

STATE OF HAWAII DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

P. O. BOX 3378 HONOLULU, HI 96801-3378 In reply, please refer to File:

August 7, 2018

New Guidelines: Childhood Lead Poisoning Prevention

Dear Health Care Provider:

Aloha! The Department of Health (DOH) has new guidelines for screening and testing young children for lead exposure. The updated guidelines, lead risk screening questionnaire, and reference list are enclosed. They are also available on the DOH website at health.hawaii.gov/cshcn/leadpp.

During 2017, 195 Hawaii children were identified with elevated blood lead levels (BLL) ≥5 mcg/dL (reference level for initiating follow-up). The 195 children included 152 children with BLL 5-9 mcg/dL, 30 children with BLL 10-14, and 13 children with BLL >15.

Lead exposure can impact learning, behavior, development, hearing, and speech. This can cause lower IQ, decreased attention, and underperformance in school. **There is no safe level of lead in blood.**

Hawaii's updated guidelines are based on:

- Medicaid requires testing of <u>all</u> children with Medicaid coverage at specified well-child visits (Early Periodic Screening, Diagnosis and Treatment [EPSDT] requirement).
- American Academy of Pediatrics (AAP)/Bright Futures recommends lead testing/screening at specified well-child visits. AAP also recommends BLL testing for children in areas with higher proportions of elevated BLL and older homes.
- Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) recommends blood lead testing as the best method to screen children for lead exposure.
- Analysis and mapping of Hawaii data to identify high risk zip codes in Hawaii.

The new Hawaii guidelines include:

- <u>Lead risk screening questionnaire:</u>
 - All children 6 months to 6 years of age
- Blood lead level testing:
 - All children with Medicaid coverage (required)
 - All children in high risk zip codes
 - All other children who may be at risk based on lead risk screening questions
- Follow-up of BLL >5 mcg/dL:
 - Confirm/retest with venous samples
 - Identify possible lead sources and counsel on ways to reduce lead exposure
 - Refer children with BLL ≥15 mcg/dL to a Public Health Nurse for a home visit and further public health follow-up

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The guidelines will be reviewed and updated annually based on Hawaii data. Your testing and screening contribute to updating these local guidelines.

Please test/screen young children in your practice for lead exposure. Help support our effort to assure that Hawaii's young children are healthy and lead-free.

If you have any questions, you may contact Dr. Patricia Heu, Chief, Children with Special Health Needs Branch, at (808)733-9058 or e-mail her at patricia.heu@doh.hawaii.gov. Mahalo!

Sincerely,

BRUCE S. ANDERSON, Ph.D.

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Director of Health

Enclosures



Guidelines for Health Care Providers BLOOD LEAD TESTING/SCREENING For Children under Age 6 Years

WELL CHILD VISITS:

At well child visits for ages 6 months to 6 years, use the *Lead Risk Screening Questionnaire*.

Test children for blood lead levels at ages 9-12 months and 2 years when:

- ✓ Child has QUEST (Medicaid) health insurance (REQUIRED); or
- ✓ Child lives in a <u>high risk area</u> for lead exposure (see zipcodes below); <u>or</u>
- ✓ Answer is YES or DO NOT KNOW to one or more lead risk screening questions.

Other Indications:

- Age 3-6 years: Test if risk changes, based on lead risk screening questions.
- Immigrants (including international adoptions): Test for blood lead upon arrival to the United States, then as above for Well Child Visits.
- Refugee children age 6 months to 16 years: Test for blood lead at entry to United States, then as above for Well Child Visits. For those age 6 months to 6 years old, repeat blood lead testing 3 to 6 months after children are placed in permanent residences.

Note:

- Initial blood lead level can be either capillary or venous.
- Any elevated capillary blood lead level 5 mcg/dL and higher requires follow-up with a venous sample.



Geographic Areas at High Risk for Lead Exposure By Zipcodes

Oahu		Hawaii			Molokai	Kauai		
96786	96819	96704	96743	96774	96729	96703	96754	
96792	96822	96710	96749	96776	96748	96705	96756	
96797	96826	96718	96750	96777	96757	96741	96765	
96813	96848	96719	96755	96778	96770	96746	96769	
96815	96854	96720	96760	96780		96747	96796	
96816	96857	96726	96764	96781		96751		
96817		96727	96771	96783		96752		
		96728	96772	96785				
		96737	96773					

High risk geographic areas are based on standardized risk scores for:

- Rate of elevated blood lead levels
- Percent of housing built before 1960
- Percent of individuals below the poverty level

For practical purposes, high risk geographic areas (census tracts) were "converted" to zipcodes.



LEAD RISK SCREENING QUESTIONS FOR AGES 6 MONTHS TO 6 YEARS Is Your Child At Risk for Lead Poisoning?

Do You Have Concerns about Lead Exposure?

Chi	ld										KINOW	
1.	. Does your child have QUEST health insurance?											
2.	Does your child live in one of the zipcodes below?											
	Oa			Hawaii Molokai Kauai					_			
	96786	96819	96704	96743	96774	96729	96703	96754				
	96792	96822	96710	96749	96776	96748	96705	96756				
	96797	96826	96718	96750	96777	96757	96741	96765				
	96813	96848	96719	96755	96778	96770	96746	96769				
	96815	96854	96720	96760	96780		96747	96796				
	96816	96857	96726	96764	96781		96751					
	96817		96727	96771	96783		96752					
			96728	96772	96785							
			96737	96773				•		_	_	_
3.	3. Does your child have a brother, sister, or playmate who was exposed to lead?							to				
4.								d?			П	
5.	•										_	
Э.	. Was your child born outside the United States or did your child come from another country within the past 1 year?							ш				
6. Are you concerned that your child may be exposed to lead?												
Home or Child Care Center												
7.	,											
1 - 1-	before 1978?											
	s or Hobb			الدنيين مستحد		م مدرم طالما:	ما سم مامن	بمنابيط مام				
8. Does anyone who spends time with your child have a job or hobby in:Making fishing sinkers / fishing activities / boat repair										ш		
		_	_		_		it repair					
	- Remodeling / repainting / fixing the home											
	- Automotive repair / car batteries											
	- Making ceramics or pottery using lead glaze											
	- Painting / electrical / plumbing / soldering / welding											
	Food and Water											
9. Does your family cook and/or serve food using ceramic dishes or pottery made in other countries that are handmade, brightly decorated, or old?												
10.	Does your family have a rainwater catchment system?											

ACTION!

If you answered YES or DO NOT KNOW to any question, talk with your child's doctor about a simple blood lead test.

Prevent children from coming in contact with lead.

Recommended Follow-up by Blood Lead Levels

	Blood Lead Level (mcg/dL)					
	<5	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-44	<u>≥</u> 45
Anticipatory guidance about lead exposure Routine lead testing/screening at well-child visits	✓					
Follow-up blood lead level (BLL) test						
 If original sample is capillary, obtain <u>venous</u> BLL: 		In 1-3 months	In 1-4 weeks	In 1 week	In 1 week	As soon as possible
 If original sample is venous, retest with venous BLL 		In 1-3 months	In 1-4 weeks*	In 1-4 weeks*	In 1-4 weeks*	As soon as possible
Environment/Nutrition**:						
 History to identify possible lead sources Review brochure Keep Your Keiki Lead-Free: Counsel on reducing lead exposure Counsel on calcium- and iron-rich foods 		✓	√	√	√	✓
 Contact PHN for home visit when <u>venous</u> BLL is ≥15 mcg/dL 				√	√	√
Development:						
 Developmental screening/assessment 		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
 Refer child age 0-3 years to early intervention services 				When two BLLs are >15 mcg/dL, 3 months apart	√	✓
 Child age 0-3 who is <u>not</u> referred to early intervention services: Refer to early childhood development programs/services, such as in "Lead-Related Resource List" 		✓	√	✓		
 Child age 3-5 years: Refer to early childhood development programs/services, such as in "Lead-Related Resource List" 		✓	✓	✓	~	~
Lab work		Iron status	Iron status	Iron status	Iron status; hemoglobin or hematocrit	Iron status; hemoglobin or hematocrit
Abdominal X-ray (with bowel decontamination if indicated)					✓	√
Chelation						✓
Consult with PEHSU (Pediatric Environmental Health Specialty Unit) or Poison Center					Consult for questions on medical management	Consult for assistance with medical management
BLL monitoring per "Schedule for Follow-Up Blood Lead Testing"		√	✓	✓	√	√

^{*}The higher the initial BLL, the more urgent the need for confirmatory testing.

^{**}Consider other children in family who may be exposed

Schedule for Follow-Up Blood Lead Testing

Venous BLL (mcg/dL)	Early follow-up testing (2-4 tests after identification, or until BLL declining)	Later follow-up testing after BLL declining
≥5–9	3 months*	6–9 months
10–19	1–3 months*	3–6 months
20–24	1–3 months*	1–3 months
25–44	2 weeks–1 month	1-months
≥45	As soon as possible	As soon as possible

^{*}Healthcare providers may choose to repeat blood lead tests on all new patients within a month to ensure that their BLL level is not rising more quickly than anticipated.

BLL (mcg/dL)	PUBLIC HEALTH FOLLOW-UP Hawaii State Department of Health (DOH)
<5	 General distribution of a brochure for families, "Keep Your Keiki Lead-Free", http://health.hawaii.gov/cshcn/home/leadpp/
5-14	 HEER calls child's physician office: Advises about confirmatory or repeat venous blood test and timing. Advises about DOH HI-CLPPP website and/or contacting the DOH RN, if physician requests further information. Mails brochure ("Keep Your Keiki Lead-Free") to physician.
15-19	 HEER calls child's physician office: Advises about confirmatory or repeat venous BLL. Discusses PHN referral. PHN does home visit to identify potential sources of lead exposure – interview, visual survey, education, coordination of follow-up. PHN consults with IRHB/HEER for guidance. If two venous BLLs are ≥15 mcg/dL when 3 months apart: CSHNB may assist with contracted lead environmental investigation (for income-eligible families, depending on available state funds).
<u>≥</u> 20	 HEER – same action as for BLL 15-19 mcg/dL PHN – same action as for BLL 15-19 mcg/dL For venous BLL >20 mcg/dL: CSHNB may assist with contracted lead environmental investigation (for incomeeligible families, depending on available state funds).

CSHNB = Children with Special Health Needs Branch

HEER = Hazard Evaluation and Emergency Response Office

PHN = Public Health Nurse

MEDICAL MANAGEMENT GUIDELINES

American Academy of Pediatrics

Prevention of Childhood Lead Toxicity. Pediatrics 2016;138(1):e20161493.
 http://pediatrics.aappublications.org/content/early/2016/06/16/peds.2016-1493

Recommendations for Preventive Pediatrics Health Care.
 https://www.aap.org/en-us/documents/periodicity_schedule.pdf.



Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

- Lead Poisoning Prevention in Newly Arrived Refugee Children https://www.cdc.gov/nceh/lead/publications/refugeetoolkit/refugee_tool_kit.htm
- International Adoption and Prevention of Lead Poisoning https://www.cdc.gov/nceh/lead/tips/adoption.htm
- Recommended Actions Based on Blood Lead Level: Summary of Recommendations for Follow-up and Case Management of Children Based on Confirmed Blood Lead Levels https://www.cdc.gov/nceh/lead/acclpp/actions blls.html

Pediatric Environmental Health Specialty Unit (PEHSU)

- Recommendations on Medical Management of Childhood Lead Exposure and Poisoning, June 2013 https://www.pehsu.net/ <u>Library/facts/medical-mgmnt-childhood-lead-exposure-June-2013.pdf</u>
- Interpreting and Managing Low Blood Lead Levels: Supplemental Information for Clinicians
 http://deohs.washington.edu/sites/default/files/documents/Interpreting and Managing Low Blood Lead Leve

 Is Suppl to Natl FS Health Prof Factsheet 2013.pdf

LEAD-RELATED RESOURCE LIST

DOE=Department of Education; DOH= Department of Health; DHS= Department of Human Services

TOPIC	RESOURCE/REFERRAL						
HEALTH							
Medical management	Western States Pediatric Environmental Health Specialty Units (PEHSU)				(PEHSU)		
of elevated blood lead	(415) 206-4083						
level (BLL) >5 mcg/dL	Toll Free: (866) 827-3478						
	Hawaii Poison Center – Poison Help Line						
	1-800-222-1222						
Assistance with follow-	QUEST Health Pla	n EPSC	OT Coordinators:				
up for child with QUEST	AlohaCare		(808) 356-5955				
health plan	HMSA		(808) 948-6586				
	Kaiser Permanent	е	(808) 282-3334				
	'Ohana		(808) 675-7375				
	UnitedHealthCare		(808) 535-1045				
Home visit for child	DOH/Public Healt	h Nurs	ses				
with venous BLL >15	East Honolulu:	(808)	733-9220	West Hawaii:	(808) 322-1500		
mcg/dL	West Honolulu:	(808)	832-5757	Maui:	(808) 984-8260		
	Central Oahu:	(808)	453-6190	Molokai:	(808) 553-7880		
	Leeward Oahu:	(808)	675-0073	Lanai:	(808) 565-7114		
	Windward Oahu:	(808)	233-5450	Kauai:	(808) 241-3387		
	East Hawaii:	(808)	974-6025				
NUTRITION/FOOD							
Nutritional counseling;	DOH/Special Supp	olemer	ntal Nutrition Pro	gram for Women, Infa	ants and Children (WIC)*		
assistance with	Oahu:	(808)	586-8175				
adequate nutrition	Neighbor Islands: 1-888-820-6425						
	http://health.haw	aii.gov	<u>//wic/</u>				
Assistance with	DHS/Supplement			•			
adequate nutrition	http://humanserv	ices.ha	awaii.gov/bessd/s	nap/			

TOPIC	RESOURCE/REFERRAL					
HOME/HOUSING						
Information on	DOH/Hazard Evaluation and Emergency Response Office (HEER)					
elevated BLL and home	(808) 586-4249					
lead assessments	http://eha-web.doh.hawaii.gov/eha-cma/Org/HEER/					
Information on lead	DOH/Lead-Based Paint Program					
hazard identification	(808) 586-5800					
and contractors	• Provides information on lead hazard identification or if a contractor may be hired to repair or					
	renovate a pre-1978 home.					
Information on lead	DOH/Safe Drinking Water Branch					
and drinking water	Oahu: 586-4258					
-	Hawaii: 974-4000 Ext 64258					
	Kauai: 274-3141 Ext 64258					
	Maui: 984-2400 Ext 64258					
	Molokai/Lanai: (800) 468-4644, Ext 64258					
	Information on public water systems.					
	• Information on how to make a home rainwater catchment system safe for domestic use;					
	subsidized testing for lead and copper. http://health.hawaii.gov/sdwb/raincatchment/					
Lead-based paint in	DHS/Child Care Licensing					
child care facility	http://humanservices.hawaii.gov/bessd/child-care-program/child-care-licensing/reporting-					
,	child-care-complaints-and-investigations/					
	Requires that lead-based paint shall not be used on surfaces accessible to children.					
Federally-assisted/	Hawaii Public Housing Authority – Property Management & Maintenance					
owned housing	(808) 832-4693					
· ·	Follow-up on lead issues. Federal law mandates lead-free units.					
Recalled items which	Consumer Product Safety Commission (CPSC)					
have lead	https://www.cpsc.gov/Recalls (search "lead")					
EARLY CHILDHOOD DEV						
Developmental	DOH/Hi'ilei Hawaii					
screening	(808) 733-4971					
	http://health.hawaii.gov/cshcn/hiileihawaii/					
	 Provides developmental screening (ASQ-3) for children up to age 5 years (via mail or online). 					
	No cost to families.					
Early intervention	DOH/Early Intervention – Referral Line					
services for children	Oahu: (808) 594-0066					
age 0-3 years with	Toll-free: 1-800-235-5477					
developmental delays	http://health.hawaii.gov/eis/home/eiservices/					
including biological risk	• Eligible if venous BLL >20 mcg/dL, or two venous BLL >15 mcg/dL are three months apart.					
Special education for	DOE/Special Education – Operation Search					
children/youth age 3-	Oahu: (808) 305-9810					
22 years	Toll-free: 1-800-297-2070					
,	http://www.hawaiipublicschools.org/TeachingAndLearning/SpecializedPrograms/SpecialEducat					
	ion/Pages/home.aspx					
Head Start/Early Head	Head Start/Early Head Start					
Start	https://www.benefits.gov/benefits/benefit-details/1906					
	• For low-income families. Early Head Start – for women, infants, and toddlers to age 3 years.					
	Head Start – for children age 3-4 years.					
Pre-Kindergarten	Executive Office on Early Learning (EOEL) Public Pre-Kindergarten					
The Mildergaltell	http://earlylearning.hawaii.gov/eoel-public-pre-kindergarten-program/					
	• Provides high-quality early learning experiences for students in year prior to kindergarten.					
Child care subsidies	DHS/Child Care Connection Hawaii & Preschool Open Doors*					
Cilila care subsidies	http://humanservices.hawaii.gov/bessd/child-care-program/ccch-subsidies/					
	http://numanservices.nawan.gov/pessu/clinu-care-program/cccn-subsidies/					

^{*}Programs have income eligibility requirement