HOUSEHOLD DATA ANNUAL AVERAGES

47. Absences from work of employed full-time wage and salary workers by occupation and industry

[Numbers in thousands]

	2016							
Occupation and industry	Full-time wage -		Absence rate ¹		Lost worktime rate ²			
	and salary workers ¹	Total	Illness or injury	Other reasons	Total	Illness or injury	Other reasons	
Total employed	110,922	2.9	2.0	0.9	1.5	1.0	0.5	
OCCUPATION								
Management, professional, and related occupations	45,935	2.5	1.6	0.9	1.3	0.7	0.5	
•	l ' I	2.5					0.5	
Management, business, and financial operations occupations	19,031 12,823	1.9	1.3 1.2	0.7 0.7	1.1 1.0	0.6	0.4	
Management occupations.		2.5	1.7	0.7	1.3	0.6	0.4	
Business and financial operations occupations	6,208						l	
Professional and related occupations.	26,904	2.8	1.8	1.0	1.4	0.8	0.6	
Computer and mathematical occupations.	4,190	2.4	1.7	0.7	1.0	0.7	0.4	
Architecture and engineering occupations.	2,839	2.3	1.7	0.6	1.1	0.8	0.3	
Life, physical, and social science occupations	1,138	3.0 3.5	1.9 2.3	1.1	1.3	0.8	0.6 0.6	
Community and social service occupations	2,141			1.1	1.6	1.0 0.5	0.8	
Legal occupations.	1,338	2.5	1.4	1.1	1.3		l	
Education, training, and library occupations	6,811	2.9	1.7	1.2	1.4	0.7	0.7	
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	1,657	2.6	1.6	1.0	1.3	0.7	0.7	
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations	6,789	3.2	2.0	1.2	1.9	1.1	0.8	
Service occupations.	15,963	3.5	2.5	1.0	1.8	1.3	0.5	
Healthcare support occupations.	2,455	4.3	3.0	1.3	2.3	1.7	0.6	
Protective service occupations.	2,701	3.0	2.3	0.7	1.9	1.5	0.4	
Food preparation and serving related occupations	4,554	3.2	2.2	0.9	1.3	0.9	0.4	
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	3,655	3.6	2.7	1.0	1.7	1.3	0.5	
Personal care and service occupations	2,598	3.7	2.4	1.2	1.9	1.2	0.7	
Sales and office occupations	23,533	3.1	2.1	1.0	1.6	1.0	0.5	
Sales and related occupations	9,810	2.4	1.6	0.8	1.2	0.8	0.4	
Office and administrative support occupations	13,723	3.6	2.5	1.1	1.9	1.2	0.6	
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations	11,029	2.7	2.0	0.7	1.4	1.1	0.3	
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	869	2.5	1.6	0.8	1.0	0.6	0.4	
Construction and extraction occupations	5,980	2.8	2.1	0.7	1.5	1.2	0.3	
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	4,180	2.6	2.0	0.7	1.4	1.1	0.3	
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	14,462	3.0	2.3	0.8	1.7	1.3	0.4	
Production occupations	7,462	3.1	2.4	0.8	1.8	1.4	0.4	
Transportation and material moving occupations	7,000	2.9	2.2	0.8	1.6	1.2	0.4	
INDUSTRY								
Private sector	93,177	2.8	1.9	0.9	1.4	1.0	0.5	
Agriculture and related industries	1,151	2.3	1.5	0.8	1.0	0.6	0.4	
Nonagricultural industries	92,026	2.8	1.9	0.9	1.4	1.0	0.5	
Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction	731	2.2	1.3	0.9	1.3	0.9	0.4	
Construction	6,916	2.6	1.8	0.7	1.3	1.0	0.3	
Manufacturing	13,934	2.7	2.0	0.7	1.5	1.1	0.4	
Durable goods	8,866	2.7	2.0	0.7	1.5	1.1	0.4	
Nondurable goods	5,068	2.7	2.0	0.7	1.6	1.2	0.4	
Wholesale and retail trade	13,542	2.8	1.9	0.8	1.4	1.0	0.4	
Wholesale trade	3,012	2.1	1.5	0.6	1.1	0.8	0.3	
Retail trade	10,530	2.9	2.0	0.9	1.5	1.0	0.4	
Transportation and utilities	5,344	2.3	1.8	0.6	1.4	1.1	0.3	
Transportation and warehousing	4,364	2.3	1.7	0.6	1.4	1.0	0.3	
Utilities	980	2.4	2.0	0.4	1.3	1.2	0.2	
Information	2,215	2.7	1.7	1.1	1.6	0.9	0.7	
Financial activities	8,060	2.5	1.6	0.9	1.3	0.8	0.5	
Finance and insurance	6,149	2.5	1.5	0.9	1.4	0.8	0.6	
Finance	3,851	2.2	1.3	0.9	1.3	0.7	0.6	
Insurance	2,298	2.9	1.9	1.0	1.5	1.0	0.6	
Real estate and rental and leasing	1,911	2.7	1.8	0.9	1.2	0.8	0.4	
Professional and business services	12,649	2.5	1.7	0.9	1.3	0.7	0.5	
Professional and technical services	8,010	2.1	1.3	0.8	1.1	0.5	0.5	
Management, administrative, and waste services	4,639	3.2	2.3	0.9	1.6	1.1	0.5	
Education and health services	16,944	3.4	2.2	1.1	1.8	1.1	0.6	
Educational services	3,267	2.7	1.7	1.0	1.2	0.7	0.5	
Health care and social assistance	13,677	3.5	2.4	1.1	1.9	1.2	0.6	
Leisure and hospitality	7,450	2.8	1.9	0.9	1.2	0.8	0.4	
	.,.00	0		0.0		5.0	0	

HOUSEHOLD DATA ANNUAL AVERAGES

47. Absences from work of employed full-time wage and salary workers by occupation and industry — Continued

[Numbers in thousands]

Occupation and industry	2016								
	Full-time wage and salary workers ¹	Absence rate ¹			Lost worktime rate ²				
Occupation and industry		Total	Illness or injury	Other reasons	Total	Illness or injury	Other reasons		
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	1,444	2.6	1.7	0.8	1.2	0.8	0.4		
Accommodation and food services	6,006	2.9	1.9	1.0	1.2	0.8	0.4		
Accommodation	1,183	3.0	2.0	1.0	1.3	0.8	0.5		
Food services and drinking places	4,823	2.9	1.9	1.0	1.2	0.8	0.4		
Other services ³	4,242	2.9	1.9	1.0	1.4	0.9	0.5		
Other services, except private households	3,912	2.9	1.9	1.0	1.4	1.0	0.5		
Public sector	17,745	3.4	2.3	1.0	1.7	1.1	0.6		
Federal government	3,402	3.6	2.6	1.0	1.9	1.4	0.5		
State government	5,903	3.3	2.3	1.0	1.6	1.1	0.5		
Local government	8,440	3.3	2.3	1.1	1.7	1.1	0.6		

Absences are defined as instances when persons who usually work 35 or more hours per week (full time) worked less than 35 hours during the reference week for one of the following reasons: own illness, injury, or medical problems; child care problems; other family or personal obligations; civic or military duty; and maternity or paternity leave. Excluded are situations in which work was missed due to vacation or personal days, holiday, labor dispute, and other reasons. For multiple jobholders, absence data refer only to work missed at their main jobs. The absence rate is the ratio of workers with absences to total full-time wage and salary employment.

NOTE: All self-employed workers are excluded, both those with incorporated businesses and those with unincorporated businesses. The estimates of full-time wage and salary employment shown in this table do not match those in other tables because the estimates in this table are based on the full CPS sample and those in the other tables are based on a quarter of the sample only. Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

² Hours absent as a percent of hours usually worked.

³ Includes other industries, not shown separately.