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# Update: Outbreak of Acute Febrile Illness Among Athletes Participating in Eco-Challenge-Sabah 2000 — Borneo, Malaysia, 2000

During September 7–11, 2000, CDC was notified by the Idaho Department of Health, the Los Angeles County Department of Health Services, and the GeoSentinel Global Surveillance Network of at least 20 cases of acute febrile illness in three countries; all ill patients had participated in the Eco-Challenge-Sabah 2000 multisport expedition race in Borneo, Malaysia, during August 21–September 3, 2000 (1). Participants included athletes from 29 U.S. states and 26 countries. This report updates the ongoing investigation of this outbreak through December 2, which suggests that *Leptospira* were the cause of illness and that water from the Segama River was the primary source of infection. Participants in adventure sports and exotic tourism should be aware of potential exposure to unusual and emerging infectious agents.

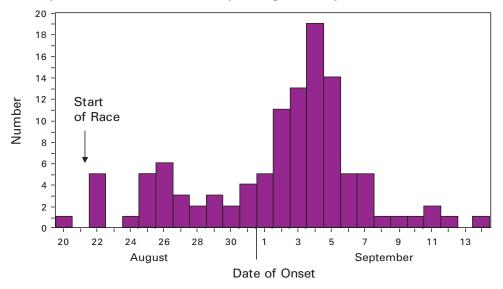
To identify cases of febrile illness occurring at the time of the race, a standardized telephone questionnaire was administered to the athletes. Of the 304 athletes who participated in the event, 158 (52%) were contacted, including 126 (90%) of the 140 U.S. athletes. A case was defined as the acute onset of fever occurring on or after August 21, and at least two of the following symptoms: chills, myalgias, headache, diarrhea, or conjunctivitis, in an Eco-Challenge athlete (2). Of the 158 respondents, 83 (52%) reported chills; 80 (51%), myalgias; 76 (48%), headache; and 58 (36%), diarrhea. Conjunctivitis, a hallmark finding in persons infected with leptospires, was reported by 36 (23%) athletes. Arthralgias (47 [30%]), dark urine (44 [28%]), and calf/leg pain (45 [28%]) also were reported among the athletes. Of the 158 athletes contacted, 109 reported illness; 68 (44%) had illness that met the case definition. The median age of case-patients was 34 years (range: 22–50 years); 73% were male. The peak onset of illness was September 4 (Figure 1). The median duration of illness was 6 days (range: 1–19 days); 25 (34%) case-patients were hospitalized.

Laboratory evidence for leptospirosis was defined as a positive result for *Leptospira* antibodies by Dip-S-Ticks\* (PanBio INDX, Inc., Baltimore, Maryland) or by IgM enzymelinked immunosorbent assay (ELISA) (PanBio, Brisbane, Australia), or a positive culture. Ill athletes from whom serum specimens had been drawn by their physicians were requested to submit samples (acute and convalescent) to CDC. Of the 39 specimens submitted, 32 met the case definition. Of these, 17 (54%) tested positive by both the Dip-S-Ticks assay and the IgM ELISA; three additional serum specimens tested positive by

<sup>\*</sup>Use of trade names and commercial sources is for identification only and does not imply endorsement by CDC or the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services.

Acute Febrile Illness — Continued

FIGURE 1. Number of athletes with symptoms who participated in the Eco-Challenge race, by date of onset — Borneo, Malaysia, August 20–September 14, 2000\*



<sup>\*</sup> n=109.

the Dip-S-Ticks assay, but negative by IgM ELISA. Specimens from the seven participants who did not meet the case definition tested negative by both assays. Acute serum specimens were collected for culture innoculation in two athletes; one of these yielded a culture-grown isolate, and the other culture was negative at 6 weeks postinnoculation. Identification of the culture-confirmed isolate is pending. To identify other causes for febrile illnesses, testing for alternative organisms was conducted on a limited number of submitted samples positive for leptospirosis; four of four samples tested negative for dengue and for *Orientia tsutsugamushi*, both of which cause illness clinically similar to leptospirosis. Further testing of other samples for these pathogens is pending.

To identify potential exposure risks, information was gathered about participation in various portions of the race. Significant risk factors on univariate analysis included kayaking (risk ratio [RR]=3.0; 95% confidence interval [Cl]=1.1–8.3); swimming in the Segama River (RR=2.3; 95% Cl=1.4–3.8); spelunking (RR= 2.2; 95% Cl=1.1–4.2); and swallowing water from the Segama River (RR=2.0; 95% Cl=1.2–3.2). When subjected to stepwise logistic regression, only participating in the river swim was significantly associated with illness. Attributable risk for swimming in the river was 38%.

On September 13, on the basis of epidemiologic evidence and the initial screening Dip-S-Ticks assay results, CDC issued an advisory about the probable leptospirosis outbreak associated with the Eco-Challenge event (1). In addition, CDC made recommendations about the treatment of leptospirosis. The Eco-Challenge organization also attempted to contact members of the race support staff and race volunteers to inform them about potential illness among these persons.

Acute Febrile Illness — Continued

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**Editorial Note:** Among ill Eco-Challenge participants, symptomatology and exposure history and the subsequent laboratory serologic testing suggest that leptospirosis was the cause of this outbreak. *Leptospira* species are endemic in Malaysian Borneo but were not recognized to be causing a large burden of disease at the time of Eco-Challenge. The epidemiology of leptospirosis and the epidemiologic data gathered from this investigation suggest a point source of the outbreak. Ill athletes who did not report swimming in the Segama River probably were exposed to contaminated water during other activities. However, some ill persons may have been infected with other pathogens, and further testing is ongoing. Recent increases in the number of persons participating in adventure sports and exotic tourism have led to infection with previously "unusual" organisms (3–7). Participants in such events should be made aware of potential risks for exposure to unusual and emerging infectious agents, and their physicians should consider infection with these agents.

Leptospirosis is a zoonotic disease of worldwide distribution that causes an acute febrile illness; the incubation period is usually 5 to 14 days, but ranges from 2 to 30 days. The illness often is characterized by the abrupt onset of fever, chills, myalgias, and headache, and may include conjunctivitis, abdominal pain, vomiting, diarrhea, and skin rashes. An acute septicemic phase can be followed by a secondary phase of severe disease characterized by aseptic meningitis, jaundice, renal failure, and hemorrhage; the disease sometimes can progress rapidly to acute respiratory distress syndrome. Mild infections can be treated with oral doxycycline; more severe infections generally require intravenous penicillin (2).

Initial screening for leptospirosis by CDC laboratories was performed using the Dip-S-Ticks assay, an enzyme-linked dot immunoassay for detecting IgM antibodies; recent evaluations carried out at CDC indicate that the Dip-S-Ticks assay appears to have significantly greater sensitivity early in infection than other available assays (CDC, unpublished data, 2000), with a sensitivity of approximately 27% at 3 days following onset of fever, increasing to 84% for specimens collected within 7–9 days, and reaching nearly 100% by 10–12 days. Accurate diagnosis of leptospirosis has been hampered by the difficulty of the serologic testing with the gold standard microscopic agglutination test. The high sensitivity and specificity of the newer rapid assays in early infection, their ease of use, and stability in field settings probably will result in earlier and more accurate diagnosis of leptospirosis.

Acute Febrile Illness — Continued

Several studies have demonstrated the efficacy of pre-exposure chemoprophylaxis on clinical symptoms and mortality attributed to leptospirosis using oral doxycycline at 200 mg once a week (8,9). On the basis of the high attack rate and the high proportion of hospitalizations in otherwise healthy athletes, CDC recommended empiric treatment of all ill athletes with doxycycline and that asymptomatic athletes discuss postexposure prophylaxis with their health-care provider. Persons traveling to areas where leptospirosis is endemic or epidemic and who participate in high-risk exposure activities are at increased risk for leptospirosis and may benefit from pre-exposure chemoprophylaxis. CDC is collecting data to assess the benefits of pre-exposure doxycycline chemoprophylaxis.

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# Health-Related Quality of Life Among Persons With Epilepsy — Texas, 1998

Epilepsy is a central nervous system disorder characterized by unprovoked, recurrent seizures that may affect physical, mental, or behavioral functioning (1). In 1995, approximately 2.3 million persons residing in the United States had epilepsy. Approximately 181,000 new cases of epilepsy are diagnosed each year, with annual estimated costs of \$12.5 billion in medical care and lost productivity (2,3). Because epilepsy has a substantial impact on health (e.g., physical and psychosocial difficulties, side effects of anticonvulsant therapy, lifestyle restrictions, and perceived stigmatization) (1,4–6), selfreported physical and mental health-related quality of life (HRQQL) measures are useful in gauging the impact of epilepsy on persons with the disorder. Persons with chronic health disorders are at risk for impaired HRQOL (7). Few studies have examined the HRQOL of persons with epilepsy (5,6), and none has used a representative sample of adults residing in the United States. This report examines data from the 1998 Texas Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS) that included a question about epilepsy; findings indicate that persons with epilepsy reported substantially worse HRQOL than persons without epilepsy. Community-based interventions such as the Sepulveda Epilepsy Education Program that address medication self-management,

Epilepsy — Continued

psychosocial self-management, and other education interventions can improve the quality of life for persons with epilepsy (8).

BRFSS is an ongoing, state-based, random-digit—dialed telephone survey of the civilian, noninstitutionalized population aged ≥18 years that tracks the prevalence of key health and safety-related behaviors and characteristics (9). BRFSS data are weighted to reflect the age, sex, and racial/ethnic distribution of the state's estimated population during the survey year. The standard survey used in all states includes four self-rated questions: general health status, number of days during the 30 preceding the survey when physical health was not good, number of days during the preceding 30 when mental health was not good, and number of days during the preceding 30 when activity was limited as a result of poor physical or mental health. Unhealthy days are the total number of days when physical and mental health were not good, with the total not to exceed 30 days. In 1998, Texas added an optional quality of life module to its healthy days' measures that asked respondents about the nature of their activity limitations and the number of days of pain, depression, anxiety, insufficient sleep or rest, and overall vitality during the preceding 30 days. One question was added about epilepsy.

Persons with epilepsy were defined as those who reported having been told by a doctor that they had epilepsy or a seizure disorder. The responses to HRQOL questions from 3355 persons residing in Texas were analyzed using sample weights and SUDAAN statistical software to account for the complex survey design.

In Texas in 1998, 52 (1.8%) (95% confidence interval=1.4–2.1) of 3355 respondents reported having epilepsy. These respondents did not differ in age and sex from those without epilepsy. Those with epilepsy reported substantially worse HRQOL than those without epilepsy; 18 (45.9%) respondents with epilepsy reported fair or poor health compared with 570 (18.5%) of 3290 respondents without epilepsy\*. Compared with those without epilepsy, respondents with epilepsy reported 4.4 more physically unhealthy days, 5.2 more mentally unhealthy days, 6.4 more overall unhealthy days, 4.0 more recent activity limitation days, 6.8 more days of pain, 5.6 more days of depression, 5.2 more days of anxiety, 3.5 more days of insufficient sleep or rest, and 3.3 fewer days of vitality in the 30 days preceding the survey (Table 1).

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**Editorial Note**: On the basis of HRQOL responses to the 1998 Texas BRFSS questionnaire, respondents with epilepsy had substantially worse HRQOL than respondents without epilepsy based on valid HRQOL measures (10). These findings are comparable with the number of unhealthy days among BRFSS respondents from eight other states with arthritis, heart problems, diabetes, and cancer (7). Additional study is needed to determine whether the high number of reported days with pain in persons with epilepsy is associated with seizure severity, injuries from seizures, unintended effects of anticonvulsant medications, or other factors. The high number of days with depression and anxiety suggests that this population has high levels of anxiety and low levels of life fulfillment (1,5,6).

The findings in this report are subject to at least four limitations. First, BRFSS excludes persons without telephones, in institutions (e.g., nursing homes and the military), and persons aged <18 years. Second, BRFSS may underrepresent the severely

<sup>\*</sup>Thirteen persons without epilepsy did not answer, refused to answer, or were unsure about answering the question about general health status.

Epilepsy — Continued

TABLE 1. Mean number of days health-related quality of life was affected during the 30 days preceding the survey among persons with and without epilepsy\*, by selected characteristics — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, Texas, 1998

	With e	pilepsy <sup>†</sup>	Without epilepsy⁵			
Characteristic	No. days	(95% CI <sup>¶</sup> )	No. days	(95% CI)		
Physical health not good	7.6	( 7.0- 8.2)	3.2	( 3.0- 3.3)		
Mental health not good	8.4	(7.6-9.2)	3.2	(3.0-3.4)		
Physical or mental health						
not good	12.1	(11.2-13.0)	5.7	(5.5-5.9)		
Regular activities limited						
because of poor physical						
or mental health	5.9	(5.2-6.6)	1.9	( 1.8- 2.0)		
Pain interfered with						
usual activities	9.2	(7.7-10.8)	2.4	( 2.1- 2.7)		
Felt sad, blue, or depressed	8.8	(8.3-9.3)	3.2	(3.0-3.4)		
Felt worried, tense, or anxious	10.6	(8.9-12.1)	5.4	(5.3-5.5)		
Felt did not get enough						
rest or sleep	11.0	(10.3-11.5)	7.5	(7.3-7.6)		
Felt very healthy						
and full of energy	16.3	(15.8–16.8)	19.6	(19.4-19.8)		

<sup>\*</sup> Persons having been told by a doctor they have epilepsy or a seizure disorder.

impaired because time and functional capacity are required to participate in BRFSS. Third, it is unclear whether lower levels of HRQOL in persons with epilepsy in this study are a result of the disorder or factors unrelated to epilepsy. Finally, because the sample size of respondents with epilepsy was small, comparisons by sex and racial/ethnic subgroup were limited.

To improve the HRQOL of persons with epilepsy, the International Commission on Outcome Measurement in Epilepsy has recommended further research into the HRQOL among persons with epilepsy (6). In addition, BRFSS and other surveillance systems can provide data on the health status, behaviors, and HRQOL of persons with epilepsy. State and local health departments can collaborate with health-care providers to develop and promote comprehensive and continual care among minorities, children, the elderly, and other underserved populations. Schools, worksites, and places of worship can educate the public to destigmatize epilepsy, and interventions such as the Sepulveda Epilepsy Education Program can improve medication self-management and psychosocial self-management of epilepsy (8).

## References

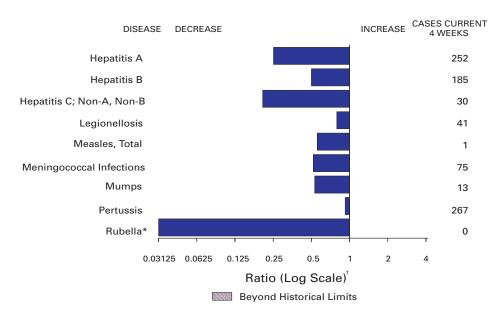
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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup> n=52.

<sup>§</sup> n=3290.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>¶</sup> Confidence interval.

FIGURE I. Selected notifiable disease reports, United States, comparison of provisional 4-week totals ending January 13, 2001, with historical data



<sup>\*</sup> No rubella cases were reported for the current 4-week period yielding a ratio for week 1 of zero (0).

TABLE I. Summary of provisional cases of selected notifiable diseases, United States, cumulative, week ending January 13, 2001 (2nd Week)

		Cum. 2001		Cum. 2001
Anthrax		-	Poliomyelitis, paralytic	_
Brucellosis*		-	Psittacosis*	-
Cholera		-	Qfever*	-
Cyclosporiasis	s*	-	Rabies, human	-
Diphtheria		-	Rocky Mountain spotted fever (RMSF)	2
Ehrlichiosis:	human granulocytic (HGE)*	1	Rubella, congenital syndrome	-
	human monocytic (HME)*	1	Streptococcal disease, invasive, group A	49
Encephalitis:	California serogroup viral*	-	Streptococcal toxic-shock syndrome*	1
•	eastern equine*	-	Syphilis, congenital <sup>¶</sup>	-
	St. Louis*	-	Tetanus	-
	western equine*	-	Toxic-shock syndrome	3
Hansen diseas	se (leprosy)*	-	Trichinosis	-
Hantavirus pu	ılmonary syndrome*†	-	Tularemia*	1
Hemolytic ure	emic syndrome, postdiarrheal*	-	Typhoid fever	2
HIV infection,	pediatric*§	-	Yellow fever	-
Plague	•	-		

<sup>-:</sup> No reported cases.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup> Ratio of current 4-week total to mean of 15 4-week totals (from previous, comparable, and subsequent 4-week periods for the past 5 years). The point where the hatched area begins is based on the mean and two standard deviations of these 4-week totals.

<sup>\*</sup>Not notifiable in all states.

<sup>†</sup> Updated weekly from reports to the Division of Viral and Rickettsial Diseases, National Center for Infectious Diseases (NCID).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Updated monthly from reports to the Division of HIV/AIDS Prevention — Surveillance and Epidemiology, National Center for HIV, STD, and TB Prevention (NCHSTP). Last update December 24, 2000.

Updated from reports to the Division of STD Prevention, NCHSTP.

TABLE II. Provisional cases of selected notifiable diseases, United States, weeks ending January 13, 2001, and January 15, 2000 (2nd Week)

		[			_		Escherichia coli O157:H7*					
-	All Cum.	OS Cum.	Chlam Cum.	nydia <sup>†</sup> Cum.	Cryptos Cum.	poridiosis Cum.	NET Cum.	SS Cum.	PH Cum.	LIS Cum.		
Reporting Area	2001⁵	2000	2001	2000	2001	2000	2001	2000	2001	2000		
UNITED STATES	-	-	10,022	20,940	18	29	14	40	2	44		
NEW ENGLAND Maine	-	-	603	886 42	3 1	-	4	2	-	7		
N.H.	-	-	18	37	-	-	-	-	-	3		
Vt. Mass.	-	-	16 437	23 400	2	-	4	1	-	1		
R.I. Conn.	-	-	132	92 292	-	-	-	- 1	-	3		
MID. ATLANTIC	-	-	- 56	1,872	-	3	4	,	-	6		
Upstate N.Y.	-	-	N N	N	-	1	4	-	-	5		
N.Y. City N.J.	-	-	56	888 493	-	1	-		-	-		
Pa.	-	-	-	491	-	1	N	N	-	1		
E.N. CENTRAL	-	-	1,866	3,932	3	7	1	11	-	4		
Ohio Ind.	-	-	172 303	1,132 301	2	-	1 -	1 -	-	1 1		
III. Mich.	-	-	668 579	1,451 355	- 1	2 2	-	5 4	-	- 1		
Wis.	-		144	693	-	3	-	1	-	i		
W.N. CENTRAL	-	-	257	1,220	-	1	3	9	-	11		
Minn. Iowa	-	-	- 1	308 29	-	-	-	1	-	4		
Mo.	-	-	-	490	-	-	2	5	-	5		
N. Dak. S. Dak.	-	-	56	15 54	-	1 -	1	1 -	-	-		
Nebr. Kans.	-	-	18 182	135 189	-	-	-	2	-	1 1		
S. ATLANTIC		_	2,590	2,943	2	_	1	1	_	4		
Del.	-	-	115	138	-	-		-	-	-		
Md. D.C.	-	-	311 59	303 106	1 1	-	-	-	Ū	1 U		
Va. W. Va.	-	-	-	376 75	-	-	-	-	-	1		
N.C.	-		443	-		-	1	1	-	-		
S.C. Ga.	-	-	902	695 584	-	-	-		-	- 1		
Fla.	-	-	760	666	-	-	-	-	-	1		
E.S. CENTRAL	-	-	1,302	742	-	2	-	-	-	-		
Ky. Tenn.	-	-	143 411	194 401	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Ala. Miss.	-	-	402 346	146 1	-	2	-	-	-	-		
W.S. CENTRAL	_	_	1,540	3,332	1	3	_	4	1	5		
Ark	-	-	· -	137		-	-	2	-	1		
La. Okla.	-	-	655 319	634 255	1	-	-	-	1	1 1		
Tex.	-	-	566	2,306	-	3	-	2	-	2		
MOUNTAIN Mont.	-	-	387	1,351 33	1	5	-	6 2	1	3		
ldaho	-	-	59	83	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Wyo. Colo.	-	-	17 -	21 231	-	2	-	1 2	-	1		
N. Mex. Ariz.	-	-	311	156 540	1	- 1	-	-	- 1	- 1		
Utah	-		-	145		2	-		-			
Nev.	-	-	-	142	-	-	-	1	-	-		
PACIFIC Wash.	-	-	1,421 376	4,662 496	8 N	8 N	1 -	7 -	-	4 3		
Oreg.	-	-	960	145	1	-	1	- 5	-	-		
Calif. Alaska	-	-	43	3,818 65	7	8 -	-	-	-	-		
Hawaii	-	-	42	138	-	-	-	2	-	1		
Guam P.R.	-	-	126	Ū	-	-	N	N	U U	U U		
V.I.	-	-	U	U	Ū	Ü	Ü	Ü	U	U		
Amer. Samoa C.N.M.I.	-	-	U	U U	U	U U	U U	U	U U	U		
N. N	11.11					CNIMILO						

N: Not notifiable. U: Unavailable.

C.N.M.I.: Commonwealth of Northern Mariana Islands.

<sup>-:</sup> No reported cases. \* Individual cases can be reported through both the National Electronic Telecommunications System for Surveillance (NETSS) and the Public

Health Laboratory Information System (PHLIS).

Chlamydia refers to genital infections caused by *C. trachomatis*. Totals reported to the Division of STD Prevention, NCHSTP.

Updated monthly from reports to the Division of HIV/AIDS Prevention — Surveillance and Epidemiology, National Center for HIV, STD, and TB Prevention. Last update December 31, 2000.

TABLE II. (Cont'd) Provisional cases of selected notifiable diseases, United States, weeks ending January 13, 2001, and January 15, 2000 (2nd Week)

	eks enain	y January		, and Ja	lluary i	5, 200	10 (2na w			
	Gono		Hepati Non-A,	Non-B	Legione		Listeriosis	Disc	me ease	
Reporting Area	Cum. 2001⁵	Cum. 2000	Cum. 2001	Cum. 2000	Cum. 2001	Cum. 2000	Cum. 2001	Cum. 2001	Cum. 2000	
UNITED STATES	5,907	11,591	8	122	9	16	6	17	62	
NEW ENGLAND	184	270	-	1	1	4 2	1	1	3	
Maine N.H.	3	1 3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Vt. Mass.	6 148	1 107	-	1	1	2	1	1	2	
R.I. Conn.	27	19 139	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 1	
MID. ATLANTIC	71	850	_	18	_	_	1	1	44	
Upstate N.Y.	44	37 308	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	
N.Y. City N.J.	27	280	-	17	-	-	-	-	10	
Pa.	-	225	-	1	-	_	-	-	27	
E.N. CENTRAL Ohio	871 112	2,721 689	2	15 -	5 4	5 4	1 -	4 4	1 -	
Ind. III.	168 285	244 1.090	-	- 3	-	-	-	-	- 1	
Mich.	240	341	2	12	1	1	1	-	-	
Wis.	66	357	-	-	-	-	-	U	U	
W.N. CENTRAL Minn.	103	574 138	2	18 -	-	-	1 -	-	2	
lowa Mo.	1	12 284	2	- 17	-	-	-	-	-	
N. Dak. S. Dak.	10	1 4		- "-	-	-	-	-	-	
Nebr.	-	49	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Kans.	92	86	-	1	-	-	1	-	2	
S. ATLANTIC Del.	2,248 57	2,928 76	-	1	1	4	-	7	10 2	
Md. D.C.	144 84	237 118	-	-	1	3	-	6 1	8	
Va.	-	462	-	-	-	- N	-	-	-	
W. Va. N.C.	421	24 1	-	1	N -	N 1	-	-	-	
S.C. Ga.	1,095 1	994 454	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Fla.	446	562	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
E.S. CENTRAL Ky.	1,121 74	615 96	2	19	1	-	-	-	-	
Tenn.	334	382	2	-		-	-	-	-	
Ala. Miss.	426 287	137 -	-	19	1 -	-	-	-	-	
W.S. CENTRAL	904	2,160	_	33	_	1	-	_	-	
Ark. La.	460	94 557	-	10	-	-	-	-	-	
Okla. Tex.	166 278	114 1,395	-	23	-	- 1	-	-	-	
MOUNTAIN	112	410		5			-		-	
Mont.	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Idaho Wyo.	3	5 1	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	
Colo. N. Mex.	-	155 32	-	1 1	-	-	-	-	-	
Ariz.	105	129	-		-	-	-	-	-	
Utah Nev.	-	20 68	-	-		-	-	-	-	
PACIFIC	293	1,063	2	12	1	2	2	4	2	
Wash. Oreg.	91 -	98 5	-	4	N	N	-	-	-	
Calif. Alaska	188 8	934	2	8	1	2	2	4	2	
Hawaii	6	17	-	-	-	-	-	N	N	
Guam	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- NI	- NI	
V.I.	U	U	Ü	Ü	Ü	Ü	-	U	U	
Amer. Samoa C.N.M.I.	U U	U U	U	U	U	U	-	U	U	
Alaska Hawaii Guam P.R. V.I. Amer. Samoa	8 6 - 29 U U	9 17 - 23 U U	- - - - U U	- - - - U U	- - - - U U	- - - U U		N N U U	- N - N U U	

N: Not notifiable.

U: Unavailable.

TABLE II. (Cont'd) Provisional cases of selected notifiable diseases, United States, weeks ending January 13, 2001, and January 15, 2000 (2nd Week)

		<u> </u>		-	anuary 15, 2000 (2nd Week) Salmonellosis*						
	Ma	laria	Rabie	s, Animal	NE	TSS	PH	LIS			
Reporting Area	Cum. 2001	Cum. 2000	Cum. 2001	Cum. 2000	Cum. 2001	Cum. 2000	Cum. 2001	Cum. 2000			
UNITED STATES	11	28	55	132	278	853	28	873			
NEW ENGLAND	-	1	12	18	33	50	1	51			
Maine	-	-	-	2	2 2	4 4	-	2			
N.H. Vt.	-	_	6	2	2	-	1	1			
Mass.	-	1	5	6	27	39	-	28			
R.I. Conn.	-	-	1 -	1 7	-	3	-	6 14			
MID. ATLANTIC	_	3	9	22	10	133	-	142			
Upstate N.Y.	-	-	6	19	5	5	-	33			
N.Y. City N.J.	-	1 1	U 3	U 3	5 -	31 77	-	42 20			
Pa.	-	1		-	-	20	-	47			
E.N. CENTRAL	1	3	-	-	59	149	1	69			
Ohio Ind.	1	1	-	-	44	35	-	26 15			
III.	-	2	-	-	3	68	-	-			
Mich. Wis.	-	-	-	-	12	18 <b>2</b> 8	- 1	17 11			
W.N. CENTRAL	1	2	5	10	24	34	9	41			
Minn.	-	-	-	2	3	1	3	18			
lowa	- 1	-	4	1	3	1	6	4 7			
Mo. N. Dak.	1 -	1 -	1	1 1	9	19 1	-	1			
S. Dak.	-	-	-	3	4	2	-	3			
Nebr. Kans.	-	1	-	2	1 4	2 8	-	2 6			
S. ATLANTIC	4	5	14	46	35	84	3	159			
Del.	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	5			
Md. D.C.	3 1	4	5	14	11	32	1 U	22 U			
Va.	- :	-	4	12	-	-	-	18			
W. Va. N.C.	-	1	- 5	4 10	22	37	-	5 23			
S.C.	-		-	2	-	11	1	18			
Ga. Fla.	-	-	-	4	1	3	-	57 11			
E.S. CENTRAL		_	1	1	23	58	3	31			
Ky.	-	-	-	-	1	9	3	4			
Tenn. Ala.	-	-	1	1	3 19	22	-	18 6			
Miss.	-	-	-	-	-	27	-	3			
W.S. CENTRAL	-	1	2	22	10	63	3	90			
Ark. La.	-	- 1	-	-	10	6 6	-	8 21			
Okla.			2	3	_	-	1	8			
Tex.	-	-	-	19	-	51	2	53			
MOUNTAIN	-	-	5	5	11	83 2	8	74			
Mont. Idaho	-		1 -	1 -	2 2	5	-	4			
Wyo.	-	-	-	2	-	1	-	-			
Colo. N. Mex.	-	-	-	-	6	19 4	2	10 7			
Ariz.	-	-	4	2	-	21 21	2	34			
Utah Nev.	-	-	-	-	1 -	21 10	4	19			
PACIFIC	5	13	7	8	73	199	_	216			
Wash.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	29			
Oreg. Calif.	1 4	1 11	- 5	- 8	5 68	10 167	-	23 150			
Alaska	-	-	2	-	-	5	-	5			
Hawaii	-	1	-	-	-	17	-	9			
Guam P.R.	-	-	- 1	- 1	-	3	U U	U U			
V.I.	Ü	Ü	U	U	Ü	Ú	U	U			
Amer. Samoa C.N.M.I.	U U	U U	U U	Ü	U U	U U	U U	U U			
N. Natanatitiahla	U		U		U	U	U	U			

N: Not notifiable. U: Unavailable. -: No reported cases.
\* Individual cases can be reported through both the National Electronic Telecommunications System for Surveillance (NETSS) and the Public Health Laboratory Information System (PHLIS).

TABLE II. (Cont'd) Provisional cases of selected notifiable diseases, United States, weeks ending January 13, 2001, and January 15, 2000 (2nd Week)

we	eks enan	ng Janua Shigel		or, and J		5, 2000 (2n	ilu vveek)			
-	NET			HLIS	(Primary 8	philis Secondary)	Tuber	culosis		
Reporting Area	Cum. 2001	Cum. 2000	Cum. 2001	Cum. 2000	Cum. 2001	Cum. 2000	Cum. 2001	Cum. 2000		
UNITED STATES	199	381	38	228	120	184	86	226		
NEW ENGLAND	1	10	-	6	2	2	-	2		
Maine N.H.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Vt. Mass.	- 1	- 8	-	-	-	- 1	-	-		
R.I.	-	-	-	5 -	2	1	-	-		
Conn.	-	2	-	1	-	-	-	2		
MID. ATLANTIC Upstate N.Y.	30 28	39 1	2	31 5	1 -	8	5 -	8 -		
N.Y. City N.J.	2	15 22	2	15 7	1	2 4	- 5	3		
Pa.	-	1	-	4	-	2	-	5		
E.N. CENTRAL	27	121	-	25	9	39	1	6		
Ohio Ind.	10	7 2	-	-	2 4	5 13	1 -	1 1		
III.	2	59	-	-	4 3	19	-	4		
Mich. Wis.	15 -	46 7	-	23 2	-	2	-	-		
W.N. CENTRAL	32	22	20	17	-	4	-	2		
Minn. Iowa	6	4 6	10	5 5	-	-	-	1		
Mo.	18	10	10	4	-	4	-	-		
N. Dak. S. Dak.	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Nebr. Kans.	1 6	1	-	2 1	-	-	-	- 1		
S. ATLANTIC	19	8	1	20	33	65	3	17		
Del.	-	-	- :	-	-	-	-			
Md. D.C.	3	1 -	Ū	2 U	4 1	19 1	3	-		
Va. W. Va.	-	-	-	6	-	11	-	- 1		
N.C.	16	2	-	2	14	15	-	-		
S.C. Ga.	-	1 -	1 -	6	3	6 1	-	16		
Fla.	-	4	-	4	11	12	-	-		
E.S. CENTRAL Ky.	19 11	14 2	-	15	62 2	22	5	8		
Tenn.	-	-	-	14	8	15	-	2		
Ala. Miss.	7 1	2 10	-	1 -	8 44	7 -	5 -	6		
W.S. CENTRAL	3	65	5	74	8	25	6	59		
Ark. La.	3	- 15	- 5	6	4	1 5	6	-		
Okla.	-	-	-	2	1	5	-	-		
Tex. MOUNTAIN	10	50 33	10	66	3 1	14	-	59 3		
Mont.	-	-	-	25 -	-	-	-	-		
ldaho Wyo.	-	2	-	1 -	-	-	-	-		
Colo.	-	9 3	3	6 7	-	-	-	3		
N. Mex. Ariz.	10	12	6	9	1	-	-	- -		
Utah Nev.	-	1 6	1 -	2	-	-	-	-		
PACIFIC	58	69	_	15	4	19	66	121		
Wash.	- 7	5 5	-	.s 8 6	2	-	6	5		
Oreg. Calif.	51	60	-	-	2	19	59	113		
Alaska Hawaii	-	1 3	-	- 1	-	-	1 -	3		
Guam	_	-	U	U	_	-	_	-		
P.R. V.I.	Ū	- U	Ü	Ŭ U	12	11	Ū	- U		
Amer. Samoa	U	Ú	U	U	U U	U U	U	U		
C.N.M.I.	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U		

N: Not notifiable. U: Unavailable. -: No reported cases.
\*Individual cases can be reported through both the National Electronic Telecommunications System for Surveillance (NETSS) and the Public Health Laboratory Information System (PHLIS).

TABLE III. Provisional cases of selected notifiable diseases preventable by vaccination, United States, weeks ending January 13, 2001, and January 15, 2000 (2nd Week)

	and January 15, 2000 (2nd Week)												
		ienzae,		epatitis (Vi	ral), By Typ	е	ļ			les (Rubec			
	Cum.	Sive Cum.	Cum.	Cum.	В	Cum.	Indige	Cum.	Impo	rted* Cum.	Total	Cum.	
Reporting Area	2001 <sup>†</sup>	2000	2001	2000	Cum. 2001	2000	2001	2001	2001	2001	Cum. 2001	2000	
UNITED STATES	22	36	94	403	59	193	-	-	-	-	-	1	
<b>NEW ENGLAND</b>	1	4	5	12	1	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Maine N.H.	-	-	2	1 1	-	-	U	-	U	-	-	-	
Vt.	-	1	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Mass. R.I.	1	3	1	5	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Conn.	-	-	2	5	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	
MID. ATLANTIC	1	4	4	16	1	39	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Upstate N.Y. N.Y. City	1	2 1	4	12	1	25	-	-	-	-	-	-	
N.J.	-	-	-	1	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Pa.	-	1	-	3	-	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	
E.N. CENTRAL Ohio	4 3	6 2	26 6	73 18	14 4	26 5	-	-	-	-	-	1	
Ind.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
III. Mich.	1	4	3 17	23 24	10	21	-	-	-	-	-	1	
Wis.	-	-	-	8	-		-	-	-	-	-		
W.N. CENTRAL	-	1	6	50	5	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Minn. Iowa	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Mo.	-	1	3	42	4	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	
N. Dak. S. Dak.	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Nebr.	-	-	1 2	- 7	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Kans.	-	-			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
S. ATLANTIC Del.	6	8	10	17	7	17 -	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Md.	-	7	9	5	1	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	
D.C. Va.	-	-	1 -	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	
W. Va. N.C.	- 5	- 1	-	9	- 6	- 11	-	-	-	-	-	-	
S.C.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Ga. Fla.	1	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
E.S. CENTRAL	1		4	30	1	8			_				
Ky.	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Tenn. Ala.	- 1	-	2 1	4	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Miss.	-	-	- :	26	-	ż	-	-	-	-	-	-	
W.S. CENTRAL	-	4	2	79	1	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Ark. La.	-	3	2	4	1	1 5	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Okla.	-	1	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Tex.	-	-	-	72	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
MOUNTAIN Mont.	5	1	5 2	13	4	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	
ldaho	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Wyo. Colo.	-	-	- 1	2	- 1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	
N. Mex.	5	-	1	1	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Ariz. Utah	-	1	1	5 2	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	
Nev.	-	-	-	3	-	-	U	-	U	-	-	-	
PACIFIC	4	8	32	113	25	75	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Wash. Oreg.	4	2	1	13	2	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Calif. Alaska	-	3 1	29 2	99	22 1	64 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Hawaii	-	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Guam	-	-	_	_	_	-	U	_	U	-	_	-	
P.R. V.I.	Ū	Ū	Ū	1 U	Ū	1 U	Ū	Ū	Ū	Ū	Ū	Ū	
Amer. Samoa	Ü	Ū	Ü	Ü	Ü	Ü	Ü	Ü	Ū	Ü	Ü	Ü	
C.N.M.I.	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	

N: Not notifiable.

\*For imported measles, cases include only those resulting from importation from other countries.

\*Of 3 cases among children aged <5 years, serotype was reported for 2 and 0 were type b.

TABLE III. (Cont'd) Provisional cases of selected notifiable diseases preventable by vaccination, United States, weeks ending January 13, 2001, and January 15, 2000 (2nd Week)

Reporting Area   Cum				na Jan	uary 15	, 2000	(2na )	vveek)	-			
New Printing Area   2001   2000   2001   2000   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2001   2		Dis	ease		<del></del>							
UNITED STATES 39 97 1 3 4 18 28 162	Reporting Area	Cum. 2001	Cum. 2000	2001		Cum. 2000	2001		Cum. 2000	2001		Cum. 2000
Maine												
N.H.			5				.3				-	-
Mass. 1 3 3 1 389 1 789 1 789	N.H.	-	-		-		-	-			-	-
R.I.  CORD.    MID. ATLANTIC   4	Vt. Mass								14 39		-	-
MID. ATLANTIC  4 9 - 1 1 1 8	R.I.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Upstate N.Y.  N.Y. City  N.Y. Cit			_	_			_	_		-	-	-
NY.CITY 1	Upstate N.Y.	3	-			-			1	-	-	-
Pa. CENTRAL 5 20 2	N.Y. City	1		-	-		-	-	7	-	-	-
Ohio 3 3 3 - 1 1 - 366		-		-	-			-			-	-
Ind.		5		-	-		-			-	-	-
III.												-
Wis.         -         4         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -	III.						-	-			-	-
Minn.         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         - <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td>											-	-
None		1	11	_	-	1	6	7	1	-	-	-
Mo. N. Dak.		- 1	2	-	-	- 1	- 1	- 1	- 1	-	-	-
S. Dak. Nebr. Nebr	Mo.	-	8			-	4	4			-	-
Kans.									-		-	-
S.ATLANTIC 7 7 7 3 3 3 7		-		-	-		_		-	-	-	-
Del.         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -		7		-					7	-	-	-
D.C.	Del.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VA. W. VA	Md. D.C			_							_	-
N.C.	Va.							-			-	-
Ga.	N.C.		_									-
Fla.  E.S. CENTRAL  2  3			-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-
Ky.         -         1         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -		:	1	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-
Ténn.         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         - <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td>				-						-	-	-
Ala. 2 1 2 2	Ky. Tenn.											-
W.S. CENTRAL 2 12 1 1 Ark 1 1 Ark	Ala.										-	-
Ark.       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -											-	-
Okla.  1	Ark.	-	-	-		-					-	-
Tex 4			8 -		-		-	-	-	-	-	-
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Oreg.         5         6         N         N         1         1         3         -         -         -           Calif.         7         21         1         3         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         - <th< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>28</td><td>1</td><td>3</td><td>-</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td>-</td></th<>			28	1	3	-	1	1			-	-
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Amer. Samoa $\dot{U}$ $$		U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U

N: Not notifiable.

U: Unavailable.

-: No reported cases.

TABLE IV. Deaths in 122 U.S. cities,\* week ending January 13, 2001 (2nd Week)

January 13, 2001 (2nd Week)  All Causes, By Age (Years)  All Causes, By Age (Years)															
		All Cau	ses, By	Age (Y	ears)		P&I⁺			All Cau	ses, By	Age (Y	ears)		P&I⁺
Reporting Area	All Ages	≥65	45-64	25-44	1-24	<1	Total	Reporting Area	All Ages	≥65	45-64	25-44	1-24	<1	Total
NEW ENGLAND Boston, Mass. Bridgeport, Conn Cambridge, Mass. Fall River, Mass. Hartford, Conn. Lowell, Mass. Lynn, Mass. New Bedford, Ma New Haven, Conn Providence, R.I. Somerville, Mass Springfield, Mass Waterbury, Conn Worcester, Mass. MID. ATLANTIC Albany, N.Y. Allentown, Pa. Buffalo, N.Y. Camden, N.J. Elizabeth, N.J.	21 17 U 32 14 1855. 34 1. 41 U . 5 6. 54	388 128 15 14 15 26 8 29 30 0 3 46 22 25 1,963 16 68 68 68 11 18	4 8 U	36 21 - 2 - U 1 - 1 2 U - 1 4 4 4 4 180 6 2 9 9	8 6 U 1 45 1 1 1 1	10 8 - - - U - - 1 U - - - 1 44 3 1	88 24 1 3 1 4 1 3 6 0 1 2 11 158 9 10 1	S. ATLANTIC Atlanta, Ga. Baltimore, Md. Charlotte, N.C. Jacksonville, Fla Miami, Fla. Norfolk, Va. Richmond, Va. Savannah, Ga. St. Petersburg, F Tampa, Fla. Washington, D.t Wilmington, D.t Wilmington, D.t Chattanooga, Te Knoxville, Tenn. Lexington, Ky. Memphis, Tenn. Mobile, Ala. Montgomery, A	63 61 100 50 50 50 242 C. 99 1. U 958 a. 259 enn. 89 99 U 162 82	962 144 109 92 133 33 41 64 40 64 181 61 0 U 656 183 58 60 U 109 645	293 46 48 25 42 20 12 23 5 17 39 16 U 188 51 19 27 U 26 12 7	135 27 24 19 6 10 8 10 3 2 13 13 U 74 13 7 9 U 18 3 5	32 6 8 1 2 - - 3 - 3 5 4 U 19 7 1 1 U 6 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	24 3 2 1 3 - 2 4 4 5 U 3 1 2 2 4 2 1 3 2 1 3 2 1 3 4 4 5 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	91 9 19 11 10 6 5 7 16 - U 817 7 8 8 11 4 6
Erie, Pa. § Jersey City, N.J. New York City, N. Newark, N.J. Paterson, N.J. Philadelphia, Pa. Pittsburgh, Pa. § Reading, Pa. Rochester, N.Y. Schenectady, N.Y. Scranton, Pa. § Syracuse, N.Y. Trenton, N.J. Utica, N.Y. Yonkers, N.Y.	46 53 Y. 1,514 U 39 366 62 27 175	36 36 1,049 U 25 247 417 146 20 28 94 27 27 U	7 8 12 309 U 8 72 19 7 16 1 3 24 4 2 U	107 U 4 30 1 2 7 -	2 29 U - 7 - 4 - -	2 20 U 2 10 - 1 2 - 3	4 59 U 3 16 4 21 4 17 5 U	Nashville, Tenn. W.S. CENTRAL Austin, Tex. Baton Rouge, La Corpus Christi, Dallas, Fex. El Paso, Tex. Ft. Worth, Tex. Houston, Tex. Little Rock, Ark. New Orleans, La San Antonio, Te Shreveport, La. Tulsa, Okla.	210 1,354 104 152 Fex. 71 244 55 132 331 98 . U x. U 167	135 897 69 101 51 158 45 97 190 58 U U U 128	46 273 22 32 16 55 5 24 70 19 U U 30	19 113 7 14 3 22 4 3 41 11 U U 8	4 46 5 4 1 6 1 1 21 6 0 0 0 1	25 1 1 - 3 - 7 9 4 UUU -	15 100 9 2 3 30 2 12 28 U U U 14
E.N. CENTRAL Akron, Ohio Canton, Ohio Conton, Ohio Chicago, III. Cincinnati, Ohio Cleveland, Ohio Detroit, Mich. Evansville, Ind. Fort Wayne, Ind. Gary, Ind. Grand Rapids, Mi Indianapolis, Ind. Lansing, Mich. Milwaukee, Wis. Peoria, III. South Bend, Ind. Toledo, Ohio Youngstown, Oh W.N. CENTRAL Des Moines, Iow. Duluth, Minn. Kansas City, Mo. Lincoln, Nebr. Minneapolis, Mir Omaha, Nebr. St. Louis, Mo. St. Paul, Minn.	216 60 186 55 61 68 133 100 87 928 4 103 54 4. 49 86	1,602 (663 (664 (664 (664 (664 (664 (664 (664	447 14 9 U U 22 22 40 511 124 688 19 233 4 4 11 11 229 9 144 17 12 15 8 8 9 14 11 12 24 24 24 11 11 12 24 11 11 12 24 12 14 14 15 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	143 6 3 3 U 3 111 119 113 122 - 10 0 3 3 1 1 4 54 1 1 4 9 3 3 4 4 3 4 3 4 3 4 3	54 1 - U 8 2 2 8 8 6 6 11 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 0 - 1 1 - 1 1 - 2 3 3 3 - 4 4 2 2 2 3 3 2 4 4	33 1 - U 1 1 5 4 4 4 4 - 1 1 - 3 3 3 - 1 1 1 - 4 4 1 1 2 3 3 1 4 - 1 2 3 3	171 14 5 U 4 7 7 22 9 11 1 1 10 2 2 7 8 7 7 2 7 20 9 2 2 5 5 14 8 - 5 9	MOUNTAIN Albuquerque, N Boise, Idaho Colo. Springs, C Denver, Colo. Las Vegas, Nev. Ogden, Utah Phoenix, Ariz. Pueblo, Colo. Salt Lake City, U Tucson, Ariz. PACIFIC Berkeley, Calif. Fresno, Calif. Glendale, Calif. Honolulu, Hawa Long Beach, Cal Los Angeles, Cal Pasadena, Calif. Portland, Oreg. Sacramento, Cal San Diego, Calif. San Francisco, C San Jose, Calif. Santa Cruz, Calif. Seattle, Wash. Spokane, Wash. TOTAL	Colo. 75 120 193 28 184 26 tah 103 195 1,688 1,688 1,72 26 ii 66 if. 101 lifi. 347 197 Us. 228 Calif. U	783 120 42 60 79 124 22 105 21 138 1,226 133 1,77 19 25 140 0 177 0 91 41 107 47 9 9,165	221 23 8 11 27 49 3 3 4 4 21 3 4 29 6 6 6 13 19 9 67 3 3 60 U 22 22 22 24 7 15 22 24 22 24 25 26 27 27 28 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29	71 84 2 7 7 13 3 3 15 1 1 10 1 10 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	35 6 1 3 3 3 - 12 - 2 5 5 5 5 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 -	29 1 1 4 4 4 - 11 3 5 20 - 3 3 - 1 1 0 2 1 1 1 3 3 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 2	110 20 6 1 17 4 12 2 10 17 163 3 13 3 5 8 8 26 5 17 U 9 7 11 11 11 11

Total includes unknown ages.

U: Unavailable. -: No reported cases.
\*Mortality data in this table are voluntarily reported from 122 cities in the United States, most of which have populations of ≥100,000. A death is reported by the place of its occurrence and by the week that the death certificate was filed. Fetal deaths are not included. 
†Pneumonia and influenza.

Because of changes in reporting methods in this Pennsylvania city, these numbers are partial counts for the current week. Complete counts will be available in 4 to 6 weeks.

## Epilepsy — Continued

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## Notice to Readers

## Conference on Vaccine Research

The Fourth Annual Conference on Vaccine Research: Basic Science—Product Development—Clinical and Field Studies will be held April 23–25, 2001, in Arlington, Virginia. The conference is sponsored by the National Foundation for Infectious Diseases (NFID) in collaboration with CDC, the National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases, the International Society for Vaccines, the U.S. Department of Agriculture, the Center for Biologics Evaluation and Research, the Albert B. Sabin Vaccine Institute, and the World Health Organization. The meeting will present current scientific data and will explore issues among the disciplines involved in the research and development of vaccines and associated technologies for the control of human and veterinary diseases through vaccination.

The deadline for submitting abstracts for oral and poster presentations is February 2, 2001. Program announcements and forms for abstract submission, registration, and hotel reservations are available from NFID, Suite 750, 4733 Bethesda Ave., Bethesda, MD 20814-5228; telephone (301) 656-0003, ext. 19; fax (301) 907-0878; e-mail info@nfid.org; World Wide Web site, http://www.nfid.org/conferences/vaccine01/.

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