by the state into sound private sector hiring practices. The bill was killed in the House. **Victory**

HB 463 Regulating groundwater pollution caused by polluting emissions in the air and relative to standards for emerging contaminants in drinking water This bill would have required the New Hampshire Department of Environmental Services (NHDES) to utilize the NH State Air Toxics Control Program to establish procedures for evaluating the health risks of soil and water impacts from perfluorochemicals (PFCs) in air emissions and establish regulatory limits. Further, it would have required NHDES to initiate rulemaking to adopt a Maximum Contaminant Level for PFCs in public water supplies and to determine whether the existing Ambient Groundwater Quality Standard for PFCs, which is set at the federal level of 70 parts per trillion, is appropriate for New Hampshire. BIA opposed this legislation. Regulatory processes already in place are effective at identifying air, soil, and groundwater contamination and will continue to protect New Hampshire’s natural resources and citizens. Forcing NHDES to enter into the rulemaking process to address concerns about PFCs without clear, science-based justification would result in unnecessary financial burdens to NHDES, municipal governments, and businesses. House and Senate conferees could not agree on compromise language and the bill died. **Victory**

SB 191 Full-day kindergarten This legislation provided additional state funding to school districts offering full-day kindergarten. BIA supported this legislation because we recognize the importance of full-day kindergarten and early childhood education in providing the foundation for future learning. This is also a workforce issue as many young families considering staying in or relocating to New Hampshire have an expectation that full-day kindergarten will be available. Full-day kindergarten also results

in increased employment flexibility for working men and women. The House and Senate passed this bill and it was signed into law by Governor Sununu. **Victory**

Business Taxes

HB 644 Implementing a tax on capital gains This bill would have created a new tax on capital gains modeled after New Hampshire's Interest and Dividends Tax. BIA opposed this bill due to its harmful effect on business investment. The bill was killed in the House. **Victory**

SB 16 Reauthorizing the commission to study Business Profits Tax apportionment This bill, supported by BIA, extended the reporting dates for a commission studying Business Profits Tax apportionment, allowing it to continue its important work researching how other states' apportionment laws are negatively affecting some New Hampshire companies, and how New Hampshire should best respond. This bill was passed by both chambers and signed into law. **Victory**

Economic Development

HB 115 & SB 83 Increasing the state minimum wage These two bills raised the minimum wage in New Hampshire (currently set at the federal minimum of \$7.25/hour). BIA opposed these bills believing any increase in the minimum wage should occur at the federal level so business costs associated with higher wages would impact employers around the country equally. These bills were killed by the House and Senate. **Victory**

HB 621 Establishing a road usage fee This bill would have established a road usage fee to be paid by owners of electric vehicles and higher mileage hybrid vehicles. BIA supported this legislation as an innovative way to offset losses to New Hampshire's Highway Fund from vehicles that use the state's transportation network, but are not paying their fair share in the form of gas taxes collected at the pump. The House tabled this bill and it died at the end of the session. **Defeat**

CONTINUED ON PAGE 16



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“VICTORIES & DEFEATS” CONTINUED FROM PAGE 15

SB 38 Making an appropriation to the Department of Transportation for local highway and municipal bridge aid

This bill sent \$36.8 million in surplus general fund revenue to the Department of Transportation to be used for municipal road work and to reduce the number of “Red List” bridges (structurally deficient or functionally obsolete) in the state. BIA supported this legislation because we recognize the critical role our transportation network plays in the movement of goods and services, as well as the safety of employees who commute to work each day. SB 38 was passed by the legislature and signed into law by Governor Sununu. **Victory**

SB 94 Making an appropriation for affordable housing

This bill appropriated \$5 million to New Hampshire’s Affordable Housing Fund. This fund, administered by the New Hampshire Housing Finance Authority, is used to provide gap financing, or in some cases “last resort” financing, for high-density, affordable housing (including housing for New Hampshire’s workforce). Although this bill was tabled in the Senate, a \$2.5 million appropriation to the fund was included in HB 25, the state capital budget, which was passed by the legislature and signed by Governor Sununu. **Victory**

Education/Workforce Development

HB 412 Pre-engineering technology curriculum This bill extended age-appropriate, pre-engineering curriculum requirements from kindergarten through grade 12. BIA supported this legislation as part of our overall workforce development efforts to help increase interest in engineering and other STEM-related occupations. The bill was passed by both chambers and signed into law. **Victory**

HB 641 Participation in New Hampshire’s dual and concurrent enrollment program

This bill provided necessary state funding to allow high school students to take college level courses and receive credit toward high school and college degrees. BIA supported this legislation because it’s a cost-saving and time-saving measure for students. Although the bill was retained by the House Finance Committee, the dual and concurrent enrollment program language was included in the budget passed by the legislature and signed into law by Governor Sununu. **Victory**

SB 44 Prohibiting New Hampshire from requiring implementation of Common Core education standards

This bill, opposed by BIA, would have prevented the state Department of Education or the state Board of Education from requiring local school districts to implement more rigorous education standards

known as “Common Core.” BIA supports Common Core and believed this bill was both unnecessary (Common Core standards have been taught in New Hampshire schools for almost 10 years) and sent a negative message that the state is willing to settle for less than the highest standards of achievement. This bill was passed by both chambers and signed into law by Governor Sununu. **Defeat**

SB 101 Enrollment eligibility for regional career and technical education programs

This bill allowed high school students to apply for and participate in regional career and technical education programs after completing one year of high school (current law requires two years of high school instruction). BIA supported this legislation as a part of our overall workforce development efforts to make it easier for high school age students to access career and technical programs if desired. This bill was passed by both chambers and signed into law. **Victory**

SB 228 Establishing the NH Graduate Retention Incentive Partnership (NH GRIP)

This bill would have established a voluntary cooperative program between the state and employers willing to provide \$1,000 a year for the first four years of employment to college graduates to help defray the high cost of a college education. BIA supported this legislation as a practical way to provide incentives for recent college graduates to stay and work in New Hampshire. The bill was tabled in the Senate and died at the end of the session. **Defeat**

Employment Law

HB 194 Permitting employers to pay wages to employees weekly or biweekly

This bill, supported by BIA, would allow employers to choose between paying employees weekly or biweekly. Up to now employers were required to receive advance permission from the commissioner of the New Hampshire Department of Labor if they intended to compensate employees using an alternative schedule (biweekly or bimonthly) rather than weekly. This bill was passed by both chambers and signed into law by Governor Sununu. **Victory**

HB 478 Prohibiting discrimination based on gender identity

BIA supported this legislation because it clearly establishes, in statute, civil rights for transgender individuals which already exist in court case law. BIA believes this is an important workforce development issue that would position New Hampshire as a welcoming state for individuals considering a move here for employment. The House tabled this bill and it died at the end of the session. **Defeat**

Energy

HB 145 Requiring municipal approval for siting high voltage transmission lines This bill would have required a town vote to approve high voltage transmission lines within its borders. BIA opposed this legislation. New Hampshire’s Site Evaluation Committee already has a process in place for siting energy infrastructure projects, including opportunities for stakeholders to provide input on proposed projects. This bill was designed to impede badly needed energy infrastructure projects. The House killed this bill. **Victory**

HB 162 Relative to the criteria for the issuance of certificates for the siting of high pressure gas pipelines This bill would have established criteria for high pressure gas pipeline applications, if the application didn’t already include language relative to eminent domain proceedings. BIA opposed this legislation because the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission and the New Hampshire Site Evaluation Committee already have guidelines and rules in place for addressing eminent domain matters and the criteria for siting energy projects. BIA viewed this legislation as an attempt by opponents of natural gas pipeline projects to prevent future projects from being sited in New Hampshire. This legislation was killed by the House. **Victory**

HB 179 Relative to financing the construction of high pressure gas pipelines This bill was designed to prohibit the imposition of any tariff, tax, or fee on any electric ratepayer for the purpose of partially or wholly financing the construction of a high pressure gas pipeline. BIA opposed this legislation. The New Hampshire Site Evaluation Committee is already tasked with determining whether a particular project is in the public interest, including consideration of how the proposed project is financed. This was another attempt by opponents of natural gas pipeline projects to prevent future projects from being sited in New Hampshire. This legislation was killed by the House. **Victory**

HB 254 Relative to membership on the Assessing Standards Board This bill would have added business and consumer representatives to the Assessing Standards Board. BIA supported this legislation to provide increased business and consumer input and more balanced decisions on utility and communications infrastructure property tax valuations. The House killed this bill. **Defeat**

HB 323 Relative to standards for revaluations established by the Assessing Standards Board This bill requires the Assessing Standards Board to use the most recent edition of the Uniform Standards of Professional Appraisal Practice for establishing standards for assessing the value of utility property. BIA supported this legislation because it would provide some

standardization for utility property revaluation, ending the practice by some municipalities of overvaluing utility property, forcing utilities to pay inappropriately high property taxes that are passed on to customers. This bill was passed by the House and Senate and signed into law. **Victory**

HB 328 Relative to taxation of public utility infrastructure This bill sought to require that the NH Public Utilities Commission notify a utility, through the licensing process, that they will be taxed on any public utility infrastructure constructed over, under, or across state land or waters. BIA opposed this legislation because it would cause electric utilities to pay additional property taxes which would have simply been passed on to customers. This legislation was killed by the House. **Victory**

HB 493 Relative to evaluating the public interest of gas pipeline capacity contracts This bill would have charged the NH Public Utilities Commission with determining whether certain gas pipeline capacity contracts were in the best interest of the public. BIA opposed this bill. The NH Site Evaluation Committee is already tasked, through their review process, with determining whether a proposed energy infrastructure project is in the best interest of the public. The House killed this bill. **Victory**

SB 125 Establishing a committee to study transmission, distribution, generation, and other costs in the state's electricity system This legislation proposed establishing a committee to study electrical energy transmission, distribution, and generation, as well as other costs associated with the state's electrical energy network. BIA supported this legislation with the hope the committee would succeed in identifying ways to reduce the high cost of electricity. SB 125 passed both chambers and was signed into law. **Victory**

SB 229 Relative to appraisals of residential property, procedures in eminent domain proceedings and expenditures from the Energy Efficiency Fund This bill sought to allow a residential property owner to have an updated appraisal completed at the expense of a pipeline company seeking to obtain the property by eminent domain. BIA opposed this bill. Existing state and federal statutes already set out the processes by which public utilities and natural gas pipelines may take property by eminent domain for needed energy projects. These new requirements would result in delays and increased costs for critical energy infrastructure projects. This bill passed the Senate but was killed in the House. **Victory**

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Environmental

HB 376 Relative to the disturbance of sediments in estuarine waters This bill sought to require project sponsors that disturb estuarine sediments during construction complete chemical analyses of the sediments. They would also have to submit the results to the New Hampshire Department of Environmental Services (NHDES) prior to receiving a permit to complete the proposed work. BIA opposed this legislation. NHDES already has a permitting process in place for the disturbance of sediments in the nearshore environment. BIA viewed this legislation as an attempt by opponents to delay a specific seacoast energy infrastructure project. The bill was killed in the House. **Victory**

HB 454 Repealing mandatory on-board diagnostic and emission tests for motor vehicles This bill would have repealed the on-board diagnostic system (OBD II) testing procedures for motor vehicles which have been in place since 2005. This program was implemented to bring New Hampshire into compliance with the Clean Air Act (CAA) amendments of 1990. BIA opposed HB 454. Repealing the OBD II testing requirements would put New Hampshire out of compliance with the state implementation plan which serves as the state’s guide for carrying out requirements of the CAA. If OBD II compliance was no longer required for motor vehicles, pressure would increase on the business community to reduce emissions to meet the requirements of the CAA. This bill was killed in the House. **Victory**

HB 507 Relative to the responsibility of a person who through their pollution makes drinking water non-potable This bill sought to establish a committee to study the responsibility of a person who, through their actions, makes groundwater non-drinkable. BIA opposed this bill. State laws and rules are already in place for dealing with water quality issues and for identifying responsible parties and associated penalties. The bill passed the House but was killed by the Senate. **Victory**

HB 547 Relative to the recycling and disposal of electronic waste This bill proposed establishing a statewide network of recycling centers to collect waste from consumer electronics products funded through the creation of a new Electronic Collection and Recycling Fund. BIA opposed this legislation due to added costs and regulatory burdens on electronics manufacturers and a belief that similar recycling efforts are already successfully working in the private sector. The House killed this bill. **Victory**

HB 567 Repealing the exemption for water and air pollution control facilities from local property taxation. This bill would


have repealed a longstanding property tax exemption for businesses that have installed water and air pollution control devices. BIA opposed this bill as it would have resulted in significant property tax increases for New Hampshire employers. This legislation was killed by the House. **Victory**

HB 576 Increasing the amount of inspection sticker fees to be transferred to the Motor Vehicle Air Pollution Abatement Fund This bill sought to increase the fee for vehicle inspection stickers by 50 cents (from \$3.25 to \$3.75) with the full increase being sent to the Motor Vehicle Air Pollution Abatement Fund. BIA supported this bill as it would have resulted in direct mitigation of impending air emission fees to industry. Increasing the inspection fee for automobile owners is fair since motor vehicles have become a major source of air emissions in New Hampshire. The revenue from this modest 50-cent fee increase per motor vehicle inspection would help fund continued protection of our clean air and provide significant fee relief for manufacturers. The House killed this bill. **Defeat**

SB 118 Defining pervious surfaces in the Shoreland Water Quality Protection Act This bill inserts “pervious surface” into state groundwater statutes. BIA supported this bill because it adds clarity to the law, which is important when determining whether storm water management or control is required. The bill passed both chambers and was signed into law by Governor Sununu. **Victory**

Telecommunications

HB 191 Relative to the authority of towns to issue bonds for the expansion of internet service This bill would have allowed municipalities in New Hampshire to invest in broadband infrastructure in areas that are already served by private telecommunications companies. BIA opposed this legislation because allowing municipal governments to compete with private sector businesses is simply bad public policy. The House killed the bill. **Victory**

HB 357 Relative to the appraisal of telecommunications poles and conduits under local property taxation This bill sought to repeal the valuation formula for telecommunications poles and conduits which was resolved last legislative session. BIA opposed this bill as being unnecessary and an attempt by municipalities to regain control over how telecommunication properties are appraised. This legislation was killed by the House. **Victory** 



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As your local partner in growth, Unitil provides energy for life: gas and electricity to keep the communities we serve vibrant and thriving. We work hard with our local businesses to make sure their energy needs are met while providing meaningful tools to ensure the energy is used wisely.

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Events

For information or to register, call 603.224.5388 x 101 or visit BIAofNH.com/events

- Employers' Guide to Opioids in the Workplace, presented by Tufts Health Freedom Plan; Sept 27; Sheraton Harborside, Portsmouth
- BIA Forum on Workforce Housing; Oct 4; Radisson Hotel, Manchester
- 104th Annual Dinner, Lifetime Achievement and New Hampshire Advantage Celebration, presented by Eversource; Oct 18; Radisson Hotel, Manchester
- Fifteenth Annual Governor's Advanced Manufacturing and High Technology Summit; Oct 27; Grapone Conference Center, Concord

- New Hampshire Leadership Summit; Nov 5-6; Mountain View Grand Resort & Spa

Policy Committee Meetings

Policy committee meetings are held monthly at the BIA office in Concord and are open to all BIA members.

Economic Development and Fiscal Policy Committees; (meeting concurrently)
(2nd Fridays—8:00 AM)

- > Oct 13
- > Nov 10
- > Dec 8

Human Resources, Health Care, and Workforce Development
(3rd Fridays—8:00 AM)

- > Oct 20
- > Nov 17
- > Dec 15

Manufacturing & End Users Policy Committee
(3rd Tuesdays—8:00 AM)

- > Oct 17
- > Nov 21
- > Dec 19

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BIA officers: Linda Fanaras, Millennium Integrated Marketing, chair; Tom Sullivan, Sturm Ruger, chair-elect; Val Zanchuk, Graphicast, past chair; Karl Heafield, Baker Newman Noyes, treasurer; Scott Ellison, Cook Little Rosenblatt & Manson, secretary; Jim Roche, Business and Industry Association of NH, president.