

Article

DFT Calculations, Pro-Apoptotic Effects, Anti-Infective Investigations of Alkaloids Isolated from the Stem Bark Extract of *Enantia chlorantha*

Vincent O. Imieje^{1*}, Ahmed A. Zaki², Mansour A. E. Bashar^{3*}, Islam Rady^{4,5}, Mohamed A. M. El-Tabakh³, Ahmed B. M. Mehany⁶, Mohammed A.E. Abd El-Aziz³, E.S. Abou-Amra⁷, Shahd Yasser⁸, Ibraheem M. M. Gobaara⁹, Mohammed A.S. Abourehab¹⁰, Amany Belal^{11,12}, Reham M. Samra², Hussein A. El-Naggar³, Abiodun Falodun¹

1 Department of Pharmaceutical Chemistry, Faculty of Pharmacy, University of Benin, Benin City 300001, Nigeria; vincent.imieje@uniben.edu; A.F (faloabi@uniben.edu)

2 Pharmacognosy Department, Faculty of Pharmacy, Mansoura University, Mansoura 35516, Egypt; ahmed.awad@fulbrightmail.org

3 Marine Biology and Fish Sciences Laboratory, Zoology and Entomology Department, Faculty of Science (Boys), Al-Azhar University, Nasr City, 11884, Cairo, Egypt; dr_mb2020682@azhar.edu.eg; M.A.E.A (Mohamed.abdelaziz91@azhar.edu.eg); M.A.M.E (Dr.m.eltabakh.201@azhar.edu.eg); H.A.E (Hu_200000@yahoo.com)

4 Molecular Biology Laboratory, Zoology and Entomology Department, Faculty of Science (Boys); Al-Azhar University, Nasr City, 11884, Cairo, Egypt; iradynas@umn.edu

5 Masonic Cancer Center, Cancer and Cardiovascular Research Building, University of Minnesota Medical School, Minneapolis, MN 55455, USA; iradynas@umn.edu

6 Genetic Engineering Laboratory, Zoology and Entomology Department, Faculty of Science (Boys); Al-Azhar University, Nasr City, 11884, Cairo, Egypt; abelal_81@yahoo.com

7 Chemistry Department, Faculty of Science (Girls), Al-Azhar University, Nasr City-Cairo 11884, Egypt; Emansadek.59@azhar.edu.eg

8 Faculty of Medicine, Zagazig University, Ash Sharqia Governorate 44511, Egypt; dr_mb2020682@yahoo.com

9 Invertebrates Laboratory, Zoology and Entomology Department, Faculty of Science (Boys); Al-Azhar University, Nasr City, 11884, Cairo, Egypt; Ibraheemgobaara@azhar.edu.eg

10 Department of Pharmaceutics, Faculty of Pharmacy, Umm Al-Qura University, Makkah 21955, Saudi Arabia; maabourehab@uqu.edu.sa

11 Medicinal Chemistry Department, Faculty of Pharmacy, Beni-Suef University, Beni-Suef, 62514 Egypt

12 Department of Pharmaceutical Chemistry, College of Pharmacy, Taif University, P.O. Box 11099, Taif, 21944 Saudi Arabia; amany.mehani@pharm.bsu.edu.eg

*Correspondence: : V. O. I. (vincent.imieje@uniben.edu) and M.A.E.B (dr_mb2020682@azhar.edu.eg).

Abstract: Fractionation of the stem bark of *Enantia chlorantha* Oliv yields three alkaloids Palmatine (1), Jatrorrhizine (2), Columbamine (3), and β -Sitosterol (4). In this investigation, density functional theory (DFT) calculations were carried out to evaluate the electronic structure and properties of 1-4 by DFT-B3LYP/6-31G level of theory using Gaussian 09 software. Quantum molecular descriptors of the title compounds: ionization potential (IP) and Electron Affinities (EA), Hardness (η), Softness (S), Electronegativity (μ), Electrophilic Index (ω), Electron Donating Power (ω^-), Electron Accepting Power (ω^+) and Energy Gap (Eg) have been calculated. The *in vitro* cytotoxicity of the compounds was investigated against MCF-7, HCT116 cancer cell lines using Wi-38 cells as control. The compounds inhibited the proliferation of the MCF-7 and HCT116 cell lines and induced apoptosis *via* up-regulation of caspase-3, Bax, PARP cleavage, and downregulation of Bcl-2. DFT analyses revealed that compounds 1 and 3 have smaller energy gaps, 0.072 and 0.071eV, respectively, with the highest dipole moments, hence, more chemically reactive and exhibited better modulation of caspase-3 enzyme and inhibitory activities of the MCF-3 and HCT116 cell lines. The antimicrobial and antiparasitic evaluation of 1 - 4 showed moderate efficacy against the bacterial strains and moderate antiparasitic activity against *Cichlidogyrus tilapia*.

Keywords: *Enantia chlorantha*; DFT; antimicrobial; Caspase-3; MCF-7 and HCT116 cell lines; *Cichlidogyrus tilapia*; Palmatine, Jatrorrhizine

Citation: To be added by editorial staff during production.

Academic Editor: Firstname Lastname

Received: date

Revised: date

Accepted: date

Published: date



Copyright: © 2023 by the authors. Submitted for possible open access publication under the terms and conditions of the Creative Commons Attribution (CC BY) license (<https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/>).

Table S1: The data of compounds (1-4) and B92 pending docking in Caspase-3 (PDB ID: 3KJF) active spots.

Caspase-3				
Compound	Energy score (S) (Kcal/mol)	Affinity Bond strength (Kcal/mol)	Affinity Bond length (in Å from the main residue)	Amino acids Receptor functional group
1	-5.71	-0.3	3.16	Ala 254 -CH ₂ -dihydroisoquinoline
		-2.2	1.94	Arg 207 OCH ₃
		-0.5	3.49	Phenyl of isoquinoline
		-0.2	3.44	Gly 122 =C H- phenyl of dihydro-isoquinoline
2	-5.58	-0.4	4.03	Cys163 OCH ₃
		-0.2	3.51	=CH- phenyl of dihydro-isoquinoline
		-0.2	3.29	His 121 Phenyl of dihydro-isoquinoline
		-0.3	4.94	Phenyl of isoquinoline
		-0.2	4.50	Met 61 Phenyl of isoquinoline
		-0.2	3.63	Glu 123 CH ₂ -dihydroisoquinoline
		-0.2	3.29	Gly 122 =CH- phenyl of isoquinoline =CH- phenyl of isoquinoline
3	-5.61	-0.2	4.20	Tyr 204 CH ₂ -dihydroisoquinoline
		-2.7	2.62	Ser 120 OH
		-0.2	3.58	Glu 123 =CH- phenyl of isoquinoline
		-0.2	3.26	Gly 122 =CH-phenyl of isoquinoline
4	-6.19	-0.4	4.20	Phe 256 -CH ₂ -cyclopentane ring
		-0.8	3.14	Cys 163 OH
		-0.2	3.78	-CH ₂ -phenanthrenol ring
		-1.1	2.92	His 121 OH
		-0.2	3.75	-CH ₂ -phenanthrenol ring
B92	-6.38	-0.3	4.36	Phe 256 -CH ₂ -cinnoline ring
		-0.6	4.81	Asn 208 Phenyl ring
		-2.7	3.08	Arg 207 C=O
		-0.4	3.31	OH
		-0.3	3.42	Cys 163 C=O
		-0.2	4.21	CH ₂ -pentanoic acid
		-0.4	3.03	Thr 62 C=O

Table S2: Physicochemical properties of compounds (1-4) (TPSA, Lipinskis' rule of five and Vebers' rule,)

Cpd. No.	Number of HBD* <5	Number of HBA* <10	MlogP <4.15	M.W.* (g/mol) <500	RT*	TPSA*	Lipiniskis' violations	Vebers' violations
1	0	4	2.01	352.40	4	40.80	0	0
2	1	4	1.78	338.38	3	51.80	0	0
3	1	4	1.78	338.38	3	51.80	0	0
4	1	1	6.73	414.71	6	20.23	1: MLOGP>4.15	0

*HBD: Hydrogen bond donor, HBA: Hydrogen bond acceptor, M.W.: Molecular weight, RT= rotatable bond, TPSA: topological polar surface area, MLOGP= Moriguchi octanol-water partition coefficient.