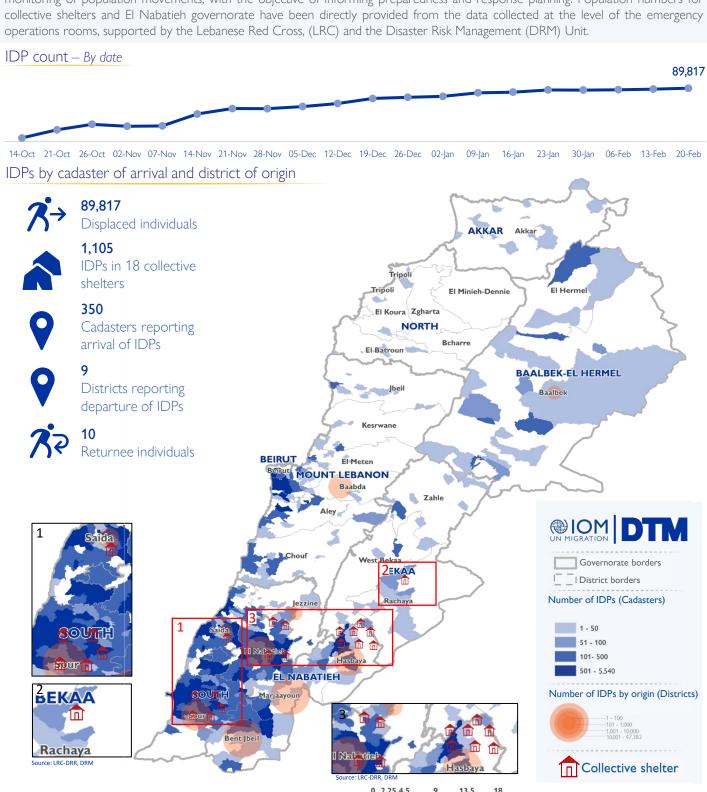


MOBILITY SNAPSHOT – Round 25

Report Production Date: 22 February 2024 | Data collected up till 4 pm on 20 February 2024

Overview

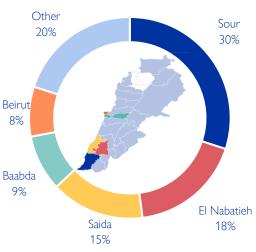
Armed confrontations have been occurring at the Southern Lebanese border since the 8 October 2023. As a consequence, several thousand families from South Lebanon have fled their homes. The International Organization for Migration (IOM) conducts daily monitoring of population movements, with the objective of informing preparedness and response planning. Population numbers for collective shelters and El Nabatieh governorate have been directly provided from the data collected at the level of the emergency operations rooms, supported by the Lebanese Red Cross, (LRC) and the Disaster Risk Management (DRM) Unit.



This map is for illustration purposes only. Names and boundaries on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by IOM.

Governorate	District	# of Cadasters	# of Locations	IDPs
South	Sour	53	65	26,979
El Nabatieh	El Nabatieh	40	40	16,134
South	Saida	39	50	13,024
Mount Lebanon	Baabda	13	22	8,458
Beirut	Beirut	6	11	7,065
Mount Lebanon	Aley	13	25	4,394
El Nabatieh	Bent Jbeil	27	27	4,064
Mount Lebanon	Chouf	22	37	2,034
El Nabatieh	Marjaayoun	16	16	1,575
Baalbek-El Hermel	Baalbek	25	34	1,405
Mount Lebanon	El Meten	16	20	1,170
El Nabatieh	Hasbaya	10	10	951
Mount Lebanon	Jbeil	9	10	518
South	Jezzine	7	7	482
Bekaa	West Bekaa	5	5	369
Bekaa	Rachaya	7	8	299
Bekaa	Zahle	9	9	233
Mount Lebanon	Kesrwane	7	7	228
Baalbek-El Hermel	El Hermel	3	6	190
Akkar	Akkar	15	17	185
North	El Batroun	4	4	47
North	Tripoli	2	2	7
North	El Koura	2	2	6
Total		350	434	89,817

Chart 1: IDPs distribution by district of arrival



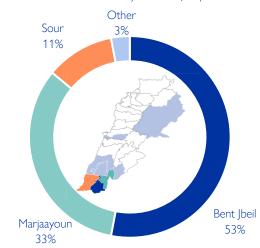
As of 20 February, Lebanon has recorded 89,817 internally displaced persons (IDPs), showing 2% increase since 13 February. IDPs have sought safety in 434 locations (villages or neighbourhoods) across 350 cadasters throughout Lebanon. Displacement has been observed in 23 out of the 26 districts across all eight governorates. Most of the IDPs (80%) are in five districts out of the total 23 districts hosting IDPs—specifically, Sour, El Nabatieh, Saida, Baabda, and Beirut.

Displacement within Lebanon — By district of departure

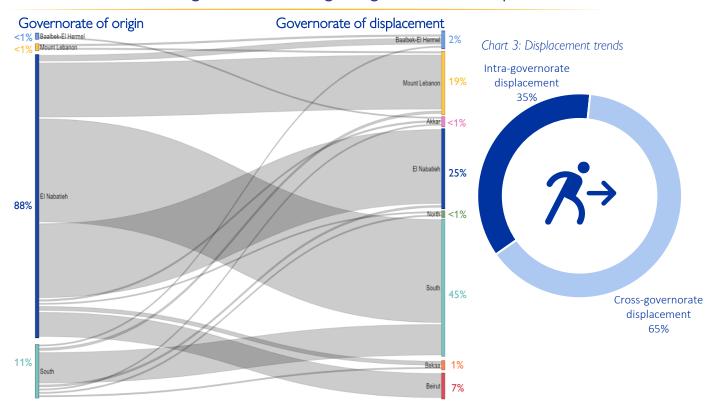
Governorate	District	IDPs
El Nabatieh	Bent Jbeil	47,382
El Nabatieh	Marjaayoun	29,201
South	Sour	9,847
El Nabatieh	El Nabatieh	1,150
El Nabatieh	Hasbaya	1,979
Mount Lebanon	Baabda	243
South	Jezzine	7
Baalbek-El Hermel	Baalbek	6
South	Saida	2
Total		89,817

The majority of IDPs (97%) originate from three districts. These three districts span along the Southern border of Lebanon. Specifically, 53% are from Bent Jbeil, 33% are from Marjaayoun, and 11% are from Sour. The remaining 3% originate from five different districts, Hasbaya, El Nabatieh, Baabda, Jezzine, Baalbek, and Saida.

Chart 2: IDPs distribution by district of departure



Movement of IDPs from governorate of origin to governorate of displacement



Overall, 65% of the displacement has occurred outside the boundaries of the IDPs' governorate of origin. While 88% (79,712) of the IDPs originate from El Nabatieh, of this population 72% fled to locations outside the boundaries of El Nabatieh governorate. However, in the South governorate, where 11% (9,856) of IDPs originated, 92% of these IDPs chose to move internally within the governorate.

Arrivals in the last week — (14 February to 20 February)

Governorate	District	# of Cadasters	# of Locations	IDPs
South	Sour	17	18	490
Beirut	Beirut	2	4	380
Baalbek-El Hermel	Baalbek	8	8	189
Mount Lebanon	Aley	2	4	105
Mount Lebanon	Baabda	1	2	80
Bekaa	Zahle	2	2	35
Mount Lebanon	Chouf	7	7	31
Bekaa	West Bekaa	1	1	30
South	Saida	4	4	28
Mount Lebanon	El Meten	4	4	25
Baalbek-El Hermel	El Hermel	1	1	10
Akkar	Akkar	1	1	7
Mount Lebanon	Jbeil	1	1	7
Mount Lebanon	Kesrwane	1	1	5
North	El Batroun	1	1	2
Total		53	59	1,424

In the past week, 1,424 new displacements have been recorded in 53 cadasters across 16 districts. These individuals might be experiencing displacement for the first time or undergoing secondary movement. These individuals have arrived from Bent Jbeil, El Nabatieh, Marjaayoun, Hasbaya, Baabda, and Sour districts.

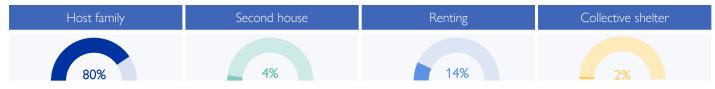
Return within Lebanon — By district *

Governorate	District	# of Cadasters	# of Locations	Returnees
South	Sour	1	1	10
Total		1	1	10

As of 20 February, 10 returnees have been identified in the district of Sour. These individuals have returned from Saida district.

^{*} An IDP is identified as a returnee only if they have returned and stayed for over a week in their place of origin.

IDPs distribution by shelter type – By Governorate



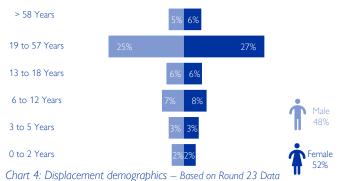
Around 80% of IDPs are currently living with host families, while 14% have opted for rental housing. Another 4% have relocated to their secondary residences. Around 2% are housed in 18 collective shelters.

In Sour, there are presently five collective shelters accommodating 604 IDPs; in Hasbaya, there are seven collective shelters hosting 133 IDPs; in El Nabatieh there are four collective shelter hosting 125 IDPs; in Rachaya, there is one collective shelter hosting 38 IDPs and in Saida, there is one collective shelter hosting 205 IDPs.



^{*} The shelter information for El Nabatieh is derived from Round 12 data. Consequently, there is a 2% decrease in IDPs residing in Collective shelters, accompanied by a corresponding 2% increase in IDPs hosted by Families.

Displacement demographics



37% of IDPs are children (< 18 years), while 33% are female adults and 30% are male adults.

Note: These figures represent sample data of 2 households per location provided by key informants and do not reflect the entire IDP population in each area.

Methodology

The objective of the Mobility Snapshot is to support the humanitarian community in preparedness and response planning. Multi-layered data is routinely captured through Rounds using a suite of methodological tools designed to track and monitor displacement. These tools are in line with the DTM Global Methodological Framework.

Data is collected nationwide through a combination of face-to-face and remote data collection methods, utilizing a network of over 44 enumerators and 3,600 key informants. These key informants consist of government officials, mukhtars, community representatives, and neighborhood focal points.

The following citation is required when using any data and information included in this information product: "International Organization for Migration (IOM), February 2024. DTM Mobility Snapshot, Round 23 IOM, Lebanon". For more information on terms and conditions of DTM reports and information products, please refer to https://dtm.iom.int/terms-and-conditions.