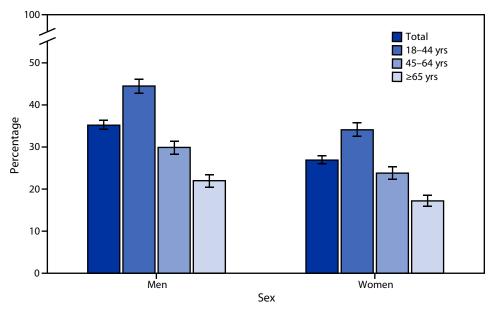
## FROM THE NATIONAL CENTER FOR HEALTH STATISTICS

## Percentage\* of Adults Aged ≥18 Years Who Met the Federal Guideline for Muscle-Strengthening Physical Activity,† by Age Group and Sex — National Health Interview Survey, United States, 2020<sup>§</sup>



<sup>\*</sup> With 95% CIs indicated by error bars.

In 2020, 35.2% of men and 26.9% of women aged  $\geq$ 18 years met the federal guideline for muscle-strengthening physical activity. The percentage of men who met the muscle-strengthening guideline decreased with age from 44.5% for those aged 18–44 years, to 29.9% for those aged 45–64 years, and to 22.0% for those aged  $\geq$ 65 years. The percentage also decreased with age among women from 34.1% for those aged 18–44 years, to 23.8% for those aged 45–64 years, and to 17.2% for those aged  $\geq$ 65 years. Men were more likely to have met the muscle-strengthening guideline than women in all age groups.

Source: National Center for Health Statistics, National Health Interview Survey, 2020. https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhis.htm Reported by: Elizabeth Heitz, MPH, eheitz@cdc.gov, 301-458-4515.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup> Per U.S. Department of Health and Human Services 2018 Physical Activity Guidelines for Americans, 2nd edition (https://health.gov/paguidelines). Respondents met the muscle-strengthening guideline if they reported engaging in leisure-time physical activities specifically designed to strengthen muscles, such as sit-ups, push-ups, or lifting weights, at least two times per week.

 $<sup>\</sup>S$  Estimates are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian, noninstitutionalized U.S. population.