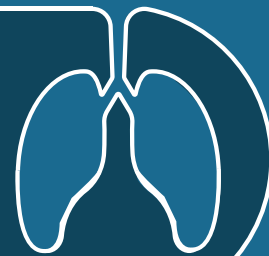


2019 LUNG INJURY SURVEILLANCE PRIMARY CASE DEFINITIONS SEPTEMBER 18, 2019



Confirmed Case:

Using an e-cigarette (“vaping”) or dabbing* in 90 days prior to symptom onset

AND

Pulmonary infiltrate, such as opacities, on plain film chest radiograph or ground-glass opacities on chest CT

AND

Absence of pulmonary infection on initial work-up. Minimum criteria are:

1. A negative respiratory viral panel

AND

2. A negative influenza PCR or rapid test, if local epidemiology supports influenza testing

AND

All other clinically-indicated respiratory infectious disease testing (e.g., urine Antigen for *Streptococcus pneumoniae* and *Legionella*, sputum culture if productive cough, bronchoalveolar lavage (BAL) culture if done, blood culture, HIV-related opportunistic respiratory infections if appropriate) are negative

AND

No evidence in medical record of alternative plausible diagnoses (e.g., cardiac, rheumatologic, or neoplastic process).

Probable Case:

Using an e-cigarette (“vaping”) or dabbing* in 90 days prior to symptom onset

AND

Pulmonary infiltrate, such as opacities, on plain film chest radiograph or ground-glass opacities on chest CT

AND

Infection identified via culture or PCR, but clinical team** believes this infection is not the sole cause of the underlying lung injury **OR minimum criteria** to rule out pulmonary infection not met (testing not performed) and clinical team** believes infection is not the sole cause of the underlying lung injury

AND

No evidence in medical record of alternative plausible diagnoses (e.g., cardiac, rheumatologic, or neoplastic process).

Footnotes

*Using an electronic device (e.g., electronic nicotine delivery system (ENDS), electronic cigarette, e-cigarette, vaporizer, vape(s), vape pen, dab pen, or other device) or dabbing to inhale substances (e.g., nicotine, marijuana, THC, THC concentrates, CBD, synthetic cannabinoids, flavorings, or other substances).

**Clinical team caring for the patient.

Notes: these case definitions are meant for surveillance and not clinical diagnosis. These case definitions are subject to change and will be updated as additional information becomes available if needed.

For more information visit CDC's Lung Injury response website: www.cdc.gov/lunginjury.