FLOW MONITORING DASHBOARD - ETHIOPIA

January 2024

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OVERVIEW

In January 2024, a total of 40,464 movements were observed across the six flow monitoring points (FMPs) in Ethiopia. This represents a 5.7% increase in daily average movements in comparison with December 2023 when an average of 1,235 movements per day were observed.

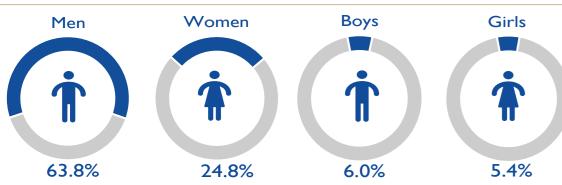
Outgoing movements (63%) during January decreased while incoming movements (37%) increased compared to the previous month, mainly due to increased incoming flows of returning migrants to Ethiopia through different entry points. A total of 25,373 outgoing movements were observed, out of which 12,558 (49.5%) were heading to Saudi Arabia, 5,404 (21.3%) were going to Kenya, 2,182 (8.6%) to Djibouti, 1,682 (6.6%) to Somalia, I,005 (4%) to South Africa, 954 (3.8%) to Yemen, and 552 (2.2%) to Sudan, while remaining movements were heading to other Southern African, Middle Eastern, and North American countries.

At the same time, 15,091 incoming movements were observed, out of which 10,401 (68.9%) originated from Sudan, while 2,291 (15.2%) came from Kenya, 1,392 (9.2%) from Djibouti, 882 (5.8%) from Somalia and 125 (0.9%) came from other Middle Eastern and Horn of Africa countries. Most incoming movements were by Ethiopians (65.3%), followed by Sudanese nationals (33.5%). Returning Ethiopians departed from Sudan (52.7%), Kenya (23.1%), Djibouti (14%), Somalia (8.9%), Yemen (1.2%), and South Sudan

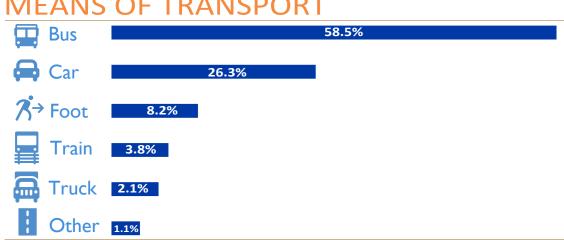
During the reporting month, overall recorded movements increased by 6%. The driving factors for cross border movements through the flow monitoring points in Ethiopia were economic reasons (43.1%), conflict (27.2%), return (22.3%), family reasons (3%), and natural disaster (1.8%), while the remaining 2.6% were moving for several reasons including food insecurity and health care. Return movements increased by 6.9%, mainly due to increased incoming return movements from Sudan.

Related to the conflict in Sudan, DTM flow monitoring recorded 6,913 inflows through the Metema and Kurmuk FMPs during the reporting month, which is a 44.2% increase from the previous month. Of these incoming flows from Sudan, Sudanese nationals continue to be the majority (68.8%) followed by Ethiopian nationals (29.3%) and people from 15 other nationalities.

DEMOGRAPHICS



MEANS OF TRANSPORT



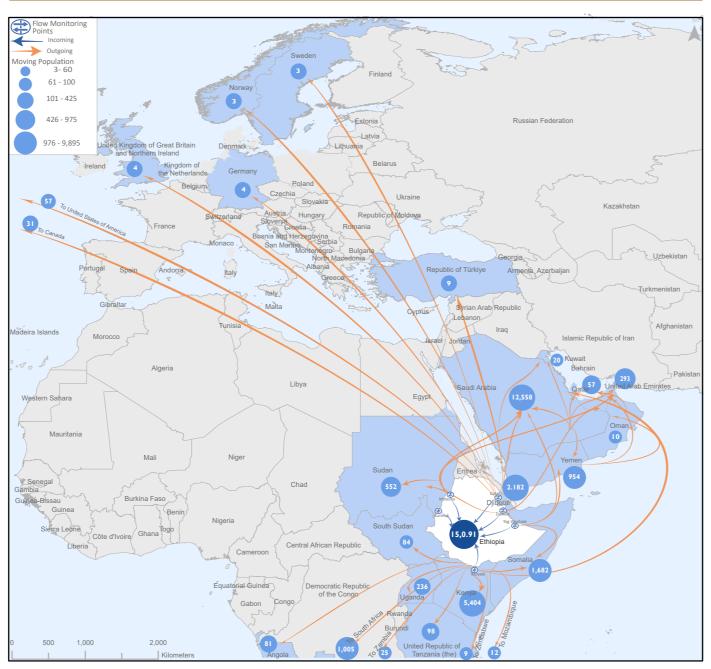
KEY FIGURES



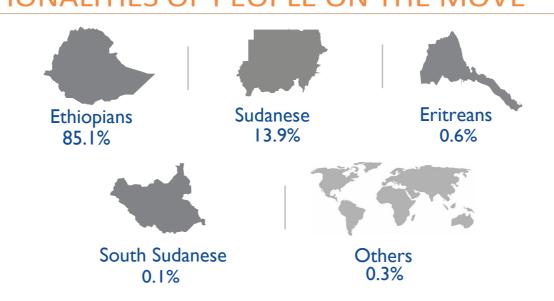




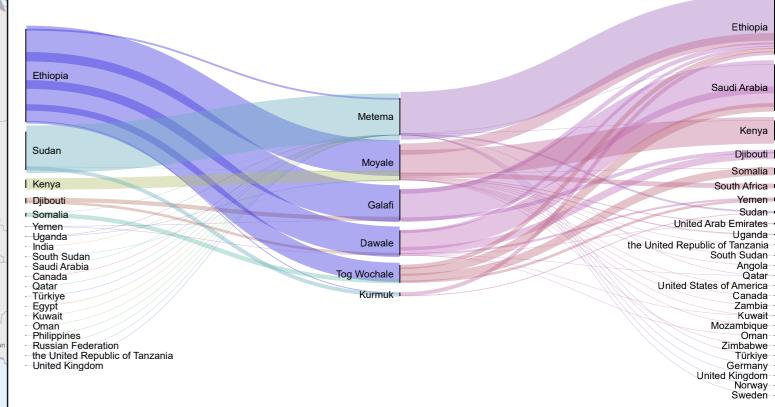
MOVEMENT ILLUSTRATION



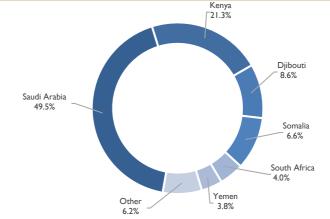
NATIONALITIES OF PEOPLE ON THE MOVE



PLACES OF ORIGIN AND INTENDED DESTINATIONS **VIA FLOW MONITORING POINTS**



INTENDED OUTGOING DESTINATIONS



Other intended destination countries include Sudan, United Arab Emirates, Uganda, the united Republic of Tanzania and other African, North American, European and Middle Eastern countries.

Please note that figures for Yemen and Saudi Arabia should be interpreted jointly, as movements to Saudi Arabia often pass through Yemen.

TYPE OF FLOW

37%

