



Written evidence

Agriculture, achieving net-zero emissions inquiry launched

September 2019





Introduction

The Law Society of Scotland is the professional body for around 12,000 Scottish solicitors. With our overarching objective of leading legal excellence, we strive to excel and to be a world-class professional body, understanding and serving the needs of our members and the public. We set and uphold standards to ensure the provision of excellent legal services and ensure the public can have confidence in Scotland's solicitor profession.

We have a statutory duty to work in the public interest, a duty which we are strongly committed to achieving through our work to promote a strong, varied and effective solicitor profession working in the interests of the public and protecting and promoting the rule of law. We seek to influence the creation of a fairer and more just society through our active engagement with the Scottish and United Kingdom Governments, Parliaments, wider stakeholders and our membership.

Our Rural Affairs and Environmental Law sub-committees welcome the opportunity to consider and respond to the Environment, Food and Rural Affairs Committee's inquiry on Agriculture, achieving net-zero *emissions*¹. We have the following comments to put forward for consideration.

General comments

We consider that strong collaboration between the UK Government and devolved administrations is of considerable importance in achieving net-zero emissions. This is particularly significant given the transboundary effects of environmental impacts.

The Cabinet Office published in late 2017 a list of 111 points where EU law intersects with devolved matters. This has been supplemented by the publication of the UK Government's Frameworks analysis: breakdown of areas of EU law that intersect with devolved competence in Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland on 9 March 2018. 24 of the policy areas in question were identified as being subject to more detailed discussion to explore whether legislative common framework arrangements might be needed, in whole or in part. The Cabinet Office published in April 2019 a Revised Frameworks Analysis: Breakdown of areas of EU law that intersect with devolved competence in Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland. This revised analysis has reduced the number of policy areas where legislation common frameworks may be required to 21, and includes a number of matters relating to agricultural and the environment.

In order to add further information to the debate, we offer a survey of those policy areas relevant to agricultural matters (annexed to this paper) which includes details of the EU law concerned and the

https://www.parliament.uk/business/committees/committees-a-z/commons-select/environment-food-and-rural-affairs-committee/news-parliament-2017/agriculture-achieving-net-zero-emissions-inquiry-launch-17-19/

https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/792738/20190404-FrameworksAnalysis.pdf



implementing legislation for Scotland and, where appropriate, for the UK (occasionally on a GB basis) and for England and Wales.

We also note that the Scottish Government has consented to regulations on a variety of agricultural and environmental matters which have been, or are due to be, laid in Parliament in preparation for the UK's EU exit.³

While some measures have been taken to date in the agriculture sector, for example changes to regulation in respect of the burning of bale wrappers, we recognise that some parts of the sector would benefit from greater education and training in order to move towards net-zero emissions.

Consultation questions

5. What impacts would large-scale changes in land-use have on rural communities and how should the transition be managed to achieve sustainable and just economic, environmental and social outcomes?

We note that there are competing uses for, and interests in, rural land and as a result, we suggest that land-use needs to be considered 'in the round' in attempting to achieve the outcomes sought.

We consider that it may be difficult to have a UK-wide strategy on this matter. Areas of land in Scotland are commonly used for crofting, grazing (including common grazing) and hill farming. There has been some focus in discussions on climate change and net-zero emissions on the contribution of cattle and sheep farming to greenhouse gas emissions. There is potential for this to result in a disproportionate impact in a Scottish context if there are large-scale changes in land-use.

In addition, agricultural tenants must be carrying out agricultural work in order to comply with the terms of their lease and therefore, there may be an impact on such individuals if there are changes to land-use impacting on agriculture. We note that there may be an impact on land values as a result of changes in land use. Forestry and alternative land uses may be more valuable than agricultural land.

The Scottish Land Commission are undertaking work around the involvement of communities in decisions about land. This may be relevant to work on land-use, particularly in rural communities.



For further information, please contact:

Alison McNab Policy Team Law Society of Scotland DD: 0131 476 8109

AlisonMcNab@lawscot.org.uk





Policy areas relevant to <u>agriculture</u> that are subject to more detailed discussion to explore whether legislative common framework agreements might be needed, in whole or in part

Responsible UK	Area of EU Law (Policy Area)		Devolution Intersect		Additional Information
Government Department	ŕ	NI	S	W	
DEFRA	Agricultural support	X	X	X	Policies and Regulations under the EU Common Agricultural Policy covering Pillar 1 (income and market support); Pillar 2 (rural growth, agri-environment, agricultural productivity grants or services and organic conversion and maintenance grants); and cross-gutting issues, including compliance, finance, & controls. Law Society Scotland Comments
					Law Society Scotland Comments
					EU Law Direct Payments Regulation 1307/201/EU, which establishes direct payments to farmers under Support Schemes within the framework of the Common Agricultural Policy.
					https://ec.europa.eu/agriculture/direct-support_en
					Scottish Law Common Agricultural Policy (Direct Payments etc.) (Scotland) Regulations 2015 Scotland will receive €4.6 billion to implement the Common Agricultural Policy (CAP) in Scotland until 2020. CAP provides funding for Scotland's farmers and landowners, along with a range of other support schemes. €3.7 billion is in direct payments to farmers, with just over €840 million per the Scotland Rural Development Programme (SRDP). The SRDP funds a wide variety of projects across Scotland to help rural communities, protect and enhance the environment, develop rural businesses and support the forestry and farming sectors.
					UK Government Technical Notices Farm payments if there's no Brexit deal, 23 August 2018- https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/farm-payments-if-theres-no-brexit-deal
					Receiving rural development funding if there's no Brexit deal, 23 August 2018- https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/receiving-rural-development-funding-if-theres-no- brexit-deal



EU Exit Regulations UK Law The Common Agricultural Policy (Direct Payments to Farmers) (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 http://www.legislation.gov.uk/uksi/2019/207/contents/made
Common Agricultural Policy (Rules for Direct Payments) (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 http://www.legislation.gov.uk/uksi/2019/208/made
Common Agricultural Policy (Financing, Management and Monitoring) (Miscellaneous Amendments) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 https://www.legislation.gov.uk/uksi/2019/763/contents/made
Common Agricultural Policy (Financing, Management and Monitoring Supplementary Provisions) (Miscellaneous Amendments) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 https://www.legislation.gov.uk/uksi/2019/765/contents/made
Common Organisation of the Markets in Agricultural Products and Common Agricultural Policy (Miscellaneous Amendments) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 https://www.legislation.gov.uk/uksi/2019/828/contents/made
The Food and Farming (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 https://www.legislation.gov.uk/uksi/2019/759/contents/made
Scottish Law Common Agricultural Policy (EU Exit) (Scotland) (Amendment) Regulations 2019 http://www.legislation.gov.uk/ssi/2019/60/contents/made
The Common Agricultural Policy (EU Exit) (Scotland) (Amendment) (No. 2) Regulations 2019 https://www.legislation.gov.uk/ssi/2019/209/contents/made
The Seed, Propagating Material and Common Agricultural Policy (EU Exit) (Scotland) (Amendment) Regulations 2019 https://www.legislation.gov.uk/ssi/2019/289/contents/made

The Agriculture Market Measures (EU Exit) (Scotland) (Amendment) Regulations 2019



					https://www.legislation.gov.uk/ssi/2019/73/contents/made The Agriculture Market Measures (EU Exit) (Scotland) (Amendment) Amendment Regulations 2019 https://www.legislation.gov.uk/ssi/2019/89/contents/made
DEFRA	Agriculture – fertiliser regulations	x	X	x	Regulations providing common standards for compositional ingredients, labelling, packaging, sampling and analysis of fertilisers. The UK is also signed up to a number of international agreements (e.g. the Gothenburg Protocol) and EU agreements (the National Ceilings Directive related to fertiliser regulation Law Society Scotland Comments EU Law Regulation (EC) No 2003/2003 relating to fertilisers consolidates all the EU rules that apply to fertilisers. The Regulation ensures that these technical requirements are implemented throughout the EU. This consolidated version is of documentary value only. The regulation applies to mineral fertilisers consisting of one or more plant nutrients. Other fertilisers are governed by EU countries' national legislation. The regulation lists fertiliser types according to their specific characteristics. Once a fertiliser meets this designation it may bear the letters 'EC' which guarantees farmers that the fertilisers contain a minimum nutrient content and are safe to use. Information, including the manufacturer's details and the fertiliser's characteristics, must appear on packages, labelling and accompanying documents. English Law The EC Fertilisers (England and Wales) Regulations 2006 Scottish Law The EC Fertilisers (Scotland) Regulations 2006 UK Government Technical Notices Manufacturing and marketing fertilisers if there's no Brexit deal, 24 September 2018-



					https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/manufacturing-and-marketing-fertilisers-if-theres-no-brexit-deal European Commission Preparedness Notices The European Commission Notice to Stakeholders: Withdrawal of the United Kingdom and EU Rules in the Field of Fertilisers, 25 September 2018 https://ec.europa.eu/info/sites/info/files/fertilisers_en.pdf EU Exit Regulations UK Law The Fertilisers and Ammonium Nitrate Material (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 (draft) https://www.legislation.gov.uk/ukdsi/2019/9780111178577/contents The Pesticides (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 (draft) http://www.legislation.gov.uk/ukdsi/2019/9780111188699/contents English Law The Pesticides and Fertilisers (Miscellaneous Amendments) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 http://www.legislation.gov.uk/uksi/2019/306/contents/made Scottish Law The Fertilisers and Pesticides (EU Exit) (Scotland) (Miscellaneous Amendments etc.) Regulations 2019 http://www.legislation.gov.uk/ssi/2019/25/introduction/made
DEFRA	Agriculture – GMO marketing and cultivation	X	X	X	Standards for marketing and cultivation of genetically modified organisms. Law Society Scotland Comments EU Law Directive 2001/18/EC (Deliberate Release) Directive (EU) 2015/412 (Deliberate Release-possibility to restrict cultivation of GMOs in Member State's territory) Directive 2009/41/EC (Contained Use) Regulation 1829/2003 (Food and Feed)



	Regulation 1830/2003 (Traceability and Labelling)
	Regulation 1946/2003 (Transboundary Movements) Genetically Modified Organisms (GMO) technology is strictly regulated and the EU has had a legal framework since the 1990s.
	EU legislation establishes the conditions for the development, use or marketing of a GMO or a food/feed product derived from GMOs. EU legislation on GMOs has two main objectives: To protect health and the environment: a GMO or a food product derived from a GMO can only be put on the market in the EU after it has been authorised on the basis of a detailed EU procedure based on a scientific assessment of the risks to health and the environment and to ensure the free movement of safe and healthy GM products in the EU. GM authorisation in Europe adopts a precautionary, case-by-case approach where the scale of release is related to the level of risk.
	There are the following levels of authorisation:
	Contained use – This is GM research carried out in a contained environment, under Directive 2009/41/EC.
	Research releases - this is the deliberate release to the environment authorised under the Deliberate Release into the Environment of GMOs Directive, 2001/18/EC. These are small scale releases carried out under tight control.
	Commercial releases – is the deliberate release to the environment authorised under Part C of the Deliberate Release into the Environment of GMOs Directive, 2001/18/EC, or under the Genetically Modified Food and Feed Regulation, 1829/2003. This type of authorisation covers import and use of a GMO for food or feed and non-food use and it can allow EU-wide commercial scale growing of a GM crop. The Food Standards Agency (FSA) is responsible for food safety issues whilst Defra and the devolved agriculture departments are responsible for assessing risks to the environment. All new crop varieties (GM and non GM) also have to be approved as suitable for agriculture via the National List trials route. The Traceability and Labelling Regulation 1830/2003/EC and Food and Feed Regulation 1830/2003/EC require the labelling of any intentional use of GM ingredients in food and feed. A GMO that has not been approved is not allowed in food and feed for sale in the EU.



UK Law

Environmental Protection Act 1990

The Genetically Modified Organisms (Contained Use) Regulations 2014

The competent authority responsible for the Regulations consists of the Health and Safety Executive

(HSE) and the Secretary of State for the Environment, Food and Rural Affairs (Defra) in England and Wales www.gov.uk/government/organisations/department-for-environment-food-rural-affairs

In Scotland, the HSE and the Scottish Government are the joint competent authority. The HSE considers the risk to the operator and the Scottish Government considers the risk to the environment from any GMO release.

Scottish Law

Enforcement in Scotland

In Scotland there are four sets of regulations granting powers to authorised officers for enforcement, and creating penalties for non-compliance. Local authorities are responsible for the enforcement of traceability and labelling requirements and for sampling and testing food and feed for GMOs. The GM Inspectorate and Science and Advice for Scottish Agriculture (SASA) is responsible for ensuring compliance with the regulations governing the deliberate release into the environment of GMOs in Scotland.

The Genetically Modified Organisms (Deliberate Release) (Scotland) Regulations 2002 Genetically Modified Food (Scotland) Regulations 2004

Genetically Modified Organisms (Traceability and Labelling) (Scotland) Regulations 2004 Genetically Modified Organisms (Transboundary Movements) (Scotland) Regulations 2005

UK Government Technical Notices

Developing genetically modified organisms (GMOs) if there's no Brexit deal, 23 August 2018 https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/developing-genetically-modified-organisms-gmos-if-theres-no-brexit-deal

European Commission Preparedness Notices

The European Commission Notice to Stakeholders: Withdrawal of the United Kingdom and EU Rules on Genetically Modified Food and Feed and the Deliberate Release of Genetically Modified Organisms into the Environment, 23 January 2018

					EU Exit Regulations UK Law The Genetically Modified Organisms (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 http://www.legislation.gov.uk/uksi/2019/90/contents/made The Chemicals (Health and Safety) and Genetically Modified Organisms (Contained Use) (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 http://www.legislation.gov.uk/uksi/2019/720/contents/made Genetically Modified Food and Feed (Amendment etc) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 http://www.legislation.gov.uk/uksi/2019/705/contents/made Animal health and Genetically Modified Organisms (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 http://www.legislation.gov.uk/uksi/2019/1229/contents/made English Law The Genetically Modified Organisms (Amendment) (England) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 http://www.legislation.gov.uk/uksi/2019/88/contents/made Scottish Law Genetically Modified Organisms (EU Exit) (Scotland) (Amendment) Regulations 2019 http://www.legislation.gov.uk/ssi/2019/57/contents/made
DEFRA	Agriculture – organic farming	x	х	x	Regulations setting out standards for organic production certification. Law Society Scotland Comments EU Law The Council Regulation 834/2007/EC sets out the principles, aims and overarching rules of organic production and defines how organic products are to be labelled. The regulation has the following aims:



brexit-deal			a. sustainable cultivation systems b. a variety of high-quality products c. greater emphasis on environmental protection d. more attention to biodiversity e. higher standards of animal protection f. consumer confidence g. protecting consumer interests Synthetic resources may be permissible if there are no suitable alternatives. Such products, which must be scrutinised by the Commission and EU countries before authorisation, are listed in the annexes to the implementing regulation 889/2008/EC. 15 Labelling organic foods Foods can be labelled "organic" if at least 95% of the agricultural ingredients meet the necessary standards. In non-organic foods, any ingredients which meet organic standards can be listed as organic. Organic production outlaws GMOs. However, the regulation on genetically modified food and feed sets a threshold (0.9%) under which a product's GMO content does not have to be indicated. Products with GMO content below this threshold can be labelled organic. Since 1 July 2010, EU producers of organic food have been required to use the EU organic logo. UK Law The Organic Products Regulations 2009 The power of the Secretary of State, as a designated Minister, to make regulations which extend to Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland remains exercisable by virtue of section 57(1) of the Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland remains exercisable by organic of section 57(1) of the Scotland Act 1998 (c. 46); article 3(4) of the European Communities (Designation) (No. 3) Order 1999 (S.I. 1999/2788), and article 3(2) of the European Communities (Designation) (No. 3) Order 2000(S.I. 2000/2812). UK Government Technical Notices Producing and processing organic food if there's no Brexit deal, 23 August 2018 https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/producing-and-processing-organic-food-if-theres-no-brexit-deal
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					EU Exit Regulations UK Law The Organic Production and Control (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 http://www.legislation.gov.uk/ukdsi/2019/9780111181195/contents Organic Products (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 http://www.legislation.gov.uk/uksi/2019/109/made The Organic Production (Control of Imports) (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 https://www.legislation.gov.uk/uksi/2019/692/contents/made
DEFRA	Agriculture – zootech	х	x	x	EU legislation providing a common framework of rules on breeding and trade in pedigree animals and germinal products in the EU and the treatment of imports from 3rd countries. Each of the UK regions has competent authorities in their areas for recognition of breed societies under this legislation. Our Comments EU Law https://ec.europa.eu/food/animals/zootechnics/legislation_en a. Decision 2007/371/EC as regards herd books for animals of the bovine species b. Decision 2006/427/EC laying down performance monitoring methods and methods for assessing cattle's genetic value for pure-bred breeding animals of the bovine species c. Decision 2005/379/EC on pedigree certificates and particulars for pure-bred breeding animals of the bovine species, their semen, ova and embryos d. Decision 2005/375/EC on entering male sheep and goats in an annex to the flock book e. Directive 94/28/EC as amended by Directive 2008/73/EC on third country imports, which also requires Member States to publish up to date lists of approved breed societies and associations on the internet English Law The Zootechnical Standards (England) Regulations 2012 https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/lists-of-recognised-animal-breeding-organisations



					Scottish Law The Zootechnical Standards Regulations 1992 The Zootechnical Standards Amendment (Scotland) Regulations 2007 European Commission Preparedness Notices The European Commission Notice to Stakeholders: Withdrawal of the United Kingdom and EU Rules in the field of breeding of animals, 23 January 2018 https://ec.europa.eu/food/sites/food/files/animals/docs/brexit-notice_animal-breeding.pdf EU Exit Regulations UK Law The Animal Breeding (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 http://www.legislation.gov.uk/uksi/2019/117/contents/made
DEFRA	Animal health and traceability	х	x	x	EU rules and standards that aim to maintain animal health and allow their movement, including policies covering: prevention of disease (entering UK) control of disease (endemic and exotic, surveillance (for exotic disease) movement of livestock, pet passports and veterinary medicines. Law Society Scotland Comments EU Law The Regulation on Transmissible Animal Diseases, the EU Animal Health Law provides: a. Simpler rules to enable authorities to focus on preventing and eradicating disease b. Clearer responsibilities for farmers, vets and others dealing with animals c. Better surveillance of pathogens, electronic identification and registration of animals d. Earlier detection and control of animal diseases to reduce animal epidemics e. More flexibility to adjust rules to local circumstances The Animal Health Law strengthens the enforcement of health and safety standards for the agrifood chain and is also a key output of the Animal Health Strategy 2007-2013 "Prevention is better than cure". Several delegated and implementing acts will be adopted by the EU until April 2019 to make the new rules applicable.



Farmed Animals – Council Directive 98/58/EC concerning the protection of animals kept for farming purposes.

Regulation 1/2005 on the Protection of Animals during Transport and related operations sets out minimum standards for the welfare of animals during transport. The Regulation applies to the transport of all live vertebrate animals for the purposes of economic activity, i.e. a business or trade.

English Law

The Animal Welfare Act 2006 (AWA) contains the general laws relating to animal welfare. It is an offence to cause unnecessary suffering to any animal. The AWA contains a Duty of Care to animals - anyone responsible for an animal must take reasonable steps to make sure the animal's needs are met.

The welfare of farmed animals is additionally protected by The Welfare of Farmed Animals (England) Regulations 2007, which are made under the AWA.

The Welfare of Animals at Markets Order 1990 (WAMO) covers treatment of animals in markets to ensure they are not caused injury or unnecessary suffering. The order sets out arrangements for penning, food and water and the care of young animals. Responsibility for enforcing WAMO rests with local councils.

The Welfare of Animals (Transport) (England) Order 2006

The welfare of farmed animals is additionally protected by the Welfare of Farmed Animals (England) Regulations 2007, which are made under the AWA.

Welfare of Farmed Animals (England) Regulations 2007

Welfare of Farmed Animals (England) (Amendment) Regulations 2010

These regulations implement EU directives on the welfare of calves, pigs, laying hens, conventionally reared meat chickens and a general welfare framework directive, which sets down minimum standards for the protection of all farmed livestock.

The regulations cover all farmed animals. Schedule 1 contains requirements for inspections, record keeping, freedom of movement, buildings, equipment and the feeding and watering of animals. Guidance has been prepared to accompany the regulations.

Scottish Law

The Animal Health and Welfare (Scotland) Act 2006

The Welfare of Farmed Animals (Scotland) Regulations 2010



	The Welfare of Animals (Transport) (Scotland) Regulations 2006 The functions conferred upon the Minister of the Crown under section 2(2) of the European Communities Act 1972, insofar as within devolved competence, were transferred to the Scottis Ministers by virtue of section 53 of the Scotland Act 1998. http://www.gov.scot/Topics/farmingrural/Agriculture/animal-welfare/policies/Legislation http://www.gov.scot/Resource/0051/00512255.pdf The Animal Health and Welfare Framework has been introduced to recognise the importance central and local government working together. It is a partnership between the Scottish Government, the Convention of Scottish Local Authorities (COSLA), the Society of Chief Office Trading Standards in Scotland (SCOTSS), the Society of the Chief Officers of Environmental Health in Scotland (SCOCOEHS) and the Animal and Plant Health Agency (APHA). The Frame also helps to address the requirements of Regulation 882/2004/EC on Official Feed and Food Controls, in ensuring verification of compliance with animal health and welfare rules. This regulation aims to improve the consistency and effectiveness of official controls within Membe States and across the EC. The Food Hygiene (Scotland) Regulations 2006 The Meat (Official Controls Charges) (Scotland) Regulations 2009 The Animal By-Products (Enforcement) (Scotland) Regulations 2013 UK Government Technical Notices Registration of veterinary medicines if there's no Brexit deal, 24 September 2018 https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/registration-of-veterinary-medicines-if-theres-no-brexit-deal Regulation of veterinary medicines if there's no Brexit deal, 24 September 2018 https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/regulation-of-veterinary-medicines-if-theres-no-brexit-deal European Commission Preparedness Notices Notice to marketing authorisation holders of centrally authorised medicinal products for humar veterinary use, 23 January 2018 https://ec.europa.eu/health/sites/health/files/files/documents/ec_ema_notice_communication_lpdf
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DEFRA	Animal welfare	X	х	х	EU rules relating to aspects of animal welfare including on-farm issues, movement of livestock and slaughter.
					UK Government Technical Notices Exporting animals and animal products if there's no Brexit deal, 24 September 2018 https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/exporting-animals-and-animal-products-if-theres-no-
					<u>brexit-deal</u>
					Importing animals and animal products if there's no Brexit deal, 24 September 2018 https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/importing-and-exporting-plants-if-theres-no-brexit-deal
					European Commission Preparedness Notices The European Commission Notice to Stakeholders: Withdrawal of the United Kingdom and EU Rules on animal feed, 23 January 2018
					https://ec.europa.eu/food/sites/food/files/safety/docs/brexit-notice_animal-feed.pdf
					The European Commission Notice to Stakeholders: Withdrawal of the United Kingdom and EU Rules on animal health and welfare and public health related to the movement of live animals, 27 February 2018
					https://ec.europa.eu/info/sites/info/files/file_import/movements_of_live_animals_en.pdf
					The European Commission Notice to Stakeholders: Withdrawal of the United Kingdom and EU Rules for authorisations and certificates for transporters of live animals, drivers and attendants, 23 January 2018
					https://ec.europa.eu/food/sites/food/files/animals/docs/brexit-notice_animal-transport.pdf
					The European Commission Notice to Stakeholders: Withdrawal of the United Kingdom and EU Rules on Certificates of competence pursuant to the requirements of Regulation (EC) NO 1099/2009 on the protection of animals at the time of killing, to slaughterhouse operators, 23 January 2018
					https://ec.europa.eu/food/sites/food/files/animals/docs/brexit-notice_animal-killing.pdf

					EU Exit Regulations UK Law The Animals (Legislative Functions) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 http://www.legislation.gov.uk/uksi/2019/588/contents/made English Law The Animal Welfare (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 http://www.legislation.gov.uk/uksi/2019/802/made Animal Health and Welfare (Miscellaneous Amendments) (England) (EU Exit) Regulations 2018 http://www.legislation.gov.uk/uksi/2018/1033/contents/made Scottish Law The Animal Welfare (EU Exit) (Scotland) (Amendment) Regulations 2019 http://www.legislation.gov.uk/ssi/2019/34/made The Animal Health and Welfare and Official Controls (Animals, Feed and Food) (EU Exit) (Scotland) (Amendment) Regulations 2019 https://www.legislation.gov.uk/ssi/2019/288/contents/made
HSE and DERRA	Chemicals regulation (including pesticides)	*x	*x	*x	EU regulations on the classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (CLP); the placing on the market and use of biocidal products (e.g. rodenticides); the export and import of hazardous chemicals; the registration, evaluation, authorisation and restriction of chemicals (REACH); and plant protection products (e.g. pesticides) Law Society Scotland Comments EU Law The Sustainable Use of Pesticides Directive 2009/128/EC The European Commission is responsible for the approval of active substances for use in pesticides in Member States. Approval is given after a rigorous assessment process involving the European Food Safety Authority, Member States and scientific experts. The Directive includes provisions aimed at reducing risks and impacts on human health and the environment, and to improve controls on distribution and use:



a. A National Action Plan b. compulsory testing of application equipment c. provision of training for and arrangements for the certification of operators, advisors and distributors d. a ban (subject to limited exceptions) on aerial spraying e. provisions to protect water, public spaces and conservation areas f. the minimisation of risks from handling, storage and disposal
g. the promotion of low input regimes UK Law The Food and Environmental Protection Act 1985 as amended by the Pesticides Act 1998. When an active substance is approved by the EU, companies can apply to the regulatory authority in each Member State for permission to place their product on the market. In the UK this is the Chemicals Regulation Division (CRD) of the Health and Safety Executive. The CRD publishes guidance on the Health and Safety Executive website.
Code of Practice for Using Plant Protection Products in Scotland: http://www.gov.scot/resource/doc/161422/0043816.pdf The Code of Practice reflects the Scottish Government's policy to reduce the effect of pesticide use on people and on the environment while controlling pests, diseases and weeds. The Plant Protection Products (Sustainable Use) Regulations 2012 are UK regulations which implement Directive 2009/128/EC.
The power of the Secretary of State, as designated Minister, to make Regulations that extend to Scotland remains exercisable by virtue of section 57(1) of the Scotland Act 1998. European Commission Preparedness Notices Questions and answers related to the United Kingdom's withdrawal from the European Union with regards to plant protection products and pesticides residues, 2 October 2018 https://ec.europa.eu/info/sites/info/files/qa-plant-protection-products_en_0.pdf

					The European Commission Notice to Stakeholders: Withdrawal of the United Kingdom and EU Rules on plant protection products https://ec.europa.eu/food/sites/food/files/plant/docs/brexit-notice_pesticides.pdf EU Exit Regulations UK Law The Chemicals (Health and Safety) and Genetically Modified Organisms (Contained Use) (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 https://www.legislation.gov.uk/uksi/2019/720/contents/made The Plant Protection Products (Miscellaneous Amendments) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 https://www.legislation.gov.uk/uksi/2019/556/contents/made The Fertilisers and Ammonium Nitrate Material (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 https://www.legislation.gov.uk/uksi/2019/601/contents/made Pesticides (Maximum Residue Levels) (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 (draft) http://www.legislation.gov.uk/ukdsi/2019/9780111176924 English Law The Pesticides and Fertilisers (Miscellaneous Amendments) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 http://www.legislation.gov.uk/uksi/2019/306/contents/made Scottish Law The Fertilisers and Pesticides (EU Exit) (Scotland) (Miscellaneous Amendments etc.) Regulations 2019 http://www.legislation.gov.uk/ssi/2019/25/introduction/made
DEFRA	Environmental quality – pesticides	Х	*x	*x	Regulations governing the authorisation and use of pesticides products and the maximum residue levels in food, and framework for action on sustainable use of pesticides.
Food Standards Agency	Food and feed safety and hygiene law (food and feed safely and hygiene law, and the	Х	Х	Х	EU regulations laying down the general principles and requirements of food and feed safely and hygiene; food and feed law enforcement (official controls); food safety labelling; risk analysis; and incident handling. The regulations set out an overarching and coherent framework for the development of food and feed legislations and lay down general principles, requirements and



controls and verify compliance with food and feed law (official controls)	procedures that underpin decision making in matters of food and feed safety, covering all stages of food and feed production. Law Society Scotland Comments EU Law See the extensive EU law in this area in the Food and Feed Guide in the section on Scottish Law. UK Law (exc. Scotland) Feed and food safety and standards are devolved in the UK. The Food Standards Agency (FSA) has responsibility for feed and food safety law in England, Wales and Northern Ireland. Following changes in 2010, FSA responsibilities for food law across England, Wales and Northern Ireland are no longer harmonised. In England, Defra is responsible for food labelling, other than for matters of food safety such as 'Use By' dates and allergens labelling. The Department of Health has central government responsibility for nutrition-related food legislation in England. In Wales, the FSA retains responsibility for general food labelling. The Welsh Government is responsible for nutrition related to food legislation. In Northern Ireland, the FSA retains responsibility for general food labelling and nutrition related to food legislation in Northern Ireland.
	In Wales, the FSA retains responsibility for general food labelling. The Welsh Government is responsible for nutrition related to food legislation. In Northern Ireland, the FSA retains responsibility for general food labelling and nutrition related to food legislation in Northern Ireland.
	Food Standards Agency Food and Feed Law Guide https://www.food.gov.uk/sites/default/files/food_feed_law_guide_dec2016.pdf Scottish Law Food Standards Scotland (FSS) was established 1 April 2015 as the national food body for Scotland, with responsibility for central Government functions previously carried out by the FSA in Scotland. The FSS has published a Food and Feed Law Guide which sets out the EU Law and Scotlish implementing regulations. The Guide can be found at: http://www.foodstandards.gov.scot/downloads/Scottish_Food_and_Feed_Law_GuideAugust_2017_1.pdf



UK Government Technical Notices Producing and labelling food if there's no Brexit deal, 24 September 2018 https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/producing-and-labelling-food-if-theres-no-brexit-deal European Commission Preparedness Notices The European Commission Notice to Stakeholders: Withdrawal of the United Kingdom and EU Rules on EU Food Law, 1 February 2018 https://ec.europa.eu/info/sites/info/files/file_import/eu_food_law_en.pdf EU Exit Regulations UK Law Food (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 http://www.legislation.gov.uk/uksi/2019/529/contents/made The Food and Farming (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 http://www.legislation.gov.uk/uksi/2019/9780111183274/contents The Specific Food Hygiene (Regulation (EC) No. 853/2004) (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 https://www.legislation.gov.uk/uksi/2019/1247/contents/made The Contaminants in Food (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 https://www.legislation.gov.uk/uksi/2019/639/contents/made The Specific Food Hygiene (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 https://www.legislation.gov.uk/uksi/2019/640/contents/made The General Food Hygiene (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 https://www.legislation.gov.uk/uksi/2019/640/contents/made

					The Official Controls for Feed, Food and Animal Health and Welfare (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 https://www.legislation.gov.uk/uksi/2019/665/contents/made The Food and Feed (Chernobyl and Fukushima Restrictions) (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 https://www.legislation.gov.uk/uksi/2019/699/contents/made The Food and Feed (Maximum Permitted Levels of Radioactive Contamination) (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 https://www.legislation.gov.uk/uksi/2019/701/contents/made The Genetically Modified Food and Feed (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 https://www.legislation.gov.uk/uksi/2019/705/contents/made English Law The Food and Feed Hygiene and Safety (Miscellaneous Amendments) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 https://www.legislation.gov.uk/uksi/2019/1013/contents/made The Official Controls (Animals, Feed and Food) (England) (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2018 https://www.legislation.gov.uk/uksi/2018/1241/contents/made Scotland The Food and Feed Safety and Hygiene (EU Exit) (Scotland) (Amendment) Regulations 2019 https://www.legislation.gov.uk/sis/2019/52/contents/made
DEFRA	Food compositional standards	X	X	X	Minimum standards for a range of specific food commodities such as sugars, coffee, honey, caseins, condensed milk, chocolate, jams fruit, juices and bottled water. Law Society Scotland Comments EU Law Regulation 1169/2011/EU on the provision of food information to consumers



DEFRA	Food labelling	Х	x	x	English Law The Food for Specific Groups (Information and Compositional Requirements) (England) (Amendment) Regulations 2017 Scottish Law The Food Information (Scotland) Regulations 2014 EU Exit Regulations UK Law The Food (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 https://www.legislation.gov.uk/uksi/2019/529/contents/made The General Food Law (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 https://www.legislation.gov.uk/uksi/2019/641/contents/made The Novel Food (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 https://www.legislation.gov.uk/uksi/2019/702/contents/made The Food and Farming (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 https://www.legislation.gov.uk/uksi/2019/759/contents/made English Law The Food (Amendment) (England) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 https://www.legislation.gov.uk/uksi/2019/150/contents/made Scottish Law The Food Composition, Labelling and Standards (EU Exit) (Scotland) (Amendment) Regulations 2019 http://www.legislation.gov.uk/ssi/2019/53/contents/made
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					EU Law Regulation 1169/2011/EU on the provision of food information to consumers, http://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?uri=CELEX:32011R1169 English Law The Food Information Regulations 2014 http://www.legislation.gov.uk/uksi/2014/1855/contents/made Scottish Law The Food Information (Scotland) Regulations 2014 https://www.legislation.gov.uk/ssi/2014/312/note/made UK Policy https://www.legislation.gov.uk/ssi/2014/312/note/made UK Policy https://www.legislation.gov.uk/ssi/2014/312/note/made UK Policy https://www.legislation.gov.uk/ssi/2019/53/contents/made The Food Information, Labelling and Standards (EU Exit) (Scotland) (Amendment) Regulations 2019 https://www.legislation.gov.uk/ssi/2019/285/contents/made The Food Information, Labelling and Standards (EU Exit) (Scotland) (Amendment) Regulations 2019 https://www.legislation.gov.uk/ssi/2019/285/contents/made
DEFRA	Plant health, seed and propagating material	*x	*X	*x	Requirements in relation to the import and internal EU movement of plants and plant products, risk assessment of new pant pests and outbreak management. Assurance and auditing of policies across the UK to protect plant biosecurity. Requirements for plant variety rights, registration of plant varieties and quality assurance of marketed seed and propagating material. EU Law a.EU marketing requirements, including rules for specific seeds b. Directives related to Conservation Varieties c. Lists of implementing measures related to marketing of specific seeds d. Review of EU legislation on the marketing of see and plant propagating material



		English Law The Plant Health (England) Order 2005 Protecting Plant Health: A Plant Biosecurity Strategy for Great Britain: https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/307355/pb14168-plant-health-strategy.pdf Scottish Law The Plant Health (Scotland) Order 2005 http://www.gov.scot/Topics/farmingrural/Agriculture/plant/PlantHealth/PolicyAndLegislation UK Government Technical Notices Importing and exporting plants if there's no Brexit deal, 24 September 2018 https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/importing-and-exporting-plants-if-theres-no-brexit-deal European Commission Preparedness Notices The European Commission Notice to Stakeholders: Withdrawal of the United Kingdom and EU Rules on Plant Health, 21 March 2018 https://ec.europa.eu/info/sites/info/files/file_import/plant_health_en.pdf The European Commission Notice to Stakeholders: Withdrawal of the United Kingdom and EU Rules on Plant Variety Rights, 23 January 2018 https://ec.europa.eu/food/sites/food/files/plant/docs/brexit-notice_plant-variety-rights.pdf The European Commission Notice to Stakeholders: Withdrawal of the United Kingdom and EU Rules in the field of marketing of seeds and other plant reproductive propagating material, undated https://ec.europa.eu/info/sites/info/files/plant/docs/brexit-notice_plant-variety-rights.pdf The European Commission Notice to Stakeholders: Withdrawal of the United Kingdom and EU Rules on Trade in Protected Species of Wild Fauna and Flora, 7 March 2018 https://ec.europa.eu/info/sites/info/files/notice_to_stakeholders_brexit_protected_species.pdf
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	EU Exit Regulations
	UK Law
	The Animal Health, Plant Health, Seeds and Seed Potatoes (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations
	2019
	https://www.legislation.gov.uk/uksi/2019/809/contents/made
	https://www.iogisiation.gov.an/and/2015/005/jonito/ind/made
	Aquatic Animal Health and Plant Health (Legislative Functions) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019
	https://www.legislation.gov.uk/uksi/2019/817/contents/made
	Titlps://www.iegisiation.gov.uk/uksi/2019/617/contents/made
	The Animal Health Investige Alien Chasics Dight Dreaders' Dights and Coade (Amendment etc.)
	The Animal Health, Invasive Alien Species, Plant Breeders' Rights and Seeds (Amendment etc.)
	(EU Exit) Regulations 2019
	https://www.legislation.gov.uk/uksi/2019/1220/contents/made
	The Marketing of Seeds and Plant Propagating Material (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations
	2019
	https://www.legislation.gov.uk/uksi/2019/162/contents/made
	The Plant Breeders' Rights (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019
	https://www.legislation.gov.uk/uksi/2019/204/contents/made
	English Law
	The Plant Health (EU Exit) Regulations 2019
	https://www.legislation.gov.uk/uksi/2019/787/contents/made
	Plant Health (Amendment) (England) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019
	https://www.legislation.gov.uk/uksi/2019/786/contents/made
	The Marketing of Seeds and Plant Propagating Material (Amendment) (England and Wales) (EU
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