

Nevada Drug Overdose Surveillance Monthly Report

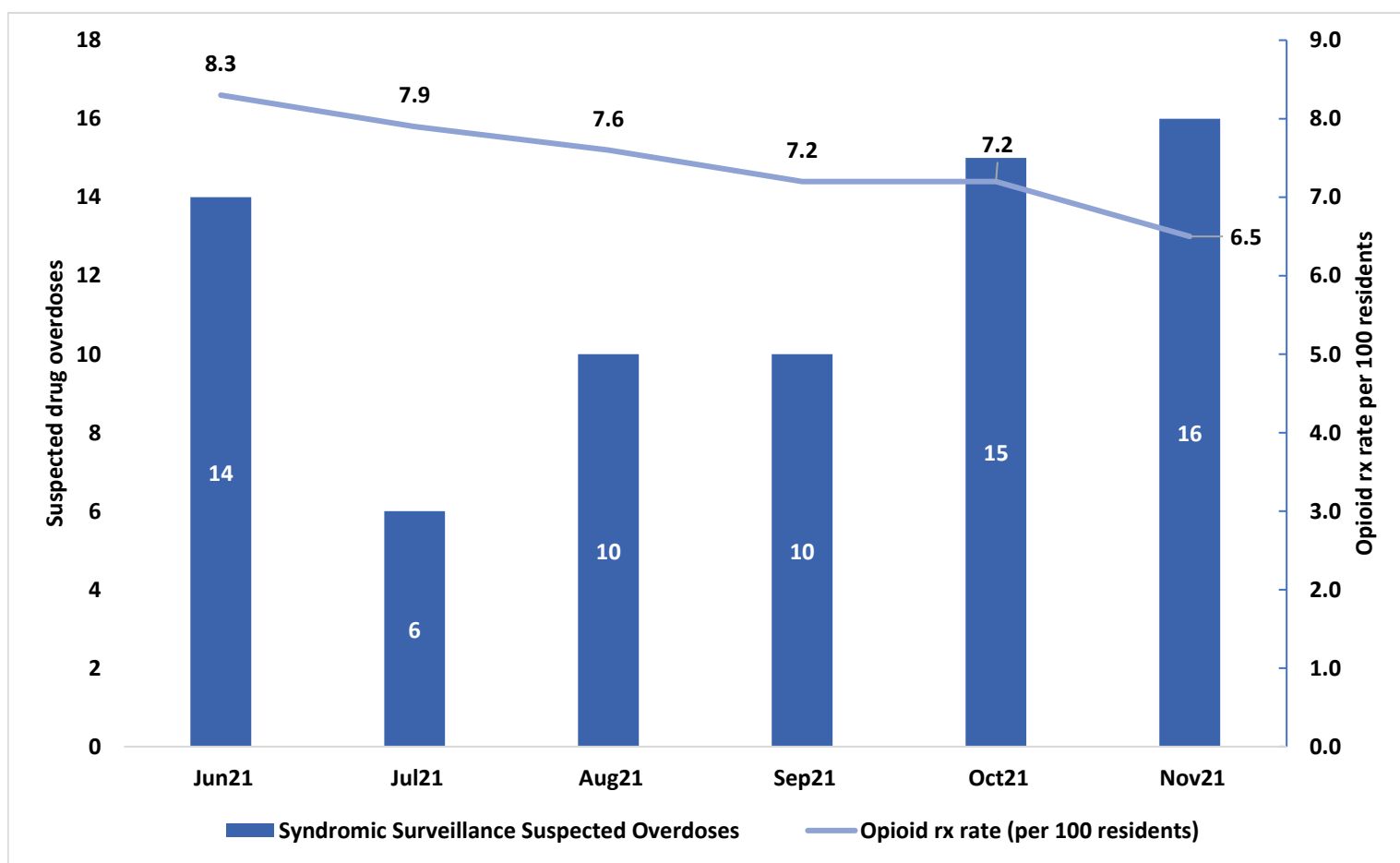
December 2021: *Southern Region*

The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) Overdose Data to Action (OD2A) is a program that supports state, territorial, county, and city health departments in obtaining more comprehensive and timelier data on overdose morbidity and mortality. The program is meant to enhance opioid overdose surveillance, reporting, and dissemination efforts to better inform prevention and early intervention strategies. This monthly report contains information on overdose within the Southern Region counties (**Mineral, Esmeralda, Nye, and Lincoln**) in Nevada utilizing emergency department (ED) visits data from the National Syndromic Surveillance Program and data from the Prescription Drug Monitoring Program (PDMP) for the month of November 2021.

Report Highlights:

- Suspected drug-related ED visits **increased by 7%** from October 2021 to November 2021 in the Southern Region.
- Suspected drug-related ED visit rates **increased by 180%** from November 2020 to November 2021 this year in the Southern Region.
- Compared to the previous month, the rate of opioid prescriptions per 100 residents **decreased by 10%** in November 2021 in the Southern region.

Figure 1. Suspected drug overdoses from Syndromic Surveillance and prescription (Rx) opioid rates (per 100 residents) in the Southern Region, June 2021 – November 2021



Technical Notes:

Data Sources: National Syndromic Surveillance Program is a near real-time method of categorizing visits to the ED across Nevada based on a patient's chief complaint and/or discharge diagnosis. The Prescription Drug Monitoring Program is a database of information regarding the controlled substance prescriptions that were dispensed to patients in Nevada.

Case definitions: For National Syndromic Surveillance Program, case definitions and queries for suspected all drug ED visits are created and provided by CDC and include chief complaint keywords and ICD-10-CM discharge diagnosis codes. Opioid prescriptions include any opioid analgesic controlled substance prescriptions dispensed, including schedule II, III, IV prescription opioids that are entered into the PDMP.

Analysis: ED visit counts with <5 counts for any month were not included. The opioid prescription rate for each month per 100 residents is calculated based off of the estimated annual population for all of the counties in the region based off of State Demographer estimates, so rates calculated may vary slightly compared to other reports.

Limitations: Statewide, the National Syndromic Surveillance Program is estimated to capture visits from approximately 90-95% of Nevada emergency department facilities, and thus may underestimate the occurrence of overdoses across the state. Since not everyone who overdoses is able to make it to the ED, this report may underestimate the total overdose burden in the state. PDMP data show the number of prescriptions filled to Nevada residents, and does not capture whether the medications were taken as prescribed or taken by the prescribed patient. In addition, a person can be included for more than one prescription (not mutually exclusive).

Address questions/comments to Nevada OD2A's opioid epidemiologist, Shawn Thomas, MPH, at shawnt@unr.edu.

Please provide feedback about this report here: [Survey](#)

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I. Syndromic Surveillance:

Figure 2. Monthly rates for suspected all drug-related ED visits, NV vs Southern Region, June 2021 - November 2021 (per 10,000 population)

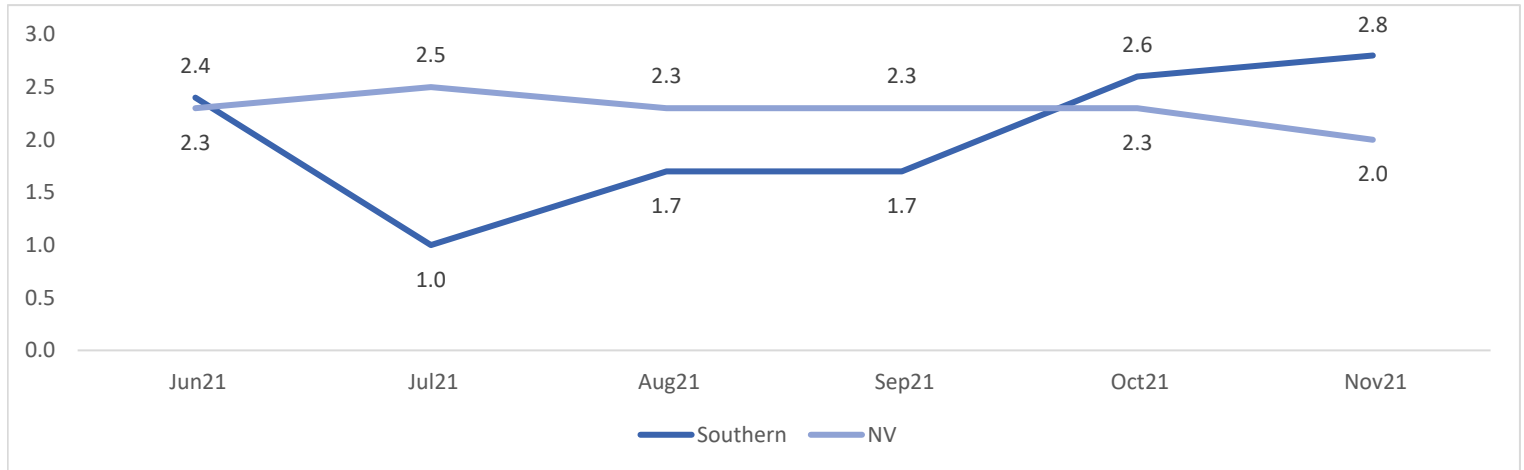
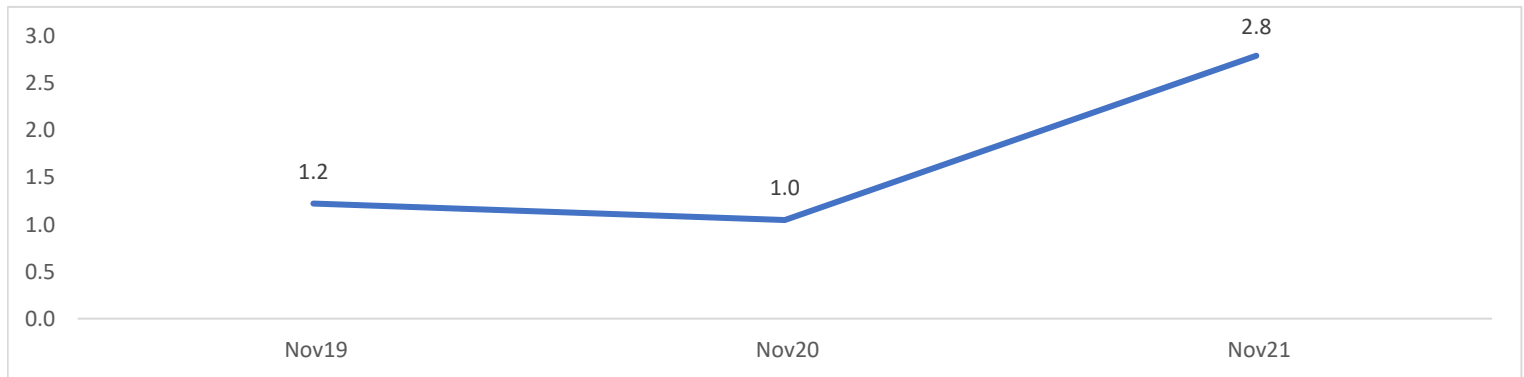
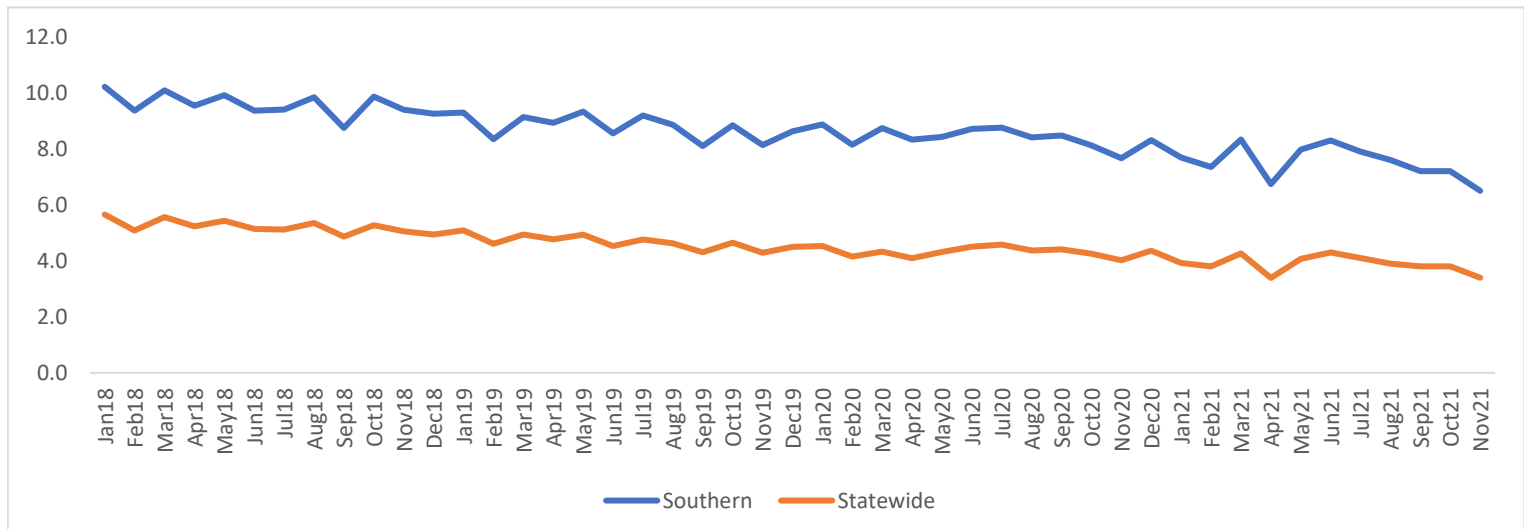


Figure 3. Monthly rates for suspected all drug-related ED visits in Southern Region, November 2019-2021 (per 10,000 population)



II. Prescription Drug Monitoring Program:

Figure 4. Monthly opioid prescription rates per 100 residents in NV and Southern Region, 2018-2021



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