# Global Innovation Index 2021

Tracking Innovation through the COVID-19 Crisis





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# Global Innovation Index 2021

Tracking Innovation through the COVID-19 Crisis

Soumitra Dutta, Bruno Lanvin, Lorena Rivera León and Sacha Wunsch-Vincent Editors



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Suggested citation: WIPO (2021). Global Innovation Index 2021: Tracking Innovation through the COVID-19 Crisis. Geneva: World Intellectual Property Organization.

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World Intellectual Property Organization 34, chemin des Colombettes, P.O. Box 18 CH-1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland

ISBN (print): 978-92-805-3249-4 ISBN (online): 978-92-805-3307-1 DOI: 10.34667/tind.44315 ISSN (print): 2263-3693 ISSN (online): 2788-6972



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# **Foreword**



It is my great pleasure to introduce this year's *Global Innovation Index* (GII), now in its 14<sup>th</sup> edition, presenting the worldwide innovation landscape and annual performance rankings of some 130 economies.

This year's edition is being released in the middle of a continuing COVID-19 pandemic, which has taken a grim toll on lives and livelihoods, but also given us many examples of human ingenuity, resilience and adaptability. Indeed, the GII 2021 finds that the innovative sectors of the global economy have remained strong, despite severe disruptions.

To overcome the pandemic and build back better, we will need to continue supporting the translation of great ideas into game-changing products. How do we do this? This is the ultimate goal of the GII: to discover what works best in producing an ecosystem where people can achieve their highest potential, innovating and creating to improve lives everywhere.

The GII 2021 finds that governments and enterprises in many parts of the world have scaled up their investments in innovation during the COVID-19 pandemic. Meantime, scientific output, expenditures in research and development, intellectual property filings and venture capital deals continued to grow in 2020, building on strong peak pre-crisis performance.

But much more effort will be needed to vanquish the pandemic – and the GII can help. The GII's overall formula for measuring an economy's innovative capacity and output provides clarity for decision-makers in government, business and elsewhere as they look forward to creating policies that enable their people to invent and create more efficiently. That's key to overcoming the pandemic and building back better.

In the last decade and a half since its inception, the GII has supported countries around the globe as they improve their innovation investments and related policies. Dozens of countries from all regions and income groups already actively use the GII framework in the construction of their pro-innovation policies. It has charted the rising understanding of how important innovation is to growth in an interconnected but competitive worldwide economy.

As we look toward the exit of the current crisis, let us focus on using innovation to deepen the transformation of our economies and societies for the good of all. The pandemic has already accelerated digital ways of working, living and playing, while boosting technology trends all over the world. In this future world where technology, innovation and creativity are even more important for the global economy, it is my hope that the GII will continue to help guide policymakers and others so that we can build back better.

#### **Daren Tang**

Director General, World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO)

# **Acknowledgments**

The Global Innovation Index 2021 was prepared under the general direction of Daren Tang, Director General, in WIPO's IP and Innovation Ecosystems Sector led by Marco Alemán, Assistant Director General, and in the Department of Economics and Data Analytics led by Carsten Fink, Chief Economist.

The report and rankings are produced by a core team managed by Sacha Wunsch-Vincent, Head of Section, comprising Vanessa Behrens, Project Manager, Jack Gregory, Innovation Data Analyst, and Lorena Rivera León, Economist, from the WIPO Composite Indicator Research Section, and the following consultants: William Becker, Rafael Escalona Reynoso and Antanina Garanasvili.

Soumitra Dutta (Cornell University and Portulans Institute), Bruno Lanvin (Institut Européen d'Administration des Affaires, INSEAD and Portulans Institute), Lorena Rivera León (WIPO) and Sacha Wunsch-Vincent (WIPO) serve as co-editors of the GII.

The following WIPO colleagues provided substantive inputs: Hao Zhou, Director of Statistics, and Kyle Bergquist, Data Analyst, from the Statistics and Data Analytics Division, as well as colleagues from the External Relations Division, the Information and Digital Outreach Division, the IP and Innovation Ecosystems Sector, the Language Division, the News and Media Division, the Printing Plant, the Regional and National Development Sector, the WIPO Office in New York and China, WIPO's External Offices, as well as WIPO's Special Representative on the UN Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs).

A special thank you goes to the GII's Advisory Board, Corporate Network and Academic Network for their participation, as well as to the Competence Centre on Composite Indicators and Scoreboards (COIN) team from the European Commission's Joint Research Centre that conducted the statistical audit. The report was edited by Richard Cook and Andy Platts. Gratitude is also due to the creative production of the GII website carried out by StratAgile PTE Ltd.

We are grateful to the following individuals and institutions for their collaboration with data requests, and without whom the Index would not be what it is:

**App Annie**: Donny Kristianto and Lexi Sydow

**Brand Finance**: David Haigh and Parul Soni

**Bureau van Dijk , Moody Analytics**: Santhosh Metri and Petra Steiner

**Clarivate Analytics**: Bastien Blondin and Joseph Brightbill

**Eurostat, European Commission**: Jose da Silva Paredes and Sorina Vaju

**Gallup**: Kiki Papachristoforou, Andrew Rzepa and Christine Sheehan

**Global Entrepreneurship Monitor (GEM)**: Niels Bosma, Jonathan Carmona, Aileen Ionescu-Somers and Forrest Wright

**IHS Markit**: Mohsen Bonakdarpour and Karen Campbell

International Energy Agency (IEA): Nicolas Coënt, Taylor Morrison, Roberta Quadrelli and Céline Rouguette

International Labour Organization (ILO): Yves Perardel

International Monetary Fund (IMF)

International Organization for Standardization (ISO): Laurent Charlet and Cristina Draghici

#### **International Telecommunication**

**Union (ITU)**: Thierry Geiger, Esperanza Magpantay and Martin Schaaper

# Joint Research Centre of the European Commission:

Giulio Caperna, Giacomo Damioli, Valentina Montalto, Ana Rita Neves and Michaela Saisana from COIN; and Nicola Grassano and Héctor Hernández

# National Science Foundation

(NSF): Derek Hill

# Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

(OECD): Frédéric Bourassa, Miyako Ikeda, Caroline Paunov, Andreas Schleicher, Fabien Verger and Verena Weber

# PricewaterhouseCoopers (PwC):

Angela Suh and Ashley Worley

### QS Quacquarelli Symonds Ltd:

Selina Griffin, Andrew MacFarlane, Ben Sowter and Dennis Yu

**Refinitiv:** Cornelia Andersson, Richard Blachford, Sylvain Freneat, John-Philippe Lalive and Paul Metcalfe

SCImago: Félix de Moya Anegón

**Statista**: Jon Nielsen and Friedrich Schwandt

#### The Conference Board:

Klaas de Vries

**Trade Data Monitor LLC**: C. Donald Brasher Jr., Adam McCune, John Miller and Altan Yurdakul

#### **UNESCO Institute for Statistics**

**(UIS)**: Maria Helena Capelli Miguel, Lydia Deloumeaux, Talal El Hourani, Rohan Pathirage and José Pessoa

# United Nations Commodity Trade Statistics Database

United Nations Industrial
Development Organization
(UNIDO): Fernando Cantu Bazaldua,
Martin Haitzmann and
Valentin Todorov

# United Nations Public Administration Network

#### Wikimedia Foundation:

Dan Andreescu, Diego Sáez-Trumper and Leila Zia

**World Bank**: Robert Cull, Frederic Meunier, Jorge Rodríguez Meza and Christina Wiederer

#### World Economic Forum:

Sophie Brown and Roberto Crotti

# World Federation of Exchanges:

Mihaela Croitoru

# World Trade Organization (WTO):

Barbara D'Andrea Adrian, Christophe Degain, Florian Eberth and Ying Yan

Yale University: Zachary Wendling

ZookNIC Inc: Matthew Zook



# **Advisory Board**

In 2011, an Advisory Board was established to advise on the strategic direction of the GII, to help emphasize the role played by innovation in economic and social development, and to assist with the dissemination of GII results. The Advisory Board is a select group of international policymakers, thought-leaders and corporate executives. Members are drawn from diverse geographical and institutional backgrounds and participate in a personal capacity. We extend our gratitude to all Advisory Board members for their continued support and collaboration.

As departing members of the Advisory Board, we thank Dongmin Chen, Yuko Harayama, Beethika Khan, Chuan Poh Lim, Mary O'Kane and Sibusiso Sibisi for their contribution to previous editions of the GII.

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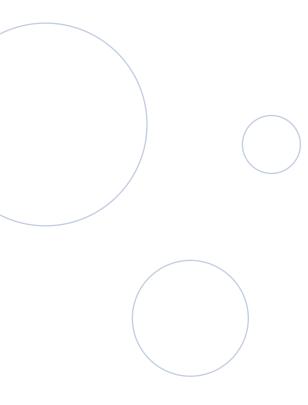
# **The GII Partners**

# **Foreword**





**Soumitra Dutta and Bruno Lanvin**Co-editors of the *Global Innovation Index*Co-founders of the Portulans Institute



In more than one respect, the year that has elapsed between the 2020 edition of the *Global Innovation Index* (GII) and the present one has been eventful and disruptive. The sudden outbreak of the COVID-19 pandemic has fundamentally altered the ways in which the world lives, works and learns. Innovation is changing in the post-pandemic era and the GII will continue to seek data-based validation of these changes.

As recovery packages continue to be deployed across major world economies, the fields of health, green and digital technology are attracting increased attention and funding. Advances and innovations can be expected in critical areas, such as health (for example, genetic engineering), pharmaceuticals (especially vaccines), energy production (with a focus on renewables), logistics and urban design, all powered by breakthroughs in artificial intelligence and quantum computing. The last edition of the GII laid out specific needs for entrepreneurship financing and measures to integrate innovation into post-crisis strategies. However, the jury is still out on the adequacy and effectiveness of the recovery packages and economic stimulus measures recently announced.

It is likely that innovation divides will be accentuated in the coming years, across economies, sectors and companies. Innovation ecosystems in many emerging economies have become fragile and will need to be supported by targeted policies. While sectors such as ICT, software and pharmaceuticals have increased spending on R&D in 2020, others

such as hospitality and automobiles, have reduced their R&D investments over the same period. This imbalance will need to be corrected as the future winners in all sectors will have to be innovative in terms of both new technologies and business models.

The GII report is now published by WIPO in partnership with the Portulans Institute, with the support of our corporate network partners, the Confederation of Indian Industry (CII), Brazilian National Confederation of Industry (CNI), Ecopetrol Group (Colombia) and the Turkish Exporters Assembly (TIM). The GII will continue to provide factual evidence and reliable data to inform the many essential debates around innovation. Indeed, the 2021 edition of the GII proposes the use of a novel GII Global Innovation Tracker to monitor some of the issues mentioned above. This new effort is fully in line with the GII's goal of advancing a data-based understanding of innovation.

An important new element of the GII ecosystem this year is the creation of an Academic Network comprising nine important global academic institutions: American University in Cairo (Egypt), Cornell University (United States of America), EGADE Business School (Mexico), Higher School of Economics (Russian Federation), INSEAD (France/ Singapore), Lagos Business School (Nigeria), Peking University (China), Universidad de Los Andes (Colombia) and University of São Paulo (Brazil). The GII Academic Network will play a key role in creating new innovation programs for faculties and students globally.

We look forward to a fruitful collaboration in growing the global impact of the GII under the new leadership of WIPO's Director General, Daren Tang, and creating new programs that focus on corporate innovation and young entrepreneurs.

# **Corporate Network**



Chandrajit Banerjee Director General Confederation of Indian Industry (CII)

# Innovation in a new world: Lives, livelihoods and an economic reboot

The unprecedented global crisis that resulted from the outbreak of COVID-19 has propelled us into reinvigorating the important dimension of innovation in order to mitigate the pandemic's profound adverse effects on the economy and restore growth, calling for nations to embrace innovation as never before. While the crisis has naturally stimulated interest in innovative health-care solutions, it has also catalyzed other areas, such as remote working, distance learning, e-commerce and mobility solutions.

India is well known for its close relationship with innovation, from developing low-cost vaccines to frugal space programmes, and safeguarding millions of lives through the development of effective warning systems for cyclones. In these challenging times, the Confederation of Indian Industry (CII) has been working around the clock alongside the Indian Government and industry to combat the impact of the pandemic through policy advocacy, production and dissemination of appropriate technology by industry, creation and augmentation of medical infrastructure, and numerous other interventions.

Over the years, the Global Innovation Index (GII) has been instrumental in allowing India to shape its policies and design an actionable agenda for innovation excellence. It is indeed both a privilege and an honour for the CII to host the Indian launch of the GII every year and the historic global launch in 2019. The GII launch is a clear indicator of the phenomenal recognition of India's standing in innovation.

As nations formulate appropriate strategies for saving lives and design economic growth trajectories, the GII 2021 report will provide a significant reference point, allowing countries to assess their innovation capabilities, potential, readiness and resilience, not only to fight the current and future crises, but also to seek economic recovery and to create business models that will survive and thrive in the new post-pandemic world.

I appreciate the tireless efforts of the GII team in producing this latest edition of the Index during the crisis. The CII is privileged to have been associated with the GII since its inception and we believe it will continue to aid the global innovation journey.

I congratulate the GII team and wish them all the very best.



Robson Braga de Andrade President Brazilian National Confederation of industry (CNI)

# Innovation: A vaccine to boost Brazil's competitiveness

The COVID-19 pandemic has triggered severe health and economic crises that will have lasting impacts. Vaccine research and scientific investigation to prevent the spread of coronavirus have increased awareness of the pivotal role of science, technology and innovation (STI) in economic and social development.

Brazil has yet to put STI at the heart of its long-term development strategy. The necessity of prioritizing the provision of public services is often used to justify a lack of focus on STI spending. Difficulties in public budget management, combined with deep-seated structural economic problems and a lack of long-term vision further exacerbate this situation.

The Entrepreneurial Mobilization for Innovation (MEI), a group coordinated by the Brazilian National Confederation of Industry (CNI), comprising 300 of the top business leaders in the country, advocates that innovation is fundamental in promoting sustainable growth and addressing chronic problems, including the provision of basic services. MEI operates as a space for public–private dialogue, allowing public policy proposals to improve the national innovation ecosystem to be presented and debated.

MEI has many achievements to show for its 13 years of existence, yet much still remains to be done. For Brazil to become a truly innovative economy, we need to be among the top 30 economies in the *Global Innovation Index* (GII) and the government's policy, launched in 2020, pledges to make concerted efforts toward achieving this goal.

MEI contributes to this national endeavor by means of specific agendas on STI policy and governance; regulatory framework; financing; strategic human resources; open innovation; sustainability; and digital transformation. The GII and other international benchmark studies are fundamental inputs on these fronts, providing an understanding of our strengths and identifying gaps.

CNI believes that the GII provides an important annual reference on innovation progress in different nations and, as such, offers excellent guidance to policymakers and companies in Brazil, contributing to the national debate, informing public–private dialogue and strengthening joint efforts toward a globally competitive Brazilian innovation ecosystem.

Have a great read!



**Felipe Bayón Pardo**Chief Executive Officer
Ecopetrol Group

# Committed to "making the impossible possible"

Ecopetrol began three years ago an unprecedented reinvention process. Digital transformation has played a fundamental role in making the Company what it is today: more efficient, more solid and more resilient to crises. In response to the energy transition, we have based our strategy on sustainability. In fact, at Ecopetrol we talk about TESG, whereby technology and innovation act as catalysts for the environmental, social and governance dimensions (ESG). We define TESG as making a long-term contribution and being a value generation model that aims for responsible, safe and efficient operations, harmonizing relations with the environment and our stakeholders under a transparent and ethical governance framework and using technology to develop innovative solutions to current and future challenges. In this way, we put technology and innovation at the heart of sustainability.

As an integrated business group, Ecopetrol is addressing the energy transition in four ways: i) by increasing the competitiveness of existing assets, ii) by diversifying into low-emissions businesses, iii) by accelerating decarbonization to achieve the goal of net zero carbon emissions by 2050, and iv) by deepening our TESG agenda. This is underpinned by the development of talent, knowledge and innovation. A key principle of our corporate culture is "Making the impossible possible, implementing innovative solutions with anticipation and technology," thereby enhancing Ecopetrol's goal of becoming the energy that transforms Colombia.

Our 2021–2023 Business Plan includes investments in technology and innovation of between US\$100 and US\$150 million. For this financial year, around US\$20 million has been allocated to the research and development of technologies for energy transition and carbon neutrality.

We at Ecopetrol are aware that we cannot do it all on our own, which is why we have been strengthening our working in partnership with both public and private entities, including Microsoft, IHS Markit, Plug and Play, Israel's Innovation Authority, Colombia's Ministry of Science, Technology and Innovation, and iNNpulsa Colombia. We have also created strategic alliances with young entrepreneurs to better face the multiple challenges that confront our industry.

We also require disruptive solutions. This is why we joined the *Global Innovation Index*'s (GII) Corporate Network. We are convinced that by working jointly with the best, we can continue to make the impossible possible for the benefit of the company, its stakeholders and an innovative Colombia.



İsmail Gülle Chair Turkish Exporters Assembly (TİM)

# Innovation: A crucial indicator for Turkey's value-added export

Innovation is an instrument of development that plays an increasingly important role in global trade. Particularly over the past two decades, the arena of global trade has been changing, with economies of scale gradually being replaced by an innovation economy focused on high value-added products and services.

This shift in focus is why Turkey attributes great importance to innovation programs and monitoring tools, such as the *Global Innovation Index* (GII). Turkish exporters are making rapid progress toward their goal of becoming pioneers of innovation in every field. Over 100,000 exporting companies want to add innovation to their products and services.

The Turkish Exporters Assembly (TİM) is maintaining its support for innovation programs like InoSuit, to strengthen university-industry cooperation, InovaLEAGUE, designed to identify innovation champions, InovaTİM, which educates students from 176 universities on the subject of innovation, and TİM-TEB Global House, which empowers 20 percent of all tech startups in Turkey and has raised more than 1,200 entrepreneurs. Additionally, we organize annual innovation events, such as Turkey Innovation Week - the largest gathering of the innovation ecosystem, coordinated by the Ministry of Commerce. Thanks to these programs, the number of Turkish exporters, specifically those with high value-added products, is gradually increasing.

With these long-established initiatives, TİM aims to improve Turkey's GII ranking and to realize the goals set out in the Turkish Global Innovation Index 2023 Roadmap, generated by TIM and the Ministry of Industry and Technology under the auspices of the Presidency of the Republic of Turkey. Inspired by the GII, a digital platform reports the monthly developments of 24 institutions for 69 GII indicators, and eight separate GII working committees have been set up to create medium- and long-term actions for the national roadmap. In this context. I would also like to thank the TİM Innovation Committee for their GII-focused efforts.

We wholeheartedly believe that, with the vital contribution of the GII, Turkey will continue in its endeavors to increase exports of innovative, high value-added products and services in a sustainable fashion.

# **Corporate Network Partners**

Since its inception in 2007, the GII has been supported by Knowledge Partners drawn from the private sector; more specifically, firms, consultancies, or industry associations keen to promote innovation and spur competitiveness. Their contribution is an important source of influence for the GII – firms and private sector entities are, after all, at the heart of innovation. As of 2021, these partners constitute the GII's Corporate Network, supported by the Portulans Institute. In 2021, the GII Corporate Network comprises the Confederation of Indian Industry (the longest-standing corporate partner since 2008), the Brazilian National Confederation of Industry (a partner since 2017), as well as the Turkish Exporters Assembly and Ecopetrol Group, which both joined this year. We extend our gratitude to all corporate partners for their invaluable support.

# Brazilian National Confederation of Industry (CNI)

Robson Braga de Andrade, President; Gianna Sagazio, Innovation Director; Cândida Oliveira, Innovation Executive Manager; Julieta Costa Cunha, Industrial Development Specialist.

# Confederation of Indian Industry (CII)

Chandrajit Banerjee,
Director General;
S. Raghupathy, Deputy
Director General; Ashish
Mohan, Principal Counsellor
and Head, Technology,
Design, Research,
Innovation
& Intellectual Property
Creation; Namita Bahl,
Deputy Director, Technology
& Innovation; Divya Arya,
Executive Officer,
Technology & Innovation.

# **Ecopetrol Group**

Felipe Bayón Pardo, Chief Executive Officer of the Ecopetrol Group; Ernesto José Gutierrez de Piñeres Luna, Digital Vice President of Ecopetrol; William Jose Mora Villamizar, Head of department of digital factories.

# Turkish Exporters Assembly (TİM)

İsmail Gülle, Chair; Kutlu Karavelioğlu, Deputy Chair; and the following Innovation Committee Members: Orhan Sabuncu, Birol Celep, Melisa Tokgöz Mutlu, Hüseyin Memişoğlu, Feyyaz Ünal, Jak Eskinazi, Ahmet Şişman, Mustafa Ertekin. Belma Ünal, Corporate Communication Director; Senem Sanal Sezerer, Deputy Secretary General; Kübra Ulutaş, Deputy Secretary General; Meltem Demirtas, Chief; Gökhan Ezgin, Chief; and the following experts: Gülçin Yekin, Çağrı Köse, Burak Günaydin, Nebile Mercan.

Past corporate partners include Alcatel-Lucent, A.T. Kearney, Booz & Company, the Brazilian Micro and Small Business Support Service (SEBRAE), Canon, Dassault Systèmes, du (a telecommunications company), Huawei, IMP³rove – European Innovation Management Academy, PricewaterhouseCoopers (PwC), and strategy&.

# **Academic Network partners**

In 2021, an Academic Network was established to engage world-leading universities – faculty members and graduate students included – in GII research and support the dissemination of GII results within the academic community. The Academic Network welcomes the contribution of researchers and institutions active in diverse fields, including business management, law, public policy and science. We extend our gratitude to all Academic Network partners for their support.

Brazil: University of São Paulo (USP), School of Economics, Management, Accounting and Actuarial Sciences, Moacir de Miranda Oliveira Júnior, Head, Business Administration Department

China: Peking University, Office of Science and Technology Development, Weihao Yao, Director

Colombia: Universidad de los Andes, School of Management, Veneta Stefanova Andonova Zuleta, Dean; and Carolina Davila Aranda, International Office Director

Egypt: The American University in Cairo (AUC), School of Business, Sherif Kamel, Dean

France: Institut Européen d'Administration des Affaires (INSEAD), Bruno Lanvin, Distinguished Fellow

Mexico: Tecnológico de Monterrey EGADE Business School, Osmar Zavaleta, Dean Nigeria: Lagos Business School Pan-Atlantic University (LBS), Chris Ogbechie, Dean

Russian Federation:
Higher School of
Economics (HSE),
Institute for Statistical
Studies and Economics of
Knowledge, Leonid
Gokhberg, Director and
First Vice-Rector

United States of America: Cornell SC Johnson College of Business, Soumitra Dutta, Professor and Former Founding Dean

# GII 2021

# GII 2021 at a glance

The Global Innovation Index 2021 captures the innovation ecosystem performance of 132 economies and tracks the most recent global innovation trends.



# Top three innovation economies by region



# Top three innovation economies by income group

| High-income                    | Upper middle-income | Lower middle-income | Low-income      |  |
|--------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-----------------|--|
| 1. Switzerland                 | 1. China            | 1. Viet Nam         | 1. Rwanda ↑     |  |
| 2. Sweden                      | 2. Bulgaria ↑       | 2. India ↑          | 2. Tajikistan ☆ |  |
| 3. United States of<br>America | 3. Malaysia ↓       | 3. Ukraine ↓        | 3. Malawi ☆     |  |

- $\uparrow \downarrow$  Indicates the movement of rank within the top three, relative to 2020, and
- ☆ indicates a new entrant into the top three in 2021.
- † Top three in Northern Africa and Western Asia (NAWA) – excluding island economies. The top four in the region, including all economies, are as follows: Israel (1<sup>st</sup>), Cyprus (2<sup>nd</sup>), United Arab Emirates (3<sup>rd</sup>) and Turkey (4<sup>th</sup>).
- \* Top three in sub-Saharan Africa (SSA) – excluding island economies. The top five in the region comprise Mauritius (1st), South Africa (2nd), Kenya (3rd), Cabo Verde (4th) and the United Republic of Tanzania (5th).

Source: Global Innovation Index Database, WIPO, 2021.

Notes: World Bank Income Group Classification (June 2020). Year-on-year GII rank changes are influenced by performance and methodological considerations; some economy data are incomplete (see Appendix I).

# **Global Innovation Index 2021 rankings**

| GII<br>rank | Economy                    | Score        | Income<br>group<br>rank | Region<br>rank | GII<br>rank | Economy                             | Score        | Income<br>group<br>rank |
|-------------|----------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|----------------|-------------|-------------------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|
| 1           | Switzerland                | 65.5         | 1                       | 1              | 67          | Colombia                            | 31.7         | 17                      |
| 2           | Sweden                     | 63.1         | 2                       | 2              | 68          | Qatar                               | 31.5         | 45                      |
| 3           | United States of America   | 61.3         | 3                       | 1              | 69          | Armenia                             | 31.4         | 18                      |
| 4           | United Kingdom             | 59.8         | 4                       | 3              | 70          | Peru                                | 31.2         | 19                      |
| 5           | Republic of Korea          | 59.3         | 5                       | 1              | 71          | Tunisia                             | 30.7         | 7                       |
| 6           | Netherlands                | 58.6         | 6                       | 4              | 72          | Kuwait                              | 29.9         | 46                      |
| _ 7         | Finland                    | 58.4         | 7                       | 5              | 73          | Argentina                           | 29.8         | 20                      |
| 8           | Singapore                  | 57.8         | 8                       | 2              | 74          | Jamaica                             | 29.6         | 21                      |
| 10          | Denmark                    | 57.3         | 9 10                    | 6<br>7         | 75<br>76    | Bosnia and Herzegovina              | 29.6<br>29.4 | 22<br>47                |
| 11          | Germany<br>France          | 57.3<br>55.0 | 11                      | 8              | 77          | Oman<br>Morocco                     | 29.4         | 8                       |
| 12          | China                      | 54.8         | 1                       | 3              | 78          | Bahrain                             | 28.8         | 48                      |
| 13          | Japan                      | 54.5         | 12                      | 4              | 79          | Kazakhstan                          | 28.6         | 23                      |
| 14          | Hong Kong, China           | 53.7         | 13                      | 5              | 80          | Azerbaijan                          | 28.4         | 24                      |
| 15          | Israel                     | 53.4         | 14                      | 1              | 81          | Jordan                              | 28.3         | 25                      |
| 16          | Canada                     | 53.1         | 15                      | 2              | 82          | Brunei Darussalam                   | 28.2         | 49                      |
| 17          | Iceland                    | 51.8         | 16                      | 9              | 83          | Panama                              | 28.0         | 50                      |
| 18          | Austria                    | 50.9         | 17                      | 10             | 84          | Albania                             | 28.0         | 26                      |
| 19          | Ireland                    | 50.7         | 18                      | 11             | 85          | Kenya                               | 27.5         | 9                       |
| 20          | Norway                     | 50.4         | 19                      | 12             | 86          | Uzbekistan                          | 27.4         | 10                      |
| 21          | Estonia                    | 49.9         | 20                      | 13             | 87          | Indonesia                           | 27.1         | 27                      |
| 22          | Belgium                    | 49.2         | 21                      | 14             | 88          | Paraguay                            | 26.4         | 28                      |
| 23          | Luxembourg                 | 49.0         | 22                      | 15             | 89          | Cabo Verde                          | 25.7         | 11                      |
| 24<br>25    | Czech Republic Australia   | 49.0<br>48.3 | 23<br>24                | 16<br>6        | 90<br>91    | United Republic of Tanzania Ecuador | 25.6<br>25.4 | 12<br>29                |
| 26          | New Zealand                | 47.5         | 25                      | 7              | 92          | Lebanon                             | 25.4         | 30                      |
| 27          | Malta                      | 47.3         | 26                      | 17             | 93          | Dominican Republic                  | 25.1         | 31                      |
| 28          | Cyprus                     | 46.7         | 27                      | 2              | 94          | Egypt                               | 25.1         | 13                      |
| 29          | Italy                      | 45.7         | 28                      | 18             | 95          | Sri Lanka                           | 25.1         | 14                      |
| 30          | Spain                      | 45.4         | 29                      | 19             | 96          | El Salvador                         | 25.0         | 15                      |
| 31          | Portugal                   | 44.2         | 30                      | 20             | 97          | Trinidad and Tobago                 | 24.8         | 51                      |
| 32          | Slovenia                   | 44.1         | 31                      | 21             | 98          | Kyrgyzstan                          | 24.5         | 16                      |
| 33          | United Arab Emirates       | 43.0         | 32                      | 3              | 99          | Pakistan                            | 24.4         | 17                      |
| 34          | Hungary                    | 42.7         | 33                      | 22             | 100         | Namibia                             | 24.3         | 32                      |
| 35          | Bulgaria                   | 42.4         | 2                       | 23             | 101         | Guatemala                           | 24.1         | 33                      |
| 36          | Malaysia                   | 41.9         | 3                       | 8              | 102         | Rwanda                              | 23.9         | 1                       |
| 37          | Slovakia                   | 40.2         | 34                      | 24             | 103         | Tajikistan                          | 23.9         | 2                       |
| 38          | Latvia                     | 40.0         | 35                      | 25             | 104         | Bolivia (Plurinational State of)    | 23.4         | 18                      |
| 39<br>40    | Lithuania                  | 39.9         | 36<br>37                | 26<br>27       | 105<br>106  | Senegal                             | 23.3<br>22.9 | 19                      |
| 41          | Poland<br>Turkey           | 39.9<br>38.3 | 4                       | 4              | 107         | Botswana<br>Malawi                  | 22.9         | 34                      |
| 42          | Croatia                    | 37.3         | 38                      | 28             | 108         | Honduras                            | 22.8         | 20                      |
| 43          | Thailand                   | 37.2         | 5                       | 9              | 109         | Cambodia                            | 22.8         | 21                      |
| 44          | Viet Nam                   | 37.0         | 1                       | 10             | 110         | Madagascar                          | 22.5         | 4                       |
| 45          | Russian Federation         | 36.6         | 6                       | 29             | 111         | Nepal                               | 22.5         | 22                      |
| 46          | India                      | 36.4         | 2                       | 1              | 112         | Ghana                               | 22.3         | 23                      |
| 47          | Greece                     | 36.3         | 39                      | 30             | 113         | Zimbabwe                            | 21.9         | 24                      |
| 48          | Romania                    | 35.6         | 40                      | 31             | 114         | Côte d'Ivoire                       | 21.0         | 25                      |
| 49          | Ukraine                    | 35.6         | 3                       | 32             | 115         | Burkina Faso                        | 20.5         | 5                       |
| 50          | Montenegro                 | 35.4         | 7                       | 33             | 116         | Bangladesh                          | 20.2         | 26                      |
| 51          | Philippines                | 35.3         | 4                       | 11             | 117         | Lao People's Democratic Republic    | 20.2         | 27                      |
| 52          | Mauritius                  | 35.2         | 41                      | 1              | 118         | Nigeria                             | 20.1         | 28                      |
| 53          | Chile                      | 35.1         | 42                      | 1              | 119         | Uganda                              | 20.0         | 6                       |
| 54          | Serbia                     | 35.0         | 8                       | 34             | 120         | Algeria                             | 19.9         | 29                      |
| 55          | Mexico<br>Costo Pico       | 34.5         | 9                       | 2              | 121         | Zambia                              | 19.8         | 30                      |
| 56<br>57    | Costa Rica<br>Brazil       | 34.5<br>34.2 | 10<br>11                | 3<br>4         | 122<br>123  | Mozambique<br>Cameroon              | 19.7<br>19.7 | 7<br>31                 |
| 58          | Mongolia                   | 34.2         | 5                       | 12             | 124         | Mali                                | 19.7         | 8                       |
| 59          | North Macedonia            | 34.2         | 12                      | 35             | 125         | Togo                                | 19.3         | 9                       |
| 60          | Iran (Islamic Republic of) | 32.9         | 13                      | 2              | 126         | Ethiopia                            | 18.6         | 10                      |
| 61          | South Africa               | 32.7         | 14                      | 2              | 127         | Myanmar                             | 18.4         | 32                      |
| 62          | Belarus                    | 32.6         | 15                      | 36             | 128         | Benin                               | 18.0         | 33                      |
| 63          | Georgia                    | 32.4         | 16                      | 5              | 129         | Niger                               | 17.8         | 11                      |
| 64          | Republic of Moldova        | 32.3         | 6                       | 37             | 130         | Guinea                              | 16.7         | 12                      |
| 65          | Uruguay                    | 32.2         | 43                      | 5              | 131         | Yemen                               | 15.4         | 13                      |
| 66          | Saudi Arabia               | 31.8         | 44                      | 6              | 132         | Angola                              | 15.0         | 34                      |

Source: Global Innovation Index Database, WIPO, 2021.

Note: For an explanation of classifications, see Economy profiles, note 1.

High-income
Uper middle-income
Lower middle-income
Low-income

Europe
Northern America
Latin America and the Caribbean

South East Asia, East Asia, and Oceania Central and Southern

Northern Africa and Western Asia
Sub-Saharan Africa

Region rank

7

13

7

9

20

# Innovation performance at different income levels, 2021

|                           | High-income group        | Upper middle-income group  | Lower middle-income group         | Low-income group     |
|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------|
| Performance above         | Switzerland              | China                      | Viet Nam                          | Rwanda               |
| expectations for          | Sweden                   | Bulgaria                   | India                             | Malawi               |
| level of development      | United States of America | Thailand                   | Ukraine                           | Madagascar           |
|                           | United Kingdom           | Brazil                     | Philippines                       | Tajikistan           |
|                           | Republic of Korea        | Iran (Islamic Republic of) | Mongolia                          | Burkina Faso         |
|                           | Netherlands              | South Africa               | Republic of Moldova               | Uganda               |
|                           | Finland                  | Peru                       | Tunisia                           | Mozambique           |
|                           | Singapore                | Malaysia                   | Morocco                           | Mali                 |
|                           | Denmark                  | Turkey                     | Kenya                             | Togo                 |
|                           | Germany                  | Russian Federation         | United Republic of Tanzania       | Niger                |
|                           | France                   | Montenegro                 | Uzbekistan                        | Ethiopia             |
|                           | Japan                    | Serbia                     | Cabo Verde                        | Guinea               |
|                           | Hong Kong, China         | Mexico                     | El Salvador                       | Yemen                |
|                           | Israel                   | Costa Rica                 | Kyrgyzstan                        |                      |
|                           | Canada                   | North Macedonia            | Pakistan                          |                      |
|                           | Iceland                  | Belarus                    | Bolivia (Plurinational State of)  |                      |
|                           | Austria                  | Georgia                    | Senegal                           |                      |
|                           | Ireland                  | Colombia                   | Honduras                          |                      |
|                           | Norway                   | Armenia                    | Cambodia                          |                      |
|                           | Estonia                  | Jamaica                    | Nepal                             |                      |
|                           | Belgium                  | Bosnia and Herzegovina     | Ghana                             |                      |
|                           | Luxembourg               | Azerbaijan                 | Zimbabwe                          |                      |
|                           | Czech Republic           | Jordan                     | Zambia                            |                      |
|                           | Australia                | Albania                    | Egypt                             |                      |
| Performance in            | New Zealand              | Indonesia                  | Sri Lanka                         |                      |
| line with level of        | Malta                    | Paraguay                   | Côte d'Ivoire                     |                      |
| development               | Cyprus                   | Ecuador                    | Bangladesh                        |                      |
|                           | Italy                    | Namibia                    | Lao People's Democratic           |                      |
|                           | Spain                    | Guatemala                  | Republic                          |                      |
|                           | Portugal                 | Argentina                  | Nigeria                           |                      |
|                           | Slovenia                 | Kazakhstan                 | Algeria                           |                      |
|                           | Hungary                  | Lebanon                    | Cameroon                          |                      |
|                           | Slovakia                 | Dominican Republic         | Myanmar                           |                      |
|                           | Latvia                   | Botswana                   | Benin                             |                      |
|                           | Poland                   |                            | Angola                            |                      |
|                           | Croatia                  |                            |                                   |                      |
|                           | Mauritius                |                            |                                   |                      |
|                           | Chile                    |                            |                                   |                      |
|                           | Uruguay                  |                            |                                   |                      |
| All other economies       | United Arab Emirates     |                            |                                   |                      |
| 7 till Ottilor Occinomico | Lithuania                |                            |                                   |                      |
|                           | Greece                   |                            |                                   |                      |
|                           | Romania                  |                            |                                   |                      |
|                           | Saudi Arabia             |                            |                                   |                      |
|                           | Qatar                    |                            |                                   |                      |
|                           | Kuwait                   |                            |                                   |                      |
|                           | Oman                     |                            |                                   |                      |
|                           | Bahrain                  |                            |                                   |                      |
|                           | Brunei Darussalam        |                            |                                   |                      |
|                           | Panama                   |                            |                                   |                      |
|                           | Trinidad and Tobago      |                            |                                   |                      |
|                           |                          | 1                          | Source: Global Innovation Index D | atabase, WIPO, 2021. |

# **Key takeaways**

# The state of innovation throughout the COVID-19 crisis

1. The GII 2021 finds that investment in innovation has shown great resilience during the COVID-19 pandemic, often reaching new peaks, but that it varies across sectors and regions

Investment in innovation reached an all-time high prior to the pandemic, with research and development (R&D) having grown an exceptional 8.5 percent in 2019.

When the pandemic hit, the big question was what its effect on innovation would be. Historical evidence suggested a severe cutback in innovation investments.

However, despite the human toll and the economic shock resulting from the pandemic, scientific output, R&D expenditure, IP filings and venture capital (VC) deals continued to grow in 2020, building on peak pre-crisis performance:

- Publication of scientific articles worldwide grew by 7.6 percent in 2020.
- Government budget allocations for the top R&D spending economies that have already disclosed their R&D budgets continued to grow in 2020. The top global corporate R&D spenders, for which data is available, grew overall R&D expenditure by around 10 percent in 2020, with 60 percent of R&D-intensive firms reporting an increase.
- International patent filings via WIPO reached a new all-time high in 2020. An increase of 3.5 percent was driven by medical technology, pharmaceuticals and biotechnology.
- VC deals grew by 5.8 percent in 2020, exceeding the average growth rate for the past 10 years.
   Strong growth in the Asia Pacific region more than compensated for declines in Northern America and Europe. Africa and Latin America and the Caribbean also registered double-digit increases. First quarter figures suggest VC activity will be even more vibrant in 2021.

Firms whose innovation was at the heart of measures to contain the pandemic and its fallout – notably (i) software and information and communication technology (ICT) services, (ii) ICT hardware and electrical equipment and (iii) pharmaceuticals and biotechnology – amplified their investments in innovation. Firms in sectors heavily hit by the pandemic's containment measures – such as transport and travel – cut back their innovation outlays.

However, despite such cutbacks, available data suggest that innovation investments overall proved resilient in the face of the pandemic; and especially so when compared to the depth of the economic downturn.

# 2. Technological progress at the frontier holds substantial promise

The rapid development of COVID-19 vaccines powerfully fulfills the promise of technological progress. Progress also continues apace in other technology fields – for example, ICT and renewable energy – with the potential to raise living standards, improve human health and protect the environment.

#### Results of the Global Innovation Index 2021

# 3. Only a few economies have consistently delivered peak innovation performance

- Switzerland, Sweden, the U.S., and the U.K. have all ranked among the top 5 in the past three years, while the Republic of Korea joins the top 5 of the GII for the first time in 2021.
- The majority of the GII top 25 most innovative economies continue to be from Europe.
- Five Asian economies feature among the top 15 the Republic of Korea (5<sup>th</sup>) and Singapore (8<sup>th</sup>) are in the top 10, followed by China (12<sup>th</sup>), Japan (13<sup>th</sup>) and Hong Kong, China (14<sup>th</sup>).
- 4. Selected middle-income economies are changing the innovation landscape, starting with China, Turkey, Viet Nam, India and the Philippines are now pulling their weight
- China remains the only middle-income economy among the top 30 most innovative economies globally.
   Few other middle-income economies have managed to catch-up in innovation.
- Turkey (41st), Thailand (43<sup>rd</sup>), Viet Nam (44<sup>th</sup>), the Russia Federation (45<sup>th</sup>), India (46<sup>th</sup>), Ukraine (49<sup>th</sup>) and Montenegro (50<sup>th</sup>) make it into the GII top 50 this year.
- The TVIP economies alone (Turkey, Viet Nam, India and the Philippines) are systematically catching up. Beyond China, these four particularly large economies together have the potential to change the global innovation landscape for good.

# 5. Several developing economies are performing above expectation on innovation relative to their level of economic development

- India, Kenya, the Republic of Moldova, and Viet Nam hold the record for overperforming on innovation relative to their level of development for the 11<sup>th</sup> year in a row.
- Brazil, the Islamic Republic of Iran and Peru overperformed in 2021 for the first time ever.
- Sub-Saharan Africa is the region with the largest number of overperforming economies.

# 6. The geography of global innovation is changing unevenly

- Northern America and Europe continue to lead far in front of other regions for innovation.
- The innovation performance of South East Asia, East Asia, and Oceania (SEAO) has been the most dynamic in the past decade, and is the only region closing the gap.
- Northern Africa and Western Asia, Latin America and the Caribbean, Central and Southern Asia, and sub-Saharan Africa then follow in that order, albeit – despite strong performances by the Islamic Republic of Iran, Chile, the United Arab Emirates and South Africa – they remain stubbornly a long distance behind.
- In Latin America and the Caribbean, only Chile, Mexico, Costa Rica and Brazil rank among the top 60. Except for Mexico, few economies in this region have managed consistently to up their ranking over the past 10 years.
- In sub-Saharan Africa, only Mauritius and South Africa rank in the top 65; and only Kenya and the United Republic of Tanzania have remained firmly in the top 100 and improved their performance over time. Rwanda regained the lead position among low-income economies in this year's edition of the GII.

# 7. New science and technology (S&T) clusters are emerging, with the majority located in only a handful of countries

- Tokyo-Yokohama is the top performing S&T cluster once again, followed by Shenzhen-Hong Kong-Guangzhou, Beijing, Seoul and San Jose-San Francisco.
- The U.S. continues to host the highest number of clusters, followed by China, Germany, and Japan. Clusters in China recorded the largest increases in S&T output.
- Brazil, China, India, the Islamic Republic of Iran, Turkey, and the Russian Federation are all middleincome economies hosting top S&T clusters, with big growth seen in Delhi, Mumbai and Istanbul.

# **Global Innovation Tracker**

What is the global state of innovation? Has the pandemic slowed or accelerated investments in innovation? How fast is the rate of technological progress? How do new technologies change the world?

This new segment of the GII provides a perspective on global innovation performance, drawing on a select set of indicators.



# Science and innovation investments

Scientific publications Short term

R&D expenditures

Total

Business

International patent filings

Venture capital deals

Long term

 $2010 \rightarrow 2020$  (annual growth)

2009 → 2019 (annual growth)

2009 → 2019 (annual growth)

 $2010 \rightarrow 2020$  (annual growth)

 $2010 \rightarrow 2020$  (annual growth)



# **Technological** progress

Microchip transistor Short term

 $2018 \rightarrow 2019$ 

Costs of renewable energy

Solar photovoltaic

Onshore wind

2018 → 2019

Drug approvals

Long term

 $2009 \rightarrow 2019$ (annual growth)

(annual growth)

(annual growth)



# Socioeconomic impact

Short term

Labor productivity

2019 → 2020

Life expectancy

2018 → 2019

Carbon dioxide emissions

2018 → 2019

Long term

 $2010 \rightarrow 2020$ (annual growth)

(annual growth)

(annual growth)

Monitoring the pulse of innovation is no easy task. Transforming an idea into a new good or service can take months, if not years. It takes even longer for technological advances to be widely adopted, create new jobs, enhance economic productivity and improve people's health and well-being. Today's progress is the result of past innovations; today's innovations, in turn, sow the seeds for progress in the years to come.

No single indicator captures the full spectrum of innovation performance from idea inception to impact. This is precisely why the GII relies on a wide set of indicators to measure the innovation performance of economies. Similarly, to capture key innovation trends, the Global Innovation Tracker looks at a variety of data points. It does so for three broad stages of the innovation journey: science and innovation investments; technological progress; and socioeconomic impact.

## Science and innovation investments

The global pandemic has had a profound effect on economic activity. Global output declined by 3.3 percent in 2020, as containment measures to tackle the pandemic caused overall demand to decline and supply chains to fail (IMF, 2021). Financial market uncertainty soared. Historical experience would suggest that such adverse conditions would prompt a cutback in innovation investments. In many ways, however, this crisis differs from previous macroeconomic crises. Certain sectors – from personal protective equipment and consumer electronics to bicycles and home delivery services – actually experienced increased demand. Innovation, in turn, has been at the center of the fight to combat the pandemic and contain its impact.

The key indicators of global science and innovation investments – scientific publications, research and development (R&D) expenditures, international patent filings and venture capital deals – reflect this mixed impact of the pandemic.

#### Scientific publications

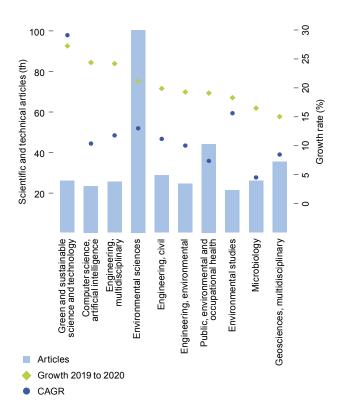
The pandemic has left no obvious mark on overall scientific output. The publication of scientific articles worldwide grew by 7.6 percent in 2020 – lower than the 2019 growth rate, but faster than the 10-year average growth rate (see Dashboard). The top five origins of scientific output – China, the United States, the United Kingdom, Germany and India – all saw lower growth in 2020 than in 2019, bearing in mind that the 2019 growth rates were exceptionally high.

The top five fields of scientific publishing in 2020 remained the same as in 2019: multidisciplinary materials science, environmental sciences, electrical and electronic engineering, multidisciplinary chemistry and applied physics.

Looking at the fastest growing scientific fields, some influence of the pandemic appears visible. Health and, in particular, the field of *public*, *environmental* and occupational health saw record growth in 2020 (19.1 percent, Figure 1). The latter field covers topics such as virus transmission and measures to prevent the spread of diseases, as well as the psychological distress resulting from the pandemic. That said, other non-pandemic related fields, such as cancer research, also contributed to the fast growth in health-related scientific output.

Overall, environmental topics continue to register fast growth in scientific output (see Figure 1). Environmental sciences grew by 21.2 percent in 2020, overtaking electrical and electronic engineering as the second most active publication field. Twenty years ago, less than 1.8 percent of scientific publications related to environmental sciences, compared to around 5.1 percent in 2020. Artificial intelligence stands out as another field showing strong growth in 2020.

Figure 1
Fastest growing significant research fields by number of publications, 2020



Source: Web of Science (Clarivate) (WoS) articles published in the Social Sciences Citation Index (SSCI) and Science Citation Index Expanded (SCIE), restricted to science and technology fields and fields with more than 20,000 publications in 2020 (so all the fields in the top 30 percent). Fields represent the WoS categories [accessed on April 16, 2021].

Notes: CAGR values are computed using 2010 as the base year. If an article is published in more than one field (i.e., under more than one WoS category), then the article is counted once in each field. Hence, summing all fields would result in some double counting.

## **R&D** expenditures

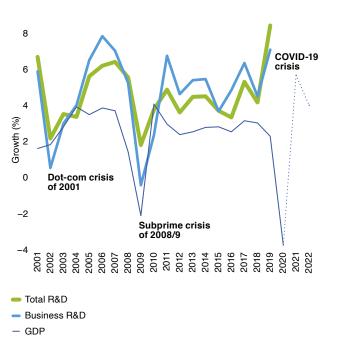
Over the past decades, investments in R&D have consistently grown faster than economic output. They reached an all-time high before the onset of the pandemic, growing at an exceptionally high rate of 8.5 percent in 2019 (see Dashboard). In comparison, global GDP grew by only 2.4 percent that year. With already high growth in R&D expenditures in 2017 and 2018, the pre-pandemic years have seen one of the most pronounced increases in the world economy's R&D intensity on record.<sup>1</sup>

The top five R&D spending economies in 2019 were the United States (+10.9 percent), followed by China (+11.1 percent), Japan (-0.4 percent), Germany (+2.3 percent) and the Republic of Korea (+4.8 percent). These five economies have consistently been the world's major R&D spenders since 2011. Business R&D expenditure – the largest component of total global R&D – grew by 7.2 percent in 2019, up from 4.6 percent in 2018.

How did R&D expenditure fare in 2020, as the pandemic upended economies around the world? Unfortunately, 2020 data do not yet exist. Given the delays in R&D reporting, nationwide data documenting any pandemic effect will not be available until 2022. Historically, R&D expenditures have moved in parallel with GDP, slowing markedly during the economic downturns of the early 1990s, early 2000s and late 2000s (Figure 2). Revenue declines, cash flow shortages, cost-cutting measures, falling tax revenues and increased risk aversion are some of the key transmission channels through which falling output reduces R&D investments.

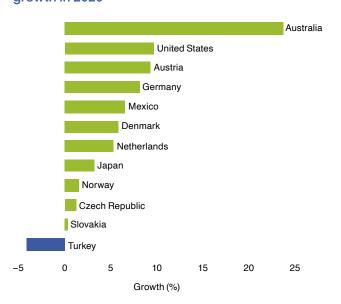
If the pandemic's impact were to mirror historical experience, 2020 R&D expenditure growth would be hard hit – possibly declining by as much as 2.8 percent.<sup>2</sup> However, there are reasons to be optimistic that R&D expenditures will have turned out be more resilient over the course of the pandemic. The first reason for such optimism is the nature of the crisis itself: as pointed out above, the impact of the crisis has been highly uneven across industries and innovation was at the heart of the response to the pandemic. Second, the limited available R&D data points for 2020 do not suggest pronounced declines. In particular, government budget allocations for the top R&D spending economies that have already disclosed their R&D budgets continued to grow in 2020 (see Figure 3).<sup>3</sup>

Figure 2 R&D and GDP growth, 2001–2022



Sources: Authors' estimates based on the UNESCO Institute for Statistics database, OECD Main Science and Technology Indicators, Eurostat, and the IMF World Economic Outlook.

Figure 3
Government budget allocations for R&D, growth in 2020



Source: Joint OECD–Eurostat data collection on resources devoted to R&D.

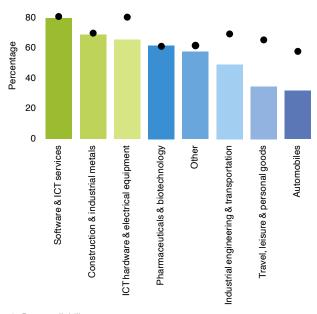
On the corporate side, some information is available from companies' financial reporting. R&D investment data are available for 1,707 of the top 2,500 largest corporate R&D spenders worldwide. Overall, this sample of firms increased their R&D expenditures by around 10 percent in 2020, with 60 percent of companies reporting an increase.

Interesting patterns emerge across industries. In the pharmaceuticals and biotechnology industry, around 62 percent of companies reported an increase in R&D spending. This share rises to 65 percent within the ICT hardware and electrical equipment industry and to 80 percent within software and ICT. The industries with a majority of companies reporting R&D investment declines include the automobile as well as the travel, leisure and personal goods industries, with shares of 68 percent and 65 percent, respectively (see Figure 4).

These cross-industry patterns broadly correspond to the differential impact of the crisis. This is also borne out when looking at the R&D performance of individual companies. Generally, companies which stood to gain from pandemic-induced shifts in demand increased their R&D efforts. These include Alibaba, Netflix, Nintendo, Nividia and many of the large pharmaceutical companies (see Figure 5). In contrast, those companies whose business models rely on in-person activities or travel decreased expenditures, including Trip.com, Airbus, Boeing, Uber, Lyft and most automobile manufacturers.

A fuller assessment of corporate R&D performance in light of the crisis will need to await the availability of more complete data, including data from small and medium-sized enterprises that may have experienced more curtailed access to finance in 2020. However, the data available so far indicate that 2020 R&D expenditures were more resilient in the face of the economic downturn than historical experience would suggest.

Figure 4
Share of firms reporting R&D expenditure increases, 2020

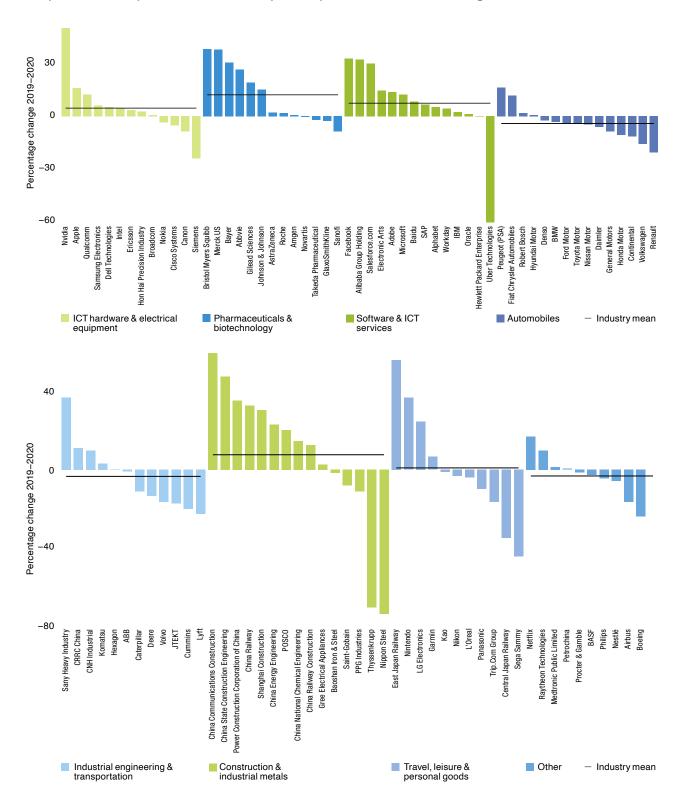


Data availability

Source: Data sourced from the Bureau van Dijk Orbis database, where annual 2019 and 2020 data were utilized.

Note: Percentage changes were calculated as the difference between the 2020 and 2019 financial results over the 2019 results.

Figure 5
Corporate R&D expenditure, selected top R&D spenders worldwide, 2020 growth



Source: Data sourced from the Bureau van Dijk Orbis database, where the most recent eight-quarter period in local currency was utilized.

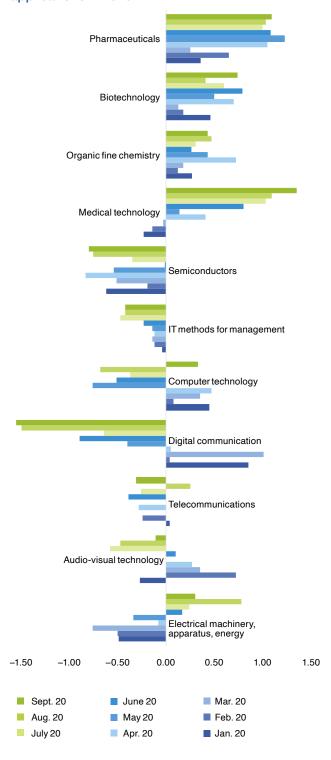
Note: Percentage changes were calculated as the difference between the most recent four-quarter period (t0) and the next most recent (t-1) over the next most recent (t-1). Thus, results in Figure 5 are not directly comparable to those from Figure 4.

# International patent filings

Notwithstanding the decline in global output, international patent filings reached a new all-time high in 2020. They increased by 3.5 percent, fueled by particularly fast growth from China (16 percent). The Republic of Korea and the United States also saw solid growth, whereas Japan and most European economies registered declines.

The most dynamic technology fields in 2020 were medical technology, pharmaceuticals and biotechnology. This contrasts with previous years when digital communications, computer technology and audiovisual technology were the fastest growing fields. Most of the inventions underlying international patent filings in 2020 predate the pandemic. The strong patenting performance of health-related technologies does not, therefore, reflect an invention response to the crisis. Rather, it indicates that the pandemic has led innovators in the health-care sector to upgrade the commercial potential of their recent inventions.

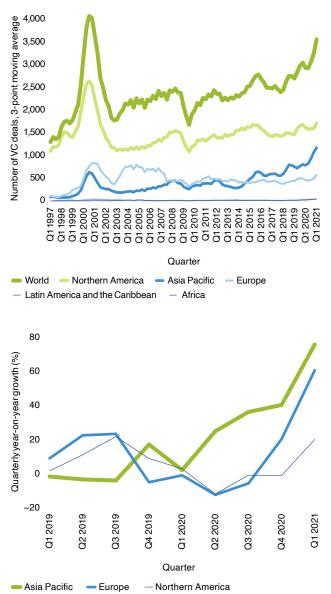
Figure 6
Percentage point changes in share of PCT applications in 2020



Source: WIPO, 2021.

Note: The percentage point changes are relative to the corresponding months in 2019.

Figure 7 Number of VC deals by region, three-point moving average, 1997–2021 (top), and growth in VC deals, by region, 2019–2021 (bottom)



Source: Refinitiv, Eikon (private equity screener), accessed May 20, 2021. Note: Africa and Latin America and the Caribbean are omitted from the growth charts because low numbers caused high volatility.

## Venture capital deals

The number of venture capital (VC) deals grew by 5.8 percent in 2020, exceeding the indicator's 10-year average growth rate of 3.6 percent (see Dashboard). The exceptional resilience of innovation financing is even more remarkable considering the fact that VC deals declined in Europe and Northern America in the second quarter of 2020 when overall financial market uncertainty soared (see Figure 7). Strong growth in the Asia Pacific region more than compensated for this decline.

Aside from the rapid growth of VC deals in the Asia Pacific region (+26.6 percent), both Africa and Latin America and the Caribbean also registered double-digit increases (+82.7 percent and +12.1 percent, respectively) – albeit from significantly lower levels (see Figure 7). Northern America and Europe ended the year with declines of –3.1 percent and –0.7 percent, respectively.

First quarter figures for 2021 suggest even more vibrant VC activity this year, with the Asia Pacific region reaching an all-time high with 1,260 deals. In funding terms, first quarter 2021 VC activity in all regions already equates to nearly half of total funding in 2020, setting a strong pace for the rest of the year.

#### **Technological progress**

Technological progress usually occurs gradually over a number of years. The development of the COVID-19 vaccines has defied this pattern. They were developed, clinically tested and manufactured at unprecedented speed. As of July 2021 – within 16 months of the pandemic's onset – more than 3.5 billion people worldwide had already received at least one jab. Much remains to be done to achieve equitable access to vaccines worldwide but the achievements so far arguably rank among the most spectacular episodes of technological progress.

Fully tracking the speed of progress across all areas of technology is not possible. However, monitoring progress in a few important areas, such as those detailed below, does provide useful insights.

#### Microchip transistor count

One popular way of tracking progress in digital technologies is to count the number of transistors on cutting-edge microchips. Moore's law famously holds that this number doubles every two years – a prediction that has proved roughly true since the 1970s. The transistor counts for the latest microchips commercialized in 2019 – AMD's Epyc and IBM's Power9 – continue to follow Moore's exponential growth path. They contain more than twice the number of transistors of the cutting-edge 2017 models. Since 2009, microchip capacity has increased by more than 30 percent per year.

#### Costs of renewable energy

Technological progress has prompted dramatic falls in the cost of renewable energy. Between 2010 and 2019, the cost of solar photovoltaic energy declined by 6.9 percent per year and that of onshore wind energy by 3.7 percent per year. The 2018–2019 trends show even faster declines in cost of 13.1 percent and 9.2 percent, respectively. Importantly, in most places, power from renewable energy sources is now cheaper than power from fossil fuels. This marks a significant milestone in the drive toward cheaper energy that supports the achievement of  $CO_2$  reduction targets.

#### Drug approvals

Beyond the COVID-19 vaccines, there is broader progress in finding treatments for various diseases. After experiencing a decline in the 2000s, the number of new drug approvals has been trending upward. It has grown by 9.7 percent over the past 10 years. The latest 2020 data are in line with this trend. These figures only concern the U.S. economy, which spends the most on pharmaceutical R&D. In addition, the health impact of newly approved drugs varies. Nonetheless, the upward trend in drug approval mirrors broader optimism about advances in the biosciences to further improve human health (*The Economist*, 2021). One example is the recent publication of promising clinical trial results for a vaccine against malaria, following many years of failed efforts (Datoo *et al.*, 2021).

#### Socioeconomic impact

What impact does innovation have on people's daily lives? Historically, technological progress has been a key force behind sustaining economic growth, improving living standards and offering better health outcomes. Even though innovation's track record on the environment is mixed, new technologies have also contributed to lowering pollution levels and promoting greater sustainability.

What do the latest data tell us about the socioeconomic impact of innovation?

#### Labor productivity

The impact of the pandemic on labor productivity has been mixed. Output per hour worked jumped by 4 percent in 2020. This increase mainly reflects the curtailment of economic activities with low productivity, often as a direct result of the containment measures introduced to tackle the pandemic. By contrast, output per worker actually decreased by 0.9 percent, as companies retained their workforce on furlough schemes, often with government support (The Conference Board, 2021).

Between 2010 and 2020, labor productivity grew by 2.2 percent per year – a slower pace compared to previous decades. Other measures of productivity – notably, total factor productivity – show similar long-term declines, especially in developed economies (Moss *et al.*, 2020). This has prompted economists to ask whether the ability of technological innovation to raise productivity and foster long-term economic growth has diminished. While this remains an open question, other factors besides technological progress may explain slower productivity growth – notably, demographic change, a growing share of services in economic output and stagnating levels of educational attainment. In addition, productivity trends could well change, as economies adopt the latest technologies.

#### Life expectancy

Life expectancy in the world stood at 72.7 years in 2019, up from 70.2 years in 2009 and 52.6 years in 1960.

Technology has been a key contributor to longer life spans. Scientific advances have promoted healthier lifestyles; medical and pharmaceutical innovations have led to more effective treatments against a wide range of diseases.

Worldwide life expectancy data for 2020 are not yet available. In the United States, preliminary data for 2020 suggest that excess mortality due to COVID-19 has caused life expectancy to fall by one whole year (Arias et al., 2021). Similar declines have been reported for the United Kingdom (Public Health England, 2021). It is important to note that these declines do not mean that a newborn baby can expect to have fewer years of life. They mainly capture the current – and hopefully temporary – increase in mortality rates.

#### Carbon dioxide emissions

Steps to limit global warming rely on the reduction of greenhouse gas emissions. Global carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) emissions – accounting for more than half of all greenhouse gases – continued to increase up to 2019. For 2020, CO<sub>2</sub> emissions are projected to fall, as the COVID-19 pandemic slowed the social and economic activities that are responsible for such emissions.<sup>4</sup> As those activities have started to rebound in 2021, CO<sub>2</sub> emissions are set to rise again. Technological progress – particularly the falling costs of renewable energy (see above) – has already enabled the reduction of CO<sub>2</sub> and other greenhouse gases. Future innovation is bound to expand this potential. At the same time, harnessing the potential of technology requires coordinated policies and long-term investments.

#### Conclusion

The GII Global Innovation Tracker provides a data-driven perspective on the latest innovation trends. It offers the following insights:

- Overall, investments in science and innovation have been remarkably resilient in the face of the greatest economic downturn for decades. Scientific output, R&D expenditures, international patent filings and venture capital deals continued to grow in 2020, building on already strong pre-crisis performance.
- Nonetheless, the global pandemic has left its mark on the global innovation landscape. Sectors which saw collapsing demand – such as transport and travel – had to cut back their innovation outlays. By contrast, companies whose innovations were at the center of measures to contain the pandemic and its fallout – notably, pharmaceuticals and ICTs – redoubled their investments in innovation.
- The pandemic has accelerated the long-term geographical shift of innovation activities toward Asia, even if Northern America and Europe continue to host some of the world's leading innovators.
- Technological progress at the frontier holds substantial promise. The rapid development of COVID-19 vaccines powerfully demonstrates this promise. There is also continued progress in other technology fields – such as ICTs and renewable energy – that has the potential to raise standards of living, improve human health and protect the environment.

#### **Notes**

- 1 This result mirrors findings for industrialized countries covered by the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD). See the latest data, published on March 18, 2021, in the OECD Main Science and Technology Indicators (MSTI) database, https://stats.oecd.org/Index.aspx?DataSetCode=MSTI\_PUB. For a more in-depth analysis of COVID-19 and innovation, see Paunov and Planes-Satorra (2021).
- 2 The estimate of a 2.8 percent decline is based on the assumption that R&D to GDP ratios at the country level stay the same as in 2019, so that the 2020 GDP decline is passed on to R&D expenditures in full.
- 3 Government R&D budget indicators for the OECD area present the amounts that governments agree to allocate to R&D as part of their budgetary processes, rather than actual expenditure reported by R&D performers.
- 4 For further details, see the Carbon Monitor, https://carbonmonitor.org.

#### **Data notes**

Scientific publications captures the number of peer-reviewed articles published in the Social Sciences Citation Index (SSCI) and Science Citation Index Expanded (SCIE). Source: Web of Science (Clarivate), https://apps.webofknowledge.com.

R&D expenditures captures R&D expenditures worldwide in PPP-adjusted constant 2015 prices. The 2019 values were calculated using available real data of gross expenditure on R&D (GERD) and business enterprise expenditure on R&D (BERD) at the country level from the UNESCO Institute for Statistics (UIS) online database, the OECD's Main Science and Technology Indicators (MSTI) database (March 2021 update) and Eurostat. For those countries for which data were not available for 2019, the 2019 data were estimated using the last observation carried forward (LOCF) method.

International patent filings refers to the total number of patent applications filed through the WIPO-administered Patent Cooperation Treaty. Source: WIPO IP Statistics Data Center, https://www3.wipo.int/ipstats.

**Venture capital deals** refers to the absolute number of VC deals received by companies located in the region. Source: Refinitiv, Eikon data on private equity and venture capital, https://www.refinitiv.com/en/products/eikon-trading-software/private-equity-data.

Microchip transistor count refers to the number of transistors on the most advanced commercially available microchips in a given year. Source: Karl Rupp, data available at https://github.com/karlrupp/microprocessor-trend-data.

Costs of renewable energy captures the global weighted average levelized electricity cost of solar photovoltaics and onshore wind. Source: International Renewable Energy Agency (IRENA), https://www.irena.org/publications/2020/Jun/Renewable-Power-Costs-in-2019.

**Drug approvals** refers to the number of new drug approved by the US Federal Drug Administration (FDA). The data include both small molecule drugs and biologics. Source: FDA, https://www.fda.gov/media/135307/download.

Labor productivity refers to the world total of output per hour worked, as estimated by The Conference Board. Source: The Conference Board Total Economy Database<sup>™</sup>, https://conference-board.org/data/economydatabase.

**Life expectancy** refers to the number of years a newborn infant would live if prevailing patterns of mortality at the time of its birth were to stay the same throughout its life. Source: World Development Indicators, https://databank.worldbank.org/source/world-development-indicators.

**Carbon dioxide emissions** refers to fossil emissions, excluding carbonation, for the world, measured in billion tons of  $CO_2$  per year. Source: The Global Carbon Budget 2020, https://doi.org/10.18160/gcp-2020.

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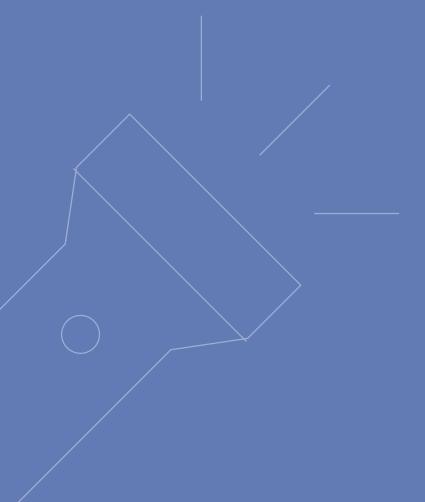
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## **GII 2021 results**

The GII helps create an environment that evaluates innovation factors continuously.

In 2021, it provides detailed innovation metrics for 132 economies.



The following sections present the results of the GII 2021. Appendix I provides details on how to interpret and analyze the results, in particular regarding year-on-year comparison of the GII ranks, which requires cautious interpretation.<sup>1</sup>

#### The GII 2021 innovation leaders

### Only a few economies have consistently delivered peak innovation performance.

Only Switzerland and Sweden have remained in the top three of the innovation ranking for more than a decade. Switzerland, Sweden, the United States of America and the United Kingdom have ranked in the top five for the past three years, while the Republic of Korea joins the top five of the GII for the first time in 2021 (Figure 8).

The top 25 of the most innovative economies are mainly from Europe, with France (11th) and Estonia (21st) making notable progress. Five Asian economies shine in the top 15 – the Republic of Korea (5th) and Singapore (8th) in the top 10, with China (12th), Japan (13th) and Hong Kong, China (14th) following. Singapore has been among the top 10 most innovative economies consistently for the past 14 years.

China is still the only middle-income economy to make it into the top 30. China reaches the top three in the South East Asia, East Asia, and Oceania (SEAO) region for the first time and remains top of the upper middle-income group (Figure 9).

Bulgaria (35<sup>th</sup>) and Malaysia (36<sup>th</sup>) are the only other middle-income economies close to the top 30 of the GII (see Table 5), but with no consistent increase in rank over time. Indeed, Malaysia has been hovering close to the top 30 for the past 11 years but has not yet reached the mark.

Japan ranks 13<sup>th</sup>, up from 16<sup>th</sup> in 2020. The United Arab Emirates (UAE) (33<sup>rd</sup>) remains in the top 35 this year and moves up one place. The UAE has been moving up the rankings since 2018, when it ranked 38<sup>th</sup>. Turkey (41<sup>st</sup>) makes a big jump into the top 50 and Brazil (57<sup>th</sup>) moves closer.

Since 2013, China has moved up the GII ranks consistently and steadily, establishing itself as a global innovation leader and getting closer to the top 10 every year. The performance of China is at the frontier of achievement, notably in innovation outputs. For instance,

China's levels of patents by origin, scaled by GDP, are higher than those of Japan, Germany and the United States, and are even more impressive when considered in absolute terms. The same is true with regard to the levels of Trademarks and Industrial designs by origin as a percentage of GDP. However, China is still behind, relative to Germany and the United States, in Human capital and research and in indicators such as Researchers (45th) and Tertiary enrolment (57th). China also trails the United States in Market sophistication and Business sophistication, and is even further behind in Institutions (61st).

The Republic of Korea (5<sup>th</sup>) made notable advances in the Innovation Output Sub-Index (5<sup>th</sup>) and, in particular, in the indicators Trademarks by origin (8<sup>th</sup>), Global brand value (5<sup>th</sup>) and Cultural and creative services exports (40<sup>th</sup>). It also ranks 3<sup>rd</sup> worldwide in the new GII output indicator Production and export complexity. In terms of innovation inputs, the Republic of Korea moved up the rankings in two pillars: Institutions (28<sup>th</sup>) and Infrastructure (12<sup>th</sup>). It also comes top in the sub-pillar ICTs (1<sup>st</sup>) and, notably, in Government's online service and E-participation.

#### A changing global innovation landscape

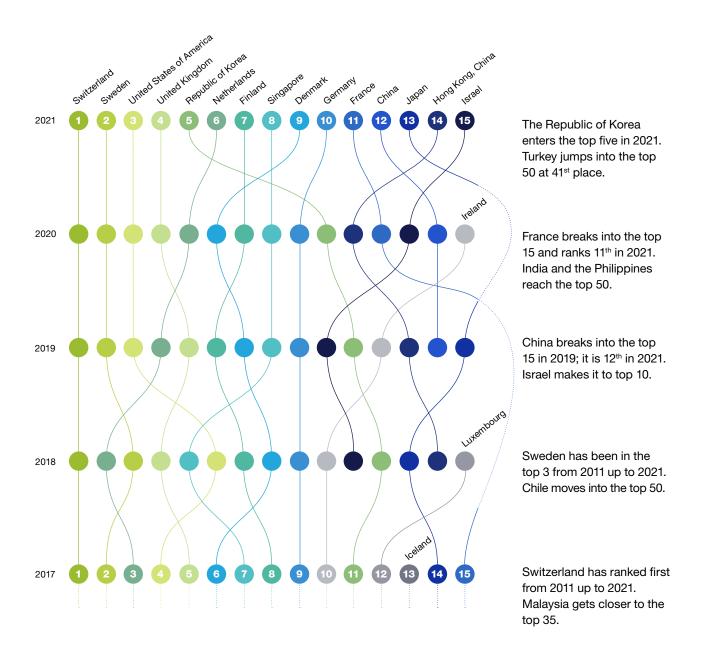
Selected middle-income economies are changing the innovation landscape, starting with China, Turkey, Viet Nam, India and the Philippines are now pulling their weight.

It is challenging for emerging economies to consistently improve their innovation performance and systems to match high-income, more prosperous economies. Only a limited number of middle-income economies have managed to catch up in innovation, by complementing successful domestic innovation with international technology transfer.

In addition to China, Bulgaria and Malaysia, which lead the middle-income group rankings, only Turkey (41st), Thailand (43rd), Viet Nam (44th), the Russian Federation (45th), India (46th), Ukraine (49th) and Montenegro (50th) make it into the top 50.

However, besides China, only the TVIPs (Turkey, Viet Nam, India and the Philippines) are systematically catching up. All four Asian economies have romped up the ranks by an average of 22 positions in the past decade: Turkey from

Figure 8
Movement in the GII top 15, 2017–2021



Source: Global Innovation Index Database, WIPO, 2021.

Note: Year-on-year comparisons of the GII ranks are influenced by changes in the GII model and data availability.

#### Figure 9

#### Global innovation leaders, 2021

### Top three innovation economies by region

#### **Europe**

- Switzerland
- Sweden
- United Kingdom

#### **Northern America**

- United States of America
- Canada

#### **Latin America and the Caribbean**

- 1 Chile
- 2 Mexico
- 3 Costa Rica

#### **Central and Southern Asia**

- 1 India
- Iran (Islamic Republic of)
- Kazakhstan

#### South East Asia, East Asia, and Oceania

- Republic of Korea ↑
- 2 Singapore ↓
- 3 China ☆

#### Northern Africa and Western Asia†

- Israel
- United Arab Emirates ↑
- 3 Turkey ☆

#### Sub-Saharan Africa\*

- 1 South Africa
- 2 Kenya
- United Republic of Tanzania
- $\uparrow\downarrow$  Indicates the movement of rank within the top three, relative to 2020, and
- ☆ indicates a new entrant into the top three in 2021.
- <sup>†</sup> Top three in Northern Africa and Western Asia (NAWA) excluding island economies. The top four in the region, including all economies, are as follows: Israel (1st), Cyprus (2nd), United Arab Emirates (3rd) and Turkey (4th).
- \* Top three in sub-Saharan Africa (SSA) excluding island economies. The top five in the region comprise Mauritius (1st), South Africa (2nd), Kenya (3nd), Cabo Verde (4th) and the United Republic of Tanzania (5th).

Source: Global Innovation Index Database, WIPO, 2021.

Notes: World Bank Income Group Classification (June 2020). Year-on-year GII rank changes are influenced by performance and methodological considerations; some economy data are incomplete (see Appendix I).

### Top three innovation economies by income group

#### **High-income**

- 1 Switzerland
- 2 Sweden
- 3 United States of America

#### Upper middle-income

- 1 China
- 2 Bulgaria ↑
- 3 Malaysia ↓

#### Lower middle-income

- Viet Nam
- 2 India ↑
- 3 Ukraine ↓

#### Low-income

- Rwanda ↑
- 2 Tajikistan ☆
- 3 Malawi ☆

65<sup>th</sup> in 2011 to 41<sup>st</sup> in 2021; Viet Nam from 76<sup>th</sup> in 2012 to 44<sup>th</sup> this year; India from 62<sup>nd</sup> to 46<sup>th</sup>; and the Philippines from 91<sup>st</sup> to 51<sup>st</sup>. It is noteworthy that these are particularly large economies, which have the potential to radically change the global innovation landscape for good.

Turkey makes it into the top 50, gaining 10 ranks this year to reach the 41<sup>st</sup> position. Viet Nam is overtaken by Thailand, as it declines by two ranks, from 42<sup>nd</sup> to 44<sup>th</sup>. This is nevertheless a considerable improvement on its average rank of 68<sup>th</sup> during the period 2013–2015. Viet Nam continues to lead the lower middle-income group (Table 1).

India (46th) moves further ahead, by two spots (48th in GII 2020), after making it into the top 50 last year. It takes 2nd place in the lower middle-income group. India held the 3rd position in its income group in 2019 and 2020 having entered the top three in 2019. India has also been portrayed as successful in developing sophisticated services that are technologically dynamic and can be traded internationally (Aghion *et al.*, 2021). It continues to lead the world in the ICT services exports indicator (1st)

and holds top ranks in other indicators, such as Domestic industry diversification (12<sup>th</sup>) and Graduates in science and engineering (12<sup>th</sup>).

Aside from the TVIPs, there are other economies that move up the rankings this year. Among the most notable movers are the Islamic Republic of Iran (60<sup>th</sup>), Oman (76<sup>th</sup>), Uzbekistan (86<sup>th</sup>), Paraguay (88<sup>th</sup>), Cabo Verde (89<sup>th</sup>) and Sri Lanka (95<sup>th</sup>).

Outside the top 100, Guatemala (101st), Tajikistan (103rd), Madagascar (110th) and Zimbabwe (113th) have made the most progress through the ranks, improving by between five and seven positions overall.

Rwanda (102<sup>nd</sup>) regains the 1<sup>st</sup> position in the low-income group after being 2<sup>nd</sup> in 2020. It ranked 1<sup>st</sup> in 2019, 2016 and 2015 and has been consistently in the top three of its income group since 2014.

Tajikistan (103<sup>rd</sup>) and Malawi (107<sup>th</sup>) make it into the top three in the low-income economies group (see Table 1).

Table 1
10 best-ranked economies by income group

| Rank                                | Global Innovation Index 2021 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| High-income economies (51 in total) |                              |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 Switzerland (1)                   |                              |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2                                   | Sweden (2)                   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3                                   | United States (3)            |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4                                   | United Kingdom (4)           |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5                                   | Republic of Korea (5)        |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6                                   | Netherlands (6)              |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7                                   | Finland (7)                  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8                                   | Singapore (8)                |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9                                   | Denmark (9)                  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10                                  | Germany (10)                 |  |  |  |  |  |  |

| Lower | middle-income economies (34 in total) |
|-------|---------------------------------------|
| 1     | Viet Nam (44)                         |
| 2     | India (46)                            |
| 3     | Ukraine (49)                          |
| 4     | Philippines (51)                      |
| 5     | Mongolia (58)                         |
| 6     | Republic of Moldova (64)              |
| 7     | Tunisia (71)                          |
| 8     | Morocco (77)                          |
| 9     | Kenya (85)                            |
| 10    | Uzbekistan (86)                       |
|       |                                       |

| Rank  | Global Innovation Index 2021          |  |  |  |  |
|-------|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Upper | middle-income economies (34 in total) |  |  |  |  |
| 1     | China (12)                            |  |  |  |  |
| 2     | Bulgaria (35)                         |  |  |  |  |
| 3     | Malaysia (36)                         |  |  |  |  |
| 4     | Turkey (41)                           |  |  |  |  |
| 5     | Thailand (43)                         |  |  |  |  |
| 6     | Russian Federation (45)               |  |  |  |  |
| 7     | Montenegro (50)                       |  |  |  |  |
| 8     | Serbia (54)                           |  |  |  |  |
| 9     | Mexico (55)                           |  |  |  |  |
| 10    | Costa Rica (56)                       |  |  |  |  |

| Low-incor | Low-income economies (13 in total) |  |  |  |  |  |
|-----------|------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| 1         | Rwanda (102)                       |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2         | Tajikistan (103)                   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3         | Malawi (107)                       |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4         | 4 Madagascar (110)                 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5         | Burkina Faso (115)                 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6         | Uganda (119)                       |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7         | Mozambique (122)                   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8         | Mali (124)                         |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9         | Togo (125)                         |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10        | Ethiopia (126)                     |  |  |  |  |  |

Source: Global Innovation Index Database, WIPO, 2021.

Note: The overall Global Innovation Index rank is reported in brackets next to the economy.

#### **Innovation overperformers**

# Several developing economies are performing above expectation on innovation relative to their level of economic development.

For several years, the GII has demonstrated the positive relationship between innovation and economic development: the more developed an economy is, the more it innovates, and vice versa (Figure 10). However, some economies break out of this pattern. Some perform above or below expectations, relative to their predicted performance and level of development.

In the GII 2021, 19 economies are performing above expectations relative to their level of development – termed innovation achievers (Table 2).

India, Kenya, the Republic of Moldova and Viet Nam are still record holders for being innovation achievers for 11 consecutive years. India's innovation performance is above the average for the upper middle-income group in five of the seven innovation pillars (it scores below average in the pillars of Infrastructure and Creative outputs). Kenya keeps its 3<sup>rd</sup> place in sub-Saharan Africa and scores above its income group in Institutions, Market and Business sophistication and Knowledge and technology outputs. It also scores above the average for its region in Human capital and research and Creative outputs. Viet Nam continues to score above the lower middle-income group average in all pillars and scores even above the average of the upper middle-income group in Market and Business sophistication, as well as in both output pillars.

However, there is change too this year. Brazil ( $57^{th}$ ), the Islamic Republic of Iran ( $60^{th}$ ) and Peru ( $70^{th}$ ) are innovation achievers in 2021 for the first time ever. In the case of Brazil, this distinction coincides with an upward move in the rankings to gain the  $57^{th}$  place.

Sub-Saharan Africa is the region with the highest number of economies performing above expectations (six in total). South East Asia, East Asia, and Oceania is 2<sup>nd</sup> (with four economies), Europe is 3<sup>rd</sup> (three economies), and Northern Africa and Western Asia, Latin America and the Caribbean, and Central and Southern Asia tie in 4<sup>th</sup> place (with two innovation achievers each).<sup>2</sup>

Conversely, 31 economies are performing below expectations on innovation. In the high-income group, three are European Union economies – Greece, Lithuania and Romania. In the upper middle-income group, there are two Latin American and Caribbean economies – Argentina and the Dominican Republic. In the lower middle-income group, 11 economies are performing below

expectations for their level of development, notably five from sub-Saharan Africa – Angola, Benin, Côte d'Ivoire, Cameroon and Nigeria.<sup>3</sup>

Relative to 2020, 30 economies changed performance groups. Fifteen economies changed their performance status from below expectations to matching expectations. The majority of these cases (six economies) are from Latin America and the Caribbean – the Plurinational State of Bolivia, Chile, Ecuador, Guatemala, Paraguay and Uruguay.

### The persistent regional innovation divide

The geography of innovation is changing unevenly. South East Asia, East Asia, and Oceania is closing the global innovation divide with Northern America and Europe.

Despite some innovation "catch-up," divides still exist with respect to national innovation performance in the world regions. This year, there are no changes in terms of which world regions perform best in innovation. Northern America and Europe continue to lead, followed by South East Asia, East Asia, and Oceania (SEAO), and, more distantly, by Northern Africa and Western Asia, Latin America and the Caribbean, Central and Southern Asia, and sub-Saharan Africa, respectively.

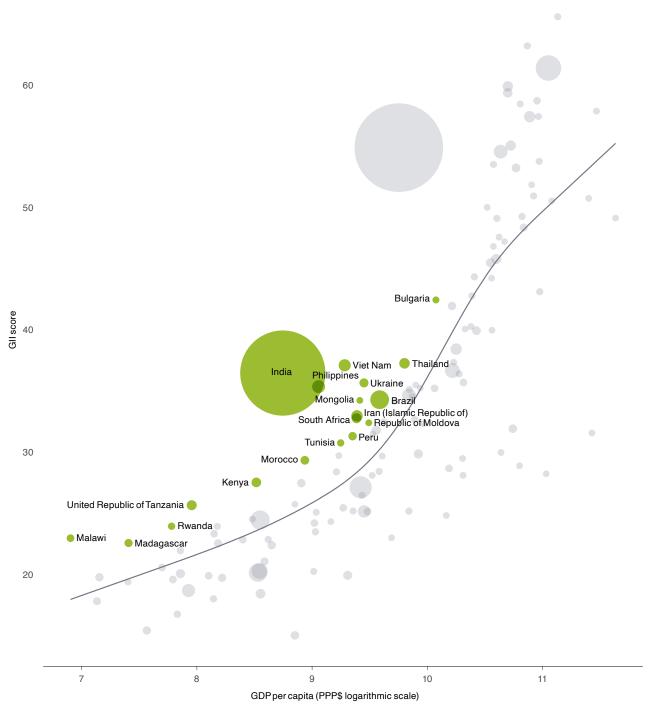
#### Northern America

Northern America, composed of the United States and Canada, is the most innovative world region. The United States keeps its 3<sup>rd</sup> place in the GII ranking, and Canada goes up one spot to reach the 16<sup>th</sup> place. The region is the highest performer in all GII pillars compared to all other world regions. The United States performs best in Business sophistication (2<sup>nd</sup>) and Knowledge and technology outputs (3<sup>rd</sup>), while Canada comes top in Market sophistication (1<sup>st</sup>) and fifth in Institutions.

#### **Europe**

Europe is still the second most innovative region in the world. It hosts a large number of innovative economies: 16 European economies are innovation leaders (i.e., in the top 25). A total of 10 economies move up the ranks this year: France (11<sup>th</sup>), Iceland (17<sup>th</sup>), Austria (18<sup>th</sup>), Estonia (21<sup>st</sup>), Hungary (34<sup>th</sup>), Bulgaria (35<sup>th</sup>), Slovakia (37<sup>th</sup>), Lithuania (39<sup>th</sup>), the Russian Federation (45<sup>th</sup>) and Belarus (62<sup>nd</sup>).

Figure 10
The positive relationship between innovation and development



Performing above expectations for level of development

Source: Global Innovation Index Database, WIPO, 2021. Note: Bubbles sized by population.

Table 2 Innovation achievers in 2021, their income group, region, and years as an innovation achiever

| Economy                     | Income group        | Region                                  | Years as an innovation achiever (total)                               |
|-----------------------------|---------------------|---|---|
| India                       | Lower-middle income | Central and Southern Asia               | 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021 (11) |
| Kenya                       | Lower-middle income | Sub-Saharan Africa                      | 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021 (11) |
| Republic of Moldova         | Lower-middle income | Europe                                  | 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021 (11) |
| Viet Nam                    | Lower-middle income | South East Asia, East Asia, and Oceania | 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021 (11) |
| Malawi                      | Low-income          | Sub-Saharan Africa                      | 2012, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021 (9)              |
| Mongolia                    | Lower-middle income | South East Asia, East Asia, and Oceania | 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021 (9)              |
| Rwanda                      | Low-income          | Sub-Saharan Africa                      | 2012, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021 (9)              |
| Ukraine                     | Lower-middle income | Europe                                  | 2012, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021 (9)              |
| Thailand                    | Upper-middle income | South East Asia, East Asia, and Oceania | 2011, 2014, 2015, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021 (7)                          |
| Bulgaria                    | Upper-middle income | Europe                                  | 2015, 2017, 2018, 2020, 2021 (5)                                      |
| Madagascar                  | Low-income          | Sub-Saharan Africa                      | 2016, 2017, 2018, 2020, 2021 (5)                                      |
| South Africa                | Upper-middle income | Sub-Saharan Africa                      | 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021 (4)  |
| Morocco                     | Lower-middle income | Northern Africa and Western Asia        | 2015, 2020, 2021 (3)  |
| Philippines                 | Lower-middle income | South East Asia, East Asia, and Oceania | 2019, 2020, 2021 (3)  |
| Tunisia                     | Lower-middle income | Northern Africa and Western Asia        | 2018, 2020, 2021 (3)  |
| United Republic of Tanzania | Lower-middle income | Sub-Saharan Africa                      | 2017, 2020, 2021 (3)  |
| Brazil                      | Upper-middle income | Latin America and the Caribbean         | 2021 (1)  |
| Iran (Islamic Republic of)  | Upper-middle income | Central and Southern Asia               | 2021 (1)  |
| Peru                        | Upper-middle income | Latin America and the Caribbean         | 2021 (1)  |
|                             |                     |   |   |

Source: Global Innovation Index Database, WIPO, 2021.

Notes: Income group classification follows the World Bank Income Group Classification (June, 2020). Geographic regions correspond to the United Nations publication on standard country or area codes for statistical use (M49).

On average, Europe is the second best performer worldwide, behind Northern America, in all GII pillars, except for Market sophistication, where it is also behind the average of the SEAO region. Finland has the most highly performing Institutions in the region (2<sup>nd</sup> worldwide). Sweden leads in Human capital and research (2<sup>nd</sup>) and Business sophistication (1<sup>st</sup>), Norway comes top in Infrastructure worldwide (1<sup>st</sup>), while the United Kingdom leads in Market sophistication (4<sup>th</sup>). Switzerland is the regional leader in innovation outputs: it ranks 1<sup>st</sup> worldwide in Knowledge and technology outputs and 2<sup>nd</sup> in Creative outputs.

#### South East Asia, East Asia, and Oceania (SEAO)

The innovation performance of the SEAO region has been the most dynamic in the past decade, closing the gap with Northern America and Europe. Five SEAO economies are world innovation leaders: the Republic of Korea (5<sup>th</sup>), Singapore (8<sup>th</sup>), China (12<sup>th</sup>), Japan (13<sup>th</sup>), and Hong Kong, China (14<sup>th</sup>). Among these leaders, China, the Republic of Korea and Japan have made the greatest advances up the rankings in the past 10 years (see Table 3).

Thailand (43<sup>rd</sup>), Viet Nam (44<sup>th</sup>), the Philippines (51<sup>st</sup>) and Indonesia (87<sup>th</sup>) have moved up between 5 and 40 GII ranks over the past decade. Thailand and Viet Nam rank among the top 30 worldwide in Market sophistication, as does the Philippines in Knowledge and technology outputs. They are now leaders in key innovation indicators, too. For instance, Thailand ranks 1<sup>st</sup> in R&D financed by business; and Viet Nam and the Philippines are world leaders in High-tech exports.

#### Northern Africa and Western Asia

In Northern Africa and Western Asia, the United Arab Emirates (UAE) remains in the top 35 and moves up to achieve the 33<sup>rd</sup> rank. Turkey makes a big jump into the top 50, reaching the 41<sup>st</sup> spot. An additional eight economies in the region move up the ranks, including Egypt (94<sup>th</sup>) and Algeria (120<sup>th</sup>).

Cyprus is the regional leader in Institutions (26<sup>th</sup>) and Creative outputs (20<sup>th</sup>), while Israel leads in Knowledge and technology outputs (6<sup>th</sup>), Market sophistication (8<sup>th</sup>), Business sophistication (8<sup>th</sup>) and Human capital and research (19<sup>th</sup>). The UAE tops the region in Infrastructure (14<sup>th</sup>).

### The United States leads in several key innovation indicators. Hong Kong (China), Israel and Singapore follow

The economies at the top of the rankings are world leaders in key innovation indicators. This year, the United States is the absolute leader in this regard; holding first place in 13 indicators out of the 81 used, including metrics such as Global corporate R&D investors, venture capital deals received, the quality of its universities, the quality and impact of its scientific publications (H-index), the number of patents by origin and E-participation.

Hong Kong, China follows the United States in 2<sup>nd</sup> place, with world-topping performances in indicators such as New businesses, High-tech imports and Global brand value. Israel and Singapore tie in 3<sup>rd</sup> place, attaining the top rank in R&D expenditures and Regulatory quality, respectively. They are followed by China and the Republic of Korea in joint 5<sup>th</sup> place, leading on High-tech exports and Researchers, among other indicators. Luxembourg comes 7<sup>th</sup> with the top performance in Knowledge-intensive employment; and Switzerland and Japan are equal 8<sup>th</sup>, leading in Patent families, and Production and export complexity.

#### Economies with the most top-ranked GII indicators, 2021

|                          | Innovation indicators in which economies score best worldwide |         |       |    |  |  |  |  |
|--------------------------|---|---------|-------|----|--|--|--|--|
| Economy                  | Inputs  | Outputs | Total |    |  |  |  |  |
| United States of America | 6   |         |       | 13 |  |  |  |  |
| Hong Kong, China         | 7   | 4       | 1     | 1  |  |  |  |  |
| Israel                   | 6   | 4       | 10    |    |  |  |  |  |
| Singapore                | 6   | 4       | 10    |    |  |  |  |  |
| China                    | 3   | 6       | (e)   |    |  |  |  |  |
| Republic of Korea        | 5   | 4       | 9     |    |  |  |  |  |
| Luxembourg               | 6   | 2       | 8     |    |  |  |  |  |
| Switzerland              | 2   | 4       | 6     |    |  |  |  |  |
| Japan                    | 2   | 4       | 6     |    |  |  |  |  |

Source: Global Innovation Index Database, WIPO, 2021.

Note: The GII methodology allows multiple economies to rank first in an indicator; see Economy profiles and Appendix I.

Table 3
GII 2021 rankings in Asia (excluding Western Asia)

| Rank   | Top 15  | Rank | Top 50   | Rank | Top 60                     | Rank | Top 100           | Rank | Top 130                 |
|--------|---|------|----------|------|----------------------------|------|-------------------|------|-------------------------|
| 5      | Republic of Korea                                   | 36   | Malaysia | 51   | Philippines                | 79   | Kazakhstan        | 103  | Tajikistan              |
| 8      | Singapore   | 43   | Thailand | 58   | Mongolia                   | 82   | Brunei Darussalam | 109  | Cambodia                |
| 12     | China   | 44   | Viet Nam | 60   | Iran (Islamic Republic of) | 86   | Uzbekistan        | 111  | Nepal                   |
| 13     | Japan   | 46   | India    |      |                            | 87   | Indonesia         | 116  | Bangladesh              |
| 14     | Hong Kong, China                                    |      |          |      |                            | 95   | Sri Lanka         | 117  | Lao People's Democratic |
|        |   |      |          |      |                            | 98   | Kyrgyzstan        |      | Republic                |
| Source | ource: Global Innovation Index Database, WIPO, 2021 |      |          |      |                            |      | Pakistan          | 127  | Myanmar                 |

Table 4
GII 2021 rankings in Latin America and the Caribbean

| Rank | Top 60     | Rank | Top 80    | Rank | Top 100             | Rank | Top 110                          |
|------|------------|------|-----------|------|---------------------|------|----------------------------------|
| 53   | Chile      | 65   | Uruguay   | 83   | Panama              | 101  | Guatemala                        |
| 55   | Mexico     | 67   | Colombia  | 88   | Paraguay            | 104  | Bolivia (Plurinational State of) |
| 56   | Costa Rica | 70   | Peru      | 91   | Ecuador             | 108  | Honduras                         |
| 57   | Brazil     | 73   | Argentina | 93   | Dominican Republic  |      |                                  |
|      |            | 74   | Jamaica   | 96   | El Salvador         |      |                                  |
|      |            | -    |           | 97   | Trinidad and Tobago |      |                                  |

Source: Global Innovation Index Database, WIPO, 2021

#### Latin America and the Caribbean

In Latin America and the Caribbean, no economy makes it into the top 50. Chile (53<sup>rd</sup>), Mexico (55<sup>th</sup>), Costa Rica (56<sup>th</sup>) and Brazil (57<sup>th</sup>) are the only economies in the region in the top 60 (see Table 4). Moreover, with the exception of Mexico, these Latin American innovation pockets have not improved their rankings consistently over the past 10 years. However, Brazil makes a strong advance this year, improving by five positions and achieving its best rank since 2012.

Chile has the most balanced innovation system, ranking highest in the region in Institutions (40<sup>th</sup>) and Infrastructure (47<sup>th</sup>) (Table 5). Conversely, and relative to their performance in all GII pillars, Mexico is still behind in Institutions (77<sup>th</sup>) and Infrastructure (67<sup>th</sup>), while Costa Rica and Brazil are lagging in Infrastructure and Market sophistication. Brazil is the only economy in the region for which expenditures on R&D are above 1 percent of GDP and comparable to some European economies, such as Croatia and Luxembourg. Brazil also ranks highest in the region in the indicator Global corporate R&D investors (26<sup>th</sup>), above Mexico (31<sup>st</sup>) and Argentina (36<sup>th</sup>).

In the top 80, Uruguay (65th), Colombia (67th), Peru (70th) and Argentina (73rd) all moved up the ranks in 2021. Over the past 10 years, Colombia and Peru have improved their rankings, but not at a steady pace and with some difficulty.

Colombia still has a relatively unbalanced innovation system, performing less well in Human capital and research (78<sup>th</sup>) and in the innovation outputs pillars, in contrast to its relatively good performance in Market sophistication (42<sup>nd</sup>) and Business sophistication (50<sup>th</sup>). Peru achieves its best ranking this year in Market and Business sophistication (38<sup>th</sup> and 37<sup>th</sup>, respectively), but still struggles to translate its innovation inputs into outputs. It is also an innovation achiever for the first time this year, highlighting its potential for further improvements in the future (see Table 2).

#### Central and Southern Asia

In Central and Southern Asia, India leads in 46<sup>th</sup> position, having consistently risen up the ranks since 2015, when it ranked 81<sup>st</sup>. The Islamic Republic of Iran is 2<sup>nd</sup> in the region, going up to 60<sup>th</sup> place. Kazakhstan ranks 3<sup>rd</sup> at the 79<sup>th</sup> position (see Table 3). Uzbekistan continues to move upward, by seven places, and achieves the 86<sup>th</sup> rank in 2021. The innovation performance of Kazakhstan (79<sup>th</sup>) and Tajikistan (103<sup>rd</sup>) improved in 2021 but has been less steady over the past years.

Table 5
GII 2021 rankings overall and by pillar

| Country/Economy           | Overall<br>GII | Institutions | Human<br>capital and<br>research | Infrastructure | Market<br>sophistication | Business sophistication | Knowledge<br>and technology<br>outputs | Creative outputs |
|---------------------------|----------------|--------------|----------------------------------|----------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|--|------------------|
| Switzerland               | 1              | 13           | 6                                | 2              | 6                        | 4                       | 1                                      | 2                |
| Sweden                    | 2              | 9            | 2                                | 3              | 11                       | 1                       | 2                                      | 5                |
| United States of America  | 3              | 12           | 11                               | 23             | 2                        | 2                       | 3                                      | 12               |
| Jnited Kingdom            | 4              | 15           | 10                               | 10             | 4                        | 21                      | 10                                     | 4                |
| Republic of Korea         | 5              | 28           | 1                                | 12             | 18                       | 7                       | 8                                      | 8                |
| Netherlands               | 6              | 6            | 14                               | 16             | 31                       | 5                       | 7                                      | 7                |
| Finland                   | 7              | 2            | 4                                | 11             | 19                       | 6                       | 5                                      | 16               |
| Singapore                 | <br>8          | 1            | 9                                | 15             | 5                        | 3                       | 13                                     | 17               |
| Denmark                   | 9              | 8            | 5                                | 5              | 7                        | 11                      | 14                                     | 13               |
|                           | 10             | 17           | 3                                | 21             | 20                       | 12                      | 9                                      | 11               |
| Germany                   |                |              |                                  |                |                          |                         |  |                  |
| France                    | 11             | 19           | 15                               | 17             | 17                       | 19                      | 16                                     | 6                |
| China                     | 12             | 61           | 21                               | 24             | 16                       | 13                      | 4                                      | 14               |
| Japan                     | 13             | 7            | 20                               | 9              | 15                       | 10                      | 11                                     | 18               |
| Hong Kong, China          | 14             | 11           | 25                               | 6              | 3                        | 24                      | 62                                     | 1                |
| srael                     | 15             | 34           | 19                               | 40             | 8                        | 8                       | 6                                      | 30               |
| Canada                    | 16             | 5            | 18                               | 30             | 1                        | 20                      | 23                                     | 19               |
| celand                    | 17             | 14           | 23                               | 25             | 25                       | 18                      | 25                                     | 10               |
| Austria                   | 18             | 16           | 7                                | 7              | 40                       | 15                      | 19                                     | 27               |
| reland                    | 19             | 18           | 27                               | 4              | 48                       | 17                      | 15                                     | 29               |
| Norway                    | 20             | 3            | 13                               | 1              | 21                       | 23                      | 28                                     | 25               |
| Estonia                   | 21             | 22           | 34                               | 8              | 10                       | 29                      | 22                                     | 15               |
| Belgium                   | 22             | 23           | 8                                | 35             | 33                       | 16                      | 17                                     | 36               |
| Luxembourg                | 23             | 27           | 40                               | 33             | 53                       | 9                       | 38                                     | 3                |
| Czech Republic            | 23<br>24       | 32           | 33                               | 19             | 50<br>50                 | 25                      | 12                                     | 22               |
|                           | 24<br>25       | 10           |                                  | 20             | 9                        |                         | 42                                     | 24               |
| Australia                 |                |              | 12                               |                |                          | 26                      |  |                  |
| New Zealand               | 26             | 4            | 17                               | 22             | 14                       | 30                      | 39                                     | 23               |
| Malta                     | 27             | 37           | 41                               | 18             | 63                       | 14                      | 44                                     | 9                |
| Cyprus                    | 28             | 26           | 42                               | 28             | 46                       | 28                      | 21                                     | 20               |
| taly                      | 29             | 36           | 31                               | 26             | 43                       | 32                      | 18                                     | 34               |
| Spain                     | 30             | 31           | 30                               | 13             | 32                       | 35                      | 26                                     | 32               |
| Portugal                  | 31             | 25           | 24                               | 31             | 56                       | 41                      | 34                                     | 26               |
| Blovenia                  | 32             | 20           | 28                               | 27             | 71                       | 27                      | 32                                     | 38               |
| Jnited Arab Emirates      | 33             | 30           | 22                               | 14             | 26                       | 22                      | 59                                     | 40               |
| Hungary                   | 34             | 42           | 36                               | 32             | 65                       | 31                      | 20                                     | 47               |
| Bulgaria                  | 35             | 47           | 65                               | 36             | 72                       | 42                      | 27                                     | 21               |
| Malaysia                  | 36             | 41           | 39                               | 51             | 30                       | 39                      | 31                                     | 37               |
| Slovakia                  | 37             | 39           | 58                               | 39             | 73                       | 43                      | 30                                     | 43               |
| _atvia                    | 38             | 29           | 46                               | 55             | 45                       | 40                      | 45                                     | 39               |
| ithuania                  | 39             | 33           | 43                               | 42             | 35                       | 45                      | 49                                     | 41               |
|                           |                |              |                                  |                |                          |                         |  |                  |
| Poland                    | 40             | 38           | 37                               | 41             | 60                       | 38                      | 36                                     | 50               |
| Turkey                    | 41             | 93           | 26                               | 48             | 49                       | 46                      | 50                                     | 35               |
| Croatia                   | 42             | 46           | 47                               | 29             | 67                       | 55                      | 47                                     | 54               |
| Thailand                  | 43             | 64           | 63                               | 61             | 27                       | 36                      | 40                                     | 55               |
| /iet Nam                  | 44             | 83           | 79                               | 79             | 22                       | 47                      | 41                                     | 42               |
| Russian Federation        | 45             | 67           | 29                               | 63             | 61                       | 44                      | 48                                     | 56               |
| ndia                      | 46             | 62           | 54                               | 81             | 28                       | 52                      | 29                                     | 68               |
| Greece                    | 47             | 51           | 16                               | 45             | 70                       | 60                      | 52                                     | 69               |
| Romania                   | 48             | 53           | 76                               | 37             | 76                       | 54                      | 35                                     | 72               |
| Jkraine                   | 49             | 91           | 44                               | 94             | 88                       | 53                      | 33                                     | 48               |
| Montenegro                | 50             | 48           | 59                               | 60             | 41                       | 67                      | 78                                     | 33               |
| Philippines               | 51             | 90           | 80                               | 86             | 86                       | 33                      | 24                                     | 65               |
| Mauritius                 | 52             | 21           | 71                               | 65             | 29                       | 111                     | 93                                     | 31               |
| Chile                     | 53             | 40           | 51                               | 47             | 66                       | 48                      | 58                                     | 60               |
| Serbia                    | 53<br>54       | 50           | 62                               | 44             | 58                       | 63                      | 43                                     | 76               |
|                           |                |              |                                  |                |                          |                         |  |                  |
| Mexico                    | 55             | 77           | 56                               | 67             | 55                       | 56                      | 53                                     | 52               |
| Costa Rica                | 56             | 66           | 61                               | 71             | 85                       | 49                      | 56                                     | 45               |
| Brazil                    | 57             | 78           | 48                               | 69             | 75                       | 34                      | 51                                     | 66               |
| Mongolia                  | 58             | 76           | 81                               | 91             | 13                       | 71                      | 85                                     | 28               |
| lorth Macedonia           | 59             | 52           | 73                               | 49             | 12                       | 65                      | 57                                     | 83               |
| ran (Islamic Republic of) | 60             | 124          | 49                               | 70             | 82                       | 115                     | 46                                     | 46               |
| South Africa              | 61             | 55           | 67                               | 83             | 23                       | 51                      | 61                                     | 79               |
| Belarus                   | 62             | 85           | 38                               | 59             | 101                      | 69                      | 37                                     | 93               |
| Georgia                   | 63             | 35           | 60                               | 85             | 34                       | 61                      | 75                                     | 74               |
| Republic of Moldova       | 64             | 81           | 77                               | 82             | 74                       | 87                      | 54                                     | 53               |
|                           | 65             |              |                                  |                | 108                      |                         | 63                                     |                  |
| Jruguay                   |                | 44           | 64                               | 53             |                          | 81                      |  | 64               |
| Saudi Arabia              | 66             | 101          | 32                               | 54             | 39                       | 89                      | 69                                     | 78               |
| Colombia                  | 67             | 56           | 78                               | 57             | 42                       | 50                      | 72                                     | 82               |
| Qatar                     | 68             | 57           | 75                               | 34             | 83                       | 96                      | 79                                     | 63               |
| Armenia                   | 69             | 65           | 94                               | 80             | 99                       | 98                      | 64                                     | 49               |
| Peru                      | 70             | 70           | 53                               | 78             | 38                       | 37                      | 87                                     | 77               |

Table 5 GII 2021 rankings overall and by pillar (continued)

| Country/Economy                  | Overall<br>GII | Institutions | Human<br>capital and<br>research | Infrastructure | Market sophistication | Business sophistication | Knowledge<br>and technology<br>outputs | Creative outputs |
|----------------------------------|----------------|--------------|----------------------------------|----------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|--|------------------|
| Tunisia                          | 71             | 75           | 35                               | 89             | 98                    | 114                     | 55                                     | 80               |
| Kuwait                           | 72             | 86           | 69                               | 43             | 94                    | 100                     | 60                                     | 89               |
| Argentina                        | 73             | 102          | 50                               | 64             | 110                   | 57                      | 73                                     | 73               |
| Jamaica                          | 74             | 43           | 86                               | 104            | 116                   | 58                      | 95                                     | 51               |
| Bosnia and Herzegovina           | 75             | 82           | 68                               | 52             | 51                    | 99                      | 66                                     | 99               |
| Oman                             | 76             | 71           | 45                               | 56             | 84                    | 94                      | 107                                    | 71               |
| Morocco                          | 77             | 74           | 82                               | 84             | 91                    | 105                     | 67                                     | 70               |
| Bahrain                          | 78             | 49           | 83                               | 38             | 78                    | 90                      | 82                                     | 106              |
| Kazakhstan                       | 79             | 45           | 66                               | 58             | 80                    | 78                      | 86                                     | 110              |
| Azerbaijan                       | 80             | 58           | 89                               | 88             | 36                    | 92                      | 115                                    | 67               |
| Jordan                           | 81             | 63           | 84                               | 102            | 47                    | 85                      | 76                                     | 88               |
| Brunei Darussalam                | 82             | 24           | 52                               | 46             | 106                   | 84                      | 130                                    | 85               |
| Panama                           | 83             | 69           | 99                               | 50             | 97                    | 103                     | 113                                    | 58               |
| Albania                          | 84             | 60           | 90                               | 62             | 79                    | 68                      | 103                                    | 81               |
| Kenya                            | 85             | 80           | 92                               | 114            | 54                    | 77                      | 65                                     | 95               |
| Uzbekistan                       | 86             | 94           | 72                               | 72             | 24                    | 123                     | 77                                     | 113              |
| Indonesia                        | 87             | 107          | 91                               | 68             | 57                    | 110                     | 74                                     | 91               |
| Paraguay                         | 88             | 110          | 98                               | 77             | 89                    | 66                      | 117                                    | 62               |
| Cabo Verde                       | 89             | 88           | 95                               | 66             | 128                   | 74                      | 122                                    | 59               |
| United Republic of Tanzania      | 90             | 103          | 125                              | 105            | 109                   | 119                     | 100                                    | 44               |
| Ecuador                          | 91             | 126          | 97                               | 74             | 44                    | 97                      | 97                                     | 86               |
| Lebanon                          | 92             | 112          | 87                               | 100            | 90                    | 64                      | 91                                     | 92               |
| Dominican Republic               | 93             | 96           | 102                              | 75             | 104                   | 86                      | 108                                    | 84               |
| Egypt                            | 94             | 114          | 93                               | 92             | 96                    | 106                     | 70                                     | 104              |
| Sri Lanka                        | 95             | 119          | 118                              | 73             | 118                   | 62                      | 68                                     | 100              |
| El Salvador                      | 96             | 98           | 106                              | 99             | 105                   | 80                      | 124                                    | 57               |
| Trinidad and Tobago              | 97             | 72           | 100                              | 90             | 119                   | 104                     | 83                                     | 103              |
| Kyrgyzstan                       | 98             | 95           | 70                               | 87             | 52                    | 107                     | 102                                    | 120              |
| Pakistan                         | 99             | 99           | 117                              | 117            | 120                   | 88                      | 71                                     | 87               |
| Namibia                          | 100            | 73           | 57                               | 112            | 92                    | 112                     | 119                                    | 105              |
| Guatemala                        | 101            | 117          | 120                              | 122            | 77                    | 79                      | 90                                     | 75               |
| Rwanda                           | 102            | 54           | 114                              | 101            | 93                    | 82                      | 96                                     | 117              |
| Tajikistan                       | 103            | 118          | 85<br>EE                         | 126            | 37<br>50              | 129                     | 80                                     | 107              |
| Bolivia (Plurinational State of) | 104<br>105     | 131<br>68    | 55<br>104                        | 106<br>108     | 59<br>107             | 75<br>131               | 112<br>88                              | 111<br>109       |
| Senegal<br>Botswana              | 105            | 59           | 130                              | 93             | 113                   | 73                      | 101                                    | 112              |
| Malawi                           | 100            | 105          | 122                              | 127            | 81                    | 95                      | 84                                     | 97               |
| Honduras                         | 107            | 121          | 96                               | 116            | 62                    | 93<br>72                | 118                                    | 102              |
| Cambodia                         | 109            | 111          | 109                              | 107            | 69                    | 117                     | 111                                    | 98               |
| Madagascar                       | 110            | 108          | 116                              | 132            | 122                   | 125                     | 99                                     | 61               |
| Nepal                            | 111            | 115          | 115                              | 98             | 68                    | 59                      | 121                                    | 108              |
| Ghana                            | 112            | 120          | 101                              | 97             | 115                   | 108                     | 104                                    | 94               |
| Zimbabwe                         | 113            | 129          | 88                               | 128            | 64                    | 101                     | 109                                    | 101              |
| Côte d'Ivoire                    | 114            | 79           | 124                              | 109            | 117                   | 91                      | 110                                    | 121              |
| Burkina Faso                     | 115            | 92           | 103                              | 111            | 114                   | 120                     | 106                                    | 129              |
| Bangladesh                       | 116            | 122          | 128                              | 95             | 95                    | 122                     | 92                                     | 123              |
| Lao People's Democratic Republic | 117            | 130          | 113                              | 123            | 103                   | 70                      | 127                                    | 90               |
| Nigeria                          | 118            | 109          | 121                              | 120            | 102                   | 76                      | 123                                    | 116              |
| Uganda                           | 119            | 89           | 131                              | 103            | 111                   | 118                     | 105                                    | 126              |
| Algeria                          | 120            | 104          | 74                               | 96             | 132                   | 124                     | 125                                    | 118              |
| Zambia                           | 121            | 125          | 107                              | 119            | 87                    | 83                      | 120                                    | 125              |
| Mozambique                       | 122            | 127          | 112                              | 76             | 126                   | 127                     | 116                                    | 115              |
| Cameroon                         | 123            | 113          | 105                              | 115            | 129                   | 93                      | 98                                     | 124              |
| Mali                             | 124            | 106          | 123                              | 124            | 121                   | 109                     | 94                                     | 122              |
| Togo                             | 125            | 87           | 110                              | 110            | 112                   | 128                     | 128                                    | 119              |
| Ethiopia                         | 126            | 116          | 126                              | 121            | 130                   | 126                     | 81                                     | 127              |
| Myanmar                          | 127            | 123          | 108                              | 113            | 124                   | 132                     | 89                                     | 131              |
| Benin                            | 128            | 84           | 111                              | 118            | 123                   | 113                     | 131                                    | 128              |
| Niger                            | 129            | 97           | 129                              | 130            | 100                   | 116                     | 114                                    | 132              |
| Guinea                           | 130            | 100          | 132                              | 131            | 131                   | 121                     | 132                                    | 96               |
| dullica                          |                |              |                                  |                |                       |                         |  |                  |
| Yemen                            | 131            | 132          | 127                              | 129            | 125                   | 102                     | 126                                    | 114              |

<sup>4&</sup>lt;sup>th</sup> quartile (best performers, ranks 1<sup>st</sup> to 33<sup>rd</sup>)
3<sup>rd</sup> quartile (ranks 34<sup>th</sup> to 66<sup>th</sup>)
2<sup>nd</sup> quartile (ranks 67<sup>th</sup> to 99<sup>th</sup>)
1<sup>st</sup> quartile (ranks 100<sup>th</sup> to 132<sup>nd</sup>)

Overall, the region performs best in Market sophistication. In terms of innovation inputs, Kazakhstan leads the region in Institutions (45<sup>th</sup> rank overall) and Infrastructure (58<sup>th</sup>), the Islamic Republic of Iran leads in Human capital and research (49<sup>th</sup>), Uzbekistan in Market sophistication (24<sup>th</sup>) and India in Business sophistication (52<sup>nd</sup>). India is also at the top of the region in the Knowledge and technology outputs pillar (29<sup>th</sup>), while the Islamic Republic of Iran comes top in Creative outputs (46<sup>th</sup>).

#### Sub-Saharan Africa

In sub-Saharan Africa, only Mauritius (52<sup>nd</sup>) and South Africa (61<sup>st</sup>) rank in the top 65; and only Kenya (85<sup>th</sup>) and the United Republic of Tanzania (90<sup>th</sup>) have remained firmly within the top 100 and have improved their performance over the past five years. No economy has steadily improved its rankings over time. A total of 10 economies in the region move up the GII ranks this year, including Kenya (85<sup>th</sup>), Namibia (100<sup>th</sup>), Malawi (107<sup>th</sup>), Madagascar (110<sup>th</sup>), Zimbabwe (113<sup>th</sup>) and Burkina Faso (115<sup>th</sup>). Cabo Verde reaches 89<sup>th</sup> place this year, a considerable increase from its position at 103<sup>rd</sup> place in 2013.

On average, the region performs best in Institutions, even ranking above the average of the Central and Southern Asia region. Mauritius ranks highest in the region in Institutions (21st), Infrastructure (65th) and Creative outputs (31st). Namibia comes top in Human capital and research (57th), and South Africa in Market sophistication (23rd), Business sophistication (51st) and Knowledge and technology outputs (61st).

### Creating balanced and efficient innovation ecosystems

Innovation leaders have balanced and high-performing innovation systems. However, efficiency in translating innovation inputs into outputs is still eluding several high-income economies

Innovation leaders and the economies that have consistently advanced up the GII ranks over the past decade have dynamic innovation systems and combine efficiency in translating innovation inputs into outputs with a balanced and strong performance across all GII pillars.

Translating an economy's investments in innovation – in the form of R&D, education, and solid infrastructure and institutions supporting innovative activities – into innovation outputs is not an easy feat.

Some economies excel in efficiently converting innovation inputs into outputs. Among the high-income group economies, Switzerland (1st) produces considerably higher levels of outputs than other high-income economies, such as Sweden (2nd), the United States (3rd) and Singapore (8th), at comparable levels of innovation inputs (Figure 11). The Czech Republic (24th) produces the same levels of outputs as Japan (13th) or Singapore (8th) at much lower levels of innovation inputs.

Among the upper middle-income group economies, China (12th) ranks 7th overall in the Innovation Output Sub-Index, and its levels of outputs are comparable to those of high-income economies like the United Kingdom (4th), the Netherlands (6th) and Germany (10th), even though its overall level of innovation inputs is lower. Bulgaria (35th) has outputs comparable to high-income economies, such as Norway (20th) and Italy (29th), with fewer inputs.

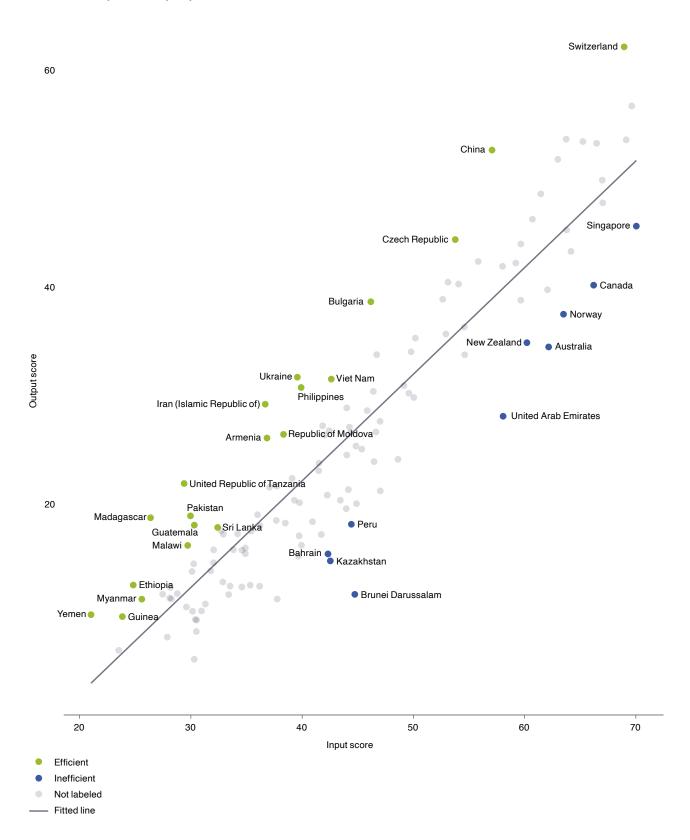
The United Republic of Tanzania (90<sup>th</sup>), among the lower middle-income group economies, performs on innovation outputs at levels comparable to high-income Latin American economies Chile (53<sup>rd</sup>) and Uruguay (65<sup>th</sup>). In addition, Viet Nam (44<sup>th</sup>) and the Philippines (51<sup>st</sup>) do the same, relative to other high-income European Union economies, such as Latvia (38<sup>th</sup>), Lithuania (39<sup>th</sup>) and Poland (40<sup>th</sup>), with a lower level of innovation inputs.

Low-income sub-Saharan Africa economies Malawi (107<sup>th</sup>), Madagascar (110<sup>th</sup>), Ethiopia (126<sup>th</sup>) and Guinea (130<sup>th</sup>) are also efficiently transforming their limited innovation inputs and resources into innovation outputs.

However, there are also several high-income economies that struggle to obtain a better balance between their level of investments and their level of innovation results, to the detriment of their overall innovation performance and GII ranking. This group includes, notably, oil and natural gas producers and exporters Canada (16<sup>th</sup>), Norway (20<sup>th</sup>), the United Arab Emirates (UAE) (33<sup>rd</sup>), Bahrain (78<sup>th</sup>) and Brunei Darussalam (82<sup>nd</sup>). All these economies rank considerably lower in the Innovation Output Sub-Index, relative to their ranking in the Innovation Input Sub-Index. For instance, the UAE ranks 23<sup>rd</sup> in innovation inputs overall, and 47<sup>th</sup> in outputs. The economy's ranking in innovation outputs has, however, improved this year relative to 2020, moving in the right direction to achieve greater balance in the innovation system.

Peru (70<sup>th</sup>), despite being an innovation achiever, it is also struggling to effectively utilize its innovation inputs (ranked 52<sup>nd</sup> in the Innovation Input Sub-Index) into innovation results (82<sup>nd</sup>) and more effort is needed to achieve a better balance in the innovation system.

Figure 11 Innovation input to output performance, 2021



Moreover, innovation leaders have complementarity and balance across the different areas of their innovation system. A successful innovation system balances knowledge creation, exploration and investments – the innovation inputs – with the production of ideas and technologies toward application, exploitation and impact – the innovation outputs.

A balanced and strong performance across all seven pillars is most clearly evident among the innovation leaders (top 25). Only 15 economies – including Switzerland, Sweden, the United States, Singapore and France, or 11 percent of all economies ranked this year, have strong performances across all seven GII pillars (Table 5).

However, certain economies that are ranked lower overall in the GII are also leaders in specific areas. Examples include Turkey, highly ranked in Human capital and research (26th); Thailand, Viet Nam and Uzbekistan, with their relatively high ranking in Market sophistication (27th, 22nd and 24th, respectively); and Mongolia, ranked in the top 30 in Creative outputs (28th). These discrepancies in performance within economies also hint at innovation systems that are changing and dynamic with the potential for increased overall performance in the future.

Table 6
Top S&T cluster of each economy or cross-border region, 2021

| Rank | Cluster name                 | Economy | Rank<br>change |
|------|------------------------------|---------|----------------|
| 1    | Tokyo-Yokohama               | JP      | 0              |
| 2    | Shenzhen-Hong Kong-Guangzhou | CN/HK   | 0              |
| 3    | Beijing                      | CN      | 1              |
| 4    | Seoul                        | KR      | -1             |
| 5    | San Jose-San Francisco, CA   | US      | 0              |
| 10   | Paris                        | FR      | 0              |
| 15   | London                       | GB      | 0              |
| 19   | Amsterdam-Rotterdam          | NL      | -1             |
| 20   | Cologne                      | DE      | -1             |
| 27   | Tel Aviv-Jerusalem           | IL      | -3             |
| 28   | Taipei-Hsinchu               | TW      | -1             |
| 29   | Singapore                    | SG      | -1             |
| 31   | Melbourne                    | AU      | 4              |
| 32   | Moscow                       | RU      | 0              |
| 35   | Stockholm                    | SE      | -2             |
| 36   | Eindhoven                    | BE/NL   | -2             |
| 40   | Toronto, ON                  | CA      | -1             |
| 41   | Tehran                       | IR      | 2              |
| 43   | Brussels                     | BE      | -2             |
| 46   | Madrid                       | ES      | -1             |
| 48   | Milan                        | IT      | 0              |
| 49   | Istanbul                     | TR      | 2              |
| 50   | Zürich                       | CH/DE   | -1             |
| 56   | Copenhagen                   | DK      | -2             |
| 62   | Bengaluru                    | IN      | -2             |
| 66   | São Paulo                    | BR      | -5             |
| 71   | Vienna                       | AT      | -1             |
| 74   | Helsinki                     | FI      | -6             |
| 92   | Lausanne                     | CH/FR   | -3             |
| 100  | Warsaw                       | PL      | -1             |

Source: WIPO Statistics Database, April 2021.

### The GII top science and technology clusters

New science and technology (S&T) clusters are emerging. Clusters in China made the most consistent rank improvements. Delhi, Mumbai and Istanbul also advanced strongly this year.

Divides also exist in the ranking of the global science and technology (S&T) clusters. The top 100 S&T clusters are hosted by 26 economies, of which six – Brazil, China, India, the Islamic Republic of Iran, Turkey and the Russian Federation – are middle-income economies (Table 6).

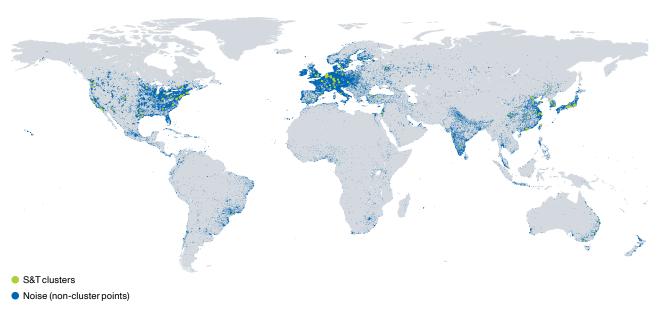
Tokyo-Yokohama is the top-performing cluster again, followed by Shenzhen–Hong Kong–Guangzhou, Beijing, Seoul and San Jose–San Francisco (see Annex Table 3, Top 100 clusters). The top 10 clusters remain the same as last year with only minor shifts. Beijing overtook Seoul to occupy the 3<sup>rd</sup> spot, and Shanghai switched with New York City, NY in 8<sup>th</sup> position. The largest increases in rank came from three Chinese clusters – Qingdao (+16 positions), Shenyang (+14) and Dalian (+13). Shenyang and Dalian, along with the Korean cluster Daegu, make up the three new entrants into this year's top 100 clusters (Map 1).

The United States continues to host the largest number of clusters (24), followed by China (19), Germany (9) and

Japan (5). Chinese clusters experienced the largest increases in S&T output, with the median increase equating to +14.4 percent, and China hosts the fastest growing clusters with Qingdao (+33.1 percent) and Suzhou (+21.7 percent).<sup>4</sup> Other middle-income clusters besides China also experienced strong growth, including Delhi (+6.6 percent), Mumbai (+6.3 percent) and Istanbul (+5.5 percent). High-income economy clusters grew at a slower pace than clusters in middle-income economies. A decline within clusters in the United States accounted for most of this slower growth. There were some notable exceptions, namely Kanazawa (+12.1 percent) in Japan, Daejon (+9.0 percent) in the Republic of Korea and Melbourne (+7.8 percent) in Australia.

Many European and U.S. clusters show more intense S&T activity than their Asian counterparts do. The United States has nine clusters in the top 25 by S&T intensity, followed by Germany and Sweden (with three each). Cambridge in the United Kingdom and Eindhoven in the Netherlands/Belgium, emerge as the most S&T-intensive clusters. Ann Arbor, Michigan (United States), Oxford (United Kingdom) and San Jose–San Francisco, CA (United States) follow (see Annex Table 4, Ranking of S&T intensity, 2015–2019). As was the case in the previous year's ranking, S&T intensity was higher if patenting activity drove a cluster's output, with 15 out of the top 25 clusters deriving the majority of their output from patents.





Source: WIPO Statistic Database, April 2021.

Note: Noise refers to all inventor/author locations not classified as being in a cluster.

#### Conclusion

In conclusion, the GII continues to support and foster innovation through changing times. The aim of the GII is to provide insightful data on innovation and, in turn, to assist policymakers in evaluating their innovation performance and making informed innovation policy decisions. The 2021 edition of the GII – with its informed conclusions on innovation developments both generally and in the context of the COVID-19 pandemic – makes a significant contribution to this end.

Two key insights emerge from this year's report.

- The global innovation landscape is changing too slowly. The GII has been warning of this for several years now, as high-income economies, notably from Northern America and Europe, continue to lead the GII ranks and have the strongest and most balanced innovation systems. There is an urgent need for this to change, particularly in the context of the COVID-19 crisis. Confronted with an unprecedented crisis, it is important to fully leverage the power of innovation to collectively build a cohesive, dynamic and sustainable recovery. The short-term and longer term impacts of the pandemic on science and innovation systems have to be monitored and findings acted up on.
- There are a few middle-income economies, notably the TVIPs, that are catching up with the leaders. However, the pandemic's effects on R&D investment

   the uneven reduction of R&D expenditures in some sectors and the fact that governments have not made innovation and R&D a priority in current stimulus packages will hamper convergence. It is therefore crucial that support for innovation becomes broader and that it is conducted in a countercyclical way (i.e., as business innovation expenditures slump, governments strive to counteract that effect with their own expenditure boosts to innovation, even in the face of higher public debt).

Future editions of the GII will track these developments closely and continue the journey toward enabling policy and business leaders by fostering a better understanding and measurement of innovation.

#### **Notes**

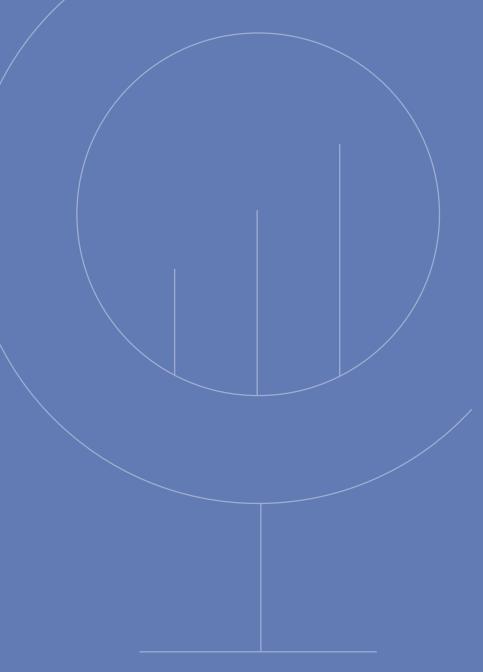
- 1 It is important to remember that various factors, including changes to the methodology for the calculation of indicators, data availability and changes to the GII model and measurement framework, influence the year-on-year comparisons of GII ranking. See Appendix I for more details.
- Nine economies are no longer innovation achievers in 2021, relative to 2020: three economies from Europe (North Macedonia, Montenegro and Serbia); two from Latin America and the Caribbean (Costa Rica and Jamaica); two from Northern Africa and Western Asia (Armenia and Georgia); and two from sub-Saharan Africa (Mozambique and Niger).
- 3 Angola (132<sup>nd</sup>) rejoins the innovation ranking in 2021, thanks to improved availability of innovation data. The last time Angola was included in the GII was in 2015.
- 4 S&T output growth refers to the net S&T output over time, which is the difference in total patents and publications for each cluster, for all points that were located inside the same cluster compared to the previous year.

#### Reference

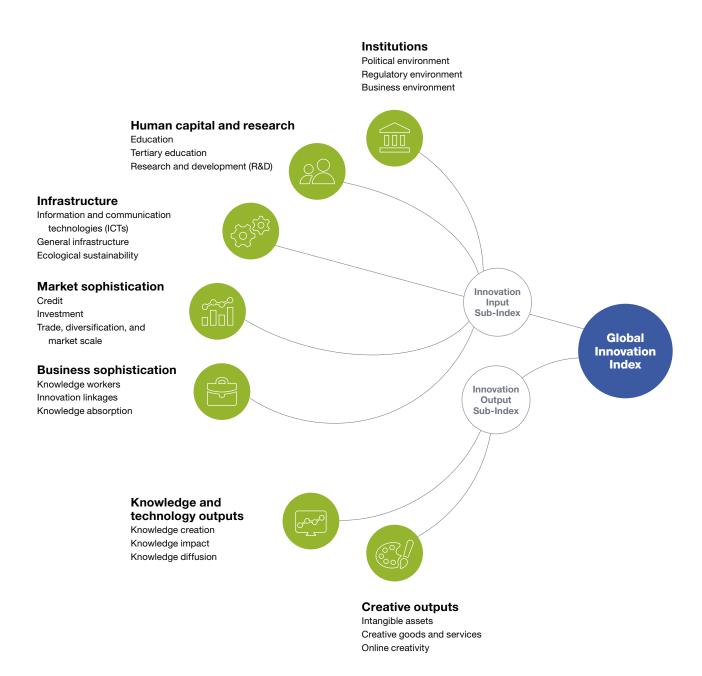
Aghion P., C. Antonin and S. Bunel (2021). *The Power of Creative Destruction: Economic Upheaval and the Wealth of Nations*. Cambridge, MA: The Belknap Press of Harvard University Press.

# GII 2021 Economy profiles

The following tables provide detailed profiles for 132 economies



### Framework of the Global Innovation Index 2021



Source: Global Innovation Index 2021, WIPO.

#### How to read the Economy profiles

The following tables provide detailed profiles for each of the 132 economies in the Global Innovation Index 2021. They are composed of four sections.

The top section provides the overall Global Innovation Index (GII) rank for each economy.

The next section provides eight key metrics at the beginning of each profile that are intended to put the economy into context. They present the

Innovation Output Sub-Index rank, Innovation Input

Sub-Index rank, the income group to which the economy belongs, its geographical region, population in millions, GDP in billion US\$ PPP, and GDP per capita in US\$ PPP. The last metric provides the GII 2020 rank for the economy.

Because economies may drop out of or enter the GII, and due to adjustments made to the GII framework every year and other technical factors not directly related to actual performance (missing data, updates of data, etc.), the GII rankings are not directly comparable from one year to the next. Please refer to Appendix I for details.

The Innovation Input Sub-Index rank is computed based on the simple average of the scores in the first five pillars, while the Innovation Output Sub-Index rank is computed based on the simple average of the scores in the last two pillars. Scores are normalized values to fall within the 0–100 range.

Pillars are identified by an illustrative icon, sub-pillars by two-digit numbers and indicators by three-digit numbers. For example, indicator 1.3.1, ease of starting a business appears under sub-pillar 1.3, Business environment, which in turn appears under the pillar, Institutions .

The 2021 GII includes 81 indicators and three types of data. Composite (or index) indicators are identified with an asterisk (\*), survey questions are identified with a dagger (†), and the remaining indicators are all hard data series.

As far as possible, we provide the original value of the indicators (frequently scaled in our index). This has been achievable for all hard data (with the exception of indicators in sub-pillar 7.3, for which the raw data were

provided on condition that only the normalized scores were published), meaning that 56 indicators are reported as values. Normalized scores in the 0–100 range are provided for the 25 other indicators (which often consist of survey data or indices) as well as for the overall index, sub-pillars and pillars.

When data are either not available or out of date, "n/a" is used with a cutoff year of 2011, with a few exceptions. To the right of the indicator name, a clock symbol is used to indicate that the economy's data for that indicator are older than the base year. For information on data exceptions and limitations and a detailed explanation of

the GII framework, see Appendix I. For further details on the indicators' sources and definitions, see Appendix III.

On the far right-hand side of each column, strengths of the economy in question are indicated by a solid circle ● and weaknesses by a hollow circle ○. Strengths within the economy's income group are indicated by a solid diamond ◆ and weaknesses by a hollow diamond ◇. The only exceptions to the income group strengths and weaknesses are the top 25 high-income economies, whose strengths and weaknesses are computed within the top 25 group.⁴

Albania

2 Organizate di Inspirate di Transis del Constituto del Seguino del S

All rankings of 1, 2 and 3 are highlighted as strengths, except in particular instances at the sub-pillar level where strengths and weaknesses are not signaled when the desired data minimum coverage (DMC) is not met for that sub-pillar. For the remaining indicators, strengths and weaknesses of a particular economy are based on the percentage of economies with scores that fall above or below its own score (i.e., percent ranks).

For a given economy, strengths • are those scores with percent ranks greater than the 10<sup>th</sup> largest percent rank among the 81 indicators in that economy.

For that same economy, weaknesses  $\bigcirc$  are those scores with percent ranks lower than the 10<sup>th</sup> smallest percent rank among the 81 indicators in that economy.

Similarly, for a given economy, income group strengths  $\spadesuit$  are those scores that are above the income group average plus the standard deviation within the group.

For that same economy, income group weaknesses  $\diamondsuit$  are those scores that are below the income group average minus the standard deviation within the group.

In addition, economies with a sub-pillar that does not meet the DMC requirement will show the score for that sub-pillar within square brackets. Those that have more than one sub-pillar that fails to meet the DMC requirement in the same pillar will also show the ranks of the pillar where these are located within square brackets. For these pillars and sub-pillars, strengths/weaknesses are not signaled.

#### **Notes**

- 1 Economies are classified according to the World Bank Income Group Classification (June 2020). Geographic regions correspond to the United Nations publication on standard country or area codes for statistical use (M49), as follows: EUR = Europe; NAC = Northern America; LCN = Latin America and the Caribbean; CSA = Central and Southern Asia; SEAO = South East Asia, East Asia, and Oceania; NAWA = Northern Africa and Western Asia; SSF = Sub-Saharan Africa.
- 2 Data are from the United Nations, Department of Economic and Social Affairs, Population Division, World Population Prospects: The 2019 Revision.
- 3 Data for GDP and GDP per capita are from the International Monetary Fund's World Economic Outlook 2020 database.
- 4 As the only economy in the top 25 that does not fall within the high-income group, China's income group strengths and weaknesses are computed within the non-top 25 group.
- 5 Data stringency requirements are used in the attribution of strengths and weaknesses at the sub-pillar level. These levels were revised in 2019. When economies do not meet a DMC requirement at the sub-pillar level (for sub-pillars with two indicators, the DMC is 2; for three it is 2; for four it is 3; and for five it is 4), no strength or weakness is attributed to them at the sub-pillar level. Furthermore, if the economy in question does not meet the DMC requirements at the sub-pillar level, but it still obtains a ranking higher than or equal to 10, or a ranking equal to or lower than 100 at the sub-pillar level, for the sake of caution this rank is shown in brackets. This is to ensure that incomplete data coverage does not lead to erroneous conclusions being drawn about strengths or weaknesses, or, particularly, about strong or weak sub-pillar rankings.

### **Albania**

Output rank Input rank

Income

Region

Population (mn) GDP, PPP\$ (bn)

84

GII 2020 rank

GDP per capita, PPP\$

| 9                   | 92 71 Upper middle  | EUR  |   | 2.9                              | 39.1 13,651   |   | 83   |
|---------------------|---|--|---|----------------------------------|---|---|--|
|                     |   | Score/<br>Value                                | Rank  |                                  |   | Score/<br>Value                             | Rank   |
| <u></u>             | Institutions  | 64.9   | 60  | 2                                | Business sophistication   | 25.0  | 68   |
|                     | Political environment Political and operational stability* Government effectiveness* Regulatory environment   | <b>56.1</b><br>69.6<br>49.3<br><b>58.9</b>     | <b>71</b><br>60<br>76<br><b>82</b>          |                                  | Knowledge workers Knowledge-intensive employment, % Firms offering formal training, % GERD performed by business, % GDP   | <b>40.3</b><br>18.4<br>46.2<br>n/a          | 22 ●   |
| 1.2.1<br>1.2.2      | Regulatory quality* Rule of law* Cost of redundancy dismissal   | 50.7<br>35.9                                   | 58<br>85<br>90                              | 5.1.4<br>5.1.5                   | GERD financed by business, % Females employed w/advanced degrees, % Innovation linkages   | n/a<br>12.9                                 |  |
| <b>1.3</b><br>1.3.1 | Business environment Ease of starting a business* Ease of resolving insolvency*   | 20.8<br><b>79.7</b><br>91.8<br>67.7            | 34 ● ◆<br>47<br>36 ●                        | 5.2.2<br>5.2.3<br>5.2.4          | University-industry R&D collaboration <sup>†</sup><br>State of cluster development and depth <sup>†</sup><br>GERD financed by abroad, % GDP<br>Joint venture/strategic alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP                                  | 49.0<br>25.9<br>n/a<br>Ø 0.0                | 41<br>127 () <<br>n/a<br>67                                  |
| **                  | Human capital and research  | 22.7   | 90  | 5.2.5<br><b>5.3</b>              | Patent families/bn PPP\$ GDP  Knowledge absorption  | 0.0<br>18.3                                 | 100 🔾 <<br>100   |
| 2.1.3<br>2.1.4      | Education  Expenditure on education, % GDP Government funding/pupil, secondary, % GDP/ca School life expectancy, years PISA scales in reading, maths and science Pupil-teacher ratio, secondary | 39.8<br>3.6<br>ap 8.0<br>14.8<br>419.8<br>10.7 | <b>95</b><br>79<br>96 ○ ♢<br>57<br>56<br>36 | 5.3.1<br>5.3.2<br>5.3.3<br>5.3.4 | Intellectual property payments, % total trade High-tech imports, % total trade ICT services imports, % total trade FDI net inflows, % GDP Research talent, % in businesses  | 0.4<br>② 2.0<br>1.4<br>7.9<br>n/a           | 73<br>130 $\bigcirc$ <<br>52<br>11 $\bullet$ $\blacklozenge$ |
| 2.2.2               | Tertiary education Tertiary enrolment, % gross Graduates in science and engineering, % Tertiary inbound mobility, %   | <b>28.3</b> 59.8 18.8 1.6                      | <b>79</b><br>51<br>81<br>81                 | <b>6.1</b> 6.1.1                 |   | <b>3.4</b><br>0.1                           |  |
| 2.3.2<br>2.3.3      | Research and development (R&D) Researchers, FTE/mn pop. Gross expenditure on R&D, % GDP Global corporate R&D investors, top 3, mn US\$  | n/a<br>n/a<br>0.0                              | 41 🔾 🗘                                      | 6.1.3<br>6.1.4<br>6.1.5          | •   | 0.0<br>0.0<br>7.2<br>2.9                    | 66<br>100<br>123 ⊝   |
|                     | QS university ranking, top 3*  Infrastructure   | 43.0   | 74 O ♦                                      | 6.2.1<br>6.2.2                   | Labor productivity growth, %<br>New businesses/th pop. 15–64<br>Software spending, % GDP  | -1.2<br>1.5<br>0.1                          | 89   |
| 3.1.2<br>3.1.3      | Information and communication technologies (In ICT access* ICT use* Government's online service*  | CTs) 66.6<br>45.4<br>52.3<br>84.1<br>84.5      | <b>66</b><br>98<br>77<br>31 ●<br>36         | 6.2.5<br><b>6.3</b><br>6.3.1     | ISO 9001 quality certificates/bn PPP\$ GDP High-tech manufacturing, %  Knowledge diffusion Intellectual property receipts, % total trade Production and export complexity   | 8.9<br>4.1<br><b>12.7</b><br>0.3<br>36.5    | 103 $\bigcirc$ < 79 35 •                                     |
| <b>3.2</b><br>3.2.1 | E-participation*  General infrastructure  Electricity output, GWh/mn pop.  Logistics performance*   | 23.4<br>2,984.3<br>28.5                        | 91<br>66<br>86                              | 6.3.3                            | High-tech exports, % total trade<br>ICT services exports, % total trade   | ② 0.0<br>1.9                                |  |
|                     | Gross capital formation, % GDP  | 22.6   | 61  | €,                               | Creative outputs  | 20.3  | 81   |
| 3.3.2               | Ecological sustainability GDP/unit of energy use Environmental performance* ISO 14001 environmental certificates/bn PPP\$ GD  | 38.9<br>16.1<br>49.0<br>P 3.6                  | <b>38</b><br>16 ● ◆<br>59<br>25 ●           |                                  | Intangible assets Trademarks by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP Global brand value, top 5,000, % GDP Industrial designs by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP ICTs and organizational model creation <sup>†</sup>  | <b>19.5</b><br>34.5<br>0.0<br>② 0.5<br>39.5 | 80 O <<br>87   |
| iii                 | Market sophistication   | 44.1   | 79  | 7.2                              | Creative goods and services   | 19.5  |  |
| 4.1.2<br>4.1.3      | Credit Ease of getting credit* Domestic credit to private sector, % GDP Microfinance gross loans, % GDP   | 34.6<br>70.0<br>34.4<br>② 0.5                  | <b>89</b> 44 90 37                          | 7.2.3<br>7.2.4                   | Cultural and creative services exports, % total trade<br>National feature films/mn pop. 15–69<br>Entertainment and media market/th pop. 15–69<br>Printing and other media, % manufacturing<br>Creative goods exports, % total trade | 1.2<br>② 3.3<br>n/a<br>2.5<br>② 0.2         | 56<br>n/a<br>8 <b>● </b>                                     |
| 4.2.2<br>4.2.3      | Investment Ease of protecting minority investors* Market capitalization, % GDP Venture capital investors, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP Venture capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP                     | 27.2<br>46.0<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>Ø 0.0            | [ <b>75]</b><br>97<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>51      | 7.3.3                            | Online creativity Generic top-level domains (TLDs)/th pop. 15–69 Country-code TLDs/th pop. 15–69 Wikipedia edits/mn pop. 15–69 Mobile app creation/bn PPP\$ GDP   | 22.5<br>6.8<br>3.3<br>56.6<br>n/a           | 48<br>61<br>56   |
| <b>4.3</b><br>4.3.1 | Trade, diversification, and market scale Applied tariff rate, weighted avg., % Domestic industry diversification  | <b>70.6</b><br>1.0<br>93.7                     | <b>61</b><br>12 <b>●</b><br>36              | 7.0.4                            |   | 11/4  | 11/4   |

NOTES: • indicates a strength;  $\bigcirc$  a weakness; • an income group strength;  $\bigcirc$  an income group weakness; \* an index; † a survey question.  $\odot$  indicates that the economy's data are older than the base year; see appendices for details, including the year of the data, at http://globalinnovationindex.org. Square brackets [] indicate that the data minimum coverage (DMC) requirements were not met at the sub-pillar or pillar level.

39.1 112 ♦

4.3.3 Domestic market scale, bn PPP\$

### **Algeria**

120

| Output rank   | Input rank   | Income  | Region   | n Populat  |  | nn) GDP, PPP\$ (bn)  | GDP per capita, PPP\$  | GII 20                    | 020 rank  |
|---|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|---------------------------|---|
| 128   | 109  | Lower middle  | NAWA   |  | 43.9   | 488.3  | 11,041   | 1                         | 121   |
| î Institu   | tiono  |   | Score/<br>Value<br>52.5  |  | _  | - Duaineas canhia  | tication   | Score/<br>Value           |   |
| <del></del>   |  |   |  |  |  |  | lication   | 14.7                      |   |
| 1.1.1 Political 1.1.2 Governm 1.2 Regulat 1.2.1 Regulat 1.2.2 Rule of la 1.2.3 Cost of r 1.3 Busines      | edundancy dis<br>s environmen  | al stability*<br>ess*<br>ent<br>missal<br>t   | 44.6<br>55.4<br>39.2<br>49.4<br>9.4<br>25.2<br>17.3<br>63.6  | 112<br>100<br><b>108</b><br>129<br>113<br>69<br><b>92</b>        | 5.1.3<br>5.1.4<br>5.1.5<br><b>5.2</b><br>5.2.3 | Knowledge workers Knowledge-intensive of Firms offering formal to GERD performed by buse Females employed w/ Innovation linkages University-industry R8 2 State of cluster develor | raining, % usiness, % GDP siness, % advanced degrees, %  Collaboration†                            | n/a 0.0 6.7 8.1 15.2 37.1 | 88<br>n/a<br>78<br>82<br>78<br><b>107</b><br>93 |
| 1.3.2 Ease of r   | starting a busir<br>resolving insolv   | ency*   | 78.0<br>49.2   | 114<br>73  | 5.2.3<br>5.2.4                                 | GERD financed by abo   | oad, % GDP<br>alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP  |                           | 101 🔾   |
| 2.1 Education 2.1.1 Expendition 2.1.2 Governm 2.1.3 School li 2.1.4 PISA sca                              | on<br>ture on educati<br>nent funding/pu<br>fe expectancy,<br>ales in reading,                                       | pil, secondary, % GDP/ca<br>years<br>maths and science  | ② 14.3<br>② 361.7  | n/a<br>n/a<br>64<br>77   | <b>5.3</b> 5.3.5 5.3.6 5.3.6  5.3.6            | Knowledge absorpti<br>Intellectual property p<br>2 High-tech imports, %<br>3 ICT services imports,<br>4 FDI net inflows, % GD<br>5 Research talent, % in                           | on<br>ayments, % total trade<br>total trade<br>% total trade<br>P                                  | 0.6<br>0.8                | <b>115</b><br>85<br>49 ●<br>97<br>112           |
| 2.2.1 Tertiary  | education<br>enrolment, % g<br>es in science a   | ross<br>nd engineering, %   | n/a<br><b>43.2</b><br>52.6<br>34.2<br>0.5  | n/a<br>31 (<br>59 (<br>8 (<br>95                                 | <b>6.1</b> 6.1.1                               | Knowledge creation   |  | <b>7.4</b> 0.2 0.0        | <b>94</b><br>96<br>83                           |
| 2.3.1 Researc<br>2.3.2 Gross ex<br>2.3.3 Global c   | •  | oop.<br>R&D, % GDP<br>nvestors, top 3, mn US\$  |  | 76<br>54 6<br>62 6<br>41 6                                       | 6.1.3<br>6.1.4<br>6.1.5                        | Utility models by origing Scientific and technical   | n/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>al articles/bn PPP\$ GDP   | 9.3<br>10.2               | n/a<br>89<br>76                                 |
|   | ersity ranking, t  | орз   | 31.8   | 96   | 6.2.   | Labor productivity gro<br>New businesses/th po<br>Software spending, %   | p. 15–64   | -0.6<br>0.4<br>0.0        | 76<br>105                                       |
| 3.1.1 ICT acce<br>3.1.2 ICT use*<br>3.1.3 Governm<br>3.1.4 E-partici                                      | ess*<br>nent's online se   |   | CTs) 39.1<br>60.2<br>53.0<br>27.6<br>15.5<br>32.4  | 75<br>76<br>127<br>131 (   | 6.2.8<br><b>6.3</b><br>6.3.3<br>6.3.3<br>6.3.3 | I ISO 9001 quality certif<br>High-tech manufactur<br>Knowledge diffusior<br>Intellectual property re<br>Production and expor<br>High-tech exports, %<br>ICT services exports,      | ing, %  cecipts, % total trade t complexity total trade  | 3.3<br>0.0<br>13.6<br>0.0 | 104 < 125 112 115 <                             |
| 3.2.2 Logistics   | y output, GWh<br>performance'<br>pital formation   |   | 1,815.5<br>18.6<br>37.5  | 86<br>109<br>10 <b>(</b>   |  | Creative outputs   |  | 10.3                      |   |
| 3.3 Ecologie<br>3.3.1 GDP/uni<br>3.3.2 Environn   | cal sustainabi<br>t of energy use<br>nental perform  | lity  | <b>24.1</b><br>10.2<br>44.8  | 83<br>64<br>74<br>99   | 7.1.1<br>7.1.1<br>7.1.2<br>7.1.3               | Intangible assets<br>Trademarks by origin/<br>Global brand value, to   | on PPP\$ GDP<br>p 5,000, % GDP<br>vrigin/bn PPP\$ GDP  | 16.6                      | <b>113</b><br>101<br>80 ○ <<br>40 ●             |
| <b>4.1 Credit</b><br>4.1.1 Ease of (<br>4.1.2 Domesti   |  | ate sector, % GDP   |  | <b>129</b><br>129 (  | 7.2.1  | National feature films/  | rvices exports, % total trade<br>mn pop. 15–69<br>dia market/th pop. 15–69<br>dia, % manufacturing |                           | 104<br>99<br>56<br>99                           |
| 4.2.2 Market of<br>4.2.3 Venture of<br>4.2.4 Venture of<br>4.3 Trade, d<br>4.3.1 Applied<br>4.3.2 Domesti | protecting mino<br>capitalization, 9<br>capital investor<br>capital recipier<br>liversification<br>tariff rate, weig | 6 GDP rs, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP rts, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP rts, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP resident and market scale resident avg., % | 10.0   20 | 131]<br>130 (<br>75 (<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>115<br>117<br>108<br>42 ( | 7.3<br>7.3.1<br>7.3.2<br>7.3.3<br>7.3.4        | Online creativity  | ains (TLDs)/th pop. 15–69<br>n pop. 15–69<br>pp. 15–69   | <b>7.1</b> 0.5 0.1 30.4   | 114<br>108<br>116<br>103                        |

### **Angola**

| Output rank   | Input rank   | Income   | Region  | Рор   | ulati              | on (mn)   |   | GDP per capita, PPP\$  | GII 20                            | 020 rank                       |
|---|--|--|---|---|--------------------|---|---|--|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 131   | 131  | Lower middle   | SSF   |   | 32.                | .9  | 216.6   | 6,978  | ı                                 | n/a                            |
|   |  |  | Score/<br>Value   | Rank  |                    |   |   |  | Score/<br>Value                   | Rank                           |
| iii Institu   | tions  |  | 42.2  |   | $\Diamond$         | <b>₽</b> E  | Business sophist  | ication  |                                   | 130                            |
| <ul><li>1.1.1 Political</li><li>1.1.2 Governm</li><li>1.2 Regulat</li></ul>   |  | ıl stability*<br>ess*<br>ent   | 20.1  | 100<br>128<br><b>105</b><br>124<br>125        | \$ \$              | 5.1.1 K<br>5.1.2 F<br>5.1.3 G<br>5.1.4 G<br>5.1.5 F | Knowledge workers Knowledge-intensive e Firms offering formal tr BERD performed by bus FERD financed by bus Females employed w/a nnovation linkages | raining, % usiness, % GDP siness, %  | 11.1<br>23.5<br>n/a<br>n/a        | n/a<br>108                     |
| 1.3.1 Ease of s<br>1.3.2 Ease of s  |  | ess*<br>ency*  | 79.4<br>0.0   | <b>129</b> C                                  |                    | 5.2.2 S<br>5.2.3 G<br>5.2.4 J                       | Jniversity-industry R&<br>State of cluster develop<br>BERD financed by abro<br>Joint venture/strategic a<br>Patent families/bn PPF                  | pment and depth†<br>oad, % GDP<br>alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP @                                    | 17.4<br>27.1<br>n/a<br>0.0<br>0.0 | 125<br>n/a                     |
| 2.1 Educati<br>2.1.1 Expendi<br>2.1.2 Governn<br>2.1.3 School II<br>2.1.4 PISA sca  | ture on educat<br>nent funding/pu<br>fe expectancy,  | on, % GDP<br>pil, secondary, % GDP/c<br>years<br>maths and science                           | <b>29.9</b> ② 3.4   | n/a<br>109<br>n/a                             | <ul><li></li></ul> | 5.3 k<br>5.3.1 lr<br>5.3.2 H<br>5.3.3 lc<br>5.3.4 F | Knowledge absorption  | on<br>ayments, % total trade<br>total trade<br>% total trade                                       | <b>12.5</b> 0.6                   | <b>129</b>                     |
| 2.2 Tertiary 2.2.1 Tertiary 2.2.2 Graduat 2.2.3 Tertiary  | education<br>enrolment, % g<br>es in science a<br>nbound mobili<br>ch and develo<br>hers, FTE/mn                     | pross<br>and engineering, %<br>by, %<br>coment (R&D)<br>pop.                                 | 6.7<br>② 9.3<br>② 12.0<br>n/a<br>0.1<br>② 18.8<br>② 0.0             | 119<br>116<br>103<br>n/a<br>119<br>106<br>113 | ♦ ♦                | 6.1 K<br>6.1.1 F<br>6.1.2 F<br>6.1.3 U<br>6.1.4 S   | Knowledge creation<br>Patents by origin/bn Pl<br>PCT patents by origin/<br>Utility models by origin   | bn PPP\$ GDP<br>n/bn PPP\$ GDP @<br>nl articles/bn PPP\$ GDP                                       | <b>0.4</b><br>0.0<br>0.0          |                                |
| 2.3.4 QS unive  | ructure  | nvestors, top 3, mn US\$ op 3* unication technologies (                                      | 22.3  | 74 C<br>125<br>121                            |                    | 6.2.1 L<br>6.2.2 N<br>6.2.3 S<br>6.2.4 IS           | Knowledge impact abor productivity grov lew businesses/th po software spending, % SO 9001 quality certifi ligh-tech manufacturi                     | p. 15–64<br>GDP<br>icates/bn PPP\$ GDP   | -4.1<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>0.4         | n/a<br>n/a<br>127              |
| <ul> <li>3.1.2 ICT use*</li> <li>3.1.3 Governn</li> <li>3.1.4 E-partici</li> <li>3.2 General</li> <li>3.2.1 Electricit</li> </ul> | nent's online se<br>pation*<br>infrastructur<br>y output, GWh  | e<br>/mn pop.  | 12.0<br>48.8<br>45.2<br><b>13.0</b><br>380.9                        | 126<br>109<br>108<br><b>123</b><br>113        | \$                 | 6.3.1 lr<br>6.3.2 F<br>6.3.3 H                      | Knowledge diffusion ntellectual property re Production and export digh-tech exports, % to CT services exports, 9                                    | ceipts, % total trade<br>complexity<br>total trade   |                                   | 83 <b>●</b><br>120 〈           |
| 3.2.2 Logistics<br>3.2.3 Gross ca   | •  |  | 0.0<br>21.5   | 125 ⊜<br>74 ●                                 |                    | <b>%</b> ,' (                                       | Creative outputs  |  | 8.1                               | [130]                          |
| 3.3.1 GDP/uni<br>3.3.2 Environr<br>3.3.3 ISO 1400   | nental perform<br>11 environmenta  | ance*<br>al certificates/bn PPP\$ GI   |   | 47 <b>●</b><br>121<br>129                     |                    | 7.1.1 T<br>7.1.2 G<br>7.1.3 Ir                      | ntangible assets<br>Trademarks by origin/b<br>Blobal brand value, top<br>ndustrial designs by o<br>CTs and organizationa                            | o 5,000, % GDP<br>rigin/bn PPP\$ GDP   |                                   | n/a                            |
| <b>4.1 Credit</b><br>4.1.1 Ease of  |  | ate sector, % GDP  | <b>27.6 3.5</b> 5.0 14.4 0.0  | 131 C<br>120                                  |                    | 7.2.1 C<br>7.2.2 N<br>7.2.3 E<br>7.2.4 F            | lational feature films/r  | rvices exports, % total trade<br>nn pop. 15–69<br>dia market/th pop. 15–69<br>lia, % manufacturing | n/a<br>0.3<br>n/a<br>2.3          | 103<br>n/a<br>10 ● <b>4</b>    |
| <ul><li>4.2.4 Venture</li><li>4.3 Trade, of</li><li>4.3.1 Applied</li><li>4.3.2 Domesti</li></ul>                                 | protecting mino<br>capitalization, 9<br>capital investor<br>capital recipier<br>liversification<br>tariff rate, weig | 6 GDP s, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP ts, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP and market scale hted avg., % rsification | 32.0<br>32.0<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>47.3<br>6.5<br>② 33.3<br>216.6 | 120<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>119<br>96 •       | $\Diamond$         | 7.3.1 C<br>7.3.2 C<br>7.3.3 V                       | Online creativity   | ains (TLDs)/th pop. 15–69<br>pop. 15–69<br>p. 15–69  | <b>5.1</b> 0.0 0.0                | 124<br>132 () ()<br>128<br>124 |

NOTES: • indicates a strength;  $\bigcirc$  a weakness; • an income group strength;  $\bigcirc$  an income group weakness; \* an index; † a survey question. ② indicates that the economy's data are older than the base year; see appendices for details, including the year of the data, at http://globalinnovationindex.org. Square brackets [] indicate that the data minimum coverage (DMC) requirements were not met at the sub-pillar or pillar level.

GDP per capita, PPP\$

### **Argentina**

Income

Region

Population (mn) GDP, PPP\$ (bn)

Output rank Input rank

72

GII 2020 rank

|  | 71 77 Upper middle  |  | LCN  | 45.2   |                                  | 924.5  | 20,370   |   | <b>B0</b>   |   |
|--|---|--|--|--|----------------------------------|--|--|---|---|---|
|  |   |  |  | Score/<br>Value  | Rank                             |  |  |   | Score/<br>Value   | Rank  |
| 血  | Institu   | tions  |  | 52.8   | 102 ♦                            | 2  | Business sophisti  | cation  | 26.7  | 57  |
| 1.2  | Political a<br>Governm<br>Regulate                                    | environmen<br>and operation<br>nent effective<br>ory environi    | nal stability*<br>ness*  | <b>53.9</b> 64.3 48.7 <b>44.4</b>                      |                                  | 5.1.3  | Knowledge workers Knowledge-intensive er Firms offering formal tra GERD performed by bu GERD financed by busin   | sining, % ② siness, % GDP ②                               | 0.2   | <b>71</b> 60 28 57                                |
| 1.2.2  | Rule of la  | ory quality*<br>aw*<br>edundancy c                               | lismissal  | 30.6<br>35.4<br>30.3                                   | 103                              | 5.1.4<br>5.1.5<br><b>5.2</b>                   | Females employed w/ac Innovation linkages  | *   | 15.2<br>15.7  | 49<br><b>105</b>                                  |
|  | Ease of s   | s environme<br>starting a bus<br>esolving inso                   | siness*  | <b>60.2</b><br>80.4<br>40.0                            | <b>106</b><br>109<br>97          | 5.2.2<br>5.2.3<br>5.2.4                        | •  | ment and depth†<br>ad, % GDP<br>liance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP | 0.0   | 91<br>98<br>52<br>109 ○<br>63                     |
| 22   | Humar   | ո capital a  | nd research  | 37.0   | 50                               | 5.2.5<br><b>5.3</b>                            | Patent families/bn PPP\$  Knowledge absorption   |   | 0.1<br><b>35.1</b>                                      | 63<br><b>41</b>                                   |
| 2.1.3<br>2.1.4                                 | Governm<br>School li<br>PISA sca                                      | ture on educa<br>nent funding/p<br>fe expectance                 | g, maths and science   | 48.3<br>4.9<br>17.5<br>17.7<br>395.0<br>n/a            | <b>71</b> 43 63 14 ● ◆ 69 ○ n/a  | 5.3.2<br>5.3.3<br>5.3.4                        | Intellectual property pay<br>High-tech imports, % to<br>ICT services imports, %<br>FDI net inflows, % GDP<br>Research talent, % in bit   | yments, % total trade<br>otal trade<br>o total trade      | 2.6<br>9.0<br>1.8<br>1.9<br>9.7                         | 9 ● ◆<br>45<br>38<br>•<br>82<br>63                |
| 2.2  | -   | education  |  | 34.8   | 62                               | مهمو   | Knowledge and t  | echnology outputs   | 18.7  | 73  |
| 2.2.2  | Graduate<br>Tertiary i  | nbound mob   | and engineering, %   | 91.6<br>16.0<br>② 2.8<br><b>28.0</b>                   | 6 ● ◆ 94 68 <b>39</b> ◆          |  | PCT patents by origin/b  | n PPP\$ GDP   | <b>12.7</b><br>0.4<br>n/a                               | <b>70</b><br>82<br>n/a                            |
| 2.3.1<br>2.3.2<br>2.3.3                        | Research<br>Gross ex<br>Global co                                     | hers, FTE/mr<br>penditure or<br>orporate R&I                     | n pop.<br>I R&D, % GDP<br>D investors, top 3, mn US\$                    | ② 1,210.5<br>② 0.6<br>44.0                             | 49<br>61<br>36 ◆<br>29 • ◆       | 6.1.4  | Utility models by origin/<br>Scientific and technical<br>Citable documents H-in<br>Knowledge impact  | articles/bn PPP\$ GDP                                     | 0.1<br>11.2<br>27.5<br><b>26.1</b>                      | 52<br>76<br>36<br><b>82</b>                       |
| 2.3.4<br><b>⇔</b>                              |   | ersity ranking   | , ιορ 3  | 42.8<br><b>42.5</b>                                    | 64                               | 6.2.1<br>6.2.2                                 | Labor productivity grow<br>New businesses/th pop<br>Software spending, % (   | . 15–64   | -2.2<br>0.2<br>0.2                                      | 105 ○<br>111 ○<br>63                              |
| 3.1.2<br>3.1.3<br>3.1.4<br><b>3.2</b><br>3.2.1 | ICT acce<br>ICT use*<br>Governm<br>E-partici<br>General<br>Electricit | ess*<br>nent's online<br>pation*<br>infrastructu<br>y output, GW | <b>ire</b><br>/h/mn pop.   | 70.3<br>62.6<br>84.7<br>85.7<br><b>21.7</b><br>3,096.3 | 65                               | 6.2.5<br><b>6.3</b><br>6.3.1<br>6.3.2<br>6.3.3 | ISO 9001 quality certific<br>High-tech manufacturin<br><b>Knowledge diffusion</b><br>Intellectual property rec<br>Production and export of<br>High-tech exports, % to<br>ICT services exports, % | g, %<br>eipts, % total trade<br>complexity<br>otal trade  | 6.4<br>28.1<br><b>17.2</b><br>0.4<br>39.0<br>0.8<br>2.7 | 44<br>45<br><b>65</b><br>28 ● ◆<br>72<br>80<br>42 |
|  | -   | s performano<br>apital formati                                   |  | 39.0<br>17.3   | 60<br>102                        | €,   | Creative outputs   |   | 21.9  | 73  |
| 3.3.2  | GDP/unit  | cal sustaina<br>t of energy un<br>nental perfor<br>1 environmer  | se   | <b>29.9</b><br>10.8<br>52.2<br>P 1.5                   | <b>60</b><br>62<br>52<br>56      |  | Intangible assets<br>Trademarks by origin/br<br>Global brand value, top<br>Industrial designs by ori<br>ICTs and organizational  | 5,000, % GDP<br>gin/bn PPP\$ GDP                          | <b>27.4</b> 47.5 12.3 1.0 50.6                          | <b>76</b> 47 56 68 80                             |
| iii  | Market  | t sophistic  | cation   | 37.5   | 110 ♦                            | <b>7.2</b><br>7.2.1                            | Creative goods and se  |   | <b>14.2</b><br>1.2                                      | <b>66</b><br>22 ●                                 |
| 4.1.2  | Domesti   |  | *<br>vate sector, % GDP<br>ans, % GDP                                    | 21.8<br>50.0<br>② 16.0<br>0.0                          | <b>121</b> ○ ♦ 94 ♦ 117 ○ ♦ 75 ○ | 7.2.2<br>7.2.3<br>7.2.4                        | National feature films/m<br>Entertainment and med<br>Printing and other media<br>Creative goods exports  | ia market/th pop. 15–69<br>a, % manufacturing             | 7.4<br>5.2<br>n/a<br>0.3                                | 26 ● ◆<br>46<br>n/a<br>72                         |
| 4.2.2<br>4.2.3                                 | Market c  | orotecting mi<br>apitalization,<br>capital invest                | nority investors* % GDP ors, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP ents, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP | 17.1<br>62.0<br>11.5<br>0.0<br>② 0.0                   | <b>124</b> ○ ♦ 60 67 ○ 82 ○ 86 ○ | 7.3.3  | Online creativity Generic top-level doma Country-code TLDs/th p Wikipedia edits/mn pop Mobile app creation/bn  | . 15–69   | 18.5<br>3.0<br>6.3<br>55.6<br>8.4                       | 63<br>62<br>46<br>57<br>52                        |
| 4.3.2  | Applied to Domestic   |  |  | <b>73.6</b><br>7.3<br>86.6<br>924.5                    | <b>50</b><br>99<br>64<br>28 ●    |  |  |   |   |   |

### **Armenia**

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| Output   | rank   | Input rank  | Income I  | Region   | Popu                                     | lation (mn)   | GDP, PPP\$ (bn)   | GDP per capita, PPP\$   | GII 20                                    | 20 ran   |   |                                     |
|--|--|---|---|--|--|---|---|---|---|--|---|-------------------------------------|
| 56   | <b>;</b>   | 85  | Upper middle  | NAWA   |  | 3.0   | 40.8  | 13,735  |   | 61   |   |                                     |
|  |  |   |   | Score/<br>Value                                | Rank                                     |   |   |   | Score/<br>Value                           | Rank   |   |                                     |
| <u></u> In   | nstitu   | tions   |   | 64.1   | 65                                       | <b>2</b>  | Business sophist  | ication   | 19.9                                      | 98   |   |                                     |
| 1.1.1 Po<br>1.1.2 Go<br>1.2 Re<br>1.2.1 Re<br>1.2.2 Ru<br>1.2.3 Co<br>1.3 Bu<br>1.3.1 Ea | <ul> <li>1.1 Political and operational stability*</li> <li>1.2 Government effectiveness*</li> <li>2 Regulatory environment</li> <li>2.1 Regulatory quality*</li> <li>2.2 Rule of law*</li> <li>2.3 Cost of redundancy dismissal</li> </ul> |   | Political and operational stability* Government effectiveness*  Regulatory environment  Regulatory quality* Rule of law* Cost of redundancy dismissal  Business environment  Ease of starting a business* |  |  | <b>53.6</b> 62.5 49.2 <b>68.4</b> 50.0 43.3 13.0 <b>70.3</b> 96.1 44.6  | 82<br>89<br>77<br>56<br>59<br>70<br>40<br><b>70</b><br>10 • •   | 5.1.1   5.1.2   5.1.3   6.1.4   6.1.5 |   | raining, % usiness, % GDP iness, % advanced degrees, %  D collaboration <sup>†</sup> pment and depth <sup>†</sup> oad, % GDP alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP | 30.1<br>29.5<br>27.5<br>n/a<br>16.7<br>6.3<br>14.9<br>35.7<br>43.6<br>0.0 | 69 51 56 n/a 71 86 109 96 82 78 100 |
| <mark>•</mark> ≗ H   | lumar  | n capital ar  | nd research   | 21.7   | 94                                       |   | Patent families/bn PPF  |   | 0.1                                       | 62<br><b>119</b> (   |   |                                     |
| 2.1.1 Ex<br>2.1.2 Go<br>2.1.3 So<br>2.1.4 Pl   | overnm<br>chool li<br>ISA sca  | ture on educat<br>nent funding/pu<br>fe expectancy              | upil, secondary, % GDP/cap<br>v, years<br>, maths and science   | 37.6<br>2.7<br>② 14.6<br>13.1<br>n/a<br>9.9    | 98<br>104 ○ <<br>78<br>81<br>n/a<br>27 ● | 5.3.1 I<br>5.3.2 I<br>5.3.3 I<br>5.3.4 I  | Knowledge absorption tellectual property partight-tech imports, % in the control of the control | ayments, % total trade ©<br>total trade<br>% total trade  |   |  |   |                                     |
| 2.2.1 Te<br>2.2.2 Gr   | ertiary e<br>raduate   | education<br>enrolment, % g<br>es in science a<br>nbound mobil  | and engineering, %  | <b>26.2</b><br>51.5<br>17.1<br>5.5             | <b>82</b><br>61<br>89<br>42              | 6.1   | Knowledge and Knowledge creation Patents by origin/bn Pl  | technology outputs PP\$ GDP   | 21.4<br>19.6<br>2.8                       | <b>53</b> 28 <b>6</b>  |   |                                     |
| 2.3 Re<br>2.3.1 Re<br>2.3.2 Gr<br>2.3.3 Gl   | eseard<br>eseard<br>ross ex<br>lobal c   | ch and develo<br>hers, FTE/mn<br>penditure on l<br>orporate R&D | ppment (R&D) pop. R&D, % GDP investors, top 3, mn US\$  | 1.2<br>n/a<br>0.2<br>0.0                       | 103<br>n/a<br>92<br>41 ○ <               | 6.1.3 (<br>6.1.4 (<br>6.1.5 (   | PCT patents by origin/<br>Jtility models by origin<br>Scientific and technica<br>Citable documents H-i<br>Knowledge impact  | ı/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>ıl articles/bn PPP\$ GDP  | 0.1<br>0.9<br>21.3<br>11.0<br><b>22.0</b> | 64<br>25 •<br>43<br>70   |   |                                     |
|  |  | rsity ranking,  | top 3*  | 38.1   | 74 O < 80                                | 6.2.1 l<br>6.2.2 l  | Labor productivity grownesses/th posoftware spending, %   | p. 15–64  | 3.1<br>3.1<br>0.1                         | 15 <b>4</b> 7 82   |   |                                     |
| 3.1.1 IC<br>3.1.2 IC<br>3.1.3 Go   | Infrastructure  Information and communication technologies (ICI ICT access* 2 ICT use* 3 Government's online service*  |   | 69.4<br>57.5<br>70.0  | <b>63</b> 61 67 69                             | 6.2.5  <br><b>6.3</b>  <br>6.3.1         | SO 9001 quality certif-<br>High-tech manufacturi<br><b>Knowledge diffusion</b><br>Intellectual property re<br>Production and export | ng, %<br>ceipts, % total trade  | 0.8<br>4.7<br><b>22.6</b><br>n/a<br>34.8  | 114 (<br>102 (<br>50<br>n/a<br>78         |  |   |                                     |
| .2.1 Ele<br>.2.2 Lo  | lectricit<br>ogistics  | pation* infrastructur y output, GWb performance pital formation | n/mn pop.<br>*  | 75.0<br><b>21.0</b><br>2,639.2<br>26.0<br>20.9 | 57<br><b>104</b><br>72<br>88<br>80       | 6.3.3 I<br>6.3.4 I  | High-tech exports, % 1<br>CT services exports, S  | total trade   | 0.8<br>4.2                                | 81<br>21 (   |   |                                     |
| 3.3 <b>E</b> 0<br>3.3.1 GI<br>3.3.2 Er   | <b>cologi</b> c<br>DP/unit   | cal sustainab<br>t of energy use<br>nental perform              | ility<br>e  | <b>25.2</b><br>9.4<br>52.3                     | 80<br>75<br>51<br>130 ○                  | <b>7.1 I</b> 7.1.1 7.1.2 ( 7.1.3 I  | ntangible assets Frademarks by origin/t Global brand value, top ndustrial designs by o  | o 5,000, % GDP<br>rigin/bn PPP\$ GDP  | <b>37.9</b><br>92.9<br>0.0<br>0.9         | 44<br>11 (<br>80 (<br>73<br>67   |   |                                     |

| <b></b> i                             | Market sophistication   |   | 40.4                               | 99                              | <b>\( \)</b> |
|---------------------------------------|---|---|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------|
| <b>4.1</b><br>4.1.1<br>4.1.2<br>4.1.3 | Credit Ease of getting credit* Domestic credit to private sector, % GDP Microfinance gross loans, % GDP   |   | <b>39.4</b><br>70.0<br>59.9<br>0.6 | <b>73</b> 44 55 33              |              |
| 4.2.2<br>4.2.3                        | Investment Ease of protecting minority investors* Market capitalization, % GDP Venture capital investors, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP Venture capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP | 0 | 23.5<br>42.0<br>n/a<br>0.0<br>n/a  | [97]<br>102<br>n/a<br>58<br>n/a | <            |
|                                       | Trade, diversification, and market scale Applied tariff rate, weighted avg., % Domestic industry diversification Domestic market scale, bn PPP\$                            |   | <b>58.4</b><br>4.1<br>71.5<br>40.8 | 98<br>75<br>95 (                |              |

7.1.4 ICTs and organizational model creation<sup>†</sup> 52.8 67 7.2 Creative goods and services 19.9 54 7.2.1 Cultural and creative services exports, % total trade 0.4 55 7.2.1 Outlined and disease services exported, 79 total disease.
7.2.2 National feature films/mn pop. 15–69
7.2.3 Entertainment and media market/th pop. 15–69 13.2 12 ● ♦ n/a n/a 7.2.4 Printing and other media, % manufacturing7.2.5 Creative goods exports, % total trade 1.4 29 ● 8.0 53 26.7 7.3 Online creativity 44 7.3.1 Generic top-level domains (TLDs)/th pop. 15–697.3.2 Country-code TLDs/th pop. 15–69 63 3.0 5.2 54 7.3.3 Wikipedia edits/mn pop. 15–697.3.4 Mobile app creation/bn PPP\$ GDP 88.9 2 ● ♦ 4.4 58

### **Australia**

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| Output ra  | utput rank Input ra  |   |  | Region  | Popula  | ation (mn)  | GDP, PPP\$ (bn)  | GDP per capita, PPP\$   | GII 20                                      | 20 ranl                                       |
|--|--|---|--|---|---|---|--|---|---|---|
| 33   |  | 15  | High   | SEAO  | 2   | 5.5   | 1,307.9  | 50,845  | - 1   | 23  |
|  |  |   |  | Score/<br>Value   | Rank  |   |  |   | Score/<br>Value                             | Rank  |
| <u></u> Ins  | stitut   | ions  |  | 88.3  | 10  | <b>2</b> E  | Business sophist   | ication   | 43.0  | 26  |
| 1.1.1 Poli<br>1.1.2 Gov<br><b>1.2 Reg</b><br>1.2.1 Reg<br>1.2.2 Rul                          | itical a<br>vernm<br><b>gulato</b><br>gulato<br>e of la  | environment<br>and operational sent effectivenes<br>ory environmen<br>ry quality*<br>w*<br>edundancy dism | s*<br>it   | 85.0<br>83.9<br>85.6<br>92.3<br>92.5<br>92.4<br>12.0                  | 15<br>13<br>14<br>10<br>4 ●<br>13<br>38             | 5.1.1 K<br>5.1.2 F<br>5.1.3 G<br>5.1.4 G<br>5.1.5 F | nnovation linkages   | raining, % usiness, % GDP @iness, % advanced degrees, %           | n/a<br>0.9<br>n/a<br>22.6<br><b>44.6</b>    | 17<br>n/a<br>22<br>n/a<br>22<br>19            |
| 1.3.1 Eas<br>1.3.2 Eas   | se of s<br>se of re  | s environment<br>tarting a busines<br>esolving insolver   | ncy*   | <b>87.7</b><br>96.6<br>78.9   | <b>11</b><br>7 <b>●</b><br>19                       | 5.2.2 S<br>5.2.3 G<br>5.2.4 J                       | Iniversity-industry R&<br>state of cluster develop<br>GERD financed by abroint venture/strategic a<br>latent families/bn PPF                       | pment and depth†<br>oad, % GDP<br>alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP     | 53.4<br>55.3<br>n/a<br>0.2<br>1.0           | 33<br>34<br>n/a<br>10<br>27                   |
| <b>2.1 Edu</b><br>2.1.1 Exp<br>2.1.2 Gov<br>2.1.3 Sch<br>2.1.4 PIS                           | ucatio<br>penditi<br>vernm<br>nool lif<br>A sca  | ure on education<br>ent funding/pupil<br>e expectancy, ye   | n, % GDP<br>l, secondary, % GDP/cap<br>ears<br>aths and science                                    | 57.4<br>59.6<br>5.1<br>15.4<br>20.5<br>499.0<br>n/a                   | 29<br>35<br>74 ○ ♦<br>1 • ♦<br>20<br>n/a            | 5.3 K<br>5.3.1 Ir<br>5.3.2 H<br>5.3.3 IG<br>5.3.4 F | knowledge absorption   | on<br>ayments, % total trade<br>total trade<br>% total trade      | 32.2<br>1.1<br>10.2<br>1.1<br>3.6           | 52<br>33<br>30<br>67 0 9<br>37<br>43          |
| 2.2.1 Ter<br>2.2.1 Ter<br>2.2.2 Gra<br>2.2.3 Ter   | tiary e<br>tiary e<br>duate<br>tiary ir  | education<br>nrolment, % gro  | oss<br>I engineering, %<br>%   | 54.3<br>107.8<br>17.4<br>26.5<br>58.3                                 | 6 • ♦<br>3 • ♦<br>88 ○ ◇<br>4 • ♦                   | <b>6.1 K</b> 6.1.1 P 6.1.2 P                        | Cnowledge and Cnowledge creation Catents by origin/bn Platents by origin/ CT patents by origin/ Utility models by origin                           | bn PPP\$ GDP  | 29.1<br>42.9<br>2.0<br>1.3<br>0.7           | <b>42 20</b> 38 25 28                         |
| 2.3.2 Gro<br>2.3.3 Glo<br>2.3.4 QS   | oss ex<br>bal co<br>unive  | rsity ranking, top  | D, % GDP<br>estors, top 3, mn US\$   | ② 4,532.4<br>② 1.8<br>65.3<br>77.9                                    | 21<br>20<br>18<br>7 ●                               | 6.1.4 S<br>6.1.5 C<br><b>6.2 K</b><br>6.2.1 L       |  | al articles/bn PPP\$ GDP index wth, %                             | 52.2<br>66.6<br><b>31.6</b><br>–1.2<br>14.5 | 6 ●<br>9 ●<br><b>59</b><br>87 ○<br>9          |
| ∯ <sup>™</sup> Inf   | rastı  | ructure   |  | 55.7  | 20  | 6.2.3 S   | oftware spending, %<br>SO 9001 quality certifi   | GDP   | 0.2<br>5.7                                  | 61<br>49                                      |
| 3.1.1 ICT<br>3.1.2 ICT<br>3.1.3 Gov<br>3.1.4 E-p<br><b>3.2 Ger</b>                           | acces use* vernm articip   |   |  | <b>Ts)</b> 88.3 80.6 81.5 94.7 96.4 42.4 10,435.2                     | 13<br>29<br>20<br>7 ●<br>9<br>22<br>13              | 6.2.5 H<br>6.3 K<br>6.3.1 Ir<br>6.3.2 P<br>6.3.3 H  | ligh-tech manufacturi<br>(nowledge diffusion<br>ntellectual property re<br>production and export<br>ligh-tech exports, %<br>CT services exports, 9 | ng, %<br>ceipts, % total trade<br>complexity<br>total trade       | 24.6<br>12.8<br>0.3<br>31.6<br>2.0<br>1.1   | 50<br><b>78</b> ○<br>29<br>86 ○<br>58<br>78 ○ |
| _  | •  | performance*<br>pital formation, 9  | % GDP  | 79.1<br>22.0  | 18<br>66 ⊝  | <b>&amp;</b> , ' c                                  | reative outputs  |   | 39.6  | 24  |
| 3.3.1 GD<br>3.3.2 Env  | P/unit<br>/ironm   | al sustainabilit<br>of energy use<br>ental performan<br>I environmental o                                 | -  | <b>36.4</b><br>9.3<br>74.9<br>1.9                                     | <b>41</b><br>77 ○<br>13<br>47                       | 7.1.1 T<br>7.1.2 G<br>7.1.3 Ir                      | ntangible assets<br>irademarks by origin/b<br>Blobal brand value, top<br>ndustrial designs by o<br>CTs and organizationa                           | o 5,000, % GDP<br>rigin/bn PPP\$ GDP                              | <b>41.7</b> 58.2 77.1 2.3 67.3              | 37<br>38<br>26<br>43<br>25                    |
| iii Ma   | arket  | sophisticat   | ion  | 66.4  | 9 ●   |   | Freative goods and s   | services<br>rvices exports, % total trade                         | <b>22.4</b> 0.3                             | <b>43</b><br>66 ○                             |
| 1.1.1 Eas<br>1.1.2 Dor<br>1.1.3 Mic  | nestic<br>rofina   | nce gross loans   | e sector, % GDP<br>, % GDP   | <b>75.8</b><br>95.0<br>135.8<br>n/a                                   | 5 • ♦<br>4 • ♦<br>13<br>n/a                         | 7.2.2 N<br>7.2.3 E<br>7.2.4 P                       | lational feature films/r   | nn pop. 15–69<br>dia market/th pop. 15–69<br>lia, % manufacturing | 3.2<br>62.4<br>2.0<br>0.7                   | 58 O<br>6<br>15<br>57                         |
| 4.2.1 Eas<br>4.2.2 Mai<br>4.2.3 Ven<br>4.2.4 Ven<br><b>4.3 Tra</b><br>4.3.1 App<br>4.3.2 Dor | rket canture conture c | rotecting minori<br>apitalization, % (<br>apital investors,<br>apital recipients                          | GDP deals/bn PPP\$ GDP deals/bn PPP\$ GDP deals/bn PPP\$ GDP and market scale ed avg., % ification | 38.2<br>64.0<br>102.7<br>0.1<br>0.1<br>85.2<br>0.8<br>94.0<br>1,307.9 | 39<br>56<br>12<br>23<br>19<br>13<br>8 ●<br>35<br>18 | 7.3.1 G<br>7.3.2 C<br>7.3.3 V                       | Online creativity Generic top-level doma Country-code TLDs/th Vikipedia edits/mn po Mobile app creation/bi   | p. 15–69  | <b>52.9</b> 62.3 54.6 75.8 15.1             | 17<br>9 ●<br>15<br>21<br>33                   |

### Austria

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| Output rank                  | Input rank                                  | Income                                       | Region              | Populat                      | tion (mn) | GDP, PPP\$ (bn)  | GDP per capita, PPP\$                          | GII 20             | 20 ran           |
|------------------------------|---|--|---------------------|------------------------------|-----------|--|--|--------------------|------------------|
| 24                           | 16  | High   | EUR                 | 9                            | .0        | 493.2  | 55,406   | •                  | 19               |
|                              |   |  | Score/              |                              |           |  |  | Score/             |                  |
| nstitu                       | itions                                      |  | Value   86.2        | Rank<br>16                   | <u>.</u>  | Business sophist                                       | ication  | Value <b>52.3</b>  | Hank<br>15       |
|                              |   |  |                     | 17                           |           |  |  | 60.4               | 17               |
|                              | I environment and operational               | stability*                                   | <b>83.8</b><br>83.9 | 13                           |           | <b>Knowledge workers</b><br>Knowledge-intensive e      | employment, %                                  | 42.0               | 24               |
| .1.2 Governr                 | nent effectivenes                           | SS*  | 83.8                | 16                           | 5.1.2 F   | Firms offering formal to                               | raining, %                                     | n/a                | n/a              |
| -                            | tory environmen                             | nt   | 94.5                | 6 ●                          |           | GERD performed by b<br>GERD financed by bus            |  | 2.2<br>53.6        | 7<br>22          |
| .2.1 Regulate .2.2 Rule of I | ory quality*<br>aw*                         |  | 81.6<br>96.3        | 17<br>7 ●                    |           | emales employed w/a                                    |  | 17.7               | 37               |
|                              | redundancy dism                             | nissal                                       | 8.0                 | 1 ● ♦                        |           | nnovation linkages                                     |  | 54.7               | 11               |
|                              | ss environment                              |  | 80.3                | 32                           |           | Jniversity-industry R&<br>State of cluster develo      |  | 62.7<br>65.0       | 17<br>14         |
|                              | starting a busine<br>resolving insolve      |  | 83.2<br>77.4        | 98 ○ ♦<br>21                 |           | GERD financed by abr                                   | •  | 0.5                | 4 •              |
| .0.2 Lase of                 | resolving insolve                           | iloy   | 77.4                | -1                           |           |  | alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP                    | 0.0                | 43               |
| . Huma                       | n capital and                               | l research                                   | 59.9                | 7 ●                          |           | Patent families/bn PPF                                 |  | 3.8                | 11               |
|                              | •   |  | 62.5                | 19                           |           | <b>Knowledge absorption</b><br>ntellectual property pa | ayments, % total trade                         | <b>41.9</b> 0.8    | <b>25</b><br>47  |
|                              | i <b>on</b><br>iture on educatio            | n, % GDP                                     | <b>62.5</b><br>5.4  | 19<br>26                     | 5.3.2 H   | High-tech imports, %                                   | total trade                                    | 7.8                | 61 (             |
|                              |   | il, secondary, % GDP/ca                      |                     | 12 ♦                         |           | CT services imports, 9<br>FDI net inflows, % GDI       |  | 2.7<br>–1.6        | 13<br>126 (      |
|                              | ife expectancy, y                           | rears<br>naths and science                   | 16.1<br>491.0       | 35<br>27                     |           | Research talent, % in I                                |  | 63.0               | 7                |
|                              | acher ratio, seco                           |  | Ø 9.3               | 22 ♦                         |           |  |  |                    |                  |
| .2 Tertiary                  | education                                   |  | 58.8                | 4 ● ♦                        |           | Knowledge and  | technology outputs                             | 40.3               | 19               |
|                              | enrolment, % gr                             |  | 86.7                | 14<br>14 ◆                   | 6.1 H     | Knowledge creation                                     |  | 46.5               | 18               |
|                              | inbound mobility                            | d engineering, %<br>/. %                     | 31.0<br>17.5        | 14 <b>▼</b><br>10            | 6.1.1 F   | Patents by origin/bn Pl                                |  | 8.5                | 12               |
| •                            | ch and developi                             |  | 58.3                | 16                           |           | PCT patents by origin/<br>Utility models by origin     |  | 3.1<br>0.6         | 11<br>34 (       |
|                              | hers, FTE/mn po                             | •  | 5,868.6             | 8 ●                          |           |  | ll articles/bn PPP\$ GDP                       | 37.1               | 24               |
|                              | xpenditure on R&                            | RD, % GDP<br>vestors, top 3, mn US\$         | 3.2<br>55.5         | 5 <b>●</b><br>25             | 6.1.5     | Citable documents H-i                                  | ndex   | 44.1               | 18               |
|                              | ersity ranking, to                          | •  | 43.5                | 25                           |           | Knowledge impact                                       |  | 38.5               | 29               |
|                              |   |  |                     |                              |           | _abor productivity gro<br>New businesses/th po         |  | –1.3<br>0.6        | 91 (<br>91 (     |
| ద్ద <sup>ధ</sup> Infrasi     | nfrastructure                               |  | 60.0                | 7 ●                          | 6.2.3     | Software spending, %                                   | GDP  | 0.5                | 16               |
| .1 Informat                  | ormation and communication technologies (IC |  |                     | 11                           |           | SO 9001 quality certif<br>High-tech manufacturi        |  | 6.5<br>45.4        | 43<br>16         |
| .1.1 ICT acce                |   |  | 87.3                | 14                           |           | Knowledge diffusion                                    | rig, 70  | 36.0               | 26               |
| .1.2 ICT use*                | '<br>nent's online ser                      | vice*  | 78.2<br>94.7        | 26<br>7 ●                    |           | ntellectual property re                                | ceipts, % total trade                          | 0.6                | 25               |
| .1.4 E-partic                |   | VIOO   | 97.6                | 6 ●                          |           | Production and export                                  |  | 85.7               | 6 €              |
| .2 Genera                    | l infrastructure                            |  | 46.8                | 14                           |           | High-tech exports, % t<br>CT services exports, 9       |  | 6.7<br>3.3         | 26<br>26         |
|                              | ty output, GWh/r                            | nn pop.                                      | 7,979.3             | 23<br>4 ●                    |           |  |  |                    |                  |
| •                            | s performance* apital formation,            | % GDP  | 91.9<br>26.2        | 38                           | €,        | Creative outputs                                       |  | 39.0               | 27               |
|                              | cal sustainabili                            |  | 43.8                | 26                           | 7.1 I     | ntangible assets                                       |  | 41.1               | 38               |
|                              | it of energy use                            |  | 14.2                | 30                           |           | Frademarks by origin/b                                 | on PPP\$ GDP                                   | 53.7               | 41               |
|                              | mental performa:<br>01 environmental:       | nce <sup>-</sup><br>certificates/bn PPP\$ GD | 79.6<br>P 2.0       | 6 <b>●</b><br>40             |           | Global brand value, to                                 |  | 52.6               | 35               |
| .0.0 100 1400                | or chivilorimichtar                         | ocrimoates/birrir q ab                       | 2.0                 | 40                           |           | ndustrial designs by o<br>CTs and organizations        | •  | 7.4<br>64.9        | 17<br>29         |
| 🎬 Marke                      | t sophisticat                               | tion   | 51.9                | <b>40</b> $\Diamond$         | 7.2       | Creative goods and s                                   | services                                       | 26.2               | 34               |
| .1 Credit                    |   |  | 44.9                | 50                           |           | Cultural and creative se<br>National feature films/r   | rvices exports, % total trade<br>nn pop. 15–69 | 1.2<br>7.0         | 23<br>30         |
|                              | getting credit*                             | a costor º/ CDD                              | 55.0                | 88 🔾                         | 7.2.3 E   | Entertainment and me                                   | dia market/th pop. 15-69                       | 61.8               | 7                |
|                              | ic credit to privat<br>ance gross loans     | e sector, % GDP<br>s, % GDP                  | 85.8<br>n/a         | 35<br>n/a                    |           | Printing and other med                                 |  | 1.0                | 52 ⊂<br>48       |
| .2 Investm                   | •   | -, <del></del> -                             | 28.5                | <b>71</b> ○ ◊                |           | Creative goods export<br>Online creativity             | s, 70 lulai iraue                              | 0.9<br><b>47.3</b> | 48<br><b>24</b>  |
| .2.1 Ease of                 | protecting minor                            | •  | 70.0                | 36                           |           | •  | ains (TLDs)/th pop. 15-69                      | 35.5               | 2 <b>4</b><br>19 |
|                              | capitalization, %                           | GDP<br>, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP                  | 30.6<br>0.1         | 46 ○ <b>♦</b><br>28 <b>♦</b> | 7.3.2     | Country-code TLDs/th                                   | pop. 15–69                                     | 63.3               | 11               |
|                              | •   | s, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP                        | 0.0                 | 28                           |           | Wikipedia edits/mn po<br>Mobile app creation/bı        | •  | 73.8<br>13.4       | 26<br>40         |
|                              |   | and market scale                             | 82.2                | 22                           | 7.5.7     |  | ψ ωρι  | 10.4               | ,0               |
| .3.1 Applied                 | tariff rate, weigh                          | ted avg., %                                  | 1.8                 | 25                           |           |  |  |                    |                  |
|                              | ic industry divers                          |  | ② 99.2<br>493.2     | 5 <b>●</b><br>⊿1             |           |  |  |                    |                  |

NOTES: • indicates a strength;  $\bigcirc$  a weakness; • an income group strength;  $\bigcirc$  an income group weakness; \* an index; † a survey question.  $\odot$  indicates that the economy's data are older than the base year; see appendices for details, including the year of the data, at http://globalinnovationindex.org. Square brackets [] indicate that the data minimum coverage (DMC) requirements were not met at the sub-pillar or pillar level.

493.2 41

4.3.3 Domestic market scale, bn PPP\$

### **Azerbaijan**

80

| Output rank                    | Input rank                                 | Income F                              | Region              | Pop               | ulation (n          | nn) GDP, PPP\$ (bn)  | GDP per capita, PPP\$          | GII 20          | )20 rank                             |
|--------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|--|--------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------------|
| 91                             | 74   | Upper middle N                        | AWA                 |                   | 10.1                | 146.5  | 14,499                         | 8               | 82                                   |
|                                |  |                                       | Score/<br>Value     | Donk              |                     |  |                                | Score/<br>Value | Ronk                                 |
| nstitu                         | utions                                     |                                       | 65.5                | 58                | ę                   | Business sophis  | tication                       | 20.7            |                                      |
|                                | ıl environment                             |                                       | 54.9                | 77                | 5.1                 | Knowledge workers  |                                | 29.0            | 75                                   |
|                                | and operation                              |                                       | 69.6                | 60                | 5.1.1               | -  |                                | 23.1            | 67                                   |
| 1.1.2 Govern                   | ment effectiven                            | ess*                                  | 47.6                | 83                |                     | Firms offering formal  |                                | 33.9            | 43                                   |
| _                              | tory environm                              | ent                                   | 61.6                | 77                |                     | GERD performed by be GERD financed by bu   | ,                              | 0.0             | 85 ⊜<br>58                           |
| I.2.1 Regulat<br>I.2.2 Rule of | ory quality*                               |                                       | 37.6<br>31.5        | 89<br>100         |                     | Females employed w   |                                |                 | 56                                   |
|                                | redundancy dis                             | missal                                | 13.7                | 51                | 5.2                 | Innovation linkages  |                                | 20.6            | 66                                   |
| .3 Busine                      | ss environmen                              | t                                     | 79.8                | 33 €              |                     | University-industry R  |                                |                 | 23 ●                                 |
|                                | starting a busir                           |                                       | 96.2                | 9 🗨               | , •                 | <ul><li>State of cluster development</li><li>GERD financed by ab</li></ul>                               |                                |                 | 27 <b>●</b> 100 ○                    |
| .3.2 Ease of                   | resolving insolv                           | ency*                                 | 63.5                | 43                |                     | •  | alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP    | 0.0             | 87                                   |
| <u> </u>                       |  |                                       | 24.0                |                   |                     | Patent families/bn PP  |                                | 0.0             | 81                                   |
| Huma                           | n capital an                               | d research                            | 24.2                | 89                | 5.3                 | Knowledge absorpti   | ion                            | 12.6            | <b>128</b> $\bigcirc$                |
| 2.1 Educat                     | ion  |                                       | 42.7                | 84                | 5.3.                |  | payments, % total trade        |                 |                                      |
|                                | iture on educat                            | ,                                     | 2.5                 | 106               |                     | <ul><li>High-tech imports, %</li><li>ICT services imports,</li></ul>                                     |                                | 3.9<br>0.5      | 118<br>109                           |
|                                | • •  | pil, secondary, % GDP/cap             | n/a                 | n/a               |                     | FDI net inflows, % GD  |                                | 4.4             | 25 •                                 |
|                                | life expectancy,<br>ales in reading        | maths and science                     | 13.5<br>402.2       | 78<br>65          |                     | Research talent, % in  |                                |                 |                                      |
|                                | acher ratio, sec                           |                                       | 7.8                 | 8                 | •                   |  |                                |                 |                                      |
| 2.2 Tertiar                    | education                                  | •                                     | 28.7                | 76                | e*:                 | Knowledge and  | technology outputs             | 10.5            | 115                                  |
|                                | enrolment, % o                             | iross                                 | 31.5                | 83                | 6.1                 |  |                                | 7.5             | 00                                   |
|                                |  | nd engineering, %                     | 25.9                | 35 €              | <b>6.1</b>          | Knowledge creation<br>Patents by origin/bn F   |                                | <b>7.5</b> 1.3  | <b>92</b><br>56                      |
| -                              | inbound mobili                             | -                                     | 2.2                 | 74                |                     | PCT patents by origin  |                                | 0.0             | 76                                   |
|                                | ch and develop<br>chers, FTE/mn p          |                                       | <b>1.2</b><br>n/a   | <b>104</b><br>n/a | 6.1.3               | Utility models by origi  |                                | 0.4             | 39                                   |
|                                | expenditure on F                           | •                                     | ② 0.2               | 93                | 6.1.4               |  | al articles/bn PPP\$ GDP       | 5.9             | 106                                  |
|                                |  | nvestors, top 3, mn US\$              | 0.0                 | 41 (              | 6.1.5               |  | -index                         | 5.6             | 97                                   |
| .3.4 QS univ                   | ersity ranking, t                          | op 3*                                 | 0.0                 | 74                | 6.2                 | Knowledge impact<br>Labor productivity gro   | owth %                         | <b>21.0</b> 0.9 | <b>99</b><br>47                      |
|                                |  |                                       |                     |                   |                     | New businesses/th po   |                                | 1.7             | 62                                   |
| <b>⇔</b> Infras                | tructure                                   |                                       | 35.1                | 88                |                     | Software spending, %   |                                | 0.1             | 96                                   |
| 3.1 Informa                    | tion and comm                              | unication technologies (ICT           | s) 66.6             | 67                |                     | ISO 9001 quality certi   |                                | 1.6             | 94                                   |
| 3.1.1 ICT acc                  |  |                                       | 68.6                | 64                |                     | High-tech manufactur   | •                              | 15.1            | 74                                   |
| .1.2 ICT use                   |  |                                       | 58.0                | 65                | <b>6.3</b>          | Knowledge diffusion<br>Intellectual property re  |                                | <b>3.0</b> 0.0  | <b>126</b> $\bigcirc$ 113 $\bigcirc$ |
| 3.1.3 Govern<br>3.1.4 E-partio | ment's online se                           | ervice*                               | 70.6<br>69.0        | 65<br>73          |                     | 2 Production and expor   |                                | 12.3            | 117 🔾                                |
| •                              | -  | •                                     |                     | 127 (             | 6.3.                | B High-tech exports, %   | total trade                    | 0.1             | 114                                  |
|                                | <b>il infrastructur</b><br>ity output, GWh |                                       | <b>12.0</b> 2,537.6 | 73                | 6.3.                | ICT services exports,  | % total trade                  | 0.3             | 112                                  |
|                                | s performance                              |                                       | n/a                 | n/a               |                     | •  |                                |                 |                                      |
| 3.2.3 Gross of                 | apital formation                           | ı, % GDP                              | 14.4                | 118               |                     | Creative outputs   |                                | 23.5            | 67                                   |
| -                              | ical sustainabi                            | -                                     | 26.8                | 75                | 7.1                 | Intangible assets  |                                | 34.3            | 54                                   |
|                                | it of energy use                           |                                       | 11.8                | 51                | 7.1.1               | Trademarks by origin/  | bn PPP\$ GDP                   | 26.0            | 80                                   |
|                                | mental perform                             | ance"<br>al certificates/bn PPP\$ GDP | 46.5<br>0.4         | 66<br>90          | 7.1.2               |  |                                | n/a             | n/a                                  |
| .5.5 150 140                   | or environmenta                            | il certificates/bill 11 y abi         | 0.4                 | 30                | 7.1.3               | Industrial designs by of ICTs and organization   | •                              | 0.9<br>63.4     | 74<br>35 ●                           |
| Marke                          | et sophistica                              | ation                                 | 53.2                | 36                |                     | Creative goods and   |                                | 9.4             | 83                                   |
| IIII Wark                      | et sopriistice                             |                                       | 30.2                | 00.               | 7.2.1               | -  | ervices exports, % total trade | 0.1             | 86                                   |
| .1 Credit                      |  |                                       | 49.7                | 33 €              | 7.2.2               | National feature films/  | • •                            | 7.4             | 27 <b>•</b>                          |
|                                | getting credit*                            | ate sector % CDD                      | 100.0<br>23.1       | 1 <b>1</b>        | ^ 1.2.0             | 2.3 Entertainment and media market/th pop. 15-69   |                                | n/a             | n/a                                  |
|                                | nance gross loa                            | ate sector, % GDP<br>ns, % GDP        | ∠3.1<br>1.9         | 13                |                     | Printing and other media, % manufacturing  |                                | 1.1             | 49<br>122 (                          |
| .2 Investr                     | •  | * * * *                               | 50.0                | [19]              | 7.2.                | Creative goods exports, % total trade  Online creativity  Generic top-level domains (TLDs)/th pop. 15–69 |                                | 0.0             | 122 🔾                                |
|                                | protecting mind                            | ority investors*                      | 50.0                | 92                | <b>7.3</b><br>7.3.1 |  |                                | <b>15.7</b> 0.9 | <b>72</b><br>96                      |
| l.2.2 Market                   | capitalization, 9                          | 6 GDP                                 | n/a                 | n/a               |                     | 1 Generic top-level domains (TLDs)/th pop. 15–69<br>2 Country-code TLDs/th pop. 15–69                    |                                | 1.4             | 77                                   |
|                                | •  | rs, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP                | n/a                 | n/a               |                     | Wikipedia edits/mn po  |                                | 59.3            | 53                                   |
|                                |  | its, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP               | n/a                 | n/a               | 7.3.4               | Mobile app creation/b  | on PPP\$ GDP                   | 0.0             | 96                                   |
|                                | diversification                            | , and market scale                    | 59.8                | 95                |                     |  |                                |                 |                                      |
| -                              |  | btod ava 06                           | 100                 | 105 ~             |                     |  |                                |                 |                                      |
| 4.3.1 Applied                  | tariff rate, weig                          | <b>5</b> ·                            | 12.0<br>② 83.8      | 125 (<br>71       | ) 💠                 |  |                                |                 |                                      |

### **Bahrain**

**78** 

8.1 39

n/a n/a

0.8 50

4.2 57 0.4 101

0.0 93

14.9 74

54.5 58

| Output rank   | Input rank   | Income  | Region   | Popu                                   | ılation (mn   | <u> </u>   | GDP per capita, PPP\$   | GII 20  | )20 ra  |
|---|--|---|--|--|---|--|---|---|---|
| 99  | 63   | High  | NAWA   |  | 1.7   | 74.2   | 49,057  | ,   | 79  |
|   |  |   | Score/<br>Value  | Rank                                   |   |  |   | Score/<br>Value   | Rank  |
| î Institu   | tions  |   | 69.4   | 49                                     | <b>2</b>  | Business sophist   | tication  | 21.1  | 90  |
| I.1 Political at 1.2 Governm  Regulator  Regulator  Regulator  Rule of la Cost of r  Busines  Base of s   | environment<br>and operational<br>nent effectivenes<br>ory environmen<br>vry quality*<br>aw*<br>edundancy dism<br>s environment<br>starting a busine<br>esolving insolve | es*  nt  nissal   | 60.8<br>67.9<br>57.3<br>73.4<br>56.2<br>59.7<br>13.6<br>73.9<br>89.6<br>58.2 | 71 < 55 < <b>40</b>                    | <ul> <li>5.1.2</li> <li>5.1.3</li> <li>5.1.4</li> <li>5.1.5</li> <li>5.2</li> <li>5.2.1</li> <li>5.2.2</li> <li>5.2.3</li> <li>5.2.4</li> </ul> |  | raining, % usiness, % GDP  siness, % © advanced degrees, %  D collaboration <sup>†</sup> pment and depth <sup>†</sup> oad, % GDP  alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP | n/a<br>0.0<br>21.8<br>n/a<br>30.5<br>38.2<br>56.3<br>0.0<br>0.2 | 72<br>n/a<br>82<br>65<br>n/a<br><b>33</b><br>87<br>33<br>74                   |
| Education Expendit Governm School li PISA sca   | ture on education<br>ent funding/pupife expectancy, y  | n, % GDP<br>il, secondary, % GDP/ca<br>ears<br>naths and science        | 26.3  44.1 2.3 p ② 17.5 16.3 n/a 10.4  | 81 08 062 28 • n/a 32 •                | 5.3<br>5.3.1<br>5.3.2<br>5.3.3<br>5.3.4   | Patent families/bn PPF Knowledge absorption Intellectual property patential property patential property for the provided property for the provided property for the provided p | on ayments, % total trade total trade % total trade p   | 0.4<br>1.4  | 76<br><b>126</b><br>n/a<br>109<br>113<br>98                                   |
| 2 Tertiary  | education  | •   | 30.5   | <b>73</b> <                            |   | Knowledge and  | technology outputs  | 15.8  | 82  |
| 2.2 Graduate<br>2.3 Tertiary i<br>3 Research<br>3.1 Research<br>3.2 Gross ex<br>3.3 Global co             | nbound mobility<br>th and developing<br>thers, FTE/mn po<br>topenditure on R8  | d engineering, % y, %  ment (R&D) pp. kD, % GDP vestors, top 3, mn US\$ | 55.6<br>15.6<br>14.2<br><b>4.2</b><br>② 369.0<br>② 0.1<br>0.0<br>10.9        |  | 6.1.1<br>6.1.2<br>6.1.3<br>6.1.4<br>6.1.5<br>6.2  | Knowledge creation<br>Patents by origin/bn P<br>PCT patents by origin/<br>Utility models by origin<br>Scientific and technica<br>Citable documents H-i<br>Knowledge impact<br>Labor productivity gro   | bn PPP\$ GDP<br>n/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>al articles/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>index   | 3.4<br>0.1<br>0.0<br>n/a<br>4.7<br>4.4<br>26.2<br>-0.2          | 121<br>113<br>85<br>n/a<br>113<br>112<br>80<br>71                             |
| p <sup>‡</sup> Infrast  | ructure  |   | 50.5   | 38                                     | 6.2.2   | New businesses/th po   | p. 15–64  | 3.1   | 44  |
| 1 Informat<br>1.1 ICT acce<br>1.2 ICT use*<br>1.3 Governm<br>1.4 E-partici<br>2 General<br>2.1 Electricit | ion and commur<br>iss*<br>nent's online ser-<br>pation*<br>infrastructure<br>y output, GWh/r   |   | 77.7<br>83.4<br>71.3<br>78.8<br>77.4<br><b>50.3</b><br>18,831.1              | 41<br>23 •<br>45<br>45<br>51<br>10 • 4 | 6.2.4<br>6.2.5<br><b>6.3</b><br>6.3.1<br>6.3.2<br>6.3.3<br>♦ 6.3.4  | Software spending, % ISO 9001 quality certif High-tech manufacturi Knowledge diffusion Intellectual property re Production and export High-tech exports, % ICT services exports, 6   | icates/bn PPP\$ GDP ng, % ceipts, % total trade complexity total trade  | 50.9  | 30<br>48<br>89<br><b>6</b> 1<br>11 <sup>4</sup><br>48<br>9 <sup>4</sup><br>33 |
|   | s performance* upital formation,   | % GDP   | 41.2<br>33.6   | 58                                     | <b>♦</b>  | Creative outputs   |   | 14.8  | 106   |
| 3.1 GDP/unit  | cal sustainabili<br>t of energy use<br>nental performar  | ty  | <b>23.5</b><br>4.9<br>51.0   | <b>84</b> < 116 ○ < 54 < 48            | ↑ 7.1.1<br>↑ 7.1.2<br>7.1.3   | Intangible assets Trademarks by origin/b Global brand value, top Industrial designs by o ICTs and organizationa  | o 5,000, % GDP<br>rigin/bn PPP\$ GDP  | 18.8<br>4.5<br>17.0<br>0.1<br>58.2                              | 125<br>51   |
| Marke   | t sophisticat  | tion  | 44.3   | 78                                     | 7.2   | Creative goods and s   | services  |   | [95   |
| 1 Credit<br>1.1 Ease of g   | aettina credit*  |   | <b>42.3</b> 55.0   | <b>58</b><br>88                        | 7.2.2   | National feature films/r   | rvices exports, % total trade ②<br>nn pop. 15–69<br>dia market/th pop. 15–69  | 0.0<br>n/a<br>81  |   |

NOTES: • indicates a strength;  $\bigcirc$  a weakness; • an income group strength;  $\bigcirc$  an income group weakness; \* an index; † a survey question. ② indicates that the economy's data are older than the base year; see appendices for details, including the year of the data, at http://globalinnovationindex.org. Square brackets [] indicate that the data minimum coverage (DMC) requirements were not met at the sub-pillar or pillar level.

7.2.3 Entertainment and media market/th pop. 15-69

7.3.1 Generic top-level domains (TLDs)/th pop. 15–697.3.2 Country-code TLDs/th pop. 15–69

7.2.4 Printing and other media, % manufacturing

7.2.5 Creative goods exports, % total trade

7.3.3 Wikipedia edits/mn pop. 15-69

7.3.4 Mobile app creation/bn PPP\$ GDP

7.3 Online creativity

73.9 44

66.0 50

63.0 25

0.1 33

0.0 40

61.4 88

3.5 68

70.9 96

n/a n/a

29.3 70

4.1.1 Ease of getting credit\*

4.2 Investment

4.1.2 Domestic credit to private sector, % GDP

4.2.3 Venture capital investors, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP

4.2.4 Venture capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP

4.3 Trade, diversification, and market scale

4.1.3 Microfinance gross loans, % GDP

4.2.2 Market capitalization, % GDP

4.2.1 Ease of protecting minority investors\*

4.3.1 Applied tariff rate, weighted avg., %

4.3.2 Domestic industry diversification

4.3.3 Domestic market scale, bn PPP\$

### **Bangladesh**

| Output rank              | Input rank  | Income                                  | Region              | Pop          | oulation (m        | n) GDP, PPP\$ (bn)                                 | GDP per capita, PPP\$                     | GII 20           | )20 ran            |
|--------------------------|---|---|---------------------|--------------|--------------------|--|---|------------------|--------------------|
| 113                      | 121   | Lower middle                            | CSA                 |              | 164.7              | 864.9  | 5,139                                     | 1                | 116                |
|                          |   |   | Score/<br>Value     | Rank         |                    |  |   | Score/<br>Value  | Rank               |
| ii Instit                | utions  |   | 45.5                | 122          | 2                  | Business sophis                                    | tication                                  | 15.4             | 122                |
| I.1 Politic              | al environmen   | t                                       | 41.9                | 111          | 5.1                | Knowledge workers                                  |   | 12.9             | [119]              |
|                          | l and operation<br>ment effectiven                          | ,                                       | 57.1                | 106          | 5.1.1              | Knowledge-intensive                                |   |                  |                    |
|                          |   |   | 34.2<br><b>39.5</b> |              |                    | Firms offering formal t<br>GERD performed by b     | 0,  | 21.9<br>n/a      | 70<br>n/a          |
| •                        | itory environm<br>tory quality*                             | ent                                     | 19.2                |              | ♦ 5.1.4            | GERD financed by bus                               | siness, %                                 | n/a              | n/a                |
| .2.2 Rule of             | law*  |   | 30.0                |              |                    | Females employed w/s                               | advanced degrees, %                       |                  | 112                |
|                          | redundancy di   |   | 31.0                |              | <b>5.2</b><br>5.21 | Innovation linkages University-industry R8         | D collaboration†                          | <b>17.0</b> 25.9 | <b>96</b><br>123 ⊜ |
|                          | ess environmer<br>starting a busi                           |   | <b>55.3</b> 82.4    |              |                    | State of cluster develo                            |   | 42.4             | 91                 |
|                          | resolving insol   |   | 28.1                |              |                    | GERD financed by abr                               |   | n/a              |                    |
|                          |   |   |                     |              |                    | Patent families/bn PPF                             | alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP P\$ GDP       | 0.0              | 86<br>100 ⊜        |
| 🙎 Huma                   | ın capital ar   | nd research                             | 10.1                | <b>128</b> ( | 5.3                | Knowledge absorpti                                 |   | 16.3             | 109                |
| .1 Educa                 | tion  |   | 15.2                | 129          | 5.3.1              | Intellectual property p                            | ayments, % total trade                    | 0.1              | 107                |
| .1.1 Expend              | diture on educat  | ,                                       | 1.3                 | 114          | 5.3.2              | High-tech imports, %                               |   | 8.1<br>0.2       | 59 <b>€</b>        |
|                          |   | upil, secondary, % GDP/c                | ap 8.6<br>12.0      | 94<br>92     |                    | ICT services imports,<br>FDI net inflows, % GD     |   | 0.2              |                    |
|                          | life expectancy<br>cales in reading                         | , years<br>, maths and science          | n/a                 | n/a          |                    | Research talent, % in                              |   | n/a              |                    |
| .1.5 Pupil-te            | eacher ratio, sed   | condary                                 | 38.6                | 122          | ) ¢                |  |   |                  |                    |
|                          | y education   |   | 10.7                |              | 90.90              | Knowledge and                                      | technology outputs                        | 13.7             | 92                 |
|                          | enrolment, %  | gross<br>and engineering, %             | 24.0<br>11.1        | 93<br>106 (  | 6.1                | Knowledge creation                                 |   | 6.3              | [99]               |
|                          | inbound mobil   |   | n/a                 | n/a          | 6.1.1              | Patents by origin/bn P                             |   | 0.1              | 115                |
| 3 Resea                  | rch and develo  | pment (R&D)                             | 4.4                 | [80]         |                    | PCT patents by origin/<br>Utility models by origin |   | n/a<br>n/a       | n/a<br>n/a         |
|                          | chers, FTE/mn   |   | n/a                 | n/a          | 6.1.4              |  | al articles/bn PPP\$ GDP                  | 4.7              | 112                |
|                          | expenditure on l  | R&D, % GDP<br>investors, top 3, mn US\$ | n/a<br>0.0          | n/a<br>41 (  | 6.1.5              | Citable documents H-                               | index                                     | 11.8             | 65 🗨               |
|                          | versity ranking,  |   | 8.8                 | 67           | 6.2                | Knowledge impact                                   |   | 27.8             | 71 €               |
|                          |   |   |                     |              |                    | Labor productivity gro<br>New businesses/th po     |   | 6.9<br>0.0       | 2 <b>1</b> 20 (    |
| ద్ద <sup>ధ</sup> Infras  | structure   |   | 32.0                | 95           | 6.2.3              | Software spending, %                               | GDP                                       | 0.2              | 74                 |
| .1 Informa               | ation and comm  | unication technologies (I               | CTs) 46.3           | 97           |                    | ISO 9001 quality certif<br>High-tech manufactur    |   | 0.7              | 117<br>91          |
| 1.1 ICT acc              |   |   | 42.1                | 103          | 6.2.3              | Knowledge diffusion                                | •   | 7.0              | 111                |
| 1.2 ICT use              | e^<br>ment's online s                                       | ervice*                                 | 24.7<br>61.2        | 108<br>86    |                    | Intellectual property re                           |   | 0.0              | 104                |
|                          | cipation*   | CIVIOC                                  | 57.1                | 91           |                    | Production and export                              |   | 23.5             | 105                |
| .2 Gener                 | al infrastructur  | re                                      | 24.5                | 86           |                    | High-tech exports, % ICT services exports,         |   | 0.2              | 105<br>83          |
|                          | city output, GWI  |   | 487.2               | 109          |                    | ,            | ,   |                  |                    |
|                          | cs performance<br>capital formation                         |   | 24.6<br>27.7        | 96<br>29 (   | €.                 | Creative outputs                                   |   | 9.6              | 123                |
|                          | ical sustainab  |   | 25.1                | 81           | 7.1                | Intangible assets                                  |   | 15.0             | 119                |
|                          | nit of energy use   |   | 16.0                | 17 (         | 7.1.1              | Trademarks by origin/                              | bn PPP\$ GDP                              | 9.3              | 114                |
|                          | mental perform  | ıance^<br>al certificates/bn PPP\$ G[   | 29.0<br>OP 0.2      | 124          |                    | Global brand value, to                             | •   | 1.0              | 79                 |
| .0.0 100 110             |   |   | 51 0.2              | 100          | 7.1.3<br>7.1.4     | Industrial designs by on ICTs and organizations    | =   | 1.7<br>42.1      | 51 <b>(</b>        |
| 📊 Mark                   | et sophistic  | ation                                   | 40.9                | 95           | 7.2                | Creative goods and                                 |   | 1.6              | 121                |
|                          |   |   |                     |              | 7.2.1              | Cultural and creative se                           | rvices exports, % total trade             | 0.2              | 73                 |
| .1 Credit<br>.1.1 Ease o | getting credit*   |   | <b>30.0</b> 45.0    | 106          |                    | National feature films/                            | mn pop. 15–69<br>dia market/th pop. 15–69 | 0.3<br>n/a       |                    |
| 1.2 Domes                | tic credit to priv  | rate sector, % GDP                      | 45.3                | 76           | 7.2.4              | Printing and other med                             |   |                  |                    |
|                          | nance gross loa   | ıns, % GDP                              | 1.4                 | 22 (         |                    | Creative goods export                              |   |                  | 108                |
| .2 Invest                |   | ority invoctors*                        | <b>23.7</b>         | 96<br>71     | 7.3                | Online creativity                                  |   | 6.9              | 115                |
|                          | f protecting min<br>capitalization, §                       | •                                       | 60.0<br>② 31.5      | 71 <b>(</b>  | 7.0.1              | Generic top-level dom<br>Country-code TLDs/th      | ains (TLDs)/th pop. 15–69                 | 0.4              | 113<br>122         |
| .2.3 Venture             | e capital investo   | rs, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP                  | n/a                 | n/a          | 7.3.3              | Wikipedia edits/mn po                              |   |                  | 107                |
|                          |   | nts, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP                 |                     | 91 (         | 7.3.4              | Mobile app creation/b                              | •   | 0.7              | 76                 |
|                          | diversifiestion   | , and market scale                      | 69.1                | 65 (         |                    |  |   |                  |                    |
|                          |   |   | 0.0                 | 100          |                    |  |   |                  |                    |
| .3.1 Applied             | diversification<br>I tariff rate, weig<br>tic industry dive | hted avg., %                            | 8.6<br>79.9         | 108<br>80    |                    |  |   |                  |                    |

### **Belarus**

62

| Output rank                     | Input rank                                | Income                                   | Region             | Popula              | tion (mn | ) GDP, PPP\$ (bn)                                     | GDP per capita, PPP\$                      | GII 20            | 20 rank          |  |                             |                            |   |  |    |  |   |                  |                    |                      |
|---------------------------------|---|--|--------------------|---------------------|----------|---|--|-------------------|------------------|--|-----------------------------|----------------------------|---|--|----|--|---|------------------|--------------------|----------------------|
| 62                              | 68  | Upper middle                             | EUR                | 9                   | 9.4      | 185.9   | 19,759                                     | (                 | 64               |  |                             |                            |   |  |    |  |   |                  |                    |                      |
|                                 |   |  | Score/             |                     |          |   |  | Score/            | 5 .              |  |                             |                            |   |  |    |  |   |                  |                    |                      |
| îî Institu                      | itions                                    |  | Value <b>57.8</b>  | Rank<br>85          | <b>.</b> | Business sophist                                      | tication                                   | Value <b>24.4</b> | Rank<br>69       |  |                             |                            |   |  |    |  |   |                  |                    |                      |
| ·                               | l environment                             | •  | 50.1               | 89                  |          | Knowledge workers                                     |  | 47.7              | 28               |  |                             |                            |   |  |    |  |   |                  |                    |                      |
|                                 | and operation                             |  | 57.1               | 106 🔾               | 5.1.1    | Knowledge-intensive                                   |  | 40.6              | 26               |  |                             |                            |   |  |    |  |   |                  |                    |                      |
|                                 | nent effectiven                           |  | 46.6               | 85                  |          | Firms offering formal to<br>GERD performed by b       | 0,   |                   | 49<br>42         |  |                             |                            |   |  |    |  |   |                  |                    |                      |
| _                               | t <b>ory environm</b><br>ory quality*     | ent                                      | <b>50.2</b> 29.3   |                     |          | GERD financed by bus                                  |  | 45.0              | 34               |  |                             |                            |   |  |    |  |   |                  |                    |                      |
| .2.2 Rule of I                  | aw*                                       |  | 25.8<br>21.7       | 112 ○ ◊             |          | Females employed w/a                                  | advanced degrees, %                        |                   | 1 ●              |  |                             |                            |   |  |    |  |   |                  |                    |                      |
|                                 | Cost of redundancy dismissal              |  | •                  |                     | •        |   | ·  |                   | •                |  | ist of redundancy dismissal | st of redundancy dismissal | · |  | 93 |  | Innovation linkages<br>University-industry R& | D collaboration† | <b>5.3 </b><br>n/a | [ <b>128]</b><br>n/a |
|                                 | s <b>s environmer</b><br>starting a busir |  | <b>73.2</b> 93.5   | <b>58</b><br>28     |          | State of cluster develo                               |  | n/a               | n/a              |  |                             |                            |   |  |    |  |   |                  |                    |                      |
|                                 | resolving insolv                          |  | 52.9               | 68                  |          | GERD financed by abr                                  |  | 0.1<br>0.0        | 44<br>111 ()     |  |                             |                            |   |  |    |  |   |                  |                    |                      |
|                                 |   |  |                    |                     |          | Patent families/bn PPF                                | alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>P\$ GDP     | 0.0               | 52               |  |                             |                            |   |  |    |  |   |                  |                    |                      |
| Huma                            | n capital ar                              | nd research                              | 42.1               | 38 ◆                | 5.3      | Knowledge absorption                                  | on   | 20.2              | 91               |  |                             |                            |   |  |    |  |   |                  |                    |                      |
| 2.1 Educati                     |   |  | 63.2               | 16 ● ♦              |          | Intellectual property pa                              | ayments, % total trade                     | 0.4               | 74<br>91         |  |                             |                            |   |  |    |  |   |                  |                    |                      |
|                                 | ture on educat                            | tion, % GDP<br>upil, secondary, % GDP/ca | 4.8<br>p 35.7      | 47<br>5 <b>● ◆</b>  |          | ICT services imports, %                               |  | 6.4<br>1.0        | 81               |  |                             |                            |   |  |    |  |   |                  |                    |                      |
|                                 | ife expectancy                            |  | 15.4               | 46                  |          | FDI net inflows, % GDI                                |  | 2.2               | 73               |  |                             |                            |   |  |    |  |   |                  |                    |                      |
|                                 |   | , maths and science                      | 472.3<br>② 8.6     | 36 ♦                | 5.3.5    | Research talent, % in I                               | ousinesses                                 | n/a               | n/a              |  |                             |                            |   |  |    |  |   |                  |                    |                      |
| •                               | acher ratio, sec<br>reducation            | condary                                  | 54.0               | 17 ● ◆              | مهمو     | Knowledge and   | technology outputs                         | 30.3              | 37               |  |                             |                            |   |  |    |  |   |                  |                    |                      |
| .2.1 Tertiary                   | enrolment, %                              |  | 87.4               | 12 ● ♦              | _        |   | 3, 11, 1                                   | 46.0              | 64               |  |                             |                            |   |  |    |  |   |                  |                    |                      |
|                                 | es in science a<br>inbound mobili         | and engineering, %                       | ② 33.2<br>4.3      | 11 ● <b>◆</b><br>55 |          | Knowledge creation<br>Patents by origin/bn P          | PP\$ GDP                                   | <b>16.9</b> 2.2   | <b>61</b><br>33  |  |                             |                            |   |  |    |  |   |                  |                    |                      |
| •                               | ch and develo                             | •  | 4.3<br><b>9.1</b>  | 64                  | 6.1.2    | PCT patents by origin/                                | bn PPP\$ GDP                               | 0.1               | 70               |  |                             |                            |   |  |    |  |   |                  |                    |                      |
|                                 | hers, FTE/mn                              |  | n/a                | n/a                 |          | Utility models by origing<br>Scientific and technical | n/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>al articles/bn PPP\$ GDP | 1.5<br>7.0        | 16 ●<br>102      |  |                             |                            |   |  |    |  |   |                  |                    |                      |
|                                 | xpenditure on I                           |  | Ø 0.6              | 57                  |          | Citable documents H-                                  |  | 10.6              | 72               |  |                             |                            |   |  |    |  |   |                  |                    |                      |
|                                 | ersity ranking,                           | investors, top 3, mn US\$ top 3*         | 0.0<br>15.3        | 41 ○ ♢<br>58        |          | Knowledge impact                                      |  | 43.6              | 16 ●             |  |                             |                            |   |  |    |  |   |                  |                    |                      |
|                                 |   | ·  |                    |                     |          | Labor productivity gro<br>New businesses/th po        |  | 1.2<br>1.3        | 38<br>74         |  |                             |                            |   |  |    |  |   |                  |                    |                      |
| ద్ద <sup>‡</sup> Infrasi        | tructure                                  |  | 43.4               | 59                  | 6.2.3    | Software spending, %                                  | GDP  | 0.0               | 103              |  |                             |                            |   |  |    |  |   |                  |                    |                      |
| 3.1 Informa                     | tion and comm                             | unication technologies (IC               | Ts) 77.1           | 44 ♦                |          | ISO 9001 quality certif<br>High-tech manufacturi      |  | 34.1<br>28.4      | 3 <b>●</b><br>44 |  |                             |                            |   |  |    |  |   |                  |                    |                      |
| 3.1.1 ICT acc                   |   |  | 86.5               | 16 ● ♦              |          | Knowledge diffusion                                   | •  | 30.3              | 34               |  |                             |                            |   |  |    |  |   |                  |                    |                      |
| 3.1.2 ICT use'<br>3.1.3 Governr | nent's online s                           | ervice*                                  | 76.3<br>70.6       | 33 <b>♦</b> 65      | 6.3.1    | Intellectual property re                              | ceipts, % total trade                      | 0.2               | 44               |  |                             |                            |   |  |    |  |   |                  |                    |                      |
| 3.1.4 E-partic                  | ipation*                                  |  | 75.0               | 57                  |          | Production and export<br>High-tech exports, %         |  | 64.4<br>1.8       | 29<br>62         |  |                             |                            |   |  |    |  |   |                  |                    |                      |
|                                 | l infrastructur                           |  | 26.6               | <b>74</b>           |          | ICT services exports, 9                               |  | 5.7               | 11 •             |  |                             |                            |   |  |    |  |   |                  |                    |                      |
|                                 | ty output, GWI<br>s performance           |  | 4,110.3<br>24.5    | 55<br>99 ♦          |          |   |  |                   |                  |  |                             |                            |   |  |    |  |   |                  |                    |                      |
|                                 | apital formation                          |  | 26.3               | 37                  | €,       | Creative outputs                                      |  | 17.0              | 93               |  |                             |                            |   |  |    |  |   |                  |                    |                      |
| •                               | cal sustainab                             | •  | 26.5               | 77                  | 7.1      | Intangible assets                                     |  | 9.8               | 129 🔾            |  |                             |                            |   |  |    |  |   |                  |                    |                      |
|                                 | it of energy use<br>nental perform        |  | 6.7<br>53.0        | 103 ○ ♦<br>47       |          | Trademarks by origin/b                                | ·  | 26.1              | 79               |  |                             |                            |   |  |    |  |   |                  |                    |                      |
|                                 |   | al certificates/bn PPP\$ GDI             |                    | 41                  |          | Global brand value, top<br>Industrial designs by o    |  | 0.0<br>1.7        | 80 ○<br>52       |  |                             |                            |   |  |    |  |   |                  |                    |                      |
|                                 |   |  |                    |                     |          | ICTs and organizations                                |  | n/a               | n/a              |  |                             |                            |   |  |    |  |   |                  |                    |                      |
| Marke                           | t sophistic                               | ation                                    | 39.8               | 101 ♦               |          | Creative goods and s<br>Cultural and creative se      | services<br>rvices exports, % total trade  | <b>6.0</b> 0.4    | <b>100</b><br>56 |  |                             |                            |   |  |    |  |   |                  |                    |                      |
| I.1 Credit                      | aottina aradit*                           |  | <b>24.1</b>        | 118 0 \$            | 7.2.2    | National feature films/r                              | mn pop. 15–69 ©                            | 0.1               | 106 🔾            |  |                             |                            |   |  |    |  |   |                  |                    |                      |
|                                 | getting credit*<br>ic credit to priv      | ate sector, % GDP                        | 50.0<br>29.4       | 94 ♦<br>96          |          |   | dia market/th pop. 15–69                   | n/a<br>0.5        | n/a<br>90 ⊝      |  |                             |                            |   |  |    |  |   |                  |                    |                      |
|                                 | ance gross loa                            |  | 0.0                | 83 ○ ◊              |          | Printing and other med<br>Creative goods export       |  | 0.5               | 90 O             |  |                             |                            |   |  |    |  |   |                  |                    |                      |
| .2 Investm                      |   |  | 20.6               | 112 🔾               |          | Online creativity                                     |  | 42.6              | 26               |  |                             |                            |   |  |    |  |   |                  |                    |                      |
|                                 | protecting min<br>capitalization, 9       | ority investors*<br>% GDP                | 58.0<br>n/a        | 77<br>n/a           |          |   | ains (TLDs)/th pop. 15–69                  | 1.7               | 83               |  |                             |                            |   |  |    |  |   |                  |                    |                      |
|                                 |   | rs, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP                   | 0.0                | 86 🔾                |          | Country-code TLDs/th<br>Wikipedia edits/mn po         |  | 5.8<br>61.4       | 49<br>49         |  |                             |                            |   |  |    |  |   |                  |                    |                      |
|                                 |   | nts, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP                  | 0.0                | 69                  |          | Mobile app creation/b                                 | •  | 100.0             | 1 •              |  |                             |                            |   |  |    |  |   |                  |                    |                      |
|                                 |   | , and market scale                       | <b>74.7</b><br>2.8 | <b>45</b><br>60     |          |   |  |                   |                  |  |                             |                            |   |  |    |  |   |                  |                    |                      |
|                                 | tariff rate, weig<br>ic industry dive     |  | 93.1               | 41                  |          |   |  |                   |                  |  |                             |                            |   |  |    |  |   |                  |                    |                      |
| 122 Domoct                      | ic market scale                           | hn DDD¢                                  | 185 9              | 67                  |          |   |  |                   |                  |  |                             |                            |   |  |    |  |   |                  |                    |                      |

NOTES: • indicates a strength;  $\bigcirc$  a weakness; • an income group strength;  $\bigcirc$  an income group weakness; \* an index; † a survey question.  $\odot$  indicates that the economy's data are older than the base year; see appendices for details, including the year of the data, at http://globalinnovationindex.org. Square brackets [] indicate that the data minimum coverage (DMC) requirements were not met at the sub-pillar or pillar level.

185.9 67

4.3.3 Domestic market scale, bn PPP\$

# **Belgium**

22

| Output rank                  | Input rank                                   | Income                       | Region              | Popula            | ation (mn | ) GDP, PPP\$ (bn)                                    | GDP per capita, PPP\$                          | GII 20              | 20 rank          |
|------------------------------|--|------------------------------|---------------------|-------------------|-----------|--|--|---------------------|------------------|
| 26                           | 21   | High                         | EUR                 | 1                 | 11.6      | 575.8  | 50,114   | 2                   | 22               |
|                              |  |                              | Score/<br>Value     | Rank              |           |  |  | Score/<br>Value     | Rank             |
| il Institu                   | tions  |                              | 80.8                | 23                | <b>2</b>  | Business sophist                                     | tication                                       | 51.7                | 16               |
| 1.1 Politica                 | l environment                                |                              | 75.8                | 32 ◊              | 5.1       | Knowledge workers                                    |  | 69.3                | 6 ●              |
|                              | and operational st                           |                              | 80.4<br>73.6        | 29<br>31 ◇        |           | Knowledge-intensive                                  |  | 47.6<br>57.8        | 13<br>9 ●        |
|                              | cory environment                             |                              | 73.6<br><b>78.4</b> | 31 ⋄<br><b>32</b> |           | Firms offering formal to<br>GERD performed by b      |  | 2.0                 | 9 •              |
| •                            | ory quality*                                 |                              | 77.2                | 22                |           | GERD financed by bus                                 |  |                     | 9 ●              |
| .2.2 Rule of l               |  | and.                         | 82.7<br>19.7        | 21<br>83 〇        |           | Females employed w/a Innovation linkages             | advanced degrees, %                            | 25.4<br><b>47.1</b> | 14<br><b>16</b>  |
|                              | redundancy dismis<br>ss environment          | ssai                         | 88.2                | 8 ●               |           | University-industry R&                               | D collaboration†                               | 70.1                | 7 <b>●</b>       |
|                              | starting a business                          | <b>5</b> *                   | 92.3                | 44                | 5.2.2     | State of cluster develo                              | pment and depth <sup>†</sup>                   | 64.3                | 16               |
| 1.3.2 Ease of                | resolving insolvend                          | cy*                          | 84.1                | 9 ●               |           | GERD financed by abr<br>Joint venture/strategic:     | oad, % GDP ②<br>alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP    | 0.3                 | 7 <b>●</b><br>27 |
| - O 11                       |  |                              |                     |                   |           | Patent families/bn PPF                               |  | 2.5                 | 14               |
| Humai                        | n capital and r                              | esearch                      | 59.7                | 8 ●               | 5.3       | Knowledge absorpti                                   | on   | 38.7                | 31               |
| 2.1 Educati                  |  |                              | 82.0                | 2 ● ◆             |           |  | ayments, % total trade                         | 0.8<br>9.0          | 51<br>44         |
| •                            | ture on education,                           | % GDP<br>secondary, % GDP/ca | 6.4<br>p n/a        | 9 <b>●</b><br>n/a |           | High-tech imports, % ICT services imports,           |  | 2.4                 | 24               |
|                              | ife expectancy, yea                          | •                            | 19.6                | 4 ● ♦             | 5.3.4     | FDI net inflows, % GD                                | P  | -6.9                | 129 🔾            |
|                              | ales in reading, ma                          |                              | 499.9               | 19                |           | Research talent, % in                                | businesses                                     | 56.7                | 17               |
| •                            | acher ratio, second                          | lary                         | Ø 8.9               | 20 ♦              |           | Knowledge and  | technology outputs                             | 42.3                | 17               |
| -                            | education<br>enrolment, % gros               | s                            | <b>36.6</b> 78.9    | <b>52</b><br>22   | _         | Ť  | teciniology outputs                            | 42.0                | - ''             |
| .2.2 Graduat                 | es in science and e                          | engineering, %               | 17.0                | 90 ○ ◊            | ,         | Knowledge creation                                   | DD¢ CDD  | 50.5                | <b>15</b><br>17  |
| -                            | inbound mobility, 9                          |                              | 10.5                | 20                |           | Patents by origin/bn P<br>PCT patents by origin/     |  | 5.3<br>2.3          | 17               |
|                              | ch and developme<br>hers, FTE/mn pop.        |                              | <b>60.4</b> 5,425.4 | <b>13</b><br>12   | 6.1.3     | Utility models by origir                             | n/bn PPP\$ GDP                                 | n/a                 | n/a              |
|                              | kpenditure on R&D                            |                              | 2.9                 | 10 •              |           | Scientific and technica<br>Citable documents H-      | al articles/bn PPP\$ GDP                       | 40.0<br>53.8        | 19<br>14         |
|                              | •  | stors, top 3, mn US\$        | 65.6                | 17                |           | Knowledge impact                                     | illuex   | 37.1                | 34               |
| 2.3.4 QS unive               | ersity ranking, top                          | 3*                           | 53.2                | 17                |           | Labor productivity gro                               | wth, %   | -2.0                | 100 🔾            |
| ద్ద <sup>భ</sup> Infrasi     | tructure                                     |                              | 52.0                | 35 ◊              |           | New businesses/th po                                 | •  | 3.4                 | 40               |
| M. IIIII ası                 | il dotale                                    |                              | 32.0                |                   |           | Software spending, %<br>ISO 9001 quality certif      |  | 0.5<br>4.9          | 6 ●<br>56        |
| 3.1 Informate 3.1.1 ICT acce |  | ation technologies (IC       | OTs) 74.0<br>83.3   | <b>51</b> ♦ 25    |           | High-tech manufacturi                                |  | 40.4                | 26               |
| 3.1.2 ICT use*               |  |                              | 81.2                | 23                |           | Knowledge diffusion                                  |  | 39.2                | 22               |
|                              | nent's online servic                         | ce*                          | 65.9                | 76 ○ ◊            | 600       | Intellectual property re<br>Production and export    |  | 1.0<br>71.1         | 20<br>21         |
| 3.1.4 E-partic               | •  |                              | 65.5                | 77 ○ ◊            |           | High-tech exports, %                                 |  | 9.5                 | 16               |
|                              | l <b>infrastructure</b><br>ty output, GWh/mr | n pop.                       | <b>45.8</b> 8,089.5 | <b>17</b><br>21   | 6.3.4     | ICT services exports,                                | % total trade                                  | 3.3                 | 27               |
| 3.2.2 Logistics              | s performance*                               |                              | 92.5                | 3 ●               | Q1        | Creative outputs                                     |  | 054                 | 00               |
|                              | apital formation, %                          |                              | 24.7                | 50                | <b>6</b>  | Creative outputs                                     |  | 35.1                | 36               |
|                              | cal sustainability<br>t of energy use        |                              | <b>36.2</b> 10.0    | <b>44</b><br>68   |           | Intangible assets                                    | DDD4   | 34.5                | 52               |
|                              | nental performanc                            | e*                           | 73.3                | 15                |           | Trademarks by origin/l<br>Global brand value, to     |  | 32.3<br>54.6        | 72 O             |
| 3.3.3 ISO 1400               | )1 environmental ce                          | ertificates/bn PPP\$ GD      | P 1.6               | 53                |           | Industrial designs by o                              |  | 2.2                 | 44               |
| . د میمد                     |  |                              |                     |                   | 7.1.4     | ICTs and organization                                | al model creation†                             | 72.2                | 16               |
| Marke                        | t sophisticatio                              | on                           | 54.1                | 33                |           | Creative goods and s                                 |  | 29.0                | <b>27</b><br>19  |
| .1 Credit                    |  |                              | 46.5                | 45                |           | Cultural and creative se<br>National feature films/i | rvices exports, % total trade<br>nn pop. 15–69 | 1.3<br>10.9         | 16               |
|                              | getting credit*                              | sector % GDP                 | 65.0<br>70.1        | 61 O<br>47 ♦      | 7.2.3     | Entertainment and me                                 | dia market/th pop. 15-69                       | 51.7                | 15               |
|                              | c credit to private :<br>ance gross loans, ' |                              | 70.1<br>n/a         | 4/ ♦<br>n/a       | 1.2.4     | Printing and other med<br>Creative goods export      |  | 0.9<br>1.5          | 59 ⊜<br>36       |
| .2 Investm                   | -  |                              | 35.4                | 48                |           | Online creativity                                    | o, /o total flade                              | 42.2                | 27               |
|                              | protecting minority                          |                              | 68.0                | 44                |           | -  | ains (TLDs)/th pop. 15-69                      | 21.1                | 27               |
|                              | capitalization, % G                          | DP<br>leals/bn PPP\$ GDP     | ② 75.2<br>0.1       | 22<br>24          |           | Country-code TLDs/th                                 |  | 63.1                | 12               |
|                              | •  | deals/bn PPP\$ GDP           | 0.1                 | 26                |           | Wikipedia edits/mn po<br>Mobile app creation/b       | •  | 78.0<br>2.8         | 14<br>66 ⊝       |
|                              | liversification, an                          |                              | 80.3                | 27                | 7.0.7     |  | 4 400  | 2.0                 | 55 0             |
|                              | tariff rate, weighted                        |                              | 1.8                 | 25                |           |  |  |                     |                  |
|                              | c industry diversifi<br>c market scale, bn   |                              | ② 93.0<br>575.8     | 42<br>36          |           |  |  |                     |                  |
| J.J DUITIESLI                | o mainei Scale, DH                           | ιιιψ                         | 3/3.0               | 50                |           |  |  |                     |                  |

**Benin** 

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| Output rank  | Input rank                           | Income  | Region  | Pop                     | ulati      | ion (mn                | ) GDP, PPP\$ (bn)  | GDP per capita, PPP\$                     | GII 20            | )20 rank              |
|--|--------------------------------------|---|---|-------------------------|------------|------------------------|--|---|-------------------|-----------------------|
| 132  | 113                                  | Lower middle                                    | SSF   |                         | 12         | .1                     | 41.8   | 3,443                                     | 1                 | 26                    |
| îî Institu   | utions                               |   | Score/<br>Value<br>58.5                                   | Rank<br>84              |            | •                      | Business sophist   | rication                                  | Score/<br>Value   |                       |
|  |                                      |   |   |                         |            |                        | •  | ilcution                                  |                   |                       |
|  | I environment<br>and operation       |   | <b>47.5</b><br>60.7                                       | <b>96</b><br>97         |            |                        | Knowledge workers<br>Knowledge-intensive   | employment, %                             | 13.5<br>n/a       | [ <b>115]</b><br>n/a  |
|  | ment effectiven                      |   | 40.9  | 96                      |            | 5.1.2                  | Firms offering formal to   | raining, %                                | 20.0              | 78                    |
|  | tory environm                        | ent   | 62.1  | 76 €                    | •          |                        | GERD performed by b<br>GERD financed by bus  |   | n/a<br>n/a        | n/a<br>n/a            |
| 1.2.1 Regulate 1.2.2 Rule of I                       | , , ,                                |   | 33.7<br>29.2  | 97<br>106               |            |                        | Females employed w/a   |   | 0.8               | 116                   |
|  | redundancy dis                       | smissal   | 11.6  | 37 €                    | •          |                        | Innovation linkages  |   | 17.7              | 89                    |
|  | ss environmer                        |   | 65.8  | 81 €                    |            |                        | University-industry R&   |   | 39.0<br>38.8      | 83<br>106             |
|  | starting a busir<br>resolving insolv |   | 30.0 33 🗨   |                         |            |                        | State of cluster development and depth <sup>†</sup> GERD financed by abroad, % GDP |   |                   | n/a                   |
| 1.5.2 Lase 01  | resolving insolv                     | vericy  | 5.2.4 Joint venture/strategic alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP |                         |            |                        | 0.0  | 95  |                   |                       |
| <b>.</b> ≗ Huma                                      | luman capital and research           |   | 17.3  | 111                     |            |                        | Patent families/bn PPF   |   | 0.0               | 100 🔾                 |
|  |                                      |   | 22.4  | 100                     |            |                        | Knowledge absorption intellectual property pa                                      | on<br>ayments, % total trade              | <b>19.7</b> 0.0   | <b>93</b><br>121 ⊖ <  |
| 2.1 Education 2.1.1 Expending                        | <b>ion</b><br>iture on educat        | ion. % GDP                                      | <b>33.1</b><br>2.9  | <b>109</b><br>99        |            |                        | High-tech imports, %   | •   | 3.3               |                       |
| 2.1.2 Governr  | ment funding/pu                      | ıpil, secondary, % GDP/ca                       | ıp ⊘ 7.9  | 97                      | $\Diamond$ |                        | ICT services imports, 9<br>FDI net inflows, % GDI                                  |   | 2.9               | 10 • 4                |
|  | ife expectancy                       | , years<br>, maths and science                  | ② 12.6<br>n/a   | 86<br>n/a               |            |                        | Research talent, % in I  |   | 1.5<br>n/a        | 93<br>n/a             |
|  | acher ratio, sec                     |   | Ø 11.0  | 39 <b>€</b>             | •          |                        | , , ,  |   |                   |                       |
| 2.2 Tertiary   | education                            | ·   | 19.0  | 97                      |            | مهم                    | Knowledge and  | technology outputs                        | 2.7               | 131 0 <               |
| •  | enrolment, % (                       | 12.5  |   |                         | 6.1        | Knowledge creation     |  | 4.8                                       | 113               |                       |
|  | es in science a<br>inbound mobili    | ind engineering, %<br>itv. %                    | 20.9<br>4.5   | 68 <b>•</b> 52 <b>•</b> |            |                        | Patents by origin/bn P   | PP\$ GDP                                  | 0.1               | 104                   |
| -  | ch and develo                        |   | [123]   | •                       |            | PCT patents by origin/ |  | 0.0                                       | 87                |                       |
|  | hers, FTE/mn                         |   |   | n/a                     |            |                        | Utility models by origing Scientific and technical                                 | al articles/bn PPP\$ GDP                  | 0.0<br>10.5       | 76 ○ <<br>82 ●        |
|  | xpenditure on f                      | R&D, % GDP<br>investors, top 3, mn US\$         | n/a<br>0.0  | n/a<br>41 ∈             | . ^        |                        | Citable documents H-   |   | 4.7               |                       |
|  | ersity ranking,                      |   | 0.0   | 74 (                    |            |                        | Knowledge impact   |   |                   | [130]                 |
|  |                                      | •   |   |                         |            |                        | Labor productivity gro<br>New businesses/th po                                     |   | n/a<br>0.5        | n/a<br>94             |
| <b>⇔</b> Infras                                      | tructure                             |   | 25.1  | 118                     |            |                        | Software spending, %   | •   | 0.1               | 98                    |
| 3.1 Informa  | tion and comm                        | unication technologies (IC                      | CTs) 37.4   | 114                     |            |                        | ISO 9001 quality certif  |   | 1.1               | 104                   |
| 3.1.1 ICT acc  | ess*                                 |   | 31.6  | 122                     | $\Diamond$ |                        | High-tech manufacturi<br>Knowledge diffusion                                       | •   | n/a<br><b>0.3</b> | n/a<br><b>132</b> ⊜ ⟨ |
| 3.1.2 ICT use  | *<br>nent's online se                | orvioo*   | 12.0<br>51.2  |                         | $\Diamond$ |                        | Intellectual property re   |   | 0.0               |                       |
| 3.1.4 E-partic                                       |                                      | ervice  | 54.8  | 94                      |            | 6.3.2                  | Production and export  | complexity                                | n/a               | n/a                   |
| 3.2 Genera   | l infrastructur                      | e   | 25.1  | 81 €                    | •          |                        | High-tech exports, % ICT services exports, 9                                       |   | 0.0               | 127 ○<br>128 ○        |
|  | ty output, GWh                       |   | 17.6  | 124                     |            | 0.0.1                  | TO T GOT VIGGO OXPORTO,  | , o total flado                           | 0.1               | 120 0                 |
|  | s performance<br>apital formation    |   | 32.7<br>26.6  | 75 <b>•</b>             |            | <b>&amp;!</b>          | Creative outputs   |   | 8.5               | 128 🔾                 |
|  | ical sustainab                       | *   |   | 131                     |            |                        | Intangible assets  |   | 11 0              | 127 <                 |
|  | it of energy use                     |   | 5.0   | 115                     | $\Diamond$ |                        | Trademarks by origin/h   | on PPP\$ GDP                              | 5.0               | 122                   |
|  | mental perform                       | ıance*<br>al certificates/bn PPP\$ GD           | 30.0<br>P 0.1   | 120<br>126              |            |                        | Global brand value, to   |   | 0.0               | 80 0 <                |
| 3.3.3 130 140  | or environment                       | ai cei tilicates/bi i FFF \$ GD                 | 0.1   | 120                     |            |                        | Industrial designs by o<br>ICTs and organizations                                  | •   | 0.0<br>39.2       | 117<br>115            |
| iii Marke  | t sophistic                          | ation   | 33.6  | 123                     |            |                        | Creative goods and s   |   |                   | [131]                 |
| 4.1 Credit   |                                      |   | 19.5  | 124                     | $\Diamond$ |                        |  | rvices exports, % total trade ②           | 0.0               | 98                    |
| 4.1.1 Ease of  | getting credit*                      |   | 30.0  | 122                     | $\Diamond$ |                        | National feature films/r<br>Entertainment and me                                   | nn pop. 15-69<br>dia market/th pop. 15-69 | n/a<br>n/a        | n/a<br>n/a            |
|  |                                      | ate sector, % GDP                               | 17.6  |                         |            | 7.2.4                  | Printing and other med   | lia, % manufacturing                      | n/a               | n/a                   |
| <ul><li>4.1.3 Microfin</li><li>4.2 Investm</li></ul> | ance gross loa                       | 113, 70 GDF                                     | 1.5<br><b>42.0</b>  | 19 <b>€</b> [28]        | •          |                        | Creative goods export  | s, % total trade                          | 0.0               | 130 🔾                 |
|  | protecting min                       | ority investors*                                |   | 102                     |            |                        | Online creativity Generic top-level dom  | ains (TLDs)/th pop. 15-69                 | <b>9.8</b><br>0.6 | <b>94</b><br>103      |
| 4.2.2 Market   | capitalization, 9                    | % GDP   | n/a   |                         |            |                        | Country-code TLDs/th   |   | 0.0               | 126                   |
|  |                                      | rs, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP  nts, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP | n/a<br>n/a  |                         |            |                        | Wikipedia edits/mn po  | •   | 31.5              | 99                    |
|  |                                      | , and market scale                              |   | 126                     | $\Diamond$ | 1.3.4                  | Mobile app creation/b  | II PPP\$ GDP                              | n/a               | n/a                   |
|  | tariff rate, weig                    |   |   | 116                     | ~          |                        |  |   |                   |                       |
| 4.3.2 Domest   | ic industry dive                     |   |   | n/a<br>107              |            |                        |  |   |                   |                       |

NOTES: • indicates a strength;  $\bigcirc$  a weakness; • an income group strength;  $\bigcirc$  an income group weakness; \* an index; † a survey question. ② indicates that the economy's data are older than the base year; see appendices for details, including the year of the data, at http://globalinnovationindex.org. Square brackets [] indicate that the data minimum coverage (DMC) requirements were not met at the sub-pillar or pillar level.

41.8 107

# **Bolivia (Plurinational State of)**

GII 2021 rank

| Outpu   | ut rank  | Input rank  | Income  | Region  | Po  | pulat                    | tion (mn)   | GDP, PPP\$ (bn)  | GDP per capita, PPP\$   | GII 20   | 020 rank                                |
|---|--|---|---|---|---|--------------------------|---|--|---|--|---|
| 1   | 11   | 95  | Lower middle  | LCN   |   | 11                       | 1.7   | 97.8   | 8,342   | 1  | 105                                     |
|   |  |   |   | Score,<br>Value   | ,<br>Rank   |                          |   |  |   | Score/<br>Value                                    | Rank                                    |
| <u></u>   | Institu  | tions   |   | 37.8  | 131   | 0 0                      | <b>2</b>  | Business sophist   | ication   | 23.7   | 75                                      |
| 1.1.1<br>1.1.2<br><b>1.2</b><br>1.2.1<br>1.2.2  | Political a<br>Governm<br><b>Regulat</b> o<br>Regulato<br>Rule of la | environment<br>and operationa<br>nent effectiven<br>ory environme<br>ory quality*<br>aw*<br>edundancy dis | al stability*<br>ess*<br>ent  | 50.0<br>35.1<br><b>17.</b> 4<br>17.5                            | 112<br>132<br>127<br>128                          | 0 \ 0 \                  | 5.1.1 F<br>5.1.2 F<br>5.1.3 (<br>5.1.4 (<br>5.1.5 F | Knowledge workers Knowledge-intensive e Firms offering formal tr GERD performed by b GERD financed by bus Females employed w/a   | raining, % usiness, % GDP siness, %                           | 37.4<br>15.8<br>2 49.9<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>7.7        | 18 ● 4<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>81              |
| <b>1.3</b><br>1.3.1<br>1.3.2  | <b>Busines</b><br>Ease of s<br>Ease of r                             | s environmen<br>starting a busir<br>esolving insolv   | ut<br>ness*<br>vency*   | <b>55.8</b><br>69.4<br>42.3                                     | 116<br>126<br>92                                  | 0 \$                     | 5.2.1 t<br>5.2.2 s<br>5.2.3 t<br>5.2.4 s            | University-industry R&<br>State of cluster develo<br>GERD financed by abr  | pment and depth†<br>oad, % GDP<br>alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP | 24.1<br>32.0<br>n/a<br>0.0<br>0.0                  | 125 () <<br>120 (<br>n/a<br>107         |
| 2.1.1<br>2.1.2<br>2.1.3<br>2.1.4  | Education Expendit Governm School li PISA sca                        | on<br>ture on educati<br>ent funding/pu<br>fe expectancy,   | pil, secondary, % GDP/o<br>years<br>maths and science   | <b>67.</b> 5  | n/a<br>n/a<br>n/a                                 |                          | 5.3.1 I<br>5.3.2 I<br>5.3.3 I<br>5.3.4 I            | Knowledge absorption to the lectual property particular property particular to the lectual property, % CT services imports, % FDI net inflows, % GDI Research talent, % in I | ayments, % total trade<br>total trade<br>% total trade<br>>   | 20.3<br>0.8<br>10.8<br>0.7<br>0.7<br>0.7<br>2 0.4  | 90<br>60 ●<br>24 ●<br>91<br>116<br>84 ○ |
| 2.2<br>2.2.1<br>2.2.2<br>2.2.3<br>2.3<br>2.3.1  | Tertiary Tertiary Graduate Graduate Tertiary i Researd               | education<br>enrolment, % g<br>es in science a<br>nbound mobili<br>ch and develo<br>ners, FTE/mn p        | gross<br>nd engineering, %<br>ty, %<br>pment (R&D)<br>pop.  | <b>n/a</b><br>n/a<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>n/a<br><b>0.6</b><br>⊘ 163.8 | n/a<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>110<br>82      |                          | <b>6.1 I</b> 6.1.1 <b>F</b> 6.1.2 <b>F</b> 6.1.3    | Knowledge creation Patents by origin/bn Pl PCT patents by origin/ Utility models by origin   | bn PPP\$ GDP  | 11.1<br>4.6<br>2 0.6<br>n/a<br>2 0.1<br>3.1        | 76<br>n/a<br>54                         |
| 2.3.3<br>2.3.4  | Global co<br>QS unive  | rsity ranking, t  | nvestors, top 3, mn US<br>op 3*   | 0.0<br><b>29.1</b>  | 41<br>74<br>106                                   | ○ <b>◇</b><br>○ <b>◇</b> | 6.2.1 L<br>6.2.2 N<br>6.2.3 S                       | Citable documents H-i<br>Knowledge impact<br>Labor productivity gro<br>New businesses/th po<br>Software spending, %<br>ISO 9001 quality certif                               | wth, %<br>p. 15–64<br>GDP                                     | 6.7<br><b>22.0</b><br>0.5<br>0.5<br>0.3<br>2.2     | 93<br>93<br>57 ●<br>98<br>44 ●<br>86    |
| 3.1.1   3.1.2   3.1.3   3.1.4   3.2   | ICT acce<br>ICT use*<br>Governm<br>E-partici<br><b>General</b>       | ess*<br>nent's online se  | e   | 42.4<br>46.0<br>58.2<br>59.5<br><b>12.5</b><br>870.5            | 101<br>89<br>90<br>87<br>126                      | 0 \$                     | 6.3.1 I<br>6.3.2 I<br>6.3.3 I                       | High-tech manufacturi<br>Knowledge diffusion<br>Intellectual property re<br>Production and export<br>High-tech exports, % to<br>CT services exports, S                       | ceipts, % total trade complexity total trade                  | ② 7.7<br><b>6.6</b><br>0.1<br>19.8<br>② 0.4<br>0.8 | 51 ●                                    |
| 3.2.2   | Logistics  | performance'  | i e   | 14.5<br>16.0  |   | $\Diamond$               | <b>&amp;!</b> (                                     | Creative outputs   |   | 13.4   | 111                                     |
| 3.3.1<br>3.3.2<br>3.3.3   | Ecologio<br>GDP/unit<br>Environn<br>ISO 1400                         | cal sustainabi<br>t of energy use<br>nental perform<br>1 environmenta                                     | lity<br>ance*<br>al certificates/bn PPP\$ G   | <b>23.1</b><br>9.0<br>44.3                                      | <b>85</b><br>81<br>77                             | •                        | <b>7.1 I</b> 7.1.1 7.1.2 (7.1.3 I                   | Intangible assets<br>Trademarks by origin/b<br>Global brand value, to<br>Industrial designs by o<br>CTs and organizationa  | o 5,000, % GDP<br>rigin/bn PPP\$ GDP                          | 17.7<br>② 37.0<br>0.0<br>② 0.2<br>31.7             |   |
| iii l   | Marke  | t sophistica  | ation   | 48.4  | 59  | •                        |   | Creative goods and s   |   | 9.5  | <b>82</b>                               |
| 4.1.1<br>4.1.2<br>4.1.3   | Domestion<br>Microfina   | ance gross loa  | ate sector, % GDP<br>ns, % GDP  | <b>45.4</b><br>35.0<br>71.2<br>28.5                             | 118<br>46<br>1                                    | $\Diamond$               | 7.2.2 f<br>7.2.3 f<br>7.2.4 f                       | National feature films/r   | dia market/th pop. 15–69<br>lia, % manufacturing              | 0.2<br>0.8<br>n/a<br>2 1.0<br>2 1.0                | 72<br>88<br>n/a<br>54<br>44 ●           |
| 4.2.1   4.2.2   4.2.3   4.2.4   4.3.1 | Market c<br>Venture d<br>Venture d<br><b>Trade, d</b><br>Applied t   | orotecting mind<br>apitalization, 9<br>capital investor<br>capital recipier                               | % GDP rs, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP pts, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP pts, deals/bn PPP\$ GDF pts, and market scale pted avg., % rsification |   | 115<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>87<br>81<br>93 |                          | 7.3.1 (<br>7.3.2 (<br>7.3.3 \                       | Online creativity Generic top-level dom Country-code TLDs/th Wikipedia edits/mn po Mobile app creation/bi  | p. 15–69  | 8.8<br>1.8<br>0.5<br>35.1<br>0.0                   | 102<br>82<br>98<br>93<br>95             |

# **Bosnia and Herzegovina**

Region

Income

Output rank Input rank

GII 2021 rank

**75** 

GII 2020 rank

|               |                     | Input rank   | Income                             | Region                | Popu            |                  | GDP, PPP\$ (bn)  | GDP per capita, PPP\$          | GII 20                      |                       |  |
|---------------|---------------------|--|------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|------------------|--|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| 80            |                     | 70   | Upper middle                       | EUR                   |                 | 3.3              | 48.8   | 14,895                         |                             | 74                    |  |
|               |                     |  |                                    | Score/<br>Value       | Rank            |                  |  |                                | Score/<br>Value             | Rank                  |  |
| <u>îî</u> In: | stituti             | ions   |                                    | 59.5                  | 82              | <del>\$</del>    | Business sophis  | tication                       | 18.8                        | 99                    |  |
| 1.1 Po        | olitical a          | environment<br>nd operationa<br>ent effectiven   | al stability*                      | <b>45.8</b> 64.3 36.6 | 80              |                  | Knowledge workers<br>Knowledge-intensive<br>Firms offering formal t        | employment, %                  | <b>29.2</b><br>21.8<br>37.9 | <b>74</b><br>73<br>34 |  |
|               |                     | ry environm  |                                    | 68.5                  | <b>54</b>       | 5.1.3            | GERD performed by b  | ousiness, % GDP                | 0.1                         | 65                    |  |
| 2.1 Re        | gulator             | y quality*   |                                    | 38.4                  | 84              |                  | GERD financed by bu<br>Females employed w/                                 |                                | 36.1<br>6.2                 | 53<br>89              |  |
|               | ule of lav          | v*<br>dundancy dis   | missal                             | 40.6<br>9.2           | 74<br>24 ●      | 5.2              | Innovation linkages  | advanoca degrees, 70           | 12.4                        |                       |  |
|               |                     | environmen   |                                    | 64.1                  | 88              |                  | University-industry R  |                                | 26.8                        | 119                   |  |
|               |                     | arting a busir   |                                    |                       | 131 ○           | $\vee$           | <ul><li>State of cluster development</li><li>GERD financed by ab</li></ul> |                                | 35.4<br>0.0                 | 114<br>72             |  |
| 0.2 Ea        | ise oi re           | solving insolv   | rency                              | 68.2                  | 34 •            | 5.2.4            | Joint venture/strategic  | alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP    | 0.0                         | 83                    |  |
| L Hu          | uman                | capital an   | d research                         | 31.4                  | 68              |                  | Patent families/bn PP  |                                | 0.0                         | 82<br><b>118</b>      |  |
|               | lucatio             |  |                                    | 60.7                  | [25]            | <b>5.3</b> 5.3.1 | Knowledge absorpti<br>Intellectual property p                              |                                | <b>14.9</b><br>0.1          | 104                   |  |
|               |                     | ıre on educat  | on, % GDP                          | n/a                   | n/a             |                  | High-tech imports, %   |                                |                             | 104                   |  |
|               |                     |  | pil, secondary, % GDP/c            |                       | n/a             |                  | ICT services imports,<br>FDI net inflows, % GD                             |                                | 0.5<br>2.6                  | 108<br>68             |  |
|               |                     | e expectancy,<br>es in reading,  | maths and science                  | n/a<br>402.6          | n/a<br>63       |                  | Research talent, % in  |                                | 12.0                        | 61                    |  |
|               |                     | her ratio, sec   |                                    | 8.8                   | 18 ●            |                  |  |                                |                             |                       |  |
|               | -                   | education  | uro o o                            | 31.2                  | <b>71</b><br>74 | 644              | Knowledge and  | technology outputs             | 20.7                        | 66                    |  |
|               |                     | nrolment, % g<br>s in science a  | nd engineering, %                  | 40.2<br>23.5          | 74<br>49        | 6.1              | Knowledge creation   |                                | 9.3                         | 83                    |  |
| .3 Ter        | rtiary in           | bound mobili   | ty, %                              | 7.1                   | 36 ●            | ♦ 6.1.1<br>6.1.2 | Patents by origin/bn F<br>PCT patents by origin.                           |                                | 0.9<br>0.1                  | 68<br>58              |  |
|               |                     |  | pment (R&D)                        | <b>2.2</b><br>460.2   | <b>91</b><br>71 | 6.1.3            | Utility models by original   | n/bn PPP\$ GDP                 | n/a                         | n/a                   |  |
|               |                     | ers, FTE/mn p<br>enditure on F   | •                                  | 0.2                   | 91              |                  | Scientific and technical Citable documents H-                              | al articles/bn PPP\$ GDP       | 13.1<br>5.0                 | 67<br>105             |  |
|               |                     |  | nvestors, top 3, mn US             |                       | 41 0            | <br>ه د م        | Knowledge impact   | iliuex                         | 33.4                        | 50                    |  |
| 3.4 QS        | 5 univer            | sity ranking, t  | op 3°                              | 0.0                   | 74 🔾            | 6.2.1            | Labor productivity gro   |                                | -0.8                        | 78                    |  |
| <b>∮</b> Ini  | frastr              | ucture   |                                    | 45.7                  | 52              |                  | ! New businesses/th po<br>! Software spending, %                           | •                              | 1.1<br>0.1                  | 83<br>92              |  |
|               |                     |  | unication tachnologica             |                       | 84              | 6.2.4            | ISO 9001 quality certi   | ficates/bn PPP\$ GDP           | 27.0                        | 5                     |  |
|               | T acces             |  | unication technologies (           | (ICTs) 59.3<br>71.3   | 58              |                  | High-tech manufactur   | •                              | 14.2                        | 77                    |  |
| .2 IC         |                     |  |                                    | 51.6                  | 79              | <b>6.3</b>       | Knowledge diffusion<br>Intellectual property re                            |                                | <b>19.3</b> 0.2             | <b>56</b>             |  |
|               | overnme<br>particip | ent's online se<br>ation*  | ervice <sup>*</sup>                | 53.5<br>60.7          | 97<br>85        | 6.3.2            | Production and expor   | t complexity                   | 59.4                        | 37                    |  |
|               |                     | nfrastructur   | е                                  | 25.3                  | 78              |                  | High-tech exports, % ICT services exports,                                 |                                | 2.6<br>1.7                  | 51<br>65              |  |
|               |                     | output, GWh  |                                    | 5,733.8               | 38 ●            | <b>♦</b>         | TO T SCI VICES EXPORTS,  | 70 total trade                 | 1.7                         | 00                    |  |
|               |                     | performance'<br>oital formatior  |                                    | 35.4<br>19.8          | 71<br>88        | €,               | Creative outputs   | ;                              | 15.9                        | 99                    |  |
| B Ec          | ologica             | al sustainabi  | lity                               | 52.4                  | 5 ●             | <b>♦</b> 7.1     | Intangible assets  |                                | 16.4                        | 115                   |  |
|               |                     | of energy use  |                                    | 6.0                   | 106 🔾           |                  | Trademarks by origin/  | bn PPP\$ GDP                   | 19.1                        | 93                    |  |
|               |                     | ental perform<br>environmenta  | ance<br>al certificates/bn PPP\$ G | 45.4<br>DP 16.2       | 70<br>1 ●       | 7.1.2<br>♦ 7.1.3 | Global brand value, to<br>Industrial designs by o                          |                                | 0.0<br>1.6                  | 80<br>53              |  |
|               |                     |  |                                    |                       |                 | 7.1.4            |  | =                              | 39.0                        | 116                   |  |
| ĭ M           | arket               | sophistica   | ation                              | 49.3                  | 51              | 7.2              | Creative goods and   |                                | 12.2                        | 73                    |  |
| Cr            | edit                |  |                                    | 37.6                  | 79              | 7.2.1<br>7.2.2   | Cultural and creative se<br>National feature films/                        | ervices exports, % total trade | 0.1<br>8.4                  | 75<br>24              |  |
| .1 Ea:        |                     | etting credit*   | oto contar 0/ ODD                  | 65.0                  | 61              | 7.2.3            | Entertainment and me   | edia market/th pop. 15-69      | n/a                         | n/a                   |  |
|               |                     | credit to priva<br>nce gross loa   | ate sector, % GDP<br>ns, % GDP     | 58.1<br>0.7           | 59<br>29        |                  | Printing and other me<br>Creative goods expor                              |                                | 1.1<br>0.4                  | 44<br>66              |  |
|               | vestme              | _  | •                                  | 56.0                  | [15]            | 7.2.3            | Online creativity  | io, 70 ioiai iraut             | 18.6                        | 61                    |  |
|               |                     |  | ority investors*                   | 56.0                  | 82              | 7.3.1            | Online creativity Generic top-level domains (TLDs)/th pop. 15–69           |                                | 2.8                         | 68                    |  |
|               |                     | pitalization, %<br>apital investo  | % GDP<br>rs, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP    | n/a<br>n/a            | n/a<br>n/a      |                  | 2 Country-code TLDs/th pop. 15-69  |                                | 2.9<br>66.5                 | 62<br>43              |  |
|               |                     |  | its, deals/bn PPP\$ GDF            |                       | n/a             |                  | 3.3 Wikipedia edits/mn pop. 15–69<br>3.4 Mobile app creation/bn PPP\$ GDP  |                                | 0.1                         | 88                    |  |
|               | -                   |  | , and market scale                 | 54.3                  | 110             | $\Diamond$       | Woolie app creation on PPP\$ GDP   |                                |                             |                       |  |
|               | •                   | ed tariff rate, weighted avg., % 17.9 132 ○ ♦ estic industry diversification 97.7 13 ● |                                    |                       |                 |                  |  |                                |                             |                       |  |
| J.Z DU        |                     | ,  |                                    |                       | 103             |                  |  |                                |                             |                       |  |

Population (mn) GDP, PPP\$ (bn) GDP per capita, PPP\$

#### **Botswana**

106

| Output rank   | Input rank  | Income   | Region                                     | Population (mn                             |  | GDP, PPP\$ (bn)   | GDP per capita, PPP\$  | GII 20                                     | 20 rank   |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|---|--|--|---|
| 109   | 98  | Upper middle   | SSF  | 2  | .4   | 39.1  | 16,153   |  | 89  |
|   |   |  | Score/                                     |  |  |   |  | Score/                                     |   |
| îî Institu  | itions  |  | Value <b>65.1</b>                          | Rank<br>59                                 | <b>≗</b> B   | Business sophist  | ication  | Value <b>24.0</b>                          | Rank<br>73  |
| 1.1 Politica<br>1.1.1 Political   | I environment<br>and operations<br>ment effectiven  | al stability*  | <b>66.9</b><br>80.4<br>60.2                | <b>44 ● ♦</b> 29 ● ♦ 47                    | <b>5.1 K</b> 5.1.1 K                               | inowledge workers<br>inowledge-intensive e<br>irms offering formal tr   | employment, %  | <b>33.7</b> 24.2 51.9                      | <b>59</b><br>63<br>16 ●                               |
| I.2.1 Regulate<br>I.2.2 Rule of I   | tory environmo<br>ory quality*<br>aw*<br>redundancy dis                                     |  | <b>66.1</b> 53.2 59.9 20.3                 | <b>62</b><br>54<br>44 ● ◆<br>86            | 5.1.4 G<br>5.1.5 F                                 | ERD performed by be<br>ERD financed by bus<br>emales employed w/a<br>nnovation linkages   |  |  | 64<br>70<br>35 <b>●</b>                               |
| I.3 Busines   | ss environmen<br>starting a busir<br>resolving insolv                                       | nt<br>ness*  | <b>62.2</b> 76.2 48.2                      | <b>95</b><br>117<br>76                     | 5.2.1 U<br>5.2.2 S<br>5.2.3 G                      | Iniversity-industry R&<br>tate of cluster develo<br>ERD financed by abr   | pment and depth <sup>†</sup>   | 40.0<br>39.1                               | 76<br>103<br>36 ● •                                   |
| Huma  | n capital an  | d research   | 8.3  | 130 ○ ◊                                    | 5.2.5 P  | atent families/bn PPF   | \$ GDP   | 0.0  | 100 🔾   |
| 2.1. Educati<br>2.1.1 Expendi<br>2.1.2 Governn<br>2.1.3 School I<br>2.1.4 PISA sc | i <b>on</b><br>iture on educati<br>nent funding/pu<br>ife expectancy,                       | on, % GDP<br>pil, secondary, % GDP/ca<br>years<br>maths and science            | <b>n/a</b><br>n/a                          | [n/a]<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>n/a   | 5.3.1 Ir<br>5.3.2 H<br>5.3.3 IO<br>5.3.4 F         | inowledge absorption tellectual property particularly property, % of Tservices imports, % GDI net inflows, % GDI lesearch talent, % in lesearch talent, % | ayments, % total trade<br>total trade<br>% total trade<br>>  | 19.9<br>1.5<br>6.0<br>0.6<br>1.5           | <b>92</b> 24 ● 96 99 94 79                            |
| 2.2.1 Tertiary<br>2.2.1 Tertiary<br>2.2.2 Graduat                                 | enrolment, % g  | ross<br>nd engineering, %  | 13.5<br>25.1<br>n/a<br>2.3                 | 107  | <b>6.1 K</b> 6.1.1 P                               | inowledge creation<br>atents by origin/bn Pl  |  | <b>7.5</b> 0.0                             | <b>93</b> 121 $\bigcirc$                              |
| 2.3.1 Research<br>2.3.2 Gross et<br>2.3.3 Global c                                |   | oop.<br>R&D, % GDP<br>nvestors, top 3, mn US\$                                 | 3.2<br>② 185.2<br>② 0.5<br>0.0             | 86<br>81<br>63<br>41 $\bigcirc$ $\Diamond$ | 6.1.3 U<br>6.1.4 S<br>6.1.5 C                      | itable documents H-i  | ı/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>ıl articles/bn PPP\$ GDP   | 0.0<br>0.4<br>12.4<br>5.4<br><b>22.2</b>   | 98 0 40<br>69<br>100<br><b>92</b>                     |
|   | ersity ranking, t<br>tructure   | op 3*  | 33.4                                       | 74 ○ <b>◇</b>                              | 6.2.1 L<br>6.2.2 N<br>6.2.3 S                      | nowledge impact<br>abor productivity gro-<br>lew businesses/th po-<br>oftware spending, %   | p. 15–64 @<br>GDP  | -4.4<br>20.1<br>0.1                        | 118 ○<br>3 ●<br>85                                    |
| 3.1.1 ICT acco<br>3.1.2 ICT use <sup>3</sup><br>3.1.3 Governr<br>3.1.4 E-partic   | ess*<br>*<br>ment's online se   |  | 55.2<br>44.5<br>36.5<br>36.9<br>29.9       | 103  | 6.2.5 H<br>6.3 K<br>6.3.1 Ir<br>6.3.2 P<br>6.3.3 H | SO 9001 quality certif<br>ligh-tech manufacturi<br>(nowledge diffusion<br>ntellectual property re<br>roduction and export<br>ligh-tech exports, % 1   | ng, % ceipts, % total trade complexity total trade   |  | 126 O n/a 113 96 83 100                               |
| 3.2.1 Electrici   | ty output, GWh<br>s performance*  | /mn pop.   | 1,401.1<br>n/a                             | 92 <><br>n/a                               |  | CT services exports, 9  | % total trade  |  | 121 🔾   |
| B.3 Ecologi<br>B.3.1 GDP/un<br>B.3.2 Environr                                     | apital formation<br>cal sustainabi<br>it of energy use<br>mental perform<br>O1 environmenta | lity   | 31.7<br><b>26.9</b><br>14.0<br>40.4<br>0.3 | 22 ● ◆ <b>73</b> 31 ● 87 ♦                 | <b>7.1 Ir</b><br>7.1.1 Ti<br>7.1.2 G<br>7.1.3 Ir   | reative outputs  ntangible assets rademarks by origin/b flobal brand value, top dustrial designs by o   | o 5,000, % GDP<br>rigin/bn PPP\$ GDP   | 12.6<br>15.1<br>14.2<br>0.0<br>0.4<br>41.9 | 118   |
| I.1 Credit<br>I.1.1 Ease of<br>I.1.2 Domest                                       | et sophistica<br>getting credit*<br>ic credit to priva<br>ance gross loa                    | ate sector, % GDP  | <b>36.8 35.9</b> 60.0 32.8 n/a             | 113  | 7.2 C<br>7.2.1 C<br>7.2.2 N<br>7.2.3 E<br>7.2.4 P  | creative goods and solutural and creative se lational feature films/r   | services<br>rvices exports, % total trade @<br>nn pop. 15–69<br>dia market/th pop. 15–69<br>lia, % manufacturing | 1.7  | 103<br>[1 <b>20]</b><br>93<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>87 |
| 1.2.1 Ease of 1.2.2 Market of 1.2.3 Venture 1.2.4 Venture                         | nent<br>protecting mino<br>capitalization, %<br>capital investor<br>capital recipier        | ority investors*<br>6 GDP<br>'s, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>its, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP | <b>32.5</b><br>60.0<br>n/a<br>② 0.0<br>n/a | [ <b>59]</b> 71 n/a 59 n/a                 | 7.3 0<br>7.3.1 G<br>7.3.2 C<br>7.3.3 W             | Inline creativity   | ains (TLDs)/th pop. 15–69<br>pop. 15–69<br>p. 15–69  | 18.6<br>1.1<br>1.3<br>53.0<br>n/a          | 62<br>94<br>80<br>60<br>n/a                           |
| 4.3.1 Applied<br>4.3.2 Domest   | tariff rate, weig<br>ic industry dive<br>ic market scale                                    | rsification  | 42.1<br>1.0<br>22.3<br>39.1                | 10 ●<br>111 ○ ♦<br>113 ◆                   |  |   |  |  |   |

#### **Brazil**

**57** 

| Output rank                      | Input rank                                       | Income                              | Region               | Popula             | ation (mr           | n) GDP, PPP\$ (bn)   | GDP per capita, PPP\$                     | GII 20             | 20 ran                  |
|----------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--|---|--------------------|-------------------------|
| 59                               | 56   | Upper middle                        | LCN                  | 2                  | 12.6                | 3,078.9  | 14,563                                    |                    | 62                      |
|                                  |  |                                     | Score/<br>Value      | Rank               |                     |  |   | Score/<br>Value    | Rank                    |
| nstitu                           | itions   |                                     | 60.6                 | 78                 | <b>÷</b>            | Business sophis  | tication                                  | 36.0               | 34                      |
| I.1 Politica                     | l environment                                    | ŧ                                   | 53.0                 | 85                 | 5.1                 | Knowledge workers  |   | 46.1               | [30]                    |
| I.1.1 Political                  | and operation                                    | al stability*                       | 66.1                 | 74                 | 5.1.1               | Knowledge-intensive  |   | 25.2               | 58                      |
|                                  | nent effectiven                                  |                                     | 46.5                 | 86                 |                     | Firms offering formal t<br>GERD performed by b   | •   | n/a<br>n/a         | n/a<br>n/a              |
|                                  | t <b>ory environm</b><br>ory quality*            | ent                                 | <b>62.8</b> 38.9     | <b>74</b><br>82    |                     | GERD financed by but   |   | 43.5               | 35                      |
| I.2.2 Rule of I                  |  |                                     | 42.0                 | 72                 | 5.1.5               | Females employed w/s   | advanced degrees, %                       | 15.3               | 46                      |
| .2.3 Cost of                     | redundancy di                                    | smissal                             | 15.4                 | 60                 | 5.2                 | Innovation linkages  | D II - II + i' +                          | 21.4               | 61                      |
|                                  | ss environme                                     |                                     | 65.9                 | 80                 |                     | University-industry R8<br>State of cluster develo  |   | 39.0<br>49.4       | 81<br>49                |
|                                  | starting a busii<br>resolving insol <sup>i</sup> |                                     | 81.3<br>50.4         | 106 ⊜<br>69        |                     | GERD financed by abr   |   | n/a                | n/a                     |
|                                  |  |                                     | 00                   |                    |                     |  | alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP               | 0.0                | 89 🔾                    |
| <b>Huma</b>                      | n capital ar                                     | nd research                         | 37.5                 | 48                 |                     | Patent families/bn PPF   |   | 0.1                | 56                      |
| 2.1 Educati                      | •  |                                     | 55.4                 | 48                 | <b>5.3</b><br>5.3.1 | Knowledge absorption Intellectual property party | on<br>ayments, % total trade              | <b>40.4</b><br>2.1 | <b>28 ●</b> 14 <b>●</b> |
|                                  | iture on educat                                  | tion. % GDP                         | 6.3                  | 40<br>11 ● ♦       | 5.3.2               | High-tech imports, %   | total trade                               | 10.5               | 28 ●                    |
|                                  |  | upil, secondary, % GDP/cap          |                      | 35                 |                     | ICT services imports,  |   | 2.2                | 30 ●                    |
|                                  | ife expectancy                                   |                                     | 15.7                 | 42                 |                     | FDI net inflows, % GD<br>Research talent, % in   |   | 3.7<br>26.6        | 34<br>46                |
|                                  | ales in reading.<br>acher ratio, sed             | , maths and science<br>condary      | 400.0<br>② 16.6      | 68 ⊜<br>81         | 0.0.0               | Tiooda on taloni, 70 iii   | 340                                       |                    |                         |
| ·                                | education  | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 25.1                 | 85                 | 240                 | Knowledge and  | technology outputs                        | 25.3               | 51                      |
| .2.1 Tertiary                    | enrolment, %                                     |                                     | 53.3                 | 58                 | _                   |  |   | 22.0               | 46                      |
|                                  |  | and engineering, %                  | 18.4                 | 83 🔾               | <b>6.1</b><br>6.1.1 | Knowledge creation<br>Patents by origin/bn P   | PP\$ GDP                                  | <b>23.0</b><br>1.7 | <b>46</b><br>41         |
| -                                | inbound mobil                                    |                                     | 0.2                  | 104 0 ♦            |                     | PCT patents by origin/   |   | 0.2                | 47                      |
|                                  | ch and develo<br>hers, FTE/mn                    |                                     | <b>31.9</b> Ø 887.7  | <b>36</b> ♦ 53     |                     | Utility models by origin   |   | 0.9                | 26                      |
|                                  | xpenditure on I                                  |                                     | ② 1.2                | 34 ♦               |                     | Citable documents H-   | al articles/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>index         | 18.8<br>37.6       | 47<br>24 <b>●</b>       |
|                                  | •  | investors, top 3, mn US\$           | 52.7                 | 26 ● ♦             | 6.2                 | Knowledge impact   |   | 35.5               | 40                      |
| 3.4 QS unive                     | ersity ranking,                                  | top 3"                              | 40.9                 | 31 ♦               |                     | Labor productivity gro   | wth, %                                    | 1.3                | 35                      |
| #\$ Infraci                      | tructure   |                                     | 41.2                 | 69                 |                     | New businesses/th po   | •   | 1.3                | 76                      |
| W IIII as                        | iructure   |                                     | 71.2                 |                    |                     | Software spending, % ISO 9001 quality certif   |   | 0.3<br>5.6         | 29<br>54                |
|                                  |  | nunication technologies (IC         | <b>Ts) 74.5</b> 58.9 | <b>49</b><br>77    |                     | High-tech manufactur   |   | 36.3               | 32                      |
| 3.1.1 ICT acce<br>3.1.2 ICT use* |  |                                     | 61.5                 | 60                 | 6.3                 | Knowledge diffusion  |   | 17.4               | 62                      |
| 3.1.3 Governr                    | nent's online s                                  | ervice*                             | 87.1                 | 20 ● ♦             |                     | Intellectual property re   |   | 0.3                | 33<br>49                |
| 3.1.4 E-partic                   | •  |                                     | 90.5                 | 18 ● ♦             |                     | Production and export<br>High-tech exports, %  |   | 48.8<br>3.7        | 49<br>44                |
|                                  | l infrastructur                                  |                                     | 20.5                 | <b>107</b> ○<br>67 |                     | ICT services exports,  |   | 1.0                | 82                      |
|                                  | ty output, GWI<br>s performance                  |                                     | 2,967.7<br>43.6      | 55                 | - •                 |  |   |                    |                         |
|                                  | apital formation                                 |                                     |                      | 116 ○ ◊            | €,                  | Creative outputs   |   | 23.5               | 66                      |
| _                                | cal sustainab                                    | -                                   | 28.6                 | 64                 | 7.1                 | Intangible assets  |   | 35.3               | 51                      |
|                                  | it of energy use                                 |                                     | 11.1<br>51.2         | 56<br>53           | 7.1.1               | Trademarks by origin/l   |   | 67.9               | 27                      |
|                                  | mental perform<br>01 environment                 | al certificates/bn PPP\$ GDF        |                      | 68                 |                     | Global brand value, to<br>Industrial designs by o  |   | 36.1<br>1.3        | 41<br>59                |
|                                  |  |                                     |                      |                    |                     | ICTs and organization  | •   | 52.6               | 69                      |
| Marke                            | t sophistic                                      | ation                               | 44.9                 | 75                 | 7.2                 | Creative goods and   | services                                  | 6.8                | 94 🗆                    |
| l.1 Credit                       |  |                                     | 30.5                 | 103 ⊖ ♦            |                     |  | ervices exports, % total trade            | 0.5                | 48                      |
|                                  | getting credit*                                  |                                     | 50.0                 | 94 ○ ◊             | 1.2.2               | National feature films/<br>Entertainment and me  | mn pop. 15-69<br>dia market/th pop. 15-69 | 1.1<br>7.8         | 84 C<br>40              |
|                                  |  | vate sector, % GDP                  | 63.7                 | 53                 | 7.2.4               | Printing and other med   | dia, % manufacturing                      | 0.5                | 86 🗆                    |
|                                  | ance gross loa                                   | ans, % GDP                          | 0.1                  | 58                 |                     | Creative goods export  | s, % total trade                          | 0.3                | 70                      |
| I.2 Investm I.2.1 Fase of        |  | ority investors*                    | <b>23.2</b> 62.0     | <b>99</b> ○<br>60  | 7.3                 | Online creativity  | nine /TI De\/#h = - = 45, 00              | 16.7               | <b>69</b>               |
|                                  | capitalization,                                  | -                                   | 53.1                 | 33                 |                     | Generic top-level dom<br>Country-code TLDs/th  | ains (TLDs)/th pop. 15–69                 | 1.6<br>8.6         | 87<br>42                |
| .2.3 Venture                     | capital investo                                  | ors, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP             | 0.0                  | 57                 |                     | Wikipedia edits/mn po  |   | 42.8               | 81                      |
|                                  |  | nts, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP             | 0.0                  | 55                 | 7.3.4               | Mobile app creation/b  | n PPP\$ GDP                               | 15.0               | 37                      |
|                                  | diversification<br>tariff rate, weig             | n, and market scale                 | <b>80.8</b><br>8.0   | <b>26 ●</b> 102 ○  |                     |  |   |                    |                         |
|                                  | ic industry dive                                 |                                     | 94.8                 | 28                 |                     |  |   |                    |                         |
|                                  | ic market scale                                  |                                     | 3 078 9              |                    |                     |  |   |                    |                         |

NOTES: • indicates a strength;  $\bigcirc$  a weakness; • an income group strength;  $\bigcirc$  an income group weakness; \* an index; † a survey question. ② indicates that the economy's data are older than the base year; see appendices for details, including the year of the data, at http://globalinnovationindex.org. Square brackets [] indicate that the data minimum coverage (DMC) requirements were not met at the sub-pillar or pillar level.

3,078.9 8 ● ♦

## **Brunei Darussalam**

22

| Output rank                                     | Input rank                                | Income                    | Region                | Popula                      | tion (mn)      | GDP, PPP\$ (bn)                                      | GDP per capita, PPP\$                          | GII 20              | )20 rar              |
|---|---|---------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|--|--|---------------------|----------------------|
| 115   | 51  | High                      | SEAO                  | C                           | 0.4            | 28.5   | 61,816   | •                   | 71                   |
|   |   |                           | Score/                | David                       |                |  |  | Score/              | Develo               |
| nstitu  | tions                                     |                           | Value <b>80.7</b>     | 24                          | <del>≗</del> F | Business sophist                                     | ication  | Value <b>22.0</b>   |                      |
|   |   |                           |                       |                             |                |  | ioation  |                     |                      |
|   | I environment<br>and operational s        | stability*                | <b>84.8</b> 94.6      | <b>16 ●</b> 2 ● ◆           |                | <b>(nowledge workers</b><br>(nowledge-intensive e    | employment, %                                  | <b>32.4</b><br>38.6 | <b>[63]</b><br>30    |
| 1.2 Governr                                     | nent effectivenes                         | s*                        | 79.9                  | 23                          | 5.1.2 F        | irms offering formal to                              | raining, %                                     | n/a                 | n/a                  |
| -   | ory environmen                            | t                         | 80.7                  | 30                          |                | GERD performed by b<br>GERD financed by bus          |  | n/a<br>0.0          | n/a<br>102 ∈         |
| <ol> <li>Regulate</li> <li>Rule of I</li> </ol> |   |                           | 60.1<br>62.9          | 42<br>38                    |                | •  | advanced degrees, %                            | 12.8                | 58                   |
| 2.3 Cost of                                     | redundancy dism                           | issal                     | 8.0                   | 1 ● ◆                       |                | nnovation linkages                                   | <b>D</b>                                       | 17.4                | 92                   |
|   | s environment                             | *                         | 76.6                  | 43                          |                | Jniversity-industry R&<br>State of cluster develo    |  |                     | 80<br>80             |
|   | starting a busines<br>resolving insolver  |                           | 94.9<br>58.2          | 15 <b>●</b><br>54           | 5.2.3          | SERD financed by abr                                 | oad, % GDP                                     | 0.0                 | 96 (                 |
|   | <b>.</b>                                  | •                         |                       |                             |                | oint venture/strategic a<br>Patent families/bn PPF   | alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP                    | 0.0<br>0.1          | 42<br>57             |
| 🙎 Huma  | n capital and                             | research                  | 35.2                  | 52                          |                | Cnowledge absorption                                 | •  | 16.0                | 114                  |
| 1 Educati                                       | on  |                           | 50.7                  | 66                          |                |  | ayments, % total trade                         | 0.3                 | 78                   |
|   | ture on educatior                         | n, % GDP                  | <ul><li>4.4</li></ul> | 59                          |                | ligh-tech imports, %                                 |  | 3.4                 | 121                  |
|   | 011                                       | l, secondary, % GDP/cap   | ② 23.6<br>14.1        | 21<br>71 ♦                  |                | CT services imports, 9 DI net inflows, % GDI         |  | 1.0<br>3.5          | 77<br>40             |
|   | ife expectancy, ye<br>ales in reading, m  | ears<br>laths and science | 423.1                 | 71 ♦<br>53 ♦                | 5.3.5 F        | Research talent, % in I                              | ousinesses                                     | n/a                 | n/a                  |
| 1.5 Pupil-tea                                   | acher ratio, secor                        | ndary                     | 8.2                   | 11 ● ♦                      |                |  |  |                     |                      |
| -   | education                                 |                           | 45.6                  | 20 ●                        | egga k         | Knowledge and  | technology outputs                             | 4.5                 | [130]                |
|   | enrolment, % gro<br>es in science and     |                           | 31.5<br>40.1          | 84 ♦                        | 6.1 K          | Knowledge creation                                   |  | 6.4                 | 98                   |
|   | inbound mobility,                         |                           | 3.4                   | 64                          |                | Patents by origin/bn Pl                              |  | 0.2<br>0.0          | 90<br>78             |
|   | ch and developn                           |                           | 9.4                   | 62 ♦                        |                | PCT patents by origin/<br>Jtility models by origin   |  | n/a                 | n/a                  |
|   | hers, FTE/mn po<br>xpenditure on R&       | •                         | n/a<br>② 0.3          | n/a<br>84 ♦                 | 6.1.4 S        | Scientific and technica                              | ll articles/bn PPP\$ GDP                       | 11.1                | 78                   |
|   |   | estors, top 3, mn US\$    | 0.0                   | 41 0 ♦                      |                | Citable documents H-i                                | ndex   | 3.6                 | 117                  |
| 3.4 QS unive                                    | ersity ranking, top                       | o 3*                      | 22.8                  | 46                          |                | <b>(nowledge impact</b><br>.abor productivity gro    | wth %  |                     | [ <b>126]</b><br>n/a |
| att Indonesia                                   |   |                           | 40.0                  | 40                          | 6.2.2 N        | lew businesses/th po                                 | p. 15–64                                       | 2.4                 | 53                   |
| <b>∮<sup>‡</sup> I</b> nfrasi                   | tructure                                  |                           | 48.0                  | 46                          |                | Software spending, %<br>SO 9001 quality certif       |  | n/a<br>3.0          | n/a<br>77            |
|   |   | ication technologies (IC  | •                     | 70 ♦                        |                | ligh-tech manufacturi                                |  |                     | 107                  |
| <ul><li>ICT acce</li><li>ICT use*</li></ul>     |   |                           | 69.4<br>71.9          | 62 <> 43                    | 6.3 K          | Knowledge diffusion                                  |  | 1.4                 | [129]                |
| .3 Governr                                      | nent's online serv                        | rice*                     | 63.5                  | 80 ♦                        |                | ntellectual property re                              | •  |                     | n/a                  |
| .4 E-partic                                     | •   |                           | 54.8                  | 94 ♦                        |                | Production and export<br>High-tech exports, % t      |  | n/a<br>0.7          | n/a<br>85            |
|   | I infrastructure<br>ty output, GWh/m      | nn non                    | <b>51.9</b> 10,009.3  | 8 <b>● ◆</b><br>14 <b>●</b> | 6.3.4          | CT services exports, 9                               | % total trade                                  | 0.0                 | 130                  |
|   | s performance*                            | pop.                      | 30.6                  | 79 ♦                        | 01             |  |  |                     |                      |
| 2.3 Gross ca                                    | apital formation,                         | % GDP                     | 48.4                  | 3 ● ♦                       | Ø , (          | Creative outputs                                     |  | 18.7                | 85                   |
| _   | cal sustainabilit<br>it of energy use     | У                         | <b>27.1</b><br>8.9    | <b>70</b> ♦ 82              |                | ntangible assets                                     |  | 21.5                | 94                   |
|   | nental performan                          | ice*                      | 54.8                  | 44                          |                | rademarks by origin/b<br>Blobal brand value, top     |  | 9.5<br>n/a          | 113<br>n/a           |
| 3.3 ISO 1400                                    | 01 environmental o                        | certificates/bn PPP\$ GDF | 0.9                   | 70                          |                | ndustrial designs by o                               |  |                     | 115                  |
|   |   |                           |                       |                             | 7.1.4          | CTs and organizationa                                | al model creation†                             | 47.5                | 90                   |
| Marke   | t sophisticat                             | ion                       | 37.8                  | 106 ♦                       |                | Creative goods and s                                 |  |                     | [114]                |
| Credit  |   |                           | 56.5                  | 21 ●                        |                | Juitural and creative se<br>National feature films/r | rvices exports, % total trade<br>nn pop. 15–69 | n/a                 | 110 n/a              |
|   | getting credit*<br>ic credit to private   | sector % GDP              | 100.0<br>35.7         | 1 <b>● ◆</b><br>87          | 7.2.3 E        | Intertainment and me                                 | dia market/th pop. 15-69                       | n/a                 | n/a                  |
|   | ance gross loans                          |                           | 35.7<br>n/a           | o/ ⇔<br>n/a                 |                | Printing and other med<br>Creative goods export      |  |                     | 88<br>90             |
| 2 Investm                                       | •   |                           | 23.9                  | [94]                        |                | Online creativity                                    | o, /o total flade                              | 29.2                | 36                   |
|   | protecting minori                         |                           | 40.0                  | 110 ♦                       |                | -  | ains (TLDs)/th pop. 15-69                      | 7.3                 | 45                   |
|   | capitalization, % (<br>capital investors. | GDP<br>deals/bn PPP\$ GDP | n/a<br>0.0            | n/a<br>46                   |                | Country-code TLDs/th                                 |  | 0.9                 | 88                   |
|   |   | , deals/bn PPP\$ GDP      | n/a                   | n/a                         |                | Vikipedia edits/mn po<br>Nobile app creation/bi      | •  | 75.8<br>n/a         | 22 n/a               |
| 3 Trade, o                                      | liversification, a                        | nd market scale           | 32.8                  | 130 ⊖ ♦                     | "              |  | • • •  | , 🗸                 |                      |
|   | tariff rate, weight                       |                           | 0.0<br>② 0.0          | 2 ● ♦ 112 ○ ◊               |                |  |  |                     |                      |
| 3.2 Domesti                                     |   |                           |                       |                             |                |  |  |                     |                      |

# **Bulgaria**

Output rank Input rank

Income

Region

Population (mn) GDP, PPP\$ (bn)

35

GII 2020 rank

GDP per capita, PPP\$

| 27 46 Upper middle   | EUR                 | 6               | 5.9            | 164.1 23,741  | 3                   | 37            |
|--|---------------------|-----------------|----------------|---|---------------------|---------------|
|  | Score/<br>Value     | Rank            |                |   | Score/<br>Value     | Ranl          |
| Institutions   | 69.8                | 47 ◆            | 2              | Business sophistication   | 32.6                | 42            |
| Political environment  | 62.0                | 53              | 5.1            | Knowledge workers   | 36.1                | 54            |
| Political and operational stability*                                       | 69.6                | 60              | 5.1.1          | Knowledge-intensive employment, %   | 31.1                | 4             |
| 2 Government effectiveness*  | 58.2                | 53              |                | Firms offering formal training, %   | 20.0                | 7             |
| Regulatory environment   | 75.7                | 36 ♦            |                | GERD performed by business, % GDP   | 0.6                 | 3             |
| 1 Regulatory quality*  | 57.4                | 46 ♦            |                | GERD financed by business, %  | 43.1                | 3             |
| 2 Rule of law*   | 47.7                | 62              |                | Females employed w/advanced degrees, %  | 18.8                |               |
| 3 Cost of redundancy dismissal   | 8.6                 | 16 ●            | <b>5.2</b>     | Innovation linkages University-industry R&D collaboration†                        | <b>29.1</b><br>46.4 | <b>3</b><br>5 |
| Business environment   | 71.6                | 64              |                | State of cluster development and depth <sup>†</sup>                               | 55.3                | 3             |
| 1 Ease of starting a business* 2 Ease of resolving insolvency*             | 85.4<br>57.8        | 86 ⊜<br>56      |                | GERD financed by abroad, % GDP  | 0.3                 | 1:            |
| 2 Lase of resolving insolvency   | 31.0                | 30              |                | Joint venture/strategic alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP                               | 0.0                 | 4             |
| Human canital and vaccavah   | 04.7                | CE              | 5.2.5          | Patent families/bn PPP\$ GDP  | 0.3                 | 3             |
| Human capital and research   | 31.7                | 65              | 5.3            | Knowledge absorption  | 32.7                | 49            |
| Education  | 47.4                | 74              |                | Intellectual property payments, % total trade                                     | 0.5                 | 6             |
| Expenditure on education, % GDP  | 4.1                 | 65              |                | High-tech imports, % total trade  | 7.2                 | 7             |
| 2 Government funding/pupil, secondary, % GDP/cap                           |                     | 36              |                | ICT services imports, % total trade<br>FDI net inflows, % GDP                     | 1.3<br>2.9          | 5<br>5        |
| School life expectancy, years  | 14.2                | 69 🔾            |                | Research talent, % in businesses  | 50.1                | 2             |
| PISA scales in reading, maths and science Pupil-teacher ratio, secondary   | 426.7<br>② 12.6     | 50 ⊜<br>54      | 0.0.0          | rioscaron talont, 70 m bacinescos   | 00.1                | -             |
| , ,  |                     |                 | مهور           | Knowledge and technology outputs  | 36.0                | 2             |
| Tertiary education   | <b>34.8</b><br>71.5 | <b>61</b><br>28 | -              | Knowledge and technology outputs  | 30.0                | ۷.            |
| 1 Tertiary enrolment, % gross<br>2 Graduates in science and engineering, % | 19.3                | 20<br>77 ()     | 6.1            | Knowledge creation  | 27.1                | 3             |
| 3 Tertiary inbound mobility, %   | 6.4                 | 38              | 6.1.1          | , ,   | 1.3                 | 5             |
| Research and development (R&D)   | 12.9                | 52              |                | PCT patents by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP  | 0.3                 | 4             |
| 1 Researchers, FTE/mn pop.   | 2,420.0             | 35 ♦            | 6.1.3          | Utility models by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP   | 2.7<br>15.4         | 5             |
| 2 Gross expenditure on R&D, % GDP  | 0.8                 | 43              |                | Scientific and technical articles/bn PPP\$ GDP Citable documents H-index          | 15.4                | 5             |
| 3 Global corporate R&D investors, top 3, mn US\$                           | 0.0                 | 41 ○ ◊          | 6.2            |   | 51.4                | (             |
| 4 QS university ranking, top 3*  | 6.2                 | 70              |                | Knowledge impact Labor productivity growth, %                                     | 1.6                 | 3             |
| Δ.   |                     |                 |                | New businesses/th pop. 15–64  | 10.1                | 14            |
| <sup>p</sup> Infrastructure  | 51.7                | 36 ♦            |                | Software spending, % GDP  | 0.2                 | 68            |
| Information and communication technologies (IC                             | Гs) 77.4            | 42 ♦            |                | ISO 9001 quality certificates/bn PPP\$ GDP  | 38.0                |               |
| 1 ICT access*  | 71.4                | 57              | 6.2.5          | High-tech manufacturing, %  | 22.9                | 56            |
| 2 ICT use*   | 72.0                | 42 ♦            | 6.3            | Knowledge diffusion   | 29.5                | 30            |
| 3 Government's online service*   | 77.1                | 47              |                | Intellectual property receipts, % total trade                                     | 0.2                 | 40            |
| 4 E-participation*   | 89.3                | 23 ♦            |                | Production and export complexity High-tech exports, % total trade                 | 56.7<br>5.0         | 3             |
| General infrastructure   | 27.5                | 69              |                | ICT services exports, % total trade   | 4.2                 | 20            |
| 1 Electricity output, GWh/mn pop.  | 6,282.1             | 32 ♦            |                |   |                     |               |
| 2 Logistics performance*   | 45.8                | 51              | BI             | Creative outputs  | 41.1                | 2             |
| 3 Gross capital formation, % GDP   | 18.7                | 97 🔾            | <b>w</b> ,     | Oreative outputs  | 71.1                | _             |
| Ecological sustainability  | 50.2                | 15 ● ♦          | 7.1            | Intangible assets   | 57.9                |               |
| 1 GDP/unit of energy use<br>2 Environmental performance*                   | 7.8<br>57.0         | 92 ○<br>39 ◆    |                | Trademarks by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP   | 84.8                | 1             |
| 3 ISO 14001 environmental certificates/bn PPP\$ GDP                        |                     | 2 • ♦           |                | Global brand value, top 5,000, % GDP<br>Industrial designs by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP | n/a                 | n/            |
| •  |                     |                 | 7.1.3<br>7.1.4 | ICTs and organizational model creation†   | 8.5<br>53.7         | 1:<br>6:      |
| Market sophistication  | 45.1                | 72              | 7.1.4          |   | 21.7                |               |
| Market sophistication  | 70.1                |                 | 7.2.1          | Creative goods and services Cultural and creative services exports, % total trade | 1.7                 | 40<br>13      |
| Credit   | 33.7                | 93 🔾            |                | National feature films/mn pop. 15–69  | 4.7                 | 4             |
| Ease of getting credit*  | 65.0                | 61              | 7.2.3          | Entertainment and media market/th pop. 15-69                                      | n/a                 | n/            |
| 2 Domestic credit to private sector, % GDP                                 | 49.8                | 71<br>82 ∩      |                | Printing and other media, % manufacturing   | 1.1                 | 4             |
| Microfinance gross loans, % GDP  | 0.0                 | 82 🔾            |                | Creative goods exports, % total trade   | 1.0                 | 4:            |
| Investment   | <b>24.6</b>         | <b>86</b> ○     | 7.3            | Online creativity   | 26.8                | 4             |
| 1 Ease of protecting minority investors* 2 Market capitalization, % GDP    | 74.0<br>② 14.5      | 24<br>63 ⊜      | 7.3.1          | Generic top-level domains (TLDs)/th pop. 15–69                                    | 23.7                | 2             |
| 3 Venture capital investors, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP                            | 0.0                 | 43              |                | Country-code TLDs/th pop. 15-69<br>Wikipedia edits/mn pop. 15-69                  | 3.8<br>69.5         | 59<br>39      |
| 4 Venture capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP                           | 0.0                 | 45              |                | Mobile app creation/bn PPP\$ GDP  | 69.5<br>7.3         | 5             |
| Trade, diversification, and market scale                                   | 76.9                | 38              | 7.0.4          |   | 7.0                 | ٥,            |
| 1 Applied tariff rate, weighted avg., %                                    | 1.8                 | 25              |                |   |                     |               |
| 2 Domestic industry diversification  | 97.1                | 15 ●            |                |   |                     |               |
|  | 164.1               | 71              |                |   |                     |               |

#### **Burkina Faso**

Income

Region

Output rank Input rank

115

Population (mn) GDP, PPP\$ (bn) GDP per capita, PPP\$ GII 2020 rank

|                             | Ink Input rank   |                           | ssF                |                    |                     | 1) GDP, PPP\$ (bn)                                 | GDP per capita, PPP\$                      |                    | 120 rank                   |
|-----------------------------|--|---------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--|--|--------------------|----------------------------|
| 123                         | 108  | Low                       | JOF                | 20                 | 0.9                 | 46.1   | 2,203                                      | 1                  | 118                        |
|                             |  |                           | Score/             | Davids             |                     |  |  | Score/             | Davids                     |
| î Înst                      | titutions  |                           | Value <b>56.2</b>  |                    | •                   | Business sophis                                    | tication                                   | Value<br>16.0      |                            |
|                             | tical environment                                      |                           | 39.2               |                    | 5.1                 | Knowledge workers                                  |  | 12.2               |                            |
|                             | ical and operational st                                | ability*                  | 50.0               |                    |                     | Knowledge-intensive                                | employment, %                              |                    | 99 ♦                       |
|                             | ernment effectiveness                                  | *                         | 33.8               | 115                |                     | Firms offering formal t                            | 0,   | n/a                |                            |
| _                           | ulatory environment                                    |                           | <b>64.8</b> 33.7   | <b>66 ●</b><br>98  |                     | GERD performed by but GERD financed by but         |  | n/a<br>n/a         | n/a<br>n/a                 |
| 1.2.1 Regulation 1.2.2 Rule | ulatory quality*<br>of law*                            |                           | 35.5               | 98<br>88           |                     | Females employed w/                                |  |                    | 115                        |
| 1.2.3 Cost                  | t of redundancy dismis                                 | ssal                      | 10.5               | 33 ●               | 5.2                 | Innovation linkages                                |  |                    |                            |
|                             | iness environment                                      | *                         | 64.5               | 85<br>71 <b>•</b>  |                     | University-industry R8<br>State of cluster develo  |  |                    | 111<br>124 ⊝ ♢             |
|                             | e of starting a business<br>e of resolving insolvence  |                           | 88.2<br>40.8       | 71 <b>●</b><br>96  |                     | GERD financed by abi                               |  | 0.0                | 60 ●                       |
|                             | <u> </u>   |                           |                    |                    |                     | Joint venture/strategic<br>Patent families/bn PPI  | alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP                | 0.0<br>n/a         |                            |
| 🙎 Hur                       | man capital and r                                      | esearch                   | 18.4               | 103                | 5.3                 | Knowledge absorpti                                 |  | 21.5               | 83                         |
| 2.1 Educ                    | cation   |                           | 36.7               | 100                | 5.3.1               | Intellectual property p                            | ayments, % total trade                     | 0.0                | 118                        |
| 2.1.1 Expe                  | enditure on education,                                 |                           | 5.4                | 24 ● ◆             |                     | High-tech imports, % ICT services imports,         |  | 7.0<br>2.1         | 80<br>32 ● ◆               |
|                             | ernment funding/pupil,<br>ool life expectancy, yea     | secondary, % GDP/cap (    | ② 15.7<br>9.3      | 71<br>110          |                     | FDI net inflows, % GD                              |  |                    | 107                        |
|                             | A scales in reading, ma                                |                           | n/a                | n/a                | 5.3.5               | Research talent, % in                              | businesses                                 | n/a                | n/a                        |
| 2.1.5 Pupi                  | l-teacher ratio, second                                | dary                      | 22.2               | 102                |                     |  |  |                    |                            |
|                             | iary education   | _                         | 15.4               |                    |                     | Knowledge and                                      | technology outputs                         | 11.8               | 106                        |
|                             | ary enrolment, % gros<br>duates in science and (       |                           | 7.1<br>20.3        | 120<br>71          | 6.1                 | Knowledge creation                                 |  | 5.1                | 111                        |
|                             | ary inbound mobility,                                  | 0 0,                      | 2.3                | 72                 |                     | , ,  |  | 0.0                | 128 ○ ◊                    |
|                             | earch and developm                                     |                           | 3.1                | 87 ♦               |                     | PCT patents by original Utility models by original |  | 0.0                | 55<br>55                   |
|                             | earchers, FTE/mn pop<br>ss expenditure on R&D          |                           | ව 47.6<br>ව 0.6    | 95<br>56 ● ◆       |                     |  | al articles/bn PPP\$ GDP                   | 10.2               | 85                         |
|                             | al corporate R&D inve                                  |                           | 0.0                | 41 0 0             |                     | Citable documents H-                               | index                                      | 5.6                | 98                         |
| 2.3.4 QS u                  | university ranking, top                                | 3*                        | 0.0                | 74 ○ ◊             | <b>6.2</b><br>6.2.1 | Knowledge impact Labor productivity gro            | wth. %                                     | <b>20.6</b><br>1.8 | <b>102</b><br>29 ●         |
| estΩ India                  | a a burraturua   |                           | 07.4               | 444                | 6.2.2               | New businesses/th po                               | p. 15–64                                   | 0.3                | 107                        |
| <b>⇔</b> Infr               | astructure   |                           | 27.4               | 111                |                     | Software spending, % ISO 9001 quality certif       |  | 0.0<br>0.6         | 110<br>118                 |
|                             |  | cation technologies (ICTs |                    |                    |                     | High-tech manufactur                               |  | n/a                | n/a                        |
| 3.1.1 ICT a                 | access*<br>use*  |                           | 33.0<br>15.9       |                    | 6.3                 | Knowledge diffusion                                | 1  | 9.7                | 95                         |
| 3.1.3 Gove                  | ernment's online servi                                 | ce*                       | 46.5               | 111                |                     | Intellectual property re                           | •  | 0.0                | 89                         |
| 3.1.4 E-pa                  | •  |                           | 51.2               | 99                 |                     | Production and export<br>High-tech exports, %      |  | 31.2<br>0.7        | 87 <b>♦</b><br>82 <b>♦</b> |
|                             | eral infrastructure<br>tricity output, GWh/mr          | non                       | <b>26.1</b><br>n/a | <b>76 ●</b><br>n/a | 6.3.4               | ICT services exports,                              | % total trade                              | 1.2                | 75 ●                       |
|                             | stics performance*                                     | грор.                     | 26.7               | 87                 | <i>a</i> .          |  |  |                    |                            |
| 3.2.3 Gros                  | ss capital formation, %                                | GDP                       | 21.8               | 71 ●               | Ø.,                 | Creative outputs                                   |  | 8.3                | 129 $\circ$                |
|                             | logical sustainability                                 |                           | 19.4               |                    | 7.1                 | Intangible assets                                  |  |                    | 125 🔾                      |
|                             | Vunit of energy use<br>ronmental performand            | e*                        | n/a<br>38.3        | n/a<br>93 ♦        |                     | Trademarks by origin/<br>Global brand value, to    |  | 4.5<br>0.0         | 123 ⊜<br>80 ⊝ ◊            |
| 3.3.3 ISO 1                 | 14001 environmental ce                                 | ertificates/bn PPP\$ GDP  | 0.1                | 125 🔾              |                     | Industrial designs by o                            |  |                    | 100                        |
| ه و مهجم                    |  |                           | 00.0               | 444                | 7.1.4               | ICTs and organization                              |  | 39.5               | 113                        |
| iii Mai                     | rket sophistication                                    | on _                      | 36.8               | 114                | <b>7.2</b><br>721   | Creative goods and                                 | services<br>ervices exports, % total trade | <b>2.1</b> 0.2     | <b>[118]</b><br>69         |
| 4.1 Cred                    |  |                           |                    | 122                |                     | National feature films/                            |  |                    | 98                         |
|                             | e of getting credit*<br>nestic credit to private       | sector. % GDP             | 30.0<br>28.4       | 122 ○<br>98 ◆      |                     |  | dia market/th pop. 15–69                   | n/a                |                            |
|                             | ofinance gross loans,                                  |                           | 1.5                | 21 •               |                     | Printing and other med<br>Creative goods export    |  | n/a<br>0.0         | n/a<br>117                 |
|                             | stment   |                           | 42.0               |                    | 7.3                 | Online creativity                                  | , <del>.</del>                             | 7.1                |                            |
|                             | e of protecting minority<br>ket capitalization, % G    |                           | 42.0<br>n/a        | 102<br>n/a         | 7.3.1               | Generic top-level dom                              | ains (TLDs)/th pop. 15-69                  | 0.1                | 126 🔾                      |
|                             | ure capital investors, o                               |                           | n/a                | n/a                |                     | Country-code TLDs/th<br>Wikipedia edits/mn po      |  | 0.0<br>24.7        |                            |
|                             | ure capital recipients,                                |                           | n/a                | n/a                |                     | Mobile app creation/b                              | · .  |                    | n/a                        |
|                             | le, diversification, an                                |                           | 47.3               | 118                |                     |  |  |                    |                            |
|                             | lied tariff rate, weighte<br>nestic industry diversifi | •                         | 5.8<br>n/a         | 94<br>n/a          |                     |  |  |                    |                            |
|                             | nestic market scale, br                                |                           |                    | 105                |                     |  |  |                    |                            |
|                             |  |                           |                    |                    |                     |  |  |                    |                            |

#### **Cabo Verde**

Income

Region

Population (mn) GDP, PPP\$ (bn)

Output rank Input rank

GII 2021 rank

89

GII 2020 rank

GDP per capita, PPP\$

| 88   | 88 96 Lower middle   |  | SSF  | SF (   |  | 3.9   | 6,980   | 1   | 100  |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|---|---|---|--|
|  |  |  | Score/<br>Value  | Rank   |  |   |   | Score/<br>Value   | Rank   |
| nstitu   | utions   |  | 57.0   | 88   | 0  | Business sophistica   | ation   | 23.9  |  |
| Political 1.1.1 Political 1.1.2 Governi 2 Regulal 2.1 Regulat 2.2 Rule of 2.3 Cost of 3 Busine 3.1 Ease of 3.2 Ease of | al environment<br>and operation<br>ment effective<br>tory environr<br>ory quality*<br>law*<br>redundancy of<br>ss environments<br>starting a bus<br>resolving inso | nal stability* ness* nent ismissal ent iness*  | 63.7<br>76.8<br>57.2<br>65.2<br>37.6<br>60.3<br>17.4<br>42.2<br>84.5 | 49   | 5.1.3<br>5.1.4<br>5.1.5<br><b>5.2</b><br>5.2.1<br>5.2.2<br>5.2.3<br>5.2.4<br>5.2.5<br><b>5.3</b> | Knowledge workers Knowledge-intensive emp Firms offering formal traini GERD performed by busine GERD financed by busines Females employed w/adva Innovation linkages University-industry R&D or State of cluster developme GERD financed by abroad Joint venture/strategic alliar Patent families/bn PPP\$ G Knowledge absorption | oloyment, % ing, % ness, % GDP ss, % anced degrees, %  ollaboration† ent and depth† I, % GDP nce deals/bn PPP\$ GDP | 23.6<br>17.1<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>7.6<br>26.7<br>41.1<br>46.3<br>n/a<br>0.0<br>21.4 | [89]<br>89<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>83<br>[40]<br>72<br>67<br>n/a<br>100 0 |
| 1.1.2 Governi<br>1.1.3 School<br>1.1.4 PISA sc   | iture on educa<br>ment funding/p<br>life expectanc   | oupil, secondary, % GDP/cap<br>y, years<br>g, maths and science                              | 47.9 5.2 19.7 12.7 n/a ② 15.4  | <b>73</b> 31 ● 49 84 n/a 75                                      | 5.3.2<br>5.3.3<br>5.3.4  | Intellectual property paym<br>High-tech imports, % tota<br>ICT services imports, % to<br>FDI net inflows, % GDP<br>Research talent, % in busi   | ıl trade<br>otal trade<br>inesses   | 0.8<br>3.0<br>1.4<br>5.7<br>n/a   | 55<br>17 <b>•</b><br>n/a   |
| 2.2.1 Tertiary<br>2.2.2 Gradua<br>2.2.3 Tertiary<br>2.3 Resear<br>2.3.1 Researc<br>2.3.2 Gross e                       | inbound mob<br>ch and devel<br>chers, FTE/mr<br>expenditure or   | and engineering, % ility, % opment (R&D)   | 23.6<br>16.1<br>1.4<br>0.6<br>② 123.5<br>② 0.1<br>0.0                | 95<br>93<br>82<br>108<br>85<br>109<br>41 0                       | 6.1.3<br>6.1.4<br>6.1.5  | PCT patents by origin/bn I<br>Utility models by origin/bn<br>Scientific and technical art<br>Citable documents H-inde   | GGDP PPP\$ GDP PPP\$ GDP ticles/bn PPP\$ GDP  | 9.2<br>0.8<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>14.4<br>0.0   | n/a<br>n/a<br>59<br>132  |
| Informa 1.1 ICT acc 1.2 ICT use 1.3 Governi 1.4 E-partic   | ess*<br>*<br>ment's online   | nunication technologies (ICT<br>service*   | 0.0 42.3 5) 49.0 57.9 46.5 50.0 41.7 60.0                            | 74 $\bigcirc$ $\diamond$ 66 $\diamond$ 95  80  85  106  111  [4] | 6.2.2<br>6.2.3<br>6.2.4<br>6.2.5<br><b>6.3</b><br>6.3.1<br>6.3.2<br>6.3.3                        | Knowledge impact Labor productivity growth New businesses/th pop. 1. Software spending, % GD ISO 9001 quality certificate High-tech manufacturing, Knowledge diffusion Intellectual property receip Production and export cor High-tech exports, % tota   | 5-64 )P es/bn PPP\$ GDP %  opts, % total trade mplexity Il trade  | n/a<br>4.0<br>n/a<br>7.5<br>7.2<br><b>2.9</b><br>0.0<br>n/a<br>0.0              | 36 o<br>n/a<br>36 o<br>97<br><b>127</b> o<br>98<br>n/a<br>131 o    |
| 2.1 Electric<br>2.2 Logistic   | ity output, GW<br>s performanc<br>apital formation   | /h/mn pop.<br>e*   | n/a<br>n/a<br>42.2   | n/a<br>n/a<br>5 ● ◆  | 6.3.4  | ICT services exports, % to Creative outputs   | otal trade  | 0.9<br><b>25.7</b>  | 59   |
| .3.1 GDP/un<br>.3.2 Environ  | i <b>cal sustaina</b><br>it of energy us<br>mental perfor  | bility<br>se   | 17.8   | <b>113</b><br>n/a<br>112<br>87                                   | <b>7.1</b> 7.1.1 7.1.2 7.1.3 7.1.4   | Intangible assets Trademarks by origin/bn P Global brand value, top 5,0 Industrial designs by origin ICTs and organizational m  | 000, % GDP<br>n/bn PPP\$ GDP  | 32.5<br>22.1<br>n/a<br>2 8.1<br>44.6  | 90<br>n/a<br>16  |
| .1 Credit<br>.1.1 Ease of<br>.1.2 Domest   | getting credit<br>ic credit to prinance gross lo   | ·<br>vate sector, % GDP  | 29.0<br>35.0<br>58.7<br>n/a  | 128 ○ ◇ 111 118  | 7.2.3<br>7.2.4   | Creative goods and serve<br>Cultural and creative service<br>National feature films/mn p<br>Entertainment and media a<br>Printing and other media,<br>Creative goods exports, %   | es exports, % total trade<br>pop. 15–69<br>market/th pop. 15–69<br>% manufacturing                                  | 11.0<br>0.3<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>1.8<br>0 0.1                                       | n/a  |
| .2.2 Market<br>.2.3 Venture<br>.2.4 Venture<br>.3 Trade, 0<br>.3.1 Applied   | protecting mi<br>capitalization,<br>capital invest<br>capital recipion   | ors, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>ents, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>n, and market scale<br>ighted avg., % | n/a<br>n/a<br>n/a<br><b>26.7</b><br>11.6                             | [91]<br>128 0 0 n/a<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>132 0 0<br>124 0<br>107 0   | <b>7.3</b> 7.3.1 7.3.2 7.3.3   | Online creativity   | s (TLDs)/th pop. 15–69<br>p. 15–69<br>5–69  | 26.8<br>1.9<br>2.0<br>73.3<br>n/a   | <b>42</b><br>79<br>71<br>28  |

## **Cambodia**

109

| Output rank                                  | Input rank                                | Income                                       | Region              | Popula                   | ation (mn  | ) GDP, PPP\$ (bn)                                 | GDP per capita, PPP\$                       | GII 20           | 20 rank                   |
|--|---|--|---------------------|--------------------------|------------|---|---|------------------|---------------------------|
| 104  | 106                                       | Lower middle                                 | SEAO                | 1                        | 6.7        | 74.3  | 4,441                                       | 1                | 110                       |
|  |   |  | Score/<br>Value     | Rank                     |            |   |   | Score/<br>Value  | Rank                      |
| institu                                      | ıtions                                    |  | 50.5                |                          | <b>-</b>   | Business sophist                                  | tication                                    | 16.2             |                           |
| 1.1 Politica                                 | l environmen                              | t  | 49.6                | 91                       | 5.1        | Knowledge workers                                 |   | 11.9             | 122 🔾 <                   |
|  | and operation                             | •  | 73.2                | 44 ● ♦                   | 5.1.1      | Knowledge-intensive                               |   |                  | 117 0 <                   |
|  | nent effectiver<br>t <b>ory environ</b> m |  | 37.8                | 103<br><b>102</b>        |            | Firms offering formal to<br>GERD performed by b   |   |                  | 68<br>84 ⊝                |
| •  | ory quality*                              | lent   | 28.6                | 102                      | 5.1.4      | GERD financed by bus                              | siness, %                                   | 19.4             | 66                        |
| 1.2.2 Rule of I                              |   | amia a al                                    | 22.1                | 118                      |            | Females employed w/a                              | advanced degrees, %                         |                  | 105                       |
|  | redundancy di:<br>ss environme:           |  | 19.4                | 82<br><b>127</b> ○ ◊     |            | Innovation linkages<br>University-industry R&     | D collaboration†                            | <b>24.0</b> 39.0 | <b>51 ●</b> • 82          |
|  | starting a busi                           |  | 52.4                |                          | 5.2.2      | State of cluster develo                           | pment and depth <sup>†</sup>                | 45.7             | 70                        |
| 1.3.2 Ease of                                | resolving insol                           | vency*                                       | 48.5                | 74                       |            | GERD financed by abr                              | oad, % GDP @<br>alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP | 0.0              | 56<br>39 ● •              |
| -0 H   |   |  |                     | 100                      |            | Patent families/bn PPF                            |   | n/a              | n/a                       |
| Huma   | n capital ar                              | nd research                                  | 17.6                | 109                      | 5.3        | Knowledge absorption                              | on  | 12.6             | 127 🔾                     |
| 2.1 Educat                                   |   |  | 27.6                |                          |            | Intellectual property pa                          |   | 0.1<br>2.4       | 105<br>129 ⊝ ∢            |
|  | iture on educat                           | tion, % GDP<br>upil, secondary, % GDP/cap    | 2.2<br>o n/a        | 110 ○ ♦<br>n/a           |            | High-tech imports, % ICT services imports, 9      |   | 0.6              | 95                        |
|  | life expectancy                           |  | n/a                 | n/a                      | 5.3.4      | FDI net inflows, % GDI                            | P   | 13.1             | 7 ● -                     |
|  | _   | , maths and science                          | n/a                 | n/a                      | 5.3.5      | Research talent, % in I                           | businesses                                  | 4.3              | 73                        |
| •  | acher ratio, sed                          | condary                                      | 21.7                | 100<br><b>86</b>         | مهم        | Knowledge and                                     | technology outputs                          | 11.2             | 111                       |
| -  | <pre>/ education enrolment, % ;</pre>     | gross  | <b>24.6</b><br>14.7 | 102                      | _          |   | teermology outputs                          |                  |                           |
| 2.2.2 Graduat                                | tes in science a                          | and engineering, %                           | 23.2                | 52                       |            | Knowledge creation<br>Patents by origin/bn P      | PP\$ GDP                                    | <b>3.6</b> 0.1   | <b>117</b> 120 $\bigcirc$ |
| -  | inbound mobil                             | -  | n/a                 | n/a                      |            | PCT patents by origin/                            |   | 0.0              | 94                        |
|  | ch and develo<br>hers, FTE/mn             |  | <b>0.6</b> ② 30.4   | <b>112</b><br>101 ()     |            | Utility models by origin                          |   | n/a              | n/a                       |
| 2.3.2 Gross e                                | xpenditure on                             | R&D, % GDP                                   | ② 0.1               | 102                      |            | Citable documents H-                              | al articles/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>index           | 4.7<br>5.6       | 111<br>98                 |
|  |   | investors, top 3, mn US\$                    | 0.0<br>0.0          | 41 ○ ♦<br>74 ○ ♦         |            | Knowledge impact                                  |   | 22.6             | 90                        |
| .5.4 Q5 univ                                 | ersity ranking,                           | юрз  | 0.0                 | 7400                     | 6.2.1      | Labor productivity gro                            |   | 2.7              | 19 ●                      |
| <b>ద్ద<sup>‡</sup> I</b> nfras               | tructure                                  |  | 28.9                | 107                      |            | New businesses/th po<br>Software spending, %      | •   | 0.7<br>0.0       | 90<br>109                 |
|  | tion and comm                             | unication technologies (IC                   | Ts) 44.9            | 100                      | 6.2.4      | ISO 9001 quality certif                           | icates/bn PPP\$ GDP                         | 1.1              | 107                       |
| B.1.1 ICT acc                                |   | iunication technologies (ic                  | 46.5                | 94                       |            | High-tech manufacturi                             | •   | n/a              | n/a                       |
| 3.1.2 ICT use                                |   |  | 46.3                | 86                       |            | Knowledge diffusion<br>Intellectual property re   |   | <b>7.4</b> 0.0   | <b>106</b><br>90          |
| 3.1.3 Governr<br>3.1.4 E-partic              | ment's online s<br>ipation*               | ervice*                                      | 45.3<br>41.7        | 113<br>111               | 6.3.2      | Production and export                             | complexity                                  | 30.9             | 89                        |
|  | l infrastructui                           | re   | 23.6                | 89                       |            | High-tech exports, %                              |   | 0.7<br>0.4       | 83<br>103                 |
|  | ty output, GWI                            |  | 502.9               | 107                      | 0.3.4      | ICT services exports, 9                           | 70 lotal trade                              | 0.4              | 103                       |
| •  | s performance<br>apital formatio          |  | 24.7<br>26.6        | 94<br>35 ●               | <b>68!</b> | Creative outputs                                  |   | 16.3             | 98                        |
|  | ical sustainab                            |  | 18.2                |                          |            | Intangible assets                                 |   | 26 5             | 90                        |
| 3.3.1 GDP/un                                 | it of energy use                          | e  | 8.2                 | 89                       |            | Trademarks by origin/b                            | on PPP\$ GDP                                | <b>26.5</b> 39.5 | <b>82</b><br>59           |
|  | mental perform                            | nance*<br>al certificates/bn PPP\$ GDI       | 33.6<br>0.3         | 108<br>94                | 7.1.2      | Global brand value, to                            | p 5,000, % GDP                              | 0.0              | 80 🔾                      |
| .5.5 150 140                                 | or environment                            | ai cei illicates/bi i FFF \$ GDi             | 0.5                 | 34                       |            | Industrial designs by o<br>ICTs and organizations | •   | 0.2              | 104<br>41 ● ·             |
| iii Marke                                    | t sophistic                               | ation  | 45.8                | 69                       |            | Creative goods and s                              |   |                  | [99]                      |
|  | •   |  | 70.0                | 6.0.4                    | 7.2.1      | Cultural and creative se                          | rvices exports, % total trade               | n/a              | n/a                       |
|  | getting credit*                           |  | <b>70.9</b><br>80.0 | <b>6 ● ◆</b> 23 <b>●</b> |            | National feature films/r<br>Entertainment and me  | mn pop. 15–69<br>dia market/th pop. 15–69   | 3.2<br>n/a       | 57<br>n/a                 |
| 1.1.2 Domest                                 | ic credit to priv                         | rate sector, % GDP                           | 114.2               | 19 ● ♦                   |            | Printing and other med                            |   | n/a              | n/a                       |
|  | ance gross loa                            | ins, % GDP                                   | 38.4                | 1 ● ◆                    |            | Creative goods export                             | s, % total trade                            | 0.4              | 69                        |
| <ol> <li>Investm</li> <li>Ease of</li> </ol> |   | ority investors*                             | <b>23.2</b> 40.0    | <b>100</b><br>110        |            | Online creativity                                 | aine (TI De)/th see 15 60                   | 6.0              | <b>117</b>                |
|  | capitalization,                           | •  | n/a                 | n/a                      |            | Generic top-level dom<br>Country-code TLDs/th     | ains (TLDs)/th pop. 15-69<br>n pop. 15-69   | 0.8<br>0.1       | 100<br>118                |
|  |   | ors, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP                      | 0.1                 | 39 ♦                     | 7.3.3      | Wikipedia edits/mn po                             | p. 15–69                                    | 25.0             | 113                       |
|  |   | nts, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP  I, and market scale | 0.0<br><b>43.3</b>  | 32 ● ◆                   | 7.3.4      | Mobile app creation/b                             | n PPP\$ GDP                                 | 1.7              | 71                        |
|  | tariff rate, weig                         |  | ② 9.8               | 115                      |            |   |   |                  |                           |
| 4.3.2 Domest                                 | ic industry dive                          | ersification                                 | n/a                 | n/a                      |            |   |   |                  |                           |
| 4.3.3 Domest                                 | ic market scale                           | e, bn PPP\$                                  | 74.3                | 91                       |            |   |   |                  |                           |

#### **Cameroon**

123

21.2 118

n/a n/a

| Output rank  |  | Income                                 | Region                |                            |          | GDP, PPP\$ (bn)                                      | GDP per capita, PPP\$                            | GII 2               | 020 ranl                |
|--|--|--|-----------------------|----------------------------|----------|--|--|---------------------|-------------------------|
| 117  | 124                                      | Lower middle                           | SSF                   | 2                          | 6.5      | 97.0   | 3,710  |                     | 119                     |
|  |  |  | Score/                |                            |          |  |  | Score               |                         |
| îî Institu   | tions                                    |  | Value 49.9            |                            | <b>2</b> | Business sophist                                     | tication   | 20.4                | Rank                    |
|  |  |  |                       |                            |          |  | iloution   |                     |                         |
|  | I environment<br>and operations          |  | <b>40.2</b> 55.4      |                            |          | <b>Knowledge workers</b><br>Knowledge-intensive e    | employment, %                                    |                     | <b>7 [88]</b><br>9 108  |
| 1.1.2 Governm  | nent effectiven                          | ess*                                   | 32.6                  | 119                        | 5.1.2 I  | Firms offering formal t                              | raining, %                                       | Ø 37.6              |                         |
| -  | ory environm<br>ory quality*             | ent                                    | <b>48.0</b> 21.9      |                            |          | GERD performed by b<br>GERD financed by bus          |  | n/a<br>n/a          |                         |
| 1.2.2 Rule of la                                       |  |  | 17.2                  | 127 ○ ◊                    | 5.1.5 I  | Females employed w/a                                 | advanced degrees, %                              | ② 2.0               |                         |
| 1.2.3 Cost of r  | -  |  | 19.9                  | 84                         |          | <b>Innovation linkages</b><br>University-industry R& | D collaboration <sup>†</sup>                     | <b>18.6</b><br>40.0 |                         |
|  | ss environmer<br>starting a busir        |  | <b>61.4</b> 86.3      | <b>103</b><br>80           |          | State of cluster develo                              |  | 42.0                |                         |
| 1.3.2 Ease of r  | •  |  |                       | 110                        |          | GERD financed by abr                                 |  | n/a                 |                         |
|  |  |  |                       |                            |          | Patent families/bn PPF                               | alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>P\$ GDP           | ② 0.0<br>0.0        |                         |
| <b>Human</b>   | n capital an                             | id research                            | 18.2                  | 105                        | 5.3 I    | Knowledge absorpti                                   | on   | 18.8                | 3 99                    |
| 2.1 Education  |  |  | 35.7                  |                            |          | Intellectual property pa<br>High-tech imports, %     | ayments, % total trade                           | 0.0<br>② 5.7        |                         |
| •  | ture on educat                           | ion, % GDP<br>ıpil, secondary, % GDP/c | 3.1<br>cap ② 17.8     | 93<br>60 ●                 |          | ICT services imports, '                              |  | 1.6                 |                         |
|  | ife expectancy                           |  | ② 12.1                | 91                         |          | FDI net inflows, % GD                                |  | 2.3                 |                         |
|  | ales in reading,<br>acher ratio, sec     | maths and science                      | n/a<br>② 19.3         | n/a<br>94                  | 5.3.5 1  | Research talent, % in                                | Dusinesses                                       | n/a                 | a n/a                   |
|  | education                                | oridal y                               | 19.0                  | 96                         | مهمو     | Knowledge and  | technology outputs                               | 12.9                | 98                      |
| 2.2.1 Tertiary   | enrolment, % (                           | ,                                      | 14.3                  | 104                        | _        | Knowledge creation                                   | 0, 1   | 7.2                 | 2 95                    |
|  | es in science a<br>inbound mobili        | nd engineering, %                      | ② 21.3<br>2.8         | 66<br>69                   |          | Patents by origin/bn P                               | PP\$ GDP   | 0.3                 |                         |
| •  | ch and develo                            | •                                      |                       | [123]                      |          | PCT patents by origin/                               |  | 0.0                 |                         |
| .3.1 Researc   | hers, FTE/mn                             | pop.                                   |                       | n/a                        |          | Utility models by origir<br>Scientific and technica  | al articles/bn PPP\$ GDP                         | 0.0<br>14.3         |                         |
|  | orporate R&D                             | R&D, % GDP<br>investors, top 3, mn US  | n/a<br>\$ 0.0         | n/a<br>41 ⊖ ♦              |          | Citable documents H-                                 |  | 7.4                 |                         |
|  | ersity ranking,                          |  | 0.0                   | 74 0 ♦                     |          | Knowledge impact                                     | th 0/  | 26.                 |                         |
|  |  |  |                       |                            |          | Labor productivity gro<br>New businesses/th po       |  | 1.3<br>n/a          |                         |
| ద్ద <sup>భ</sup> Infrast                               | ructure                                  |  | 25.8                  | 115                        |          | Software spending, %                                 |  | 0.                  |                         |
|  |  | unication technologies (               |                       |                            |          | ISO 9001 quality certif<br>High-tech manufacturi     |  | 0.7<br>n/a          |                         |
| 3.1.1 ICT acce<br>3.1.2 ICT use*                       |  |  | 34.4<br>13.5          | 117<br>124 ○ ◊             |          | Knowledge diffusion                                  | =  | 5.5                 |                         |
|  | nent's online se                         | ervice*                                | 47.1                  | 110                        |          | Intellectual property re                             |  | 0.0                 |                         |
| 3.1.4 E-partici  | •  |  | 41.7                  | 111                        |          | Production and export<br>High-tech exports, %        |  | 6.8<br>② 0.2        | 3 119 ()<br>2 107       |
|  | l <b>infrastructur</b><br>ty output, GWh |  | <b>24.1</b><br>342.1  | <b>87</b><br>114           |          | ICT services exports,                                |  | 1.0                 |                         |
|  | s performance                            |  | 25.5                  | 91                         | Q L      |  |  |                     | 1010                    |
|  | apital formation                         |  | 27.2                  | 32 ●                       | Ø ,      | Creative outputs                                     |  | 9.6                 | <b>124</b>              |
| -  | <b>cal sustainab</b><br>t of energy use  | •                                      | <b>19.2</b><br>9.4    | <b>108</b><br>76           |          | Intangible assets                                    | DDD¢ ODD   |                     | 3 122                   |
| 3.3.2 Environn   | nental perform                           | ance*                                  | 33.6                  | 108                        |          | Trademarks by origin/l<br>Global brand value, to     |  | 6.3<br>0.0          |                         |
| 3.3.3 ISO 1400   | )1 environmenta                          | al certificates/bn PPP\$ G             | DP 0.2                | 118                        | 7.1.3 I  | Industrial designs by d                              | rigin/bn PPP\$ GDP                               | 0.4                 | 1 93                    |
| Marke  | t sophistica                             | ation                                  | 26.1                  | 129 0 ◊                    |          | ICTs and organizationa                               |  | 42.4                |                         |
|  | t oopmout                                | ation                                  |                       |                            |          | Creative goods and s<br>Cultural and creative se     | rvices exports, % total trade                    | 0.6                 | <b>3[103]</b><br>6 45 ● |
| <b>1.1 Credit</b><br>1.1.1 Ease of g                   | aettina credit*                          |  | <b>28.2</b> 60.0      | <b>112</b><br>74           |          | National feature films/                              |  | n/a                 |                         |
| 1.1.2 Domesti  | c credit to priv                         | ate sector, % GDP                      | ② 15.2                | 119                        |          | Entertainment and me<br>Printing and other med       | dia market/th pop. 15–69<br>dia, % manufacturing | n/a<br>n/a          |                         |
|  | ance gross loa                           | ns, % GDP                              | 0.7                   | 28 ●                       |          | Creative goods export                                |  | Ø 0.0               |                         |
| <ul> <li>.2 Investm</li> <li>.2.1 Ease of p</li> </ul> |  | ority investors*                       | <b>15.6</b>  <br>28.0 | [ <b>127]</b><br>124 () (> |          | Online creativity                                    | oine /TI De\/th === 45, 00                       |                     | 2 116                   |
|  | capitalization,                          | ,                                      |                       | n/a                        |          | Generic top-level dom<br>Country-code TLDs/th        | ains (TLDs)/th pop. 15–69                        |                     | 2 119                   |

NOTES: • indicates a strength;  $\bigcirc$  a weakness; • an income group strength;  $\bigcirc$  an income group weakness; \* an index; † a survey question.  $\odot$  indicates that the economy's data are older than the base year; see appendices for details, including the year of the data, at http://globalinnovationindex.org. Square brackets [] indicate that the data minimum coverage (DMC) requirements were not met at the sub-pillar or pillar level.

7.3.2 Country-code TLDs/th pop. 15-69

7.3.4 Mobile app creation/bn PPP\$ GDP

7.3.3 Wikipedia edits/mn pop. 15-69

n/a n/a

0.0 73

n/a n/a

97.0 86

**34.5 128** ○ ◊

15.5 131 ○ ◊

4.2.3 Venture capital investors, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP

4.2.4 Venture capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP

4.3 Trade, diversification, and market scale

4.3.1 Applied tariff rate, weighted avg., %

4.3.2 Domestic industry diversification

## Canada

16

| Output rank  | tput rank Input rank Income   |  | Region   | Population (r   | nn) GDP, PPP\$ (bn)   | GDP per capita, PPP\$  | GII 2020 rank  |                                       |  |
|--|---|--|--|---|---|--|--|---------------------------------------|--|
| 23   | 8   | High   | NAC  | 37.7  | 1,809.0   | 47,569   | 1  | 17                                    |  |
|  |   |  | Score/   | D. ali  |   |  | Score/   | David                                 |  |
| îî Institu   | utions  |  | Value <b>90.1</b>                                  | 5 <b>●</b>  | Business sophist  | tication   | Value <b>50.1</b>  | 20                                    |  |
| <ul><li>1.1.1 Political</li><li>1.1.2 Governi</li><li>1.2 Regula</li></ul>   | al environment I and operational s ment effectivenes tory environmen ory quality*               | ss*  | <b>87.4</b><br>83.9<br>89.1<br><b>93.4</b><br>88.4 | 8 ● 5.1.3<br>10 ● 5.1.4                                   | <ul><li>2 Firms offering formal to</li><li>3 GERD performed by both</li><li>4 GERD financed by bush</li></ul>   | raining, %<br>usiness, % GDP<br>siness, %  | 48.0<br>43.7<br>n/a<br>0.8<br>41.0                             | 27<br>21<br>n/a<br>30<br>42           |  |
| <b>1.3 Busine</b> 1.3.1 Ease of  | law* redundancy dism ss environment starting a busines resolving insolver                       | ss*  | 93.1<br>10.0<br><b>89.6</b><br>98.2<br>81.0        | 29 <b>5.2</b> 4 • 5.2. 3 • • 5.2. 12 5.2.                 | <ol> <li>University-industry R&amp;</li> <li>State of cluster develo</li> <li>GERD financed by abr</li> </ol>   | D collaboration†<br>pment and depth†<br>oad, % GDP<br>alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP                  | 19.0<br><b>56.1</b><br>67.9<br>62.5<br>0.2<br>0.4<br>2.0       | 33<br>9 •<br>10<br>22<br>30<br>1 • •  |  |
| 2.1 Educat 2.1.1 Expend 2.1.2 Governr 2.1.3 School 2.1.4 PISA sc   | iture on education<br>ment funding/pupi<br>life expectancy, ye                                  | n, % GDP<br>I, secondary, % GDP/c<br>ears<br>naths and science | 52.4 58.9 5.3 ap ② 18.3 16.2 516.7 ③ 9.9           | 18<br>33<br>5.3<br>29<br>5.3<br>58 0<br>5.3<br>5.3<br>5.3 | Knowledge absorption Intellectual property p. High-tech imports, % ICT services imports, FDI net inflows, % GD Research talent, % in  | on<br>ayments, % total trade<br>total trade<br>% total trade<br>P                                  | 46.1<br>2.1<br>10.6<br>1.0<br>2.2                              | 19<br>13<br>27<br>72 0<br>74 0<br>18  |  |
| <ul><li>2.2 Tertiary</li><li>2.2.1 Tertiary</li><li>2.2.2 Gradua</li><li>2.2.3 Tertiary</li><li>2.3 Resear</li></ul> | y education enrolment, % grotes in science and inbound mobility, ch and developments, FTE/mn po | oss<br>d engineering, %<br>, %<br>ment (R&D)                   | <b>42.1</b> 70.1 22.4 13.8 <b>56.2</b> Ø4,325.6    | 35<br>34<br>56<br>6.1<br>14<br>6.1.:<br>18<br>6.1.:       | Knowledge creation Patents by origin/bn P PCT patents by origin/ Utility models by origin   | 'bn PPP\$ GDP<br>n/bn PPP\$ GDP  | 38.3<br>48.7<br>2.2<br>1.4<br>n/a                              | 23<br>16<br>32<br>23<br>n/a           |  |
| 2.3.2 Gross e<br>2.3.3 Global o<br>2.3.4 QS univ   | xpenditure on R&  | D, % GDP<br>vestors, top 3, mn US\$                            | 1.5  | 23 6.1.9<br>21 6.2 6.2.<br>6.2.                           | <ul> <li>Citable documents H-</li> <li>Knowledge impact</li> <li>Labor productivity gro</li> <li>New businesses/th po</li> </ul>  | wth, %<br>p. 15–64   | 39.6<br>79.8<br><b>37.8</b><br>0.2<br>0.2                      | 20<br>4 •<br><b>32</b><br>61<br>113 ○ |  |
| 3.1 Informa 3.1.1 ICT acc 3.1.2 ICT use 3.1.3 Governi 3.1.4 E-partic 3.2 Genera                                      | ition and commun<br>ess*<br>*<br>ment's online serv   |  |  | 21 6.2.<br>31 6.2.<br>31 6.3.<br>16 6.3.                  | 3 Software spending, % 4 ISO 9001 quality certif 5 High-tech manufacturi  Knowledge diffusion 1 Intellectual property re 2 Production and export 3 High-tech exports, % 4 ICT services exports, | icates/bn PPP\$ GDP ing, % ceipts, % total trade complexity total trade                            | 0.6<br>2.4<br>37.6<br><b>28.3</b><br>0.9<br>58.8<br>6.6<br>1.6 | 5 • 82 · 31 41 21 39 28 67 ·          |  |
| •  | s performance*<br>apital formation, '   | % GDP  | 78.0<br>21.4                                       | 20<br>75 O  | Creative outputs  |  | 41.9   | 19                                    |  |
| 3.3.1 GDP/un<br>3.3.2 Environ  | ical sustainabilit<br>it of energy use<br>mental performar<br>01 environmental o                |  | <b>28.1</b><br>5.7<br>71.0<br>DP 0.4               | 66  | 2 Global brand value, to Industrial designs by c  | p 5,000, % GDP<br>origin/bn PPP\$ GDP  | <b>46.3</b><br>47.8<br>138.2<br>0.4<br>77.0                    | <b>24</b><br>46<br>13<br>92 O         |  |
| <b>4.1 Credit</b><br>4.1.1 Ease of<br>4.1.2 Domest   | et sophisticat getting credit* cic credit to private nance gross loans                          | e sector, % GDP  | 84.7<br>85.0<br>85.0<br>n/a<br>n/a                 | 14 ◆ 7.2.5<br>n/a 7.2.6                                   | 2 National feature films/   | rvices exports, % total trade<br>nn pop. 15–69<br>dia market/th pop. 15–69<br>dia, % manufacturing | 24.1<br>1.0<br>3.4<br>59.1<br>1.4<br>1.0                       | 40<br>29<br>54<br>9<br>32<br>45       |  |
| 4.2.2 Market   | protecting minori capitalization, %   | ,  | 81.9<br>84.0<br>② 128.9<br>0.4<br>0.3              | 3 ◆ ◆ 7.3<br>7 ◆ 7.3.<br>7 7.3.                           | Online creativity Generic top-level dom Country-code TLDs/th Wikipedia edits/mn po  | ains (TLDs)/th pop. 15–69<br>n pop. 15–69  | <b>50.8</b> 78.6 33.2 73.2                                     | 20<br>6 ●<br>21<br>29<br>36           |  |

Chile GII 2021 rank
53

| Output rank | Input rank | Income | Region | Population (mn) | GDP, PPP\$ (bn) | GDP per capita, PPP\$ | GII 2020 rank |
|-------------|------------|--------|--------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------------|---------------|
| 61          | 44         | High   | LCN    | 19.1            | 456.4           | 23,455                | 54            |

|                              |   | Score/<br>Value                              | Rank                                |  |   | Score/<br>Value                            | Rank                             |
|------------------------------|---|--|-------------------------------------|--|---|--|----------------------------------|
| 血                            | Institutions  | 72.7   | 40                                  | 2  | Business sophistication   | 30.6                                       | 48                               |
| <b>1.1</b><br>1.1.1<br>1.1.2 | Political environment Political and operational stability* Government effectiveness*  | <b>73.9</b><br>73.2<br>74.2                  | <b>35</b><br>44<br>29               |  | Knowledge workers Knowledge-intensive employment, % Firms offering formal training, %   | <b>39.5</b><br>31.9<br>57.5                | <b>43</b><br>44<br>10 • ◆        |
| 1.2.2                        | Regulatory environment Regulatory quality* Rule of law* Cost of redundancy dismissal  | 68.4<br>75.5<br>75.0<br>27.4                 | <b>55</b> ♦ 25 ● 26 110 ○ ♦         | 5.1.4<br>5.1.5<br><b>5.2</b>   | GERD performed by business, % GDP GERD financed by business, % Females employed w/advanced degrees, % Innovation linkages   | 0.1<br>29.9<br>11.9<br><b>17.4</b>         | 60                               |
|                              | Business environment Ease of starting a business* Ease of resolving insolvency*   | <b>75.7</b><br>91.4<br>60.1                  | <b>46</b><br>50<br>48               | 5.2.2<br>5.2.3<br>5.2.4  | University-industry R&D collaboration <sup>†</sup> State of cluster development and depth <sup>†</sup> GERD financed by abroad, % GDP Joint venture/strategic alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP Patent families/bn PPP\$ GDP      | 39.7<br>44.8<br>0.0<br>0.0<br>0.2          | 77                               |
| 22                           | Human capital and research  | 35.2   | 51                                  | 5.3  | Knowledge absorption  | 34.8                                       | 43                               |
| 2.1.3<br>2.1.4               | Education Expenditure on education, % GDP Government funding/pupil, secondary, % GDP/cap School life expectancy, years PISA scales in reading, maths and science Pupil-teacher ratio, secondary | 53.5<br>5.4<br>18.7<br>16.6<br>437.8<br>18.0 | <b>55</b> 22 ● 57 22 ● 46 ◇ 87 ○ ◇  | 5.3.2<br>5.3.3<br>5.3.4  | Intellectual property payments, % total trade High-tech imports, % total trade ICT services imports, % total trade FDI net inflows, % GDP Research talent, % in businesses  | 2.2<br>8.5<br>0.7<br>3.0<br>27.5           | 12 ●<br>56<br>88 ◇<br>51<br>44   |
| <b>2.2</b> 2.2.1             | Tertiary education Tertiary enrolment, % gross  | <b>38.8</b> 90.9                             | <b>44</b><br>8 ●                    | e de la constante de la consta | Knowledge and technology outputs  | 22.3                                       | 58                               |
| 2.2.2<br>2.2.3               | Graduates in science and engineering, % Tertiary inbound mobility, %  | 20.9<br>0.5                                  | 67<br>100 🔾 🔷                       | <b>6.1</b> 6.1.1 6.1.2   | Knowledge creation Patents by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP PCT patents by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP  | <b>17.4</b> 0.9 0.6                        | <b>58</b><br>67<br>33            |
| 2.3.2<br>2.3.3               | Research and development (R&D) Researchers, FTE/mn pop. Gross expenditure on R&D, % GDP Global corporate R&D investors, top 3, mn US\$  | 0.3<br>0.0                                   | 51                                  | 6.1.4  | Utility models by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP Scientific and technical articles/bn PPP\$ GDP Citable documents H-index Knowledge impact   | 0.2<br>23.6<br>24.3<br><b>39.9</b>         | 45<br>39<br>37<br><b>24</b> ●    |
| 2.3.4                        | QS university ranking, top 3*   | 41.0   | 30                                  | 6.2.1  | Labor productivity growth, %  | 1.4  | 34 ♦                             |
| <b>₽</b> ‡                   | Infrastructure  | 47.4   | <b>47</b> ♦                         |  | New businesses/th pop. 15–64<br>Software spending, % GDP  | 10.3<br>0.5                                | 12 <b>●</b><br>7 <b>●</b>        |
|                              | Information and communication technologies (ICTs) ICT access*   | <b>78.3</b> 72.3                             | <b>37</b><br>56 ◊                   |  | ISO 9001 quality certificates/bn PPP\$ GDP High-tech manufacturing, %  Knowledge diffusion  | 6.8<br>23.9<br><b>9.6</b>                  | 40<br>54<br><b>96</b> ○ ◊        |
| 3.1.3<br>3.1.4               | ICT use* Government's online service* E-participation*  | 70.0<br>85.3<br>85.7                         | 46<br>24<br>29                      | 6.3.1<br>6.3.2   | Intellectual property receipts, % total trade Production and export complexity High-tech exports, % total trade   | 0.1<br>39.7<br>0.8                         | 67<br>71 ♦<br>76                 |
| <b>3.2</b><br>3.2.1          | General infrastructure Electricity output, GWh/mn pop.  | <b>31.9</b> 4,385.3                          | <b>53</b><br>51                     |  | ICT services exports, % total trade   | 0.6  | 100 🔾                            |
|                              | Logistics performance* Gross capital formation, % GDP   | 59.0<br>22.1                                 | 33<br>64                            | €,   | Creative outputs  | 25.3                                       | 60 ¢                             |
| 3.3.2                        | Ecological sustainability GDP/unit of energy use Environmental performance* ISO 14001 environmental certificates/bn PPP\$ GDP   | <b>31.9</b><br>10.9<br>55.3<br>2.0           | <b>52</b><br>60<br>42<br>43         | 7.1.2<br>7.1.3   | Intangible assets Trademarks by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP Global brand value, top 5,000, % GDP Industrial designs by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP ICTs and organizational model creation <sup>†</sup>                                      | <b>36.5</b><br>68.7<br>39.1<br>0.1<br>57.8 | 47<br>25<br>40<br>108 ○<br>54    |
| iii                          | Market sophistication   | 46.4   | 66                                  | 7.2  | Creative goods and services   | 8.1  | 89 ♦                             |
| 4.1.2<br>4.1.3               | Credit Ease of getting credit* Domestic credit to private sector, % GDP Microfinance gross loans, % GDP   | <b>45.1</b> 55.0 122.5 0.8                   | <b>48</b><br>88 ⊖<br>16 ●<br>26 ◆   | 7.2.3<br>7.2.4   | Cultural and creative services exports, % total trade ① National feature films/mn pop. 15–69 Entertainment and media market/th pop. 15–69 Printing and other media, % manufacturing ② Creative goods exports, % total trade | 0.3<br>3.7<br>13.8<br>0.7<br>0.1           | 63<br>51<br>32 ◇<br>78 ○<br>92 ○ |
| 4.2.2<br>4.2.3               | Investment Ease of protecting minority investors* Market capitalization, % GDP Venture capital investors, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP Venture capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP                     | 25.9<br>66.0<br>87.5<br>0.0<br>0.0           | <b>82</b><br>50<br>16<br>61<br>67 ○ | 7.3.2<br>7.3.3   | Online creativity Generic top-level domains (TLDs)/th pop. 15–69 Country-code TLDs/th pop. 15–69 Wikipedia edits/mn pop. 15–69 Mobile app creation/bn PPP\$ GDP   | 20.2<br>2.1<br>14.7<br>60.4<br>2.3         | 57                               |
|                              | Trade, diversification, and market scale Applied tariff rate, weighted avg., % Domestic industry diversification  | <b>68.3</b><br>0.4<br>61.4                   | <b>68</b><br>4 ●<br>103 ○ ◇         |  |   |  |                                  |

NOTES: • indicates a strength;  $\bigcirc$  a weakness; • an income group strength;  $\bigcirc$  an income group weakness; \* an index; † a survey question.  $\odot$  indicates that the economy's data are older than the base year; see appendices for details, including the year of the data, at http://globalinnovationindex.org. Square brackets [] indicate that the data minimum coverage (DMC) requirements were not met at the sub-pillar or pillar level.

456.4 43

China GII 2021 rank

| Outpu  | tput rank Input rank Income   |   | Region  | Populat   | tion (mn)  | GDP, PPP\$ (bn)  | GDP per capita, PPP\$   | GII 20   | 20 rank   |                                 |
|--|---|---|---|---|--|--|---|--|---|---------------------------------|
| •  | 7   | 25  | Upper middle  | SEAO  | 1,4  | 39.3   | 24,162.4  | 17,206   | •   | 14                              |
|  |   |   |   | Score/<br>Value   | Rank   |  |   |  | Score/<br>Value   | Rank                            |
| <u></u>  | Institu   | tions   |   | 64.4  | 61   | <b>≟</b> E   | Business sophist  | tication   | 54.3  | 13 ◆                            |
| 1.1<br>1.1.1<br>1.1.2<br>1.2<br>1.2.1<br>1.2.2<br>1.2.3<br>1.3.1<br>1.3.2<br>2.1<br>2.1.1<br>2.1.2 | Regulatory environment Regulatory quality* Rule of law* Cost of redundancy dismissal Business environment Ease of starting a business* Ease of resolving insolvency*  Human capital and research  Education Expenditure on education, % GDP Government funding/pupil, secondary, % GDP/ca School life expectancy, years PISA scales in reading, maths and science |   | 65.3 71.4 62.2 49.9 37.1 39.5 27.4 78.1 94.1 62.1 50.6 66.7 n/a 0 n/a   | 91<br>77<br>110 ○<br><b>39</b><br>25<br>46<br><b>21</b> •             | 5.1 K<br>5.1.2 F<br>5.1.3 G<br>5.1.4 G<br>5.1.5 F<br>5.2 II<br>5.2.1 U<br>5.2.2 S<br>5.2.3 G<br>5.2.4 J<br>5.2.5 F<br>5.3.1 II<br>5.3.3 II<br>5.3.3 II<br>5.3.3 II | Knowledge workers Knowledge-intensive of Firms offering formal to GERD performed by buse the semales employed w/a nnovation linkages University-industry R& State of cluster develoge and the semales employed by abroloint venture/strategic of Patent families/bn PPF Knowledge absorption tellectual property particular property p | employment, % raining, % usiness, % GDP siness, % advanced degrees, %  D collaboration† pment and depth† oad, % GDP alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP S GDP on ayments, % total trade total trade % total trade | 1.7<br>76.3<br>n/a<br><b>31.3</b><br>70.5<br>73.1<br>0.0<br>0.0<br>1.4<br><b>53.9</b><br>1.3<br>22.8<br>1.0    | [2] n/a 1 • • • 12 • • 4 • n/a 32 • • 63 • • 94 • 63 26 • 9 • 29 5 73 101 • |                                 |
| 2.1.5<br>2.2<br>2.2.1<br>2.2.2   | Pupil-tea <b>Tertiary</b> Tertiary Graduat  | acher ratio, sec<br>education<br>enrolment, % g<br>es in science a  | ondary<br>gross<br>nd engineering, %  | 579.0<br>13.3<br><b>25.2</b><br>53.8<br>n/a                           |  | 6.1 K  | Research talent, % in I  Knowledge and  Knowledge creation  Patents by origin/bn Pi   | technology outputs   | 57.7<br>58.5<br>70.5<br>53.2  | 15 • 4 • • 1 • • •              |
| 2.3.1<br>2.3.2<br>2.3.3  | Researc<br>Researc<br>Gross ex<br>Global c  | inbound mobili<br>ch and develo<br>hers, FTE/mn p<br>kpenditure on F<br>orporate R&D i<br>ersity ranking, t | pment (R&D)<br>pop.<br>R&D, % GDP<br>nvestors, top 3, mn US\$   | 0.4<br><b>59.8</b><br>1,471.3<br>2.2<br>92.5<br>84.2                  | 101 \( \cdot \) 14 \( \shape \) 45 \( 13 \cdot \) 3 \( \shape \) 3 \( \shape \)  | 6.1.2 F<br>6.1.3 U<br>6.1.4 S<br>6.1.5 C<br><b>6.2 K</b><br>6.2.1 L  | PCT patents by origin/<br>Jtility models by origin/<br>Scientific and technica<br>Citable documents H-i<br>Knowledge impact<br>Labor productivity gro   | bn PPP\$ GDP   | 2.8<br>96.6<br>21.3<br>58.6<br><b>52.2</b><br>5.2                           | 13                              |
| $\Phi^{\Phi}$  | Infrast   | ructure   |   | 54.6  | 24 ◆   | 6.2.3 S  | New businesses/th po<br>Software spending, %<br>SO 9001 quality certif  | GDP  | n/a<br>0.3<br>12.0  | n/a<br>39<br>24                 |
| 3.1.1<br>3.1.2<br>3.1.3<br>3.1.4<br><b>3.2</b>   | ICT acce<br>ICT use*<br>Governn<br>E-partici<br><b>General</b>  | ess*<br>nent's online se  | e   | <b>Ts) 79.4</b> 63.0 67.7 90.6 96.4 <b>54.4</b> 5,332.3               | 34   | 6.2.5 H<br>6.3 K<br>6.3.1 II<br>6.3.2 F<br>6.3.3 H   | digh-tech manufacturi<br>Knowledge diffusion<br>ntellectual property re<br>Production and export<br>digh-tech exports, %<br>CT services exports, §  | ng, %<br>ceipts, % total trade<br>complexity<br>total trade  | 48.5<br><b>52.9</b><br>0.2<br>74.9<br>27.8<br>2.1                           | 14 • 9 • 36 • 18 • 1 • • 53     |
|  | -   | s performance'<br>apital formatior  |   | 72.3<br>43.9  | 26 ♦ 4 ● ♦   | <b>&amp;</b> ,' (  | Creative outputs  |  | 46.5  | 14 •                            |
| 3.3.1<br>3.3.2   | GDP/uni<br>Environn   | cal sustainabi<br>t of energy use<br>nental perform<br>of environmenta                                      |   | 29.9<br>7.5<br>37.3<br>5.8  | <b>59</b><br>97 ○<br>98 ○ ◇<br>17  | 7.1.1 T<br>7.1.2 G<br>7.1.3 In   | ntangible assets<br>Trademarks by origin/b<br>Global brand value, top<br>ndustrial designs by o<br>CTs and organizationa  | o 5,000, % GDP<br>rigin/bn PPP\$ GDP   | <b>70.9</b><br>324.1<br>118.0<br>29.6<br>59.7                               | 2 • •<br>1 • •<br>16 •<br>1 • • |
| <b>4.1</b><br>4.1.1<br>4.1.2   | Credit<br>Ease of g<br>Domesti  | t sophistica<br>getting credit*<br>c credit to priva<br>ance gross loa                                      | ate sector, % GDP   | <b>51.7</b> 60.0 164.7 0.0  | 16 ◆ 26 ◆ 74 5 ◆ 74 ○  | 7.2 C<br>7.2.1 C<br>7.2.2 N<br>7.2.3 E<br>7.2.4 F  | Creative goods and so<br>Cultural and creative se<br>National feature films/r   | services<br>rvices exports, % total trade<br>nn pop. 15–69<br>dia market/th pop. 15–69<br>dia, % manufacturing | 40.0<br>0.5<br>0.8<br>10.4<br>0.7<br>11.2                                   | 11                              |
| 4.2.1<br>4.2.2<br>4.2.3<br>4.2.4<br>4.3<br>4.3.1<br>4.3.2  | Market of<br>Venture<br>Venture<br>Trade, d<br>Applied<br>Domesti   | orotecting mino<br>capitalization, 9<br>capital investor<br>capital recipier                                | % GDP rs, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP rts, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP rts, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP red, and market scale hted avg., % rsification | 35.9<br>72.0<br>58.6<br>0.1<br>0.1<br>96.9<br>2.5<br>99.4<br>24,162.4 | 44<br>27<br>28<br>29<br>17   | 7.3 C<br>7.3.1 C<br>7.3.2 C<br>7.3.3 V   | Online creativity   | ains (TLDs)/th pop. 15–69<br>pop. 15–69<br>p. 15–69  | 4.3[<br>2.2<br>6.3<br>n/a<br>n/a  |                                 |

## Colombia

| Output ra           | out rank Input rank Income | Region                                | Popu  | ulation (mn         | ) GDP, PPP\$ (bn) | GDP per capita, PPP\$ | GII 20  | 20 rank                                    |                     |                   |
|---------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|---------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|---|--|---------------------|-------------------|
| 75                  |                            | 58                                    | Upper middle                                    | LCN                 |                   | 50.9                  | 719.3   | 14,137                                     |                     | 68                |
|                     |                            |                                       |   | Score/              | Dank              |                       |   |  | Score/              | Dank              |
| îii Ins             | tituti                     | ons                                   |   | Value <b>66.2</b>   | 56                | <b>2</b>              | Business sophist                                      | tication                                   | Value <b>29.4</b>   | 50                |
| 1.1 Poli            | itical e                   | nvironment                            |   | 55.7                | 72                | 5.1                   | Knowledge workers                                     |  | 44.4                | 36                |
|                     |                            | d operationa                          | •   | 62.5                | 89 O              | 5.1.1                 | Knowledge-intensive                                   |  | n/a                 | n/a               |
|                     |                            | nt effectivene<br><b>y environm</b> e |   | 52.2<br><b>63.8</b> | 67<br><b>70</b>   |                       | Firms offering formal t<br>GERD performed by b        | •  | 63.0                | 7 ● ·<br>61       |
| -                   | -                          | quality*                              | ant.  | 53.9                | 53                | 5.1.4                 | GERD financed by bus                                  | siness, %                                  | 43.0                | 37                |
| 1.2.2 Rule          |                            |                                       | mianal  | 35.7                | 86<br>65          |                       | Females employed w/                                   | advanced degrees, %                        | 14.4<br><b>16.8</b> | 52<br><b>98</b> ○ |
|                     |                            | lundancy dis<br>environmen            |   | 16.7<br><b>79.2</b> | 36                |                       | Innovation linkages<br>University-industry R8         | D collaboration†                           | 45.2                | 53                |
|                     |                            | rting a busin                         |   | 87.0                | 74                | 5.2.2                 | State of cluster develo                               | pment and depth <sup>†</sup>               | 45.0                | 77                |
| 1.3.2 Eas           | se of res                  | solving insolv                        | ency*   | 71.4                | 30                |                       | GERD financed by abr<br>Joint venture/strategic       | oad, % GDP<br>alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP  | 0.0                 | 69<br>84          |
| <b>△</b> 0.11       |                            |                                       | d on a comple                                   | 00.4                | 70                |                       | Patent families/bn PPF                                |  | 0.1                 | 61                |
| Hu                  | ıman (                     | capitai an                            | d research                                      | 28.4                | 78                |                       | Knowledge absorpti                                    |  | 27.0                | 64                |
|                     | ucation                    |                                       | 0/ 000  | 42.4                | 87                |                       | Intellectual property p<br>High-tech imports, %       | ayments, % total trade                     | 0.8<br>13.9         | 55<br>15 ●        |
|                     |                            | e on educati<br>at funding/pui        | on, % GDP<br>oil, secondary, % GDP/ca           | 4.5<br>p 19.1       | 58<br>56          |                       | ICT services imports,                                 |  | 1.4                 | 54                |
| 2.1.3 Sch           | nool life                  | expectancy,                           | years   | 14.5                | 62                | F 0 F                 | FDI net inflows, % GD                                 |  | 4.1<br>2.4          | 27 ●              |
|                     |                            | s in reading,<br>ner ratio, sec       | maths and science                               | 405.5<br>26.1       | 62 O              |                       | Research talent, % in                                 | businesses                                 | 2.4                 | 75 ○ ﴿            |
|                     |                            | ducation                              | oridal y  | 32.7                | 67                |                       | Knowledge and   | technology outputs                         | 19.2                | 72                |
|                     | •                          | rolment, % g                          | ross  | 55.0                | 55                |                       |   | 0,7  | 0.6                 | 00                |
|                     |                            | in science ar<br>ound mobilit         | nd engineering, %                               | 24.6                | 41<br>106 〇       | 611                   | Knowledge creation<br>Patents by origin/bn P          | PP\$ GDP                                   | <b>9.6</b> 0.5      | <b>80</b><br>78   |
|                     | •                          |                                       | oment (R&D)                                     | 10.2                | 59                | 6.1.2                 | PCT patents by origin/                                | bn PPP\$ GDP                               | 0.2                 | 53                |
|                     |                            | rs, FTE/mn p                          |   | Ø 88.0              | 91 🔾              | ^                     | Utility models by origing<br>Scientific and technical | n/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>al articles/bn PPP\$ GDP | 0.2<br>9.8          | 49<br>87          |
|                     |                            | enditure on R                         |   | 0.3                 | 82                | 6.1.5                 | Citable documents H-                                  |  | 17.8                | 45                |
|                     |                            | porate R&D II<br>sity ranking, t      | nvestors, top 3, mn US\$                        | 0.0<br>34.4         | 41 O<br>35        | 6.2                   | Knowledge impact                                      |  | 35.5                | 39                |
|                     |                            | , ,                                   |   |                     |                   |                       | Labor productivity gro<br>New businesses/th po        |  | 3.6<br>2.0          | 13 ● •<br>55      |
| ∯ <sup>‡</sup> Infi | rastrı                     | ıcture                                |   | 44.9                | 57                |                       | Software spending, %                                  | •  | 0.2                 | 70                |
| 3.1 Info            | rmatio                     | n and commu                           | ınication technologies (IC                      | Ts) 68.3            | 61                |                       | ISO 9001 quality certif                               |  | 13.5                | 21 •              |
| 3.1.1 ICT           | access                     |                                       |   | 60.9                | 74                |                       | High-tech manufactur                                  | <b>o</b> .                                 | 20.0<br><b>12.4</b> | 63<br><b>82</b>   |
| 3.1.2 ICT           |                            | nt's online se                        | ruioo*  | 48.9<br>76.5        | 82<br>49          |                       | Knowledge diffusion<br>Intellectual property re       |  | 0.2                 | <b>4</b> 5        |
|                     | articipa                   |                                       | ivice   | 86.9                | 27                | 6.3.2                 | Production and export                                 | t complexity                               | 46.2                | 56                |
| 3.2 Ger             | neral ir                   | frastructure                          | •   | 23.0                | 93                |                       | High-tech exports, % ICT services exports,            |  | 1.3<br>0.7          | 69<br>90          |
|                     |                            | output, GWh                           | /mn pop.  | 1,610.6             | 89<br>57          | 0.0                   | .o. comoco expense,                                   | , o total trade                            | 0                   |                   |
| -                   |                            | erformance*<br>ital formation         | , % GDP   | 41.5<br>19.7        | 90                | €,                    | Creative outputs                                      |  | 19.8                | 82                |
| 3.3 Ecc             | ologica                    | l sustainabi                          | lity  | 43.4                | 27 ●              | <b>♦</b> 7.1          | Intangible assets                                     |  | 27.1                | 78                |
|                     |                            | f energy use                          | 2noo*   | 18.2                | 11 <b>●</b><br>48 | ◆ 7.1.1               | Trademarks by origin/l                                |  | 36.8                | 64                |
|                     |                            | ntal performa<br>environmenta         | ince<br>I certificates/bn PPP\$ GDI             | 52.9<br>P 4.0       | 40<br>23 ●        |                       | Global brand value, to<br>Industrial designs by c     | •  | 30.2<br>0.4         | 43<br>89 ○        |
|                     |                            |                                       |   |                     |                   |                       | ICTs and organization                                 | •  | 54.5                | 62                |
| <b>iii</b> Ma       | arket                      | sophistica                            | tion  | 50.8                | 42                |                       | Creative goods and                                    |  | 7.7                 | 90                |
| 4.1 Cre             | dit                        |                                       |   | 50.4                | 32                | <b>A</b>              | Cultural and creative se<br>National feature films/   | rvices exports, % total trade              | 0.2<br>1.4          | 70<br>76          |
| 4.1.1 Eas           | e of ge                    | tting credit*                         |   | 90.0                | 10 ●              | 1.2.2                 |   | dia market/th pop. 15–69                   | 7.5                 | 42                |
|                     |                            | credit to priva<br>ce gross loar      | ite sector, % GDP                               | 51.5<br>1.8         | 66<br>15 ●        |                       | Printing and other med                                |  | 1.2                 | 35                |
|                     | estmer                     | _                                     | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,             | 24.1                | 90                |                       | Creative goods export<br><b>Online creativity</b>     | .s, 70 IOIAI (FAGE                         | 0.2                 | 74<br>66          |
| 4.2.1 Eas           | e of pro                   | tecting mind                          | erity investors*                                | 80.0                | 13 ●              |                       | •   | ains (TLDs)/th pop. 15-69                  | <b>17.2</b><br>2.8  | <b>66</b><br>66   |
|                     |                            | oitalization, %                       |   | 37.0                | 41<br>94 O        | 7.3.2                 | Country-code TLDs/th                                  | pop. 15–69                                 | 21.7                | 29                |
|                     |                            | •                                     | s, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>ts, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP | 0.0<br>0.0          | 84 O              |                       | Wikipedia edits/mn po<br>Mobile app creation/b        | •  | 43.1<br>2.0         | 80<br>70          |
|                     |                            |                                       | and market scale                                | 78.0                | 35                | 1.0.4                 | wonie app creation/b                                  | птт фарг                                   | 2.0                 | 10                |
| 4.3.1 App           | olied tai                  | riff rate, weigl                      | nted avg., %                                    | 2.9                 | 61                |                       |   |  |                     |                   |
| 432 Don             | mestic i                   | ndustry diver                         | reitication                                     | 88 0                | 60                |                       |   |  |                     |                   |

NOTES: • indicates a strength;  $\bigcirc$  a weakness; • an income group strength;  $\bigcirc$  an income group weakness; \* an index; † a survey question.  $\odot$  indicates that the economy's data are older than the base year; see appendices for details, including the year of the data, at http://globalinnovationindex.org. Square brackets [] indicate that the data minimum coverage (DMC) requirements were not met at the sub-pillar or pillar level.

88.0 60

4.3.2 Domestic industry diversification

#### **Costa Rica**

56

| Output rank Input rank Income        |  | Region                                  | Popu                  | ılation (mn)       | GDP, PPP\$ (bn) | GDP per capita, PPP\$                            | GII 20                                     | 20 rank            |                 |
|--------------------------------------|--|---|-----------------------|--------------------|-----------------|--|--|--------------------|-----------------|
| 49                                   | 66   | Upper middle                            | LCN                   | -                  | 5.1             | 99.0   | 19,309                                     | ŧ                  | 56              |
|                                      |  |   | Score/<br>Value       | Rank               |                 |  |  | Score/<br>Value    | Rank            |
| ii Institu                           | utions                                     |   | 63.1                  | 66                 | <b>≟</b> 1      | Business sophis                                  | tication                                   | 30.0               | 49              |
| 1.1 Politica                         | ıl environment                             | t                                       | 63.2                  | 51                 | 5.1 F           | Knowledge workers                                |  | 29.3               | 73              |
|                                      | and operationation and operationation      | •                                       | 69.6<br>60.1          | 60<br>48           |                 | Knowledge-intensive e<br>Firms offering formal t |  |                    | 56<br>12 ●      |
|                                      | tory environm                              |   | 68.8                  | <sup>40</sup>      |                 | GERD performed by b                              | •  |                    | 58              |
| •                                    | ory quality*                               | Cit                                     | 56.5                  |                    | ▼               | GERD financed by bus                             | ,  | 1.3                | 93 🔾            |
| 1.2.2 Rule of                        |  | amaia a al                              | 61.1                  | 42<br>77           | •               | · ·  | advanced degrees, %                        | 12.2               | 62              |
|                                      | redundancy dis<br>ss environmer            | ,                                       |                       |                    | 5 O 1 I         | nnovation linkages<br>Jniversity-industry R8     | <b>16.9</b> 42.3                           | <b>97</b><br>68    |                 |
|                                      | starting a busir                           |   | 79.9                  | 110 0              | 5.2.2           | State of cluster develo                          | pment and depth <sup>†</sup>               | 49.2               | 51              |
| 1.3.2 Ease of                        | resolving insolv                           | vency*                                  | 34.6                  | 114 🔾              | $\vee$          | GERD financed by abr                             | oad, % GDP<br>alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP  | 0.0                | 81<br>85        |
|                                      |  |   |                       |                    |                 | Patent families/bn PPF                           |  | 0.0                | 83              |
| Huma                                 | n capital an                               | nd research                             | 32.4                  | 61                 | 5.3 F           | Knowledge absorpti                               | on   | 43.7               | 22 ● <          |
| 2.1 Educat                           |  |   | 62.5                  | 18 ●               | <b>F</b> 200 I  |  | ayments, % total trade                     | 2.8                | 7 ● ·           |
|                                      | iture on educat                            | ion, % GDP<br>.pil, secondary, % GDP/ca | 7.0                   | 6 ●                | 5331            | High-tech imports, % CT services imports,        |  | 8.9<br>1.3         | 46<br>58        |
|                                      | life expectancy                            | 1 / 2/                                  | ap 24.1<br>16.5       | 19<br>24           | 5.3.4 F         | FDI net inflows, % GD                            | P  | 4.5                | 24              |
|                                      | •  | maths and science                       | 414.8                 | 59                 | 5.3.5 F         | Research talent, % in                            | businesses                                 | n/a                | n/a             |
| •                                    | acher ratio, sec                           | condary                                 | 13.3                  | 58                 | 1000 L          | Cnowledge and                                    | technology outputs                         | 22.9               | 56              |
| -                                    | y education<br>enrolment, % o              | aross                                   | <b>28.2</b> 57.7      | <b>80</b><br>52    |                 | Knowledge and                                    | technology outputs                         | 22.5               | 50              |
| ,                                    | ,  | and engineering, %                      | 15.1                  | 99 🔾               |                 | Knowledge creation                               |  | 6.1                | 100             |
| 2.2.3 Tertiary                       | inbound mobili                             | ity, %                                  | n/a                   | n/a                |                 | Patents by origin/bn P<br>PCT patents by origin/ |  | 0.2<br>0.1         | 101<br>63       |
|                                      | ch and develo                              |   | 6.6                   | <b>72</b>          |                 | Jtility models by origin                         |  | 0.0                | 63              |
|                                      | chers, FTE/mn  <br>expenditure on f        | •                                       | ② 345.0<br>② 0.4      | 74<br>72           |                 | Scientific and technica<br>Citable documents H-  | al articles/bn PPP\$ GDP                   | 9.0<br>10.8        | 92<br>71        |
| 2.3.3 Global of                      | corporate R&D                              | investors, top 3, mn US\$               | 0.0                   | 41 🔾               | $\Diamond$      | Snable documents H-<br>Knowledge impact          | index                                      | 27.4               | 73              |
| 2.3.4 QS univ                        | ersity ranking,                            | top 3*                                  | 15.1                  | 59                 |                 | _abor productivity gro                           | wth, %                                     | 1.6                | 32              |
| # <sup>‡</sup> Infras                | tructure                                   |   | 40.7                  | 71                 |                 | New businesses/th po                             | •  | 2.6                | 50              |
| ~                                    |  |   |                       |                    |                 | Software spending, %<br>SO 9001 quality certif   |  | 0.3<br>2.8         | 31<br>78        |
| <b>3.1 Informa</b><br>3.1.1 ICT acc  |  | unication technologies (I               | <b>CTs) 67.7</b> 69.4 | <b>64</b><br>63    |                 | High-tech manufactur                             |  | 13.3               | 83              |
| 3.1.2 ICT use                        |  |   | 67.8                  |                    | ▼               | Knowledge diffusion                              |  | 35.3               | 27              |
|                                      | ment's online se                           | ervice*                                 | 68.2                  | 72                 |                 | ntellectual property re<br>Production and export |  | 0.0<br>51.6        | 79<br>47        |
| 3.1.4 E-partio<br>3.2 <b>Gener</b> a |  |   | 65.5<br><b>18.2</b>   | 77<br><b>115</b> ○ | 6.3.3 H         | High-tech exports, %                             | total trade                                | 5.7                | 32              |
|                                      | <b>il infrastructur</b><br>ity output, GWh |   | 2,268.5               | 77                 | 6.3.4 I         | CT services exports,                             | % total trade                              | 6.6                | 7 ●             |
| 3.2.2 Logistic                       | s performance                              | *                                       | 34.6                  | 72                 | Q1              | Creative outputs                                 |  | 24.2               | 4E              |
|                                      | apital formation                           |   | 15.4                  | 114 (              | (A)             | oreative outputs                                 | •  | 31.3               | 45              |
| -                                    | <b>ical sustainab</b><br>iit of energy use | •                                       | <b>36.3</b> 17.2      | <b>43</b><br>14 ●  | <b>A</b>        | ntangible assets                                 | DDD¢ ODD                                   | 38.5               | 42              |
|                                      | mental perform                             |   | 52.5                  | 50                 | 7.1.1           | Frademarks by origin/<br>Global brand value, to  |  | 85.8<br>0.0        | 16 ●<br>80 ○    |
| 3.3.3 ISO 140                        | 01 environmenta                            | al certificates/bn PPP\$ GD             | OP 1.1                | 65                 |                 | ndustrial designs by o                           |  | 0.1                | 109 🔾           |
| المحالة أميم                         | t oonbistis                                | otion                                   | 40.0                  | 0.5                |                 | CTs and organization                             |  | 63.0               | 36              |
| Marke                                | et sophistica                              | ation                                   | 43.0                  | 85                 |                 | Creative goods and s<br>Cultural and creative se | services<br>ervices exports, % total trade | <b>31.3</b><br>5.1 | <b>22 ●</b> 1 ● |
| .1 Credit                            |  |   | 43.5                  | 54                 |                 | National feature films/                          |  | 3.6                | 52              |
|                                      | getting credit*                            | ate sector, % GDP                       | 85.0<br>58.8          | 14 <b>●</b><br>57  |                 |  | dia market/th pop. 15–69                   | n/a                | n/a             |
|                                      | ance gross loa                             |   | 0.1                   | 64                 |                 | Printing and other med<br>Creative goods export  |  | 0.1                | 13 ● ·<br>93    |
| 1.2 Investn                          |  |   | 17.0                  | 125 🔾              |                 | Online creativity                                |  | 17.0               | 67              |
|                                      | protecting mine                            |   | 48.0                  | 96                 | 7.3.1           | Generic top-level dom                            | ains (TLDs)/th pop. 15-69                  | 11.2               | 37              |
|                                      | capitalization, 9<br>capital investo       | % GDP<br>rs, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP         | 4.4<br>0.0            | 72 O               |                 | Country-code TLDs/th<br>Wikipedia edits/mn po    |  | 1.5<br>51.0        | 76<br>63        |
|                                      |  | nts, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP                 | n/a                   | n/a                |                 | Mobile app creation/b                            | •  | 4.1                | 60              |
| I.3 Trade,                           | diversification                            | , and market scale                      | 68.4                  | 67                 |                 |  |  |                    |                 |
| -                                    |  |   | 4.0                   | 00 -               |                 |  |  |                    |                 |
| 4.3.1 Applied                        | tariff rate, weig<br>ic industry dive      |   | 1.6<br>80.2           | 20 <b>●</b><br>77  |                 |  |  |                    |                 |

## Côte d'Ivoire

GII 2021 rank

114

| Output rank   | utput rank Input rank Income   |   | Region   | Popula   | ation (mn)  | GDP, PPP\$ (bn)  | GDP per capita, PPP\$   | GII 20  | 20 rank   |
|---|--|---|--|--|---|--|---|---|---|
| 121   | 107  | Lower middle  | SSF  | 2  | 26.4  | 144.5  | 5,360   | 1   | 12  |
|   |  |   | Score/<br>Value  |  |   |  |   | Score/<br>Value                                       |   |
| <u> </u>  | itions   |   | 60.6   | 79 ◆   |   | Business sophist   | tication  | 20.9  | 91  |
| <ul><li>1.1.1 Political</li><li>1.1.2 Governr</li><li>1.2 Regulat</li><li>1.2.1 Regulate</li></ul>  | I environment<br>and operationa<br>ment effectivend<br>tory environment<br>ory quality*  | ıl stability*<br>ess*   | <b>48.6</b> 66.1 39.9 <b>62.2</b> 37.1                     | 93<br>74<br>98<br><b>75</b><br>90                      | 5.1.1 k<br>5.1.2 F<br>5.1.3 (<br>5.1.4 (            | Knowledge workers Knowledge-intensive e Firms offering formal to GERD performed by bo GERD financed by bus Females employed w/a  | raining, % usiness, % GDP siness, %   | 35.5<br>n/a<br>n/a                                    | [98]<br>110<br>41 ●<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>111              |
| 1.3 Busines<br>1.3.1 Ease of  | aw<br>redundancy dis<br>ss environmen<br>starting a busir<br>resolving insolv            | t<br>ess*   | 31.8<br>13.1<br><b>70.8</b><br>93.7<br>47.9                | 99<br>46 ●<br><b>69</b> ●<br>27 ● ◆<br>77              | 5.2 I<br>5.2.1 U<br>5.2.2 S<br>5.2.3 C<br>5.2.4 J   | nnovation linkages University-industry R& State of cluster develo GERD financed by abr Joint venture/strategic   | D collaboration <sup>†</sup><br>pment and depth <sup>†</sup><br>oad, % GDP<br>alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP | 18.3<br>38.1<br>43.8<br>n/a<br>0.0                    | 81<br>89<br>81<br>n/a<br>123 ○                        |
| 2.1 Educati<br>2.1.1 Expendi<br>2.1.2 Governr<br>2.1.3 School I   | iture on educati<br>nent funding/pu<br>ife expectancy,                                   | on, % GDP<br>pil, secondary, % GDP/ca<br>years  | <b>26.7</b> 3.3  | 124 ○ ♦ 122 ○ ♦ 89 80 104 n/a                          | 5.3.1 H<br>5.3.2 H<br>5.3.3 H<br>5.3.4 F            | Patent families/bn PPF<br>Knowledge absorption tellectual property partightech imports, % CT services imports, CT services imports, GDI net inflows, % GDI Research talent, % in I | on<br>ayments, % total trade<br>total trade<br>% total trade<br>P   | 0.0<br><b>22.6</b><br>0.1<br>5.9<br>2.6<br>1.6<br>n/a | 100 ○ < 78 111 99 15 ● ◆ 92 n/a                       |
| <ul><li>2.1.5 Pupil-tea</li><li>2.2 Tertiary</li></ul>  | acher ratio, sec<br>reducation<br>enrolment, % o   | •   | 28.9<br><b>6.3</b><br>10.0                                 | 116 🔾 💠  |   | ·  | technology outputs  | 11.5  | 110   |
| <ul><li>2.2.2 Graduat</li><li>2.2.3 Tertiary</li><li>2.3 Researd</li><li>2.3.1 Researd</li><li>2.3.2 Gross e</li><li>2.3.3 Global o</li></ul> | es in science a<br>inbound mobili<br>ch and develo<br>thers, FTE/mn p<br>xpenditure on F | nd engineering, %<br>ty, %<br>oment (R&D)<br>oop.<br>8&D, % GDP<br>nvestors, top 3, mn US\$ | n/a<br>② 2.2<br><b>0.4</b>                                 | n/a<br>76<br>114<br>n/a<br>110 0 0<br>41 0 0<br>74 0 0 | 6.1.1 F<br>6.1.2 F<br>6.1.3 U<br>6.1.4 S<br>6.1.5 C | Knowledge creation Patents by origin/bn P PCT patents by origin/ Jtility models by origin Scientific and technica Citable documents H- Knowledge impact Labor productivity gro     | 'bn PPP\$ GDP<br>n/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>al articles/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>index                                      | 2.6<br>0.1<br>0.0<br>0.0<br>3.1<br>6.1<br>23.3<br>3.1 | 124 ○<br>109<br>98 ○<br>70<br>120<br>95<br>88<br>16 ● |
| <b>⇔</b> Infras   | tructure   |   | 28.0   | 109  | 6.2.2 N<br>6.2.3 S                                  | New businesses/th po<br>Software spending, %   | p. 15–64<br>GDP   | 0.7<br>0.0  | 89<br>119 🔾   |
| <ul><li>3.1.1 ICT according</li><li>3.1.2 ICT use</li><li>3.1.3 Governr</li><li>3.1.4 E-partic</li><li>3.2 Genera</li></ul>                   | ess*<br>*<br>ment's online se  | e   | CTs) 40.0<br>39.4<br>34.7<br>45.3<br>40.5<br>26.9<br>401.3 | 107  | 6.2.5 H<br>6.3 H<br>6.3.1 H<br>6.3.2 F<br>6.3.3 H   | SO 9001 quality certif-<br>digh-tech manufacturities. Anowledge diffusion<br>ntellectual property re-<br>production and export-<br>digh-tech exports, %<br>CT services exports, 9  | ing, % ceipts, % total trade complexity total trade   | 1.6<br>n/a<br><b>8.6</b><br>0.0<br>21.7<br>1.1        | 95<br>n/a<br><b>100</b><br>92<br>107<br>71 ●<br>74    |
| •   | s performance'<br>apital formatior   |   | 48.1<br>23.7   | 49 ● <b>◆</b> 55 ●                                     | <b>&amp;</b> ,' (                                   | Creative outputs   |   | 9.9   | 121   |
| 3.3.1 GDP/un<br>3.3.2 Environr  | cal sustainabi<br>it of energy use<br>mental perform<br>01 environmenta                  | •   | 9.6<br>25.8  | <b>114</b><br>72<br>129 ⊖ ♢<br>100                     | 7.1.1 T<br>7.1.2 C<br>7.1.3 H                       | ntangible assets<br>Frademarks by origin/t<br>Global brand value, to<br>ndustrial designs by o<br>CTs and organizationa  | p 5,000, % GDP<br>rigin/bn PPP\$ GDP  | 16.1<br>6.7<br>3.6<br>0.5<br>50.3                     | 116<br>117 ()<br>71<br>88<br>81                       |
| iii Marke   | t sophistica   | ntion   | 36.0   | 117  | 7.2   | Creative goods and s   | services  |   | [123]   |
| 4.1.2 Domest<br>4.1.3 Microfin  | getting credit*<br>ic credit to priva<br>ance gross loa                                  | ate sector, % GDP<br>ns, % GDP  | <b>31.1</b> 70.0 19.6 0.2                                  | <b>101</b> 44 ● 114 49                                 | 7.2.2 N<br>7.2.3 E<br>7.2.4 F                       | National feature films/r   | dia market/th pop. 15–69<br>dia, % manufacturing  | 0.1<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>0.0                       | 77<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>118                        |
| <ul><li>4.2.2 Market of</li><li>4.2.3 Venture</li><li>4.2.4 Venture</li><li>4.3 Trade, of</li><li>4.3.1 Applied</li></ul>                     | protecting mino<br>capitalization, 9<br>capital investor<br>capital recipier             | 6 GDP s, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP tts, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP and market scale hted avg., %           | 25.1<br>42.0<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>0.0<br>51.7<br>7.7<br>n/a    |  | 7.3.1 (<br>7.3.2 (<br>7.3.3 V                       | Online creativity Generic top-level dom Country-code TLDs/th Wikipedia edits/mn po Mobile app creation/bi  | p. 15–69  | 5.9<br>0.4<br>0.2<br>21.1<br>n/a                      | 118<br>112<br>113<br>119<br>n/a                       |

## Croatia

42

| Output rank                              | utput rank Input rank Income I                  |  | Region              | Populat           | tion (mn)     | GDP, PPP\$ (bn)                                      | GDP per capita, PPP\$                          | GII 20           | 20 rank               |
|--|---|--|---------------------|-------------------|---------------|--|--|------------------|-----------------------|
| 48                                       | 41  | High                                       | EUR                 | 4                 | .1            | 112.0  | 27,681   | 4                | 11                    |
|  |   |  | Score/<br>Value     | Rank              |               |  |  | Score/<br>Value  | Rank                  |
| ii Institu                               | itions  |  | 69.8                | 46                | <b>2</b>      | Business sophist                                     | tication                                       | 27.7             | 55                    |
| 1.1 Politica                             | l environment                                   |  | 66.6                | 45                | 5.1 H         | Knowledge workers                                    |  | 37.0             | 53                    |
|  | and operational s                               | •  | 80.4                | 29                |               | Knowledge-intensive                                  |  | 37.1             | 33<br>60              |
|  | nent effectiveness<br>t <b>ory environmen</b> t |  | 59.8<br><b>71.8</b> | 49 ♦<br><b>45</b> |               | Firms offering formal to<br>GERD performed by b      | •  | 26.2<br>0.5      | 38                    |
| •  | ory quality*                                    | •  | 58.9                | 44                |               | GERD financed by bus                                 |  | 33.2             | 56                    |
| 1.2.2 Rule of I                          |   | ingal                                      | 56.4                | 48 <b>♦</b>       |               |  | advanced degrees, %                            | 17.6             | 38                    |
|  | redundancy dismi<br>ss environment              | ssai                                       | 15.1<br><b>70.9</b> | 59<br><b>68</b>   |               | nnovation linkages Jniversity-industry R&            | D collaboration†                               | <b>18.3</b> 29.4 | <b>80</b> 113 $\odot$ |
|  | starting a busines                              | ss*  | 85.3                | 87 O ♦            | 5.2.2         | State of cluster develo                              | pment and depth <sup>†</sup>                   |                  | 123 🔾                 |
| 1.3.2 Ease of                            | resolving insolven                              | ıcy*                                       | 56.5                | 58                |               | GERD financed by abr                                 | oad, % GDP<br>alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP      | 0.2<br>0.0       | 21 <b>●</b> 59        |
| .0                                       |   |  |                     |                   |               | Patent families/bn PPF                               |  | 0.1              | 53                    |
| Huma                                     | n capital and                                   | research                                   | 37.6                | 47                | 5.3 H         | Knowledge absorpti                                   | on   | 27.8             | 62                    |
| 2.1 Educati                              |   |  | 59.1                | 32                |               |  | ayments, % total trade                         | 1.1              | 37                    |
|  | iture on education                              | ı, % GDP<br>, secondary, % GDP/cap         | 3.9<br>n/a          | 71<br>n/a         |               | High-tech imports, %<br>CT services imports, '       |  | 6.4<br>1.6       | 89 O<br>46            |
|  | ife expectancy, ye                              |  | 15.2                | 48                | 5.3.4 F       | FDI net inflows, % GD                                | P  | 1.6              | 90 🔾                  |
|  | ales in reading, ma                             |  | 471.9               | 37                | 5.3.5 F       | Research talent, % in                                | businesses                                     | 24.8             | 51                    |
| •  | acher ratio, secon                              | dary                                       | Ø 6.4               | 1 ● ♦             | مهم           | Knowledge and  | technology outputs                             | 26.9             | 47                    |
| -  | reducation<br>enrolment, % gro                  | SS   | <b>39.8</b> 67.7    | <b>40</b><br>37   | ugu i         | Kilowieuge allu                                      | teciniology outputs                            | 20.9             | <i>'</i>              |
| 2.2.2 Graduat                            | es in science and                               | engineering, %                             | 26.3                | 32                |               | Knowledge creation                                   | DD¢ CDD  | 22.5             | 48                    |
| -  | inbound mobility,                               |  | 3.0                 | 66                |               | Patents by origin/bn P<br>PCT patents by origin/     |  | 1.8<br>0.2       | 40<br>52              |
|  | ch and developm                                 | • •  | 14.0                | <b>50</b>         |               | Jtility models by origin                             |  | 0.5              | 37                    |
|  | hers, FTE/mn pop<br>xpenditure on R&I           |  | 2,135.4<br>1.1      | 38<br>35          |               | Scientific and technica<br>Citable documents H-      | al articles/bn PPP\$ GDP                       | 37.4<br>17.3     | 23 <b>●</b><br>49     |
| 2.3.3 Global c                           | orporate R&D inv                                | estors, top 3, mn US\$                     | 0.0                 | 41 ○ ◊            |               | Knowledge impact                                     | index  | 33.5             | 49<br><b>49</b>       |
| 2.3.4 QS unive                           | ersity ranking, top                             | 3*   | 8.4                 | 68 ♦              |               | _abor productivity gro                               | wth, %   |                  | 108 🔾                 |
| #\$ Infraci                              | tructure  |  | 53.8                | 29 ●              |               | New businesses/th po                                 | •  | 5.9              | 28 ●                  |
| <del></del>                              |   |  |                     |                   |               | Software spending, %<br>SO 9001 quality certif       |  | 0.1<br>22.4      | 97 ○                  |
| <b>3.1 Informa</b> tion   3.1.1 ICT acce |   | ication technologies (IC                   | <b>78.2</b> 79.0    | <b>39</b><br>38   |               | High-tech manufacturi                                |  | 26.2             | 47                    |
| 3.1.2 ICT acce                           |   |  | 69.3                | 48 ♦              |               | Knowledge diffusion                                  |  | 24.7             | 48                    |
|  | ment's online serv                              | ice*                                       | 75.3                | 52                |               | ntellectual property re<br>Production and export     | •  | 0.2<br>64.0      | 37<br>30              |
| 3.1.4 E-partic                           | •   |  | 89.3                | 23 ●              |               | High-tech exports, %                                 |  | 3.0              | 48                    |
|  | <b>l infrastructure</b><br>ty output, GWh/m     | ın non                                     | <b>30.8</b> 3.109.1 | <b>58</b><br>63   | 6.3.4 I       | CT services exports,                                 | % total trade                                  | 3.1              | 34                    |
|  | s performance*                                  | ш рор.                                     | 49.1                | 48                | @ l           |  |  |                  |                       |
| 3.2.3 Gross ca                           | apital formation, 9                             | % GDP                                      | 25.2                | 45                | <b>64</b> , 0 | Creative outputs                                     |  | 28.2             | 54                    |
| -  | cal sustainability                              | у  | <b>52.3</b> 12.5    | <b>6 ● ◆</b> 43   |               | ntangible assets                                     |  | 30.2             | 69                    |
|  | nental performan                                | ce*  | 63.1                | 43<br>34          |               | Trademarks by origin/l<br>Global brand value, to     |  | 52.2<br>8.5      | 44<br>62              |
|  |   | ertificates/bn PPP\$ GDP                   | 9.8                 | 6 ● ♦             |               | ndustrial designs by o                               |  | 3.4              | 31                    |
| A - 0                                    |   |  |                     |                   | 7.1.4 I       | CTs and organizations                                | al model creation†                             | 51.9             | 73                    |
| Marke                                    | t sophisticati                                  | on   | 46.1                | 67                |               | Creative goods and s                                 |  | 25.2             | 38                    |
| 4.1 Credit                               |   |  | 35.6                | 86                |               | Juiturai and creative se<br>National feature films/i | rvices exports, % total trade<br>nn pop. 15–69 | 1.7<br>2.0       | 15 <b>●</b><br>67     |
|  | getting credit*                                 | sector % CDP                               | 50.0<br>54.4        | 94 O              | 7.2.3 E       | Entertainment and me                                 | dia market/th pop. 15-69                       | n/a              | n/a                   |
|  | ic credit to private<br>ance gross loans,       |  | 54.4<br>n/a         | 60<br>n/a         |               | Printing and other med<br>Creative goods export      | . •  | 2.7<br>0.8       | 5 ● ·<br>51           |
| 4.2 Investm                              |   |  | 28.0                | 73                |               | Online creativity                                    | o, 70 total liado                              | 27.2             | 41                    |
| 4.2.1 Ease of                            | protecting minorit                              |  | 70.0                | 36                |               | -  | ains (TLDs)/th pop. 15-69                      | 14.8             | 32                    |
|  | capitalization, % (                             | GDP<br>deals/bn PPP\$ GDP                  | 37.1<br>0.0         | 40<br>76 ⊝ ◊      | 7.3.2         | Country-code TLDs/th                                 | pop. 15–69                                     | 11.5             | 39                    |
|  |   | deals/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP | n/a                 | n/a ○ ◇           |               | Wikipedia edits/mn po<br>Mobile app creation/b       | •  | 70.5<br>9.2      | 35<br>49              |
|  | diversification, a                              |  | 74.8                | 43                | 7.0.4 I       | MODILE APP CLEATION/D                                | пт т т ф СССТ                                  | 5.∠              | 73                    |
| 1.3.1 Applied                            | tariff rate, weighte                            | ed avg., %                                 | 1.8                 | 25                |               |  |  |                  |                       |
|  | ic industry diversi                             |  | 95.8                | 23 <b>●</b>       |               |  |  |                  |                       |
| 4.3.3 Domest                             | ic market scale, b                              | 11177                                      | 112.0               | 79                |               |  |  |                  |                       |

GDP per capita, PPP\$

#### **Cyprus**

Output rank Input rank

Income

Region

Population (mn) GDP, PPP\$ (bn)

28

GII 2020 rank

| 21 31 High M     |   | IAWA                     |                  | 1.2                 | 34.6     | 39,079   | 2                      | 29              |      |
|------------------|---|--------------------------|------------------|---------------------|----------|--|------------------------|-----------------|------|
|                  |   |                          | Score/<br>Value  | Rank                |          |  |                        | Score/<br>Value | Rank |
| Instit           | tutions   |                          | 80.4             | 26                  |          | Business sophistica  | ation                  | 42.6            | 28   |
|                  | cal environment   |                          | 74.7             | 33                  | 5.1      | Knowledge workers  |                        | 42.2            | 40   |
|                  | al and operational st   | ability*                 | 7 <b>4.7</b>     | 34                  | 5.1.1    | _  | olovment %             | 35.5            | 38   |
|                  | nment effectiveness   | •                        | 72.7             | 34                  |          | Firms offering formal train                                |                        | 39.7            | 30   |
|                  |   |                          | 84.2             | 22                  |          | GERD performed by busin                                    |                        | 0.3             | 50   |
| -                | atory environment   |                          | 70.0             | 32                  |          | GERD financed by busine                                    |                        | 34.8            | 5    |
| 2 Rule of        | atory quality*  |                          | 66.7             | 35                  |          | Females employed w/advanced degrees, % Innovation linkages |                        | 25.5            | 13   |
|                  | of redundancy dismis  | ssal                     | 8.0              | 1 ● ∢               | 5.2      | Innovation linkages  |                        | 39.9            | 2    |
|                  | Business environment Ease of starting a business* Ease of resolving insolvency* |                          |                  |                     |          | University-industry R&D c                                  | ollaboration†          | 43.9            | 59   |
|                  |   |                          | <b>82.3</b> 92.0 | <b>26</b><br>45     |          | State of cluster developme                                 |                        | 49.1            | 5    |
|                  |   |                          | 72.5             | 29                  |          | GERD financed by abroad                                    | •                      | 0.2             | 2    |
| .z Lase u        |   |                          | 12.5             | 29                  |          | Joint venture/strategic allia                              | · ·                    | 0.2             | 14   |
|                  |   |                          |                  |                     | 5.2.5    | Patent families/bn PPP\$ 0                                 | GDP                    | 2.0             | 19   |
| Hum:             | an capital and ı  | research                 | 38.7             | 42                  | 5.3      | Knowledge absorption                                       |                        | 45.6            | 20   |
| F-1              | 41  |                          | 05.0             | 44                  |          | Intellectual property paym                                 | nents. % total trade   | 1.5             | 26   |
| Educa<br>1 Evpon |   | 0/ CDD                   | 65.9             | 14                  |          | High-tech imports, % total                                 |                        | 3.6             | 120  |
|                  | diture on education,  |                          | 5.8              | 18<br>3 <b>● </b> ∢ | E 2 2    | ICT services imports, % to                                 |                        | 11.1            |      |
|                  | •   | secondary, % GDP/cap     | 37.4<br>15.4     | 3 <b>● ∢</b><br>47  |          | FDI net inflows, % GDP                                     |                        | 44.2            |      |
|                  | School life expectancy, years PISA scales in reading, maths and science         |                          | 438.0            | 47<br>45 <          | 525      | Research talent, % in bus                                  | inesses                | 33.5            | 39   |
|                  | teacher ratio, second   |                          | 2 8.1            | 10                  |          |  |                        |                 |      |
|                  |   | aci y                    |                  |                     | مهمو     | Knowledge and ted  | chnology outputs       | 39.4            | 2    |
|                  | ry education  |                          | 42.8             | 34                  | <u></u>  | Kilowieuge aliu tet  | cillology outputs      | 09.4            |      |
|                  | y enrolment, % gros   |                          | 81.3             | 19                  | 6.1      | Knowledge creation   |                        | 32.2            | 30   |
|                  | Graduates in science and engineering, % Tertiary inbound mobility, %            |                          | 15.1<br>23.9     | 98 ○ <<br>5 ● ∢     | 611      | Patents by origin/bn PPPS                                  | GDP                    | 1.4             | 50   |
|                  | -   |                          |                  |                     | 6.1.2    | PCT patents by origin/bn                                   |                        | 1.2             | 26   |
|                  | arch and developm   |                          | 7.4              | 66 <                | 6.1.3    | Utility models by origin/br                                |                        | n/a             | n/a  |
|                  | rchers, FTE/mn pop  |                          | 1,432.8          | 47 <                | 6.1.4    | Scientific and technical ar                                | ticles/bn PPP\$ GDP    | 51.1            | 8    |
|                  | expenditure on R&D  |                          | 0.6              | 55                  | 6.1.5    | Citable documents H-inde                                   | ex                     | 12.4            | 62   |
|                  | •   | estors, top 3, mn US\$   | 0.0              | 41 0 <              | 6.0      | Knowledge impact   |                        | 38.6            | 2    |
| i.4 QS uni       | iversity ranking, top   | 3^                       | 0.0              | 74 🔾 <              | /        | Labor productivity growth                                  | 1. %                   | -1.6            | 9    |
|                  |   |                          |                  |                     |          | New businesses/th pop. 1                                   |                        | 17.6            |      |
| 🌣 Infra          | structure   |                          | 53.9             | 28                  |          | Software spending, % GD                                    |                        | 0.2             | 75   |
|                  | , .   |                          | ٠                |                     | 6.2.4    | ISO 9001 quality certificat                                | tes/bn PPP\$ GDP       | 21.4            | 9    |
|                  |   | cation technologies (ICT | •                | 14                  | 6.2.5    | High-tech manufacturing,                                   | %                      | 19.2            | 64   |
| .1 ICT ac        |   |                          | 87.9<br>83.0     | 11                  | 6.3      | Knowledge diffusion  |                        | 47.3            | 17   |
| .2 ICT us        | e<br>nment's online servi   | 00*                      | 87.1             | 14<br>20            | 6.3.1    | Intellectual property recei                                | pts, % total trade     | 0.9             | 22   |
| .4 E-parti       |   | U <del>C</del>           | 95.2             | 14                  |          | Production and export co                                   |                        | 48.1            | 50   |
|                  | ·   |                          |                  |                     | 6.3.3    | High-tech exports, % total                                 | l trade                | 0.9             | 72   |
|                  | ral infrastructure  |                          | 26.3             | 75 <                | 6.3.4    | ICT services exports, % to                                 | otal trade             | 16.3            |      |
|                  | city output, GWh/m  | n pop.                   | 5,842.0          | 36                  |          |  |                        |                 |      |
| -                | ics performance*  | CDB                      | 51.3<br>16.2     | 44<br>109 🔾         | · 68.    | Creative outputs   |                        | 41.3            | 20   |
|                  | capital formation, %  |                          |                  |                     | <i>y</i> | Orodano outputo  |                        |                 |      |
|                  | gical sustainability  | ,                        | 47.0             | 21                  | 7.1      | Intangible assets  |                        | 45.4            | 2    |
|                  | init of energy use  | ·o*                      | 13.9             | 32                  | 7.1.1    | Trademarks by origin/bn F                                  | PPP\$ GDP              | 89.6            | 13   |
|                  | nmental performanc  |                          | 64.8             | 31<br>16            |          | Global brand value, top 5,                                 |                        | 0.0             | 80   |
| .3 ISO 140       | oo i environmental ce   | ertificates/bn PPP\$ GDP | 6.2              | 16                  | 7.1.3    | Industrial designs by original                             |                        | 15.3            | 7    |
|                  |   |                          |                  |                     | 7.1.4    | ICTs and organizational m                                  | odel creation†         | 47.3            | 93   |
| Mark             | cet sophistication  | on                       | 50.0             | 46                  | 7.2      | Creative goods and serv                                    | vices                  | 14.4            | 65   |
|                  |   |                          | F0.0             | 00                  |          | Cultural and creative service                              | •                      | 0.2             | 68   |
| Credit           |   |                          | <b>53.2</b>      | <b>22</b>           |          | National feature films/mn                                  |                        | 6.9             | 32   |
|                  | of getting credit*  | coctor % CDD             | 60.0             | 74<br>20            |          | Entertainment and media                                    | ' '                    | n/a             | n/a  |
|                  | stic credit to private  |                          | 112.3            | 20<br>n/a           |          | Printing and other media,                                  | •                      | 1.9             | 10   |
|                  | inance gross loans,   | 70 GDF                   | n/a              | n/a                 | 7.2.5    | Creative goods exports, 9                                  | 6 total trade          | 0.2             | 7    |
| Invest           |   |                          | 33.0             | 56                  | 7.3      | Online creativity  |                        | 60.1            | 8    |
|                  | of protecting minority  |                          | 76.0             | 21                  | 7.3.1    | Generic top-level domains                                  | s (TLDs)/th pop. 15-69 | 72.3            | 1    |
|                  | t capitalization, % G   |                          | 14.2             | 64 🔾                |          | Country-code TLDs/th po                                    |                        | 5.8             | 5    |
|                  | •   | deals/bn PPP\$ GDP       | 0.1              | 36                  | 7.3.3    | Wikipedia edits/mn pop. 1                                  | 15–69                  | 60.8            | 50   |
| .4 Ventur        | e capital recipients,   | deals/bn PPP\$ GDP       | 0.1              | 14                  | 7.3.4    | Mobile app creation/bn Pl                                  | PP\$ GDP               | 100.0           |      |
| Trade,           | , diversification, ar   | d market scale           | 63.8             | 79                  |          |  |                        |                 |      |
| .1 Applie        | d tariff rate, weighte  | d avg., %                | 1.8              | 25                  |          |  |                        |                 |      |
| 3.2 Domes        | stic industry diversif  | ication                  | 80.3             | 76                  |          |  |                        |                 |      |
| 3.3 Domes        | stic market scale, br   | PPP\$                    | 34.6             | 117 0 0             | >        |  |                        |                 |      |

NOTES: • indicates a strength;  $\bigcirc$  a weakness; • an income group strength;  $\bigcirc$  an income group weakness; \* an index; † a survey question. ② indicates that the economy's data are older than the base year; see appendices for details, including the year of the data, at http://globalinnovationindex.org. Square brackets [] indicate that the data minimum coverage (DMC) requirements were not met at the sub-pillar or pillar level.

34.6 117  $\bigcirc$   $\Diamond$ 

4.3.2 Domestic industry diversification 4.3.3 Domestic market scale, bn PPP\$

# **Czech Republic**

24

| Outp  | ut rank Input rank Income 15 30 High   |  | Income F  | Region   | Populat   | ion (mn)   | GDP, PPP\$ (bn)  | GDP per capita, PPP\$  | GII 20  | 20 rank                                      |
|---|--|--|---|--|---|--|--|--|---|--|
|   | 15   | 30   | High  | EUR  | 10  | ).7  | 430.9  | 40,293   | 2   | 24   |
|   |  |  |   | Score/<br>Value  | Rank  |  |  |  | Score/<br>Value   | Rank   |
| 血   | Institu  | tions  |   | 76.9   | <b>32</b> ♦   | <b>≗</b> E   | Business sophist   | ication  | 43.5  | 25   |
| 1.2<br>1.2.1<br>1.2.2<br>1.2.3<br>1.3.1                 | Political<br>Government<br>Regulate<br>Regulate<br>Rule of la<br>Cost of ments<br>Business<br>Ease of se | colitical environment colitical and operational stability* covernment effectiveness* Regulatory environment Regulatory quality* Regulatory quality* Regulatory quality* Regulatory quality* Regulatory quality* Regulatory quality* Regulatory quality* Regulatory quality* Regulatory quality* Regulatory quality* Regulatory quality* Regulatory quality* Regulatory environment Regulatory a business* Regulatory a business* Regulatory environment Regulatory insolvency* Regulatory | s*<br>t<br>issal<br>ss*   | <b>74.3</b> 82.1 70.3 <b>75.5</b> 76.0 74.3 20.2 <b>81.1</b> 82.1 80.1 | 34  | 5.1.1 k<br>5.1.2 F<br>5.1.3 G<br>5.1.4 G<br>5.1.5 F<br><b>5.2.</b> II<br>5.2.1 U<br>5.2.2 S<br>5.2.3 G | Knowledge workers Knowledge-intensive e Firms offering formal tr GERD performed by bus GERD financed by bus Females employed w/a nnovation linkages University-industry R& State of cluster develop GERD financed by abr   | raining, % usiness, % GDP ciness, % advanced degrees, %  D collaboration <sup>†</sup> pment and depth <sup>†</sup> | <b>45.4</b> 37.7 43.6 1.2 38.2 12.3 <b>36.4</b> 53.7 47.3 0.5 0.0 | 31   |
| • •   | Humai  | n canital and  | research  | 43.0   | 33 ◊  | 5.2.5 F  | Patent families/bn PPF   | \$ GDP   | 0.6   | 30 <   |
| 2.1.3<br>2.1.4  | Educati<br>Expendi<br>Governn<br>School I<br>PISA sca  | on<br>ture on education<br>nent funding/pupi<br>ife expectancy, yo<br>ales in reading, m   | n, % GDP<br>I, secondary, % GDP/cap<br>ears<br>aths and science                                 | 55.1<br>3.9<br>23.5<br>16.3<br>495.5<br>2 11.5                         | 49<br>72 0<br>23<br>30<br>23<br>45  | 5.3.1 li<br>5.3.2 H<br>5.3.3 li<br>5.3.4 F   | Knowledge absorption tellectual property particle that imports, % to CT services imports, Services imports, GDI net inflows, % GDI Research talent, % in the control of the | ayments, % total trade<br>total trade<br>% total trade<br>>  | 48.5<br>0.8<br>20.7<br>1.3<br>4.1<br>51.1                         | 15 ●<br>53<br>8 ● 4<br>57<br>28<br>22        |
| 2.1.5<br>2.2  | •  |  | idai y  | 44.5   | 22  | egg l  | Knowledge and  | technology outputs   | 48.2  | 12 ●   |
| 2.2.2<br>2.2.3<br><b>2.3</b><br>2.3.1<br>2.3.2<br>2.3.3 | Graduat<br>Tertiary<br>Research<br>Research<br>Gross ex<br>Global c                                      | es in science and inbound mobility, ch and developmers, FTE/mn pokpenditure on R&  | l engineering, % % nent (R&D) p. D, % GDP restors, top 3, mn US\$                               | 63.8<br>26.1<br>13.6<br><b>29.5</b><br>3,976.0<br>1.9<br>0.0<br>31.5   | 44<br>33<br>15<br><b>37</b> $\diamondsuit$<br>26<br>18<br>41 $\bigcirc \diamondsuit$<br>38 $\diamondsuit$ | 6.1.1 F<br>6.1.2 F<br>6.1.3 U<br>6.1.4 S<br>6.1.5 C  | Knowledge creation Patents by origin/bn PI PCT patents by origin/ Utility models by origin/ Scientific and technica Citable documents H-i Knowledge impact Labor productivity grov   | bn PPP\$ GDP<br>//bn PPP\$ GDP<br>il articles/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>ndex   | 39.4<br>2.1<br>0.5<br>2.8<br>35.1<br>30.3<br>53.1<br>-0.1         | 22<br>34<br>35<br>6 • •<br>25<br>31<br>4 • • |
| ₽ <sup>‡</sup>  | Infrasi  | tructure   |   | 56.0   | 19  | 6.2.2 N  | New businesses/th po<br>Software spending, %   | p. 15–64   | 4.4<br>0.2  | 34<br>54                                     |
| 3.1<br>3.1.1<br>3.1.2<br>3.1.3<br>3.1.4<br>3.2<br>3.2.1 | Information and ICT accelled to ICT use* Government E-particion General Electricity                      | tion and communess* nent's online servipation* I infrastructure ty output, GWh/n   |   | 73.2<br>77.2<br>72.4<br>72.6<br><b>42.6</b><br>8,047.2                 | 53  | 6.2.4 IS<br>6.2.5 H<br>6.3 H<br>6.3.1 II<br>6.3.2 F<br>6.3.3 H   | SO 9001 quality certifi-<br>digh-tech manufacturi<br>Knowledge diffusion<br>ntellectual property re<br>Production and export<br>digh-tech exports, % to<br>CT services exports, §  | icates/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>ng, %<br>ceipts, % total trade<br>complexity<br>total trade                                 | 27.4<br>61.1<br><b>52.2</b><br>0.3<br>85.6<br>21.0<br>2.6         | 4 • 4 3 • 4 10 • 30   7 • 44                 |
|   | •  | s performance*<br>apital formation, '  | % GDP   | 75.8<br>25.9   | 22<br>40  | <b>&amp;</b> ,' (  | Creative outputs   |  | 40.3  | 22   |
| 3.3.2   | GDP/uni<br>Environr  | cal sustainabilit<br>t of energy use<br>nental performar<br>01 environmental o   | -   | <b>51.4</b><br>9.4<br>71.0<br>9.7                                      | 13 ●<br>74 ○<br>20<br>7 ● ◆   | 7.1.1 T<br>7.1.2 C<br>7.1.3 II   | ntangible assets<br>Frademarks by origin/b<br>Global brand value, top<br>ndustrial designs by o<br>CTs and organizationa   | o 5,000, % GDP<br>rigin/bn PPP\$ GDP   | 36.2<br>53.7<br>26.0<br>3.3<br>66.3                               | 49<br>42<br>47<br>33<br>26                   |
| <b>111</b>  | Marke  | t sophisticat  | ion   | 49.5   | 50 ◊  |  | Creative goods and s   | services<br>rvices exports, % total trade  | <b>46.7</b>   | <b>4 ● </b>                                  |
| 4.1.3   | Domesti<br>Microfin  | getting credit*<br>c credit to private<br>ance gross loans   |   | <b>44.8</b><br>70.0<br>50.6<br>n/a                                     | <b>51</b><br>44<br>68 $\Diamond$<br>n/a   | 7.2.2 N<br>7.2.3 E<br>7.2.4 F  | National feature films/r   | nn pop. 15–69<br>dia market/th pop. 15–69<br>lia, % manufacturing  | 0.6<br>7.0<br>25.6<br>0.9<br>11.0                                 | 29<br>26<br>63 0<br>1 • •                    |
| 4.2.3<br>4.2.4<br><b>4.3</b><br>4.3.1<br>4.3.2          | Market of<br>Venture<br>Venture<br><b>Trade, o</b><br>Applied<br>Domesti                                 | protecting minori<br>capitalization, % of<br>capital investors,<br>capital recipients  | GDP<br>deals/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>nd market scale<br>ed avg., %<br>(fication | 24.2<br>62.0<br>n/a<br>0.0<br>0.0<br>79.4<br>1.8<br>93.6<br>430.9      | 89 ○ ◇<br>60 ○<br>n/a<br>44 ◇<br>82 ○ ◇<br>30<br>25<br>37<br>46   | 7.3.1 C<br>7.3.2 C<br>7.3.3 V  | Online creativity Generic top-level dom: Country-code TLDs/th Vikipedia edits/mn po Mobile app creation/br   | p. 15–69   | <b>42.1</b><br>16.8<br>54.2<br>76.4<br>17.3                       | 28<br>30<br>16<br>18<br>29                   |

#### **Denmark**

60  $\bigcirc$ 

6

16

32 72.0

1 • •

0.9

1.5 35

64.3

49.9

100.0

32.1 16

| Output rank   | Input rank   | Income I   | Region  | Population (r                                      | mn) GDP, PPP\$ (bn)  | GDP per capita, PPP\$   | GII 20   | )20 rar                                |
|---|--|--|---|--|--|---|--|--|
| 11  | 5  | High   | EUR   | 5.8  | 335.8  | 57,781  |  | 6                                      |
|   |  |  | Score/<br>Value   | Rank   |  |   | Score/<br>Value  | Rank                                   |
| 🗰 Institu   | ıtions   |  | 88.8  | 8  | Business sophis  | tication  | 55.2   | 11                                     |
| .1.1 Political<br>.1.2 Governi                                | al environment<br>and operational<br>ment effectivene                          | ss*  | <b>92.8</b><br>91.1<br>93.7                                   | E 1  | Knowledge workers Knowledge-intensive of Firms offering formal to GERD performed by both   | employment, %<br>raining, %   | <b>65.8</b><br>48.8<br>n/a<br>1.8                      | 8<br>11<br>n/a<br>11                   |
| .2.1 Regulat<br>.2.2 Rule of                                  | tory environme<br>ory quality*<br>law*<br>redundancy disn                      |  | <b>84.6</b><br>84.4<br>96.7<br>18.8                           | 16 5.1.  | 4 GERD financed by but<br>5 Females employed w/  | siness, %   |  | 13<br>21<br><b>7</b>                   |
| .3.1 Ease of  | ss environment<br>starting a busine<br>resolving insolve                       | ess*   | <b>88.9</b> 92.7 85.1   | 6 5.2<br>42 5.2<br>6 5.2<br>5.2                    | <ol> <li>University-industry R8</li> <li>State of cluster develo</li> <li>GERD financed by about</li> <li>Joint venture/strategic</li> </ol>   | opment and depth†<br>road, % GDP<br>alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP         | 66.3<br>63.1<br>0.3<br>0.2                             | 12<br>20<br>9<br>16                    |
| 2.1.1 Educat<br>2.1.1 Expend<br>2.1.2 Governm<br>2.1.3 School | iture on education<br>ment funding/pup<br>life expectancy, y                   | on, % GDP<br>oil, secondary, % GDP/cap           | <b>74.2</b> 7.8 22.9 18.8 501.1                               | 5 • • 5.3<br>5 • • 5.3<br>3 • • 5.3<br>27<br>9 5.3 | <ul> <li>Fatent families/bn PPI</li> <li>Knowledge absorpti</li> <li>Intellectual property p</li> <li>High-tech imports, %</li> <li>ICT services imports,</li> <li>FDI net inflows, % GD</li> <li>Research talent, % in</li> </ul> | on<br>ayments, % total trade<br>total trade<br>% total trade<br>P       | 4.8<br><b>41.1</b><br>0.9<br>5.8<br>3.4<br>0.4<br>58.5 | 9<br>26<br>43<br>100<br>6<br>120<br>13 |
| .2 Tertiary   | acher ratio, seco<br>y education<br>enrolment, % gr                            | •  | <ul><li>9.9</li><li>43.3</li><li>81.2</li></ul>               | 26<br>30<br>20                                     |  | technology outputs  | 47.6   | 14                                     |
| 2.3 Tertiary 3 Resear 3.1 Resear 3.2 Gross e 3.3 Global o     | inbound mobility<br>ch and develop<br>chers, FTE/mn po<br>xpenditure on Ra     | ment (R&D) op. &D, % GDP vestors, top 3, mn US\$ | 22.2<br>10.7<br><b>69.5</b><br>7,739.4<br>2.9<br>69.1<br>58.1 | 6.1.   | 5 Citable documents H-   | PP\$ GDP<br>/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>n/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>al articles/bn PPP\$ GDP | 61.5<br>10.8<br>4.6<br>0.2<br>62.2<br>51.0<br>45.1     | 10<br>9<br>7<br>46<br>2<br>15          |
| p <sup>‡</sup> Infras   | tructure   | nication technologies (IC)                       | 60.8  | 6.2.<br>6.2.<br>6.2.<br>6.2.                       | <ol> <li>Labor productivity gro</li> <li>New businesses/th po</li> <li>Software spending, %</li> <li>ISO 9001 quality certain</li> </ol>   | op. 15–64<br>5 GDP<br>ficates/bn PPP\$ GDP                              | -0.1<br>10.0<br>0.5<br>7.2                             | 69<br>16<br>13<br>38                   |
| 1.1 ICT acc<br>1.2 ICT use                                    | ess*<br>*<br>ment's online ser   |  | 80.2<br>90.4<br>97.1<br>96.4                                  | 32<br>2 • • • 6.3<br>3 • • 6.3.<br>9 6.3.          | <ul> <li>Knowledge diffusion</li> <li>Intellectual property re</li> <li>Production and expor</li> <li>High-tech exports, %</li> </ul>  | n<br>eceipts, % total trade<br>t complexity                             | 48.8<br><b>36.2</b><br>1.9<br>69.2<br>5.2              | 13<br>24<br>13<br>24<br>34             |
| .2.1 Electrici  | Il infrastructure<br>ity output, GWh/l<br>is performance*<br>apital formation, | mn pop.  | <b>39.6</b> 5,073.2 90.3 21.2                                 | <b>31</b> 6.3.                                     | 4 ICT services exports, Creative outputs   | % total trade   | 2.8  | 39                                     |
| 3.1 GDP/un<br>3.2 Environi                                    | ical sustainabili<br>it of energy use<br>mental performa                       | ity  | <b>51.7</b> 18.6 82.5 3.0                                     | 11 7.1<br>10 7.1.1<br>1 ● 7.1.2<br>28 7.1.3        | Intangible assets 1 Trademarks by origin/ 2 Global brand value, to   | bn PPP\$ GDP<br>p 5,000, % GDP<br>origin/bn PPP\$ GDP                   | <b>47.2</b><br>34.0<br>131.7<br>6.8<br>78.9            | 23<br>67<br>15<br>20<br>7              |
| Marke   | et sophistica  | tion   | 68.0<br>68.5  | 7 7.2<br>7.2.                                      | Creative goods and a Cultural and creative se  | services<br>ervices exports, % total trade                              | <b>32.1</b> 0.8  | <b>21</b><br>36                        |
| .1.1 Ease of  | getting credit*  | te sector % GDP                                  | 70.0<br>159.7   | 44 = 1.2.  | <ul><li>National feature films/</li><li>Entertainment and me</li></ul>   | edia market/th pop. 15-69   | 13.4<br>76.5   | 10                                     |

NOTES: • indicates a strength;  $\bigcirc$  a weakness; • an income group strength;  $\bigcirc$  an income group weakness; \* an index; † a survey question. ② indicates that the economy's data are older than the base year; see appendices for details, including the year of the data, at http://globalinnovationindex.org. Square brackets [] indicate that the data minimum coverage (DMC) requirements were not met at the sub-pillar or pillar level.

159.7

n/a n/a

58.6 13

72.0 27

n/a n/a

0.3 11

0.1 11

76.9 37

1.8 25

90.0 50

335.8

7.2.5 Creative goods exports, % total trade

7.3.3 Wikipedia edits/mn pop. 15–69

7.3.4 Mobile app creation/bn PPP\$ GDP

7.3 Online creativity

7.3.1 Generic top-level domains (TLDs)/th pop. 15–697.3.2 Country-code TLDs/th pop. 15–69

7.2.4 Printing and other media, % manufacturing

4.1.2 Domestic credit to private sector, % GDP

4.1.3 Microfinance gross loans, % GDP

4.2.2 Market capitalization, % GDP

4.2.1 Ease of protecting minority investors\*

4.3.1 Applied tariff rate, weighted avg., %

4.3.2 Domestic industry diversification

4.3.3 Domestic market scale, bn PPP\$

4.2.3 Venture capital investors, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP

4.2.4 Venture capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP

4.3 Trade, diversification, and market scale

4.2 Investment

# **Dominican Republic**

| Output rank               | Output rank Income Income            |  | Region                             | Pop               | ulation (m          | n) GDP, PPP\$ (bn)                                    | GDP per capita, PPP\$                            | GII 20             | )20 ran            |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|---|--|--------------------|--------------------|
| 98                        | 93                                   | Upper middle                             | LCN                                |                   | 10.8                | 196.5   | 18,783   | !                  | 90                 |
|                           |                                      |  | Score/<br>Value                    | Rank              |                     |   |  | Score/<br>Value    | Rank               |
| nstitu                    | ıtions                               |  | 55.1                               | 96                | <b>2</b>            | Business sophist                                      | tication   | 21.8               | 86                 |
| .1 Politica               | l environment                        | t  | 51.7                               | 88                | 5.1                 | Knowledge workers                                     |  | 24.7               | [86]               |
| .1.1 Political            | and operation                        | al stability*                            | 69.6                               | 60                | 5.1.1               | Knowledge-intensive                                   |  | 16.7               | 91                 |
|                           | ment effectiven                      |  | 42.7                               | 91                |                     | Firms offering formal to<br>GERD performed by b       | •  | 23.4<br>n/a        | 67<br>n/a          |
| _                         | <b>tory environm</b><br>ory quality* | ent                                      | <b>51.9</b><br>42.1                | <b>101</b><br>74  | 5.1.4               | GERD financed by bus                                  | siness, %  | n/a                | n/a                |
| .2.2 Rule of I            | aw*                                  |  | 37.6                               | 83                |                     | Females employed w/a                                  | advanced degrees, %                              | 9.5                | 73                 |
|                           | redundancy dis                       |  | 26.2                               | 106<br><b>99</b>  | <b>5.2</b><br>5.2.1 | Innovation linkages University-industry R&            | D collaboration†                                 | <b>19.4</b> 33.0   | <b>73</b><br>102   |
|                           | ss environmer<br>starting a busir    |  | <b>61.7</b><br>85.4                | <b>99</b><br>85   | 5.2.2               | State of cluster develo                               | pment and depth <sup>†</sup>                     | 50.0               | 47 €               |
| .3.2 Ease of              | resolving insolv                     | vency*                                   | 38.0                               | 108               |                     | GERD financed by abr                                  | oad, % GDP<br>alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP        | n/a<br>0.0         | n/a<br>125 ⊜       |
| • <b>•</b> ••             |                                      |  | 40.5                               | 400               |                     | Patent families/bn PPF                                |  | 0.0                | 79                 |
| Huma                      | n capital ar                         | nd research                              | 18.5                               | 102               | 5.3                 | Knowledge absorption                                  |  | 21.4               | 85                 |
| .1 Educati                |                                      |  | 35.4                               |                   |                     | Intellectual property particular High-tech imports, % |  | 0.8                | 48 <b>€</b><br>87  |
|                           | iture on educat<br>nent funding/or   | ion, % GDP<br>ıpil, secondary, % GDP/cap | n/a<br>13.1                        | n/a<br>82         |                     | ICT services imports,                                 |  | 0.3                | 120                |
| .1.3 School I             | ife expectancy                       | , years                                  | ② 14.2                             | 68                | F 0 F               | FDI net inflows, % GD                                 |  | 3.6                | 35 €               |
|                           | ales in reading,<br>acher ratio, sec | , maths and science                      | 334.1<br>17.7                      | 79 ⊜<br>86        | 0.0.0               | Research talent, % in                                 | businesses                                       | n/a                | n/a                |
|                           | education                            | oridar y                                 | 20.1                               | 94                | مهمو                | Knowledge and   | technology outputs                               | 11.7               | 108                |
| 2.1 Tertiary              | enrolment, %                         |  | ② 59.9                             | 50 €              | ~ 4                 | · ·   | 0, 1   | 1.6                | 128                |
|                           | tes in science a<br>inbound mobil    | and engineering, %                       | <ul><li>11.6</li><li>1.7</li></ul> | 104 ⊜<br>79       | 6.1.1               | Knowledge creation<br>Patents by origin/bn P          | PP\$ GDP   | <b>1.6</b><br>0.1  | 111                |
| •                         | ch and develo                        | •  |                                    | [123]             |                     | PCT patents by origin/                                |  | 0.1                | 75                 |
|                           | hers, FTE/mn                         |  | n/a                                | n/a               | 6.1.3<br>6.1.4      | Utility models by origing Scientific and technical    | n/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>al articles/bn PPP\$ GDP       | 0.1<br>1.1         | 56<br>130 (        |
|                           | xpenditure on I                      | R&D, % GDP<br>investors, top 3, mn US\$  | n/a<br>0.0                         | n/a<br>41 ⊜       | 6.1.5               | Citable documents H-                                  |  | 2.8                | 124                |
|                           | ersity ranking,                      |  | 0.0                                | 74 C              | 6.2                 | Knowledge impact                                      |  | 21.3               | 96                 |
|                           |                                      |  |                                    |                   |                     | Labor productivity gro<br>New businesses/th po        |  | 1.9<br>1.5         | 28 <b>6</b>        |
| ద్ద <sup>భ</sup> Infras   | tructure                             |  | 39.6                               | 75                | 6.2.3               | Software spending, %                                  | GDP  | 0.0                | 116                |
| .1 Informa                | tion and comm                        | unication technologies (IC)              | Гs) 63.1                           | 76                |                     | ISO 9001 quality certif<br>High-tech manufacturi      |  | 1.0<br>n/a         | 109<br>n/a         |
| 1.1 ICT accounts          |                                      |  | 46.3<br>52.3                       | 95<br>78          | ♦ 6.3               | Knowledge diffusion                                   | 0.   | 12.2               | 83                 |
|                           | ment's online s                      | ervice*                                  | 76.5                               | 49 <b>●</b>       |                     | Intellectual property re                              |  | n/a                | n/a                |
| .1.4 E-partic             | ipation*                             |  | 77.4                               | 51 €              |                     | Production and export High-tech exports, %            |  | 39.7               | 69<br>63           |
|                           | I infrastructur<br>ty output, GWh    |  | <b>20.9</b> 1,849.2                | <b>105</b><br>84  |                     | ICT services exports,                                 |  | 0.4                |                    |
| .2.2 Logistic             | s performance                        | *  | 28.6                               | 85                | <b>a</b>            |   |  |                    |                    |
| .2.3 Gross c              | apital formatio                      | n, % GDP                                 | 20.9                               | 81                | <b>€</b> ,          | Creative outputs                                      |  | 19.0               | 84                 |
|                           | ical sustainab                       |  | <b>34.6</b> 19.4                   | <b>47 ●</b> 9 ●   | · • '··             | Intangible assets                                     |  | 23.1               | 90                 |
|                           | mental perform                       |  | 46.3                               | 68                | 7.1.1<br>7.1.2      | Trademarks by origin/l<br>Global brand value, to      |  | 38.3<br>3.2        | 60<br>73           |
| .3.3 ISO 1400             | 01 environment                       | al certificates/bn PPP\$ GDP             | 0.2                                | 121               | 7.1.3               | Industrial designs by o                               |  | 0.0                | 118                |
| A Maria                   | t conhistic                          | otion                                    | 20.5                               | 104               | 7.1.4               | ICTs and organization                                 |  | 48.9               | 85                 |
| Marke                     | t sophistic                          | ation                                    | 39.5                               | 104               | <b>7.2</b> 7.2.1    | Creative goods and s<br>Cultural and creative se      | services<br>ervices exports, % total trade       | <b>20.8</b><br>n/a | <b>[49]</b><br>n/a |
| .1 Credit<br>.1.1 Ease of | getting credit*                      |  | <b>24.2</b> 45.0                   | <b>117</b><br>101 |                     | National feature films/                               | mn pop. 15–69                                    | 3.5                | 53                 |
|                           |                                      | ate sector, % GDP                        | 28.2                               | 99                | 1.2.0               | Entertainment and me<br>Printing and other med        | dia market/th pop. 15–69<br>dia. % manufacturing | n/a<br>n/a         | n/a<br>n/a         |
| .1.3 Microfin             | ance gross loa                       |  | 0.6                                | 31 •              |                     | Creative goods export                                 |  |                    | 28                 |
| .2 Investm                |                                      | ority invoctors*                         | <b>34.0</b>                        |                   | 7.3                 | Online creativity                                     |  | 8.8                | 103                |
|                           | protecting min<br>capitalization, 9  | ority investors*<br>% GDP                | 34.0<br>n/a                        | 118<br>n/a        |                     | Generic top-level dom<br>Country-code TLDs/th         | ains (TLDs)/th pop. 15–69                        | 2.4<br>1.3         | 73<br>78           |
| .2.3 Venture              | capital investo                      | rs, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP                   | n/a                                | n/a               |                     | Wikipedia edits/mn po                                 |  | 33.8               | 95                 |
|                           |                                      | nts, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP                  | n/a                                | n/a               | 7.3.4               | Mobile app creation/b                                 | n PPP\$ GDP                                      | 0.0                | 98 (               |
| -                         | diversification<br>tariff rate, weig | , and market scale thted avg %           | <b>60.3</b>                        | <b>94</b><br>77   |                     |   |  |                    |                    |
| .3.2 Domest               | ic industry dive                     | ersification                             | n/a                                | n/a               |                     |   |  |                    |                    |
| 1.3.3 Domest              | ic market scale                      | e, bn PPP\$                              | 196.5                              | 65                |                     |   |  |                    |                    |

#### **Ecuador**

91

| Outp                | ut rank              | Input rank                                     | Income  | Region              | Pop                                  | ulati      | on (mn)           | GDP, PPP\$ (bn)                                       | GDP per capita, PPP\$                          | GII 20           | 20 rank            |
|---------------------|----------------------|--|---|---------------------|--------------------------------------|------------|-------------------|---|--|------------------|--------------------|
| 9                   | 94                   | 92   | Upper middle                                  | LCN                 |                                      | 17.        | .6                | 185.9   | 10,617   | •                | 99                 |
|                     |                      |  |   | Score/              | Rank                                 |            |                   |   |  | Score/<br>Value  | Rank               |
| <b>m</b>            | Institu              | tions  |   |                     | 126 0                                | $\Diamond$ | <u>•</u>          | Business sophist                                      | tication                                       | 19.9             | 97                 |
|                     |                      |  | •   |                     |                                      |            |                   |   |  |                  |                    |
| <b>1.1</b><br>1.1.1 |                      | I environment<br>and operations                |   | <b>45.1</b><br>51.8 |                                      | $\Diamond$ |                   | <b>Knowledge workers</b><br>Knowledge-intensive e     | employment, %                                  | <b>28.5</b> 13.9 | <b>78</b><br>95 <  |
|                     |                      | nent effectiven                                |   | 41.8                | 94                                   | $\Diamond$ |                   | Firms offering formal to<br>GERD performed by b       | <b>3</b> ,                                     |                  | 2 <b>● ∢</b><br>55 |
| <b>1.2</b><br>1.2.1 | -                    | t <b>ory environm</b><br>ory quality*          | ent   | <b>39.8</b><br>22.0 | <b>121</b><br>119                    | $\Diamond$ |                   | GERD financed by bus                                  | ,  | 0.2              | 99 ⊜ ∢             |
| 1.2.2               | Rule of I            | aw*  |   | 31.5                | 101                                  |            |                   | Females employed w/a                                  | advanced degrees, %                            | 8.7              | 76                 |
|                     |                      | redundancy dis                                 |   | 31.8                |                                      |            |                   | nnovation linkages<br>Jniversity-industry R&          | D collaboration†                               | <b>13.0</b> 31.3 | <b>118</b> < 108 < |
| <b>1.3</b> 1.3.1    |                      | ss environmer<br>starting a busir              |   |                     | <b>128</b> $\bigcirc$ 128 $\bigcirc$ |            | 5.2.2             | State of cluster develo                               | pment and depth <sup>†</sup>                   | 39.7             | 102                |
|                     |                      | resolving insolv                               |   |                     | 126 🔾                                |            |                   | GERD financed by abr                                  | oad, % GDP ② alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP       | 0.0              | 77<br>121 〇        |
|                     |                      |  |   |                     |                                      |            |                   | Patent families/bn PPF                                |  | 0.0              | 84                 |
|                     | Huma                 | n capital an                                   | nd research                                   | 20.5                | 97                                   | $\Diamond$ |                   | Knowledge absorption                                  |  | 18.2             | 101                |
| 2.1                 | Educati              |  | . 0/ 000                                      | 41.6                | 89                                   |            |                   | ntellectual property pa<br>High-tech imports, %       | ayments, % total trade                         | 0.5<br>6.4       | 67<br>90           |
| 2.1.1<br>2.1.2      | •                    | ture on educat<br>nent funding/pu              | ion, % GDP<br>ipil, secondary, % GDP/d        | ② 5.0<br>cap 6.7    | 39 ●                                 |            | 5.3.3 l           | CT services imports,                                  | % total trade                                  | 0.4              | 112 <              |
| 2.1.3               | School I             | ife expectancy,                                | , years                                       | 14.8                | 56                                   |            |                   | FDI net inflows, % GDI<br>Research talent, % in I     |  | 0.9<br>n/a       | 108<br>n/a         |
|                     |                      | ales in reading,<br>acher ratio, sec           | , maths and science<br>condarv                | n/a<br>② 20.6       | n/a<br>97                            |            | 0.0.0             | research talent, 70 mm                                | businesses                                     | 11/4             | 11/4               |
| 2.2                 | •                    | education                                      | ,   | 13.6                |                                      | $\Diamond$ | Egg I             | Knowledge and   | technology outputs                             | 13.2             | 97                 |
|                     |                      | enrolment, % (                                 |   | 47.6<br>9.4         | 66<br>110 ⊜                          | . ^        | 6.1 H             | Knowledge creation                                    |  | 7.6              | 91                 |
|                     |                      | inbound mobili                                 | ınd engineering, %<br>ity, %                  | ② 0.8               | 93                                   | ) 🗸        | 6.1.1 F           | Patents by origin/bn P                                |  | 0.1              | 107                |
| 2.3                 |                      | ch and develo                                  |   | 6.4                 | 73                                   |            |                   | PCT patents by origin/<br>Jtility models by origir    |  | 0.0<br>0.2       | 89<br>44           |
|                     |                      | hers, FTE/mn p<br>kpenditure on F              |   | ② 399.5<br>② 0.4    | 72<br>70                             |            | 6.1.4             | Scientific and technica                               | al articles/bn PPP\$ GDP                       | 11.6             | 72                 |
|                     |                      |  | investors, top 3, mn US                       |                     | 41 $\bigcirc$                        | <b>\</b>   |                   | Citable documents H-                                  | index  | 9.3              | 81                 |
| 2.3.4               | QS unive             | ersity ranking, t                              | top 3*  | 12.4                | 62 ●                                 | •          |                   | <b>Cnowledge impact</b><br>∟abor productivity gro     | wth, %   | <b>27.2</b> 0.2  | <b>75</b><br>62    |
| <b>₽</b> ‡          | Infrasi              | tructure                                       |   | 39.6                | 74                                   |            | 6.2.2             | New businesses/th po                                  | p. 15-64                                       | n/a              | n/a                |
|                     |                      |  |   |                     |                                      |            |                   | Software spending, %<br>SO 9001 quality certif        |  | 0.2<br>5.6       | 64<br>52 ●         |
| <b>3.1</b><br>3.1.1 | Informat             |  | unication technologies                        | (ICTs) 63.7<br>51.3 | <b>73</b><br>90                      |            | 6.2.5 H           | High-tech manufacturi                                 | ing, %   | 13.3             | 82                 |
| 3.1.2               | ICT use*             | r  |   | 42.6                | 97                                   | $\Diamond$ |                   | <b>Knowledge diffusion</b><br>ntellectual property re |  | <b>4.8</b> 0.0   | <b>121</b> < 73    |
|                     | Governn<br>E-partici | nent's online se<br>ination*                   | ervice*                                       | 81.2<br>79.8        | 40 <b>●</b> 49 <b>●</b>              |            |                   | Production and export                                 | •  | 21.4             | 109                |
| 3.2                 |                      | l infrastructur                                | re  | 24.8                | 85                                   |            |                   | High-tech exports, %                                  |  | 0.3              | 104<br>117         |
|                     |                      | ty output, GWh                                 |   | 1,859.1             | 83                                   |            | 0.3.4             | CT services exports, 9                                | % total trade                                  | 0.2              | 117                |
|                     | -                    | s performance <sup>,</sup><br>apital formatior |   | 38.8<br>22.4        | 61<br>63                             |            | <b>&amp;</b> ,' ( | Creative outputs                                      |  | 18.5             | 86                 |
| 3.3                 |                      | cal sustainab                                  |   | 30.3                | 57 ●                                 | •          |                   | ntangible assets                                      |  | 29.4             | 74                 |
|                     |                      | it of energy use<br>nental perform             |   | 13.0<br>51.0        | 38 <b>●</b><br>54 <b>●</b>           |            |                   | Frademarks by origin/b                                | on PPP\$ GDP                                   | 59.6             | 36 ●               |
|                     |                      |  | al certificates/bn PPP\$ G                    |                     |                                      | ,          |                   | Global brand value, top<br>ndustrial designs by o     |  | 0.0<br>0.4       | 80 ⊜ <<br>91       |
|                     |                      |  |   |                     |                                      |            |                   | CTs and organization                                  | •  | 52.9             | 66                 |
| iii                 | Marke                | t sophistica                                   | ation   | 50.3                | 44 ●                                 |            |                   | Creative goods and s                                  |  | 4.6              | 108                |
| 4.1                 | Credit               |  |   | 44.5                | 52 ●                                 | •          |                   | Cultural and creative se<br>National feature films/r  | rvices exports, % total trade<br>nn pop. 15–69 | 0.0<br>2.1       | 109 ()<br>64       |
|                     |                      | getting credit*<br>ic credit to privi          | ate sector, % GDP                             | 45.0<br>42.8        | 101<br>78                            | $\Diamond$ | 7.2.3 E           | Entertainment and me                                  | dia market/th pop. 15-69                       | n/a              | n/a                |
|                     |                      | ance gross loa                                 |   | 6.1                 | 1 •                                  | •          |                   | Printing and other med<br>Creative goods export       |  | 0.9<br>0.0       | 62<br>114          |
|                     | Investm              |  |   | 44.0                |                                      |            |                   | Online creativity                                     |  | 10.7             | 90                 |
|                     |                      | protecting mine<br>capitalization, %           |   | 44.0<br>n/a         | 98<br>n/a                            | $\Diamond$ |                   | •   | ains (TLDs)/th pop. 15–69                      | 1.9              | 78<br>84           |
| 4.2.3               | Venture              | capital investo                                | rs, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP                        | n/a                 | n/a                                  |            |                   | Country-code TLDs/th<br>Wikipedia edits/mn po         | * *  | 1.1<br>40.9      | 83                 |
|                     |                      |  | nts, deals/bn PPP\$ GDF<br>. and market scale |                     | n/a<br><b>85</b>                     |            | 7.3.4 N           | Mobile app creation/b                                 | n PPP\$ GDP                                    | 0.2              | 86                 |

NOTES: • indicates a strength;  $\bigcirc$  a weakness; • an income group strength;  $\bigcirc$  an income group weakness; \* an index; † a survey question.  $\odot$  indicates that the economy's data are older than the base year; see appendices for details, including the year of the data, at http://globalinnovationindex.org. Square brackets [] indicate that the data minimum coverage (DMC) requirements were not met at the sub-pillar or pillar level.

**62.6 85** 8.1 104

77.5 85

185.9 66

4.3 Trade, diversification, and market scale4.3.1 Applied tariff rate, weighted avg., %

4.3.2 Domestic industry diversification

## **Egypt**

Output rank Input rank

Income

Region

04

GII 2020 rank

| 86   |  | <del></del>   | NAWA   | 10                                       | 2.3  | 1,292.5   | 12,719   |   | 96                                      |
|--|--|---|--|--|--|---|--|---|---|
|  |  |   | Score/<br>Value  | Rank                                     |  |   |  | Score/<br>Value                           | Rank                                    |
| <u></u> In   | stitutions   |   | 49.3   | 114                                      | 2  | Business sophisti   | cation   | 18.0                                      | 106                                     |
| 1.1.1 Po<br>1.1.2 Go<br>1.2 Re   | political environment<br>political and operational<br>povernment effectivene<br>egulatory environme  | ss*   |  | 95<br><b>124</b> ⊝ ◊                     | 5.1.3  | Knowledge workers Knowledge-intensive er Firms offering formal tra GERD performed by bus GERD financed by busi  | aining, %<br>usiness, % GDP                                | 13.9<br>29.6<br>7.9<br>0.0<br>3.9         | <b>113</b> 50 ◆ 96 ○ ◇ 79 ○ 86          |
|  | egulatory quality*<br>ule of law*  |   | 21.9<br>35.6   | 121 ⊜<br>87                              |  | Females employed w/a  |  | 5.8                                       | 92                                      |
|  | Cost of redundancy dismissal   |   | 36.8   |  | <b>5.2</b> 5.21                                | Innovation linkages University-industry R&I   | ) collaboration <sup>†</sup>                               | <b>20.7</b> 44.3                          | <b>65</b><br>56                         |
|  | usiness environment<br>ase of starting a busine  |   | <b>65.0</b><br>87.8                                    | <b>84</b><br>72                          |  | State of cluster develop  |  | 67.2                                      | 12 ● ♦                                  |
| 1.3.2 Ea   | ase of resolving insolve   | ency*   | 42.2   | 93                                       | 5.2.4  | GERD financed by abro<br>Joint venture/strategic a<br>Patent families/bn PPP  | lliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP                                 | 0.0<br>0.0<br>0.0                         | 87<br>101<br>95                         |
| <b>≗≗</b> H  | uman capital and   | d research  | 21.8   | 93                                       | 5.3  | Knowledge absorptio   |  | 19.6                                      | 96                                      |
| 2.1.1 Ex<br>2.1.2 Go<br>2.1.3 So<br>2.1.4 PIS  | ducation  spenditure on education  by the content of the content o | oil, secondary, % GDP/cap<br>years<br>maths and science | 40.7<br>n/a<br>11.8<br>13.6<br>n/a<br>15.8             | 85<br>75                                 | 5.3.2<br>5.3.3<br>5.3.4                        | Intellectual property pa<br>High-tech imports, % to<br>ICT services imports, %<br>FDI net inflows, % GDF<br>Research talent, % in b                       | otal trade<br>6 total trade                                | 0.3<br>9.3<br>1.0<br>3.1<br>0 6.3         | 80<br>40 ●<br>80<br>44 ●<br>68          |
|  | ertiary education  | ,   | 13.9   |  | ميم  | Knowledge and t   | echnology outputs  | 19.4                                      | 70                                      |
| 2.2.2 Gr<br>2.2.3 Te   | ertiary enrolment, % graduates in science an<br>ertiary inbound mobility<br>esearch and develop<br>esearchers, FTE/mn p  | d engineering, %<br>y, %<br>ment (R&D)                  | 38.9<br>② 11.2<br>② 1.8<br><b>10.7</b><br>② 686.7      | 76<br>105 ○ ◇<br>78<br><b>55</b> ♦<br>60 | 6.1.2  | Knowledge creation<br>Patents by origin/bn PP<br>PCT patents by origin/b<br>Utility models by origin/s<br>Scientific and technical                        | on PPP\$ GDP<br>/bn PPP\$ GDP                              | 13.8<br>0.8<br>0.0<br>n/a<br>15.9         | <b>68</b><br>69<br>77<br>n/a<br>54      |
| 2.3.3 Glo<br>2.3.4 QS  | ross expenditure on Roobal corporate R&D in Suniversity ranking, to  | vestors, top 3, mn US\$                                 | ② 0.7<br>0.0<br>20.4                                   | 49 ◆<br>41 ○ ♢<br>52 ● ◆                 | 6.1.5<br><b>6.2</b><br>6.2.1<br>6.2.2          | Citable documents H-ir<br><b>Knowledge impact</b><br>Labor productivity grow<br>New businesses/th pop   | ndex<br>vth, %<br>o. 15–64                                 | 17.7<br><b>33.0</b><br>4.5<br>n/a         | 46 ● ◆ 53 ● ◆ 9 ● n/a                   |
| ~  |  |   | 33.5   |  |  | Software spending, % ISO 9001 quality certific  |  | 0.2<br>1.9                                | 72<br>90                                |
| 3.1.1 IC 3.1.2 IC 3.1.3 Gc 3.1.4 E-  3.2 Gc 3.2.1 Electrical states of the states of t | T access* T use* overnment's online ser participation* eneral infrastructure ectricity output, GWh/  |   | 58.8<br>43.1<br>57.1<br>51.2<br><b>21.4</b><br>1,971.8 | 81                                       | 6.2.5<br><b>6.3</b><br>6.3.1<br>6.3.2<br>6.3.3 | High-tech manufacturin<br>Knowledge diffusion<br>Intellectual property rec<br>Production and export<br>High-tech exports, % to<br>ICT services exports, 9 | ng, %<br>ceipts, % total trade<br>complexity<br>otal trade | 21.8<br>11.3<br>0.0<br>42.5<br>0.5<br>1.2 | 58<br><b>90</b><br>99<br>66<br>90<br>73 |
|  | ogistics performance*<br>ross capital formation,   | % GDP   | 36.1<br>19.0   | 66<br>96                                 | €,   | Creative outputs  |  | 15.5                                      | 104                                     |
| 3.3.1 GE<br>3.3.2 En<br>3.3.3 ISC  | cological sustainabil<br>DP/unit of energy use<br>nvironmental performa<br>O 14001 environmental   | ity<br>nce*<br>certificates/bn PPP\$ GDP                | <b>26.7</b> 12.1 43.3 0.8                              | <b>76</b> ◆ 48 ● 81 ◆ 73                 | 7.1.2<br>7.1.3                                 | Intangible assets Trademarks by origin/b Global brand value, top Industrial designs by or ICTs and organizational   | 5,000, % GDP<br>igin/bn PPP\$ GDP                          | 21.3<br>18.7<br>3.1<br>1.4<br>56.0        | <b>95</b><br>95<br>75<br>58<br>57       |
| iií M  | arket sophistica   | tion  | 40.9   | 96                                       | 7.2  | Creative goods and so   |  | 8.2                                       | 87                                      |
| 4.1.1 Ea<br>4.1.2 Do   | redit<br>ase of getting credit*<br>omestic credit to priva<br>icrofinance gross loan   |   | <b>29.5</b><br>65.0<br>24.0<br>0.1                     | 108<br>61<br>109<br>62                   | 7.2.2<br>7.2.3<br>7.2.4                        | National feature films/m  | lia market/th pop. 15–69<br>a, % manufacturing             | n/a<br>0.6<br>0.8<br>0.5<br>1.3           | n/a<br>94 ○<br>61 ○<br>84<br>40 ●       |
| 4.2.1 Ea<br>4.2.2 Ma<br>4.2.3 Ve<br>4.2.4 Ve   | enture capital recipient   | GDP<br>s, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>s, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP   | 19.6<br>64.0<br>17.0<br>0.0<br>0.0                     | 56<br>62<br>67<br>60                     | 7.3.2<br>7.3.3                                 | Online creativity Generic top-level doma Country-code TLDs/th Wikipedia edits/mn pop Mobile app creation/bn   | o. 15–69   | 11.4<br>1.2<br>0.0<br>45.1<br>0.2         | <b>87</b><br>92<br>123 ○<br>76 ◆<br>85  |
| 4.3.1 Ap<br>4.3.2 Do   | ade, diversification,<br>oplied tariff rate, weigh<br>omestic industry diver-<br>omestic market scale,   | ited avg., %<br>sification                              | <b>73.6</b><br>10.4<br>92.2<br>1,292.5                 | <b>49</b>                                |  |   |  |   |   |

Population (mn) GDP, PPP\$ (bn) GDP per capita, PPP\$

#### **El Salvador**

96

| Output rank                 |   | Income                               | Region          | <b>PO</b>   | •          |                     | GDP, PPP\$ (bn)   | GDP per capita, PPP\$                     | GII 20           |                      |
|-----------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|-----------------|-------------|------------|---------------------|---|---|------------------|----------------------|
| 89                          | 100                                     | Lower middle                         | LCN             |             | 6          | 5.5                 | 54.5  | 8,401                                     | !                | 92                   |
|                             |   |                                      | Score/<br>Value | Rank        |            |                     |   |   | Score/<br>Value  | Rank                 |
| nstitu                      | tions                                   |                                      | 54.5            | 98          |            | •                   | Business sophist  | tication                                  | 22.4             | 80                   |
|                             | l environmen                            | <b>.</b>                             | 48.3            | 94          |            | 5.1                 | Knowledge workers   |   | 29.3             | 72                   |
|                             | and operation                           |                                      | 64.3            | 80          |            |                     | Knowledge-intensive   | employment, %                             | 12.3             | 103                  |
| 1.2 Governr                 | nent effectiver                         | ness*                                | 40.3            | 97          |            |                     | Firms offering formal to  |   |                  | 13 (                 |
| •                           | ory environm                            | ent                                  | 53.0            | 99          |            |                     | GERD performed by business, % GDP<br>GERD financed by business, % |   |                  | 71<br>54             |
|                             | I Regulatory quality*<br>2 Rule of law* |                                      | 44.1<br>26.6    | 69<br>111   | •          |                     | Females employed w/a  |   | 35.2<br>4.3      | 97                   |
|                             | 3 Cost of redundancy dismissal          |                                      | 22.9            | 97          |            | 5.2                 | Innovation linkages   |   | 11.0             | 126                  |
| 3 Busines                   | s environme                             | nt                                   | 62.1            | 96          |            |                     | University-industry R&  |   | 26.2             | 121                  |
|                             | starting a busi                         |                                      | 78.6            | 112         |            |                     | State of cluster develo<br>GERD financed by abr                   |   | 33.9<br>0.0      | 116<br>80            |
| 3.2 Ease of                 | resolving insol                         | vency*                               | 45.6            | 83          |            |                     | •   | alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP               | 0.0              | 124                  |
| 0.11                        |   | ad management                        | 40.4            | 100         |            |                     | Patent families/bn PPF  |   | 0.0              | 88                   |
| Huma                        | n capital ai                            | nd research                          | 18.1            | 106         |            | 5.3                 | Knowledge absorption  |   | 26.9             | 66                   |
| 1 Educati                   |   |                                      | 31.2            |             |            |                     |   | ayments, % total trade                    | 1.1              | 35                   |
|                             | ture on educa                           |                                      | 3.6             | 80          |            |                     | High-tech imports, % ICT services imports,                        |   | 8.9<br>0.5       | 47<br>102            |
|                             | nent funding/pi<br>ife expectancy       | upil, secondary, % GDP/ca<br>, vears | ap 14.2<br>11.6 | 79<br>94    |            |                     | FDI net inflows, % GD   |   | 2.1              | 76                   |
|                             |   | , maths and science                  | n/a             | n/a         |            | 5.3.5               | Research talent, % in   | businesses                                | n/a              | n/a                  |
|                             | acher ratio, se                         |                                      | ② 27.6          | 113         | $\Diamond$ |                     |   |   |                  |                      |
| 2 Tertiary                  | education                               |                                      | 22.0            | 92          |            | مهم                 | Knowledge and   | technology outputs                        | 8.3              | 124                  |
|                             | enrolment, %                            |                                      | 29.4            | 86          |            | 6.1                 | Knowledge creation  |   | 1.3              | 131                  |
|                             | es in science a<br>inbound mobi         | and engineering, %                   | 21.4<br>0.5     | 64<br>96    |            |                     | Patents by origin/bn P  | PP\$ GDP                                  |                  | 126                  |
| •                           |   | ppment (R&D)                         | 0.9             | 105         |            |                     | PCT patents by origin/  |   | 0.0              | 91                   |
|                             | hers, FTE/mn                            |                                      | Ø 71.2          | 92          |            |                     | Utility models by origin  |   | 0.1              | 58                   |
|                             | penditure on                            | • •                                  | Ø 0.2           | 94          |            |                     | Citable documents H-  | al articles/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>index         | 1.1<br>2.6       | 129<br>125           |
|                             |   | investors, top 3, mn US\$            |                 |             | 0 0        |                     | Knowledge impact  |   |                  | [128]                |
| 3.4 QS unive                | ersity ranking,                         | top 3*                               | 0.0             | 74 (        | 0 \$       |                     | Labor productivity gro  | wth, %                                    | n/a              |                      |
| ett Infrasi                 | ruoturo.                                |                                      | 20 E            | 00          |            |                     | New businesses/th po  |   | 0.6              | 93                   |
| , illiiasi                  | ructure                                 |                                      | 30.5            | 99          |            |                     | Software spending, % ISO 9001 quality certif                      |   | 0.0<br>2.7       | 100<br>80            |
|                             |   | nunication technologies (l           | •               | 93          |            |                     | High-tech manufacturi   |   | n/a              | n/a                  |
| I.1 ICT acce                |   |                                      | 49.4            | 91          |            | 6.3                 | Knowledge diffusion   | •   | 18.9             | 57                   |
| 1.2 ICT use*<br>1.3 Governr | nent's online s                         | ervice*                              | 33.7<br>57.6    | 103<br>93   |            |                     | Intellectual property re  |   | 0.3              | 34                   |
| .4 E-partic                 |   |                                      | 67.9            | 75          |            |                     | Production and export   |   | 47.0             | 53                   |
| 2 Genera                    | infrastructu                            | re                                   | 14.0            | 121         | 0          |                     | High-tech exports, % ICT services exports,                        |   | 2.2<br>2.4       | 53<br>47             |
|                             | ty output, GW                           |                                      | 941.9           | 98          |            | 0.0.1               | TO T COI VICCO CAPOLIC,   | , o total flado                           |                  |                      |
|                             | s performance<br>apital formatio        |                                      | 24.6<br>14.7    | 97<br>115   | $\Diamond$ | a.                  | Creative outputs  |   | 26.0             | 57                   |
|                             | cal sustainat                           |                                      | 25.3            | 79          | ~          |                     |   |   |                  |                      |
| -                           | t of energy us                          | -                                    | 11.7            | 53          | •          | <b>7.1</b><br>7.1.1 | Intangible assets Trademarks by origin/l                          | on PPP\$ GDP                              | <b>44.6</b> 82.3 | <b>31</b><br>20      |
| 3.2 Environr                | nental perforn                          | nance*                               | 43.1            | 82          | •          |                     | Global brand value, to  | ·   | oz.s<br>n/a      | n/a                  |
| 3.3 ISO 1400                | )1 environment                          | al certificates/bn PPP\$ GD          | OP 0.3          | 93          |            | 7.1.3               | Industrial designs by o   | rigin/bn PPP\$ GDP                        | 0.1              | 107                  |
| ا وو مو                     |   |                                      | 00.4            | 405         |            |                     | ICTs and organization   |   | 42.7             |                      |
| Marke                       | t sophistic                             | ation                                | 39.1            | 105         |            | <b>7.2</b><br>721   | Creative goods and s  | services<br>rvices exports, % total trade |                  | [ <b>106]</b><br>106 |
| 1 Credit                    |   |                                      | 42.0            | 61          |            |                     | National feature films/   | •   | n/a              | n/a                  |
|                             | getting credit*                         |                                      | 80.0            | 23 (        | •          |                     |   | dia market/th pop. 15-69                  | n/a              | n/a                  |
|                             | c credit to priv<br>ance gross loa      | vate sector, % GDP                   | 54.0<br>0.4     | 61<br>38    |            |                     | Printing and other med  |   | n/a              | n/a                  |
| 2 Investm                   | _                                       | ano, /0 adi                          | 19.9            |             |            |                     | Creative goods export   | s, % total trade                          | 0.6              | 58                   |
|                             |   | ority investors*                     | 36.0            |             |            | 7.3                 | Online creativity   | ains (TLDs)/th ass 15 60                  | 9.9              | <b>93</b><br>72      |
|                             | capitalization,                         |                                      | n/a             | n/a         |            |                     | Country-code TLDs/th  | ains (TLDs)/th pop. 15-69<br>pop. 15-69   | 2.5<br>0.6       | 96                   |
|                             | •                                       | ors, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP              | 0.0             | 62          |            |                     | Wikipedia edits/mn po   |   | 38.2             | 87                   |
|                             |   | nts, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP              | n/a             | n/a         |            | 7.3.4               | Mobile app creation/b   | n PPP\$ GDP                               | 0.0              | 101                  |
|                             |   | n, and market scale                  | 55.6            |             |            |                     |   |   |                  |                      |
|                             | tariff rate, weig<br>c industry dive    |                                      | 2.0<br>n/a      | 56 (<br>n/a | • •        |                     |   |   |                  |                      |

NOTES: • indicates a strength;  $\bigcirc$  a weakness; • an income group strength;  $\bigcirc$  an income group weakness; \* an index; † a survey question. ② indicates that the economy's data are older than the base year; see appendices for details, including the year of the data, at http://globalinnovationindex.org. Square brackets [] indicate that the data minimum coverage (DMC) requirements were not met at the sub-pillar or pillar level.

n/a n/a

54.5 101

4.3.2 Domestic industry diversification

#### **Estonia**

Output rank Input rank

Income

Region

21

GII 2020 rank

Population (mn) GDP, PPP\$ (bn) GDP per capita, PPP\$

| 20  | 24   | High  | EUR  | <u>1 Opula</u>  | .3                           | 49.1  | 37,033  |  | 25<br>25                                    |
|---|--|---|--|---|------------------------------|---|---|--|---|
|   |  |   | Score/<br>Value  | Rank  |                              |   |   | Score/<br>Value                                  | Rank  |
| <u> îii</u> Institu   | utions   |   | 81.1   | 22  | 2                            | Business sophist  | tication  | 39.9   | 29  |
| <ul><li>1.1.1 Politica</li><li>1.1.2 Govern</li><li>1.2 Regula</li></ul>              | al environment I and operational soment effectiveness tory environment tory quality*                     | *   | <b>79.1</b><br>83.9<br>76.8<br><b>86.5</b><br>85.1       | 23<br>13<br>25<br>16<br>15  | 5.1.3                        | Knowledge workers<br>Knowledge-intensive e<br>Firms offering formal to<br>GERD performed by b<br>GERD financed by bus                                 | raining, %<br>usiness, % GDP  | <b>52.0</b> 46.6 40.7 0.9 40.8                   | 25<br>14<br>27<br>25<br>43                  |
| 1.2.2 Rule of<br>1.2.3 Cost of  | Rule of law*<br>Cost of redundancy dismissal<br>Business environment                                     |   | 80.5<br>12.9<br><b>77.7</b>                              | 22<br>39  | 5.2                          | Females employed w/a<br>Innovation linkages<br>University-industry R&   |   | 27.0<br><b>32.9</b><br>48.8                      | 7 ● <b>29</b> < 43 <                        |
| 1.3.1 Ease of<br>1.3.2 Ease of  | starting a busines<br>resolving insolven   | cy*   | 95.4<br>60.1   | 13<br>49 ♦  | 5.2.2<br>5.2.3<br>5.2.4      | State of cluster develo<br>GERD financed by abr   | pment and depth <sup>†</sup><br>oad, % GDP<br>alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP | 46.4<br>0.2<br>0.1<br>0.9                        | 65 O < 20 20 28 <                           |
| <b>Huma</b>   | n capital and  | research  | 42.9   | <b>34</b> ♦   | 5.3                          | Knowledge absorption  |   | 34.8   | 42  |
| 2.1.2 Governo<br>2.1.3 School<br>2.1.4 PISA sc  | liture on education  | secondary, % GDP/ca<br>ars<br>aths and science  | 58.2<br>5.0<br>p ② 19.1<br>15.9<br>525.5<br>② 9.7        | <b>36</b><br>40<br>54 ○<br>38<br>4 •                                  | 5.3.2<br>5.3.3<br>5.3.4      | Intellectual property pa<br>High-tech imports, %<br>ICT services imports, 6<br>FDI net inflows, % GDI<br>Research talent, % in I                      | total trade<br>% total trade<br>P   | 0.3<br>8.5<br>2.8<br>6.6<br>39.1                 | 82 () <<br>53<br>11<br>15<br>33 (           |
|   | y education  | •   | 45.9   | 19  | مهم                          | Knowledge and   | technology outputs  | 38.4   | 22  |
| 2.2.2 Gradua<br>2.2.3 Tertiary<br><b>2.3 Resear</b><br>2.3.1 Researc<br>2.3.2 Gross 6 | enrolment, % grostes in science and inbound mobility, the and developments, FTE/mn popexpenditure on R&E | engineering, % % ent (R&D) b. O, % GDP          | 70.4<br>27.7<br>9.6<br><b>24.6</b><br>3,765.7<br>1.6     | 32<br>26<br>24<br><b>42</b> $\diamondsuit$<br>28 $\diamondsuit$<br>22 | 6.1.2<br>6.1.3<br>6.1.4      | Knowledge creation<br>Patents by origin/bn P<br>PCT patents by origin/<br>Utility models by origin<br>Scientific and technica<br>Citable documents H- | bn PPP\$ GDP<br>n/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>al articles/bn PPP\$ GDP                | 30.9<br>1.6<br>1.1<br>1.3<br>43.5<br>17.4        | 32 < 46 < 27 < 19 14 47 <                   |
| 2.3.4 QS univ   | rersity ranking, top   |   | 0.0<br>21.3<br>59.8                                      | 41 0 ¢<br>48 ¢  | 6.2.2<br>6.2.3               | Knowledge impact<br>Labor productivity gro<br>New businesses/th po<br>Software spending, %<br>ISO 9001 quality certif                                 | p. 15–64<br>GDP   | <b>48.1</b> 2.2 23.6 0.1 19.5                    | 9<br>25<br>2 • •<br>78 ○ •                  |
| 3.1.1 ICT acc<br>3.1.2 ICT use<br>3.1.3 Govern<br>3.1.4 E-partic<br>3.2 Genera        | ess*<br>*<br>ment's online servi   |   | 90.7<br>82.1<br>81.3<br>99.4<br>100.0<br>39.0<br>9,370.7 | 5 ● 26 21 2 ● ◆ 1 ● 33 16   | <b>6.3</b> 6.3.1 6.3.2 6.3.3 | High-tech manufacturi<br>Knowledge diffusion<br>Intellectual property re<br>Production and export<br>High-tech exports, %<br>ICT services exports, (  | ceipts, % total trade<br>complexity<br>total trade                        | 32.2<br><b>36.0</b><br>0.1<br>66.2<br>8.4<br>4.6 | 40<br><b>25</b><br>61 ○ <<br>28<br>21<br>19 |
| •   | s performance*<br>apital formation, %  | 6 GDP   | 58.7<br>25.2   | 35 ♦<br>44  | <b>&amp;!</b>                | Creative outputs  |   | 45.3   | 15  |
| 3.3 Ecolog<br>3.3.1 GDP/ur<br>3.3.2 Environ   | ical sustainability<br>iit of energy use<br>mental performand  | ,   | <b>49.7</b><br>8.8<br>65.3                               | <b>16</b><br>83 ○<br>30<br>4 • ◆                                      | 7.1.2<br>7.1.3               | Intangible assets Trademarks by origin/b Global brand value, top Industrial designs by o ICTs and organizationa                                       | o 5,000, % GDP<br>rigin/bn PPP\$ GDP                                      | <b>44.3</b><br>80.7<br>0.0<br>3.5<br>79.3        | <b>33</b><br>21<br>80 ○ <<br>30<br>5 ●      |
| iii Marke   | et sophisticati  | on  | 66.4   | 10  | 7.2                          | Creative goods and s  |   | 36.5   | 17  |
| 4.1.2 Domes   | getting credit*<br>tic credit to private<br>nance gross loans,   |   | <b>46.6</b><br>70.0<br>59.0<br>n/a                       | <b>44</b><br>44<br>56 ⇔<br>n/a  | 7.2.2<br>7.2.3<br>7.2.4      | National feature films/r  | dia market/th pop. 15–69<br>dia, % manufacturing                          | 2.0<br>19.5<br>n/a<br>1.9<br>1.0                 | 7<br>5 ● 4<br>n/a<br>17<br>43               |
| 4.2.2 Market<br>4.2.3 Venture<br>4.2.4 Venture  | protecting minority<br>capitalization, % G<br>capital investors,   | GDP<br>deals/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>deals/bn PPP\$ GDP | 80.6<br>58.0<br>n/a<br>0.4<br>0.2<br>71.9                | 4 • ◆ 77 ○ ◇ n/a 8 • 5 • ◆  | 7.3.2<br>7.3.3               | Online creativity Generic top-level dom Country-code TLDs/th Wikipedia edits/mn po Mobile app creation/b  | p. 15–69  | <b>56.1</b> 10.4 44.0 88.7 75.8                  | 14<br>39<br>17<br>3 • •                     |
| 4.3.1 Applied<br>4.3.2 Domes  | tariff rate, weighte<br>tic industry diversif<br>tic market scale, br                                    | d avg., %<br>ication                            | 1.8<br>② 96.9<br>49.1                                    | 25<br>18  |                              |   |   |  |   |

# **Ethiopia**

126

| Output rank                       | Input rank  | Income  | Region               | Ро                | pulation (m           | on (mn) GDP, PPP\$ (bn) GDP per capita, PPP          |                               | G        | GII 2020 rar       |                       |  |
|-----------------------------------|---|---|----------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|--|-------------------------------|----------|--------------------|-----------------------|--|
| 107                               | 129   | Low   | SSF                  |                   | 115.0                 | 272.0  | 2,772                         |          | 1                  | 27                    |  |
|                                   |   |   | Score/<br>Value      | Donk              |                       |  |                               |          | core/<br>Value     | Ponk                  |  |
| institu                           | itions  |   | 48.4                 |                   | -                     | Business sophist                                     | tication                      |          | 14.5               |                       |  |
| 1.1 Politica                      | l environment   |   | 41.6                 | 113               | 5.1                   | Knowledge workers                                    |                               |          | 5.4                | 130 <                 |  |
| 1.1.1 Political                   | and operational   | ,   | 51.8                 | 119               | 5.1.1                 | •  |                               | 0        | 4.5<br>20.8        | 119                   |  |
|                                   | nent effectivenes<br>tory environmer  |   | 36.5<br><b>52.6</b>  | 107<br><b>100</b> | 5.1.2<br>5.1.3        | Firms offering formal to<br>GERD performed by b      | •                             | Ø .<br>Ø | 0.0                | 74<br>88              |  |
| 1.2.1 Regulate                    |   | ı.  | 20.3                 |                   | 5.1.4                 | •  | •                             | Ø        | 1.5                | 92                    |  |
| 1.2.2 Rule of I                   | aw*<br>redundancy dism  | niceal  | 34.2<br>19.1         | 93<br>81          | 5.1.5<br><b>5.2</b>   | Females employed w/s Innovation linkages             | advanced degrees, %           | Ø        | 0.3<br><b>15.0</b> | 123<br><b>108</b>     |  |
|                                   | ss environment  | IISSAI  | 51.0                 |                   |                       | University-industry R&                               | D collaboration†              |          | 39.6               | 78                    |  |
| 1.3.1 Ease of                     | starting a busine   |   | 71.7                 | 122               | ♦ 5.2.2               | State of cluster develo                              |                               | Ø<br>Ø   | 37.7               | 110                   |  |
| 1.3.2 Ease of                     | resolving insolve   | ncy*  | 30.3                 | 119               |                       | GERD financed by abr<br>Joint venture/strategic      | alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP   | 0        | 0.1<br>0.0         | 51 <b>●</b><br>105    |  |
| • Huma                            | n capital and   | research                                      | 10.5                 | 126               | 5.2.5                 | Patent families/bn PPF                               | P\$ GDP                       |          | 0.0                | 100 🔾                 |  |
| <del></del>                       | -   | rescaren                                      |                      |                   | 5.3<br>5.3 1          | Knowledge absorption                                 |                               |          | <b>23.1</b> 0.1    | <b>75</b><br>103      |  |
| 2.1 Educati<br>2.1.1 Expendi      | <b>ion</b><br>iture on educatio   | n % GDP                                       | <b>24.8</b> ② 4.7    | <b>124</b><br>49  | E 0 0                 | Intellectual property pa<br>High-tech imports, %     |                               | Ø        | 15.2               | 12 ● ◀                |  |
|                                   |   | il, secondary, % GDP/cap                      | o Ø 16.8             | 67                | 5.3.3                 | ICT services imports,                                |                               |          | 0.9                | 83                    |  |
|                                   | ife expectancy, y   | ears<br>naths and science                     | ② 8.4 n/a            | 116<br>n/a        |                       | FDI net inflows, % GD Research talent, % in          |                               | Ø        | 3.8<br>2.2         | 30 <b>●</b><br>76     |  |
|                                   | acher ratio, seco   |   | ② 43.7               | 123               | >                     |  |                               |          |                    |                       |  |
| -                                 | education   |   |                      | [125]             | es es                 | Knowledge and  | technology outputs            | 1        | 16.2               | 81                    |  |
| ,                                 | enrolment, % gro  |   | ② 8.1 n/a            | 118<br>n/a        | 6.1                   | Knowledge creation                                   |                               |          | 18.0               | 57 ● ∢                |  |
|                                   | inbound mobility  |   | n/a                  | n/a               | 6.1.1                 | , ,  |                               | Ø        | 0.1                | 119                   |  |
|                                   | ch and develop  |   | 1.6                  | 100               | 6.1.3                 | PCT patents by origin/<br>Utility models by origin   |                               | Ø        | n/a<br>1.7         | n/a<br>13 ●           |  |
|                                   | chers, FTE/mn po<br>xpenditure on R&  | •   | ② 90.5<br>② 0.3      | 89<br>85          | ◆ 6.1.4               |  | al articles/bn PPP\$ GDP      |          | 13.0               | 68                    |  |
| 2.3.3 Global of                   | orporate R&D inv  | vestors, top 3, mn US\$                       | 0.0                  | 41                | ○                     |  | inaex                         |          | 8.6<br><b>23.5</b> | 84 <b>◆ 87</b>        |  |
| 2.3.4 QS univ                     | ersity ranking, to  | p 3*  | 0.0                  | 74                | ○ <b>6.2</b><br>6.2.1 | Knowledge impact<br>Labor productivity gro           | wth, %                        | •        | 5.3                | 5 <b>• ♦</b>          |  |
| #\$ Infrast                       | tructure  |   | 24.6                 | 191               |                       | New businesses/th po                                 | •                             |          | 0.5                | 97                    |  |
| ~                                 |   |   |                      |                   |                       | Software spending, % ISO 9001 quality certif         |                               |          | 0.0<br>0.2         | 125 ○ <<br>130        |  |
| <b>3.1 Informa</b> 3.1.1 ICT acco |   | nication technologies (IC                     | <b>Ts) 25.6</b> 21.7 | <b>127</b> 132    | 6.2.5                 | High-tech manufacturi                                | ng, %                         | Ø        | 13.6               | 79                    |  |
| 3.1.2 ICT use                     | •   |   | 10.9                 | 129               | 6.3                   | Knowledge diffusion                                  |                               |          | <b>7.1</b> 0.0     | <b>109</b><br>78      |  |
| 3.1.3 Governr<br>3.1.4 E-partic   | nent's online servination*  | vice*   | 36.5<br>33.3         | 119<br>120        |                       | Intellectual property re<br>Production and export    |                               |          | 28.7               | 96                    |  |
|                                   | l infrastructure  |   | 34.0                 | 43                |                       | High-tech exports, %                                 |                               | Ø        | 0.3                | 97<br>97              |  |
| 3.2.1 Electrici                   | ty output, GWh/r  | mn pop.                                       | 124.3                | 121               | - 0.3.4               | ICT services exports,                                | % total trade                 |          | 0.6                | 97                    |  |
|                                   | s performance* apital formation,  | % GDP   | n/a<br>36.7          | n/a<br>11         | <b>6</b> 8.           | Creative outputs                                     |                               |          | 8.7                | 127                   |  |
|                                   | ical sustainabili   |   |                      | 127               | 7.1                   | Intangible assets                                    |                               |          | 13.0               | 194                   |  |
|                                   | it of energy use  |   | 4.8                  | 118               | 7.1.1                 | Trademarks by origin/l                               | on PPP\$ GDP                  | Ø        | 2.3                | 127 0 0               |  |
|                                   | mental performar<br>01 environmental  | nce <sup>-</sup><br>certificates/bn PPP\$ GDF | 34.4<br>0.0          | 105<br>132        | 7.1.2                 | ,  |                               |          | 2.9                | 76<br>n/a             |  |
|                                   | o i o i i i i o i i i i o i i i i o i i i o i i i o i i i o i i i o i i i o i o | 501 till 6410 67 5111 1 1 1 4 4 5 1           | 0.0                  | .02               | ○○ 7.1.3<br>7.1.4     | Industrial designs by o<br>ICTs and organizations    | •                             | ;        | n/a<br>38.2        | n/a<br>117            |  |
| Marke                             | t sophisticat   | ion   | 26.1                 | 130               | ◇ 7.2                 | Creative goods and s                                 | services                      |          | 8.7                | [85]                  |  |
| 4.1 Credit                        |   |   | 10.1                 | 128               | 7.2.1<br>7.2.2        | Cultural and creative se<br>National feature films/i | rvices exports, % total trade |          | 0.0<br>n/a         | 105<br>n/a            |  |
| 4.1.1 Ease of                     | getting credit*   | . 0/ 222                                      | 15.0                 | 127               | ^                     |  | dia market/th pop. 15-69      |          | n/a                | n/a                   |  |
|                                   | ic credit to privat<br>ance gross loans   |   | n/a<br>0.0           | n/a<br>66         |                       | Printing and other med                               |                               | Ø<br>Ø   | 1.8                | 21 <b>•</b>           |  |
| 4.2 Investm                       | _   | .,  | 4.0                  | 132               |                       | Creative goods export  Online creativity             | o, 70 lulai irade             | <b>⊘</b> | 0.0<br><b>0.0</b>  | 116<br><b>132</b> ⊖ < |  |
| 4.2.1 Ease of                     | protecting minor  |   | 10.0                 | 132               | 7.0                   |  | ains (TLDs)/th pop. 15-69     |          |                    | 130                   |  |
|                                   | capitalization, % capital investors   | GDP<br>, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP                   | n/a<br>0.0           | n/a<br>87         |                       | Country-code TLDs/th                                 |                               |          | 0.0                | 131 OZ                |  |
|                                   |   | s, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP                         | 0.0                  | 87                | ^                     | Wikipedia edits/mn po<br>Mobile app creation/b       | •                             | Ø        | 6.1<br>0.0         | 131 O <               |  |
|                                   |   | and market scale                              | 64.3                 | 76                | <b>•</b>              |  |                               |          |                    |                       |  |
|                                   | tariff rate, weight<br>ic industry divers   |   | ② 12.1<br>② 89.1     | 126<br>54         | •                     |  |                               |          |                    |                       |  |
|                                   | ic market scale I   |   | 272 0                | 58                |                       |  |                               |          |                    |                       |  |

NOTES: • indicates a strength;  $\bigcirc$  a weakness; • an income group strength;  $\bigcirc$  an income group weakness; \* an index; † a survey question.  $\odot$  indicates that the economy's data are older than the base year; see appendices for details, including the year of the data, at http://globalinnovationindex.org. Square brackets [] indicate that the data minimum coverage (DMC) requirements were not met at the sub-pillar or pillar level.

② 89.1 54 ● 272.0 58 ● ♦

Finland GII 2021 rank

Population (mn) GDP, PPP\$ (bn)

Output rank Input rank

Income

Region

7

GII 2020 rank

GDP per capita, PPP\$

| 9  | 9 6  | High   | EUR  | JR 5.5   |                                       | 272.7  | 49,334                                     |  | 7  |
|--|--|--|--|--|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
|  |  |  | Score/<br>Value  | Rank   |                                       |  |  | Score/<br>Value  | Rank   |
| îi Insti   | tutions  |  | 93.3   | 2 • ♦  | <b>2</b>                              | Business sophistica  | tion                                       | 61.0   | 6  |
| .1 Politic<br>.2 Gover                             | cal environment<br>cal and operational s<br>rnment effectivenes<br>latory environmen   | s*   | 90.9<br>85.7<br>93.5<br>95.9                                 | 5 •<br>11<br>4 • ◆<br>5 •<br>6                   | 5.1.3                                 | Knowledge workers Knowledge-intensive emplorisms offering formal training GERD performed by busines GERD financed by busines   | ng, %<br>ess, % GDP                        | 66.0<br>48.8<br>n/a<br>1.8<br>54.3                         | 7<br>10<br>n/a<br>10<br>21                       |
| 2 Rule o<br>3 Cost o<br>Busir                      | of redundancy dism   |  | 91.9<br>100.0<br>10.1<br><b>93.1</b>                         | 1 • •<br>31<br>1 • •                             | 5.1.5<br><b>5.2</b><br>5.2.1          | Females employed w/advar<br>Innovation linkages<br>University-industry R&D co  | nced degrees, %                            | 28.0<br><b>70.1</b><br>72.5<br>63.1                        | 4<br>3<br>4<br>19                                |
| 2 Ease   | of starting a busines of resolving insolver nan capital and  | ncy*   | 93.5<br>92.7<br><b>62.4</b>                                  | 29<br>1 • •                                      | 5.2.3<br>5.2.4                        | State of cluster developme<br>GERD financed by abroad,<br>Joint venture/strategic allian<br>Patent families/bn PPP\$ GI  | % GDP ce deals/bn PPP\$ GDP                | 0.4<br>0.2<br>5.7  | 5<br>11<br>1                                     |
| Educ<br>1 Exper<br>2 Gover<br>3 School<br>4 PISA   | ation<br>nditure on educatior  | n, % GDP<br>, secondary, % GDP/cap<br>ears<br>aths and science | <b>69.6</b> 6.4  | 9<br>10<br>32<br>6 ◆<br>8<br>65 ○                | 5.3.2<br>5.3.3<br>5.3.4               | Knowledge absorption<br>Intellectual property payme<br>High-tech imports, % total<br>ICT services imports, % to<br>FDI net inflows, % GDP<br>Research talent, % in busin                                 | trade<br>tal trade                         | 46.7<br>1.0<br>7.2<br>4.4<br>2.9<br>57.2                   | 17<br>39<br>74<br>3<br>54<br>16                  |
| Tertia   | ary education ry enrolment, % gro  | •  | <b>51.1</b> 90.3   | <b>12</b><br>9                                   | 240                                   | 3  | hnology outputs                            | 56.5   | 5  |
| Rese Rese Gross Globa                              | uates in science and<br>ry inbound mobility,<br>arch and developn<br>archers, FTE/mn pois<br>expenditure on R&<br>al corporate R&D inv<br>niversity ranking, top | % nent (R&D) b. D, % GDP estors, top 3, mn US\$                | 28.1<br>8.1<br><b>66.6</b><br>7,227.6<br>2.8<br>75.5<br>48.7 | 22<br>30<br><b>10</b><br>4 • ◆<br>11<br>11<br>20 | 6.1.3<br>6.1.4<br>6.1.5<br><b>6.2</b> | Knowledge creation Patents by origin/bn PPP\$ PCT patents by origin/bn P Utility models by origin/bn Scientific and technical arti Citable documents H-index Knowledge impact Labor productivity growth, | PP\$ GDP<br>PPP\$ GDP<br>cles/bn PPP\$ GDP | 62.5<br>10.8<br>6.1<br>1.0<br>52.1<br>43.2<br>39.2<br>-1.0 | 9<br>10<br>1<br>23<br>7<br>19<br><b>26</b><br>82 |
| Inform   |  | ication technologies (IC                                       | •  | 11<br>17   | 6.2.2<br>6.2.3<br>6.2.4               | New businesses/th pop. 15<br>Software spending, % GDR<br>ISO 9001 quality certificate<br>High-tech manufacturing, 9  | i–64<br>o<br>s/bn PPP\$ GDP                | 4.3<br>0.4<br>9.4<br>40.4                                  | 35<br>21<br>29<br>25                             |
| 2 ICT us<br>3 Gover<br>4 E-par<br>Gene<br>1 Electr | rnment's online serv<br>ticipation*<br>ral infrastructure<br>icity output, GWh/m   |  | 73.6<br>81.2<br>97.1<br>95.2<br><b>48.8</b><br>12,435.1      | 50 ♦ 22 3 ● ♦ 14 12 10 10                        | 6.3.2<br>6.3.3                        | Knowledge diffusion<br>Intellectual property receip<br>Production and export com<br>High-tech exports, % total<br>ICT services exports, % total  | nplexity<br>trade                          | 67.9<br>3.3<br>79.6<br>4.3<br>11.3                         | 3<br>1<br>12<br>38<br>5                          |
| .3 Gross   | tics performance*<br>s capital formation, 9<br>ogical sustainabilit  |  | 89.2<br>24.6<br><b>42.9</b>                                  | 10<br>51<br><b>30</b>                            |                                       | Creative outputs   |  | 42.9   | 16   |
| .1 GDP/<br>.2 Enviro<br>.3 ISO 14                  | unit of energy use<br>onmental performan<br>4001 environmental c   | ce*<br>ertificates/bn PPP\$ GDP                                | 7.5<br>78.9  | 99 O<br>7<br>20                                  | 7.1.2<br>7.1.3                        | Intangible assets Trademarks by origin/bn Pf Global brand value, top 5,0 Industrial designs by origin. ICTs and organizational mo  | 00, % GDP<br>/bn PPP\$ GDP                 | <b>44.4</b><br>38.2<br>111.4<br>3.4<br>80.4                | 32<br>62<br>18<br>32<br>3                        |
| Credi  |  | on   | 58.7<br>49.4   | 19<br>34   |                                       | Creative goods and servi<br>Cultural and creative service<br>National feature films/mn p   | s exports, % total trade                   | <b>24.1</b><br>0.9<br>10.7                                 | <b>41</b><br>33<br>17                            |
| 2 Dome<br>3 Micro                                  | of getting credit*<br>estic credit to private<br>finance gross loans   |  | 60.0<br>95.1<br>n/a  | 74 ()<br>26<br>n/a                               | 7.2.4                                 | Entertainment and media n<br>Printing and other media, %<br>Creative goods exports, %  | 6 manufacturing                            | 54.8<br>0.9<br>0.5   | 11<br>56<br>61                                   |
| .1 Ease<br>.2 Marke<br>.3 Ventu<br>.4 Ventu        | re capital recipients  | GDP<br>deals/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP              | 48.2<br>62.0<br>n/a<br>0.2<br>0.1                            | 22<br>60 O<br>n/a<br>18<br>10                    | 7.3.2<br>7.3.3                        | Online creativity Generic top-level domains Country-code TLDs/th pop Wikipedia edits/mn pop. 15 Mobile app creation/bn PP  | i. 15–69<br>i–69                           | <b>58.8</b> 29.2 40.0 83.8 77.7                            | 11<br>21<br>18<br>7<br>7                         |
| 3.1 Applie<br>3.2 Dome                             | e, diversification, a<br>ed tariff rate, weight<br>estic industry diversi<br>estic market scale, b   | ed avg., %<br>fication   | <b>78.5</b><br>1.8<br>96.0<br>272.7                          | 32<br>25<br>21<br>57 ○                           |                                       |  |  |  |  |

**France** GII 2021 rank 11

| Output rank | Input rank | Income | Region | Population (mn) | GDP, PPP\$ (bn) | GDP per capita, PPP\$ | GII 2020 rank |
|-------------|------------|--------|--------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------------|---------------|
| 10          | 17         | High   | EUR    | 65.3            | 2,954.2         | 45,454                | 12            |

|  | Score/<br>Value  | Rank   |   |
|--|--|--|---|
| institutions   | 83.4   | 19   | ᡱ Bu  |
| 1.1 Political environment 1.1.1 Political and operational stability* 1.1.2 Government effectiveness*   | <b>79.9</b><br>76.8<br>81.4  | <b>22</b><br>37 <  | 5.1 Kno<br>5.1.1 Kno<br>5.1.2 Firm  |
| <ul><li>1.2 Regulatory environment</li><li>1.2.1 Regulatory quality*</li></ul>   | <b>86.3</b> 81.1   | <b>17</b><br>18  | 5.1.3 GEF<br>5.1.4 GEF<br>5.1.5 Fem   |
| <ul><li>1.2.2 Rule of law*</li><li>1.2.3 Cost of redundancy dismissal</li></ul>  | 83.9<br>13.0   | 19<br>40   | 5.2 Inne  |
| <ul> <li>1.3 Business environment</li> <li>1.3.1 Ease of starting a business*</li> <li>1.3.2 Ease of resolving insolvency*</li> </ul>  | <b>83.9</b><br>93.1<br>74.6  | <b>22</b><br>35<br>24                                      | 5.2.1 Univ<br>5.2.2 Stat<br>5.2.3 GEF<br>5.2.4 Join   |
| Human capital and research   | 55.4   | 15   | 5.2.5 Pate<br>5.3 Kno   |
| 2.1 Education  2.1.1 Expenditure on education, % GDP  2.1.2 Government funding/pupil, secondary, % GDP/ca  2.1.3 School life expectancy, years  2.1.4 PISA scales in reading, maths and science  2.1.5 Pupil-teacher ratio, secondary  2.2 Tertiary education  2.2.1 Tertiary enrolment, % gross  2.2.2 Graduates in science and engineering, %  2.2.3 Tertiary inbound mobility, %  2.3 Research and development (R&D)        | 60.5<br>5.5<br>ap 25.9<br>15.8<br>493.7<br>② 13.3<br>42.0<br>67.6<br>25.4<br>8.8<br>63.7                                       | 26<br>20<br>15<br>39<br>25<br>59 0<br>38<br>38<br>36<br>28 | 5.3.1 Inte<br>5.3.2 High<br>5.3.3 ICT<br>5.3.4 FDI<br>5.3.5 Res<br>Kn<br>6.1 Knc<br>6.1.1 Pate<br>6.1.2 PCT<br>6.1.3 Utili                        |
| <ul><li>2.3.1 Researchers, FTE/mn pop.</li><li>2.3.2 Gross expenditure on R&amp;D, % GDP</li><li>2.3.3 Global corporate R&amp;D investors, top 3, mn US\$</li></ul>  | 4,687.2<br>2.2<br>86.1   | 20<br>14<br>7 •  | 6.1.4 Scie<br>6.1.5 Cita<br>6.2 Kno   |
| 2.3.4 QS university ranking, top 3*  | 68.8   | 11   | 6.2.1 Lab<br>6.2.2 Nev  |
| <b>☆</b> Infrastructure  | 57.1   | 17   |   |
| Infrastructure  3.1 Information and communication technologies (I 3.1.1 ICT access* 3.1.2 ICT use* 3.1.3 Government's online service* 3.1.4 E-participation*  3.2 General infrastructure   | 57.1   |  | 6.2.2 Nev<br>6.2.3 Soft   |
| Infrastructure  3.1 Information and communication technologies (I 3.1.1 ICT access* 3.1.2 ICT use* 3.1.3 Government's online service* 3.1.4 E-participation*  3.2 General infrastructure  3.2.1 Electricity output, GWh/mn pop. 3.2.2 Logistics performance*   | 57.1<br>CTs) 87.7<br>86.5<br>85.5<br>88.2<br>90.5<br>42.2  | 17 16 17 10 • 18 18 23                                     | 6.2.2 New<br>6.2.3 Soft<br>6.2.4 ISO<br>6.2.5 Higl<br>6.3 Kno<br>6.3.1 Inte<br>6.3.2 Proc<br>6.3.3 Higl   |
| Infrastructure  3.1 Information and communication technologies (I 3.1.1 ICT access* 3.1.2 ICT use* 3.1.3 Government's online service* 3.1.4 E-participation*  3.2 General infrastructure  3.2.1 Electricity output, GWh/mn pop.  | 57.1 CTs) 87.7 86.5 85.5 88.2 90.5 42.2 8,392.9 83.4 22.7 41.4 12.0 80.0   | 17 16 17 10 ● 18 18 23 18 16                               | 6.2.2 New 6.2.3 Soft 6.2.4 ISO 6.2.5 High 6.3.4 ICT 6.3.4 ICT 7.1.1 Inta 7.1.1 Trac 7.1.2 Glol 7.1.3 Indu   |
| Information and communication technologies (I 3.1.1 ICT access* 3.1.2 ICT use* 3.1.3 Government's online service* 3.1.4 E-participation* 3.2 General infrastructure 3.2.1 Electricity output, GWh/mn pop. 3.2.2 Logistics performance* 3.2.3 Gross capital formation, % GDP 3.3 Ecological sustainability 3.3.1 GDP/unit of energy use 3.3.2 Environmental performance*  | 57.1 CTs) 87.7 86.5 85.5 88.2 90.5 42.2 8,392.9 83.4 22.7 41.4 12.0 80.0   | 17 16 17 10 ● 18 18 23 18 16 60 ○ 33 49 ○ 5 ●              | 6.2.2 Nev 6.2.3 Soft 6.2.4 ISO 6.2.5 High 6.3.4 ICT 7.1.1 Inta 7.1.1 Trac 7.1.2 Glol 7.1.3 Indu 7.1.4 ICTs 7.2 Cre                                |
| Information and communication technologies (I 3.1.1 ICT access* 3.1.2 ICT use* 3.1.3 Government's online service* 3.1.4 E-participation* 3.2 General infrastructure 3.2.1 Electricity output, GWh/mn pop. 3.2.2 Logistics performance* 3.2.3 Gross capital formation, % GDP 3.3 Ecological sustainability 3.3.1 GDP/unit of energy use 3.3.2 Environmental performance* 3.3.3 ISO 14001 environmental certificates/bn PPP\$ GE | 57.1 CTs) 87.7 86.5 85.5 88.2 90.5 42.2 8,392.9 83.4 22.7 41.4 12.0 80.0 DP 2.0  61.0 47.2 50.0 107.6 n/a 48.2 68.0 ② 92.7 0.2 | 17 16 17 10 18 18 23 18 16 60 33 49 5 42                   | 6.2.2 Nev 6.2.3 Soft 6.2.4 ISO 6.2.5 High 6.3 Knte 6.3.1 Inte 6.3.2 Pro 6.3.3 High 6.3.4 ICT 7.1 Inta 7.1.1 Trac 7.1.2 Glol 7.1.3 Indu 7.1.4 ICTs |

|   | Score/<br>Value  | Rank   |
|---|--|--|
| Business sophistication   | 50.4   | 19   |
| <ul> <li>5.1 Knowledge workers</li> <li>5.1.1 Knowledge-intensive employment, %</li> <li>5.1.2 Firms offering formal training, %</li> <li>5.1.3 GERD performed by business, % GDP</li> <li>5.1.4 GERD financed by business, %</li> <li>5.1.5 Females employed w/advanced degrees, %</li> </ul>  | 61.0<br>46.4<br>n/a<br>1.4<br>56.7<br>23.4                                   | 16<br>15<br>n/a<br>16<br>16<br>19                            |
| <ul> <li>5.2 Innovation linkages</li> <li>5.2.1 University-industry R&amp;D collaboration<sup>†</sup></li> <li>5.2.2 State of cluster development and depth<sup>†</sup></li> <li>5.2.3 GERD financed by abroad, % GDP</li> <li>5.2.4 Joint venture/strategic alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP</li> <li>5.2.5 Patent families/bn PPP\$ GDP</li> </ul>   | <b>40.9</b> 54.1 58.2 0.2 0.1 3.2  | 23<br>31   |
| <ul> <li>5.3 Knowledge absorption</li> <li>5.3.1 Intellectual property payments, % total trade</li> <li>5.3.2 High-tech imports, % total trade</li> <li>5.3.3 ICT services imports, % total trade</li> <li>5.3.4 FDI net inflows, % GDP</li> <li>5.3.5 Research talent, % in businesses</li> </ul>  | 49.3<br>1.7<br>9.9<br>2.5<br>1.9<br>62.8                                     | 13<br>17<br>35<br>18<br>80 ○<br>8                            |
| Knowledge and technology outputs  | 44.3   | 16   |
| 6.1 Knowledge creation 6.1.1 Patents by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP 6.1.2 PCT patents by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP 6.1.3 Utility models by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP 6.1.4 Scientific and technical articles/bn PPP\$ GDP 6.1.5 Citable documents H-index 6.2 Knowledge impact 6.2.1 Labor productivity growth, % 6.2.2 New businesses/th pop. 15-64 6.2.3 Software spending, % GDP 6.2.4 ISO 9001 quality certificates/bn PPP\$ GDP 6.2.5 High-tech manufacturing, % 6.3 Knowledge diffusion 6.3.1 Intellectual property receipts, % total trade 6.3.2 Production and export complexity 6.3.3 High-tech exports, % total trade 6.3.4 ICT services exports, % total trade | 44.8 7.5 2.7 0.1 25.9 78.9 41.5 -2.0 4.8 0.5 6.7 51.4 46.7 1.8 75.6 13.4 2.1 | 19 13 14 57 ○ ♦ 36 5 • ♦ 22 103 ○ ♦ 41 10 18 14 16 10 • 50 ○ |
| <b>%</b> , Creative outputs   | 52.6   | 6 ●  |
| 7.1 Intangible assets 7.1.1 Trademarks by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP 7.1.2 Global brand value, top 5,000, % GDP 7.1.3 Industrial designs by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP 7.1.4 ICTs and organizational model creation† 7.2 Creative goods and services 7.2.1 Cultural and creative services exports, % total trade 7.2.2 National feature films/mn pop. 15–69 7.2.3 Entertainment and media market/th pop. 15–69 7.2.4 Printing and other media, % manufacturing 7.2.5 Creative goods exports, % total trade 7.3 Online creativity 7.3.1 Generic top-level domains (TLDs)/th pop. 15–69 7.3.2 Country-code TLDs/th pop. 15–69 7.3.3 Wikipedia edits/mn pop. 15–69     | 68.9 99.4 171.1 13.0 70.9 27.5 1.1 6.8 49.5 1.0 1.8 45.3 41.2 24.9 78.8      | 3  |

## Georgia

63

| Output rank                     | Input rank                              | Income   | Region               | Pop                | ulation (m   | n) GDP, PPP\$ (bn)   | P, PPP\$ (bn) GDP per capita, PPP\$       |                    | 20 rank         |
|---------------------------------|---|--|----------------------|--------------------|--|--|---|--------------------|-----------------|
| 74                              | 49                                      | Upper middle                                   | NAWA                 |                    | 4.0  | 56.1   | 15,142                                    | •                  | 63              |
|                                 |   |  | Score/<br>Value      | Rank               |  |  |   | Score/<br>Value    | Rank            |
| iii Institu                     | itions                                  |  | 76.2                 | 35                 | • <u></u>  | Business sophist   | tication                                  | 25.6               | 61              |
| 1.1 Politica                    | l environment                           |  | 69.3                 | 40                 | <b>♦</b> 5.1   | Knowledge workers  |   | 35.7               | 56              |
|                                 | and operationa<br>nent effectiven       | •  | 69.6<br>69.1         | 60<br>38           | 5.1.1  | •  |   | 33.6<br>32.0       | 43 •<br>46      |
|                                 | tory environm                           |  | 81.3                 | 28                 |  | Firms offering formal to<br>GERD performed by b  |   | 32.0<br>n/a        | n/a             |
| I.2.1 Regulate                  | -                                       | ent  | 72.8                 | 28                 | 5.1.4  | GERD financed by bus   | siness, %                                 | 1.7                | 89 ○ <          |
| 1.2.2 Rule of I                 | aw*                                     |  | 54.9                 | 51                 | •  | Females employed w/a   | advanced degrees, %                       | 22.5               | 23 ● •          |
|                                 | redundancy dis                          |  | 8.6                  | 16 €               |  | Innovation linkages University-industry R&   | D collaboration!                          | <b>20.2</b> 40.4   | <b>68</b><br>73 |
|                                 | ss environmer<br>starting a busir       |  | <b>77.9</b> 99.6     | <b>40</b><br>2 ●   | E 0 0  | State of cluster develo  |   | 49.3               | 50              |
|                                 | resolving insolv                        |  | 56.2                 | 59                 | 5.2.3  | GERD financed by abr   | oad, % GDP                                | 0.0                | 61              |
|                                 |   | •  |                      |                    |  | Joint venture/strategic:<br>Patent families/bn PPF   | alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP ②             | 0.1<br>0.0         | 32 •<br>67      |
| <b>Huma</b>                     | n capital an                            | d research                                     | 32.5                 | 60                 | 5.2.3  |  |   | 20.9               | 88              |
| 2.1 Educati                     |   |  | 52.0                 | 60                 |  | Knowledge absorption Intellectual property particular property par |   | 0.3                | <b>88</b><br>77 |
|                                 | iture on educat                         | ion, % GDP                                     | 3.5                  | 85                 | 5.3.2  | High-tech imports, %   | total trade                               | 6.2                | 94              |
|                                 |   | pil, secondary, % GDP/ca                       |                      | n/a                |  | ICT services imports,  |   | 0.8                | 86              |
|                                 | ife expectancy                          |  | 15.6                 | 44                 | E 0 E  | FDI net inflows, % GD<br>Research talent, % in   |   | 8.9<br>n/a         | 9 ● ·<br>n/a    |
|                                 | ales in reading,<br>acher ratio, sec    | maths and science                              | 386.7<br>7.2         | 70 ⊜<br>3 <b>●</b> | ,  | ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,  |   |                    |                 |
| •                               | education                               | ,  | 39.6                 | 43                 | gaga   | Knowledge and  | technology outputs                        | 18.1               | 75              |
| -                               | enrolment, %                            | gross  | 63.9                 | 43                 | 0.4  | -  |   | 47.4               |                 |
|                                 |   | nd engineering, %                              | 24.6                 | 42                 | <b>6.1</b> 6.1.1   | Knowledge creation Patents by origin/bn P  | PP\$ GDP                                  | <b>17.4</b><br>1.5 | <b>59</b><br>51 |
| -                               | inbound mobili                          | -  | 8.1                  | 29                 | •  | PCT patents by origin/   |   | 0.1                | 62              |
|                                 | <b>ch and develo</b><br>chers, FTE/mn l |  | <b>5.7</b> ② 1,463.8 | <b>75</b><br>46    |  | Utility models by origin   |   | 1.3                | 18              |
|                                 | xpenditure on F                         | •  | ② 0.3                | 83                 |  |  | al articles/bn PPP\$ GDP                  | 15.1<br>10.6       | 58<br>72        |
|                                 | •                                       | investors, top 3, mn US\$                      |                      | 41 (               | ) <b>\</b>   | <ul><li>1.5 Citable documents H-index</li><li>2 Knowledge impact</li></ul>   |   | 25.5               | 83              |
| 2.3.4 QS unive                  | ersity ranking,                         | top 3*   | 0.0                  | <b>74</b> C        | / </td <td>Labor productivity gro</td> <td>wth, %</td> <td>2.2</td> <td>24 <b>•</b></td> | Labor productivity gro   | wth, %                                    | 2.2                | 24 <b>•</b>     |
| with Indianal                   | lui i odi i uo                          |  | 00.0                 | 05                 | 6.2.2  | New businesses/th po   | p. 15–64                                  | 10.4               | 11 ● ⋅          |
| ∯ <sup>‡</sup> Infrasi          | tructure                                |  | 36.3                 | 85                 |  | Software spending, % ISO 9001 quality certif   |   | 0.1<br>3.1         | 90<br>74        |
|                                 |   | unication technologies (l                      | •                    | 72                 |  | High-tech manufacturi  |   | 9.8                | 90 🔾            |
| 3.1.1 ICT acce                  |   |  | 70.4                 | 59                 | 6.3  | Knowledge diffusion  | <b>o</b> .                                | 11.4               | 88              |
| 3.1.2 ICT use*<br>3.1.3 Governr | ment's online se                        | ervice*  | 62.7<br>58.8         | 58<br>88           | 6.3.1  | Intellectual property re   | eceipts, % total trade                    | 0.0                | 97 🔾            |
| 3.1.4 E-partic                  |   |  | 64.3                 | 80                 |  | Production and export  |   | 43.0               | 65              |
|                                 | l infrastructur                         |  | 23.5                 | 90                 |  | High-tech exports, %   |   | 0.8<br>1.1         | 79<br>80        |
|                                 | ty output, GWh                          |  | 3,256.2              | 62                 |  | io i doi riodo expolito,   | , o total trade                           | •••                |                 |
| •                               | s performance<br>apital formatior       |  | 18.4<br>25.4         | 111 C<br>42        | O 6 /  | Creative outputs   |   | 21.8               | 74              |
|                                 | ical sustainab                          |  | 21.3                 | 92                 | ^  |  |   |                    |                 |
| •                               | it of energy use                        | -  | 8.7                  | 84                 | <b>∨ 7.1</b> 7.1.1   | Intangible assets Trademarks by origin/l   | on PPP\$ GDP                              | <b>27.3</b> 51.0   | <b>77</b><br>45 |
|                                 | mental perform                          |  | 41.3                 | 86                 |  | Global brand value, to   |   | 8.3                | 63              |
| 3.3.3 ISO 1400                  | 01 environment                          | al certificates/bn PPP\$ GD                    | OP 0.3               | 102 (              | 7.1.0  | Industrial designs by o  | •   | 3.2                | 34              |
| Mode                            | t oonbistis                             | ation  | E2 0-                | 24                 |  | ICTs and organization  |   | 43.6               | 101 🔾 <         |
| Marke                           | t sophistic                             | ation  | 53.9                 | 34                 | 7.2<br>721   | Cultural and creative se   | services<br>rvices exports, % total trade | <b>11.3</b> 0.1    | <b>76</b><br>80 |
| .1 Credit                       |   |  | 50.6                 | 29                 | <b>♦</b> 7.2.2   | National feature films/  | · · ·                                     | 6.7                | 34              |
|                                 | getting credit*                         | ate sector % CDD                               | 85.0<br>67.7         | 14 <b>●</b>        | 7.2.3  | Entertainment and me   | dia market/th pop. 15-69                  | n/a                | n/a             |
|                                 | ic credit to priv<br>ance gross loa     | ate sector, % GDP<br>ns. % GDP                 | 67.7<br>1.6          | 48<br>17           |  | 2.4 Printing and other media, % manufacturing  |   | 1.5                | 26              |
| .2 Investm                      | •                                       | -, · = ==:                                     | 44.8                 | [24]               |  | 7.2.5 Creative goods exports, % total trade  |   | 0.1                | 104 (           |
|                                 | protecting min                          | ority investors*                               | 84.0                 | 7 €                |  | <ul><li>7.3 Online creativity</li><li>7.3.1 Generic top-level domains (TLDs)/th pop. 15–69</li></ul>   |   | <b>21.1</b><br>1.7 | <b>55</b><br>84 |
|                                 | capitalization,                         |  | n/a                  | n/a                | 7.3.2  | 7.3.2 Country-code TLDs/th pop. 15-69  |   | 4.5                | 56              |
|                                 |   | rs, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP hts, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP | ② 0.0<br>n/a         | 50<br>n/a          |  | 7.3.3 Wikipedia edits/mn pop. 15–69  |   | 73.1               | 30              |
|                                 |   | , and market scale                             | 66.4                 | 73                 | 7.3.4  | 7.3.4 Mobile app creation/bn PPP\$ GDP   |   | 2.1                | 69              |
| -                               | tariff rate, weig                       |  | ② 0.7                | 73<br>5 €          | •  |  |   |                    |                 |
| 1.3.2 Domesti                   | ic industry dive                        | rsification                                    | 78.4                 | 82                 |  |  |   |                    |                 |
| 4.3.3 Domest                    | ic market scale                         | , bn PPP\$                                     | 56.1                 | 99                 |  |  |   |                    |                 |
|                                 |   |  |                      |                    |  |  |   |                    |                 |

## **Germany**

Income

Region

Population (mn) GDP, PPP\$ (bn)

Output rank Input rank

10

GII 2020 rank

GDP per capita, PPP\$

| 8                     | 14  | High  | EUR                 | 83                 | 3.8            | 4,454.5   | 53,571                  |              | 9         |
|-----------------------|---|---|---------------------|--------------------|----------------|---|-------------------------|--------------|-----------|
|                       |   |   | Score/              |                    |                |   |                         | Score/       |           |
|                       |   |   | Value               |                    | . 0            |   |                         | Value        |           |
| <u>ıī</u> Instit      | utions                                      |   | 84.3                | 17                 | ~              | Business sophistic                                      | ation                   | 54.5         | 12        |
|                       | al environment                              | ot objility.                                  | 85.2                | 14                 | 5.1            | Knowledge workers                                       | nlaymant 0/             | 65.0         | 12        |
|                       | al and operational :<br>Iment effectivenes  | •   | 83.9<br>85.9        | 13<br>13           | 5.1.1<br>5.1.2 | Knowledge-intensive em<br>Firms offering formal train   |                         | 46.1<br>n/a  | 16<br>n/a |
|                       | atory environmer                            |   | 81.1                | 29                 |                | GERD performed by bus                                   |                         | 2.2          | 8         |
| •                     | tory quality*                               |   | 88.5                | 9                  | 5.1.4          | GERD financed by busine                                 |                         | 66.0         | 7         |
| .2 Rule of            |   |   | 89.4                | 14                 | 5.1.5          | Females employed w/adv                                  | vanced degrees, %       | 14.0         | 53        |
| .3 Cost o             | fredundancy dism                            | issal   | 21.6                | 91 ○ ◊             | 5.2            | Innovation linkages                                     |                         | 54.2         | 12        |
|                       | ess environment                             |   | 86.7                | 14                 |                | University-industry R&D                                 |                         | 68.5         | 9<br>5    |
|                       | f starting a busine                         |   | 83.7                | 96 ○ ♦             |                | State of cluster developm<br>GERD financed by abroa     | •                       | 69.9<br>0.2  | 23        |
| .2 Ease o             | f resolving insolve                         | ncy*  | 89.8                | 4 ● ◆              |                | Joint venture/strategic allia                           |                         | 0.1          | 31        |
| •                     |   |   |                     |                    |                | Patent families/bn PPP\$                                |                         | 5.5          | 6         |
| Huma                  | an capital and                              | research                                      | 62.7                | 3 ● ◆              | 5.3            | Knowledge absorption                                    |                         | 44.3         | 21        |
| Educa                 | tion  |   | 60.1                | 27                 |                | Intellectual property payr                              |                         | 0.9          | 41        |
|                       | diture on education                         | ,   | 4.9                 | 44                 |                | High-tech imports, % tot                                |                         | 10.0         | 33        |
|                       |   | l, secondary, % GDP/ca                        | •                   | 25                 |                | ICT services imports, % FDI net inflows, % GDP          | ioiai trade             | 2.5<br>3.1   | 19<br>45  |
|                       | life expectancy, y                          |   | 16.9<br>500.4       | 18<br>18           |                | Research talent, % in but                               | sinesses                | 60.7         | 12        |
|                       | cales in reading, m<br>eacher ratio, seco   |   | ② 11.8              | 18<br>49           | 0.0.0          | 1100001011101111,7011120                                | 0.1100000               |              |           |
|                       |   | idai y  | 54.7                | 5 ● ◆              | مهمو           | Knowledge and te  | chnology outputs        | 53.3         | 9         |
|                       | y education / enrolment, % gro              | nes   | 70.3                | 33                 |                | Tanowicago ana to                                       | omiology outputs        | 00.0         | Ŭ         |
|                       | ates in science and                         |   | 35.3                | 6 ♦                | 6.1            | Knowledge creation                                      |                         | 69.5         | 5         |
| 3 Tertiar             | inbound mobility                            | , %   | 10.0                | 21                 | 6.1.1          | , ,   |                         | 15.7         | 1         |
| Resea                 | rch and developr                            | nent (R&D)                                    | 73.2                | 6 ●                |                | PCT patents by origin/bn Utility models by origin/b     |                         | 4.2<br>1.8   | 9<br>12   |
|                       | chers, FTE/mn po                            |   | 5,381.7             | 13                 |                | Scientific and technical a                              |                         | 25.9         | 35        |
|                       | expenditure on R8                           |   | 3.2                 | 6                  | 6.1.5          |   |                         | 87.0         | 3         |
|                       |   | vestors, top 3, mn US\$                       | 94.1                | 2 ● <b>♦</b><br>10 | 6.2            | Knowledge impact  |                         | 43.8         | 15        |
| 4 QSuili              | versity ranking, to                         | 73  | 70.4                | 10                 |                | Labor productivity growt                                | h, %                    | -1.4         | 94        |
| å Infra               | tructure                                    |   | EE G                | 04                 |                | New businesses/th pop.                                  |                         | 1.4          | 73        |
| the Infras            | structure                                   |   | 55.6                | 21                 |                | Software spending, % G                                  |                         | 0.5          | 19        |
| Inform                | ation and commur                            | nication technologies (IC                     | CTs) 80.2           | 32                 |                | ISO 9001 quality certifications High-tech manufacturing |                         | 11.0<br>57.1 | 26<br>7   |
| 1 ICT ac              |   |   | 90.8                | 6 ●                | 6.3            | Knowledge diffusion                                     | , 70                    | 46.5         | 19        |
| 2 ICT us              |   |   | 81.5                | 19                 |                | Intellectual property rece                              | ints. % total trade     | 1.4          | 16        |
| 3 Goverr<br>4 E-parti | nment's online serv                         | /ice <sup>^</sup>                             | 73.5<br>75.0        | 59                 |                | Production and export co                                |                         | 92.1         | 4         |
|                       | •   |   |                     |                    |                | High-tech exports, % tot                                |                         | 12.3         | 12        |
|                       | al infrastructure<br>city output, GWh/r     | nn non  | <b>44.2</b> 7,259.6 | <b>20</b><br>28    | 6.3.4          | ICT services exports, %                                 | total trade             | 2.5          | 45        |
|                       | cs performance*                             | ш рор.  | 100.0               | 1 • ♦              |                | •   |                         |              |           |
|                       | capital formation,                          | % GDP   | 21.4                | 76 🔾               | €,             | Creative outputs  |                         | 50.0         | 11        |
| Ecolog                | ical sustainabili                           | ty  | 42.3                | 32                 | 7.1            | Intangible assets                                       |                         | 58.4         | 6         |
|                       | nit of energy use                           | -   | 13.8                | 34                 |                | Trademarks by origin/bn                                 | PPP\$ GDP               | 60.5         | 34        |
|                       | mental performar                            |   | 77.2                | 10                 |                | Global brand value, top 5                               |                         | 145.9        | 12        |
| 3 ISO 140             | 001 environmental o                         | certificates/bn PPP\$ GDI                     | P 1.9               | 44                 | 7.1.3          | Industrial designs by orig                              | in/bn PPP\$ GDP         | 12.0         | 11        |
| ٠,                    |   |   |                     |                    | 7.1.4          | ICTs and organizational r                               | nodel creation†         | 78.0         | 8         |
| 🍒 Mark                | et sophisticat                              | ion   | 57.8                | 20                 | 7.2            | Creative goods and ser                                  |                         | 25.6         | 36        |
| Credit                |   |   | 51.2                | 27                 |                | Cultural and creative servi                             | ' '                     | 0.9          | 31        |
|                       | f getting credit*                           |   | 70.0                | 44 🔾               |                | National feature films/mn<br>Entertainment and media    |                         | 4.0<br>52.8  | 49<br>12  |
|                       | tic credit to private                       | e sector, % GDP                               | 80.2                | 37                 |                | Printing and other media                                |                         | 0.9          | 66        |
| 3 Microfi             | nance gross loans                           | , % GDP                                       | n/a                 | n/a                |                | Creative goods exports,                                 | •                       | 2.1          | 29        |
| Invest                |   |   | 32.5                | 60 ○ ◊             | 7.3            | Online creativity                                       |                         | 57.9         | 13        |
|                       | f protecting minori                         | ,   | 62.0                | 60 🔾               | 7.3.1          | -   | ns (TLDs)/th pop. 15-69 | 52.1         | 14        |
|                       | capitalization, %                           |   | 53.4                | 32                 |                | Country-code TLDs/th p                                  |                         | 84.8         | 6         |
|                       | •   | , deals/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>s, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP | 0.1<br>0.1          | 25<br>24           |                | Wikipedia edits/mn pop.                                 |                         | 77.5         | 15        |
|                       |   |   |                     |                    | 7.3.4          | Mobile app creation/bn F                                | YPY GDP                 | 13.3         | 41        |
|                       | diversification, a<br>d tariff rate, weight | ind market scale                              | <b>89.8</b><br>1.8  | <b>2</b> • ◆ 25    |                |   |                         |              |           |
|                       |   | ou avu 70                                     | 1.0                 | رے                 |                |   |                         |              |           |
|                       | tic industry divers                         |   | 96.5                | 19                 |                |   |                         |              |           |

Ghana

| Output rank | Input rank | Income       | Region | Population (mn) | GDP, PPP\$ (bn) | GDP per capita, PPP\$ | GII 2020 rank |
|-------------|------------|--------------|--------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------------|---------------|
| 103         | 114        | Lower middle | SSF    | 31.1            | 175.6           | 5,707                 | 108           |
|             |            |              |        |                 |                 |                       |               |

|   |  |   |  |  | ,   |   |  |
|---|--|---|--|--|---|---|--|
|   |  | Score/<br>Value   | Rank   |  |   | Score,<br>Value                               | /<br>e Rank                                      |
| 血   | Institutions   | 46.2  | 120  | 2  | Business sophistication   | 17.8  | 108  |
| 1.2<br>1.2.1<br>1.2.2<br>1.2.3<br>1.3                   | Political environment Political and operational stability* Government effectiveness* Regulatory environment Regulatory quality* Rule of law* Cost of redundancy dismissal Business environment Ease of starting a business*                | <b>52.7</b> 66.1 46.0 <b>30.8</b> 40.6 48.0 49.8 <b>55.2</b> 85.0 | 78 ◆<br>61 ◆<br>127 ○ ◊  | 5.1.3<br>5.1.4<br>5.1.5<br><b>5.2</b><br>5.2.1                   | Firms offering formal training, % GERD performed by business, % GDP GERD financed by business, %  | 19.2 2 12.2 2 40.1 2 0.1 2 3.5 21.9 47.6 51.7 | 29   |
|   | Ease of resolving insolvency*  |   | 127 🔾  | 5.2.4  | Joint venture/strategic alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP   | 0.1<br>0.0                                    | 69   |
| 2.1.3<br>2.1.4  | Human capital and research  Education  Expenditure on education, % GDP  Government funding/pupil, secondary, % GDP/cap ②  School life expectancy, years  PISA scales in reading, maths and science  Pupil-teacher ratio, secondary         | 18.9<br>41.2<br>4.0<br>19.3<br>11.9<br>n/a<br>15.2                | 92<br>68<br>52<br>93<br>n/a<br>73  | <b>5.3</b> 5.3.1 5.3.2 5.3.3 5.3.4                               | Patent families/bn PPP\$ GDP  Knowledge absorption Intellectual property payments, % total trade High-tech imports, % total trade ICT services imports, % total trade FDI net inflows, % GDP Research talent, % in businesses       |   | 2 [130]<br>a n/a<br>b 126 ○ ♦<br>a n/a<br>B 19 ● |
| 2.2   | Tertiary education   | 13.4  | 108  | ميم  | Knowledge and technology outputs  | 11.9  | 104  |
| 2.2.2<br>2.2.3<br><b>2.3</b><br>2.3.1<br>2.3.2<br>2.3.3 | Tertiary enrolment, % gross Graduates in science and engineering, % Tertiary inbound mobility, %  Research and development (R&D) Researchers, FTE/mn pop.  Gross expenditure on R&D, % GDP  Global corporate R&D investors, top 3, mn US\$ | 17.2<br>16.4<br>1.4<br><b>2.1</b><br>89.1<br>0.4<br>0.0           | 101<br>92<br>84<br><b>93</b><br>90<br>73<br>41 $\bigcirc$ $\diamondsuit$ | 6.1.2<br>6.1.3<br>6.1.4<br>6.1.5                                 | PCT patents by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP Utility models by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP Scientific and technical articles/bn PPP\$ GDP Citable documents H-index   | 6.0<br>0.1<br>0.0<br>0.0<br>11.6<br>8.9       | 114<br>98 0 0<br>72<br>73<br>83                  |
| 2.3.4   | QS university ranking, top 3*  | 0.0   | 74 ○ ◊   |  | Knowledge impact Labor productivity growth, %   | <b>21.2</b><br>3.8                            | 3 11 ●   |
| 3.1.3   | Information and communication technologies (ICTs)  | <b>31.7 53.7</b> 42.2 46.0 63.5 63.1 <b>19.2</b>                  | 97<br>91<br>102<br>90<br>80<br>82<br>114                                 | 6.2.3<br>6.2.4<br>6.2.5<br><b>6.3</b><br>6.3.1<br>6.3.2<br>6.3.3 | Software spending, % GDP ISO 9001 quality certificates/bn PPP\$ GDP High-tech manufacturing, %  Knowledge diffusion Intellectual property receipts, % total trade Production and export complexity High-tech exports, % total trade | n/a<br>25.4<br>0.0                            | 122 O \( \rightarrow \) 124                      |
|   | Electricity output, GWh/mn pop.<br>Logistics performance*  | 411.9<br>24.1   | 111<br>101   |  | ICT services exports, % total trade   | 11/2  | . 11/a   |
| 3.2.3   | Gross capital formation, % GDP   | 21.7  | 72   | €,   | Creative outputs  | 16.9  | 94   |
| 3.3.2   | Ecological sustainability GDP/unit of energy use Environmental performance* ISO 14001 environmental certificates/bn PPP\$ GDP  | 22.1<br>13.6<br>27.6<br>0.3                                       | <b>86</b><br>36 ●<br>125 ○ ◇<br>98                                       | <b>7.1</b> 7.1.1 7.1.2 7.1.3 7.1.4                               | Global brand value, top 5,000, % GDP  | 25.8<br>25.3<br>25.3<br>25.0<br>25.0<br>49.7  | 3 120<br>a n/a<br>0 24 ●                         |
| iii   | Market sophistication  | 36.7  | 115  | <b>7.2</b>   | Creative goods and services   |   | 2 [78]   |
| 4.1.3   | Domestic credit to private sector, % GDP<br>Microfinance gross loans, % GDP  | <b>27.2</b> 60.0 12.4 0.6   | 74<br>123<br>32 ●  | 7.2.3<br>7.2.4   | National feature films/mn pop. 15–69<br>Entertainment and media market/th pop. 15–69  | n/a<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>0.0                      | n/a<br>n/a<br>5 25 ●                             |
| 4.2.2<br>4.2.3<br>4.2.4                                 | Investment  Ease of protecting minority investors*  Market capitalization, % GDP  Venture capital investors, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP  Venture capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP  | 18.4<br>60.0<br>8.5<br>0.0<br>0.0                                 | 119<br>71<br>70<br>75<br>48  | 7.3.3  | Online creativity Generic top-level domains (TLDs)/th pop. 15–69 Country-code TLDs/th pop. 15–69 Wikipedia edits/mn pop. 15–69 Mobile app creation/bn PPP\$ GDP   |   | 105  |
|   | Trade, diversification, and market scale Applied tariff rate, weighted avg., % Domestic industry diversification  ©  | <b>64.5</b><br>10.0<br>88.2                                       | <b>75</b><br>118<br>58   |  |   |   |  |

NOTES: • indicates a strength;  $\bigcirc$  a weakness; • an income group strength;  $\bigcirc$  an income group weakness; \* an index; † a survey question. ② indicates that the economy's data are older than the base year; see appendices for details, including the year of the data, at http://globalinnovationindex.org. Square brackets [] indicate that the data minimum coverage (DMC) requirements were not met at the sub-pillar or pillar level.

175.6 69

#### Greece

Output rank Input rank

Income

Region

47

GII 2020 rank

|  | 60   | 39  |  | EUR   |  | 10.4   | 310.7  | 29,045  |   | 43   |
|--|--|---|--|---|--|--|--|---|---|--|
|  |  |   |  | Score/<br>Value                                       | Rank                                   |  |  |   | Score/<br>Value                                     | Rank   |
| <u></u>  | Institu  | tions   |  | 69.2  | 51                                     | <b>.</b>   | Business sophis  | tication  | 25.9  | 60   |
| 1.1.2<br><b>1.2</b><br>1.2.1<br>1.2.2          | Political<br>Governm<br>Regulate<br>Regulate<br>Rule of la | I environment<br>and operational s<br>nent effectivenes:<br>tory environmen<br>ory quality*<br>aw*<br>redundancy dism | s*   | <b>63.6</b> 71.4 59.7 <b>69.5</b> 57.3 52.0 15.9      | 54 < 50 < <b>51</b> 47 <               | 5.1.3<br>5.1.4                                   | Knowledge workers Knowledge-intensive Firms offering formal t GERD performed by bu GERD financed by bu Females employed w/ Innovation linkages   | raining, % @ pusiness, % GDP siness, %                              | 35.7<br>30.1<br>21.6<br>0.6<br>41.6<br>18.3<br>20.1 | 55<br>47<br>73<br>36<br>40<br>36               |
| I <b>.3</b><br>I.3.1                           | Busines<br>Ease of s<br>Ease of s                          | ss environment<br>starting a busines<br>resolving insolver  | ss*<br>licy*   | <b>74.6</b><br>96.0<br>53.1                           | <b>53</b><br>11 ● •<br>66              | 5.2.1<br>5.2.2<br>5.2.3<br>5.2.4                 | University-industry R8<br>State of cluster develo<br>GERD financed by abo  | pment and depth†<br>road, % GDP<br>alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP      | 31.0<br>32.8<br>0.2<br>0.0<br>0.3                   | 110 O<br>118 O<br>22<br>51<br>38               |
| 2.1.2<br>2.1.3<br>2.1.4                        | Educati<br>Expendi<br>Governm<br>School li<br>PISA sca     | ture on education   | i, % GDP<br>, secondary, % GDP/cap<br>sars<br>aths and science       | 54.3<br>66.2<br>n/a<br>21.5<br>19.5<br>453.5<br>9 8.5 | 13 • n/a 37 5 • 43 15 • •              | 5.3<br>5.3.1<br>5.3.2<br>5.3.3<br>5.3.4<br>5.3.5 | Knowledge absorpti<br>Intellectual property p<br>High-tech imports, %<br>ICT services imports,<br>FDI net inflows, % GD<br>Research talent, % in | on<br>ayments, % total trade<br>total trade<br>% total trade<br>P   | 21.8<br>0.4<br>5.1<br>1.0<br>2.0<br>25.6            | 80<br>72<br>110 ○<br>74<br>79<br>49            |
| 2.2<br>2.2.1<br>2.2.2<br>2.2.3<br>2.3<br>2.3.1 | Tertiary Tertiary Graduate Tertiary Researc                | education<br>enrolment, % gro<br>es in science and<br>inbound mobility,<br>ch and developm<br>thers, FTE/mn po        | ss<br>engineering, %<br>%<br>nent (R&D)<br>o.                        | 63.4<br>142.9<br>28.3<br>3.4<br>33.4<br>3,827.2       | 1 • 4<br>1 • 4<br>21<br>63<br>34<br>27 | 6.1<br>6.1.1<br>6.1.2<br>6.1.3                   | Knowledge creation<br>Patents by origin/bn P<br>PCT patents by origin<br>Utility models by origin  | /bn PPP\$ GDP   | 25.2<br>23.7<br>1.5<br>0.3<br>0.0<br>38.0           | <b>52 41</b> 50 39 61 ○ 21 ●                   |
| 2.3.3  | Global c<br>QS unive                                       | xpenditure on R&<br>orporate R&D inv<br>ersity ranking, top<br>tructure   | estors, top 3, mn US\$   | 1.3<br>41.4<br>21.2<br>48.5                           | 30<br>37<br>49<br><b>45</b>            | <b>6.2</b><br>6.2.1<br>6.2.2<br>6.2.3            | Citable documents H-<br>Knowledge impact<br>Labor productivity gro<br>New businesses/th po<br>Software spending, %<br>ISO 9001 quality certif    | owth, %<br>op. 15–64<br>o GDP                                       | 33.2<br>36.3<br>-2.1<br>1.4<br>0.5<br>19.4          | 29<br><b>37</b><br>104 ○<br>71<br>10 •<br>14 • |
| 3.1.2<br>3.1.3<br>3.1.4                        | ICT acce<br>ICT use*<br>Governn<br>E-partici               | ess*<br>nent's online serv  | ication technologies (ICTs   | 77.4<br>84.2<br>76.3<br>70.6<br>78.6<br>22.5          | 50                                     | 6.2.5<br><b>6.3</b><br>6.3.1<br>6.3.2<br>6.3.3   | High-tech manufactur  Knowledge diffusion Intellectual property re Production and expor High-tech exports, % ICT services exports,               | ing, %  cecipts, % total trade t complexity total trade             | 14.1<br><b>15.5</b><br>0.1<br>46.4<br>2.2<br>1.5    | 78<br><b>69</b><br>57<br>55<br>55<br>69        |
| 3.2.2  | Logistics  | ty output, GWh/m<br>s performance*<br>apital formation, 9   |  | 4,961.0<br>53.7<br>11.9                               | 44<br>41<br>121 () <                   |  | Creative outputs   |   | 22.9  | 69   |
| 3.3<br>3.3.1<br>3.3.2                          | Ecologie<br>GDP/uni<br>Environn                            | cal sustainabilit<br>it of energy use<br>nental performan   | y  | <b>45.4</b><br>13.8<br>69.1<br>4.7                    | <b>23</b><br>35<br>25<br>21 ●          | <b>7.1</b><br>7.1.1<br>7.1.2<br>7.1.3<br>7.1.4   | Intangible assets Trademarks by origin/ Global brand value, to Industrial designs by or ICTs and organizations                                   | p 5,000, % GDP<br>origin/bn PPP\$ GDP                               | <b>21.1</b> n/a 4.9 2.8 44.6                        | <b>96</b> n/a 68 38 97 $\odot$                 |
| îĭí  | Marke  | t sophisticati  | on   | 45.2  | 70                                     | <b>7.2</b><br>7.2.1                              | Creative goods and   | services<br>ervices exports, % total trade                          | <b>21.8</b> 0.7                                     | <b>45</b><br>38                                |
| 1.1.1<br>1.1.2<br>1.1.3                        | Domesti<br>Microfina                                       | getting credit*<br>ic credit to private<br>ance gross loans   |  | <b>38.5</b><br>45.0<br>79.2<br>n/a                    | 76<br>101 O <<br>38<br>n/a             | 7.2.2<br>7.2.3<br>7.2.4                          | National feature films/  | mn pop. 15–69<br>Idia market/th pop. 15–69<br>Idia, % manufacturing | 11.5<br>24.2<br>1.1<br>1.3                          | 14 ●<br>27<br>50<br>41                         |
| 4.2.1<br>4.2.2<br>4.2.3<br>4.2.4<br><b>4.3</b> | Market of<br>Venture<br>Venture                            | protecting minorit<br>capitalization, % (<br>capital investors,<br>capital recipients<br>liversification, a           | GDP<br>deals/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>nd market scale | 70.0<br>22.7<br>0.0<br>0.0<br><b>75.4</b>             | 104 ○ 36 56 ○ 48 81 ○ 42 25            | 7.3.2<br>7.3.3                                   | Online creativity Generic top-level dom Country-code TLDs/tt Wikipedia edits/mn pc Mobile app creation/b   | p. 15–69  | 27.5<br>13.2<br>19.8<br>70.5<br>3.8                 | <b>40</b> 34 30 34 62                          |
|  |  | tariff rate, weighte<br>c industry diversi  | •  | 1.8<br>87.0   | 25<br>63                               |  |  |   |   |  |

Population (mn) GDP, PPP\$ (bn) GDP per capita, PPP\$

NOTES: • indicates a strength;  $\bigcirc$  a weakness; • an income group strength;  $\bigcirc$  an income group weakness; \* an index; † a survey question. ② indicates that the economy's data are older than the base year; see appendices for details, including the year of the data, at http://globalinnovationindex.org. Square brackets [] indicate that the data minimum coverage (DMC) requirements were not met at the sub-pillar or pillar level.

310.7 53

## **Guatemala**

| Output rai             | k Input rank                               | Income  | Region              | Po                | pulatio          | on (mn)              | GDP, PPP\$ (bn)                                       | GDP per capita, PPP\$                          | GII 20            | )20 ra           | lnڍ |
|------------------------|--|---|---------------------|-------------------|------------------|----------------------|---|--|-------------------|------------------|-----|
| 83                     | 112  | Upper middle                                      | LCN                 |                   | 17.9             | 9                    | 148.6   | 8,267  | 1                 | 06               | 6   |
|                        |  |   | Score/              | Dank              |                  |                      |   |  | Score/            | Dank             |     |
| îii Inst               | tutions                                    |   | 48.3                | Rank              | $\Diamond$       | <b>≗</b> E           | Business sophist                                      | ication  | Value <b>22.9</b> | 79               |     |
|                        | cal environment                            | :   | 42.2                | 109               | $\diamond$       |                      | (nowledge workers                                     |  | 27.9              | 79               |     |
| I.1.1 Politi           | al and operation                           | al stability*                                     | 55.4                | 112               | $\Diamond$       | 5.1.1 K              | (nowledge-intensive e                                 |  | 9.3               | 111              |     |
|                        | nment effectiven                           |   | 35.6                |                   |                  |                      | Firms offering formal tr<br>GERD performed by b       | •  | 55.7<br>n/a       | 11 o<br>n/a      | •   |
| _                      | latory environm<br>atory quality*          | ent   | <b>45.4</b><br>37.6 | <b>115</b><br>88  | ~                | 5.1.4 G              | GERD financed by bus                                  | iness, %                                       | 12.5              | 74               |     |
| .2.2 Rule              | of law*                                    |   | 19.0                |                   | V                |                      | emales employed w/a                                   | advanced degrees, %                            | 2.7               | 102              |     |
|                        | of redundancy dis                          |   | 27.0                |                   |                  |                      | <b>nnovation linkages</b><br>Jniversity-industry R&   | D collaboration <sup>†</sup>                   | <b>14.8</b> 37.3  | <b>110</b><br>92 |     |
|                        | ess environmer<br>of starting a busin      |   | <b>57.2</b><br>86.8 | <b>113</b><br>77  | $\Diamond$       |                      | State of cluster develo                               |  | 47.3              | 61               |     |
|                        | of resolving insol                         |   | 27.6                |                   |                  |                      | GERD financed by abr                                  | oad, % GDP<br>alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP ②    | 0.0               | 102 (<br>126 (   |     |
|                        |  |   |                     |                   |                  |                      | Patent families/bn PPF                                |  | 0.0               | 100              |     |
| Hun                    | an capital ar                              | id research                                       | 12.2                | 120               | $\Diamond$       | 5.3 K                | Cnowledge absorption                                  | on   | 26.1              | 67               |     |
|                        | ation                                      |   |                     | 119               | $\Diamond$       |                      |   | ayments, % total trade                         | 1.3<br>10.2       | 30 (<br>31 (     |     |
|                        | nditure on educat                          | ion, % GDP<br>ıpil, secondary, % GDP/d            | 3.2<br>5.5 ap       | 90<br>102         | 0.0              |                      | ligh-tech imports, % t<br>CT services imports, 9      |  | 1.8               | 36               |     |
|                        | ol life expectancy                         |   | ② 10.8              |                   | $\Diamond$       |                      | DI net inflows, % GDI                                 |  | 1.3               | 102              |     |
|                        | •  | maths and science                                 | n/a                 |                   |                  | 5.3.5 F              | Research talent, % in I                               | ousinesses                                     | 1.4               | 78               |     |
|                        | teacher ratio, sec                         | condary   | 12.2<br><b>7.9</b>  | 51<br><b>116</b>  |                  | page                 | Cnowledge and   | technology outputs                             | 14.2              | 90               |     |
|                        | ry education<br>ry enrolment, % g          | gross   | Ø 21.8              |                   | $\diamond$       | _                    | <u> </u>  | teermology outpute                             |                   |                  |     |
| 2.2 Grad               | ates in science a                          | nd engineering, %                                 | ② 9.8               |                   | $\cup$           |                      | <b>(nowledge creation</b><br>Patents by origin/bn Pl  | PP\$ GDP                                       | <b>1.9</b> 0.0    | <b>127</b> 122   |     |
|                        | ry inbound mobil                           | •   | n/a                 | n/a<br><b>120</b> |                  |                      | CT patents by origin/                                 |  | 0.0               | 93               |     |
|                        | arch and develo<br>archers, FTE/mn         |   |                     | 108               | $\wedge$         |                      | Itility models by origin                              | /bn PPP\$ GDP<br>.l articles/bn PPP\$ GDP      | 0.0<br>1.8        | 60<br>127        |     |
|                        | expenditure on I                           |   | ② 0.0               |                   | $\circ \diamond$ |                      | Citable documents H-i                                 | •  | 4.5               | 111              |     |
|                        | I corporate R&D iversity ranking,          | investors, top 3, mn US<br>top 3*                 | \$ 0.0<br>0.0       |                   | 0 <b>◊</b>       | 6.2 K                | (nowledge impact                                      |  | 22.3              | 91               |     |
| o qo a                 |  |   | 0.0                 | •                 |                  |                      | abor productivity gro                                 |  | 2.6               | 20               | •   |
| ដ្ឋ <sup>ជ</sup> Infra | structure                                  |   | 23.7                | 122               |                  |                      | lew businesses/th po<br>Software spending, %          |  | 0.5<br>0.0        | 96<br>120        |     |
| .1 Infor               | nation and comm                            | unication technologies                            | (ICTs) 42.5         | 105               | ^                |                      | SO 9001 quality certif                                |  | 1.5               | 98               |     |
|                        | cess*                                      |   | 48.1                | 93                | $\Diamond$       |                      | ligh-tech manufacturi                                 | ng, %  | n/a               | n/a<br><b>59</b> |     |
| .1.2 ICT u             | se*<br>nment's online s                    | anvico*   | 20.8<br>51.2        |                   | < 2              |                      | <b>(nowledge diffusion</b><br>ntellectual property re | ceipts, % total trade                          | <b>18.4</b> 0.1   | 59               |     |
|                        | ticipation*                                | SI VICE   |                     | 103               | $\Diamond$       |                      | Production and export                                 |  | 33.4              | 81               |     |
| .2 Gene                | ral infrastructur                          | e   | 9.4                 | 130               | $\wedge$         |                      | High-tech exports, % t<br>CT services exports, 9      |  | 1.4<br>3.7        | 67<br>22 (       | •   |
|                        | icity output, GWh                          |   | 818.8<br>17.1       | 102<br>114        | $\Diamond$       |                      |   |  |                   |                  | _   |
|                        | ics performance<br>capital formation       |   |                     | 122               | $\diamond$       | <b>%</b> , c         | Creative outputs                                      |  | 21.7              | 75               |     |
| .3 Ecol                | gical sustainab                            | ility   | 19.2                |                   | $\Diamond$       | 7.1 lı               | ntangible assets                                      |  | 38.0              | 43               | •   |
|                        | unit of energy use<br>Inmental perform     |   | 9.9<br>31.8         | 70<br>115         | ^                | 7.1.1 T              | rademarks by origin/b                                 |  | 46.7              | 50               |     |
|                        |  | al certificates/bn PPP\$ G                        |                     | 113               |                  |                      | Blobal brand value, top<br>ndustrial designs by o     |  | n/a<br>0.0        | n/a<br>116       |     |
|                        |  |   |                     |                   |                  |                      | CTs and organizationa                                 | •  | 57.0              | 56               |     |
| 📆 Mar                  | cet sophistic                              | ation   | 44.4                | 77                |                  | 7.2 C                | Creative goods and s                                  | ervices  | 2.8               | [111]            |     |
| .1 Cred                | t  |   | 39.7                | 72                |                  |                      | Cultural and creative se<br>National feature films/r  | rvices exports, % total trade<br>nn pop. 15-69 | 0.1<br>1.2        | 88<br>80         |     |
| .1.1 Ease              | of getting credit*                         |   | 85.0                | 14                | _                |                      |   | dia market/th pop. 15–69                       | n/a               | n/a              |     |
|                        | stic credit to priv<br>finance gross loa   | ate sector, % GDP                                 | 34.3<br>0.2         | 91<br>48          |                  | 7.2.4 P              | Printing and other med                                | lia, % manufacturing                           | n/a               | n/a              |     |
|                        | tment                                      | 110, 70 GDI                                       | 30.0                |                   |                  |                      | Creative goods export                                 | s, % total trade                               | 0.2               | 76               |     |
| .2.1 Ease              | of protecting min                          | •   | 30.0                |                   | ^                |                      | Online creativity<br>Generic top-level dom            | ains (TLDs)/th pop. 15–69                      | <b>8.1</b><br>4.0 | <b>108</b> 59    |     |
|                        | et capitalization, 9                       |   | n/a                 |                   |                  | 7.3.2 C              | Country-code TLDs/th                                  | pop. 15-69                                     | 0.6               | 97               |     |
|                        |  | rs, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>nts, deals/bn PPP\$ GDF |                     | n/a<br>n/a        |                  |                      | Vikipedia edits/mn po<br>Nobile app creation/bi       | •  |                   | 102<br>102       |     |
|                        |  | , and market scale                                | 63.6                | 80                |                  | 7.∪. <del>-</del> IV | noone app creation/bi                                 | ψ ω Δ Δ Ι                                      | 0.0               | 102              |     |
| .3 Trad                | , uivei silication                         | , and market ecuie                                |                     |                   |                  |                      |   |  |                   |                  |     |
| 1.3.1 Appli            | ed tariff rate, weig<br>stic industry dive | hted avg., %                                      | ② 1.4<br>n/a        | 16<br>n/a         | •                |                      |   |  |                   |                  |     |

**Guinea** GII 2021 rank 130

| Output rank | Input rank | Income | Region | Population (mn) | GDP, PPP\$ (bn) | GDP per capita, PPP\$ | GII 2020 rank |
|-------------|------------|--------|--------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------------|---------------|
| 126         | 130        | Low    | SSF    | 13.1            | 35.1            | 2,516                 | 130           |

|   | Score/<br>Value                     | Rank                                     |  | Score/<br>Value Rank  |
|---|-------------------------------------|--|--|---|
| institutions  | 53.6                                | 100                                      | Business sophistication  | 15.8 [121]  |
| <ul> <li>1.1 Political environment</li> <li>1.1.1 Political and operational stability*</li> <li>1.1.2 Government effectiveness*</li> <li>1.2 Regulatory environment</li> <li>1.2.1 Regulatory quality*</li> <li>1.2.2 Rule of law*</li> <li>1.2.3 Cost of redundancy dismissal</li> <li>1.3 Business environment</li> </ul> | 58.9<br>33.3<br><b>57.5</b><br>23.4 | 116<br><b>88</b> ●<br>118<br>129<br>30 ● | <ul> <li>5.1 Knowledge workers</li> <li>5.1.1 Knowledge-intensive employment, %</li> <li>5.1.2 Firms offering formal training, %</li> <li>5.1.3 GERD performed by business, % GDP</li> <li>5.1.4 GERD financed by business, %</li> <li>5.1.5 Females employed w/advanced degrees, %</li> <li>5.2 Innovation linkages</li> <li>5.2.1 University-industry R&amp;D collaboration<sup>†</sup></li> </ul> | 9.6 [125] 7.4 114 16.0 89 n/a n/a n/a n/a 2.2 104 26.3 [44] 46.9 48 ● ◆ |
| 1.3.1 Ease of starting a business*     1.3.2 Ease of resolving insolvency*  | 84.5<br>38.6                        | 94 <b>●</b><br>103                       | <ul> <li>5.2.2 State of cluster development and depth<sup>†</sup></li> <li>5.2.3 GERD financed by abroad, % GDP</li> <li>5.2.4 Joint venture/strategic alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP</li> <li>5.2.5 Patent families/bn PPP\$ GDP</li> </ul>  | 42.2 93<br>n/a n/a<br>n/a n/a<br>0.0 100 0 ◊                            |
| <ul><li>2.1 Education</li><li>2.1.1 Expenditure on education, % GDP</li></ul>   | <b>15.0</b><br>2.3                  |  | 5.3.2 High-tech imports, % total trade   | <b>11.4 132</b> ○ ◇ 0.0 114 2.4 128 ◇ 0.7 92 ●                          |
| <ul> <li>2.1.2 Government funding/pupil, secondary, % GDP/c</li> <li>2.1.3 School life expectancy, years</li> <li>2.1.4 PISA scales in reading, maths and science</li> <li>2.1.5 Pupil-teacher ratio, secondary</li> </ul>  | eap                                 | 113<br>n/a                               | 5.3.4 FDI net inflows, % GDP 5.3.5 Research talent, % in businesses  | 3.1 47 <b>●</b><br>n/a n/a  |
| <ul><li>2.2 Tertiary education</li><li>2.2.1 Tertiary enrolment, % gross</li></ul>  | <b>5.9</b>                          |  | Knowledge and technology outputs   | 2.5 132 0 0   |
| 2.2.2 Graduates in science and engineering, % 2.2.3 Tertiary inbound mobility, % 2.3 Research and development (R&D)   | n/a<br>② 0.9                        | n/a                                      | <ul> <li>6.1 Knowledge creation</li> <li>6.1.1 Patents by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP</li> <li>6.1.2 PCT patents by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP</li> <li>6.1.3 Utility models by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP</li> </ul>  | 1.3 130 ○ ♦<br>0.0 128 ○ ♦<br>0.0 98 ○ ♦<br>0.0 76 ○ ♦                  |
| <ul> <li>2.3.1 Researchers, FTE/mn pop.</li> <li>2.3.2 Gross expenditure on R&amp;D, % GDP</li> <li>2.3.3 Global corporate R&amp;D investors, top 3, mn US</li> <li>2.3.4 QS university ranking, top 3*</li> </ul>  | n/a                                 | 41 ○ ◊                                   | 6.1.4 Scientific and technical articles/bn PPP\$ GDP 6.1.5 Citable documents H-index   | 2.9 122<br>2.3 128<br>1.8 [132]   |
| <b>☆</b> Infrastructure   |                                     | 131 ○ ◇                                  | <ul> <li>6.2.1 Labor productivity growth, %</li> <li>6.2.2 New businesses/th pop. 15–64</li> <li>6.2.3 Software spending, % GDP</li> <li>6.2.4 ISO 9001 quality certificates/bn PPP\$ GDP</li> </ul>   | n/a n/a<br>0.4 102<br>0.0 106<br>0.4 125                                |
| <ul><li>3.1 Information and communication technologies</li><li>3.1.1 ICT access*</li></ul>  | 33.3                                |  | 6.2.5 High-tech manufacturing, %   | n/a n/a<br>4.4 122  |
| 3.1.2 ICT use* 3.1.3 Government's online service* 3.1.4 E-participation*  | 21.8<br>31.0                        | 124                                      | <ul> <li>6.3 Knowledge diffusion</li> <li>6.3.1 Intellectual property receipts, % total trade</li> <li>6.3.2 Production and export complexity</li> <li>6.3.3 High-tech exports, % total trade</li> </ul>   | n/a n/a<br>10.8 118 $\diamondsuit$<br>0.0 128 $\diamondsuit$            |
| <ul> <li>3.2 General infrastructure</li> <li>3.2.1 Electricity output, GWh/mn pop.</li> <li>3.2.2 Logistics performance*</li> <li>3.2.3 Gross capital formation, % GDP</li> </ul>   | 1 <b>4.3</b><br>n/a<br>7.2<br>17.1  | 122 💠                                    | 6.3.4 ICT services exports, % total trade  **Creative outputs**  | 0.7 93 <b>●</b> 16.6 96   |
| <ul> <li>3.3 Ecological sustainability</li> <li>3.3.1 GDP/unit of energy use</li> <li>3.3.2 Environmental performance*</li> <li>3.3.3 ISO 14001 environmental certificates/bn PPP\$ G</li> </ul>  | n/a<br>26.4                         | 130 ○<br>n/a<br>128 ○ ◇<br>111           | <ul> <li>7.1 Intangible assets</li> <li>7.1.1 Trademarks by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP</li> <li>7.1.2 Global brand value, top 5,000, % GDP</li> <li>7.1.3 Industrial designs by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP</li> <li>7.1.4 ICTs and organizational model creation<sup>†</sup></li> </ul>  | 27.1 79 ● 7.2 116 n/a n/a 1.4 57 ● 60.0 45 ● ◆                          |
| Market sophistication   | 25.1                                | 131 ○ ◊                                  | <ul><li>7.2 Creative goods and services</li><li>7.2.1 Cultural and creative services exports, % total trade ①</li></ul>  | <b>2.8 [112]</b><br>0.3 65 ●  |
| <ul> <li>4.1 Credit</li> <li>4.1.1 Ease of getting credit*</li> <li>4.1.2 Domestic credit to private sector, % GDP</li> <li>4.1.3 Microfinance gross loans, % GDP</li> </ul>  | 30.0<br>② 9.0<br>② 0.2              | 51 ●                                     | 7.2.2 National feature films/mn pop. 15–69 7.2.3 Entertainment and media market/th pop. 15–69 7.2.4 Printing and other media, % manufacturing 7.2.5 Creative goods exports, % total trade  | 0.9 86<br>n/a n/a<br>n/a n/a<br>0.0 129 $\bigcirc$                      |
| <ul> <li>4.2 Investment</li> <li>4.2.1 Ease of protecting minority investors*</li> <li>4.2.2 Market capitalization, % GDP</li> <li>4.2.3 Venture capital investors, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP</li> <li>4.2.4 Venture capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP</li> </ul>   | 26.0<br>26.0<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>n/a   | 126<br>n/a<br>n/a                        | <ul> <li>7.3 Online creativity</li> <li>7.3.1 Generic top-level domains (TLDs)/th pop. 15–69</li> <li>7.3.2 Country-code TLDs/th pop. 15–69</li> <li>7.3.3 Wikipedia edits/mn pop. 15–69</li> <li>7.3.4 Mobile app creation/bn PPP\$ GDP</li> </ul>  | 9.3 99<br>0.1 125<br>0.0 132 0 \$<br>30.6 101<br>n/a n/a                |
| 4.3 Trade, diversification, and market scale 4.3.1 Applied tariff rate, weighted avg., % 4.3.2 Domestic industry diversification 4.3.3 Domestic market scale by PPP\$   | <b>36.0</b> 10.9                    | <b>127</b>                               |  | 11/ <b>a</b> 11/ <b>a</b>   |

NOTES: • indicates a strength;  $\bigcirc$  a weakness; • an income group strength;  $\bigcirc$  an income group weakness; \* an index; † a survey question.  $\odot$  indicates that the economy's data are older than the base year; see appendices for details, including the year of the data, at http://globalinnovationindex.org. Square brackets [] indicate that the data minimum coverage (DMC) requirements were not met at the sub-pillar or pillar level.

35.1 115

GII 2021 rank

### **Honduras**

4.3.3 Domestic market scale, bn PPP\$

108

| Output rank                    | Input rank                                | Income                                  | Region              | Popula                     | tion (mn) | GDP, PPP\$ (bn)                                      | GDP per capita, PPP\$           | GII 20             | 20 rank                              |
|--------------------------------|---|---|---------------------|----------------------------|-----------|--|---------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 106                            | 101                                       | Lower middle                            | LCN                 | 9                          | ).9       | 55.1   | 5,538                           | 1                  | 03                                   |
|                                |   |   | Score/              |                            |           |  |                                 | Score/             |                                      |
| î Institu                      | ıtions                                    |   | Value 45.8          |                            | <u>.</u>  | Business sophist                                     | tication                        | Value 24.0         | Rank                                 |
| <del></del>                    |   |   |                     |                            |           |  | ilcation                        |                    |                                      |
|                                | al environment<br>and operation           |   | <b>44.9</b> 60.7    | <b>104</b><br>97           |           | <b>Knowledge workers</b><br>Knowledge-intensive e    | employment, %                   | <b>27.3</b> 13.9   | <b>81</b><br>96                      |
|                                | ment effectiven                           |   | 37.1                | 105                        | 5.1.2 F   | Firms offering formal tr                             | raining, %                      | 47.7               | 20 •                                 |
| 1.2 Regulat<br>1.2.1 Regulat   | tory environm                             | ent                                     | 40.6                | <b>120</b><br>102          |           | GERD performed by b<br>GERD financed by bus          | •                               | n/a<br>10.4        | n/a<br>76                            |
| 1.2.2 Rule of I                |   |   | 20.1                | 121 💠                      | 5.1.5 F   | emales employed w/a                                  | advanced degrees, %             | 4.9                | 95                                   |
|                                | redundancy dis                            |   | 30.3                |                            |           | nnovation linkages<br>Jniversity-industry R&         | D collaboration <sup>†</sup>    | <b>14.0</b> 27.6   | <b>113</b><br>118                    |
|                                | ss environmer<br>starting a busir         |   | <b>52.0</b><br>71.4 | <b>123</b> ○ 124 ○ ◇       |           | State of cluster develo                              |                                 | 42.6               | 89                                   |
|                                | resolving insolv                          |   | 32.6                |                            |           | GERD financed by abr                                 |                                 | 0.0                | 95 〇<br>71                           |
|                                |   |   |                     |                            |           | Patent families/bn PPF                               | alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP     | 0.0                | 86                                   |
| <b>Huma</b>                    | n capital ar                              | nd research                             | 20.7                | 96                         | 5.3 F     | Cnowledge absorption                                 | on                              | 30.9               | 54                                   |
| 2.1 Educat                     |   |   | 47.3                | 75                         |           |  | ayments, % total trade          | 1.1<br>7.7         | 36 <b>●</b><br>65                    |
|                                | iture on educat                           | ion, % GDP<br>.pil, secondary, % GDP/ca | 6.1<br>p ② 20.3     | 15 ● <b>♦</b><br>48        |           | High-tech imports, % t<br>CT services imports, 9     |                                 | 1.8                | 41 •                                 |
| 2.1.3 School                   | life expectancy                           | , years                                 | 10.3                | 106                        |           | DI net inflows, % GDI                                |                                 | 4.6                | 22 •                                 |
|                                | ales in reading,<br>acher ratio, sec      | , maths and science                     | n/a<br>14.6         | n/a<br>70                  | 5.3.5 F   | Research talent, % in I                              | ousinesses                      | n/a                | n/a                                  |
| •                              | acherratio, sec<br>/ education            | condary                                 | 14.0                |                            | مهمو      | Knowledge and  | technology outputs              | 9.8                | 118                                  |
| 2.2.1 Tertiary                 | enrolment, %                              |   | 25.5                | 90                         | _         | Cnowledge creation                                   | 3, 1                            | 4.5                | 100 0                                |
|                                | tes in science a<br>inbound mobil         | and engineering, %                      | 15.7<br>0.9         | 95<br>88                   |           | Patents by origin/bn Pl                              | PP\$ GDP                        | 0.0                | <b>129</b> $\bigcirc$ 128 $\bigcirc$ |
| •                              | ch and develo                             | •                                       |                     | 116                        |           | PCT patents by origin/                               |                                 | 0.0                | 98 🔾                                 |
| 2.3.1 Researc                  | chers, FTE/mn                             | pop.                                    | ② 34.7              | 98                         |           | Utility models by origin<br>Scientific and technica  | al articles/bn PPP\$ GDP        | 0.0<br>3.2         | 76 ⊜<br>118                          |
|                                | xpenditure on I                           | R&D, % GDP investors, top 3, mn US\$    | ② 0.0<br>0.0        | 112 ○ ♦<br>41 ○ ♦          | 6.1.5     | Citable documents H-i                                | index                           | 2.4                | 126 🔾                                |
|                                | ersity ranking,                           |   | 0.0                 | 74 0 ♦                     |           | Cnowledge impact                                     | wth 0/                          | <b>15.3</b><br>n/a | [116]<br>n/a                         |
| <b>.</b>                       |   |   |                     |                            |           | _abor productivity gro<br>New businesses/th po       |                                 | n/a                | n/a                                  |
| <b>☆</b> Infras                | tructure                                  |   | 25.8                | 116                        |           | Software spending, %                                 |                                 | 0.3                | 47 <b>●</b>                          |
|                                |   | unication technologies (IC              | •                   |                            |           | SO 9001 quality certif<br>High-tech manufacturi      |                                 | 3.0<br>n/a         | 76<br>n/a                            |
| 3.1.1 ICT acc<br>3.1.2 ICT use |   |   | 39.2<br>30.2        |                            | 6.3 F     | Cnowledge diffusion                                  |                                 | 12.7               | 80                                   |
| 3.1.3 Governr                  | ment's online s                           | ervice*                                 | 46.5                | 111                        |           | ntellectual property re                              |                                 | n/a<br>28.5        | n/a<br>97                            |
| 3.1.4 E-partic                 | -   |   | 48.8                |                            |           | Production and export<br>High-tech exports, % t      |                                 | 0.1                | 115                                  |
|                                | <b>I infrastructur</b><br>ity output, GWh |   | <b>16.1</b> 993.5   | <b>117</b><br>97           | 6.3.4 I   | CT services exports, 9                               | % total trade                   | 2.0                | 57                                   |
| 3.2.2 Logistic                 | s performance                             | *                                       | 25.9                | 89                         | Q1        | Proctive outpute                                     |                                 | 4E G               | 100                                  |
|                                | apital formation                          |   | 16.9                |                            | (A)       | Creative outputs                                     |                                 | 15.6               | 102                                  |
|                                | ical sustainab<br>it of energy use        |   | <b>20.0</b><br>7.8  | <b>100</b><br>93           |           | <b>ntangible assets</b><br>Frademarks by origin/b    | on DDD¢ CDD                     | <b>26.6</b> 46.1   | <b>81</b><br>51 ●                    |
| 3.3.2 Environi                 | mental perform                            | ance*                                   | 37.8                | 96                         |           | Global brand value, to                               | ·                               | 0.0                | 80 🔾                                 |
| 3.3.3 ISO 140                  | 01 environment                            | al certificates/bn PPP\$ GD             | P 0.7               | 74                         |           | ndustrial designs by o                               | •                               | 0.1                | 112                                  |
| Marke                          | t sophistic                               | ation                                   | 47.9                | 62                         |           | CTs and organizationa<br>Creative goods and s        |                                 | 55.3<br><b>1.8</b> | 59<br><b>[119]</b>                   |
| 4.1 Credit                     |   |   | 48.7                | 38 ●                       |           | Cultural and creative se<br>National feature films/r | rvices exports, % total trade ② | 0.0<br>2.0         | 102<br>68                            |
|                                | getting credit*                           |   | 80.0                | 23 ●                       | 7.2.3 E   | Entertainment and me                                 | dia market/th pop. 15-69        | n/a                | n/a                                  |
|                                | ic credit to priv<br>ance gross loa       | ate sector, % GDP<br>.ns, % GDP         | 63.9<br>1.9         | 52 <b>●</b><br>14 <b>●</b> |           | Printing and other med                               | . •                             | n/a                | n/a<br>119                           |
| 1.2 Investm                    | =   |   | 42.0                | [28]                       |           | Creative goods export  Online creativity             | o, 70 total trade               | 0.0<br><b>7.6</b>  | 119<br>110                           |
| 1.2.1 Ease of                  | protecting min                            | ,                                       | 42.0                | 102                        |           |  | ains (TLDs)/th pop. 15-69       | 0.5                | 107                                  |
|                                | capitalization, 9<br>capital investo      | % GDP<br>rs, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP         | n/a<br>n/a          | n/a<br>n/a                 |           | Country-code TLDs/th                                 |                                 | 0.4                |                                      |
|                                |   | nts, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP                 | n/a                 | n/a                        |           | Nikipedia edits/mn po<br>Nobile app creation/bi      | •                               | 32.0<br>0.1        | 97<br>89                             |
| -                              |   | , and market scale                      | 53.1                | 112                        |           | , .  |                                 |                    |                                      |
|                                | tariff rate, weig<br>ic industry dive     |   | ② 3.4 n/a           | 66<br>n/a                  |           |  |                                 |                    |                                      |
| 4.0.2 Domest                   |   |   |                     | 100                        |           |  |                                 |                    |                                      |

NOTES: • indicates a strength;  $\bigcirc$  a weakness; • an income group strength;  $\bigcirc$  an income group weakness; \* an index; † a survey question. ② indicates that the economy's data are older than the base year; see appendices for details, including the year of the data, at http://globalinnovationindex.org. Square brackets [] indicate that the data minimum coverage (DMC) requirements were not met at the sub-pillar or pillar level.

55.1 100

## Hong Kong, China

Income

Region

Output rank Input rank

GII 2021 rank

14

GII 2020 rank

| 17  | 10  | High   | SEAO   | 7                                     | 7.5                              | 439.5   | 58,165   |   | 11                           |
|---|---|--|--|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|--|---|------------------------------|
|   |   |  | Score/<br>Value                                      | Rank                                  |                                  |   |  | Score/<br>Value                           | Rank                         |
| <u>ii</u> Ins                                     | stitutions  |  | 88.1   | 11                                    | 2                                | Business sophistica   | tion   | 45.2                                      | 24                           |
| 1 Poli<br>2 Gov                                   | itical environment itical and operational s vernment effectiveness  | S*   | <b>86.3</b> 80.4 89.3                                | <b>12</b><br>29<br>8                  |                                  | Knowledge workers Knowledge-intensive emp Firms offering formal traini GERD performed by busin  | ng, %  | n/a                                       | 35<br>29<br>n/a<br>43        |
| 1 Reg   | gulatory environmen<br>gulatory quality*<br>e of law*<br>st of redundancy dismi   |  | <b>96.1</b><br>95.3<br>89.0<br>8.0                   | <b>4</b> 2 • ♦ 15 1 • ♦               | 5.1.4                            | GERD financed by busines<br>Females employed w/adva<br>Innovation linkages  | ss, %  | 49.2                                      | 29<br>44<br><b>24</b>        |
| 1 Eas   | siness environment<br>se of starting a busines<br>se of resolving insolven  |  | <b>81.9</b> 98.2 65.7                                | <b>28</b> 5 ◆ 41 ◇                    | 5.2.2<br>5.2.3                   | University-industry R&D or<br>State of cluster developme<br>GERD financed by abroad<br>Joint venture/strategic alliar   | ent and depth <sup>†</sup><br>, % GDP  | 61.3<br>68.3<br>0.0<br>0.2                | 21<br>10<br>58<br>7          |
| Hu  | ıman capital and  | research   | 48.6   | 25                                    | 5.2.5<br><b>5.3</b>              | Patent families/bn PPP\$ G<br>Knowledge absorption  | iDP  | 0.8<br><b>50.1</b>                        | 29<br><b>12</b>              |
| 1 Exp<br>2 Gov<br>3 Sch<br>4 PIS                  | ucation<br>benditure on education<br>vernment funding/pupil<br>nool life expectancy, ye<br>A scales in reading, m<br>bil-teacher ratio, secon | , secondary, % GDP/cap<br>ears<br>aths and science | <b>58.1</b> 3.8 22.7 17.2 530.7 11.0                 | <b>37</b> 76 ○ ◇ 30 17 3 • ◆          | 5.3.1<br>5.3.2<br>5.3.3<br>5.3.4 | High-tech imports, % tota ICT services imports, % to FDI net inflows, % GDP Research talent, % in busi  | l trade<br>otal trade  | 0.3<br>51.6<br>0.3<br>26.1                | 81<br>1<br>119<br>4<br>37    |
|   | tiary education   |  | 51.1   | 11                                    | enga.                            | Knowledge and ted   | hnology outputs  | 21.6                                      | 62                           |
| 2 Gra<br>3 Tert<br>Res                            | tiary enrolment, % gro<br>aduates in science and<br>tiary inbound mobility,<br>search and developm<br>searchers, FTE/mn pop                   | engineering, %<br>%<br>nent (R&D)                  | 81.0<br>n/a<br>14.3<br><b>36.4</b><br>②4,026.6       | 21<br>n/a<br>11<br><b>30</b> ♦<br>25  | 6.1.3                            | Knowledge creation Patents by origin/bn PPP\$ PCT patents by origin/bn F Utility models by origin/bn  | PPP\$ GDP<br>PPP\$ GDP   | <b>24.2</b><br>0.7<br>n/a<br>1.1          | 72<br>n/a<br>21              |
| .2 Gro<br>.3 Glo                                  | oss expenditure on R&I<br>obal corporate R&D inv<br>university ranking, top   | D, % GDP<br>estors, top 3, mn US\$                 | ② 0.9<br>0.0<br>80.5                                 | 42                                    | 6.2                              | Scientific and technical art<br>Citable documents H-inde<br><b>Knowledge impact</b><br>Labor productivity growth,   | х  | n/a<br>37.3<br><b>38.4</b><br>-0.3        | n/a<br>25<br><b>31</b><br>74 |
|   | rastructure   |  | 60.3   | 6                                     | 6.2.2<br>6.2.3                   | New businesses/th pop. 19<br>Software spending, % GD<br>ISO 9001 quality certificate  | 5–64<br>P  | 28.6<br>0.4<br>4.6                        | 1<br>25<br>57                |
| 1 ICT<br>2 ICT<br>3 Gov<br>4 E-p<br>Ger<br>1 Elec | access* use* vernment's online serv varticipation* neral infrastructure ctricity output, GWh/m  |  | 94.3<br>84.9<br>n/a<br>n/a<br><b>35.4</b><br>4,905.9 | 2 ● ◆<br>11<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>39<br>45 | <b>6.3</b> 6.3.1 6.3.2 6.3.3     | High-tech manufacturing,<br><b>Knowledge diffusion</b><br>Intellectual property receip<br>Production and export cor<br>High-tech exports, % total<br>ICT services exports, % to | ots, % total trade<br>nplexity<br>I trade  | 0.1<br>n/a<br>0.1                         | 54<br>n/a<br>121<br>102      |
| _   | gistics performance*<br>oss capital formation, 9  | 6 GDP  | 86.9<br>17.4   | 12<br>101 ○ ◊                         | <b>&amp;</b> ,                   | Creative outputs  |  | 64.7                                      | - 1                          |
| .1 GDI<br>.2 Env                                  | ological sustainability<br>P/unit of energy use<br>vironmental performan<br>14001 environmental c   |  | 55.7<br>32.2<br>n/a<br>1.9                           | 4 ◆<br>1 ● ◆<br>n/a<br>46             | 7.1.2<br>7.1.3                   | Intangible assets Trademarks by origin/bn P Global brand value, top 5,0 Industrial designs by origin ICTs and organizational me   | 000, % GDP<br>n/bn PPP\$ GDP   | 64.7<br>62.3<br>307.2<br>3.2<br>67.6      | 32<br>1<br>35<br>23          |
| Cre<br>1 Eas<br>2 Dor                             | arket sophisticati<br>edit<br>se of getting credit*<br>mestic credit to private<br>crofinance gross loans,                                    | sector, % GDP                                      | 78.7<br>87.5<br>75.0<br>235.7<br>n/a                 | 3 • ◆ 2 • ◆ 34 1 • ◆ n/a              | 7.2.3<br>7.2.4                   | Creative goods and service Cultural and creative service National feature films/mn pentertainment and media Printing and other media, Creative goods exports, %                 | es exports, % total trade<br>pop. 15–69<br>market/th pop. 15–69<br>% manufacturing | 63.7<br>0.1<br>9.3<br>47.1<br>5.0<br>11.0 | 78<br>22<br>19<br>1          |
| .1 Eas<br>.2 Mar<br>.3 Ven<br>.4 Ven              | estment se of protecting minorit rket capitalization, % ( nture capital investors, ture capital recipients                                    | GDP<br>deals/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP  | <b>75.2</b><br>84.0<br>1,223.5<br>0.7<br>0.0         | 6                                     | <b>7.3</b> 7.3.1 7.3.2 7.3.3     | Online creativity Generic top-level domains Country-code TLDs/th pop Wikipedia edits/mn pop. 1 Mobile app creation/bn PF  | . (TLDs)/th pop. 15–69<br>b. 15–69<br>5–69   | <b>65.7</b> 74.0 12.2 86.8 84.9           | 5<br>7<br>37<br>4<br>6       |
| 3.1 App<br>3.2 Dor                                | de, diversification, and blied tariff rate, weighte mestic industry diversimestic market scale, b   | ed avg., %<br>fication                             | 73.5<br>0.0<br>2 73.6<br>439.5                       | <b>51</b><br>1 ●<br>92 ○ ◇<br>45      |                                  |   |  |   |                              |

Population (mn) GDP, PPP\$ (bn) GDP per capita, PPP\$

## **Hungary**

Output rank Input rank

Income

Region

34

GII 2020 rank

GDP per capita, PPP\$

| 31   | <del></del>  |  | EUR  | 9.7                                   |                  |                                  | 316.3  | 32,434  |  | 35                                |
|--|--|--|--|---------------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------------|--|---|--|-----------------------------------|
|  |  |  | Score/<br>Value                                | Rank                                  |                  |                                  |  |   | Score/<br>Value                            | Rank                              |
| institu  | ıtions   |  | 71.7   | 42                                    |                  | 2                                | Business sophist   | tication  | 37.5                                       | 31                                |
| 1.1.1 Politica<br>1.1.2 Govern                       | al environment<br>and operational s<br>ment effectivenes<br>tory environmen  | s*   | <b>69.1</b><br>83.9<br>61.7<br><b>74.4</b>     | <b>42</b><br>13<br>45<br><b>38</b>    | <b>\$</b>        | 5.1.2                            | Knowledge workers<br>Knowledge-intensive of<br>Firms offering formal to<br>GERD performed by b   | raining, %  | <b>44.7</b><br>35.1<br>29.3<br>1.1         | <b>33</b><br>39<br>53<br>21       |
| 1.2.1 Regulat<br>1.2.2 Rule of                       | ory quality*<br>law*   |  | 59.3<br>59.7                                   | 43<br>46                              |                  | 5.1.5                            | GERD financed by bus<br>Females employed w/a<br>Innovation linkages  |   | 52.4<br>15.7                               | 25<br>45                          |
| <b>1.3 Busine</b> 1.3.1 Ease of                      | redundancy dism<br>ss environment<br>starting a busined<br>resolving insolved  | ss*  | 13.4<br><b>71.6</b><br>88.2<br>55.0            | 48<br><b>63</b><br>70<br>61           |                  | 5.2.1<br>5.2.2<br>5.2.3<br>5.2.4 | University-industry R&D collaboration <sup>†</sup> State of cluster development and depth <sup>†</sup> GERD financed by abroad, % GDP Joint venture/strategic alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP Patent families/bn PPP\$ GDP |   | <b>24.4</b><br>44.1<br>45.6<br>0.2<br>0.0  | 48<br>57<br>71<br>17<br>81 ○      |
| # Huma   | n capital and  | research   | 42.5   | 36                                    |                  | 5.2.5<br><b>5.3</b>              | Patent families/bn PPF<br>Knowledge absorption   | •   | 0.3<br><b>43.5</b>                         | 34<br><b>23</b>                   |
| 2.1.2 Governi<br>2.1.3 School<br>2.1.4 PISA so       | iture on education<br>ment funding/pupi<br>life expectancy, ye   | l, secondary, % GDP/capears<br>ears<br>eaths and science | 54.3<br>4.7<br>21.1<br>15.1<br>479.3<br>② 10.0 | 51<br>53<br>42<br>49<br>33<br>29      |                  | 5.3.1<br>5.3.2<br>5.3.3<br>5.3.4 | Hitellectual property particular property particular property, % ICT services imports, % FDI net inflows, % GDI Research talent, % in I  | ayments, % total trade<br>total trade<br>% total trade<br>P | 1.2<br>15.0<br>1.4                         | 31<br>13 ● 4<br>53<br>130 ○ △     |
|  | y education  | ,  | 35.4   | 59                                    |                  |                                  | Knowledge and  | technology outputs  | 39.5                                       | 20                                |
| 2.2.2 Gradua<br>2.2.3 Tertiary                       | -  | l engineering, %<br>. %                                  | 50.3<br>22.5<br>11.4                           | 63<br>55<br>17                        |                  |                                  | Knowledge creation<br>Patents by origin/bn P<br>PCT patents by origin/   |   | <b>23.0</b><br>1.6<br>0.4                  | <b>45</b><br>44<br>36             |
| 2.3.1 Researce<br>2.3.2 Gross e                      | Tertiary inbound mobility, %  Research and development (R&D) Researchers, FTE/mn pop. Gross expenditure on R&D, % GDP Global corporate R&D investors, top 3, mn US\$ |  | <b>37.8</b><br>4,057.4<br>1.5<br>51.6          | 29<br>24<br>24<br>28                  |                  | 6.1.3<br>6.1.4<br>6.1.5          | Utility models by origin<br>Scientific and technica<br>Citable documents H-  | n/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>al articles/bn PPP\$ GDP                  | 0.7<br>25.7<br>29.4                        | 29<br>38<br>33                    |
| 2.3.4 QS univ  | ersity ranking, top  | o 3*   | 21.6<br><b>52.6</b>                            | 47<br><b>32</b>                       |                  | 6.2.2                            | Knowledge impact<br>Labor productivity gro<br>New businesses/th po<br>Software spending, %   | p. 15-64  | 49.8<br>1.2<br>3.7<br>0.2                  | <b>7 ● ◆</b> 40 ◆ 38 53           |
| 3.1 Informa<br>3.1.1 ICT acc                         |  | ication technologies (IC                                 | <b>Ts) 72.6</b> 79.0                           | <b>55</b><br>39                       | $\Diamond$       | 6.2.4<br>6.2.5                   | ISO 9001 quality certif<br>High-tech manufacturi   | icates/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>ng, %                                | 21.7<br>56.7                               | 8 <b>● ∢</b><br>8 <b>● ∢</b>      |
| <ul><li>3.1.4 E-partic</li><li>3.2 General</li></ul> | ment's online serv   |  | 69.1<br>74.7<br>67.9<br><b>37.4</b><br>3,495.8 | 49<br>55<br>75 ©<br><b>35</b><br>59   | \$               | 6.3.2<br>6.3.3                   | Knowledge diffusion<br>Intellectual property re<br>Production and export<br>High-tech exports, 6<br>ICT services exports, 6  | ceipts, % total trade<br>complexity<br>total trade          | 45.7<br>1.3<br>82.3<br>14.1<br>2.1         | <b>20</b> 17 ● 9 ● 9 ● ◆          |
| 3.2.2 Logistic                                       | es performance*<br>apital formation,   |  | 63.7<br>28.3                                   | 30<br>25                              |                  | €,                               | Creative outputs   |   | 30.9                                       | 47                                |
| 3.3.1 GDP/ur<br>3.3.2 Environ                        | ical sustainabilit<br>it of energy use<br>mental performar<br>01 environmental o   |  | <b>47.6</b><br>11.6<br>63.7<br>7.9             | 19 •<br>55<br>33<br>11 •              |                  | 7.1.2<br>7.1.3                   | Intangible assets Trademarks by origin/t Global brand value, to Industrial designs by o ICTs and organizationa   | o 5,000, % GDP<br>rigin/bn PPP\$ GDP                        | 25.9<br>28.3<br>9.5<br>2.1<br>60.3         | 84 0 0<br>76 0<br>61<br>47<br>42  |
| iii Marke  | et sophisticat   | ion  | 46.6   | 65                                    |                  | 7.2                              | Creative goods and s   |   | 39.0                                       | <b>12 ●</b>                       |
| 4.1.2 Domest   | getting credit*<br>ic credit to private<br>nance gross loans   |  | <b>43.5</b><br>75.0<br>33.5<br>n/a             | <b>53</b><br>34<br>92 (<br>n/a        | ) 💠              | 7.2.2<br>7.2.3<br>7.2.4          | National feature films/r   | dia market/th pop. 15–69<br>lia, % manufacturing            | 0.9<br>5.2<br>14.3<br>0.8<br>7.2           | 35<br>43<br>31 <<br>70 ○<br>7 • • |
| 4.2.2 Market<br>4.2.3 Venture                        | protecting minori<br>capitalization, % o<br>capital investors,   |  | 17.7<br>54.0<br>20.1<br>0.0<br>0.0             | 122 C<br>88 C<br>59 C<br>56 C<br>65 C | ) <b>\( \)</b> ) | <b>7.3</b> 7.3.1 7.3.2 7.3.3     | Online creativity  | ains (TLDs)/th pop. 15–69<br>pop. 15–69<br>p. 15–69         | <b>32.6</b><br>10.4<br>34.5<br>76.1<br>5.8 | <b>33</b> 40 19 ● 19 ● 55         |
| 4.3.1 Applied 4.3.2 Domest                           | diversification, a<br>tariff rate, weight<br>ic industry divers<br>ic market scale, b  | ification  | <b>78.5</b><br>1.8<br>94.5<br>316.3            | 33<br>25<br>31<br>52                  |                  |                                  |  |   |  |                                   |

Population (mn) GDP, PPP\$ (bn)

#### **Iceland**

Output rank Input rank

Income

Region

17

GII 2020 rank

|                                  | 16   | 20   |   | EUR   | Тори                              | 0.3                            | 19.8  | 54,482  |   | 21                                       |
|----------------------------------|--|--|---|---|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|---|---|--|
|                                  |  |  |   | Score/  |                                   |                                |   |   | Score/                                      |  |
|                                  |  |  |   | Value   |                                   |                                |   |   | Value                                       |  |
| <u> </u>                         | Institut   | ions   |   | 86.8  | 14                                |                                | Business sophist  | ication   | 50.4  | 18                                       |
| 1.1.1                            | Political a  | environment<br>and operational s<br>ent effectivenes   | •   | <b>86.0</b><br>89.3<br>84.4                   | <b>13</b><br>6<br>15              |                                | Knowledge workers<br>Knowledge-intensive e<br>Firms offering formal tr  | aining, %   | <b>58.9</b> 50.4 n/a                        | <b>19</b><br>8<br>n/a                    |
| 1.2.1                            | -  | ory environmer<br>ry quality*<br>w*  | ıt  | <b>88.2</b> 79.4 93.3                         | <b>15</b><br>19<br>11             | 5.1.4                          | GERD performed by bu<br>GERD financed by bus<br>Females employed w/a  | iness, %  | 1.6<br>38.9<br>25.9                         | 13<br>45<br>11                           |
| <b>1.3</b> 1.3.1                 | Business<br>Ease of s  | edundancy dism<br>s environment<br>tarting a busine<br>esolving insolve                        | ss*   | 13.0<br><b>86.3</b><br>90.6<br>82.0           | 40<br><b>15</b><br>54<br>11       | 5.2.2<br>5.2.3<br>5.2.4        | •   | oment and depth†<br>oad, % GDP<br>Illiance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP | <b>58.5</b> 58.8 50.3 0.7 0.2               | 8<br>26<br>45<br>1 ● ◆                   |
| ••                               | Human  | capital and  | research  | 49.7  | 23                                |                                | Patent families/bn PPP  |   | 2.3   | 16                                       |
| 2.1.1<br>2.1.2<br>2.1.3<br>2.1.4 | Education<br>Expendite<br>Governme<br>School lif<br>PISA sca | on<br>ure on education<br>ent funding/pupi<br>e expectancy, y                                  | n, % GDP<br>I, secondary, % GDP/cap<br>ears<br>aths and science | 72.2<br>7.7<br>20.6<br>19.2<br>481.4<br>② 9.4 | 7<br>4 • 4<br>46<br>7<br>30<br>23 | 5.3.2<br>5.3.3<br>5.3.4        | Knowledge absorptic<br>Intellectual property pa<br>High-tech imports, % t<br>ICT services imports, 9<br>FDI net inflows, % GDF<br>Research talent, % in b | ayments, % total trade<br>otal trade<br>% total trade<br>o    | 33.9<br>1.1<br>5.8<br>3.1<br>–11.0<br>42.7  | 46 0<br>34<br>101 0<br>8<br>131 00<br>31 |
| 2.2.1<br>2.2.2                   | Tertiary e<br>Graduate                                       | education<br>enrolment, % gross in science and<br>abound mobility                              | l engineering, %  | <b>35.4</b><br>73.1<br>18.6<br>8.0            | 58<br>26<br>82 O <<br>32          | 6.1.1                          | Knowledge creation  |   | <b>37.0 50.9</b> 4.6 2.6                    | 25<br>13<br>19<br>15                     |
| 2.3.1<br>2.3.2<br>2.3.3          | Research<br>Gross ex<br>Global co                            | h and developr<br>ners, FTE/mn po<br>penditure on R&<br>orporate R&D inv<br>rsity ranking, top | p. D, % GDP vestors, top 3, mn US\$                             | 41.6<br>26,088.3<br>2.4<br>46.6<br>0.0        | 24 < 7 12 33 74 $\bigcirc$ <      | 6.1.3<br>6.1.4<br>6.1.5<br>6.2 | Utility models by origin<br>Scientific and technica<br>Citable documents H-in<br>Knowledge impact   | /bn PPP\$ GDP<br>I articles/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>ndex              | n/a<br>65.0<br>19.8<br><b>28.4</b>          | n/a<br>1 ● 4<br>42 <<br><b>69</b> <      |
|                                  |  | ructure  |   | 54.5  | 25                                | 6.2.1<br>6.2.2<br>6.2.3        | Labor productivity grown<br>New businesses/th pop<br>Software spending, %   | o. 15–64<br>GDP   | 0.5<br>9.9<br>0.3                           | 55<br>17<br>48                           |
| 3.1.1<br>3.1.2<br>3.1.3          | ICT acces<br>ICT use*<br>Governm                             | ss*<br>ent's online serv   | ication technologies (ICT:                                      | 92.8<br>89.2<br>79.4                          | 23<br>4 • 4<br>4 • 4              | 6.2.5<br>6.3<br>6.3.1          | ISO 9001 quality certifi<br>High-tech manufacturin<br>Knowledge diffusion<br>Intellectual property re-<br>Production and export                           | ng, %<br>ceipts, % total trade                                | 3.4<br>15.0<br><b>31.8</b><br>2.4<br>n/a    | 69<br>75 ( ) (<br><b>30</b><br>10<br>n/a |
| <b>3.2</b><br>3.2.1              | Electricity  | infrastructure<br>y output, GWh/n  | nn pop.   | 77.4<br><b>50.8</b><br>56,175.6               | 51 <<br>9<br>1 • €                | 6.3.3<br>6.3.4                 | High-tech exports, % t<br>ICT services exports, 9   | otal trade  | 2.9<br>3.6                                  | 49<br>24                                 |
|                                  |  | performance*<br>pital formation,   | % GDP   | 54.7<br>20.9                                  | 39 < 82                           | <b>€,</b>                      | Creative outputs  |   | 50.7  | 10                                       |
| 3.3.1<br>3.3.2                   | GDP/unit<br>Environm   | eal sustainabilit<br>of energy use<br>ental performar<br>1 environmental o                     |   | 27.9<br>3.1<br>72.3<br>1.5                    | <b>67</b> < 123 ○ < 17 57         | 7.1.1<br>7.1.2<br>7.1.3        | Intangible assets Trademarks by origin/b Global brand value, top Industrial designs by or ICTs and organizationa  | o 5,000, % GDP<br>rigin/bn PPP\$ GDP                          | <b>51.3</b><br>61.9<br>n/a<br>0.8<br>75.5   | 17<br>33<br>n/a<br>76<br>13              |
| iii                              | Market   | sophisticat  | ion   | 56.8  | 25                                | 7.2                            | Creative goods and s  | ervices   | 27.6  | 29                                       |
| 4.1.1<br>4.1.2<br>4.1.3          | Domestic<br>Microfina  | nce gross loans  | e sector, % GDP<br>, % GDP                                      | <b>46.0</b> 55.0 90.6 n/a                     | <b>46</b><br>88 ()<br>29<br>n/a   | 7.2.3<br>7.2.4                 | National feature films/n  | dia market/th pop. 15–69<br>ia, % manufacturing               | 0.4<br>55.3<br>n/a<br>1.3<br>0.1            | 54<br>1 ● ◆<br>n/a<br>33<br>105 ○        |
| 4.2.1<br>4.2.2<br>4.2.3<br>4.2.4 | Market ca<br>Venture co<br>Venture c                         | rotecting minori<br>apitalization, %<br>capital investors,<br>capital recipients               | GDP<br>deals/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP               | 64.8<br>72.0<br>n/a<br>0.2<br>0.2             | 12<br>27<br>n/a<br>14<br>6        | 7.3.2<br>7.3.3<br>7.3.4        | Online creativity Generic top-level doma Country-code TLDs/th Wikipedia edits/mn pop Mobile app creation/br   | p. 15–69  | <b>72.5</b><br>100.0<br>94.5<br>85.5<br>5.0 | 1 • 4<br>1 • 4<br>5 • 4<br>5 • 4         |
| 4.3.1                            | Applied to   | versification, a<br>ariff rate, weight<br>industry divers                                      | •   | <b>59.7</b> 1.5 2 75.6                        | 96 0 < 19 88 0 <                  |                                |   |   |   |  |

Population (mn) GDP, PPP\$ (bn) GDP per capita, PPP\$

NOTES: • indicates a strength;  $\bigcirc$  a weakness; • an income group strength;  $\bigcirc$  an income group weakness; \* an index; † a survey question. ② indicates that the economy's data are older than the base year; see appendices for details, including the year of the data, at http://globalinnovationindex.org. Square brackets [] indicate that the data minimum coverage (DMC) requirements were not met at the sub-pillar or pillar level.

19.8 129 🔾 🗘

India GII 2021 rank

| Output rank  | Input rank  | Income  |   |   |  |  |  | GII 20  | 20 rank  |
|--|---|---|---|---|--|--|--|---|--|
| 45   | 57  | Lower middle  | CSA   | 1,0   | 380.0  | 8,681.3  | 6,284  |   | 18   |
|  |   |   | Score/<br>Value   | Rank  |  |  |  | Score/<br>Value   | Rank   |
| iii Institu  | tions   |   | 64.4  | 62 ◆  | 🔓 B  | Business sophist   | ication  | 29.2  | 52 ◆   |
| 1.1.1 Political 1.1.2 Governr 1.2 Regulat 1.2.1 Regulat 1.2.2 Rule of I 1.2.3 Cost of I 1.3 Busines 1.3.1 Ease of 1.3.2 Ease of 1.3.2 Ease of 1.3.2 Ease of 1.3.3 Educati 2.1.1 Expendi 2.1.2 Governn 2.1.3 School I | redundancy dis<br>as environmen<br>starting a busin<br>resolving insolv<br>n capital an<br>ton<br>ture on educati<br>nent funding/pu<br>ife expectancy, | al stability* ess* ent  smissal  it less* ency*  d research  on, % GDP pil, secondary, % GDP/cap years                      | 11.5  | 66  | 5.1.1 K 5.1.2 F 5.1.3 G 5.1.4 G 5.1.5 F 5.2 Ir 5.2.2 S 5.2.3 G 5.2.4 J 5.2.5 P 5.3 K 5.3.1 Ir 5.3.2 H 5.3.3 IC 5.3.4 F | Innovation linkages Iniversity-industry R& Iniversity-industry R& Itate of cluster develo ERD financed by abroint venture/strategic a Itatent families/bn PPF Inowledge absorptio Italies property pa Itigh-tech imports, % of It services imports, % of It net inflows, % GDI Inet inflows, % GDI | raining, %  usiness, % GDP  inless, %  advanced degrees, %  D collaboration†  pment and depth†  oad, % GDP  alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP  S GDP  on  ayments, % total trade  total trade  % total trade | 0.2<br>36.8<br>2.3<br><b>24.1</b><br>42.7<br>45.6<br>n/a<br>0.1<br>0.2<br><b>37.1</b><br>1.4<br>10.6<br>1.7 | 83<br>90<br>38<br>51<br>51<br>103<br>50<br>65<br>72<br>n/a<br>35<br>49<br>34<br>49<br>27<br>26<br>43<br>88<br>88 |
| 2.1.5 Pupil-tea<br>2.2 Tertiary<br>2.2.1 Tertiary<br>2.2.2 Graduat   | acher ratio, sec<br>reducation<br>enrolment, % g  | ross<br>nd engineering, %   | n/a<br>21.5<br><b>33.8</b><br>28.6<br>32.2<br>0.1                     | n/a<br>99 ○<br><b>64</b> ◆<br>88<br>12 • ◆        | 6.1 K  | <b>Enowledge creation</b> Patents by origin/bn Pl  | technology outputs   | 34.5<br>21.0<br>2.0   | 38 ◆ 29 ◆ 51 ◆ 36 ◆  |
| 2.3.1 Researce<br>2.3.2 Gross et<br>2.3.3 Global ce<br>2.3.4 QS unive  | ersity ranking, t   | oop.<br>R&D, % GDP<br>nvestors, top 3, mn US\$  | 32.5<br>② 252.7<br>② 0.7<br>69.2<br>44.9                              | <b>35</b>   | 6.1.3 U<br>6.1.4 S<br>6.1.5 C<br><b>6.2 K</b><br>6.2.1 L   | ICT patents by origin/<br>Utility models by original<br>icientific and technica<br>icitable documents H-i<br>(nowledge impact<br>abor productivity gro-<br>lew businesses/th po  | n/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>Il articles/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>ndex<br>wth, %   | 0.2<br>n/a<br>10.3<br>40.8<br><b>33.3</b><br>2.8<br>0.1   | 48   |
| <b>ద</b> ⇔ Infrast   | tructure  |   | 36.8  | 81 ◆  | 6.2.3 S  | oftware spending, %  | GDP  | 0.3   | 51   |
| <ul> <li>3.1.1 ICT acces</li> <li>3.1.2 ICT use*</li> <li>3.1.3 Governr</li> <li>3.1.4 E-partic</li> <li>3.2 Genera</li> <li>3.2.1 Electricis</li> </ul>   | ess*<br>nent's online se<br>ipation*<br>I infrastructure<br>ty output, GWh  | e<br>/mn pop.   | 38.2<br>23.2<br>85.3<br>85.7<br><b>32.1</b><br>1,198.1                | 86<br>111 ○<br>110 ○<br>24 ◆<br>29 ◆<br>52<br>94  | 6.2.5 H<br><b>6.3 K</b><br>6.3.1 Ir<br>6.3.2 P<br>6.3.3 H  | SO 9001 quality certifigh-tech manufacturican moving a diffusion tellectual property reproduction and export ligh-tech exports, % to the services exports, 9 to 100 per per per per per per per per per per  | ng, % ceipts, % total trade complexity total trade   | 3.6<br>34.1<br><b>49.1</b><br>0.1<br>56.3<br>4.0<br>11.7  | 68<br>36   |
|  | s performance*<br>apital formatior  |   | 52.4<br>27.8  | 43 ◆<br>28  | <b>€,</b> c  | Creative outputs   |  | 23.1  | 68   |
| 3.3.1 GDP/uni<br>3.3.2 Environr  | cal sustainabi<br>it of energy use<br>mental perform<br>01 environmenta   |   | 20.3<br>10.8<br>27.6<br>0.9   | <b>98</b><br>63<br>125 ⊝ ♢<br>69                  | 7.1.1 To<br>7.1.2 G<br>7.1.3 Ir  | ntangible assets<br>rademarks by origin/t<br>Global brand value, to<br>ndustrial designs by o<br>CTs and organizationa   | o 5,000, % GDP<br>rigin/bn PPP\$ GDP   | <b>31.9</b><br>33.8<br>70.3<br>1.0<br>59.6  | 61<br>68<br>28 ◆<br>72<br>47 ◆   |
| <b>Marke</b>   | t sophistica  | ation   | 55.5  | 28 ◆  |  | creative goods and s   |  | 19.8  | 55 ♦   |
|  | ic credit to priva<br>ance gross loa  | ate sector, % GDP<br>ns, % GDP  | <b>43.1</b><br>80.0<br>50.2<br>0.9<br><b>35.9</b>                     | <b>56</b> 23 69 25                                | 7.2.2 N<br>7.2.3 E<br>7.2.4 P<br>7.2.5 C   | lational feature films/r   | dia market/th pop. 15–69<br>lia, % manufacturing ②   | 0.9   | 18 ● ◆ 63 59 ○ 83 ○ 24 ◆   |
| <ul> <li>4.2.1 Ease of</li> <li>4.2.2 Market of</li> <li>4.2.3 Venture</li> <li>4.2.4 Venture</li> <li>4.3 Trade, of</li> <li>4.3.1 Applied</li> <li>4.3.2 Domesti</li> </ul>  | capital recipier  | 6 GDP rs, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP rts, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP rts, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP red, and market scale hted avg., % rsification | 80.0<br>80.2<br>0.1<br>0.1<br><b>87.7</b><br>6.6<br>② 97.8<br>8,681.3 | 13 • • • 19 • 38 • • 22 • • 97 • 12 • • • 3 • • • | 7.3.1 G<br>7.3.2 C<br>7.3.3 W<br>7.3.4 M   | •  | p. 15–69   | 0.9<br>0.7<br>23.4<br>13.3  | 97<br>95<br>117 O<br>42  |

### Indonesia

| Output rank   | Input rank                                   | Income   | Region              | Popula               | ation (mn | ) GDP, PPP\$ (bn)                                  | GDP per capita, PPP\$                     | GII 20              | 20 rank           |
|---|--|--|---------------------|----------------------|-----------|--|---|---------------------|-------------------|
| 84  | 87   | Upper middle                                   | SEAO                | 2                    | 73.5      | 3,328.3  | 12,345                                    |                     | <b>35</b>         |
|   |  |  | Score/<br>Value     | Rank                 |           |  |   | Score/<br>Value     | Rank              |
| îî Institu  | ıtions                                       |  | 51.2                |                      | <b>2</b>  | Business sophist                                   | tication                                  | 17.5                |                   |
| <del></del>   | l environment                                |  | 58.5                | 64                   |           | Knowledge workers                                  |   | 8.0                 | 126 🔾             |
| 1.1.1 Political                                     | and operationa                               | al stability*                                  | 66.1                | 74                   | 5.1.1     | Knowledge-intensive e                              |   | 11.3                | 106               |
|   | ment effectiven                              |  | 54.7                | 59                   |           | Firms offering formal to<br>GERD performed by b    | •   |                     | 97 O              |
| _   | tory environm<br>ory quality*                | ent  | <b>20.4</b><br>41.1 | <b>131</b> ○ ♦       | 5.1.4     | GERD financed by bus                               | siness, %                                 | 8.0                 | 80                |
| 1.2.2 Rule of I                                     | aw*  |  | 37.7                | 82                   |           | Females employed w/a                               | advanced degrees, %                       | 6.3                 | 87                |
|   | redundancy dis<br>ss environmer              |  | 57.8<br><b>74.6</b> | 129 ○ ♦<br><b>52</b> |           | Innovation linkages<br>University-industry R&      | D collaboration†                          | <b>20.7</b> 58.4    | <b>64</b><br>27 ● |
|   | starting a busir                             |  | 81.2                | 108                  | 5.2.2     | State of cluster develo                            | pment and depth <sup>†</sup>              | 61.9                | 23 ●              |
| 1.3.2 Ease of                                       | resolving insolv                             | /ency*   | 68.1                | 35                   |           | GERD financed by abr                               | oad, % GDP<br>alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP | 0.0                 | 99 O              |
| . ↑ Û Liberra                                       |  | al managements                                 | 00.4                | 0.1                  |           | Patent families/bn PPF                             |   | 0.0                 | 99                |
| Huma  | n capital an                                 | d research                                     | 22.4                | 91                   |           | Knowledge absorption                               |   | 23.9                | 73                |
| 2.1 Educati   |  |  | 35.4                |                      |           | Intellectual property pa<br>High-tech imports, %   | ayments, % total trade                    | 0.9<br>8.9          | 44<br>48          |
|   | iture on educat<br>nent fundina/pu           | ion, % GDP<br>ipil, secondary, % GDP/ca        | ② 3.6<br>p② 10.5    | 82<br>90 ○           | 5.3.3     | ICT services imports, 9                            | % total trade                             | 1.6                 | 48                |
| 2.1.3 School I                                      | ife expectancy,                              | years  | 13.6                | 74                   |           | FDI net inflows, % GDI<br>Research talent, % in I  |   | 2.0                 | 78<br>65          |
|   | ales in reading,<br>acher ratio, sec         | maths and science                              | 381.9<br>② 15.2     | 72 ⊜<br>74           | 0.0.0     | ricocaron talont, 70 im                            | Dudin Cooco                               | 7.0                 | 00                |
|   | education                                    | ,  | 21.5                | 93                   |           | Knowledge and                                      | technology outputs                        | 18.3                | 74                |
|   | enrolment, % g                               | •  | 36.3                | 78                   | 6.1       | Knowledge creation                                 |   | 9.5                 | 81                |
|   | es in science a<br>inbound mobili            | nd engineering, %<br>tv. %                     | 19.4<br>0.1         | 76<br>109 ⊝ ◊        | 6.1.1     | Patents by origin/bn P                             | •   | 0.9                 | 65                |
| -   | ch and develo                                | -  | 10.4                | 57                   |           | PCT patents by origin/<br>Utility models by origir |   | 0.0<br>0.7          | 96<br>27          |
|   | hers, FTE/mn                                 | •  | ② 216.0             | 80                   |           |  | al articles/bn PPP\$ GDP                  | 1.5                 | 128 🔾             |
|   | xpenditure on F<br>corporate R&D i           | R&D, % GDP<br>investors, top 3, mn US\$        | ② 0.2<br>0.0        | 89<br>41 ○ ◊         |           | Citable documents H-                               | index                                     | 14.5                | 56                |
|   | ersity ranking, t                            |  | 34.9                | 34 ●                 | 6.2       | Knowledge impact<br>Labor productivity gro         | wth %                                     | <b>31.8</b><br>1.3  | <b>58</b><br>36   |
|   |  |  | 44.4                | 00                   |           | New businesses/th po                               |   |                     | 106               |
| ∯~ Intrast  | tructure                                     |  | 41.4                | 68                   |           | Software spending, % ISO 9001 quality certif       |   | 0.4<br>2.0          | 27 <b>●</b><br>88 |
|   |  | unication technologies (IC                     | •                   | 80                   |           | High-tech manufacturi                              |   |                     | 41                |
| 3.1.1 ICT acco<br>3.1.2 ICT use                     |  |  | 55.4<br>45.1        | 84<br>92             |           | Knowledge diffusion                                |   | 13.7                | 74                |
|   | ment's online se                             | ervice*  | 68.2                | 72                   |           | Intellectual property re<br>Production and export  |   | 0.0<br>44.2         | 72<br>61          |
| 3.1.4 E-partic                                      | -  | _  | 75.0                | 57                   |           | High-tech exports, %                               |   | 3.1                 | 47                |
|   | I infrastructur<br>ty output, GWh            |  | <b>36.1</b> 1,090.5 | <b>36</b> ♦ 96 ♦     | 6.3.4     | ICT services exports, 9                            | % total trade                             | 0.6                 | 95                |
| 3.2.2 Logistic                                      | s performance                                | •  | 51.2                | 45 ♦                 | RI        | Creative outputs                                   |   | 17.5                | 91                |
|   | apital formatior                             |  | 33.0                | 17 ● ♦               |           |  |   |                     | 91                |
| -   | i <b>cal sustainab</b> i<br>it of energy use | -  | <b>27.2</b><br>14.4 | <b>69</b><br>28 ●    |           | <b>Intangible assets</b><br>Trademarks by origin/b | on DDD¢ CDD                               | <b>24.3</b> 12.2    | <b>88</b><br>106  |
| 3.3.2 Environr                                      | mental perform                               | ance*  | 37.8                | 96 ♦                 |           | Global brand value, to                             |   | 30.0                | 44                |
| 3.3.3 ISO 1400                                      | 01 environmenta                              | al certificates/bn PPP\$ GD                    | P 0.6               | 78                   |           | Industrial designs by o                            | •   | 0.5                 | 83                |
| Marke   | t sophistica                                 | ation  | 48.5                | 57                   |           | ICTs and organizationa  Creative goods and s       |   | 65.4<br><b>12.0</b> | 27 <b>● 74</b>    |
|   | - Sopiliono                                  |  |                     |                      |           | -  | rvices exports, % total trade             | 0.0                 | 94                |
| <b>4.1 Credit</b> 4.1.1 Ease of                     | getting credit*                              |  | <b>33.6</b> 70.0    | <b>95</b><br>44      |           | National feature films/r                           | mn pop. 15–69<br>dia market/th pop. 15–69 | 0.6<br>3.1          | 95<br>50          |
| 4.1.2 Domest  | ic credit to priva                           | ate sector, % GDP                              | 37.8                | 84                   |           | Printing and other med                             | • •                                       |                     | 65                |
|   | ance gross loa                               | ns, % GDP                                      | 0.0                 | 67                   |           | Creative goods export                              | s, % total trade                          | 2.2                 | 27 ●              |
| <ul><li>4.2 Investm</li><li>4.2.1 Ease of</li></ul> | nent<br>protecting mind                      | ority investors*                               | <b>24.0</b> 70.0    | <b>92</b><br>36      |           | Online creativity                                  | ains (TLDs)/th pop. 15-69                 | <b>9.3</b> 1.5      | <b>98</b><br>89   |
| 4.2.2 Market  | capitalization, 9                            | % GDP  | 48.2                | 35                   |           | Generic top-level dom<br>Country-code TLDs/th      | . ,                                       | 0.7                 | 94                |
|   | •  | rs, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP hts, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP | 0.0<br>0.0          | 65<br>59             | 7.3.3     | Wikipedia edits/mn po                              | p. 15–69                                  | 32.9                | 96                |
|   |  | , and market scale                             | 87.8                | 6 • ♦                | 7.3.4     | Mobile app creation/b                              | 11 PPP\$ GDP                              | 4.5                 | 57                |
| 4.3.1 Applied                                       | tariff rate, weig                            | hted avg., %                                   | 2.0                 | 55                   |           |  |   |                     |                   |
| 4.3.2 Domest  | ic industry dive                             | rsitication                                    | Ø 94.8              | 27 •                 |           |  |   |                     |                   |

NOTES: • indicates a strength;  $\bigcirc$  a weakness; • an income group strength;  $\bigcirc$  an income group weakness; \* an index; † a survey question.  $\odot$  indicates that the economy's data are older than the base year; see appendices for details, including the year of the data, at http://globalinnovationindex.org. Square brackets [] indicate that the data minimum coverage (DMC) requirements were not met at the sub-pillar or pillar level.

2.0 55 ② 94.8 27 ●

3,328.3 7 ● ♦

4.3.2 Domestic industry diversification

# Iran (Islamic Republic of)

Region

Income

Output rank Input rank

GII 2021 rank

60

Population (mn) GDP, PPP\$ (bn) GDP per capita, PPP\$ GII 2020 rank

|  | 14   | 86   | Upper middle  | CSA  | 84  |  | 1,006.7   | 11,963   | -   | 67                                   |
|--|--|--|---|--|---|--|---|--|---|--------------------------------------|
|  |  |  |   | Score/<br>Value  | Rank  |  |   |  | Score/<br>Value   | Rank                                 |
| <u></u>  | Institu  | tions  |   | 45.3   | <b>124</b> $\Diamond$   | 2  | Business sophis   | tication   | 16.5  | 115 0                                |
| 1.1.1<br>1.1.2<br>1.2<br>1.2.1<br>1.2.2<br>1.2.3<br>1.3<br>1.3.1 | Political a<br>Governm<br>Regulate<br>Regulate<br>Rule of la<br>Cost of re<br>Busines<br>Ease of s | environment and operationa nent effectiven ory environm ory quality* aw* edundancy dis s environmer starting a busin esolving insolv | al stability* ess* ent smissal ut ness*   | 38.3<br><b>43.4</b><br>6.3<br>27.0<br>23.1<br><b>51.4</b>                  | 129 \( \cdot \) 102 \( \cdot \) 119 \( \cdot \) 130 \( \cdot \) 110 \( \cdot \) 98  125 \( \cdot \) 129 \( \cdot \) | 5.1.2<br>5.1.3<br>5.1.4<br>5.1.5<br><b>5.2</b><br>5.2.1<br>5.2.2 | Knowledge workers Knowledge-intensive of Firms offering formal to GERD performed by buth GERD financed by buth Females employed w/ Innovation linkages University-industry R8 State of cluster develoger GERD financed by abr | raining, % usiness, % GDP siness, % advanced degrees, %  D collaboration† pment and depth†                     | 18.1<br>19.8<br>n/a<br>0.2<br>n/a<br>7.9<br>16.2<br>26.7<br>42.9<br>n/a | 80<br>n/a<br>53<br>n/a<br>80         |
|  |  | -  | •   |  |   |  | Joint venture/strategic<br>Patent families/bn PPF   | alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>P\$ GDP   | 0.0<br>0.0  | 127 ○ ♢<br>74                        |
| 2.1<br>2.1.1<br>2.1.2<br>2.1.3<br>2.1.4                          | Education Expendit Governm School li PISA sca  | on<br>ture on educat<br>tent funding/pu<br>fe expectancy,<br>tles in reading,  | ipil, secondary, % GDP/c<br>, years<br>maths and science  | ② 14.8<br>n/a  | 80<br>69<br>61<br>58<br>n/a   | 5.3.2<br>5.3.3<br>5.3.4  | Knowledge absorpti<br>Intellectual property p<br>High-tech imports, %<br>ICT services imports,<br>FDI net inflows, % GD<br>Research talent, % in  | ayments, % total trade<br>total trade<br>% total trade<br>P  | 0.5   | 97<br>119<br>107<br>110<br>55        |
|  |  | cher ratio, sec<br>education   | condary   | ② 19.0<br><b>52.9</b>  | 93<br><b>9 • ◆</b>  | ميم  | Knowledge and   | technology outputs   | 26.9  | 46                                   |
| 2.2.1<br>2.2.2<br>2.2.3<br><b>2.3</b><br>2.3.1<br>2.3.2<br>2.3.3 | Tertiary e<br>Graduate<br>Tertiary i<br>Research<br>Research<br>Gross ex<br>Global co              | enrolment, % ges in science anbound mobilien and develoners, FTE/mn penditure on F   | nd engineering, %<br>ty, %<br>pment (R&D)<br>cop.<br>R&D, % GDP<br>investors, top 3, mn US                        | 62.8<br>40.2<br>0.6<br><b>14.6</b><br>② 1,474.9<br>② 0.8<br>\$ 0.0<br>24.2 | 46<br>3 ◆ ◆<br>94<br>48<br>44<br>45<br>41 ○ ◇<br>44   | 6.1.2<br>6.1.3<br>6.1.4  | Knowledge creation<br>Patents by origin/bn P<br>PCT patents by origin/<br>Utility models by origin<br>Scientific and technica<br>Citable documents H-<br>Knowledge impact   | 'bn PPP\$ GDP<br>n/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>al articles/bn PPP\$ GDP  | 50.6<br>11.1<br>0.3<br>n/a<br>46.2<br>20.5<br>24.9                      | 14 ● ♦ 7 ● ♦ 44 n/a 11 ● ♦ 40 ●      |
| ₽¢   | Infrast  | ructure  | unication technologies (  | 40.9   | 70  | 6.2.2<br>6.2.3<br>6.2.4  | Labor productivity gro<br>New businesses/th po<br>Software spending, %<br>ISO 9001 quality certif<br>High-tech manufactur   | p. 15–64<br>GDP<br>icates/bn PPP\$ GDP   | -4.9<br>0.4<br>0.3<br>2.1<br>38.6                                       | 119 ○ <<br>101<br>38<br>87<br>28 • ◀ |
| 3.1.2<br>3.1.3<br>3.1.4<br><b>3.2</b><br>3.2.1                   | E-partici<br>General<br>Electricit   | nent's online se<br>pation*<br>infrastructur<br>y output, GWh  | <b>e</b><br>/mn pop.  | 79.2<br>56.0<br>58.8<br>46.4<br><b>41.5</b><br>3,787.8                     | 37 ● ◆ 69 88 107 ◇ 25 ● ◆   | <b>6.3</b> 6.3.1 6.3.2 6.3.3                                     | Knowledge diffusion<br>Intellectual property re<br>Production and export<br>High-tech exports, %<br>ICT services exports,   | eceipts, % total trade<br>t complexity<br>total trade  | 5.2<br>0.0<br>27.6<br>0.1   | 95<br>100<br>117<br>125 ○            |
|  |  | performance<br>pital formation   |   | 37.4<br>40.7   | 63<br>6 <b>● ◆</b>  | <b>&amp;</b> ,'  | Creative outputs  |  | 31.3  | 46                                   |
| 3.3.1<br>3.3.2   | GDP/unit<br>Environm   | cal sustainab<br>t of energy use<br>nental perform<br>1 environmenta   | <b>;</b>  | 21.2<br>5.9<br>48.0<br>DP 0.7  | 93  | 7.1.1<br>7.1.2<br>7.1.3  | Intangible assets Trademarks by origin/l Global brand value, to Industrial designs by o ICTs and organizations  | p 5,000, % GDP<br>origin/bn PPP\$ GDP  | <b>53.8</b><br>418.9<br>1.0<br>16.7<br>47.4                             | 13 ● 4<br>1 ● 4<br>78<br>4 ● 4       |
| <b>4.1</b><br>4.1.1<br>4.1.2                                     | Credit<br>Ease of g<br>Domestic  | getting credit*<br>c credit to privance gross loa  | ate sector, % GDP   | 43.4<br>38.1<br>50.0<br>© 66.1<br>n/a                                      | 78<br>94<br>49<br>n/a   | <b>7.2</b> 7.2.1 7.2.2 7.2.3 7.2.4                               | Creative goods and s<br>Cultural and creative se<br>National feature films/   | services<br>rvices exports, % total trade<br>mn pop. 15–69<br>dia market/th pop. 15–69<br>dia, % manufacturing | 2.8<br>0.1<br>1.7<br>3.0<br>0.3   | 113<br>81<br>73<br>51 <<br>98 0 <    |
| 4.2<br>4.2.1<br>4.2.2<br>4.2.3<br>4.2.4<br>4.3<br>4.3.1<br>4.3.2 | Investment Ease of parket of Venture of Venture of Trade, day Applied to Domestic                  | ent<br>protecting mine<br>apitalization, 9<br>capital investor<br>capital recipier   | ority investors* % GDP rs, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP nts, deals/bn PPP\$ GDF , and market scale thed avg., % rsification | 24.6<br>40.0<br>27.6<br>n/a  | [85] 110  | <b>7.3</b> 7.3.1 7.3.2 7.3.3                                     | Online creativity   | ains (TLDs)/th pop. 15–69<br>pop. 15–69<br>p. 15–69  | 14.9<br>1.8<br>6.2<br>50.7<br>0.8                                       | 75<br>80<br>48<br>64<br>75           |

### **Ireland**

Output rank Input rank

Income

Region

Population (mn) GDP, PPP\$ (bn)

19

GII 2020 rank

GDP per capita, PPP\$

| 19 22  | 2 High  | EUR                            | 4                                 | 1.9                 | 447.7 89,383  |                       | 15                       |
|--|---|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------|---|-----------------------|--------------------------|
|  |   | Score/<br>Value                | Rank                              |                     |   | Score/<br>Value       | Rank                     |
| iii Institutions   |   | 84.3                           | 18                                | 2                   | Business sophistication   | 51.5                  | 17                       |
| 1 Political environ  | rational stability*   | <b>80.1</b><br>82.1            | <b>20</b> 24                      | <b>5.1</b> 5.1.1    | Knowledge workers Knowledge-intensive employment, %   | <b>55.8</b> 43.8      | 20                       |
| 1.2 Government effet  Regulatory env   | ironment  | 79.1<br><b>85.9</b>            | 24<br><b>18</b>                   | 5.1.3               | Firms offering formal training, % GERD performed by business, % GDP GERD financed by business, %                                  | n/a<br>0.9<br>51.7    |                          |
| <ul><li>2.1 Regulatory quali</li><li>2.2 Rule of law*</li><li>2.3 Cost of redunda</li></ul>      | •   | 85.4<br>83.5<br>14.3           | 14<br>20<br>54                    |                     | Females employed w/advanced degrees, % Innovation linkages  | 26.2<br><b>42.0</b>   | 9 ●                      |
| 3 Business environments Ease of starting   | onment  | <b>86.8</b> 94.4               | <b>13</b><br>21                   | 5.2.1<br>5.2.2      | University-industry R&D collaboration <sup>†</sup><br>State of cluster development and depth <sup>†</sup>                         | 64.8<br>57.3          | 15<br>31                 |
| 3.2 Ease of resolving  | ı insolvency*   | 79.2                           | 18                                | 5.2.4               | GERD financed by abroad, % GDP<br>Joint venture/strategic alliance deals/bn PPP\$ C<br>Patent families/bn PPP\$ GDP               | 0.3<br>GDP 0.1<br>2.0 | 21                       |
| 🙎 Human capi   | al and research   | 48.5                           | 27                                | 5.3                 | Knowledge absorption  | 56.7                  | 5 ●                      |
| •  | education, % GDP<br>ling/pupil, secondary, % GDP/o            | <b>49.2</b><br>3.5<br>cap 11.0 | <b>69</b> ○ ♢<br>86 ○ ♢<br>89 ○ ♢ | 5.3.2               | Intellectual property payments, % total trade<br>High-tech imports, % total trade<br>ICT services imports, % total trade          | 20.6<br>7.9<br>1.2    | 1 ●<br>60<br>61 ○        |
| 1.3 School life expen  | etancy, years<br>ading, maths and science                     | 19.8<br>504.6<br>n/a           | 2 ● ◆<br>10<br>n/a                |                     | FDI net inflows, % GDP<br>Research talent, % in businesses  | 7.7<br>50.0           | 12 <b>●</b><br>24        |
| 2 Tertiary educat  | ion   | 43.7                           | 27                                | مهمو                | Knowledge and technology outpo  | uts 47.6              | 15                       |
| <ul><li>2.1 Tertiary enrolme</li><li>2.2 Graduates in sci</li><li>2.3 Tertiary inbound</li></ul> | ence and engineering, %                                       | 77.3<br>24.1<br>9.6            | 23<br>45<br>23                    | <b>6.1</b> 6.1.1    |   | <b>23.3</b> 2.1       | 35                       |
| Research and c   | levelopment (R&D)<br>E/mn pop.                                | <b>52.5</b> 5,282.4            | <b>20</b> 15                      |                     | PCT patents by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>Utility models by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>Scientific and technical articles/bn PPP\$ GDF     | 1.8<br>0.2<br>21.4    | 21<br>48 (<br>41         |
| <ul><li>3.2 Gross expenditu</li><li>3.3 Global corporate</li><li>3.4 QS university rai</li></ul> | R&D investors, top 3, mn US                                   | 1.2<br>\$ 75.0<br>47.5         | 32 ♦<br>12 ●<br>22                | 6.2                 | Citable documents H-index  Knowledge impact   | 34.9<br><b>46.8</b>   |                          |
| <b>∤</b> Infrastructui   | re  | 62.1                           | 4 • ◆                             | 6.2.2               | Labor productivity growth, % New businesses/th pop. 15–64 Software spending, % GDP  | –1.3<br>7.1<br>0.6    | 92 (<br>23<br>3 <b>(</b> |
| Information and .1 ICT access*   | communication technologies (                                  | (ICTs) 81.1<br>83.3            | <b>28</b><br>24                   | 6.2.5               | ISO 9001 quality certificates/bn PPP\$ GDP High-tech manufacturing, %   | 5.7<br>② 58.5         | 50<br>6 <b>€</b>         |
| I.2 ICT use* I.3 Government's or   | alina aarujaa*  | 78.1<br>77.1                   | 27<br>47 ♦                        | <b>6.3</b> 6.3.1    | Knowledge diffusion Intellectual property receipts, % total trade   | <b>72.6</b><br>2.9    | 1 <b>•</b>               |
| .4 E-participation*  2 General infrast   |   | 85.7<br><b>44.8</b>            | 29<br>19                          | 6.3.2<br>6.3.3      | Production and export complexity High-tech exports, % total trade   | 75.3<br>8.5           | 20                       |
| 2.1 Electricity outpu<br>2.2 Logistics perform   | t, GWh/mn pop.  | 6,226.4<br>67.9                | 33<br>28 ♦                        | 6.3.4               | ICT services exports, % total trade   | 27.3                  | 1 (                      |
| 2.3 Gross capital for  |   | 32.9                           | 18 ♦                              | Ø.                  | Creative outputs  | 36.7                  | 29                       |
| <ul><li>B Ecological sust</li><li>B.1 GDP/unit of ener</li></ul>                                 |   | <b>60.4</b> 30.8               | 1 • ♦<br>2 • ♦                    | <b>7.1</b><br>7.1.1 | Intangible assets Trademarks by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP   | <b>37.2</b><br>n/a    |                          |
| 3.2 Environmental p  |   | 72.8<br>DP 2.2                 | 16<br>37                          | 7.1.2<br>7.1.3      | Global brand value, top 5,000, % GDP Industrial designs by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP  | 59.3<br>1.2           | 32<br>63 (               |
| Market soph  | istication  | 49.7                           | <b>48</b> ♦                       | 7.1.4<br><b>7.2</b> | ICTs and organizational model creation <sup>†</sup> Creative goods and services   | 70.8<br><b>22.2</b>   | 20<br><b>44</b>          |
| Credit   |   | 41.8                           | 62 ○ ◊                            | 7.2.1<br>72.2       | Cultural and creative services exports, % total tr<br>National feature films/mn pop. 15–69  | rade 0.5<br>② 8.9     | 51<br>23                 |
| <ul><li>.1 Ease of getting of</li><li>.2 Domestic credit</li><li>.3 Microfinance group</li></ul> | to private sector, % GDP                                      | 70.0<br>37.0<br>n/a            | 44<br>85 ○ ♢<br>n/a               | 7.2.3<br>7.2.4      | Entertainment and media market/th pop. 15–6<br>Printing and other media, % manufacturing<br>Creative goods exports, % total trade |                       | 14<br>95 (<br>38         |
| ! Investment 1.1 Ease of protecting 1.2 Market capitalization                                    | ig minority investors*<br>ition, % GDP                        | <b>43.7</b><br>80.0<br>② 37.4  | <b>27</b><br>13 ◆<br>39 ○ ◊       | <b>7.3</b> 7.3.1    | Online creativity Generic top-level domains (TLDs)/th pop. 15- Country-code TLDs/th pop. 15-69                                    | 50.0                  | <b>22</b><br>12 (        |
| 2.4 Venture capital r  | nvestors, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>ecipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDF |                                | 15<br>13                          | 7.3.3               | Wikipedia edits/mn pop. 15–69<br>Mobile app creation/bn PPP\$ GDP   | 75.9<br>34.9          | 20<br>13                 |
| Trade, diversified 3.1 Applied tariff rate 3.2 Domestic industrial                               |   | <b>63.5</b><br>1.8<br>53.6     | <b>81</b> ○ ◇ 25 106 ○ ◇          |                     |   |                       |                          |

NOTES: • indicates a strength;  $\bigcirc$  a weakness; • an income group strength;  $\bigcirc$  an income group weakness; \* an index; † a survey question. ② indicates that the economy's data are older than the base year; see appendices for details, including the year of the data, at http://globalinnovationindex.org. Square brackets [] indicate that the data minimum coverage (DMC) requirements were not met at the sub-pillar or pillar level.

447.7 44

Israel GII 2021 rank

Population (mn) GDP, PPP\$ (bn)

GDP per capita, PPP\$

GII 2020 rank

1.0 45

3.3 42

0.2 56

21.7

33.0 37

71.8

2.1 12

71.7 20

11.4

15.3

36.3 30

2 ●

| 12  | 18   | High I   | NAWA  | 8   | .7  | 361.0   | 39,126  |   | 13   |
|---|--|--|---|---|---|---|---|---|--|
| ♣ Inc   | stitutions   |  | Score/<br>Value<br>76.2   | Rank<br>34 ♦  | •   | Business sophistic  | action  | Score/<br>Value<br>58.7   | Rank<br>8  |
| 1.1 Pol<br>1.1.1 Pol<br>1.1.2 Gov<br>1.2 Reg<br>1.2.1 Reg<br>1.2.2 Rul<br>1.2.3 Cos<br>1.3 Bus<br>1.3.1 Eas | itical environment itical and operational sta- vernment effectiveness* gulatory environment gulatory quality* e of law* est of redundancy dismis siness environment ee of starting a business ee of resolving insolvence | sal<br>*   | <b>76.2 76.6</b> 69.6 80.1 <b>68.6</b> 77.0 74.3 27.4 <b>83.4</b> 94.1 72.7   | 28  | 5.1.3<br>5.1.4<br>5.1.5<br><b>5.2</b><br>5.2.1<br>5.2.2<br>5.2.3<br>5.2.4 | Knowledge workers Knowledge-intensive em Firms offering formal tra GERD performed by busin Females employed w/ad Innovation linkages University-industry R&D State of cluster developr GERD financed by abroa Joint venture/strategic all | nployment, % ining, % siness, % GDP ness, % lvanced degrees, %  collaboration <sup>†</sup> ment and depth <sup>†</sup> ad, % GDP iance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP | 61.2<br>② 48.4<br>② 18.6<br>4.4<br>36.6<br>② 22.4<br>82.1<br>79.2<br>56.9<br>2.5<br>0.3 | 15<br>12<br>81 0<br>1 •<br>52<br>25<br>1 •<br>32<br>1 •<br>3 • |
| 2.1 Edu<br>2.1.1 Exp<br>2.1.2 Gov<br>2.1.3 Sch<br>2.1.4 PIS   | unan capital and r<br>ucation<br>penditure on education,<br>vernment funding/pupil, s<br>nool life expectancy, yea<br>A scales in reading, man   | % GDP<br>econdary, % GDP/cap<br>rs<br>hs and science | 16.1<br>465.2   | 38<br>14<br>50<br>34<br>39 \$   | <b>5.3</b> 5.3.1 5.3.2 5.3.3 5.3.4  | Patent families/bn PPP\$ Knowledge absorption Intellectual property pay High-tech imports, % to ICT services imports, % FDI net inflows, % GDP Research talent, % in bu   | n<br>rments, % total trade<br>tal trade<br>total trade  | 5.3<br>33.0<br>0.6<br>10.9<br>2.2<br>5.1<br>n/a   | 8<br>48<br>64 0<br>22<br>28<br>20<br>n/a                       |
| 2.2 Ter<br>2.2.1 Ter<br>2.2.2 Gra<br>2.2.3 Ter<br>2.3 Res<br>2.3.1 Res                                      | tiary education<br>tiary education<br>tiary enrolment, % gros-<br>iduates in science and e<br>tiary inbound mobility, %<br>search and developme<br>searchers, FTE/mn pop.  | s<br>ingineering, %<br>6<br>ent (R&D)                | <ul> <li>14.4</li> <li>28.6</li> <li>61.5</li> <li>18.1</li> <li>2.8</li> <li>68.0</li> <li>n/a</li> <li>4.9</li> </ul> | 68 \( \lapha \) 77 \( \lapha \) 47 85 \( \lapha \) 70 \( \lapha \) 8 n/a 1 \( \lapha \) | 6.1.3<br>6.1.4  | Knowledge creation Patents by origin/bn PPF PCT patents by origin/b Utility models by origin/b Scientific and technical   | n PPP\$ GDP<br>on PPP\$ GDP<br>articles/bn PPP\$ GDP  | <b>53.8</b><br>3.6<br>5.4<br>n/a<br>41.6  | 6 12 23 1 n/a 15   |
| 2.3.3 Glo   | bal corporate R&D inve-<br>university ranking, top 3   | stors, top 3, mn US\$                                | 64.2<br>39.9  | 20<br>32  | 6.2   | Citable documents H-inc<br>Knowledge impact<br>Labor productivity grow  |   | 47.4<br><b>42.2</b><br>1.0  | 16<br><b>21</b><br>45  |

6.2.1 Labor productivity growth, %

6.2.3 Software spending, % GDP

6.2.5 High-tech manufacturing, %

6.3.2 Production and export complexity

6.3.4 ICT services exports, % total trade

6.3.3 High-tech exports, % total trade

6.3 Knowledge diffusion

**Creative outputs** 

6.2.2 New businesses/th pop. 15-64

6.2.4 ISO 9001 quality certificates/bn PPP\$ GDP

6.3.1 Intellectual property receipts, % total trade

| <b>₽</b> ¤ | Infrastructure  | 50.2  | 40                         | <b>\( \)</b> |
|------------|---|---|----------------------------|--------------|
| 3.1.3      | Information and communication technologies (ICTs) ICT access* ICT use* Government's online service* E-participation*          | <b>76.6</b><br>81.6<br>78.4<br>74.7<br>71.4 | 45<br>27<br>25<br>55<br>66 |              |
| 3.2.2      | General infrastructure Electricity output, GWh/mn pop. Logistics performance* Gross capital formation, % GDP                  | <b>33.7</b> 7,757.5 58.5 20.7               | <b>45</b> 25 36 84 (       |              |
| 3.3.2      | Ecological sustainability GDP/unit of energy use Environmental performance* ISO 14001 environmental certificates/bn PPP\$ GDP | <b>40.3</b><br>15.0<br>65.8<br>2.1          | 35<br>22<br>29<br>38       |              |

4.3.3 Domestic market scale, bn PPP\$

Output rank Input rank

Income

Region

|                                       | Ecological sustainability GDP/unit of energy use Environmental performance* ISO 14001 environmental certificates/bn PPP\$ GDP   |     | <b>40.3</b><br>15.0<br>65.8<br>2.1 | 35<br>22<br>29<br>38         |   | <b>7.1</b> 7.1.1 7.1.2 7.1.3 7.1.4 | Intangible assets Trademarks by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP Global brand value, top 5,000, % GDP Industrial designs by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP ICTs and organizational model creation <sup>†</sup>                                  | <b>27.5</b><br>11.3<br>19.9<br>2.2<br>77.0 | <b>75</b> ○ ♦ 109 ○ ♦ 49 ♦ 46 12  |
|---------------------------------------|---|-----|------------------------------------|------------------------------|---|------------------------------------|---|--|-----------------------------------|
| ilii                                  | Market sophistication   |     | 66.8                               | 8                            |   | 7.2                                | Creative goods and services   | 31.2                                       | 23                                |
| <b>4.1</b><br>4.1.1<br>4.1.2<br>4.1.3 | Credit Ease of getting credit* Domestic credit to private sector, % GDP Microfinance gross loans, % GDP   |     | <b>48.0</b><br>70.0<br>65.4<br>n/a | <b>39</b><br>44<br>50<br>n/a |   | 7.2.3<br>7.2.4                     | Cultural and creative services exports, % total trade National feature films/mn pop. 15–69 Entertainment and media market/th pop. 15–69 Printing and other media, % manufacturing Creative goods exports, % total trade | 2.9<br>5.3<br>35.6<br>1.2<br>1.4           | 5 ● ◆ 41 22 ◇ 38 37               |
|                                       | Investment Ease of protecting minority investors* Market capitalization, % GDP Venture capital investors, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP Venture capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP |     | 74.4<br>78.0<br>58.7<br>0.6<br>0.5 |                              | * | 7.3.3                              | Online creativity Generic top-level domains (TLDs)/th pop. 15–69 Country-code TLDs/th pop. 15–69 Wikipedia edits/mn pop. 15–69 Mobile app creation/bn PPP\$ GDP   | <b>59.0</b> 21.9 14.3 93.9 100.0           | 9<br>26<br>34 ⋄<br>1 • ◆<br>1 • ◆ |
|                                       | <b>Trade, diversification, and market scale</b> Applied tariff rate, weighted avg., % Domestic industry diversification   | (O) | <b>77.9</b> 1.8 91.7               | <b>36</b><br>53<br>46        |   |                                    |   |  |                                   |

361.0

#### 29

GII 2020 rank

**Italy** 

Output rank Input rank

Income

Region

| 25   | 33 High   | EUR   |                        | 60.5                                  | 2,415.4 40,066   |   | 28                             |
|--|---|---|------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|---|--------------------------------|
|  |   | Score/<br>Value                               | Rank                   |                                       |  | Score/<br>Value                                   | Rank                           |
| iii Instit                                   | tutions   | 75.5  | 36                     | 2                                     | Business sophistication  | 36.7  | 32                             |
| 1.1.1 Politic<br>1.1.2 Gover                 | cal environment<br>al and operational stability*<br>nment effectiveness*<br>atory environment   | <b>63.8</b><br>69.6<br>60.9<br><b>80.6</b>    | 60 <> 46 <>            |                                       | Knowledge workers Knowledge-intensive employment, % Firms offering formal training, % GERD performed by business, % GDP  | <b>38.9</b><br>36.5<br>12.6<br>0.9                | <b>44</b><br>34<br>93 ○<br>24  |
| 1.2.1 Regula<br>1.2.2 Rule o                 | atory quality*  | 68.5<br>54.1<br>8.0                           | 39<br>52 ♦             |                                       | GERD financed by business, % Females employed w/advanced degrees, % Innovation linkages  | 54.5<br>13.2<br><b>35.4</b>                       | 20<br>54<br><b>27</b>          |
| 1.3 Busin<br>1.3.1 Ease o                    | ess environment of starting a business* of resolving insolvency*  | <b>82.1</b><br>86.8<br>77.5                   | <b>27</b><br>76 ⊝ ◊    | 5.2.1<br>5.2.2<br>5.2.3<br>5.2.4      | University-industry R&D collaboration <sup>†</sup> State of cluster development and depth <sup>†</sup> GERD financed by abroad, % GDP Joint venture/strategic alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GD Patent families/bn PPP\$ GDP              | 51.2<br>73.5<br>0.1                               | 38<br>2 •<br>31<br>55<br>24    |
| # Hum  | an capital and research   | 46.0  | 31                     | 5.3                                   | Knowledge absorption   | 35.8  | 38                             |
| 2.1.2 Govern<br>2.1.3 School<br>2.1.4 PISA s | ation diture on education, % GDP nment funding/pupil, secondary, % G l life expectancy, years scales in reading, maths and science teacher ratio, secondary   | 16.2  | 67 ○<br>28<br>33<br>34 | 5.3.2<br>5.3.3<br>5.3.4               | Intellectual property payments, % total trade<br>High-tech imports, % total trade<br>ICT services imports, % total trade<br>FDI net inflows, % GDP<br>Research talent, % in businesses   | 0.8<br>7.5<br>2.0<br>1.4<br>48.6                  | 49<br>69<br>34<br>96 ○<br>27   |
| 2.2.1 Tertiar<br>2.2.2 Gradu                 | ry education<br>y enrolment, % gross<br>ates in science and engineering, %<br>y inbound mobility, %   | <b>37.9</b><br>64.3<br>24.2<br>5.6            | 42<br>44               |                                       | Knowledge and technology output  Knowledge creation Patents by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP   | <b>41.8</b><br>5.1                                | 18<br>21<br>18                 |
| 2.3.1 Resea<br>2.3.2 Gross<br>2.3.3 Globa    | arch and development (R&D) rchers, FTE/mn pop. expenditure on R&D, % GDP I corporate R&D investors, top 3, mi iversity ranking, top 3*  | 45.4<br>2,652.7<br>1.4<br>n US\$ 72.1<br>48.9 | 34<br>25<br>13 ●       | 6.1.3<br>6.1.4<br>6.1.5<br><b>6.2</b> | PCT patents by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP Utility models by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP Scientific and technical articles/bn PPP\$ GDP Citable documents H-index Knowledge impact Labor productivity growth, %                                    | 1.4<br>0.7<br>33.0<br>68.6<br><b>54.0</b><br>-2.4 | 24<br>31<br>27<br>8 •<br>106 ○ |
| <b>∯</b> <sup>‡</sup> Infra                  | structure   | 54.2  | 26                     | 6.2.2<br>6.2.3                        | New businesses/th pop. 15–64<br>Software spending, % GDP   | 3.0<br>0.5  | 49<br>12 •                     |
| 3.1.1 ICT ac<br>3.1.2 ICT us<br>3.1.3 Gover  | e*<br>nment's online service*   | 76.4<br>71.6<br>82.9                          | 44<br>44<br>36         | 6.2.5<br><b>6.3</b><br>6.3.1          | ISO 9001 quality certificates/bn PPP\$ GDP High-tech manufacturing, %  Knowledge diffusion Intellectual property receipts, % total trade Production and export complexity  | 35.9<br>40.9<br><b>29.3</b><br>0.8<br>77.2        | 2 • 24 <b>38</b> 23 14 •       |
| 3.2 Gener<br>3.2.1 Electri                   | ral infrastructure<br>ration of the control of the con | 82.1<br><b>32.3</b><br>4,763.4                | <b>51</b><br>49        | 6.3.3                                 | High-tech exports, % total trade<br>ICT services exports, % total trade  | 6.0<br>1.5  | 31<br>68                       |
| -  | ics performance*<br>capital formation, % GDP  | 78.6<br>16.3                                  |                        | €,                                    | Creative outputs   | 35.8  | 34                             |
| 3.3.1 GDP/u<br>3.3.2 Enviro                  | gical sustainability<br>init of energy use<br>nmental performance*<br>001 environmental certificates/bn PP  | <b>52.0</b><br>15.8<br>71.0<br>P\$ GDP 6.5    | 18<br>20               | 7.1.2<br>7.1.3                        | Intangible assets Trademarks by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP Global brand value, top 5,000, % GDP Industrial designs by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP ICTs and organizational model creation†   | <b>45.2</b><br>44.6<br>90.2<br>15.8<br>54.6       | 28<br>52<br>22<br>6 ●<br>61    |
| iii Mark                                     | et sophistication   | 50.7  | 43                     | 7.2                                   | Creative goods and services  | 20.8  | 48                             |
| 4.1.2 Dome<br>4.1.3 Microf                   | of getting credit*<br>stic credit to private sector, % GDP<br>inance gross loans, % GDP   | <b>37.4</b><br>45.0<br>74.3<br>n/a            | 101 ○ ◇<br>43<br>n/a   | 7.2.3<br>7.2.4                        | Cultural and creative services exports, % total trad<br>National feature films/mn pop. 15–69<br>Entertainment and media market/th pop. 15–69<br>Printing and other media, % manufacturing<br>Creative goods exports, % total trade | le 0.4<br>4.1<br>28.4<br>1.1<br>2.3               | 52<br>48<br>24<br>48<br>26     |
| 4.2.2 Marke<br>4.2.3 Ventur                  | tment of protecting minority investors* t capitalization, % GDP re capital investors, deals/bn PPP\$ re capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$  |   | 50<br>n/a<br>54 〇      | 7.3.2<br>7.3.3                        | Online creativity Generic top-level domains (TLDs)/th pop. 15–69 Country-code TLDs/th pop. 15–69 Wikipedia edits/mn pop. 15–69 Mobile app creation/bn PPP\$ GDP  | 32.0<br>23.1<br>23.9<br>74.6<br>3.1               | 34<br>25<br>28<br>24<br>65 ©   |
| 4.3.1 Applie<br>4.3.2 Dome                   | , diversification, and market scal<br>d tariff rate, weighted avg., %<br>stic industry diversification<br>stic market scale, bn PPP\$   | e <b>88.6</b><br>1.8<br>99.4<br>2.415.4       | 25<br>3 ●              |                                       |  | 5.1   |                                |

Population (mn) GDP, PPP\$ (bn) GDP per capita, PPP\$

NOTES: • indicates a strength;  $\bigcirc$  a weakness; • an income group strength;  $\bigcirc$  an income group weakness; \* an index; † a survey question. ② indicates that the economy's data are older than the base year; see appendices for details, including the year of the data, at http://globalinnovationindex.org. Square brackets [] indicate that the data minimum coverage (DMC) requirements were not met at the sub-pillar or pillar level.

2,415.4 12 ● ◆

GII 2021 rank

### **Jamaica**

Output rank Input rank

Income

Region

74

Population (mn) GDP, PPP\$ (bn) GDP per capita, PPP\$ GII 2020 rank

|  | 66   | 82  | Upper middle  | LCN  |  | 3 <b>.0</b>  | 27.9  | 10,221  |  | 72  |
|--|--|---|---|--|--|--|---|---|--|---|
|  | 00   | 02  | Opper illiquie  | LON  | 3  |  | 21.9  | 10,221  | ,  | 12  |
|  |  |   |   | Score/<br>Value  | Rank   |  |   |   | Score/<br>Value  | Rank  |
| 血  | Institu  | tions   |   | 71.6   | 43 ◆   | 2  | Business sophis   | tication  | 26.0   | 58  |
| 1.2<br>1.2.1<br>1.2.2<br>1.2.3<br>1.3<br>1.3.1                             | Political<br>Governn<br>Regulate<br>Regulate<br>Rule of la<br>Cost of r<br>Busines<br>Ease of s<br>Ease of s | environment and operationa nent effectivene ory environme ory quality* aw* redundancy dis as environmen starting a busin resolving insolv | al stability* ess* ent missal t ess* ency*  | 65.5<br>73.2<br>61.7<br>65.7<br>47.9<br>38.5<br>14.0<br>83.7<br>97.4<br>70.1 | 46   | 5.1<br>5.1.1<br>5.1.2<br>5.1.3<br>5.1.4<br>5.1.5<br>5.2<br>5.2.1<br>5.2.2<br>5.2.3<br>5.2.4<br>5.2.5 | Knowledge workers Knowledge-intensive of Firms offering formal t GERD performed by bu GERD financed by bu Females employed w/ Innovation linkages University-industry R8 State of cluster develo GERD financed by abo | employment, % raining, % susiness, % GDP siness, % advanced degrees, %  AD collaboration† pment and depth† road, % GDP alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP P\$ GDP                          | 29.6 21.6 25.9 n/a n/a 26.7 29 44.8 40.5 n/a 0.1 0.0 21.7            | [70] 74 61 n/a n/a n/a 41 55 64 n/a 24  100  81                     |
| 2.1.3<br>2.1.4   | Governm<br>School li<br>PISA sca   | ture on educati<br>nent funding/pu<br>fe expectancy,  | pil, secondary, % GDP/ca<br>years<br>maths and science  | <b>56.5</b><br>5.2<br>ap 28.6<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>15.7                          | [ <b>45]</b> 33 10 ● ◆ n/a n/a 77                    | 5.3.1<br>5.3.2<br>5.3.3<br>5.3.4<br>5.3.5  | Intellectual property p<br>High-tech imports, %<br>ICT services imports,<br>FDI net inflows, % GD<br>Research talent, % in  | ayments, % total trade<br>total trade<br>% total trade<br>P<br>businesses   | 0.8<br>4.2<br>1.2<br>5.0<br>n/a                                      | 57<br>115 ○<br>64<br>21 ●<br>n/a                                    |
|  | Tertiary   | education<br>enrolment, % g   | ross<br>nd engineering, %   | <b>18.5</b>  <br>② 27.1<br>n/a   | 89 ♦   | 6.1  | Knowledge and Knowledge creation  | technology outputs  | 13.5<br>5.9  | 95<br>[103]   |
|  |  | nbound mobili   |   |  | n/a  |  | Patents by origin/bn PPCT patents by origin/  | PP\$ GDP  | 0.5<br>n/a   | 81<br>n/a   |
| 2.3.2<br>2.3.3   | Researc<br>Gross ex<br>Global c  | ch and develop<br>hers, FTE/mn p<br>openditure on F<br>orporate R&D i<br>ersity ranking, t  | oop.<br>R&D, % GDP<br>nvestors, top 3, mn US\$  | n/a<br>n/a   | 123]<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>41 $\bigcirc$<br>74 $\bigcirc$ | 6.1.3<br>6.1.4<br>6.1.5<br><b>6.2</b>  | Utility models by origin  | n/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>al articles/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>index   | n/a<br>6.2<br>5.2<br><b>23.2</b><br>–2.8                             | n/a<br>105<br>103<br><b>89</b><br>111 $\bigcirc$                    |
| ₽ <sup>‡</sup>   | Infrast  | ructure   |   | 29.9   | 104 ♦  |  | New businesses/th po<br>Software spending, %  | •   | 1.6<br>0.4   | 64<br>23 ● ◆  |
| 3.1.2<br>3.1.3<br>3.1.4<br><b>3.2</b><br>3.2.1                             | ICT acce<br>ICT use*<br>Governn<br>E-partici<br>General<br>Electricit  | ess*<br>nent's online se<br>pation*<br>infrastructure<br>y output, GWh  | e   | 56.0<br>42.8<br>38.8<br>36.9<br><b>19.2</b><br>1,499.8                       | 83<br>96   | 6.2.4<br>6.2.5<br><b>6.3</b><br>6.3.1<br>6.3.2<br>6.3.3  | ISO 9001 quality certif<br>High-tech manufactur<br>Knowledge diffusion<br>Intellectual property re<br>Production and expor<br>High-tech exports, %<br>ICT services exports,   | ficates/bn PPP\$ GDP ing, %  cecipts, % total trade t complexity total trade  | 1.4<br>n/a<br>11.4<br>0.1<br>30.5<br>0.2<br>2.0                      | 101<br>n/a<br><b>89</b><br>64<br>91<br>111 0<br>55                  |
|  |  | s performance*<br>apital formation  | , % GDP   | 21.9<br>21.2   | 106 ○ ♢<br>78  | €,   | Creative outputs  |   | 29.6   | 51  |
| 3.3.2  | GDP/uni<br>Environn  | cal sustainabi<br>t of energy use<br>nental performa<br>11 environmenta   | •   | 27.0<br>9.2<br>48.2<br>OP 1.7  | <b>72</b><br>79<br>60<br>52                          | 7.1.1<br>7.1.2<br>7.1.3  | Intangible assets Trademarks by origin/ Global brand value, to Industrial designs by or ICTs and organizations  | p 5,000, % GDP<br>origin/bn PPP\$ GDP   | <b>50.1</b><br>97.6<br>67.6<br>6.8<br>55.2                           | 20 • ♦<br>9 • ♦<br>29 •<br>21 •<br>60                               |
| <b>4.1</b> 4.1.1 4.1.2 4.1.3 <b>4.2</b> 4.2.1 4.2.2 4.2.3 4.2.4 <b>4.3</b> | Credit Ease of g Domesti Microfina Investm Ease of g Market of Venture Venture Trade, d Applied              | ent<br>ent<br>protecting mino<br>capitalization, %<br>capital investor<br>capital recipien  | ate sector, % GDP ns, % GDP  ority investors* 6 GDP s, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP its, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP and market scale hted avg., % | 40.9<br>85.0<br>41.3<br>0.2<br>32.8<br>62.0<br>95.8<br>0.1<br>⊙ 0.0          | 116 ○ ○ 65 14 ● 81 52 57 60 13 ● 27 ◆ 38 129 ○ ◇ n/a | 7.2.1<br>7.2.2<br>7.2.3<br>7.2.4<br>7.2.5<br><b>7.3</b><br>7.3.1<br>7.3.2<br>7.3.3                   | National feature films/<br>Entertainment and me<br>Printing and other med<br>Creative goods export<br>Online creativity   | ervices exports, % total trade<br>mn pop. 15–69<br>dia market/th pop. 15–69<br>dia, % manufacturing<br>ts, % total trade<br>mains (TLDs)/th pop. 15–69<br>n pop. 15–69<br>pp. 15–69 | 1.4<br>0.1<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>0.1<br>16.9<br>1.8<br>1.0<br>48.2<br>n/a | 92<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>96<br><b>68</b><br>81<br>85<br>69<br>n/a |

GDP per capita, PPP\$

### **Japan**

Output rank Input rank

Income

Region

Population (mn) GDP, PPP\$ (bn)

12

GII 2020 rank

| 1        | 4 11 High SEAO         |  |                                    | 12                  | 26.5                     | 5,236.1             | 41,637   | 16                           |             |           |
|----------|------------------------|--|------------------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|--|------------------------------|-------------|-----------|
|          |                        |  |                                    | Score/              |                          |                     |  |                              | Score/      |           |
|          | la atituti             |  |                                    | Value               |                          |                     | Duningan combinti                                      | antinu                       | Value       |           |
| -        | Instituti              | ons                                    |                                    | 88.8                | 7                        |                     | Business sophistic                                     | eation                       | 57.3        | 10        |
|          |                        | environment                            |                                    | 87.0                | 11                       | 5.1                 | Knowledge workers                                      |                              | 65.2        | 11        |
|          |                        | nd operational s<br>ent effectivenes   |                                    | 89.3<br>85.9        | 6<br>12                  | 5.1.1<br>5.1.2      | Knowledge-intensive en<br>Firms offering formal tra    |                              | 25.2<br>n/a | 59<br>n/a |
|          |                        |  |                                    |                     |                          |                     | GERD performed by but                                  |                              | 2.6         | 3         |
|          | Regulator<br>Regulator | ry environmen                          | ι                                  | <b>91.4</b><br>78.2 | <b>11</b><br>21          |                     | GERD financed by busin                                 |                              | 78.9        | 2         |
|          | Rule of law            | , , ,                                  |                                    | 87.2                | 17                       | 5.1.5               | Females employed w/ac                                  | Ivanced degrees, %           | 22.4        | 24        |
|          |                        | dundancy dism                          | issal                              | 8.0                 | 1 • ♦                    | 5.2                 | Innovation linkages                                    |                              | 46.4        | 18        |
|          | Business               | environment                            |                                    | 88.2                | 9                        |                     | University-industry R&D                                |                              | 60.1        | 22        |
| 1        | Ease of sta            | arting a busines                       | SS*                                | 86.1                | 82 ○ ◊                   |                     | State of cluster develop                               | •                            | 63.2        | 18        |
| 2        | Ease of res            | solving insolver                       | ncy*                               | 90.2                | 3 ● ♦                    |                     | GERD financed by abroad<br>Joint venture/strategic all |                              | 0.0         | 68<br>40  |
|          |                        |  |                                    |                     |                          |                     | Patent families/bn PPP\$                               |                              | 14.1        | 1         |
| 2        | Human                  | capital and                            | research                           | 50.8                | 20                       |                     |  |                              | 60.3        | 3         |
|          |                        |  |                                    |                     |                          | <b>5.3</b>          | Knowledge absorption<br>Intellectual property pay      |                              | 2.6         | 10        |
|          | Education              |  | 0/ CDD                             | 54.1                | [ <b>53]</b><br>91 ⊜ ♦   |                     | High-tech imports, % to                                |                              | 13.9        | 16        |
|          |                        | re on educatior<br>ot funding/pupil    | ı, % GDP<br>, secondary, % GDP/cap | 3.2<br>n/a          | 91 ⊖ ⇔<br>n/a            |                     | ICT services imports, %                                |                              | 2.2         | 27        |
|          |                        | e expectancy, ye                       |                                    | n/a                 | n/a                      |                     | FDI net inflows, % GDP                                 |                              | 0.5         | 118       |
|          |                        |  | aths and science                   | 520.0               | 5                        | 5.3.5               | Research talent, % in bu                               | usinesses                    | 74.4        | 3         |
| 5        | Pupil-teac             | her ratio, secon                       | ndary                              | Ø 11.0              | 38                       |                     |  |                              |             |           |
|          | Tertiary e             | ducation                               |                                    | 24.1                | 87 ○ ◊                   | مهمو                | Knowledge and to                                       | echnology outputs            | 48.3        | 11        |
|          |                        | rolment, % gro                         |                                    | n/a                 | n/a                      | 6.1                 | Knowledge exection                                     |                              | 58.3        | 11        |
|          |                        |  | engineering, %                     | 19.7                | 74 🔾                     | <b>6.1</b><br>6.1.1 | Knowledge creation Patents by origin/bn PPI            | P\$ GDP                      | 45.0        | 11        |
| 3        | Tertiary int           | bound mobility,                        | %                                  | 4.7                 | 49                       |                     | PCT patents by origin/birrib                           |                              | 9.6         | 1         |
|          |                        | and developm                           |                                    | 74.3                | 4 ●                      |                     | Utility models by origin/l                             |                              | 0.7         | 30        |
|          |                        | ers, FTE/mn po                         |                                    | 5,374.6             | 14                       | 6.1.4               | Scientific and technical                               | articles/bn PPP\$ GDP        | 16.8        | 50        |
|          |                        | enditure on R&                         | estors, top 3, mn US\$             | 3.2<br>90.0         | 4 <b>●</b><br>5 <b>●</b> | 6.1.5               | Citable documents H-in                                 | dex                          | 69.0        | 6         |
|          |                        | sity ranking, top                      |                                    | 77.6                | 8                        | 6.2                 | Knowledge impact                                       |                              | 35.1        | 43        |
|          |                        | , ,                                    |                                    |                     |                          |                     | Labor productivity grow                                |                              | -2.0        | 102       |
| <b>p</b> | Infrastri              | ucture                                 |                                    | 59.8                | 9                        |                     | New businesses/th pop. Software spending, % G          |                              | 0.4<br>0.3  | 103<br>46 |
|          |                        |  |                                    |                     |                          |                     | ISO 9001 quality certific                              |                              | 6.1         | 46        |
|          |                        |  | ication technologies (IC           | •                   | 8                        |                     | High-tech manufacturin                                 |                              | 55.1        | 9         |
|          | ICT acces              | S*                                     |                                    | 88.5                | 9                        | 6.3                 | Knowledge diffusion                                    |                              | 51.5        | 11        |
|          | ICT use*               | ent's online serv                      | ice*                               | 82.4<br>90.6        | 16<br>12                 |                     | Intellectual property rec                              | eipts, % total trade         | 5.0         | 1         |
|          | E-participa            |  | 100                                | 98.8                | 4 •                      | 6.3.2               | Production and export of                               | complexity                   | 100.0       | 1         |
|          |                        | nfrastructure                          |                                    | 46.0                | 16                       |                     | High-tech exports, % to                                |                              | 11.6        | 13        |
|          |                        | output, GWh/m                          | nn pop.                            | 8.307.1             | 19                       | 6.3.4               | ICT services exports, %                                | total trade                  | 0.8         | 89        |
|          |                        | performance*                           | 11-                                | 91.8                | 5                        |                     |  |                              |             |           |
| 3        | Gross cap              | ital formation, 9                      | % GDP                              | 24.9                | 47                       | €,                  | Creative outputs                                       |                              | 42.1        | 18        |
|          | Ecologica              | al sustainabilit                       | у                                  | 43.2                | 28                       | 7.1                 | Intangible assets                                      |                              | 56.9        | 9         |
|          |                        | of energy use                          |                                    | 12.7                | 40                       | 7.1.1               | Trademarks by origin/br                                | PPP\$ GDP                    | 86.5        | 15        |
|          |                        | ental performan                        |                                    | 75.1                | 12                       |                     | Global brand value, top                                |                              | 150.9       | 11        |
| 3        | ISO 14001              | environmental c                        | ertificates/bn PPP\$ GDP           | 3.3                 | 27                       | 7.1.3               | Industrial designs by ori                              | _                            | 4.2         | 28        |
|          |                        |  |                                    |                     |                          | 7.1.4               | ICTs and organizational                                | model creation†              | 67.8        | 22        |
| 1        | Market                 | sophisticati                           | ion                                | 62.1                | 15                       | 7.2                 | Creative goods and se                                  |                              | 29.6        | 25        |
|          | Credit                 |  |                                    | 64.2                | 11                       | 7.2.1               |  | rices exports, % total trade | 0.4         | 58        |
|          |                        | etting credit*                         |                                    | 55.0                | 88 🔾                     |                     | National feature films/m<br>Entertainment and medi     |                              | 6.9<br>71.5 | 31<br>5   |
|          | _                      | •                                      | e sector, % GDP                    | 174.7               | 3 ● ♦                    |                     | Printing and other media                               |                              |             | 23        |
| 3        | Microfinan             | nce gross loans                        | , % GDP                            | n/a                 | n/a                      |                     | Creative goods exports,                                | . •                          | 1.8         | 33        |
|          | Investme               | nt                                     |                                    | 34.3                | 51                       | 7.3                 | Online creativity                                      |                              | 24.9        | 46        |
|          |                        | otecting minorit                       | •                                  | 64.0                | 56                       | 7.3.1               | •  | ns (TLDs)/th pop. 15-69      | 15.5        | 31        |
|          |                        | pitalization, % (                      |                                    | 118.9               | 9                        |                     | Country-code TLDs/th p                                 | oop. 15–69                   | 5.8         | 50        |
|          |                        |  | deals/bn PPP\$ GDP                 | 0.1                 | 31 ♦                     |                     | Wikipedia edits/mn pop                                 |                              | 63.5        | 46        |
|          | venture ca             |  | , deals/bn PPP\$ GDP               | 0.0                 | 36                       | 7.3.4               | Mobile app creation/bn                                 | PPP\$ GDP                    | 12.8        | 43        |
|          |                        |  | na markat caala                    | 87.9                | 5 ●                      |                     |  |                              |             |           |
|          | Trade, div             |  |                                    |                     | 70 ~                     |                     |  |                              |             |           |
| .1 .     | Applied ta             | riff rate, weighte<br>industry diversi | ed avg., %                         | 3.5<br>94.7         | 70 O<br>30               |                     |  |                              |             |           |

GII 2021 rank

Jordan

81

| Output rank   | Input rank   | Income   | Region   | Populat   | ion (mn)   | GDP, PPP\$ (bn)  | GDP per capita, PPP\$  | GII 20   | 20 rank  |  |
|---|--|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 81  | 79   | Upper middle   | NAWA   | 10  | ).2  | 102.2  | 10,007   |  | B1   |  |
|   |  |  | Score/<br>Value  | Rank  |  |  |  | Score/<br>Value  | Rank   |  |
| ii Institu  | ıtions   |  | 64.4   | 63  | <b>≗</b> E   | Business sophist   | ication  | 21.9   | 85   |  |
| 1.1.1 Political 1.1.2 Governi 1.2 Regula 1.2.1 Regulat 1.2.2 Rule of 1.2.3 Cost of 1.3 Busines 1.3.1 Ease of                                  | Typer middle  Stitutions  itical environment  itical and operational stability* vernment effectiveness* gulatory quality* e of law* st of redundancy dismissal siness environment se of starting a business* se of resolving insolvency*  Iman capital and research  Jucation  Jucat | Rule of law* Cost of redundancy dismissal Business environment   |  | 57.3<br>66.1<br>52.9<br>73.7<br>44.4<br>50.5<br>8.0<br>62.1<br>84.5<br>39.7 | 69 74 65 39 ◆ ◆ 68 56 1 ◆ ◆ 97 92 98               | 5.1.1 K<br>5.1.2 F<br>5.1.3 G<br>5.1.4 G<br>5.1.5 F<br><b>5.2</b> II<br>5.2.1 U<br>5.2.2 S<br>5.2.3 G<br>5.2.4 J   | Knowledge workers Knowledge-intensive efirms offering formal tr BERD performed by buse. BERD financed by buse. BERD financed by demonstration linkages. University-industry R& State of cluster developed by abroint venture/strategic aparent families/bn PPF | raining, % usiness, % GDP iness, % dvanced degrees, %  D collaboration† pment and depth† poad, % GDP alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP | 23.1<br>21.4<br>16.9<br>n/a<br>7.6<br>26.5<br>46.8<br>57.6<br>n/a<br>0.0 | [92] 75 87 ○ ◇ n/a n/a 82 42 ◆ 50 30 ● ◆ n/a 47 72 |
| # Huma  | n capital an   | d research   | 26.2   | 84  |  | Cnowledge absorption   | •  | 16.2   |  |  |
| <ul><li>2.1.1 Expend</li><li>2.1.2 Governr</li><li>2.1.3 School</li><li>2.1.4 PISA sc</li></ul>   | iture on educati<br>ment funding/pu<br>life expectancy,<br>ales in reading,  | pil, secondary, % GDP/cap<br>years<br>maths and science  | 32.9<br>3.1<br>5 15.5<br>10.6<br>416.0<br>14.4         | 110   | 5.3.1 Ir<br>5.3.2 H<br>5.3.3 IO<br>5.3.4 F         |  | ayments, % total trade<br>total trade<br>% total trade<br>o  | 0.1<br>7.0<br>0.2<br>3.0<br>n/a  | 100<br>79<br>126 $\bigcirc$ $\diamondsuit$<br>49<br>n/a                  |  |
|   |  | •  | 36.3   | 54  | in the second                                      | Knowledge and  | technology outputs   | 18.0   | 76   |  |
| 2.2.2 Graduat<br>2.2.3 Tertiary   | tes in science a<br>inbound mobili   | nd engineering, %<br>ty, %   | 33.1<br>② 26.4<br>14.0                                 | 81<br>31 <b>●</b><br>13 <b>● ♦</b>  | 6.1.1 P  | Knowledge creation<br>Patents by origin/bn Pl<br>PCT patents by origin/  | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·  | <b>16.6</b> 0.2 0.2  | <b>63</b><br>98<br>50  |  |
| 2.3.1 Researce<br>2.3.2 Gross e<br>2.3.3 Global of  | chers, FTE/mn p<br>xpenditure on F<br>corporate R&D i  | noop.<br>R&D, % GDP<br>nvestors, top 3, mn US\$  | 9.5<br>② 596.0<br>② 0.7<br>0.0<br>17.0                 | 60<br>62<br>51<br>41 $\bigcirc$ $\Diamond$<br>56                            | 6.1.4 S<br>6.1.5 C<br><b>6.2</b> K                 | Utility models by origin<br>Scientific and technica<br>Citable documents H-i<br>Cnowledge impact<br>Labor productivity gro   | l articles/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>ndex  | n/a<br>29.2<br>10.0<br><b>26.8</b><br>-0.8   | n/a<br>30 ● ◆<br>78<br><b>78</b><br>79                                   |  |
| <b>☆</b> Infras   | tructure   |  | 30.1   | 102 ♦   |  | New businesses/th po<br>Software spending, %   | •  | 0.5<br>0.3   | 95<br>42   |  |
| <ul><li>3.1.1 ICT acc</li><li>3.1.2 ICT use</li><li>3.1.3 Governi</li><li>3.1.4 E-partic</li><li>3.2 Genera</li><li>3.2.1 Electrici</li></ul> | ess* ment's online se ipation* I infrastructur ty output, GWh  | ervice*<br>e<br>/mn pop.   | 45.9<br>50.4<br>35.9<br>33.3<br><b>20.5</b><br>2,057.2 | 97  | 6.2.5 H<br>6.3 K<br>6.3.1 Ir<br>6.3.2 P<br>6.3.3 H | SO 9001 quality certification of the control of the | ng, %<br>ceipts, % total trade<br>complexity<br>otal trade   | 5.6<br>22.1<br><b>10.7</b><br>0.1<br>47.8<br>1.4<br>0.1  | 53<br>57<br><b>93</b><br>52<br>51<br>66<br>129 $\bigcirc$                |  |
| •   | •  |  | 29.8<br>19.8   | 83<br>89  | <b>&amp;</b> , c                                   | Creative outputs   |  | 18.3   | 88   |  |
| 3.3.1 GDP/un<br>3.3.2 Environ<br>3.3.3 ISO 140  | it of energy use<br>mental perform<br>01 environmenta  | ance*<br>al certificates/bn PPP\$ GDF  | 28.5<br>9.8<br>53.4<br>1.2                             | <b>65</b> 71 46 ◆ 62  | 7.1.1 T<br>7.1.2 G<br>7.1.3 Ir                     | ntangible assets<br>frademarks by origin/b<br>Blobal brand value, top<br>ndustrial designs by o<br>CTs and organizationa   | o 5,000, % GDP<br>rigin/bn PPP\$ GDP   | 22.0<br>25.7<br>7.9<br>0.7<br>52.6   | <b>92</b><br>81<br>64<br>80<br>68  |  |
| iii Marke   | t sophistica   | ation  | 49.7   | 47  |  | Creative goods and s   |  | <b>13.8</b> 0.0  | <b>68</b>  |  |
| 4.1.2 Domest<br>4.1.3 Microfin  | ic credit to priva<br>ance gross loa   |  | <b>51.7</b><br>95.0<br>76.9<br>0.4                     | <b>25                                    </b>                               | 7.2.2 N<br>7.2.3 E<br>7.2.4 P                      | lational feature films/r   | dia market/th pop. 15–69<br>lia, % manufacturing   | n/a<br>1.8<br>2.4  | 108 ○<br>n/a<br>54 ○ ◇<br>9 • ◆<br>46                                    |  |
| 4.2.1 Ease of<br>4.2.2 Market<br>4.2.3 Venture<br>4.2.4 Venture<br><b>4.3 Trade</b> , 4<br>4.3.1 Applied<br>4.3.2 Domest                      | protecting mino<br>capitalization, 9<br>capital investor<br>capital recipier   | % GDP rs, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP nts, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP nts, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP nts, deals/bn PPP\$ nts, deals/bn P | 26.3 50.0 52.7 0.1 0.0 71.2 ② 4.4 94.8 102.2           | <b>76</b> 92 34 30 ◆ 30 ◆ <b>58</b> 79 29 ● 83                              | 7.3.1 G<br>7.3.2 C<br>7.3.3 V                      | Online creativity Generic top-level dom: Country-code TLDs/th Vikipedia edits/mn po Mobile app creation/bi   | p. 15–69   | <b>15.4</b> 4.8 0.2 45.5 11.6  | <b>73</b> 54 108 74 44   |  |

### Kazakhstan

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| Output i           | rank       | Input rank                            | Income   | Region              | Popu              | lation (mn   | GDP, PPP\$ (bn)                                     | GDP per capita, PPP\$                     | GII 20            | )20 ran           |
|--------------------|------------|---------------------------------------|--|---------------------|-------------------|--------------|---|---|-------------------|-------------------|
| 101                |            | 61                                    | Upper middle                                     | CSA                 |                   | 18.8         | 501.8   | 26,589                                    | •                 | 77                |
|                    |            |                                       |  | Score/              |                   |              |   |   | Score/            |                   |
| îî In:             | etitut     | ions                                  |  | Value<br>69.8       | Rank<br>45        |              | Business sophist                                    | tication                                  | Value <b>23.0</b> | Rank<br>78        |
|                    |            |                                       |  |                     |                   |              |   | iloation                                  |                   |                   |
|                    |            | environment<br>.nd operationa         | ıl stabilitv*                                    | <b>58.8</b> 69.6    | <b>62</b><br>60   |              | Knowledge workers<br>Knowledge-intensive            | employment. %                             | <b>37.1</b> 34.3  | <b>52</b><br>40   |
|                    |            | ent effectivene                       | •  | 53.4                | 63                |              | Firms offering formal to                            |   | 21.8              | 71                |
| .2 Re              | gulato     | ry environme                          | ent  | 69.9                | 49                |              | GERD performed by b                                 |   |                   | 74                |
|                    | •          | y quality*                            |  | 47.1                | 62                |              | GERD financed by bus<br>Females employed w/a        |   | 47.4              | 31<br>29 <b>•</b> |
| .2.2 Ru<br>.2.3 Co |            | w^<br>edundancy dis                   | missal   | 35.3<br>8.7         | 90<br>18 ●        |              | Innovation linkages                                 | auranoou uogrooo, 70                      | 12.9              | 120               |
|                    |            | environmen                            |  | 80.6                | 31 ● ∢            | 501          | University-industry R&                              | D collaboration†                          | 36.0              | 95                |
|                    |            | arting a busin                        |  | 94.4                | 20 •              | 5.2.2        | State of cluster develo                             |   | 32.8              | 117               |
| .3.2 Ea            | se of re   | esolving insolv                       | ency*  | 66.7                | 39                |              | GERD financed by abr                                | oad, % GDP<br>alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP | 0.0               | 90<br>82          |
|                    |            |                                       |  |                     |                   |              | Patent families/bn PPF                              |   | 0.1               | 54                |
| HL                 | uman       | capital an                            | d research                                       | 31.7                | 66                | 5.3          | Knowledge absorpti                                  | on  | 19.0              | 97                |
| .1 Ed              | lucatio    | n                                     |  | 45.8                | 78                |              |   | ayments, % total trade                    | 0.3               | 87                |
|                    |            | ure on educati                        |  | 2.9                 |                   |              | High-tech imports, % ICT services imports,          |   | 7.4<br>0.7        | 70<br>93          |
|                    |            | ent funding/pu<br>e expectancy,       | pil, secondary, % GDP/c                          | 21.2 (ap Ø 21.8     | 41<br>40          |              | FDI net inflows, % GD                               |   | 1.6               | 91                |
|                    |            |                                       | maths and science                                | 402.4               | 64                | 5.3.5        | Research talent, % in                               | businesses                                | n/a               | n/a               |
| .1.5 Pu            | ıpil-tead  | cher ratio, sec                       | ondary   | 8.3                 | 12 ● ◆            |              |   |   |                   |                   |
|                    | -          | education                             |  | 38.3                | 48                |              | Knowledge and                                       | technology outputs                        | 15.0              | 86                |
|                    |            | nrolment, % g                         | ross<br>nd engineering, %                        | 70.7<br>24.1        | 31 <b>●</b><br>46 | 6.1          | Knowledge creation                                  |   | 14.9              | 66                |
|                    |            | s in science at<br>bound mobilit      |  | 3.3                 | 65                |              | Patents by origin/bn P                              |   |                   | 39                |
|                    | •          | n and develop                         | •  | 10.9                | 54                |              | PCT patents by origin/                              |   | 0.1               | 73<br>14 <b>•</b> |
|                    |            | ers, FTE/mn p                         |  | Ø 666.9             | 61                | 614          | Utility models by origir<br>Scientific and technica | al articles/bn PPP\$ GDP                  | ) 1.6<br>3.2      | 119               |
|                    |            | penditure on F                        |  | 0.1                 | 103 🔾             | 6.1.5        | Citable documents H-                                |   | 5.3               | 102               |
|                    |            | rporate R&D ii<br>sity ranking, t     | nvestors, top 3, mn USS<br>op 3*                 | \$ 0.0<br>33.8      | 41 ⊜ <<br>36      | 6.2          | Knowledge impact                                    |   | 19.1              | 110               |
|                    | J 41.1.701 | on, ranning, r                        | <b>J</b>   | 00.0                |                   |              | Labor productivity gro                              |   | 0.9               | 48                |
| <b>ặ</b> ⊅ Ini     | frastr     | ucture                                |  | 44.4                | 58                |              | New businesses/th po<br>Software spending, %        | •   | 2.0<br>0.0        | 56<br>118 (       |
|                    |            |                                       |  | (OT-) 00 F          | 00.0              | 6.2.4        | ISO 9001 quality certif                             |   | 1.0               | 111               |
|                    | T acces    |                                       | unication technologies (                         | (ICTs) 80.5<br>76.6 | <b>29 ● </b>      | 0.2.3        | High-tech manufacturi                               | ing, %                                    | 13.5              | 81                |
| .1.2 IC            |            |                                       |  | 64.9                | 56                |              | Knowledge diffusion                                 |   | 11.0              | 91                |
|                    |            | ent's online se                       | ervice*  | 92.3                | 11 • •            |              | Intellectual property re<br>Production and export   |   | 0.0<br>30.2       | 102 (<br>92       |
| .1.4 E-p           |            |                                       | _  | 88.1                | 26 ●              |              | High-tech exports, %                                |   | 3.9               | 42                |
|                    |            | i <b>nfrastructure</b><br>output, GWh |  | <b>32.6</b> 5,887.8 | <b>49</b><br>35 • | 6.3.4        | ICT services exports, '                             | % total trade                             | 0.2               | 122 (             |
|                    | -          | performance*                          |  | 35.4                | 70                | 01           | 0 11 1  |   | 44.0              | 440               |
|                    |            | oital formation                       |  | 28.3                | 24 ●              | <b>6</b>     | Creative outputs                                    |   | 14.3              | 110               |
|                    | •          | al sustainabi                         | lity   | 20.1                |                   | <b>○ 7.1</b> | Intangible assets                                   |   | 19.2              | 105               |
|                    |            | of energy use<br>ental performa       | ance*  | 6.4<br>44.7         | 104 < 75          |              | Trademarks by origin/l                              |   | 22.6              | 87                |
|                    |            |                                       | al certificates/bn PPP\$ G                       |                     | 88                |              | Global brand value, to<br>Industrial designs by o   |   | 3.8               | 70<br>103         |
|                    |            |                                       |  |                     |                   |              | ICTs and organization                               | •   | 48.2              | 88                |
| iii M              | arket      | sophistica                            | ation  | 43.8                | 80                |              | Creative goods and s                                | services<br>rvices exports, % total trade | <b>6.5</b> 0.1    | <b>96</b><br>89   |
|                    | edit       |                                       |  | 35.9                | 81                |              | National feature films/i                            | • •                                       | 6.1               | 38                |
|                    | _          | etting credit*                        | ata saatar % CDD                                 | 80.0                | 23<br>108         | 7.2.3        | Entertainment and me                                | dia market/th pop. 15-69                  | n/a               | n/a               |
|                    |            | credit to priva                       | ate sector, % GDP<br>ns, % GDP                   | 24.3<br>0.2         | 47                |              | Printing and other med<br>Creative goods export     |   | 0.4<br>0.2        | 96 (<br>80        |
|                    | vestme     | •                                     | ,  | 23.0                | 101               |              | = :   | o, 70 lulai li aue                        |                   |                   |
|                    |            |                                       | ority investors*                                 | 84.0                | 7 ● 4             |              | Online creativity<br>Generic top-level dom          | ains (TLDs)/th pop. 15-69                 | <b>12.4</b> 0.3   | <b>83</b><br>115  |
|                    |            | apitalization, %                      |  | 23.4                | 54                | 7.3.2        | Country-code TLDs/th                                | pop. 15–69                                | 3.7               | 60                |
|                    |            | •                                     | s, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>its, deals/bn PPP\$ GDF | 0.0                 | 89 ○ <<br>94 ○ <  | , 1.0.0      | Wikipedia edits/mn po                               | •   | 44.8              | 77                |
|                    |            |                                       | and market scale                                 | 72.6                | 53                | · /.3.4      | Mobile app creation/b                               | N PPP\$ GDP                               | 1.5               | 72                |
|                    |            | ariff rate, weigl                     |  | 2.3                 | <b>53</b>         |              |   |   |                   |                   |
|                    |            | industry diver                        |  | 76.3                | 87                |              |   |   |                   |                   |

NOTES: • indicates a strength;  $\bigcirc$  a weakness; • an income group strength;  $\bigcirc$  an income group weakness; \* an index; † a survey question.  $\odot$  indicates that the economy's data are older than the base year; see appendices for details, including the year of the data, at http://globalinnovationindex.org. Square brackets [] indicate that the data minimum coverage (DMC) requirements were not met at the sub-pillar or pillar level.

501.8 40

GII 2020 rank

### Kenya

Output rank Input rank

Income

Region

| 7   | 76  | 89   | Lower middle  | SSF   |   | 5        | 3.8  | 243.1  | 4,993   | •   | B6  |
|---|---|--|---|---|---|----------|--|--|---|---|---|
|   |   |  |   | Score/<br>Value   | Rank  |          |  |  |   | Score/<br>Value                           | Rank  |
| 血   | Institu   | tions  |   | 59.9  | 80  |          | <b>2</b>                                       | Business sophist   | ication   | 23.4                                      | 77  |
| 1.1.2<br>1.2.1<br>1.2.1<br>1.2.2<br>1.2.3                 | Political Government Regulate Rule of la Cost of rule Busines                                   | environmen<br>and operation<br>nent effectiver<br>ory environm<br>ory quality*<br>aw*<br>edundancy di<br>as environme<br>starting a busi | al stability* ness* nent smissal  | <b>47.1</b> 57.1 42.1 <b>60.1</b> 36.3 34.8 15.8 <b>72.6</b> 82.7   | 98<br>106<br>92<br>80<br>94<br>91<br>61<br>60 | •        | 5.1.3<br>5.1.4<br>5.1.5<br><b>5.2</b><br>5.2.1 | Knowledge workers Knowledge-intensive e Firms offering formal tr GERD performed by bu GERD financed by bus Females employed w/a Innovation linkages University-industry R& State of cluster develop  | aining, % usiness, % GDP iness, % idvanced degrees, %  D collaboration <sup>†</sup>               | 0.1<br>0 4.3                              | 112<br>n/a<br>36<br>67<br>84<br>110 0<br>35<br>49<br>53 |
| 1.3.2   |   | esolving insol   | •   | 62.4  | 45  | •        | 5.2.4  | GERD financed by abro<br>Joint venture/strategic a<br>Patent families/bn PPP   | alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP   | 0.4<br>0.0<br>0.0                         | 6 ●<br>65<br>85   |
| 2.1.2<br>2.1.3<br>2.1.4                                   | Educati<br>Expendir<br>Governm<br>School li<br>PISA sca   | on<br>ture on educa<br>nent funding/pi<br>fe expectancy  | upil, secondary, % GDP/cap<br>y, years<br>, maths and science   | 5.3<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>n/a  | 92<br>[68]<br>27<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>119  |          | 5.3.2<br>5.3.3<br>5.3.4                        | Knowledge absorption Intellectual property particles imports, % to ICT services imports, 9 FDI net inflows, % GDF Research talent, % in the ICT services imports, 9 FDI net inflows, % GDF Research talent, % in the ICT services imports, 9 FDI net inflows, % GDF Research talent, % in the ICT services imports, which is the ICT services in the ICT s | ayments, % total trade<br>total trade<br>% total trade  | 25.9<br>1.7<br>8.2<br>0.4<br>1.6<br>11.4  | 68<br>16 ●<br>58<br>111<br>87<br>62                     |
| 2.2   | Tertiary  | education  | •   | 11.6  | 111   | 0 V      | 2000   | Knowledge and  | technology outputs  | 21.1                                      | 65  |
| 2.2.2<br>2.2.3<br>2.3<br>2.3.1<br>2.3.2                   | Graduate<br>Tertiary i<br>Research<br>Research<br>Gross ex                                      | nbound mobil<br>ch and develo<br>hers, FTE/mn<br>openditure on   | and engineering, % @ ity, % @ pment (R&D) pop. @  | 16.5<br>0.9<br><b>4.5</b><br>221.4                                  | 111<br>91<br>89<br><b>78</b><br>79<br>48      | <b>*</b> | 6.1.3<br>6.1.4                                 | PCT patents by origin/l<br>Utility models by origin  | bn PPP\$ GDP<br>/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>I articles/bn PPP\$ GDP  | 14.6<br>1.3<br>0.0<br>0.9<br>11.1<br>15.9 | 67<br>58<br>82<br>24<br>77<br>52                        |
| 2.3.4   | QS unive  | ersity ranking,<br>ructure<br>ion and comm   |   | 25.9<br>3 47.7  | 74<br>114<br>96                               |          | 6.2.2<br>6.2.3<br>6.2.4                        | Knowledge impact<br>Labor productivity grown<br>New businesses/th pop<br>Software spending, %<br>ISO 9001 quality certifithigh-tech manufacturii   | o. 15–64<br>GDP<br>cates/bn PPP\$ GDP   | 23.7<br>2.7<br>1.5<br>0.1<br>1.9<br>11.1  | 86<br>18 ●<br>68<br>77<br>91<br>85                      |
| 3.1.2<br>3.1.3<br>3.1.4<br>3.2<br>3.2.1                   | E-partici<br>General<br>Electricit  | nent's online s<br>pation*<br>infrastructury<br>y output, GWI  | re<br>n/mn pop.   | 229.0   | 105<br>112<br>75<br>87<br><b>120</b><br>116   |          | <b>6.3</b> 6.3.1 6.3.2 6.3.3                   | Knowledge diffusion<br>Intellectual property re<br>Production and export<br>High-tech exports, % t<br>ICT services exports, 9  | ceipts, % total trade<br>complexity<br>otal trade   | 25.0<br>0.6<br>36.0<br>0.5<br>5.3         | <b>45</b> 27 ● 76 89 14 ●                               |
|   | -   | s performance<br>apital formatio   |   | 35.7<br>12.3  | 67<br>120                                     | 0 \$     | €,   | Creative outputs   |   | 16.7                                      | 95  |
| 3.3.2   | GDP/uni<br>Environn   | cal sustainab<br>t of energy us<br>nental perform<br>d environment   | e   | 6.1<br>34.7   | 120<br>105<br>103<br>103                      | 0        | 7.1.2<br>7.1.3                                 | Intangible assets Trademarks by origin/b Global brand value, top Industrial designs by o ICTs and organizationa  | o 5,000, % GDP<br>rigin/bn PPP\$ GDP  | 24.1<br>24.6<br>11.2<br>0.7<br>60.0       | 89<br>82<br>59<br>81<br>44                              |
| <b>1.1</b><br>1.1.1<br>1.1.2                              | Credit<br>Ease of g<br>Domesti  | t sophistic getting credit* c credit to privance gross loa   | rate sector, % GDP  | 48.8<br>56.7<br>95.0<br>27.5<br>4.2                                 | 4<br>101                                      | • •      | 7.2<br>7.2.1<br>7.2.2<br>7.2.3<br>7.2.4        | Creative goods and s<br>Cultural and creative ser<br>National feature films/r<br>Entertainment and med<br>Printing and other med   | ervices rvices exports, % total trade nn pop. 15–69 dia market/th pop. 15–69 iia, % manufacturing | 16.5<br>0.0<br>n/a<br>2.0<br>3.9          | <b>62</b><br>99 ○<br>n/a<br>53<br>3 ●                   |
| 4.2<br>4.2.1<br>4.2.2<br>4.2.3<br>4.2.4<br>4.3.1<br>4.3.1 | Investm<br>Ease of p<br>Market of<br>Venture of<br>Venture of<br>Trade, d<br>Applied<br>Domesti | ent<br>protecting min<br>capitalization,<br>capital investo<br>capital recipie   | ority investors* % GDP vrs, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP nts, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP nts, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP n, and market scale ghted avg., % ersification | 32.2<br>92.0<br>26.2<br>0.0<br>0.1<br>57.6<br>11.5<br>71.8<br>243.1 | 61<br>51<br>53<br>23                          | • •      | <b>7.3</b> 7.3.1 7.3.2 7.3.3                   | Creative goods exports Online creativity Generic top-level dome Country-code TLDs/th Wikipedia edits/mn pol Mobile app creation/br   | ains (TLDs)/th pop. 15–69<br>pop. 15–69<br>p. 15–69   |   | 94<br>131 ○<br>98<br>87<br>129 ○<br>103 ○               |

Population (mn) GDP, PPP\$ (bn) GDP per capita, PPP\$

#### **Kuwait**

Output rank Input rank

Income

Region

72

GII 2020 rank

| Table   Tab                        |   | ank input rank             |                            | Region  |         | •        | GDP, PPP\$ (bn)        | GDP per capita, PPP\$    | _      | J20 rank |
|--|---|----------------------------|----------------------------|---------|---------|----------|------------------------|--------------------------|--------|----------|
| This intitutions   | 73  | 73                         | High                       | NAWA    | 4       | 1.3      | 203.8                  | 41,735                   | ,      | 78       |
| Institutions   |   |                            |                            |         |         |          |                        |                          |        |          |
| 1.1 Political environment 1.1.1 Political and operations at stability* 6.2.5 89 5.1.1 Knowledge-intensive employment, % 0. 22.7 70 1.1.1 Political and operations at stability* 6.2.5 89 5.1.1 Knowledge-intensive employment, % 0. 22.7 70 1.1.2 Government effectiveness* 7.1.2 Regulatory quality* 7.1.2 Regulatory quality* 7.1.2 Regulatory quality* 7.1.2 Regulatory quality* 7.1.2 Regulatory quality* 7.1.2 Regulatory quality* 7.1.3 Cost of redundancy dismissal 2.2.1 116 0. 5.1.5 Females employed Wadwadcanced degrees, % 1.0.4 1.                      | ∰ Inc   | stitutions                 |                            |         |         | •        | Rusinoss sonhis        | tication                 |        |          |
| 1.1.1 Political and operational stability* 1.2.2 Government effectiveneses* 1.3.1 Regulatory environment 1.4.2 Regulatory quality* 1.2.2 Rigulatory quality* 1.2.2 Rigulatory quality* 1.2.3 Cost of redundancy dismissal 1.3.2 Business environment 1.3.3 Business environment 1.3.3 Business environment 1.3.3 Business environment 1.3.3 Business environment 1.3.4 Ease of redundancy dismissal 1.3.2 Ease of resolving insolvency* 1.3.2 Ease of resolving insolvency* 1.3.2 Ease of resolving insolvency* 1.3.3 Ease of starting a business environment 1.3.4 Ease of starting a business environment 1.3.5 Ease of resolving insolvency* 1.3.5 Ease of resolving insolvency* 1.3.5 Ease of resolving insolvency* 1.3.6 Ease of resolving insolvency* 1.3.5 Ease of resolving insolvency* 1.3.6 Ease of resolving insolvency* 1.3.6 Ease of resolving insolvency* 1.3.7 Ease of resolving insolvency* 1.3.8 Ease of resolving insolvency* 1.3.9 Ease of resolving insolvency* 1.3.1 Ease of starting a business environment 1.3.2 Ease of resolving insolvency* 1.3.2 Ease of resolving insolvency* 1.3.3 Ease of starting a business* 1.3.4 Ease of resolving insolvency* 1.3.5 Ease of resolving insolvency* 1.3.6 Ease of resolving insolvency* 1.3.6 Ease of resolving insolvency* 1.3.2 Ease of resolving insolvency* 1.3.3 Ease of starting a business* 1.3.4 Ease of resolving insolvency* 1.3.5 Ease of resolving insolvency* 1.3.5 Ease of resolving insolvency* 1.3.6 Ease of resolving insolvency* 1.3.7 Ease of resolving insolvency* 1.3.8 Ease of starting a business* 1.3.1 Ease of starting a business* 1.3.2 Ease of resolving insolvency* 1.3.3 Ease of starting a business* 1.3.4 Ease of resolving insolvency* 1.3.5 Ease of resolving insolvency* 1.3.6 Ease of resolving insolvency* 1.3.7 Ease of resolving insolvency* 1.3.8 Ease of starting a business* 1.3.9 Ease of resolvency insolvency* 1.3.1 Ease of getting event insolvency* 1.3.2 Ease of resolvency* 1.3.3 Eave of resolvency* 1.3.4 Ease of perturbance* 1.3.5 Ease of resolvency* 1.3.5 Ease of resolvency* 1.3.6 Ease of resolve                      | , <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u> |                            |                            |         |         |          |                        | lication                 |        |          |
| 1.2 Regulatory environment 1.2 Regulatory quality 1.2 Regulatory qu                      | 1.1.1 Pol                                     | litical and operational st | •                          | 62.5    | 89 ♦    | 5.1.1    | Knowledge-intensive    |                          | ② 22.7 | 70 ♦     |
| 1.2.2 Scot of redundancy dismissal 28.1 III  | 1.2 Re  |                            |                            | 54.5    | 97 ♦    | 5.1.3    | GERD performed by b    | ousiness, % GDP          | n/a    | n/a      |
| 1.2.3 Cost of redundancy dismissal 28.1 1f6 ○ 5.2 Imnovation linkages semi-romment 63.8 90 ○ 5.2 Illuviersilly-inclustry R8D collaboration 54.2 69 13.1 Ease of starting a business* 88.4 67   | ,   |                            |                            |         |         |          |                        |                          |        |          |
| 3.1 Ease of tarting a business' 3.2 Ease of resolving insolvency' 3.3 2 101  |   |                            | ssal                       |         | 116 🔾 💠 |          | -                      | ID collaboration!        |        |          |
| 5.2.2   Ease of resolving insolvency*   39.2   101   5.2.3   GERD financed by abroad, % GDP   0.4   5.2.5  |   |                            | s*                         |         |         |          |                        |                          |        |          |
| Standard                        |   |                            |                            |         |         |          |                        |                          |        |          |
| 2.1 Education 2.1.1 Expenditure on education, % GDP 2.1.2 Government funding/pupil, secondary, % GDP/cap 2.1.3 School life expectancy, years 2.1.3 School life expectancy, years 2.1.4 PISA scales in reading, maths and science 2.1.5 Pupil-teacher ratio, secondary 2.1.6 Tertiary reducation 3.1.4 [47] 2.2.1 Tertiary reducation 3.1.4 [47] 2.2.1 Tertiary reducation 3.1.4 [47] 2.2.2 Tertiary inbound mobility, % 3.1.3 Care and engineering, % 2.2.3 Tertiary inbound mobility, % 3.2.3 Researchers, FTE/mn pop. 3.3 Feaser and development (R&D) 3.2.4 (Besa chers, and development (R&D) 3.2.5 (Besa cher and development (R&D) 3.2.6 School mobility and the secondary of the seco                      | .● Li.  | ıman canital and ı         | rosoarch                   | 21.4    | [60]    |          | •                      |                          |        |          |
| 2.1 Expenditure on education, % GDP n/s n/s n/s 2.1.2 Expenditure on education, % GDP n/s n/s n/s 2.1.3 School file expectancy, years of 14.7 59 to 1.5 Publi-teacher ratio, secondary with the property expensive secondary of 14.7 59 to 1.5 Publi-teacher ratio, secondary of 14.7 50 to 1.5 Publi-teacher ratios. Secondary of 14.7 50 to 1.5 Publi-teacher ratios. Secondary of 14.7 50 to 1.5 Publi-teacher ratios. Secondary of 14.7 50 to 1.5 Publi-teacher ratios. Secondary of 14.7 50 to 1.5 Publi-teacher ratios. Secondary of 14.7 50 to 1.5 Publi-teacher ratios. Secondary of 14.7 50 to 1.5 Publi-teacher ratios. Secondary of 14.7 50 to 1.5 Publi-teacher ratios. Secondary of 14.7 50 to 1.5 Publi-teacher ratios. Secondary of 14.7 50 to 1.5 Publi-teacher ratios. Secondary of 14.7 50 to 1.5 Publi-teacher ratios. Secondary of 14.7 50 to 1.5 Publi-teacher ratios. Secondary of 14.7 50 to 1.5 Publi-teacher ratios. Secondar                      |   |                            | esearch                    |         |         |          |                        |                          |        |          |
| 2.1. School life expectancy, years   0, 14,7   59   5.3.4   FDI net inflows, % GDP   0, 2   122   0. 1.  |   |                            | % GDP                      |         |         | 5.3.2    | High-tech imports, %   | total trade              | 5.5    | 105      |
| 2.1.4 PIAS scales in reading, maths and science 2.1.5 Pupil-teacher ratio, secondary 2.2.1 Tertiary education 3.8.4 [47] 2.2.1 Tertiary enrolment, % gross 55.3 54 2.2.2 Graculates in science and engineering, % n/a n/a 2.2.3 Tertiary inbound mobility, % n/a n/a 2.2.3 Tertiary inbound mobility, % n/a n/a 2.3.1 Eleactrophy and the component (RaD) 2.3.2 Gross expenditure on RAD, % GDP 2.3.3 Global corporate RAD investors, top 3, mn US\$ 2.3.4 QS university ranking, top 3' 2.3.4 QS university ranking, top 3' 2.3.5 Information and communication technologies (ICTs) 3.1.1 [CT access' 3.1.2 [CT use' 3.1.3 Glowernment's online service' 3.1.4 E-participation' 3.2.2 [Leisticrity output, GWh/mn pop. 3.2.3 Gross explait formation, % GDP 3.3.3 [Soble capital formation, % GDP 3.3.4 [Search tallent, % in businesses  |   |                            |                            |         |         |          |                        |                          |        |          |
| 2.2.1   Tertiary education   38.4   [47]   22.1   Tertiary enrollment, % gross   55.3   54   1/2                           |   |                            |                            |         |         |          |                        |                          |        |          |
| 2.2.1 Teritary enrolment, % gross  |   | •                          | dary                       |         |         | 240      | Knowledge and          | toohnology outputs       | 22.1   | 60       |
| 2.2.3 Graduates in science and engineering, % n/a n/a ratirary inbound mobility, % n/a n/a n/a ratirary inbound mobility, % n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a  |   | -                          | SS                         |         |         | _        | ·                      | technology outputs       |        |          |
| 2.3. Research and development (R&D) 2.3. Research and development (R&D) 2.3. Gross expenditure on R&D, % GDP 2.3. Global corporate R&D investors, top 3, mn US\$ 2.3. Global corporate R&D investors, top 3, mn US\$ 2.3. Q university ranking, top 3' 2.3. Q university ranking, top 3' 2.3. Q university ranking, top 3' 2.3. Q university ranking, top 3' 2.3. Q university ranking, top 3' 2.3. Q university ranking top 3' 2.3. Q university ranking top 3' 2.3. Q university ranking top 3' 2.3. Q university ranking top 3' 2.3. Q university ranking top 3' 2.3. Q university ranking top 3' 2.3. Q university ranking top 3' 2.3. Q university ranking top 3' 2.3. Q university ranking top 3' 2.3. Q university ranking top 3' 2.3. Q university ranking top 3' 2.3. Q university ranking top 3' 2.3. Q university ranking top 3' 2.3. Q university ranking top 3' 2.3. Q university ranking top 3' 2.3. Q university ranking top 3' 2.3. Q university ranking top 3' 2.3. Q university ranking top 3' 2.3. Q university ranking top 3' 2.4. Q university ranking top 3' 2.5. Q university ranking top 3' 2.6. Q university ranking top 3' 2.7. Q university ranking top 3' 2.8 Q university ranking top 3' 2.9 Q university ranking top 4' 2.0 Lose ranking and technical articles/bn PPP\$ QDP 2.1. 1 86 2.2. New businesses/th pop 1.5-64 2.2. New businesses/th pop 1.5-                   |   |                            | •                          |         |         |          | •                      | PP\$ GDP                 |        |          |
| 2.3.1 Researchers, FTE/mn pop.   |   | •                          |                            |         |         | 6.1.2    | PCT patents by origin/ | bn PPP\$ GDP             | 0.1    | 72       |
| 2.3.4 QS university ranking, top 3'  4.4 71  | 2.3.1 Res                                     | searchers, FTE/mn pop      | ).                         | ② 513.9 | 67 💠    |          |                        |                          |        |          |
| Call   Labor productivity growth, %   -1.1   86  |   | •                          |                            |         |         |          |                        | index                    |        |          |
| Infrastructure   | 2.3.4 QS                                      | university ranking, top    | 3*                         | 4.4     | 71 ♦    |          |                        | wth, %                   |        |          |
| 3.1 ICT access* 3.1.2 ICT use* 3.1.3 Government's online service* 3.1.4 E-participation* 3.1.6 Electricity output, GWh/mn pop. 3.17 Electricity output, GWh/mn pop. 3.18 Ecological sustainability 3.2 Eological sustainability 3.3 Governmental performance* 3.3 ISO 14001 environmental certificates/bn PPP\$GDP 4.1 Credit 4.0 Tordit 4.1 Credit 4.2 Domestic credit to private sector, % GDP 8.3 Says of part of the property cecipts, % total trade 4.2 Investment 4.2 Investment 4.2 Investment 4.2 Investment 4.2 Investment 4.2 Venture capital investors, deals/bn PPP\$GDP 0.0 41 Trade, diversification, and market scale 4.3 Trade, diversification, and market scale 4.3 Trade, diversification, and market scale 4.5 Bovernaments online service' 6.6.3 High-tech manufacturing, % 6.3.5 High-tech manufacturing, % 6.3.5 High-tech manufacturing, % 6.3.5 High-tech manufacturing, % total trade 6.3.1 Intellectual property receipts, % total trade 6.3.2 Production and export complexity 27.6 99 6.3.3 High-tech exports, % total trade 6.3.3 High-tech exports, % total trade 6.3.3 High-tech exports, % total trade 6.3.3 High-tech exports, % total trade 6.3.3 High-tech exports, % total trade 6.3.4 ICT services exports, % total trade 7.4 6 • 7.1 Intangible assets 8.6 0 ◆ 7.1 Intangible assets 8.7 0 Freative outputs 8.8 0 ◆ 7.1 Intangible assets 9.6 0 ◆ 7.1 Intangible assets 9.6 0 ◆ 7.1 Intangible assets 9.7 0 ◆ 7.1 Intangible assets 9.7 0 ◆ 7.1 Intangible assets 9.7 0 ◆ 7.1 Intangible assets 9.7 0 ◆ 7.1 Intangible assets 9.7 0 ◆ 7.1 Intangible assets 9.7 0 ◆ 7.1 Intangible assets 9.7 0 ◆ 7.1 Intangible assets 9.7 0 ◆ 7.1 Intangible assets 9.7 0 ◆ 7.1 Intangible assets 9.7 0 ◆ 7.1 Intangible assets 9.7 0 ◆ 7.1 Intangible assets 9.7 0 ◆ 7.1 Intangible assets 9.7 0 ◆ 7.1 Intangible assets 9.7 0 ◆ 7.1 Intangible assets 9.7 0 ◆                    | # <sup>‡</sup> Inf                            | frastructure               |                            | 49.6    | 43      |          | •                      | •                        |        |          |
| 3.1.1 ICT access* 3.1.2 ICT use* 3.1.3 Government's online service* 3.1.4 E-participation* 90.5 18   |   |                            | antiam ta abmala siaa (167 |         |         |          |                        |                          |        | 79       |
| Silicia   Sil                        |   |                            | cation technologies (IC)   | •       |         |          | •                      | •                        |        |          |
| 3.1.4 E-participation* 90.5 18   |   |                            | ce*                        |         |         |          |                        |                          |        |          |
| 3.2.1 Electricity output, GWh/mn pop. 3.2.2 Logistics performance* 3.7.3 Gorss capital formation, % GDP 3.2.3 Gross capital formation, % GDP 3.2.4 Logistics performance, and the second state of the second                       |   |                            | o <del>c</del>             |         |         |          |                        |                          |        |          |
| 3.2.2 Logistics performance* 3.2.3 Gross capital formation, % GDP 25.1 46  3.2.3 Gross capital formation, % GDP 25.1 46  3.3.3 Ecological sustainability 26.9 74 ◇ 3.3.1 GDP/unit of energy use 3.3.2 Environmental performance* 3.3.2 Environmental performance* 3.3.3 ISO 14001 environmental certificates/bn PPP\$ GDP 1.2 64  3.3.3 ISO 14001 environmental certificates/bn PPP\$ GDP 1.2 64  4.1 Credit 4.1 Credit 4.1 Ease of getting credit* 4.1.1 Ease of getting credit* 4.1.2 Domestic credit to private sector, % GDP 4.1.3 Microfinance gross loans, % GDP 4.1.3 Microfinance gross loans, % GDP 4.2 Investment 4.2 Investment 4.2 Investment 4.2 Market capitalization, % GDP 4.2.3 Venture capital investors, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP 7.2 Table 4.5 Base of protecting minority investors* 66.0 50 4.2.3 Venture capital investors, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP 7.2 Venture capital investors, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP 7.3 Venture capital investors, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP 7.4 Venture capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP 7.5 Venture capital investors, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP 7.6 Venture capital investors, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP 7.7 Venture capital investors, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP 7.8 Venture capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP 7.9 Venture capital investors, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP 7.0 Venture capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP 7.0 Venture capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP 7.0 Venture capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP 7.0 Venture capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP 7.0 Venture capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP 7.0 Venture capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP 7.0 Venture capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP 7.0 Venture capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP 7.0 Venture capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP 7.1 Intrangible assets 7.1.1 Intrangible assets 7.1.1 Intrangible assets 7.1.1 Intrangible assets 7.1.1 Intrangible assets 7.1.1 Intrangible assets 7.1.1 Intrangible assets 7.1.1 Intrangible assets 7.1.1 Intrangible assets 7.1.1 Intrangible assets 7.1.1 Intrangible assets 7.1.1 Intrangible assets 7.1.1 Intrangible assets 7.1.1 Intrangible assets 7.1.1 Ulutral and arcatev |   |                            | n non                      |         |         |          |                        |                          |        |          |
| 3.3 Ecological sustainability 3.3.1 GDP/unit of energy use 3.3.2 Environmental performance* 3.3.3 ISO 14001 environmental certificates/bn PPP\$ GDP 1.2 64 1.1 Credit 4.1 Credit 4.1.1 Ease of getting credit* 4.1.2 Domestic credit to private sector, % GDP 4.1.3 Microfinance gross loans, % GDP 4.1.4 Investment 4.2 Investment 4.2 Investment 4.2 Market capital irvestors, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP 4.3 Trade, diversification, and market scale 4.3 Trade, diversification, and market scale 3.4 87 7.1.1 Intangible assets 7.1.1 Trademarks by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP 7.1.2 Global brand value, top 5,000, % GDP 5.3.3 34 7.1.2 Global brand value, top 5,000, % GDP 7.1.3 Industrial designs by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP 7.1.4 ICTs and organizational model creation   7.1.4 ICTs and organizational model creation   7.1.5 Creative goods and services 7.2.1 Cultural and creative services exports, % total trade 7.2.2 National feature films/mn pop. 15-69 7.2.3 Entertainment and media market/th pop. 15-69 7.2.4 Printing and other media, % manufacturing 7.2.5 Creative goods exports, % total trade 7.2.6 Creative goods exports, % total trade 7.2.7 Creative goods exports, % total trade 7.2.8 Trade, diversification, and market scale 7.2.9 Market capital investors, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP 7.3.1 Generic top-level domains (TLDs)/th pop. 15-69 7.3.2 Country-code TLDs/th pop. 15-69 7.3.3 Wikipedia edits/mn pop. 15-69 7.3.4 Mobile app creation/bn PPP\$ GDP 7.3.4 Mobile app creation/bn PPP\$ GDP 7.3.5 Applied tariff rate, weighted avg., % 7.3.6 Applied tariff rate, weighted avg., %   |   |                            | прор.                      |         |         | 01       | <u> </u>               |                          | 40.0   | 00 0     |
| 3.3.1 GDP/unit of energy use  8.4 87 7.1.1 Trademarks by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP ○ 16.6 98 ○ 3.3.2 Environmental performance*  53.6 45 ○ 7.1.2 Global brand value, top 5,000, % GDP 53.3 34  7.1.1 Trademarks by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP 53.3 34  7.1.2 Global brand value, top 5,000, % GDP 53.3 34  7.1.3 Industrial designs by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP n/a n/a 1.2 ICTs and organizational model creation 50.9 79 ○ 1.2 Creative goods and services  4.1 Credit 40.7 66 7.2.1 Cultural and creative services exports, % total trade 1.9 70 ○ 4.1.1 Ease of getting credit* 45.0 101 ○ 7.2.2 National feature films/mn pop. 15-69 1.9 70 ○ 4.1.2 Domestic credit to private sector, % GDP 1.9 n/a n/a 1.2 Ease of protecting minority investors* 66.0 50 7.2.4 Printing and other media, % manufacturing 0.3 97 ○ 4.2.1 Ease of protecting minority investors* 66.0 50 7.3.1 Generic top-level domains (TLDs)/th pop. 15-69 0.3 105 ○ 4.2.2 Venture capital investors, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP 0.0 84 ○ 7.3.3 Wikipedia edits/mn pop. 15-69 0.3 105 ○ 4.3.1 Applied tariff rate, weighted avg., % 4.5 80  |   | •                          |                            |         |         | <b>6</b> | Creative outputs       |                          | 18.0   | 89 ⇔     |
| 3.3.2 Environmental performance* 3.3.3 ISO 14001 environmental certificates/bn PPP\$GDP 1.2 64 7.1.3 Industrial designs by origin/bn PPP\$GDP 7.1.4 ICTs and organizational model creation¹ 50.9 79  1.2 Creatite goods and services 4.7 107  4.1 Credit 4.1 Ease of getting credit* 4.1.1 Ease of getting credit* 4.1.2 Domestic credit to private sector, % GDP 4.1.3 Microfinance gross loans, % GDP 7.2 Creative goods and services 7.2.1 Cultural and creative services exports, % total trade 7.2.2 National feature films/mn pop. 15–69 1.9 70 ◇ 1.1.3 Entertainment and media market/th pop. 15–69 1.0 36 7.2.4 Printing and other media, % manufacturing 0.3 97 ○ 4.1.3 Industrial designs by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP 7.2 Creative goods and services 4.7 107 ◇ 7.2.1 Cultural and creative services exports, % total trade 7.2.2 National feature films/mn pop. 15–69 1.9 70 ◇ 1.0 36 7.2.4 Printing and other media, % manufacturing 0.3 97 ○ 4.2.5 Creative goods exports, % total trade 0.1 88  4.2 Investment 4.2.1 Ease of protecting minority investors* 4.2.2 Market capitalization, % GDP 7.2.3 Global brand value, top 5,000, % GDP 7.1.4 ICTs and organizational model creation¹ 7.2.2 Creative goods and services 7.2.1 Cultural and creative services exports, % total trade 7.2.2 National feature films/mn pop. 15–69 1.9 70 ◇ 1.0 3 66 7.2.2 Printing and other media, % manufacturing 0.3 97 ○ 1.3 Generic top-level domains (TLDs)/th pop. 15–69 1.9 70 ◇ 1.0 88  4.1 Industrial designs by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP 1.0 3.4 Mobile app creation/bn PPP\$ GDP 1.2 Creative goods and services 1.3 Wikipedia edits/mn pop. 15–69 1.4 7.3 Wikipedia edits/mn pop. 15–69 1.9 70 ◇ 1.0 84 1.0 7.2.2 Country-code TLDs/th pop. 15–69 1.0 7.3 Wikipedia edits/mn pop. 15–69 1.0 0.8 74 1.1 Cltra and creative geods and services 1.4 7.1 07 1.2 Cultural and creative services exports, % total trade 1.3 Wikipedia edits/mn pop. 15–69 1.4 7.3 Wikipedia edits/mn pop. 15–69 1.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0  |   | •                          | •                          |         | -       |          |                        | hn PPP\$ GDP             |        | •        |
| ## Market sophistication ## 41.4 94  |   |                            |                            |         |         | 7.1.2    | Global brand value, to | p 5,000, % GDP           | 53.3   | 34       |
| ## Market sophistication ## 41.4 94  | 3.3.3 130                                     | 7 14001 environmentarce    | ertilicates/bitFFF\$GDF    | 1.2     | 04      |          |                        | •                        |        |          |
| 4.1 Credit 4.1.1 Ease of getting credit* 4.1.2 Domestic credit to private sector, % GDP 4.1.3 Microfinance gross loans, % GDP 4.2 Investment 4.2.1 Ease of protecting minority investors* 4.2.2 Market capitalization, % GDP 4.2.3 Venture capital investors, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP 4.2.4 Venture capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP 4.3 Trade, diversification, and market scale 4.3 Applied tariff rate, weighted avg., % 4.5 Base of getting credit* 4.5 101   | iii Ma  | arket sophistication       | on                         | 41.4    | 94 ♦    |          | -                      |                          |        |          |
| 4.1.1 Ease of getting credit* 4.1.2 Domestic credit to private sector, % GDP 4.1.3 Microfinance gross loans, % GDP 4.2 Investment 4.2.1 Ease of protecting minority investors* 4.2.2 Market capitalization, % GDP 4.2.3 Venture capital investors, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP 4.2.4 Venture capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP 4.2.5 Trade, diversification, and market scale 4.5 101  |   |                            |                            | 40.7    | 66      |          |                        | -                        |        |          |
| 4.1.3 Microfinance gross loans, % GDP  |   |                            | sector % GDP               |         |         | 7.2.3    | Entertainment and me   | dia market/th pop. 15-69 | 10.6   | 36 ♦     |
| 4.2.1 Ease of protecting minority investors* 4.2.2 Market capitalization, % GDP 4.2.3 Venture capital investors, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP 4.2.4 Venture capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP 4.3 Trade, diversification, and market scale 4.3.1 Applied tariff rate, weighted avg., %  66.0 50 7.3.1 Generic top-level domains (TLDs)/th pop. 15−69 7.6 44 7.3.2 Country-code TLDs/th pop. 15−69 0.3 105 7.3.4 Wikipedia edits/mn pop. 15−69 0.8 74  4.3 Trade, diversification, and market scale 4.3.1 Applied tariff rate, weighted avg., % 4.5 80   |   |                            |                            |         |         |          |                        |                          |        |          |
| 4.2.2 Market capitalization, % GDP   |   |                            | , investore*               |         |         |          | -                      |                          |        |          |
| 4.2.3 Venture capital investors, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP 4.2.4 Venture capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP 4.3 Trade, diversification, and market scale 4.3.1 Applied tariff rate, weighted avg., % 4.5 80 4.7.3.3 Wikipedia edits/mn pop. 15–69 4.8.3 72 7.3.4 Mobile app creation/bn PPP\$ GDP 0.8 74  4.9 Wikipedia edits/mn pop. 15–69 0.8 74  4.1 Trade, diversification, and market scale 4.3.1 Applied tariff rate, weighted avg., % 4.5 80   |   |                            |                            |         |         |          |                        | . ,                      |        |          |
| 4.3 Trade, diversification, and market scale 4.3.1 Applied tariff rate, weighted avg., %  57.4 104 ♦ 4.5 80  |   | •                          |                            |         |         | 7.3.3    | Wikipedia edits/mn po  | p. 15–69                 | 46.3   | 72 ♦     |
|  |   |                            |                            |         |         | 1.3.4    | woolle app creation/b  | II FFF GDF               | 0.8    | /4       |
|  |   |                            |                            |         |         |          |                        |                          |        |          |

Population (mn) GDP, PPP\$ (bn) GDP per capita, PPP\$

NOTES: • indicates a strength;  $\bigcirc$  a weakness; • an income group strength;  $\bigcirc$  an income group weakness; \* an index; † a survey question. ② indicates that the economy's data are older than the base year; see appendices for details, including the year of the data, at http://globalinnovationindex.org. Square brackets [] indicate that the data minimum coverage (DMC) requirements were not met at the sub-pillar or pillar level.

203.8 64

## **Kyrgyzstan**

| Output i           | rank                     | Input rank                                   | Income                                | Region              | Pop                      | oulatio    | on (mn)          | GDP, PPP\$ (bn)  | GDP per capita, PPP\$                            | GII 20             | 020 ran           |
|--------------------|--------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|------------|------------------|--|--|--------------------|-------------------|
| 119                | )                        | 81   | Lower middle                          | CSA                 |                          | 6.         | 5                | 31.4   | 4,824  |                    | 94                |
|                    |                          |  |                                       | Score/<br>Value     | Rank                     |            |                  |  |  | Score/<br>Value    | Rank              |
| î În:              | stitut                   | ions   |                                       | 55.7                | 95                       |            | <b>2</b> E       | Business sophist                                       | tication   |                    | 107               |
| l.1 Po             | olitical                 | environment                                  | t                                     | 40.3                | 117                      |            | 5.1 F            | Cnowledge workers                                      |  | 22.4               | 94                |
| .1.1 Po            | olitical a               | nd operation                                 | al stability*                         | 50.0                | 123                      | ) <        | 5.1.1 k          | Knowledge-intensive e                                  |  | Ø 18.8             | 82                |
|                    |                          | ent effectiven                               |                                       | 35.5                | 111                      |            |                  | Firms offering formal to<br>GERD performed by b        |  | 41.4<br>② 0.0      | 26 <b>●</b><br>80 |
|                    | -                        | ory environm<br>ry quality*                  | ent                                   | <b>55.2</b> 34.4    | <b>93</b><br>95          |            |                  | GERD financed by bus                                   | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,            | 6.9                | 81                |
| .2.2 Ru            |                          |  |                                       | 23.4                | 116                      |            |                  |  | advanced degrees, %                              | ② 10.8             | 66                |
|                    |                          | dundancy di                                  |                                       | 17.3                | 69                       |            |                  | nnovation linkages                                     | D collaboration <sup>†</sup>                     | <b>11.7</b> 28.3   | <b>125</b> ()     |
|                    |                          | environme                                    |                                       | 71.5                | <b>66</b><br>40 <b>●</b> |            |                  | Jniversity-industry R&<br>State of cluster develo      |  | 35.5               |                   |
|                    |                          | tarting a busi<br>esolving insol             |                                       | 93.0<br>50.0        | 70                       |            | 5.2.3            | GERD financed by abr                                   | oad, % GDP                                       | 0.0                | 84                |
|                    |                          | <b>J</b>                                     | ,                                     |                     |                          |            |                  |  | alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP                      | 0.0                |                   |
| 🙎 Hı               | uman                     | capital ar                                   | nd research                           | 30.6                | 70                       | •          |                  | Patent families/bn PPF                                 |  | 0.0                | 100 🔾             |
|                    |                          |  |                                       |                     |                          |            |                  | <b>(nowledge absorption</b><br>ntellectual property pa | on<br>ayments, % total trade                     | <b>19.7</b><br>0.1 | <b>95</b><br>101  |
|                    | <b>lucatio</b><br>pendit | i <b>n</b><br>ure on educat                  | ion, % GDP                            | <b>62.7</b> 6.0     | [1/]<br>16 •             | •          | 5.3.2 H          | High-tech imports, %                                   | total trade                                      | 9.2                | 42 ●              |
|                    | •                        |  | upil, secondary, % GDP/c              |                     | n/a                      |            |                  | CT services imports, (                                 |  | 0.5                |                   |
|                    |                          | e expectancy                                 | •                                     | 13.0                | 82                       |            |                  | FDI net inflows, % GDI<br>Research talent, % in I      |  | 1.7<br>n/a         | 86<br>n/a         |
|                    |                          | cher ratio, sec                              | , maths and science<br>condarv        | n/a<br>11.7         | n/a<br>46 €              | •          |                  | ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,                |  |                    |                   |
|                    | -                        | education                                    | ,                                     | 28.5                | 78                       | •          | -44              | Knowledge and  | technology outputs                               | 12.1               | 102               |
|                    | •                        | nrolment, %                                  | gross                                 | 42.3                | 70                       | •          | _                | •  |  | 44.0               | 70                |
|                    |                          |  | and engineering, %                    | 19.7                | 73                       |            |                  | Cnowledge creation<br>Patents by origin/bn P           | PP\$ GDP   | <b>11.0</b><br>2.8 | <b>76</b><br>27 ● |
|                    | -                        | bound mobil                                  | •                                     | 9.0                 | 27 (                     | •          |                  | PCT patents by origin/                                 |  | 0.1                | 61                |
|                    |                          | n and develo<br>ers, FTE/mn                  | pment (R&D)                           | <b>0.6</b><br>n/a   | <b>111</b><br>n/a        |            |                  | Utility models by origin                               |  | 0.5                | 36                |
|                    |                          | penditure on l                               | •                                     | Ø 0.1               | 106                      |            |                  | Scientific and technica<br>Citable documents H-i       | al articles/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>index                | 7.4<br>3.4         | 99<br>120         |
|                    |                          |  | investors, top 3, mn USS              |                     | 41 (                     |            |                  | Cnowledge impact                                       | iii dox  | 16.0               | 115               |
| .3.4 QS            | s unive                  | sity ranking,                                | top 3°                                | 0.0                 | 74 (                     | ) <b>\</b> |                  | abor productivity gro                                  | wth, %   | 0.5                | 59                |
| ధ <sup>‡</sup> Ini | fracti                   | ucture                                       |                                       | 35.3                | 87                       |            |                  | New businesses/th po                                   | •  | ② 1.3              | 77                |
| <b>ひ</b> . III     | IIasu                    | ucture                                       |                                       | 33.3                | 01                       |            |                  | Software spending, %<br>SO 9001 quality certif         |  | 0.1<br>0.5         | 91<br>122 (       |
|                    |                          |  | unication technologies (              |                     | 82                       | •          |                  | High-tech manufacturi                                  |  | 2.4                | 109 0             |
| .1.1 ICT           | T acce:<br>T use*        | SS <sup>*</sup>                              |                                       | 56.8<br>48.4        | 82<br>83                 |            | 6.3 k            | Knowledge diffusion                                    |  | 9.2                | 97                |
|                    |                          | ent's online s                               | ervice*                               | 64.7                | 79                       |            |                  | ntellectual property re                                |  | 0.0                |                   |
| .1.4 E-p           | particip                 | ation*                                       |                                       | 71.4                | 66                       |            |                  | Production and export<br>High-tech exports, %          |  | 44.7<br>0.7        | 59<br>84          |
|                    |                          | nfrastructu                                  |                                       | 29.3                | 63                       |            |                  | CT services exports,                                   |  |                    | 114               |
|                    |                          | output, GWb<br>performance                   |                                       | 2,458.0<br>23.2     | 76<br>102                | •          |                  |  |  |                    |                   |
|                    |                          | oital formation                              |                                       | 31.7                | 21                       | •          | <b>&amp;</b> , ( | Creative outputs                                       |  | 10.2               | 120               |
| .3 Ec              | ologic                   | al sustainab                                 | ility                                 |                     | 119                      |            | 7.1 I            | ntangible assets                                       |  | 13.1               | 123 🔾             |
|                    |                          | of energy use                                |                                       | 5.1                 | 114                      | $\Diamond$ |                  | Frademarks by origin/b                                 | on PPP\$ GDP                                     |                    | 103               |
|                    |                          | ental perform                                | iance"<br>al certificates/bn PPP\$ Gi | 39.8<br>DP 0.1      | 89<br>122 (              | _          |                  | Global brand value, to                                 |  | 0.0                |                   |
| .0.0 100           | 0 1 100                  | OTTVII OTTITIONE                             |                                       | 0.1                 | 122                      |            |                  | ndustrial designs by o<br>CTs and organizations        | =  | ② 0.4<br>34.8      | 95<br>121 ⊜       |
| iii M              | arket                    | sophistic                                    | ation                                 | 49.2                | 52                       |            |                  | Creative goods and s                                   |  | 5.5                |                   |
|                    |                          |  |                                       |                     |                          |            |                  | -  | rvices exports, % total trade                    | 0.6                | 43                |
|                    | <b>edit</b><br>ise of a  | etting credit*                               |                                       | <b>52.7</b><br>85.0 | <b>23</b> (              |            |                  | National feature films/r                               |  | 0.2                |                   |
|                    | _                        | -  | ate sector, % GDP                     | 25.8                | 103                      | - •        |                  | entertainment and me<br>Printing and other med         | dia market/th pop. 15–69<br>dia. % manufacturing | n/a<br>0.5         | n/a<br>85         |
| .1.3 Mi            | crofina                  | nce gross loa                                | ns, % GDP                             | 4.3                 | 9 🗨                      | •          |                  | Creative goods export                                  |  | 0.1                | 98                |
|                    | vestme                   |  |                                       | 40.0                | [35]                     |            | 7.3              | Online creativity                                      |  | 9.3                | 97                |
|                    |                          | rotecting min<br>apitalization, <sup>s</sup> | ority investors*<br>% GDP             | 40.0<br>n/a         | 110<br>n/a               |            |                  |  | ains (TLDs)/th pop. 15–69                        | 0.2                |                   |
|                    |                          |  | rs, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP                |                     | n/a                      |            |                  | Country-code TLDs/th<br>Vikipedia edits/mn po          |  | 0.8<br>38.1        | 93<br>88          |
|                    |                          |  | nts, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP               |                     | n/a                      |            |                  | Mobile app creation/b                                  | •  | 0.0                |                   |
|                    |                          | voroification                                |                                       | 55.0                | 108                      |            |                  |  |  |                    |                   |
|                    |                          |  | , and market scale                    |                     |                          |            |                  |  |  |                    |                   |
| 1.3.1 Ap           | plied t                  | ariff rate, weig<br>industry dive            | hted avg., %                          | 3.1<br>62.9         | 62                       | •          |                  |  |  |                    |                   |

# Lao People's Democratic Republic GII 2021 rank

Population (mn) GDP, PPP\$ (bn)

Region

GII 2020 rank

GDP per capita, PPP\$

| 112  | 123   | Lower middle  | SEAO  | 7  | '.3   | 59.7  | 8,221   |  | 113  |
|--|---|---|---|--|---|---|---|--|--|
|  |   |   | Score/<br>Value                             | Rank   |   |   |   | Score/<br>Value  | Rank                                       |
| <u>îi</u> Insti  | tutions   |   | 37.9  | 130 ◊  | <b>2</b>  | Business sophistica   | ation   | 24.3   | [70]                                       |
| .1 Politic<br>.2 Gover<br>2 Regu<br>.1 Regul<br>.2 Rule c<br>.3 Cost c<br>3 Busin<br>.1 Ease c     | of redundancy di<br>ness environme<br>of starting a bus                                     | al stability* ness* nent smissal nt ness*   | <b>31.3</b> 62.7                            | 123<br>132 ○ ♦<br>130 ♦                            | 5.1.3<br>5.1.4<br>5.1.5<br><b>5.2</b><br>5.2.1<br>5.2.2 | Knowledge workers Knowledge-intensive emp Firms offering formal traini GERD performed by busine GERD financed by busines Females employed w/adva Innovation linkages University-industry R&D c State of cluster developme GERD financed by abroad | ing, %  dess, % GDP  ss, %  anced degrees, %  collaboration <sup>†</sup> ent and depth <sup>†</sup> | 25.8<br>2 21.3<br>2 24.4<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>5.4<br>29.0<br>44.9<br>50.1<br>n/a | 63<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>94<br>[37]<br>54<br>46 |
|  | of resolving inso   |   | 0.0   | 129 🔾 🗘  | 5.2.4   | Joint venture/strategic allian<br>Patent families/bn PPP\$ G  | nce deals/bn PPP\$ GDP  | n/a<br>0.0   | n/a  |
| Educa<br>.1 Exper<br>.2 Gover<br>.3 School   | nditure on educa<br>nment funding/p<br>ol life expectanc                                    | tion, % GDP<br>upil, secondary, % GDP/ca<br>, years<br>, maths and science  | 29.2 ② 2.9 □ 12.5 □ 10.5 □ n/a □ 17.3       | 113<br>116<br>98<br>83<br>105<br>n/a<br>84         | 5.3.2<br>5.3.3<br>5.3.4                                 | Knowledge absorption<br>Intellectual property paym<br>High-tech imports, % tota<br>ICT services imports, % to<br>FDI net inflows, % GDP<br>Research talent, % in busi   | l trade<br>tal trade  | 18.1<br>n/a<br>3.4<br>0.2<br>7.3<br>n/a                                      | 122<br>125<br>14                           |
| 2 Tertia   | ry education  | ,   | 19.8  | 95   | 90.00   | Knowledge and ted   | chnology outputs  | 6.8  | 127  |
| 2.2 Gradu<br>2.3 Tertial<br>3 Resea<br>3.1 Resea<br>3.2 Gross                                      | ry inbound mobi<br>arch and develourchers, FTE/mn<br>sexpenditure on                        | and engineering, %<br>lity, %<br>ppment (R&D)<br>pop.   |   | 103<br>53 ●<br>99<br>[123]<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>41 ○ ♦ | 6.1.3<br>6.1.4  | Knowledge creation Patents by origin/bn PPP\$ PCT patents by origin/bn I Utility models by origin/bn Scientific and technical ar Citable documents H-inde   | PPP\$ GDP<br>PPP\$ GDP<br>ticles/bn PPP\$ GDP   | 2.3<br>0.0<br>0.0<br>0.0<br>0.0<br>4.3<br>4.0                                | 98<br>68<br>117                            |
| .4 QS ur  Infra  | niversity ranking,  structure  nation and comn  | • • •   | •   | 74 ○ ♦<br>123     ♦<br>128     ♦                   | 6.2.2<br>6.2.3<br>6.2.4                                 | Knowledge impact<br>Labor productivity growth<br>New businesses/th pop. 1<br>Software spending, % GD<br>ISO 9001 quality certificat<br>High-tech manufacturing,   | 5–64<br>IP<br>es/bn PPP\$ GDP   |  | n/a<br>113                                 |
| .4 E-par<br>Gene   | se* rnment's online s ticipation* ral infrastructu  | re  | 35.6<br>25.3<br>19.4<br>21.4<br><b>24.0</b> | 131 ○ ♢<br>130 ○ ♢<br>88                           | 6.3.2<br>6.3.3  | Knowledge diffusion<br>Intellectual property receip<br>Production and export cou<br>High-tech exports, % tota<br>ICT services exports, % to   | mplexity<br>I trade   | 15.6<br>n/a<br>29.4<br>5.1<br>0.4  | n/a<br>95<br>35                            |
| 2.2 Logist   | icity output, GW<br>tics performance<br>capital formatio                                    | *   | 4,872.4<br>30.4<br>n/a                      | 47 ● ◆<br>81<br>n/a                                | <b>8</b> .  | Creative outputs  |   | 17.6   | 90   |
| B.1 GDP/0<br>B.2 Enviro  | ogical sustainal<br>unit of energy us<br>onmental perforn                                   | <b>pility</b>   | <b>18.8</b><br>8.7<br>34.8                  | <b>110</b><br>85                                   | <b>7.1</b> 7.1.1 7.1.2 7.1.3 7.1.4                      | Intangible assets<br>Trademarks by origin/bn F<br>Global brand value, top 5,<br>Industrial designs by origin  | 000, % GDP<br>n/bn PPP\$ GDP  | 19.4<br>2 4.5<br>11.7<br>n/a<br>52.5   | 58<br>n/a                                  |
| Credi<br>.1 Ease of .2 Dome  | of getting credit*  | vate sector, % GDP  | 39.5<br>29.3<br>60.0<br>② 20.9<br>0.7       |  | 7.2.3<br>7.2.4  | National feature films/mn p<br>Entertainment and media<br>Printing and other media,   | es exports, % total trade<br>pop. 15–69<br>market/th pop. 15–69<br>% manufacturing                  | n/a<br>1.3<br>n/a<br>② 0.1   | 78<br>n/a<br>102                           |
| 2 Inves:<br>2.1 Ease 0<br>2.2 Marke<br>2.3 Ventu<br>2.4 Ventu<br>3 Trade<br>3.1 Applie<br>3.2 Dome | tment<br>of protecting mire<br>t capitalization,<br>re capital investore<br>capital recipie | nority investors* % GDP ors, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP orts, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP orts, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP orts, and market scale ghted avg., % ersification | 20.0  |  | <b>7.3</b> 7.3.1 7.3.2 7.3.3                            | Creative goods exports, % Online creativity Generic top-level domains Country-code TLDs/th po Wikipedia edits/mn pop. 1 Mobile app creation/bn PR   | s (TLDs)/th pop. 15–69<br>p. 15–69<br>5–69  | 3.1<br><b>13.0</b><br>1.9<br>2.5<br>36.4<br>n/a                              | 77<br>64<br>91                             |

NOTES: • indicates a strength;  $\bigcirc$  a weakness; • an income group strength;  $\bigcirc$  an income group weakness; \* an index; † a survey question. ② indicates that the economy's data are older than the base year; see appendices for details, including the year of the data, at http://globalinnovationindex.org. Square brackets [] indicate that the data minimum coverage (DMC) requirements were not met at the sub-pillar or pillar level.

Output rank Input rank

Income

Latvia GII 2021 rank

38

| Output rank | Input rank | Income | Region | Population (mn) | GDP, PPP\$ (bn) | GDP per capita, PPP\$ | GII 2020 rank |
|-------------|------------|--------|--------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------------|---------------|
| 39          | 38         | High   | EUR    | 1.9             | 58.6            | 30,579                | 36            |

|                                |   | Score/<br>Value                                  | Rank                                       |                              |  | Score/<br>Value                             | Rank                              |
|--------------------------------|---|--|--|------------------------------|--|---|-----------------------------------|
| 血                              | Institutions  | 78.9   | 29   | 2                            | Business sophistication  | 34.1  | 40                                |
| 1.1<br>1.1.1<br>1.1.2<br>1.2   | Political environment Political and operational stability* Government effectiveness* Regulatory environment   | <b>77.5</b><br>82.1<br>75.2<br><b>82.1</b>       | <b>26</b> 24 27 <b>25</b>                  |                              | Knowledge workers Knowledge-intensive employment, % Firms offering formal training, % GERD performed by business, % GDP  | <b>44.7</b><br>41.8<br>52.9<br>0.2          | 34<br>25<br>15<br>56 ○            |
|                                |   | 74.7<br>73.4<br>13.0<br><b>77.0</b>              | 26<br>30<br>40<br><b>42</b>                | 5.1.5<br><b>5.2</b>          | GERD financed by business, % Females employed w/advanced degrees, % Innovation linkages University-industry R&D collaboration <sup>†</sup>   | 22.3<br>25.2<br><b>27.4</b><br>50.0         | 64                                |
| 1.3.1                          | Ease of starting a business* Ease of resolving insolvency*  | 94.1<br>59.8                                     | 24<br>50                                   | 5.2.3<br>5.2.4               | State of cluster development and depth <sup>†</sup> GERD financed by abroad, % GDP Joint venture/strategic alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP Patent families/bn PPP\$ GDP                    | 48.3<br>0.3<br>0.0<br>0.2                   | 56<br>10 ●<br>54<br>48            |
| 2                              | Human capital and research  | 37.7   | 46   | 5.3                          | Knowledge absorption   | 30.1  | 58                                |
| 2.1.3<br>2.1.4                 | Education Expenditure on education, % GDP Government funding/pupil, secondary, % GDP/cap School life expectancy, years PISA scales in reading, maths and science Pupil-teacher ratio, secondary | 57.6<br>4.4<br>23.6<br>16.2<br>487.4<br>8.4      | <b>39</b> 60 22 31 28 14 ● ◆               | 5.3.2<br>5.3.3<br>5.3.4      | Intellectual property payments, % total trade<br>High-tech imports, % total trade<br>ICT services imports, % total trade<br>FDI net inflows, % GDP<br>Research talent, % in businesses | 0.3<br>12.7<br>2.1<br>2.7<br>20.9           | 86 ○<br>18 ●<br>31<br>65<br>53    |
| 2.2                            | Tertiary education  | 43.5   | 28   | مهمو                         | Knowledge and technology outputs   | 27.8  | 45                                |
| 2.2.2<br>2.2.3<br><b>2.3</b>   | Tertiary enrolment, % gross Graduates in science and engineering, % Tertiary inbound mobility, % Research and development (R&D)   | 93.0<br>20.2<br>9.3<br><b>12.0</b>               | 5 ● ◆<br>72 ○<br>26<br><b>53</b> ◊         | 6.1.2                        | Knowledge creation Patents by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP PCT patents by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP Utility models by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP   | <b>16.4</b><br>1.7<br>0.5<br>n/a            | <b>64</b><br>42<br>34<br>n/a      |
| 2.3.2<br>2.3.3                 | Researchers, FTE/mn pop.<br>Gross expenditure on R&D, % GDP<br>Global corporate R&D investors, top 3, mn US\$<br>QS university ranking, top 3*  | 1,891.7<br>0.6<br>0.0<br>12.8                    | 41<br>54<br>41 $\bigcirc$ $\Diamond$<br>60 | 6.1.4<br>6.1.5<br><b>6.2</b> | Scientific and technical articles/bn PPP\$ GDP   | 20.1<br>9.5<br><b>33.7</b><br>1.1           | 45<br>80<br><b>46</b><br>42 ◆     |
| ₽ <sup>‡</sup>                 | Infrastructure  | 45.1   | <b>55</b> ♦                                |                              | New businesses/th pop. 15–64<br>Software spending, % GDP   | 8.0<br>0.1                                  | 20<br>84 ○ ◊                      |
| 3.1.3                          | Information and communication technologies (ICTs) ICT access* ICT use* Government's online service*   | 72.5<br>76.9<br>58.2                             | <b>68</b>                                  | 6.2.5<br><b>6.3</b><br>6.3.1 | ISO 9001 quality certificates/bn PPP\$ GDP High-tech manufacturing, %  Knowledge diffusion Intellectual property receipts, % total trade Production and export complexity              | 14.5<br>20.6<br><b>33.4</b><br>0.1<br>60.2  | 20<br>61<br><b>29</b><br>68<br>34 |
| <b>3.2</b><br>3.2.1<br>3.2.2   | E-participation*  General infrastructure  Electricity output, GWh/mn pop.  Logistics performance*   | 58.3<br><b>25.8</b><br>3,370.7<br>35.4           | 89 0 \$\frac{1}{2}\$                       | 6.3.3<br>6.3.4               | High-tech exports, % total trade ICT services exports, % total trade Creative outputs  | 7.2<br>4.6                                  | 24<br>17 •                        |
| 3.3<br>3.3.1<br>3.3.2<br>3.3.3 | Gross capital formation, % GDP  Ecological sustainability GDP/unit of energy use Environmental performance* ISO 14001 environmental certificates/bn PPP\$ GDP                                   | 23.0<br><b>42.9</b><br>12.4<br>61.6<br>5.5       | 58<br><b>29</b><br>45<br>36<br>19 ●        | <b>7.1</b> 7.1.1 7.1.2 7.1.3 | Intangible assets<br>Trademarks by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP   | 29.9<br>42.9<br>0.0<br>3.0<br>62.7          | <b>70</b> 55 80 ○ ♦ 37            |
| iii                            | Market sophistication   | 50.1   | 45   | <b>7.2</b>                   | Creative goods and services Cultural and creative services exports, % total trade  | 42.7  | 9 • ♦                             |
| 4.1.3                          | Domestic credit to private sector, % GDP Microfinance gross loans, % GDP  | 48.8<br>85.0<br>34.6<br>n/a                      | <b>36</b><br>14 ◆<br>89 ○ ◇<br>n/a         | 7.2.2<br>7.2.3<br>7.2.4      | National feature films/mn pop. 15–69 Entertainment and media market/th pop. 15–69 Printing and other media, % manufacturing Creative goods exports, % total trade                      | 1.7<br>15.4<br>n/a<br>2.5<br>2.9            | 16 ●<br>8 ●<br>n/a<br>7 ● ◆<br>22 |
| 4.2.3<br>4.2.4<br><b>4.3</b>   | Market capitalization, % GDP Venture capital investors, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP Venture capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP Trade, diversification, and market scale                              | 32.5<br>68.0<br>n/a<br>0.1<br>0.0<br><b>69.0</b> | 58<br>44<br>n/a<br>32<br>43<br>66          | 7.3.2<br>7.3.3               | Online creativity Generic top-level domains (TLDs)/th pop. 15–69 Country-code TLDs/th pop. 15–69 Wikipedia edits/mn pop. 15–69 Mobile app creation/bn PPP\$ GDP                        | <b>32.8</b><br>10.0<br>29.4<br>74.0<br>14.4 | 32<br>41<br>23<br>25<br>38        |
| 4.3.2                          | Applied tariff rate, weighted avg., % Domestic industry diversification Domestic market scale, bn PPP\$   | 1.8<br>87.8<br>58.6                              | 25<br>61<br>97 ⊝ ◊                         |                              |  |   |                                   |

NOTES: • indicates a strength;  $\bigcirc$  a weakness; • an income group strength;  $\bigcirc$  an income group weakness; \* an index; † a survey question. ② indicates that the economy's data are older than the base year; see appendices for details, including the year of the data, at http://globalinnovationindex.org. Square brackets [] indicate that the data minimum coverage (DMC) requirements were not met at the sub-pillar or pillar level.

### Lebanon

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| Output rank                                       | Input rank                                 | Income                                 | Region              | Popula              | tion (mn)     | GDP, PPP\$ (bn)                                      | GDP per capita, PPP\$                          | GII 20              | J20 ra            |
|---|--|--|---------------------|---------------------|---------------|--|--|---------------------|-------------------|
| 97  | 94   | Upper middle                           | NAWA                | 6                   | 8.8           | 78.9   | 11,562   | ,                   | 87                |
|   |  |  | Score/              |                     |               |  |  | Score/              |                   |
| nstitu  | tions                                      |  | Value <b>50.1</b>   |                     | <b>2</b>      | Business sophist                                     | ication  | Value <b>25.4</b>   |                   |
| <u> </u>  |  |  |                     |                     |               |  | ication  |                     |                   |
|   | I environment<br>and operations            |  | <b>33.3</b><br>35.7 | 131 0 \$            |               | <b>Knowledge workers</b><br>Knowledge-intensive e    | employment, %                                  | <b>34.0</b><br>27.6 |                   |
|   | nent effectiven                            |  | 32.1                | 121 ○ ◊             |               | Firms offering formal to                             | •  | 20.8                |                   |
| -   | t <b>ory environm</b><br>ory quality*      | ent                                    | <b>63.5</b> 32.4    | <b>72</b><br>99     |               | GERD performed by b<br>GERD financed by bus          |  | n/a<br>n/a          |                   |
| 2.2 Rule of la                                    | aw*  |  | 24.1                | 115 💠               |               | Females employed w/a                                 | advanced degrees, %                            | 14.6                |                   |
|   | redundancy dis                             |  | 8.7                 | 18 ●                |               | <b>Innovation linkages</b><br>University-industry R& | D collaboration†                               | <b>21.3</b><br>42.6 |                   |
|   | ss environmen<br>starting a busir          |  | <b>53.6</b> 78.2    | <b>121</b> ○ ♦ 113  |               | State of cluster develo                              |  | 47.5                |                   |
|   | resolving insolv                           |  | 29.1                | 121 ○ ◊             |               | GERD financed by abr                                 | oad, % GDP<br>alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP      | n/a<br>0.0          |                   |
| <u> </u>  |  |  |                     |                     |               | Patent families/bn PPF                               |  | 0.0                 |                   |
| Huma  | n capital an                               | d research                             | 24.9                | 87                  | 5.3 I         | Knowledge absorption                                 | on   | 21.0                | 87                |
| Educati   |  |  | 24.8                |                     |               | Intellectual property pa<br>High-tech imports, % t   | ayments, % total trade<br>total trade          | 0.1                 |                   |
|   | ture on educati                            | on, % GDP<br>pil, secondary, % GDP/c   | ② 2.4<br>ap ② 6.4   | 107 ○ ♦             |               | CT services imports, %                               |  | 4.0<br>2.5          |                   |
| .3 School li                                      | ife expectancy,                            | years                                  | n/a                 | n/a                 |               | FDI net inflows, % GDI                               |  | 4.6                 |                   |
|   | ales in reading,<br>acher ratio, sec       | maths and science                      | 376.8<br>② 7.7      | 73 ⊜<br>5 ● ◆       | 5.3.5 1       | Research talent, % in I                              | ousinesses                                     | n/a                 | n/a               |
| •   | education                                  | ondary                                 | 35.7                | 5 <b>6</b>          | مهمر          | Knowledge and  | technology outputs                             | 14.1                | [91]              |
| 1.1 Tertiary                                      | enrolment, % g                             |  | n/a                 | n/a                 | _             | Ť  | 3, 11,   |                     |                   |
|   | es in science a<br>inbound mobili          | nd engineering, %                      | ② 23.4<br>9.6       | 50<br>25 ● ◆        |               | <b>Knowledge creation</b><br>Patents by origin/bn Pl | PP\$ GDP                                       |                     | <b>[49]</b><br>62 |
|   | ch and develo                              |  | 14.3                |                     |               | PCT patents by origin/                               |  | n/a                 |                   |
| 3.1 Researc                                       | hers, FTE/mn p                             | оор.                                   | n/a                 | n/a                 |               | Utility models by origin<br>Scientific and technica  | l/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>Il articles/bn PPP\$ GDP     | n/a<br>28.4         |                   |
|   | xpenditure on F<br>corporate B&D i         | R&D, % GDP<br>nvestors, top 3, mn US\$ | n/a<br>0.0          | n/a<br>41 ⊝ ♦       |               | Citable documents H-i                                |  | 12.8                | 60                |
|   | ersity ranking, t                          |  | 28.6                | 42                  |               | Knowledge impact                                     | 0/   |                     | [125]             |
| <b>.</b>  |  |  |                     |                     |               | Labor productivity gro<br>New businesses/th po       |  | –10.0<br>n/a        |                   |
| 🌣 Infrasi   | tructure                                   |  | 30.4                | 100 ♦               |               | Software spending, %                                 |  | 0.0                 |                   |
|   |  | unication technologies (l              | •                   | 99 ♦                |               | ISO 9001 quality certif<br>High-tech manufacturi     |  | 5.7<br>n/a          | 47<br>n/a         |
| <ul><li>.1 ICT acce</li><li>.2 ICT use*</li></ul> |  |  | 62.8<br>43.7        | 72<br>94 ◇          | 6.3 I         | Knowledge diffusion                                  |  | 15.2                | 70                |
|   | nent's online se                           | ervice*                                | 41.8                | 116 ♦               |               | Intellectual property re                             | •  | 0.1                 | 66<br>45          |
| .4 E-partici                                      | -  |  | 33.3                | 120 ○ ♦             |               | Production and export<br>High-tech exports, % t      |  | 52.1<br>0.2         |                   |
|   | l infrastructur<br>ty output, GWh          |  | <b>21.2</b> 3,100.6 | <b>103</b><br>64    | 6.3.4 I       | CT services exports, 9                               | % total trade                                  | 2.1                 | 52                |
|   | s performance                              |  | 31.1                | 78                  | 01            | O 1:   |  | 47.0                | - 00              |
|   | apital formatior                           |  | n/a                 |                     | <b>69</b> , ( | Creative outputs                                     |  | 17.2                | 92                |
|   | <b>cal sustainab</b> i<br>it of energy use |  | <b>24.6</b><br>9.9  | <b>82</b><br>69     |               | Intangible assets                                    | an DDD¢ CDD                                    |                     | 108               |
| 3.2 Environr                                      | nental perform                             | ance*                                  | 45.4                | 70                  |               | Trademarks by origin/b<br>Global brand value, top    |  | 12.7<br>14.6        |                   |
| 3.3 ISO 1400                                      | 01 environmenta                            | al certificates/bn PPP\$ GI            | DP 0.6              | 80                  |               | Industrial designs by o                              | •  | n/a                 |                   |
| ₩ Marke   | t sophistica                               | ation                                  | 42.0                | 90                  | 7.2           | CTs and organizationa Creative goods and s           | services                                       | 42.4<br><b>13.7</b> | 69                |
| Credit  |  |  | 34.1                | 91                  |               | Cultural and creative se<br>National feature films/r | rvices exports, % total trade<br>nn pop. 15–69 | 1.6<br>3.3          |                   |
|   | getting credit*                            | -tt-                                   | 40.0                | 113 ♦               |               |  | dia market/th pop. 15-69                       | 0.9                 |                   |
|   | ic credit to priva<br>ance gross loa       | ate sector, % GDP<br>ns, % GDP         | ② 106.3<br>0.2      | 23 ● <b>◆</b><br>54 |               | Printing and other med<br>Creative goods export      |  | n/a<br>0.6          |                   |
| 2 Investm   | Ü  |  | 26.2                | 77                  |               | Online creativity                                    | o, ,, total flade                              | 17.6                |                   |
|   | protecting mind                            | •                                      | 44.0                | 98 <b>♦</b>         | 7.3.1         | Generic top-level dom                                | ains (TLDs)/th pop. 15-69                      | 5.9                 | 51                |
|   | capitalization, %<br>capital investo       | % GDP<br>rs, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP        | 18.0<br>0.1         | 61<br>22 ● ♦        |               | Country-code TLDs/th<br>Wikipedia edits/mn po        |  | 0.3<br>44.4         |                   |
|   | •  | its, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP                |                     | 25 ♦                |               | Mobile app creation/bi                               | •  | 20.5                |                   |
|   |  | , and market scale                     | 65.7                | <b>74</b>           |               |  |  |                     |                   |
|   | tariff rate, weig<br>ic industry dive      | •                                      | 3.3<br>② 80.7       | 64<br>75            |               |  |  |                     |                   |
|   | ic market scale                            |  | 78.9                |                     |               |  |  |                     |                   |

NOTES: • indicates a strength;  $\bigcirc$  a weakness; • an income group strength;  $\bigcirc$  an income group weakness; \* an index; † a survey question.  $\odot$  indicates that the economy's data are older than the base year; see appendices for details, including the year of the data, at http://globalinnovationindex.org. Square brackets [] indicate that the data minimum coverage (DMC) requirements were not met at the sub-pillar or pillar level.

### Lithuania

| Output rank                  | Input rank                                | Income R                           | egion            | Popul            | ation (mn | GDP, PPP\$ (bn)                                      | GDP per capita, PPP\$                     | GII 20              | 20 rar          |
|------------------------------|---|------------------------------------|------------------|------------------|-----------|--|---|---------------------|-----------------|
| 43                           | 35  | High                               | EUR              |                  | 2.7       | 106.9  | 38,605                                    | 4                   | 40              |
|                              |   |                                    | Score/<br>Value  | Rank             |           |  |   | Score/<br>Value     | Rank            |
| nstitu                       | itions                                    |                                    | 76.4             | 33               | <b>2</b>  | Business sophist                                     | tication                                  | 31.5                | 45              |
| .1 Politica                  | l environment                             |                                    | 77.2             | 27               |           | Knowledge workers                                    |   | 44.2                | 37              |
|                              | and operational s                         | stability*                         | 83.9             | 13 •             |           | Knowledge-intensive                                  | employment, %                             | 42.6                | 23              |
| 1.2 Governr                  | nent effectivenes                         | s*                                 | 73.8             | 30               |           | Firms offering formal to                             | •   | 27.5                | 56              |
|                              | tory environmen                           | t                                  | 81.9             | 27               |           | GERD performed by b                                  |   | 0.4<br>38.0         | 41<br>48        |
|                              | ory quality*                              |                                    | 73.8             | 27               |           | GERD financed by bus<br>Females employed w/a         |   | 28.9                | 3 (             |
| 2.2 Rule of I<br>2.3 Cost of | aw<br>redundancy dismi                    | issal                              | 73.7<br>13.0     | 29<br>40         | 5.2       | Innovation linkages                                  | ,   | 26.3                | 43              |
|                              | ss environment                            |                                    | 70.0             | 71               |           | University-industry R&                               | D collaboration†                          | 55.4                | 28              |
|                              | starting a busines                        | SS*                                | 93.3             | 32               |           | State of cluster develo                              |   | 42.2                | 94              |
| 3.2 Ease of                  | resolving insolver                        | ncy*                               | 46.7             | 81 ♦             |           | GERD financed by abr                                 | oad, % GDP<br>alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP | 0.2<br>0.0          | 14 (<br>52      |
|                              |   |                                    |                  |                  |           | Patent families/bn PPF                               |   | 0.0                 | 40              |
| 🙎 Huma                       | n capital and                             | research                           | 38.7             | 43               |           | Knowledge absorpti                                   |   | 24.1                | 71              |
| 1 Educati                    | ion                                       |                                    | 52.4             | 58               |           | • .  | ayments, % total trade                    | 0.2                 | 95              |
|                              | iture on education                        | n, % GDP                           | 3.8              | 75 O             | 5.3.2     | High-tech imports, %                                 | total trade                               | 6.6                 | 84              |
| .2 Governn                   | nent funding/pupil                        | l, secondary, % GDP/cap            | 16.9             | 65 🔾             |           | ICT services imports,                                |   | 1.0                 | 76              |
|                              | ife expectancy, ye                        |                                    | 16.6             | 23               |           | FDI net inflows, % GD<br>Research talent, % in       |   | 2.7<br>32.7         | 62<br>40        |
|                              | ales in reading, m<br>acher ratio, secon  |                                    | 479.7<br>7.8     | 32<br>6 ● ◆      |           | riocoaron taloni, 70 mm                              | 5401100000                                | OL.,                |                 |
|                              | education                                 | idai y                             | 43.4             | 29               |           | Knowledge and  | technology outputs                        | 25.8                | 49              |
| -                            | enrolment, % gro                          | oss .                              | 73.7             | 2 <b>9</b><br>25 | _         |  | teermology outputs                        | 0.0                 |                 |
|                              | es in science and                         |                                    | 26.8             | 29               |           | Knowledge creation                                   |   | 19.4                | 54              |
| 2.3 Tertiary                 | inbound mobility,                         | %                                  | 5.3              | 46               |           | Patents by origin/bn P<br>PCT patents by origin/     |   | 1.1<br>0.4          | 63<br>37        |
| 3 Researe                    | ch and developn                           | nent (R&D)                         | 20.2             | 44               |           | Utility models by origin                             |   | n/a                 | n/a             |
|                              | hers, FTE/mn po                           | •                                  | 3,446.4          | 29               |           |  | al articles/bn PPP\$ GDP                  | 28.1                | 32              |
|                              | xpenditure on R&                          | D, % GDP<br>estors, top 3, mn US\$ | 1.0<br>0.0       | 40<br>41 ⊝ ◊     | 6.1.5     | Citable documents H-                                 | index                                     | 13.0                | 58              |
|                              | ersity ranking, top                       |                                    | 19.8             | 54               | 6.2       | Knowledge impact                                     |   | 33.3                | 52              |
|                              | , , ,                                     |                                    |                  |                  |           | Labor productivity gro                               |   | 2.4                 | 22              |
| p <sup>‡</sup> Infrasi       | tructure                                  |                                    | 49.9             | 42               |           | New businesses/th po<br>Software spending, %         | •   | 3.3<br>0.1          | 41<br>93        |
| •                            |   |                                    |                  |                  |           | ISO 9001 quality certif                              |   | 15.3                | 19              |
| I Informati                  |   | ication technologies (ICTs         | <b>77.8</b> 75.8 | <b>40</b><br>47  | 6.2.5     | High-tech manufactur                                 | ing, %                                    | 20.8                | 60              |
| 1.2 ICT use*                 |   |                                    | 76.5             | 32               |           | Knowledge diffusion                                  |   | 24.9                | 47              |
|                              | nent's online serv                        | rice*                              | 85.3             | 24               |           | Intellectual property re                             |   | 0.1                 | 62              |
| 1.4 E-partic                 | ipation*                                  |                                    | 73.8             | 64               |           | Production and export<br>High-tech exports, %        | . ,                                       | 63.7<br>6.2         | 31<br>30        |
|                              | l infrastructure                          |                                    |                  | 110 🔾 🗘          | 6.3.4     | ICT services exports, '                              |   | 1.9                 | 60              |
|                              | ty output, GWh/m                          | nn pop.                            | 1,207.5          | 93 ○ ◊           |           | •  |   |                     |                 |
|                              | s performance*<br>apital formation, 9     | % GDP                              | 45.1<br>15.5     | 53               |           | Creative outputs                                     |   | 33.6                | 41              |
|                              | cal sustainabilit                         |                                    | 51.9             | 8 • ♦            | _,        |  |   | 04.0                |                 |
| •                            | it of energy use                          | ,                                  | 12.6             | 41               |           | <b>Intangible assets</b><br>Trademarks by origin/l   | on PPP\$ GDP                              | <b>31.3</b><br>41.8 | <b>62</b><br>57 |
| 3.2 Environr                 | mental performan                          | ice*                               | 62.9             | 35               | 7.1.2     | Global brand value, to                               |   | 4.0                 | 69              |
| 3.3 ISO 1400                 | 01 environmental c                        | certificates/bn PPP\$ GDP          | 9.5              | 8 ● ♦            |           | Industrial designs by o                              |   | 2.4                 | 42              |
|                              |   |                                    |                  |                  | 7.1.4     | ICTs and organization                                | al model creation†                        | 68.4                | 21              |
| Marke                        | t sophisticati                            | ion                                | 53.7             | 35               |           | Creative goods and                                   |   | 19.2                | 58              |
| 1 Credit                     |   |                                    | 42.2             | 60               |           | Cultural and creative se<br>National feature films/i | rvices exports, % total trade             | 0.7<br>5.4          | 37<br>40        |
| .1 Ease of                   | getting credit*                           |                                    | 70.0             | 44               | 7.2.3     |  | dia market/th pop. 15-69                  | n/a                 | n/a             |
|                              | ic credit to private                      |                                    | 38.9             | 83 🔾 🗘           |           | Printing and other med                               |   | 1.1                 | 51              |
|                              | ance gross loans                          | , % GDP                            | n/a              | n/a              |           | Creative goods export                                |   | 1.8                 | 34              |
| 2 Investm                    |   |                                    | 44.6             | 25               |           | Online creativity                                    |   | 52.6                | 18              |
|                              | protecting minorit                        | •                                  | 70.0             | 36<br>n/a        |           |  | ains (TLDs)/th pop. 15-69                 | 14.1                | 33              |
|                              | capitalization, % (<br>capital investors. | deals/bn PPP\$ GDP                 | n/a<br>0.1       | n/a<br>26        |           | Country-code TLDs/th                                 |   | 33.3                | 20              |
|                              |   | , deals/bn PPP\$ GDP               | 0.1              | 12 <b>•</b>      |           | Wikipedia edits/mn po<br>Mobile app creation/b       | •   | 73.7<br>86.0        | 27<br>5         |
|                              |   | nd market scale                    | 74.4             | 48               | 7.0.4     | modile app creation/b                                | πτιφασι                                   | 50.0                | J               |
|                              | tariff rate, weighte                      |                                    | 1.8              | 25               |           |  |   |                     |                 |
|                              | ic industry diversi                       | ification                          | 95.0             | 26               |           |  |   |                     |                 |
|                              | ic market scale, b                        |                                    | 106.9            | 80               |           |  |   |                     |                 |

## Luxembourg

| Output rank        | Input rank Income F                          |                                  | Region              | Pop             | ulation (mi                             | GDP, PPP\$ (bn)         | GDP per capita, PPP\$  | Score/ Value Ri 57.8  65.4 60.7 66.1 0.6 24.3 59.2 65.8 67.2 0.1 0.2 5.4 49.0 4.5 1.6 4.4 -16.8 37.7  30.1  39.1 7.3 4.5 n/a 18.7 11.6 27.0 -1.7 17.2 0.2 3.3 16.4 24.3 2.1 n/a 0.6 3.0  54.4  52.2 69.2 112.3 6.9 72.2 42.8 6.6 29.6 n/a 0.7 0.1 1 70.1 84.3 | 20 rank         |
|--------------------|--|----------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------------|------------------------|---|-----------------|
| 18                 | 26   | High                             | EUR                 |                 | 0.6                                     | 70.7                    | 112,875                | 1   | 18              |
|                    |  |                                  | Score/<br>Value     | Rank            | Sc. Sc. Sc. Sc. Sc. Sc. Sc. Sc. Sc. Sc. |                         | Rank                   |   |                 |
| iii Institu        | tions  |                                  | 79.8                | 27              | 2                                       | Business sophis         | tication               |   | 9               |
| 1.1 Politica       | l environment                                |                                  | 90.4                | 6               | 5.1                                     | Knowledge workers       |                        | 65.4  | 9               |
|                    | and operational st                           | •                                | 92.9                | 4 ●             |   | Knowledge-intensive     |                        |   | 1 ●             |
|                    | nent effectiveness                           |                                  | 89.2                | 9               |   |                         |                        |   | 5<br>35         |
| •                  | tory environment<br>ory quality*             |                                  | <b>81.9</b><br>87.9 | <b>26</b><br>11 | 5.1.4                                   | GERD financed by bus    | siness, %              | 49.6  | 27              |
| I.2.2 Rule of I    |  |                                  | 94.0                | 10              |   |                         | advanced degrees, %    |   | 16              |
|                    | redundancy dismis                            | ssal                             | 21.7                | 93 🔾            | 501                                     | -                       | D collaboration†       |   | <b>6</b><br>13  |
|                    | ss environment<br>starting a business        | s*                               | <b>67.2</b><br>88.8 | <b>77</b><br>61 |   |                         |                        |   | 11              |
|                    | resolving insolvend                          |                                  | 45.5                | 84              |   |                         |                        |   | 47              |
|                    |  |                                  |                     |                 |   |                         |                        |   | 8<br>7          |
| 🙎 Huma             | n capital and r                              | esearch                          | 40.0                | 40              | $\Diamond$                              |                         | •                      |   | 14              |
| 2.1 Educati        | on   |                                  | 48.3                | 70              |   | Intellectual property p | ayments, % total trade |   | 1 ●             |
|                    | ture on education,                           |                                  | 3.6                 | 83 🔾            |   |                         |                        |   | 131 ○<br>1 ●    |
|                    | nent funding/pupil,<br>ife expectancy, yea   | secondary, % GDP/cap             | 19.4<br>14.3        | 51<br>65        | 521                                     |                         |                        |   | 132 🔾           |
|                    | ales in reading, ma                          |                                  | 476.7               | 35              | E 2 E                                   | Research talent, % in   | businesses             | 37.7  | 36              |
| 2.1.5 Pupil-tea    | acher ratio, second                          | dary                             | Ø 8.9               | 19              |   |                         |                        |   |                 |
| -                  | education                                    |                                  | 35.8                | 55              | _                                       | Knowledge and           | technology outputs     | 30.1  | 38              |
|                    | enrolment, % gros<br>es in science and e     |                                  | 18.6<br>18.8        | 100 O<br>80     |   | Knowledge creation      |                        | 39.1  | 24              |
|                    | inbound mobility, 9                          | 0 0,                             | 47.7                | 1 •             | •                                       |                         |                        |   | 14              |
| .3 Research        | ch and developme                             | ent (R&D)                        | 36.0                | 31              | ^                                       |                         |                        |   | 8<br>n/a        |
|                    | hers, FTE/mn pop                             |                                  | 5,128.9             | 16              | 6.1.4                                   |                         |                        |   | 48              |
|                    | xpenditure on R&D<br>corporate R&D inve      | , % GDP<br>stors, top 3, mn US\$ | 1.2<br>59.2         | 33<br>23        | ♦ 6.1.5                                 | Citable documents H-    | index                  | 11.6  | 66              |
|                    | ersity ranking, top                          |                                  | 0.0                 | 74 🔾            |   |                         |                        |   | 76              |
|                    |  |                                  |                     |                 |   |                         |                        |   | 97 O            |
| <b>ద</b> ⇔ Infrast | tructure                                     |                                  | 52.5                | 33              | 6.2.3                                   | Software spending, %    | GDP                    | 0.2   | 73              |
| 3.1 Informati      | tion and communic                            | ation technologies (IC           | Ts) 82.1            | 26              |   |                         |                        |   | 71<br>69        |
| 3.1.1 ICT acce     | ess*   | •                                | 95.1                | 1 ●             | •                                       | •                       | •                      |   | 69<br><b>49</b> |
| 3.1.2 ICT use*     | nent's online servi                          | 20*                              | 86.4<br>76.5        | 8<br>49         | 631                                     | -                       |                        |   | 11              |
| 3.1.4 E-partic     |  | <del>CC</del>                    | 70.3                | 70              | 6.3.2                                   | Production and export   | complexity             |   | n/a             |
| 3.2 Genera         | l infrastructure                             |                                  | 28.6                | 66              | ^                                       | • •                     |                        |   | 86<br>35        |
|                    | ty output, GWh/mr                            | n pop.                           | 1,719.4             | 87              | ♦ 0.5.4                                 | io i services exports,  | 70 total trade         | 3.0   | 33              |
|                    | s performance*<br>apital formation, %        | GDP                              | 73.5<br>16.8        | 24<br>105 〇     | A 68.1                                  | Creative outputs        |                        | 54.4  | 3 ●             |
|                    | cal sustainability                           |                                  | 46.7                | 22              |   |                         |                        |   | 4=              |
|                    | it of energy use                             |                                  | 16.8                | 15              |   |                         | on PPP\$ GDP           |   | <b>15</b><br>24 |
|                    | mental performanc                            |                                  | 82.3                | 2 ●             |   | , ,                     |                        |   | 17              |
| 3.3.3 ISO 1400     | )1 environmental ce                          | ertificates/bn PPP\$ GDF         | 1.6                 | 54              |   | • .                     | •                      |   | 19              |
| Marke              | t sophisticatio                              | nn -                             | 49.0                | 53              |   | =                       |                        |   | 15<br><b>8</b>  |
|                    | - oopmoticatio                               | ···                              |                     |                 | 7.2.1                                   | -                       |                        |   | 1 <b>•</b>      |
| .1 Credit          | aottina crodit*                              |                                  |                     | 107 (           | ^ 1.2.2                                 |                         |                        |   | 1 ●             |
|                    | getting credit*<br>ic credit to private :    | sector, % GDP                    | 15.0<br>107.3       | 127 O           | 1.2.0                                   |                         |                        |   | n/a<br>73       |
|                    | ance gross loans,                            |                                  | n/a                 | n/a             |   | •                       |                        |   | 102 🔾           |
| .2 Investm         |  |                                  | 49.0                | 20              | 7.3                                     | = :                     |                        |   | 2 ●             |
|                    | protecting minority<br>capitalization, % G   |                                  | 54.0<br>79.6        | 88<br>20        | 7.0.1                                   | •                       | . ,                    |   | 4 ●             |
|                    | •  | deals/bn PPP\$ GDP               | 1.2                 | 20              |   |                         |                        | 68.7<br>78.8  | 9<br>13         |
|                    | •  | deals/bn PPP\$ GDP               | 0.0                 | 35              | 7.0.0                                   |                         | •                      | 44.8  | 11              |
|                    | liversification, an                          |                                  | 68.3                | 69              |   |                         |                        |   |                 |
|                    | tariff rate, weighte                         | •                                | 1.8                 | 25<br>68        |   |                         |                        |   |                 |
|                    | ic industry diversifi<br>ic market scale, bn |                                  | 84.2<br>70.7        | 68<br>93        | $\Diamond$                              |                         |                        |   |                 |
| .o.o Domesti       | .c market scale, Di                          | Ψ                                | 10.1                | 55              | ~                                       |                         |                        |   |                 |

## Madagascar

Income

Region

Population (mn) GDP, PPP\$ (bn)

Output rank Input rank

110

GII 2020 rank

GDP per capita, PPP\$

| 78   | 3 127  | Low  | SSF  |  | 27.7  | 45.4   | 1,647  | 1   | 115   |
|--|--|--|--|--|---|--|--|---|---|
|  |  |  | Score/<br>Value  | Rank   |   |  |  | Score/<br>Value   | Rank  |
| <u> </u>   | nstitutions  |  | 51.1   | 108  | 2   | Business sophis  | tication   | 14.6  | 125   |
| 1.1.1 P<br>1.1.2 G<br>1.2 R<br>1.2.1 R<br>1.2.2 R<br>1.2.3 C<br>1.3 B<br>1.3.1 E | Political environment Political and operational st Government effectiveness' Regulatory environment Regulatory quality* Rule of law* Cost of redundancy dismis Rusiness environment Rase of starting a business Rase of resolving insolvence   | *<br>ssal  | 37.1<br>60.7<br>25.3<br>54.5<br>24.4<br>20.1<br>14.7<br>61.6<br>88.5<br>34.8 | 97<br>129 ○<br><b>96</b><br>116<br>120<br>57 • | 5.1.3<br>5.1.4<br>5.1.5<br><b>5.2</b><br>5.2.1<br>5.2.2 | Firms offering formal t<br>GERD performed by but<br>GERD financed by but<br>Females employed w/<br>Innovation linkages<br>University-industry R8<br>State of cluster develor<br>GERD financed by abo | raining, % usiness, % GDP siness, % advanced degrees, %  Collaboration† pment and depth† | 3.7<br>2.7<br>12.7<br>1.9<br>16.5<br>2.3<br>32.3<br>39.1<br>1/a | n/a<br>107<br><b>100</b><br>104<br>104<br>n/a |
| 22 H   | luman capital and r  | esearch  | 14.4   | 116  | 5.2.5   | Patent families/bn PPI   | P\$ GDP  | 0.0   | 78 ◀  |
| <b>2.1 E</b> 2.1.1 E: 2.1.2 G 2.1.3 S 2.1.4 P                                    | Education Expenditure on education, Expernment funding/pupil, Echool life expectancy, year PISA scales in reading, ma  | % GDP<br>secondary, % GDP/ca<br>ars<br>ths and science | <b>24.5</b><br>2.8   | 125<br>103<br>98<br>107<br>n/a                 | 5.3.2<br>5.3.3<br>5.3.4                                 | Knowledge absorpti<br>Intellectual property p<br>High-tech imports, %<br>ICT services imports,<br>FDI net inflows, % GD<br>Research talent, % in   | ayments, % total trade<br>total trade<br>% total trade<br>P                              | 22.2<br>0.4<br>4.1<br>2.2<br>3.8<br>n/a                         | 75<br>116<br>29 ● ◀<br>32 ●                   |
| 2.2 To   | ertiary education  | ,  | 18.5   | 99   | مهما  | Knowledge and  | technology outputs   | 12.4  | 99  |
| 2.2.2 G  | ertiary enrolment, % gros<br>Graduates in science and e<br>ertiary inbound mobility, 9   | engineering, %   | 5.4<br>23.8<br>1.4   | 123<br>47 ●<br>83                              | 6.1.1   | Knowledge creation<br>Patents by origin/bn P<br>PCT patents by origin/   |  | <b>4.3</b><br>0.0<br>0.0  |   |
| 2.3.1 R<br>2.3.2 G<br>2.3.3 G  | Research and developmer<br>Researchers, FTE/mn pop<br>Gross expenditure on R&D<br>Global corporate R&D inve<br>S university ranking, top   | , % GDP<br>stors, top 3, mn US\$                       | <b>0.1</b> ② 34.0 ② 0.0 ○ 0.0 ○ 0.0  | 99<br>116 ()<br>41 ()<br>74 ()                 | 6.1.3<br>6.1.4<br>6.1.5<br>6.2                          | Utility models by origin   | n/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>al articles/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>index                                      | n/a<br>7.1<br>4.7<br><b>19.8</b><br>1.1                         | n/a<br>101<br>109                             |
| ∯ <sup>‡</sup> lr  | nfrastructure  |  | 17.6   | 132 🔾  | 6.2.2<br>6.2.3  | New businesses/th po<br>Software spending, %   | p. 15–64<br>GDP  | 0.1<br>0.0<br>1.6   | 116   |
| 3.1.1 IC<br>3.1.2 IC<br>3.1.3 G<br>3.1.4 E<br>3.2 G                              | nformation and communic<br>CT access*<br>CT use*<br>Government's online service<br>E-participation*<br>General infrastructure<br>Electricity output, GWh/mr  | ce*  | 24.4<br>6.8<br>28.8  | 127 🔾  | 6.2.5<br>6.3<br>6.3.1<br>6.3.2<br>6.3.3                 | ISO 9001 quality certif<br>High-tech manufactur<br><b>Knowledge diffusion</b><br>Intellectual property re<br>Production and expor<br>High-tech exports, %<br>ICT services exports,                   | ing, %<br>eceipts, % total trade<br>complexity<br>total trade                            | 1.6<br>n/a<br>13.1<br>0.1<br>20.6<br>0.2<br>3.2                 | n/a<br>77 •<br>58 •<br>110                    |
|  | ogistics performance*<br>Gross capital formation, %  | GDP  | 15.9<br>16.4   | 115<br>106                                     | €,  | Creative outputs   |  | 24.9  | [61]  |
| 3.3.1 G<br>3.3.2 E   | cological sustainability<br>GDP/unit of energy use<br>invironmental performanc<br>GO 14001 environmental ce  | e*   | n/a<br>26.5  | 129 ()<br>n/a<br>127 ()<br>108                 | 7.1<br>7.1.1<br>7.1.2<br>7.1.3<br>7.1.4                 | Intangible assets Trademarks by origin/ Global brand value, to Industrial designs by origins and organizations   | p 5,000, % GDP<br>origin/bn PPP\$ GDP  | <b>45.9</b><br>63.6<br>n/a<br>6.8<br>n/a                        | n/a<br>22 ● <b>∢</b>                          |
| iii N  | Market sophistication  | on   | 34.2   | 122  | 7.2   | Creative goods and   | services   | 2.2   | [117]   |
| 4.1.1 E<br>4.1.2 D   | Credit  Case of getting credit*  Comestic credit to private of the company of the |  | <b>22.7</b><br>40.0<br>14.2<br>1.5   | <b>120</b><br>113<br>121<br>20 ●               | 7.2.3<br>7.2.4  | National feature films/  | dia market/th pop. 15–69<br>dia, % manufacturing   | 0.1<br>0.8<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>0.1                                 | n/a   |
| 4.2.1 E<br>4.2.2 N<br>4.2.3 V  | nvestment<br>case of protecting minority<br>Market capitalization, % G<br>(enture capital investors, o<br>(enture capital recipients,  | DP<br>deals/bn PPP\$ GDP                               | <b>36.0</b><br>36.0<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>n/a<br><b>44.1</b>                      | [43]<br>116<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>121        | <b>7.3</b><br>7.3.1<br>7.3.2<br>7.3.3                   | Online creativity  | ains (TLDs)/th pop. 15–69<br>pop. 15–69<br>p. 15–69                                      | <b>5.4</b><br>0.1<br>0.1<br>20.3                                | <b>120</b><br>123<br>119                      |

GII 2021 rank

### Malawi

107

| Output rank | Input rank | Income | Region | Population (mn) | GDP, PPP\$ (bn) | GDP per capita, PPP\$ | GII 2020 rank |
|-------------|------------|--------|--------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------------|---------------|
| 93          | 118        | Low    | SSF    | 19.1            | 20.8            | 995                   | 111           |
|             |            |        |        |                 |                 |                       |               |

|                                |   | Score/                                     |                                      |  |   | Score   |  |
|--------------------------------|---|--|--------------------------------------|--|---|---|--|
| 血                              | Institutions  | Value <b>51.8</b>                          |                                      | •  | Business sophistication   | Value <b>20.</b> 1                              | Rank   |
| <b>1.1</b> 1.1.1               | Political environment Political and operational stability* Government effectiveness*  | <b>41.7</b> 57.1 34.0                      | <b>112</b><br>106<br>114             | <b>5.1</b><br>5.1.1<br>5.1.2                   | Knowledge workers Knowledge-intensive employment, %   |   | <b>3 [111]</b><br>7 122 ( -4                   |
| 1.2.2                          | Regulatory environment Regulatory quality* Rule of law*   | <b>57.2</b> 25.2 38.0                      | 81                                   | 5.1.4<br>5.1.5                                 |   | n/a<br>n/a<br>0.0                               | n/a<br>5 119                                   |
| <b>1.3</b><br>1.3.1            | Cost of redundancy dismissal <b>Business environment</b> Ease of starting a business*  Ease of resolving insolvency*  | 16.7<br><b>56.4</b><br>77.9<br>34.9        | 115                                  | 5.2.2<br>5.2.3                                 | Innovation linkages University-industry R&D collaboration <sup>†</sup> State of cluster development and depth <sup>†</sup> GERD financed by abroad, % GDP Joint venture/strategic alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP | 22.4<br>31.3<br>35.8<br>n/a<br>0.7              | 7 106<br>5 113<br>a n/a                        |
| <b>2</b> 2                     | Human capital and research  | 11.8                                       | 122                                  |  | Patent families/bn PPP\$ GDP  Knowledge absorption  | 0.0<br><b>22.</b> 7                             | 100 🔾  |
| 2.1.3<br>2.1.4                 | Education Expenditure on education, % GDP Government funding/pupil, secondary, % GDP/cap ② School life expectancy, years PISA scales in reading, maths and science Pupil-teacher ratio, secondary | 34.2<br>4.7<br>24.0<br>10.9<br>n/a<br>68.1 | 51<br>20 ●<br>100<br>n/a             | 5.3.1<br>5.3.2<br>5.3.3<br>5.3.4               | Intellectual property payments, % total trade High-tech imports, % total trade ICT services imports, % total trade FDI net inflows, % GDP Research talent, % in businesses                                    | 0.2<br>9.8<br>1.<br>1.4<br>n/s                  | 96<br>3 38 •<br>70<br>4 99                     |
| 2.2                            | Tertiary education  | 1.0  | 129 ⊖ ♦                              | 98.00  | Knowledge and technology outputs  | 15.8  | 8 84   |
| 2.2.2                          | Tertiary enrolment, % gross   Graduates in science and engineering, % Tertiary inbound mobility, %    Research and development (R&D)  | 0.8<br>n/a<br>1.1<br><b>0.1</b>            | 128 ○ ♦<br>n/a<br>86<br>117          |  | Knowledge creation Patents by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP PCT patents by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP Utility models by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP  | <b>18.0</b><br>2 0.2<br>0.0<br>n/a              | 2 100<br>98 O                                  |
| 2.3.2<br>2.3.3                 | Researchers, FTE/mn pop. ② Gross expenditure on R&D, % GDP Global corporate R&D investors, top 3, mn US\$ QS university ranking, top 3*   | 50.4<br>n/a<br>0.0<br>0.0                  | 93<br>n/a<br>41 ○ ♢<br>74 ○ ♢        | 6.1.4  |   | 35.<br>8.0<br><b>17.</b>                        | 26 ●<br>0 85                                   |
|                                |   | 21.1                                       |                                      | 6.2.2  | Labor productivity growth, % New businesses/th pop. 15–64 Software spending, % GDP  | 1.2<br>0.0<br>0.0                               | 119 🔾  |
| 3.1<br>3.1.1<br>3.1.2<br>3.1.3 | Information and communication technologies (ICTs) ICT access* ICT use* Government's online service* E-participation*  | 30.5                                       | <b>124</b><br>131 ○<br>120           | 6.2.4<br>6.2.5<br><b>6.3</b><br>6.3.1<br>6.3.2 | ISO 9001 quality certificates/bn PPP\$ GDP  | 0.0<br>0.9<br>8.6<br><b>11.8</b><br>n/a<br>18.0 | 9 112<br>9 93<br><b>8 85</b><br>a n/a<br>0 113 |
| 3.2.2                          | General infrastructure Electricity output, GWh/mn pop. Logistics performance* Gross capital formation, % GDP  | 13.1<br>n/a<br>25.0<br>10.7                | <b>122</b><br>n/a<br>93              | 6.3.4  | ICT services exports, % total trade  Creative outputs   | 2.3   |  |
| <b>3.3</b><br>3.3.1<br>3.3.2   | Ecological sustainability GDP/unit of energy use Environmental performance* ISO 14001 environmental certificates/bn PPP\$ GDP   |  | <b>102</b><br>n/a<br>93 ◆            | <b>7.1</b> 7.1.1 7.1.2 7.1.3                   | Intangible assets   | <b>25.4</b><br>② 28.0<br>n/a<br>n/a             | <b>! [86]</b><br>) 78<br>a n/a                 |
| iii                            | Market sophistication   | 43.7                                       | 81 ◆                                 | <b>7.2</b><br>7.2.1                            | Creative goods and services Cultural and creative services exports, % total trade   | <b>7.</b> .                                     | <b>[91]</b><br>76                              |
|                                | Credit Ease of getting credit* Domestic credit to private sector, % GDP Microfinance gross loans, % GDP   | <b>38.6</b><br>90.0<br>10.5<br>0.5         | <b>74</b><br>10 ● ◆<br>128 ○<br>36 ● | 7.2.2<br>7.2.3<br>7.2.4                        | National feature films/mn pop. 15–69<br>Entertainment and media market/th pop. 15–69  | n/a<br>n/a<br>0.2                               | a n/a<br>a n/a<br>2 36 ●                       |
| 4.2.2<br>4.2.3                 | Investment Ease of protecting minority investors* Market capitalization, % GDP Venture capital investors, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP Venture capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP                       | 37.9<br>58.0<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>0.0          | [41]<br>77                           | 7.3.2<br>7.3.3                                 | Online creativity Generic top-level domains (TLDs)/th pop. 15–69 Country-code TLDs/th pop. 15–69 Wikipedia edits/mn pop. 15–69 Mobile app creation/bn PPP\$ GDP   | 7.4<br>0.2<br>0.0<br>25.8<br>n/a                | 2 118<br>0 125<br>5 112                        |
| 4.3.2                          | Trade, diversification, and market scale Applied tariff rate, weighted avg., % Domestic industry diversification  ⊘ Domestic market scale, bn PPP\$   | <b>54.8</b><br>4.2<br>70.2<br>20.8         | <b>109</b> 78 ◆ 97 128 ♦             |  |   |   |  |

## **Malaysia**

36

| utput rank                                      | Input rank   | Income                    | Region              | Popul                     | lation (mn)      | GDP, PPP\$ (bn)                                    | GDP per capita, PPP\$                          | GII 20           | 20 ran            |
|---|--|---------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|------------------|--|--|------------------|-------------------|
| 34  | 36   | Upper middle              | SEAO                |                           | 32.4             | 900.4  | 27,287   |                  | 33                |
|   |  |                           | Score/              |                           |                  |  |  | Score/           |                   |
| <u>m</u> Institu                                | ıtions   |                           | 72.3                | Rank 41                   | . <del>≗</del> B | Business sophist                                   | tication                                       | Value<br>34.1    | Rank<br>39        |
|   | l environment  |                           | 76.5                | 29                        |                  | nowledge workers                                   |  | 30.2             | 68                |
|   | and operation  |                           | 83.9                | 13                        |                  | nowledge-intensive                                 | employment, %                                  | 27.5             | 55                |
| 1.2 Governr                                     | ment effectiven  | ess*                      | 72.8                | 33 ◀                      |                  | irms offering formal t                             |  | 18.5             | 82 🔾              |
| _   | tory environm  | ent                       | 65.1                | 65                        |                  | ERD performed by b<br>ERD financed by bus          |  | 0.5<br>38.2      | 39<br>46          |
| <ol> <li>Regulate</li> <li>Rule of I</li> </ol> |  |                           | 61.1<br>62.3        | 41 <b>4</b> 39 <b>4</b>   |                  |  |  | 00.2             | 59                |
|   | redundancy dis   | smissal                   | 23.9                | 103 🔾                     | 5.2 lr           | novation linkages                                  |  | 28.8             | 38                |
| 3 Busines                                       | ss environmer  | nt                        | 75.2                | 50                        |                  | niversity-industry R8                              |  | 58.8             | 25                |
|   | starting a busir   |                           | 83.3                | 97 🔾                      |                  | tate of cluster develo<br>ERD financed by abr      |  | 65.2<br>0.1      | 13 <b>●</b><br>48 |
| 3.2 Ease of                                     | resolving insolv   | vency*                    | 67.0                | 37                        |                  |  | alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP                    | 0.1              | 25                |
| • • • • •                                       |  |                           | 40.0                |                           |                  | atent families/bn PPF                              |  | 0.2              | 51                |
| Huma  | n capital an   | id research               | 40.6                | 39                        | 5.3 K            | nowledge absorpti                                  | on   | 43.3             | 24                |
| 1 Educat  |  |                           | 46.0                | 77                        |                  |  | ayments, % total trade                         | 0.9              | 42                |
|   | iture on educat  | ,                         | 4.2                 | 63                        |                  | ligh-tech imports, %<br>CT services imports, '     |  | 25.5<br>1.6      | 4 <b>●</b><br>49  |
|   | nent tunding/pu<br>life expectancy                       | ipil, secondary, % GDP/c  | 2 13.7              | 53<br>73                  |                  | DI net inflows, % GD                               |  | 2.6              | 67                |
|   |  | maths and science         | 430.9               | 48                        | 5.3.5 R          | esearch talent, % in                               | businesses                                     | 15.8             | 59                |
|   | acher ratio, sec   |                           | 11.4                | 43                        |                  |  |  |                  |                   |
| 2 Tertiary                                      | education /  |                           | 49.6                | 15 ● ∢                    | K Land K         | Inowledge and                                      | technology outputs                             | 33.4             | 31                |
|   | enrolment, % (   | •                         | 43.1                | 69                        | 6.1 K            | nowledge creation                                  |  | 12.8             | 69                |
|   | tes in science a<br>inbound mobili                       | nd engineering, %         | 39.2<br>6.7         | 5 <b>●  4</b> 37          | ,                | atents by origin/bn P                              | PP\$ GDP                                       | 1.1              | 61                |
| -   | ch and develo  | -                         | 26.3                | 40 ◀                      |                  | CT patents by origin/                              |  | 0.3              | 43                |
|   | chers, FTE/mn  |                           | ② 2,184.7           | 37                        | 0.1.3 0          | tility models by origin                            | n/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>al articles/bn PPP\$ GDP     | 0.1<br>15.3      | 53 (<br>56        |
| 3.2 Gross e                                     | xpenditure on I  | R&D, % GDP                | Ø 1.0               | 37 ◀                      | 6.1.5 C          | itable documents H-                                |  | 20.1             | 41                |
|   | •  | investors, top 3, mn US   |                     | 41 0 <                    | en K             | nowledge impact                                    |  | 38.5             | 30                |
| 3.4 QS univ                                     | ersity ranking,  | top 3"                    | 58.3                | 14 ● ◀                    |                  | abor productivity gro                              | wth, %   | -0.3             | 75                |
| s <sup>‡</sup> Infras                           | tructure   |                           | 46.7                | 51                        |                  | ew businesses/th po                                | •  | 2.4              | 52                |
| y IIIII as                                      | ucture   |                           | 40.7                | 31                        |                  | oftware spending, %<br>SO 9001 quality certif      |  | 0.3<br>10.7      | 36<br>27          |
|   |  | unication technologies (  |                     | 35 ∢                      | 6.2.5 H          | igh-tech manufacturi                               |  | 44.4             | 20                |
| 1.1 ICT acci<br>1.2 ICT use                     |  |                           | 79.2<br>66.6        | 36 <b>∢</b><br>55         | 6.3 K            | nowledge diffusion                                 |  | 48.9             | 14 (              |
|   | ment's online se   | ervice*                   | 85.3                | 24                        |                  | ntellectual property re                            |  | 0.1              | 53                |
| 1.4 E-partic                                    | ipation*   |                           | 85.7                | 29                        |                  | roduction and export                               | . ,  | 67.7             | 26<br>1 <b>6</b>  |
| 2 Genera  | l infrastructur  | е                         | 31.3                | 55                        |                  | ligh-tech exports, % :<br>CT services exports, '   |  | 38.6<br>1.3      | 72                |
|   | ity output, GWh  |                           | 5,406.7             | 39 ◀                      |                  | or convictor expense,                              | , o total il ado                               |                  |                   |
| •   | s performance<br>apital formation                        |                           | 54.5<br>21.6        | 40 <b>∢</b><br>73         | 6%! C            | reative outputs                                    |  | 34.5             | 37                |
|   | ical sustainab   |                           | 29.6                | 61                        |                  |  |  |                  |                   |
|   | it of energy use   |                           | 10.2                | 65                        |                  | ntangible assets<br>rademarks by origin/l          | on PPP\$ GDP                                   | <b>40.5</b> 23.8 | <b>39</b><br>86 ( |
|   | mental perform   |                           | 47.9                | 62                        |                  | ilobal brand value, to                             |  | 153.2            | 10                |
| 3.3 ISO 140                                     | 01 environmenta  | al certificates/bn PPP\$G | DP 2.5              | 34                        | 7.1.3 In         | dustrial designs by d                              | rigin/bn PPP\$ GDP                             | 0.6              | 82                |
| ٠ مرد   |  |                           |                     |                           |                  | CTs and organization                               | al model creation†                             | 71.9             | 17                |
| Marke   | et sophistic   | ation                     | 55.3                | 30                        |                  | reative goods and s                                |  | 41.1             | 10 (              |
| Credit  |  |                           | 50.5                | 31 ∢                      |                  | uiturai and creative se<br>ational feature films/i | rvices exports, % total trade<br>nn pop. 15–69 | 0.3<br>3.8       | 64<br>50          |
|   | getting credit*  |                           | 75.0                | 34                        | 7.2.3 E          |  | dia market/th pop. 15-69                       | 12.2             | 33                |
|   |  | ate sector, % GDP         | 120.9<br>② 0.1      | 17 ● ◀                    | 1.2.4            | rinting and other med                              | •  | 0.8              | 69 (              |
|   | ance gross loa   | 113, 70 GDF               |                     |                           |                  | reative goods export                               | s, % total trade                               | 8.8              | 1 (               |
| 2 Investment 2.1 Ease of                        | nent<br>protecting mine                                  | ority investors*          | <b>35.2</b><br>88.0 | <b>49</b><br>2 ● <b>∢</b> |                  | Inline creativity                                  | oine (TI De)/th === 15 CC                      | 15.8             | <b>71</b>         |
|   | capitalization,  | ,                         | 121.5               | 8 • 4                     | 1.0.1            | ieneric top-level dom<br>iountry-code TLDs/th      | ains (TLDs)/th pop. 15–69<br>pop. 15–69        | 6.3<br>4.0       | 50<br>58          |
|   |  | rs, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP    | 0.0                 | 52                        |                  | /ikipedia edits/mn po                              |  | 49.7             | 65                |
| 1/1 Monturo                                     | capital recipier   | nts, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP   | 0.0                 | 58                        | 7.3.4 N          | lobile app creation/b                              | n PPP\$ GDP                                    | 3.3              | 64                |
|   |  |                           |                     |                           |                  |  |  |                  |                   |
| 3 Trade, o                                      |  | , and market scale        | 80.2                | <b>28</b>                 |                  |  |  |                  |                   |
| 3.1 Applied                                     | diversification<br>tariff rate, weig<br>ic industry dive | hted avg., %              | <b>80.2</b>         | <b>28</b><br>74<br>32     |                  |  |  |                  |                   |

GII 2021 rank

### Mali

**124** 

| Output rank | Input rank | Income | Region | Population (mn) | GDP, PPP\$ (bn) | GDP per capita, PPP\$ | GII 2020 rank |
|-------------|------------|--------|--------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------------|---------------|
| 114         | 126        | Low    | SSF    | 20.3            | 47.6            | 2,421                 | 123           |

|   |   | Score/<br>Value   | Rank   |   |  |                               | Score/<br>Value  | Rank  |
|---|---|---|--|---|--|-------------------------------|--|---|
| <u></u>   | Institutions  | 51.3  | 106  | 2   | Business sophistication  |                               | 17.7   | 109   |
| <b>1.2</b><br>1.2.1                                     | 9 , 1 ,   | 42.9<br>27.2<br><b>57.7</b><br>28.5                                 |  | 5.1.3<br>5.1.4  | Knowledge workers Knowledge-intensive employment, % Firms offering formal training, % GERD performed by business, % GDP GERD financed by business, % Females employed w/advanced degrees, %  | 0 0 0 0                       | 5.5<br>4.3<br>17.7<br>n/a<br>0.8<br>0.5                                | 129 0 0<br>120 0<br>85<br>n/a<br>95<br>121 0          |
| 1.2.3<br>1.3<br>1.3.1<br>1.3.2<br>2.1<br>2.1.1          | Rule of law* Cost of redundancy dismissal  Business environment Ease of starting a business* Ease of resolving insolvency*  Human capital and research  Education  Expenditure on education, % GDP Government funding/pupil, secondary, % GDP/cap   | 24.7<br>13.6<br>63.8<br>84.3<br>43.4<br>11.3<br>29.6<br>3.8<br>25.4 | 50 ● 89 95 91                                      | 5.2<br>5.2.1<br>5.2.2<br>5.2.3<br>5.2.4<br>5.2.5<br>5.3<br>5.3.1<br>5.3.2 | Innovation linkages University-industry R&D collaboration† State of cluster development and depth† GERD financed by abroad, % GDP Joint venture/strategic alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP Patent families/bn PPP\$ GDP Knowledge absorption  | 0 0 0                         | 20.0<br>41.1<br>43.5<br>0.1<br>0.0<br>0.0<br>27.6<br>0.0<br>6.8<br>2.6 | 70 71 83 32 76 100 63 4 116 81 16 4                   |
| 2.1.3<br>2.1.4<br>2.1.5                                 | School life expectancy, years  PISA scales in reading, maths and science Pupil-teacher ratio, secondary   | 7.5<br>n/a<br>29.7  | 118 O O<br>n/a<br>117                              | 5.3.5   | FDI net inflows, % GDP<br>Research talent, % in businesses   | Ø                             | 3.1<br>31.4  | 46 <b>●</b><br>41 <b>● ◆</b>                          |
| 2.2.2<br>2.2.3<br><b>2.3</b><br>2.3.1<br>2.3.2<br>2.3.3 | Tertiary education Tertiary enrolment, % gross Graduates in science and engineering, % Tertiary inbound mobility, %  Research and development (R&D) Researchers, FTE/mn pop. Gross expenditure on R&D, % GDP Global corporate R&D investors, top 3, mn US\$ QS university ranking, top 3* | n/a<br>0.9  | 122<br>n/a<br>91                                   | 6.1<br>6.1.1<br>6.1.2<br>6.1.3<br>6.1.4<br>6.1.5                          | Knowledge and technology outputs  Knowledge creation Patents by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP PCT patents by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP Utility models by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP Scientific and technical articles/bn PPP\$ GDP Citable documents H-index  Knowledge impact Labor productivity growth, % |                               | 3.6<br>0.1<br>0.0<br>n/a<br>4.9<br>5.1<br>18.5<br>0.7                  | 94  118  117  98 0 0  n/a  109  104  112  51          |
| <b>₽</b> <sup>©</sup>                                   | Infrastructure Information and communication technologies (ICTs)  | 22.5<br>30.0  | 125  | 6.2.2<br>6.2.3<br>6.2.4<br>6.2.5  | New businesses/th pop. 15–64<br>Software spending, % GDP<br>ISO 9001 quality certificates/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>High-tech manufacturing, %   |                               | 0.3<br>0.0<br>0.5<br>n/a   | 108<br>115<br>123<br>n/a                              |
| 3.1.3<br>3.1.4<br><b>3.2</b><br>3.2.1                   | E-participation*  General infrastructure  | 36.9<br>16.3<br>34.7<br>32.1<br><b>22.0</b><br>n/a<br>25.2          | 113<br>118<br>122<br>123<br><b>98</b><br>n/a<br>92 | 6.3<br>6.3.1<br>6.3.2<br>6.3.3<br>6.3.4                                   | Production and export complexity High-tech exports, % total trade ICT services exports, % total trade  | <ul><li>Ø</li><li>Ø</li></ul> | 18.6<br>0.0<br>32.6<br>0.1<br>4.6                                      | 58 ● ◆<br>108<br>84<br>123<br>18 ● ◆                  |
| <b>3.3</b><br>3.3.1<br>3.3.2                            | Gross capital formation, % GDP  Ecological sustainability GDP/unit of energy use Environmental performance* ISO 14001 environmental certificates/bn PPP\$ GDP   | n/a<br>29.4   | 98<br><b>124</b><br>n/a<br>123<br>104              | <b>7.1</b> 7.1.1 7.1.2 7.1.3  | Intangible assets Trademarks by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP Global brand value, top 5,000, % GDP Industrial designs by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP ICTs and organizational model creation <sup>†</sup>   |                               | 9.6<br>13.9<br>5.6<br>0.0<br>0.3<br>45.0                               |   |
| <b>4.1</b><br>4.1.1                                     | Market sophistication  Credit Ease of getting credit* Domestic credit to private sector, % GDP Microfinance gross loans, % GDP  | 30.0  | <b>125</b><br>122                                  | <b>7.2</b><br>7.2.1<br>7.2.2<br>7.2.3<br>7.2.4                            | Creative goods and services Cultural and creative services exports, % total trade National feature films/mn pop. 15–69 Entertainment and media market/th pop. 15–69 Printing and other media, % manufacturing  | Ø<br>Ø                        |  | [ <b>129]</b><br>79<br>108 (> <)<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>126 |
| 4.2.3   | Investment Ease of protecting minority investors* Market capitalization, % GDP Venture capital investors, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP Venture capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP Trade, diversification, and market scale  | 42.0<br>42.0<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>45.0                           | 102<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>n/a                           | <b>7.3</b> 7.3.1 7.3.2 7.3.3  | Online creativity Generic top-level domains (TLDs)/th pop. 15–69 Country-code TLDs/th pop. 15–69 Wikipedia edits/mn pop. 15–69 Mobile app creation/bn PPP\$ GDP  |                               | 9.7  | 95<br>122<br>45 ● ◆<br>111<br>n/a                     |
| 4.3.1<br>4.3.2  | Applied tariff rate, weighted avg., %  Domestic industry diversification  Domestic market scale, bn PPP\$   | 7.2<br>n/a  | 98   |   |  |                               |  |   |

NOTES: • indicates a strength;  $\bigcirc$  a weakness; • an income group strength;  $\bigcirc$  an income group weakness; \* an index; † a survey question.  $\odot$  indicates that the economy's data are older than the base year; see appendices for details, including the year of the data, at http://globalinnovationindex.org. Square brackets [] indicate that the data minimum coverage (DMC) requirements were not met at the sub-pillar or pillar level.

47.6 104

Malta GII 2021 rank

 Output rank
 Input rank
 Income
 Region
 Population (mn)
 GDP, PPP\$ (bn)
 GDP per capita, PPP\$
 GII 2020 rank

 22
 29
 High
 EUR
 0.4
 21.6
 43,087
 27

| •                              |   |  | ·   | <b>.</b>                                       | 2110 40,007  |  |  |
|--------------------------------|---|--|---|--|--|--|--|
|                                |   | Score/<br>Value  | Rank  |  |  | Score/<br>Value  | Rank   |
| 血                              | Institutions  | 73.9   | 37  | 2  | Business sophistication  | 53.7   | 14   |
|                                | Political environment Political and operational stability* Government effectiveness* Regulatory environment Regulatory quality* Rule of law* Cost of redundancy dismissal                       | <b>73.3</b> 80.4 69.7 <b>85.1</b> 68.5 71.8 8.0                    | 36<br>29<br>37<br>19<br>38<br>32<br>1 • ◆   | 5.1.3<br>5.1.4<br>5.1.5<br><b>5.2</b>          | Firms offering formal training, % GERD performed by business, % GDP GERD financed by business, % Females employed w/advanced degrees, % Innovation linkages  | <b>52.9</b> 44.6 49.9 0.4 59.6 16.0 <b>48.6</b>        | 23<br>19<br>18<br>45<br>14<br>43<br>14                   |
|                                | Business environment Ease of starting a business* Ease of resolving insolvency*   |  | <b>93</b> ○ ◇<br>69<br>105 ○ ◇              | 5.2.2<br>5.2.3<br>5.2.4                        | University-industry R&D collaboration <sup>†</sup> State of cluster development and depth <sup>†</sup> GERD financed by abroad, % GDP Joint venture/strategic alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP Patent families/bn PPP\$ GDP                         | 43.8<br>53.5<br>0.1<br>0.5<br>2.0                      | 60<br>40<br>50<br>1 ● ◆<br>18                            |
| 2.1.3<br>2.1.4                 | Education Expenditure on education, % GDP Government funding/pupil, secondary, % GDP/cap School life expectancy, years PISA scales in reading, maths and science Pupil-teacher ratio, secondary | 39.3<br>62.2<br>4.8<br>29.2<br>16.8<br>458.8<br>© 7.1              | 41<br>21<br>46<br>9<br>19<br>42<br>2 • ◆    | 5.3.2<br>5.3.3<br>5.3.4                        | Knowledge absorption Intellectual property payments, % total trade High-tech imports, % total trade ICT services imports, % total trade FDI net inflows, % GDP Research talent, % in businesses  | 59.5<br>4.0<br>5.4<br>1.8<br>28.5<br>52.0              | <b>4                                    </b>             |
| 2.2<br>2.2.1<br>2.2.2<br>2.2.3 | Tertiary education Tertiary enrolment, % gross Graduates in science and engineering, % Tertiary inbound mobility, %   | <b>36.5</b> 64.9 20.6 10.0   | 53<br>41<br>69 0<br>22                      |  | PCT patents by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP   | 28.3<br>21.5<br>2.6<br>1.9                             | <b>50</b> 30 20  |
| 2.3.2<br>2.3.3                 | Research and development (R&D) Researchers, FTE/mn pop. Gross expenditure on R&D, % GDP Global corporate R&D investors, top 3, mn US\$ QS university ranking, top 3*                            | 2,116.4<br>0.6<br>40.1<br>0.0                                      | 39<br>59<br>39<br>74 $\bigcirc$ $\Diamond$  | 6.1.4<br>6.1.5<br><b>6.2</b>                   | Utility models by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP Scientific and technical articles/bn PPP\$ GDP Citable documents H-index Knowledge impact Labor productivity growth, %   | n/a<br>20.4<br>6.8<br><b>37.6</b><br>-3.7              | n/a<br>44<br>91 ○ ♦<br><b>33</b><br>115 ○ ♦              |
| ₽.                             | Infrastructure  | 56.4   | 18  | 6.2.2<br>6.2.3                                 | New businesses/th pop. 15–64<br>Software spending, % GDP   | 17.5<br>0.3  | 6 ◆<br>34  |
| 3.1.3<br>3.1.4<br><b>3.2</b>   | Information and communication technologies (ICT ICT access* ICT use* Government's online service* E-participation*  General infrastructure Electricity output, GWh/mn pop.                      | (s) 85.0<br>92.2<br>83.2<br>81.2<br>83.3<br><b>26.9</b><br>4,152.0 | 20<br>5 ● ◆<br>13<br>40<br>38<br>71 ♦<br>54 | 6.2.5<br><b>6.3</b><br>6.3.1<br>6.3.2<br>6.3.3 | ISO 9001 quality certificates/bn PPP\$ GDP High-tech manufacturing, %  Knowledge diffusion Intellectual property receipts, % total trade Production and export complexity High-tech exports, % total trade ICT services exports, % total trade | 9.5<br>38.4<br><b>25.9</b><br>2.8<br>n/a<br>3.9<br>0.6 | 28<br>30<br><b>44</b><br>9 <b>♦</b><br>n/a<br>41<br>96 ○ |
|                                | Logistics performance* Gross capital formation, % GDP   | 35.6<br>23.4   | 68 <> 56                                    | €,   | Creative outputs   | 52.0   | 9 🔸  |
| 3.3.2                          | Ecological sustainability GDP/unit of energy use Environmental performance* ISO 14001 environmental certificates/bn PPP\$ GDP   | <b>57.4</b> 28.7 70.7 2.2  | 3 • ◆<br>3 • ◆<br>23<br>36                  | 7.1.3  | Intangible assets Trademarks by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP Global brand value, top 5,000, % GDP Industrial designs by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP ICTs and organizational model creation <sup>†</sup>   | <b>54.5</b><br>104.7<br>86.2<br>4.4<br>64.4            | <b>12</b>  |
| iii                            | Market sophistication   | 47.0   | 63  | <b>7.2</b><br>721                              | Creative goods and services Cultural and creative services exports, % total trade  | <b>45.4</b> 12.6                                       | 5 • <b>♦</b><br>1 • <b>♦</b>                             |
| 4.1.2<br>4.1.3                 | Credit Ease of getting credit* Domestic credit to private sector, % GDP Microfinance gross loans, % GDP   | 32.8<br>35.0<br>75.9<br>n/a  | 98 ○ ◇<br>118 ○ ◇<br>41<br>n/a              | 7.2.2<br>7.2.3<br>7.2.4<br>7.2.5               | National feature films/mn pop. 15–69 Entertainment and media market/th pop. 15–69 Printing and other media, % manufacturing Creative goods exports, % total trade  | 15.7<br>14.9<br>6.7<br>0.2                             | 7  |
| 4.2.2<br>4.2.3<br>4.2.4        | , , ,   | <b>41.4</b> 66.0 36.4 0.2  ⊘ 0.1                                   | 33<br>50<br>42<br>13<br>16                  | 7.3.2<br>7.3.3                                 | Online creativity Generic top-level domains (TLDs)/th pop. 15–69 Country-code TLDs/th pop. 15–69 Wikipedia edits/mn pop. 15–69 Mobile app creation/bn PPP\$ GDP  | 53.8<br>95.8<br>18.5<br>76.5<br>20.6                   | 16<br>3 • ◆<br>31<br>17<br>26                            |
| 4.3.2                          | Trade, diversification, and market scale Applied tariff rate, weighted avg., % Domestic industry diversification Domestic market scale, bn PPP\$  | 66.9<br>1.8<br>93.4<br>21.6  | <b>72</b><br>25<br>40<br>127 ○ ◊            |  |  |  |  |

### **Mauritius**

**52** 

| Output rank              | Input rank                                 | Income                            | Region              | Populat             | tion (mn) | GDP, PPP\$ (bn)                                   | GDP per capita, PPP\$                     | GII 20              | 20 rai          |
|--------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-----------|---|---|---------------------|-----------------|
| 58                       | 48   | High                              | SSF                 | 1                   | .3        | 26.3  | 20,719                                    |                     | 52              |
|                          |  |                                   | Score/              |                     |           |   |   | Score/              |                 |
| <u> </u>                 |  |                                   | Value               |                     | <b>.</b>  |   |   | Value               |                 |
| <u>iii</u> Institu       | tions                                      |                                   | 81.2                | 21 •                |           | Business sophist                                  | ication                                   | 17.1                | 111             |
|                          | l environment                              | 4 - 1- 1114 · *                   | 76.4                | 30                  |           | Knowledge workers                                 |   | 15.9                | 110             |
|                          | and operational s<br>nent effectiveness    |                                   | 89.3<br>70.0        | 6 <b>● ◆</b><br>36  |           | Knowledge-intensive e<br>Firms offering formal tr |   | 24.1<br>n/a         | 64<br>n/a       |
|                          | ory environmen                             |                                   | 83.2                | 24                  | 5.1.3     | GERD performed by b                               | usiness, % GDP ©                          |                     | 81              |
| 2.1 Regulate             | ory quality*                               |                                   | 69.5                | 35                  |           | GERD financed by bus<br>Females employed w/a      |   | 4.1<br>9.2          | 85 (<br>74      |
| 2.2 Rule of I            | aw*<br>redundancy dismi                    | iseal                             | 66.8<br>8.9         | 34<br>23 ●          |           | nnovation linkages                                | davancea degrees, 70                      | 17.9                | 85              |
|                          | ss environment                             | 10001                             | 84.1                | 21 ●                |           | Jniversity-industry R&                            | D collaboration <sup>†</sup>              | 31.1                | 109             |
|                          | starting a busines                         | ss*                               | 94.5                | 19 •                |           | State of cluster develo                           | •   | 47.4                | 60              |
| 3.2 Ease of              | resolving insolven                         | ncy*                              | 73.8                | 26                  |           | GERD financed by abr<br>Joint venture/strategic   | oad, % GDP<br>alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP | 0.0                 | 86<br>38        |
| . 0 . 11                 |  |                                   | 00.0                |                     |           | Patent families/bn PPF                            |   | 0.2                 | 46              |
| Huma                     | n capital and                              | research                          | 30.6                | <b>71</b> ♦         |           | Knowledge absorption                              |   | 17.5                |                 |
| 1 Educati                |  |                                   | 58.6                | 35                  |           | ntellectual property pa<br>High-tech imports, % t | ayments, % total trade                    | 0.2<br>6.0          | 89<br>97        |
|                          | ture on education                          | ı, % GDP<br>, secondary, % GDP/ca | 4.7<br>o 30.4       | 50<br>6 <b>● ◆</b>  |           | CT services imports, 9                            |   | 1.8                 | 37              |
|                          | ife expectancy, ye                         |                                   | ② 15.1              | 51                  |           | DI net inflows, % GDI                             |   | 3.2                 | 42              |
|                          | ales in reading, m                         |                                   | n/a                 | n/a                 | 5.3.5 F   | Research talent, % in I                           | ousinesses                                | 4.4                 | 72              |
|                          | acher ratio, secon                         | idary                             | 12.2                | 50                  | مهور      | Knowledge and                                     | technology outputs                        | 13.6                | 93              |
| -                        | education<br>enrolment, % gro              | SS                                | <b>30.1</b> ② 40.6  | <b>75</b> ♦ 72 ♦    | ugu i     | Kilowieuge allu                                   | technology outputs                        | 10.0                | 90              |
|                          | es in science and                          |                                   | ② 23.3              | 51                  |           | Knowledge creation                                |   |                     | [104]           |
| 2.3 Tertiary             | inbound mobility,                          | %                                 | Ø 5.4               | 45                  |           | Patents by origin/bn Pl<br>PCT patents by origin/ |   | 0.1<br>n/a          | 108<br>n/a      |
|                          | ch and developm                            |                                   | 3.1                 | 88 ♦                |           | Jtility models by origin                          |   | n/a                 | n/a             |
|                          | hers, FTE/mn pop<br>xpenditure on R&I      |                                   | ② 473.9<br>② 0.3    | 70 <> 77 <>         |           |   | ll articles/bn PPP\$ GDP                  | 8.9                 | 94              |
| 3.3 Global o             | orporate R&D inv                           | estors, top 3, mn US\$            | 0.0                 | 41 ○ ◊              |           | Citable documents H-i                             | naex                                      | 3.5                 | 118             |
| 3.4 QS unive             | ersity ranking, top                        | 3*                                | 0.0                 | 74 ○ ◊              |           | Knowledge impact<br>_abor productivity gro        | wth, %                                    | <b>21.4</b><br>–1.9 | <b>95</b><br>99 |
| <b>∤</b>                 | lui i a ti i u a                           |                                   | 40.4                | <b>CF</b> ^         | 6.2.2     | New businesses/th po                              | p. 15–64                                  | 9.3                 | 18              |
| r IIIIrasi               | tructure                                   |                                   | 42.4                | 65 ♢                |           | Software spending, %<br>SO 9001 quality certifi   |   | 0.2<br>6.6          | 76<br>42        |
|                          |  | ication technologies (IC          | •                   | 59 ♦                |           | High-tech manufacturi                             |   | 3.3                 | 106             |
| .1 ICT acce              |  |                                   | 76.2<br>63.9        | 46<br>57 ♦          | 6.3 I     | Knowledge diffusion                               |   | 13.5                | 75              |
|                          | nent's online serv                         | ice*                              | 70.0                | 69 ♦                |           | ntellectual property re                           | •   | 0.0                 | 93              |
| .4 E-partic              | ipation*                                   |                                   | 64.3                | 80 ♦                |           | Production and export<br>High-tech exports, % t   |   | 39.9<br>0.4         | 68<br>95        |
|                          | l infrastructure                           | n non                             | <b>23.2</b> 2,475.9 | <b>92</b> ♦ 75 ♦    |           | CT services exports,                              |   | 2.2                 | 49              |
|                          | ty output, GWh/m<br>s performance*         | ın pop.                           | 2,475.9             | 75                  |           |   |   |                     |                 |
| -                        | apital formation, 9                        | % GDP                             | 21.9                | 69                  | €,        | Creative outputs                                  |   | 36.3                | 31              |
|                          | cal sustainability                         | у                                 | 35.3                | 46                  | 7.1 I     | ntangible assets                                  |   | 53.3                | 14              |
|                          | it of energy use<br>nental performan       | CO*                               | 19.6<br>45.1        | 8 <b>● ◆</b><br>73  |           | Trademarks by origin/b                            |   | 85.0                | 17              |
|                          | •  | ertificates/bn PPP\$ GDI          |                     | 81 ♦                |           | Global brand value, top<br>ndustrial designs by o |   | n/a<br>3.8          | n/a<br>29       |
|                          |  |                                   |                     |                     |           | CTs and organizationa                             | •   | 53.2                | 65              |
| ዠ Marke                  | t sophisticati                             | on                                | 55.5                | 29                  | 7.2       | Creative goods and s                              | services                                  | 19.6                | 56              |
| Credit                   |  |                                   | 48.7                | 37                  |           |   | rvices exports, % total trade             | 0.6                 | 42              |
| .1 Ease of               | getting credit*                            |                                   | 65.0                | 61                  |           | National feature films/r<br>Entertainment and me  | nn pop. 15-69<br>dia market/th pop. 15-69 | 9.5<br>n/a          | 21<br>n/a       |
|                          | ic credit to private                       |                                   | 80.2                | 36<br>n/a           | 7.2.4 F   | Printing and other med                            | lia, % manufacturing ②                    | 1.8                 | 19              |
|                          | ance gross loans,                          | , 70 GDP                          | n/a<br>56.6         | n/a<br>14 •         |           | Creative goods export                             | s, % total trade                          | 0.7                 | 56              |
| 2 Investm<br>2.1 Ease of | <b>ient</b><br>protecting minorit          | tv investors*                     | <b>56.6</b> 78.0    | <b>14 ●</b><br>18 ● |           | Online creativity                                 | ains (TLDs)/th pop. 15–69                 | 19.2                | <b>59</b>       |
| 2.2 Market of            | capitalization, % (                        | GDP .                             | 68.1                | 24                  |           | Generic top-level dom<br>Country-code TLDs/th     | · / / ! !                                 | 13.0<br>2.4         | 35<br>65        |
|                          |  | deals/bn PPP\$ GDP                | 0.9                 | 1 ● ♦               | 7.3.3 \   | Wikipedia edits/mn po                             | p. 15–69                                  | 59.7                | 52              |
|                          |  | , deals/bn PPP\$ GDP              | Ø 0.1               | 20                  | 7.3.4     | Mobile app creation/bi                            | n PPP\$ GDP                               | 0.4                 | 81              |
|                          | liversification, a<br>tariff rate, weighte |                                   | <b>61.3</b><br>1.1  | <b>89</b> ♦ 13 ●    |           |   |   |                     |                 |
| 3.2 Domesti              | ic industry diversi                        | fication                          | 75.1                | 90                  |           |   |   |                     |                 |
| 3.3 Domesti              | ic market scale, b                         | n PPP\$                           | 26.2                | 125 ○ ◊             |           |   |   |                     |                 |

NOTES: • indicates a strength;  $\bigcirc$  a weakness; • an income group strength;  $\bigcirc$  an income group weakness; \* an index; † a survey question.  $\odot$  indicates that the economy's data are older than the base year; see appendices for details, including the year of the data, at http://globalinnovationindex.org. Square brackets [] indicate that the data minimum coverage (DMC) requirements were not met at the sub-pillar or pillar level.

26.2 125 ○ ◊

GII 2021 rank

Mexico

Region

Income

Output rank Input rank

**55** 

Population (mn) GDP, PPP\$ (bn) GDP per capita, PPP\$ GII 2020 rank

| <b>51</b>         |                      | 62                                 | Upper middle                            | LCN                 |                    | 128.9               | 2,424.5   | 18,804                                    |                     | 55                  |
|-------------------|----------------------|------------------------------------|---|---------------------|--------------------|---------------------|---|---|---------------------|---------------------|
|                   |                      |                                    |   |                     |                    |                     | ,   | ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,   |                     |                     |
|                   |                      |                                    |   | Score/<br>Value     | Rank               |                     |   |   | Score/<br>Value     | Rank                |
| <u> </u>          | nstitut              | ions                               |   | 61.0                | 77                 | 2                   | Business sophis                                 | tication                                  | 27.2                | 56                  |
| 1.1.1 P           | olitical a           | environment<br>and operations      | al stability*                           | <b>49.9</b> 55.4    | <b>90</b><br>112 O |                     | Knowledge workers<br>Knowledge-intensive        |   | <b>28.7</b> 20.2    | <b>76</b> 79        |
|                   |                      | ent effectiven                     |   | 47.2<br><b>55.0</b> | 84<br><b>94</b>    |                     | Firms offering formal t<br>GERD performed by b  | •   | 50.8<br>0.1         | 17 <b>●</b><br>68   |
|                   | -                    | <b>ory environm</b><br>ry quality* | ent                                     | 46.2                | 65                 | 5.1.4               | GERD financed by bus                            | siness, %                                 | 18.2                | 68                  |
| 1.2.2 R           |                      |                                    |   | 29.4                |                    |                     | Females employed w/                             | advanced degrees, %                       | 9.8                 | 71                  |
|                   |                      | edundancy dis<br>s environmer      |   | 22.0<br><b>78.2</b> | 96<br><b>37</b>    | <b>5.2</b><br>5.2.1 | Innovation linkages University-industry R8      | D collaboration†                          | <b>17.5</b><br>38.7 | <b>90</b><br>84     |
|                   |                      | tarting a busir                    |   | 86.1                | 83                 | 5.2.2               | State of cluster develo                         | pment and depth <sup>†</sup>              | 55.0                | 36                  |
| 1.3.2 E           | ase of re            | esolving insolv                    | /ency*                                  | 70.3                | 31                 | •                   | GERD financed by abi                            | oad, % GDP<br>alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP | 0.0<br>0.0          | 91 ⊜<br>99          |
| o⊕ L              | lumon                | oonital on                         | nd research                             | 33.2                | 56                 |                     | Patent families/bn PPI                          |   | 0.0                 | 64                  |
|                   |                      |                                    | d research                              |                     |                    | 5.3                 | Knowledge absorpti                              |   | 35.5                | 40                  |
|                   | ducatio              | <b>on</b><br>ure on educat         | ion % GDP                               | <b>43.6</b> 4.5     | <b>82</b><br>57    |                     | High-tech imports, %                            | ayments, % total trade total trade        | 0.1<br>18.2         | 110 ♦               |
|                   |                      |                                    | ion, % GDP<br>ipil, secondary, % GDP/ca |                     | 81                 | 5.3.3               | ICT services imports,                           | % total trade                             | 0.0                 | 130 ○ ◊             |
|                   |                      | e expectancy                       |   | 14.9                | 54                 |                     | FDI net inflows, % GD                           |   | 2.7                 | 61                  |
|                   |                      | _                                  | maths and science                       | 416.2               | 57                 | 5.3.5               | Research talent, % in                           | businesses                                | 43.7                | 30                  |
|                   | -                    | cher ratio, sec                    | condary                                 | Ø 17.0              | 83                 | مهم                 | Knowledge and                                   | technology outputs                        | 24.8                | 53                  |
|                   | -                    | education<br>nrolment, % g         | aross                                   | <b>30.4</b> 41.5    | <b>74</b><br>71    | <u></u>             | Knowledge and                                   | technology outputs                        | 24.0                | 30                  |
|                   |                      |                                    | nd engineering, %                       | 26.0                | 34                 | 6.1                 | Knowledge creation                              | DD4 0DD                                   | 11.3                | 74                  |
| 2.2.3 To          | ertiary ir           | nbound mobili                      | ty, %                                   | 0.2                 | 107 🔾              | ♦ 6.1.1<br>6.1.2    | Patents by origin/bn P PCT patents by origin/   |   | 0.5<br>0.1          | 80<br>68            |
|                   |                      |                                    | pment (R&D)                             | 25.6                | 41                 |                     | Utility models by origin                        |   | 0.2                 | 47                  |
|                   |                      | ners, FTE/mn  <br>penditure on f   | •                                       | 327.2<br>0.3        | 76<br>81           |                     |   | al articles/bn PPP\$ GDP                  | 7.8                 | 96                  |
|                   |                      | •                                  | investors, top 3, mn US\$               |                     |                    | <b>*</b>            | Citable documents H-                            | index                                     | 29.1                | 34 ♦                |
| 2.3.4 Q           | S unive              | rsity ranking,                     | top 3*                                  | 43.2                | 27 ●               | <b>♦ 6.2</b>        | Knowledge impact Labor productivity gro         | wth %                                     | <b>29.6</b><br>-2.7 | <b>64</b><br>110 () |
|                   |                      |                                    |   |                     |                    |                     | New businesses/th po                            |   | 1.0                 | 84                  |
| ∯ <sup>‡</sup> li | nfrastı              | ructure                            |   | 41.8                | 67                 | 6.2.3               | Software spending, %                            | GDP                                       | 0.2                 | 65                  |
| 3.1 In            | nformati             | on and comm                        | unication technologies (I               | CTs) 70.0           | 58                 |                     | ISO 9001 quality certif<br>High-tech manufactur |   | 3.0<br>48.9         | 75<br>12 ● ◆        |
|                   | CT acce              | ss*                                |   | 58.4                | 79                 | 6.3                 | Knowledge diffusion                             | <b>o</b> .                                | 33.5                | 28 ♦                |
| 3.1.2             |                      | ant'a anlina a                     | onvioo*                                 | 57.2<br>82.3        | 68<br>38           |                     | Intellectual property re                        |   |                     | 107 ○ ♦             |
| 3.1.4 E           |                      | ent's online se<br>pation*         | ervice                                  | 82.3<br>82.1        | 36<br>41           | 6.3.2               | Production and expor                            | complexity                                | 73.7                | 19 ● ♦              |
|                   |                      | infrastructur                      | e                                       | 24.9                | 84                 |                     | High-tech exports, %                            |   | 15.3                | 8 ● ♦               |
|                   |                      | y output, GWh                      |   | 2,693.7             | 70                 | 0.3.4               | ICT services exports,                           | 70 lotal trade                            | 0.0                 | 131 0 0             |
|                   |                      | performance<br>pital formation     |   | 46.6<br>19.3        | 50<br>92           | æ!                  | Creative outputs                                |   | 28.5                | 52                  |
|                   |                      | al sustainab                       |   | 30.6                | 56                 |                     |   |   |                     |                     |
|                   |                      | of energy use                      |   | 13.0                | 39                 | <b>7.1</b><br>71.1  | Intangible assets Trademarks by origin/         | hn PPP\$ GDP                              | <b>32.8</b> 43.0    | <b>56</b><br>54     |
|                   |                      | ental perform                      |   | 52.6                | 49                 |                     | Global brand value, to                          |   | 63.9                | 30                  |
| 3.3.3 IS          | SO 1400 <sup>-</sup> | 1 environment                      | al certificates/bn PPP\$ GD             | OP 0.7              | 75                 | 7.1.3               | Industrial designs by o                         | =   | 0.5                 | 86                  |
| · · · ·           | /larket              | sophistic                          | ation                                   | 48.8                | 55                 |                     | ICTs and organization: Creative goods and       |   | 57.9<br><b>36.9</b> | 53<br><b>16 ● ◆</b> |
| iii N             | nai ke               | . sopilistic                       | ation                                   | 70.0                | 55                 | <b>7.2</b><br>7.2.1 | •   | ervices<br>ervices exports, % total trade | 0.0                 | 111 🔾               |
|                   | redit                | atting our dist                    |   | 42.2                | 59                 | 7.2.2               | National feature films/                         | mn pop. 15–69                             | 2.1                 | 65                  |
|                   | _                    | etting credit*<br>credit to priv   | ate sector, % GDP                       | 90.0<br>36.6        | 10 <b>●</b><br>86  | 1.2.0               |   | dia market/th pop. 15–69                  | 8.5                 | 38                  |
|                   |                      | nce gross loa                      |   | 0.2                 | 45                 |                     | Printing and other med<br>Creative goods export |   | 0.4<br>10.4         | 93 ○ ◊              |
| 4.2 Ir            | nvestme              | ent                                |   | 19.1                | 118 🔾              | 7.2.0               | Online creativity                               | ,   | 11.6                | 86                  |
|                   |                      | •                                  | ority investors*                        | 62.0                | 60                 | 7.3.1               | Generic top-level dom                           | ains (TLDs)/th pop. 15-69                 | 2.6                 | 70                  |
|                   |                      | apitalization, 9<br>apital investo | % GDP<br>rs, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP         | 33.4<br>0.0         | 43<br>80 ⊜         |                     | Country-code TLDs/th                            |   | 4.1                 | 57                  |
|                   |                      | •                                  | nts, deals/bit PPP\$ GDP                | 0.0                 | 79                 |                     | Wikipedia edits/mn po<br>Mobile app creation/b  | •   | 39.7<br>1.4         | 84<br>73            |
|                   |                      |                                    | , and market scale                      | 85.1                | 14 ●               |                     | mobile app oreation/b                           | т ф ОБ                                    | 1.4                 | , 0                 |
| 4.3.1 A           | pplied t             | ariff rate, weig                   | hted avg., %                            | ② 1.2               | 15 ●               |                     |   |   |                     |                     |
|                   |                      | industry dive                      |   | 88.9<br>2.424.5     | 55                 |                     |   |   |                     |                     |
| 4.J.J D           | oniesil(             | market scale                       | , ынгггф                                | 2,424.5             | 11 •               | ▼                   |   |   |                     |                     |

## Mongolia

Income

Region

Output rank Input rank

**58** 

GII 2020 rank

| 55 65 Lower middle SE  | EAO   |                                   | 3.3   | 41.1 12,259   |  | 58                                |
|--|---|-----------------------------------|---|---|--|-----------------------------------|
|  | Score/<br>Value                             | Rank                              |   |   | Score/<br>Value                          | Rank                              |
| institutions   | 61.2  | 76                                | • 😅   | Business sophistication   | 24.2                                     | 71                                |
| Political environment Political and operational stability* Government effectiveness*   | <b>55.3</b> 73.2 46.3                       | <b>76</b><br>44<br>87             | <b>◆ 5.1 ♦</b> 5.1.1 5.1.2                            | Knowledge workers<br>Knowledge-intensive employment, %<br>Firms offering formal training, %   | <b>37.3</b> 26.2 66.2                    | <b>50</b><br>57<br>4              |
| Regulatory environment  Regulatory quality*  | <b>70.1</b> 43.2                            | <b>48</b><br>73<br>76             | 5.1.4   | GERD performed by business, % GDP GERD financed by business, % Females employed w/advanced degrees, %   | 0.0<br>8.1<br>23.4                       | 87<br>79<br>18                    |
| Rule of law*     Cost of redundancy dismissal  | 39.7<br>8.7                                 | 18 <b>•</b>                       | <b>♦</b> 5.2  | Innovation linkages   | 12.4                                     |                                   |
| Business environment  Ease of starting a business*  Ease of resolving insolvency*  | <b>58.4</b> 86.7 30.1                       | 110<br>78<br>120 ○                | 5.2.2<br>5.2.3  | University-industry R&D collaboration <sup>†</sup> State of cluster development and depth <sup>†</sup> GERD financed by abroad, % GDP Joint venture/strategic alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP       | 33.3<br>36.1<br>0.0<br>0.0               | 98<br>111<br>85<br>114            |
| Human capital and research   | 27.7  | 81                                | 5.2.5   | Patent families/bn PPP\$ GDP  | 0.0                                      | 75                                |
| Education  Expenditure on education, % GDP  Government funding/pupil, secondary, % GDP/cap ⊙  School life expectancy, years  PISA scales in reading, maths and science  Pupil-teacher ratio, secondary | 45.4<br>4.1<br>15.4<br>14.6<br>n/a<br>13.3  | <b>79</b> 66 73 61 n/a 57         | 5.3.2<br>5.3.3<br>♦ 5.3.4                             | Knowledge absorption Intellectual property payments, % total trade High-tech imports, % total trade ICT services imports, % total trade FDI net inflows, % GDP Research talent, % in businesses | 22.8<br>0.2<br>5.2<br>1.2<br>15.1<br>n/a | 76<br>88<br>108<br>62<br>6<br>n/a |
| Tertiary education   | 37.0  | 50                                | •   | Knowledge and technology outputs  | 15.0                                     | 85                                |
| <ul><li>1 Tertiary enrolment, % gross</li><li>2 Graduates in science and engineering, %</li><li>3 Tertiary inbound mobility, %</li></ul>   | 65.6<br>25.3<br>1.1                         | 40<br>37<br>87                    |   | Knowledge creation Patents by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP PCT patents by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP  | <b>30.5</b><br>2.0<br>0.0                | <b>33</b><br>37<br>98             |
| Research and development (R&D)  Researchers, FTE/mn pop.  Gross expenditure on R&D, % GDP  | 0.6<br>n/a<br>0.1                           | 109<br>n/a<br>104 ()              | 6.1.3<br>6.1.4<br>6.1.5                               | Utility models by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP   | 5.4<br>11.5<br>4.8                       | 1<br>74<br>108                    |
| 3 Global corporate R&D investors, top 3, mn US\$ 4 QS university ranking, top 3*   | 0.0<br>0.0                                  | 41 ○<br>74 ○<br>91                | <ul> <li>6.2</li> <li>6.2.1</li> <li>6.2.2</li> </ul> | Knowledge impact Labor productivity growth, % New businesses/th pop. 15–64 Software spending, % GDP   | <b>8.7</b><br>n/a<br>5.5<br>0.1          | <b>124</b><br>n/a<br>29<br>80     |
| Information and communication technologies (ICTs)  | 55.8  | 89                                | 6.2.4   | ISO 9001 quality certificates/bn PPP\$ GDP High-tech manufacturing, %   | 1.5<br>5.0                               | 97<br>99                          |
| 1 ICT access* 2 ICT use* 3 Government's online service* 4 E-participation* General infrastructure  | 54.2<br>55.2<br>52.9<br>60.7<br><b>28.6</b> | 86<br>72<br>98<br>85<br><b>67</b> | 6.3.2<br>6.3.3  | Knowledge diffusion Intellectual property receipts, % total trade Production and export complexity High-tech exports, % total trade   | <b>5.9</b><br>0.0<br>23.6<br>0.5         | 85<br>104<br>92                   |
| 1 Electricity output, GWh/mn pop. 2 Logistics performance*   | 2,061.5<br>15.2                             | 79<br>116 〇                       | Ø   | ICT services exports, % total trade   | 0.5                                      |                                   |
| 3 Gross capital formation, % GDP  Ecological sustainability  | 33.8<br><b>16.6</b>                         | 14 ●<br>118                       |   | Creative outputs  | 37.5                                     | 28                                |
| 1 GDP/unit of energy use<br>2 Environmental performance*<br>3 ISO 14001 environmental certificates/bn PPP\$ GDP  | 7.2<br>32.2<br>0.3                          | 100<br>114<br>95                  | <b>7.1</b><br>7.1.1<br>7.1.2<br>7.1.3<br>7.1.4        | Industrial designs by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP   | 55.1<br>261.5<br>0.0<br>20.7<br>42.8     | 1<br>80<br>1<br>102               |
| Market sophistication  | 63.4  | 13 ●                              |   | Creative goods and services Cultural and creative services exports, % total trade   | <b>27.3</b><br>n/a                       |                                   |
| Credit 1 Ease of getting credit* 2 Domestic credit to private sector, % GDP 3 Microfinance gross loans, % GDP  | <b>59.6</b><br>80.0<br>49.6<br>12.9         | 15 •<br>23<br>72<br>1 •           | ◆ 7.2.2<br>7.2.3<br>7.2.4                             | National feature films/mn pop. 15–69 Entertainment and media market/th pop. 15–69 Printing and other media, % manufacturing Creative goods exports, % total trade                               | 26.1<br>n/a<br>1.1                       | 3<br>n/a<br>42<br>115             |
| Investment  Ease of protecting minority investors*  Market capitalization, % GDP  Venture capital investors, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP  Venture capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP                        | <b>74.0</b><br>74.0<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>n/a    | [8]<br>24<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>n/a    | 7.3.2<br>7.3.3  | Online creativity Generic top-level domains (TLDs)/th pop. 15–69 Country-code TLDs/th pop. 15–69 Wikipedia edits/mn pop. 15–69 Mobile app creation/bn PPP\$ GDP                                 | 12.6<br>0.6<br>2.3<br>47.6<br>0.1        | 82<br>102<br>67<br>70<br>90       |
| <ul> <li>Trade, diversification, and market scale</li> <li>Applied tariff rate, weighted avg., %</li> <li>Domestic industry diversification</li> <li>Domestic market scale, bn PPP\$</li> </ul>        | <b>56.5</b> 5.3 70.1 41.1                   | 105<br>88<br>98<br>108            |   | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·   |  |                                   |

Population (mn) GDP, PPP\$ (bn) GDP per capita, PPP\$

## Montenegro

**50** 

| Output rank                       | Input rank                            | Income                           | Region               | Pop               | ulation (mn | ) GDP, PPP\$ (bn)                                     | GDP per capita, PPP\$                     | GII 20   | 20 rank            |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------|-------------|---|---|--|--------------------|
| 53                                | 53                                    | Upper middle                     | EUR                  |                   | 0.6         | 12.4  | 19,931                                    | Score/ Value R 25.3  33.1 36.4 15.8 0.2 37.8 17.4 18.2 45.5 43.0 0.0 0.0 10 24.6 0.2 6.4 2.3 9.6 15.9  17.1 16.8 1.2 0.0 n/a 31.2 2.3 26.9 n/a 11.3 0.4 11.7 10.3 7.5 1 0.0 1.7 10.3 7.5 29.8 1.8 1.9 30.5 29.8 1.9 0.1 52.6 24.3 0.5 13.3 | 49                 |
|                                   |                                       |                                  | Score/<br>Value      | Rank              |             |   |   |  | Rank               |
| ii Institu                        | itions                                |                                  | 69.6                 | 48                |             | Business sophist                                      | tication                                  | 25.3   | 67                 |
|                                   | l environment                         |                                  | 59.9                 | 59                |             | Knowledge workers                                     |   |  | 61                 |
|                                   | and operationa<br>nent effectiven     | ,                                | 71.4<br>54.1         | 54<br>61          |             | Knowledge-intensive of<br>Firms offering formal to    |   |  | 35 ◀               |
|                                   | tory environm                         |                                  | 72.4                 | 42                |             | GERD performed by b                                   |   |  | 54                 |
| -                                 | ory quality*                          |                                  | 53.0                 | 55                |             | GERD financed by bus                                  |   |  | 50                 |
| 1.2.2 Rule of I                   |                                       | amianal                          | 49.2                 | 58                |             | Females employed w/a                                  | advanced degrees, %                       |  | 39                 |
|                                   | redundancy dis<br>ss environmer       |                                  | 11.2<br><b>76.4</b>  | 35<br><b>44</b>   |             | Innovation linkages<br>University-industry R&         | D collaboration†                          |  | <b>82</b><br>52    |
|                                   | starting a busir                      |                                  | 86.7                 | <b>44</b><br>79   | 5.2.2       | State of cluster develo                               | pment and depth <sup>†</sup>              | 43.0   | 85                 |
|                                   | resolving insolv                      |                                  | 66.1                 | 40                |             | GERD financed by abr                                  | oad, % GDP<br>alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP |  | 57<br>48           |
|                                   |                                       |                                  |                      |                   |             | Patent families/bn PPF                                |   |  | 100 🔾              |
| <b>Huma</b>                       | n capital ar                          | nd research                      | 32.7                 | 59                |             | Knowledge absorption                                  |   | 24.6   | 70                 |
| 2.1 Educati                       | ion                                   |                                  | 58.8                 | [34]              | 5.3.1       | Intellectual property pa                              | ayments, % total trade                    | 0.2  | 92                 |
| 2.1.1 Expendi                     | iture on educat                       |                                  | n/a                  | n/a               |             | High-tech imports, % ICT services imports,            |   |  | 92<br>25 ● •       |
|                                   | 0 1                                   | upil, secondary, % GDP/cap       | o n/a<br>14.9        | n/a<br>53         |             | FDI net inflows, % GD                                 |   |  | 8 •                |
|                                   | life expectancy<br>ales in reading.   | , years<br>, maths and science   | 421.9                | 55                |             | Research talent, % in                                 |   | 15.9   | 58                 |
|                                   | acher ratio, sed                      |                                  | 14.4                 | 69                |             |   |   |  |                    |
| 2.2 Tertiary                      | education                             |                                  | 34.5                 | 63                | مهم         | Knowledge and   | technology outputs                        | 17.1   | 78                 |
|                                   | enrolment, %                          |                                  | 54.2                 | 56                | 6.1         | Knowledge creation                                    |   | 16.8   | 62                 |
|                                   | inbound mobil                         | and engineering, %<br>itv. %     | 20.5<br>n/a          | 70<br>n/a         |             | Patents by origin/bn P                                | PP\$ GDP                                  |  | 60                 |
| -                                 | ch and develo                         | -                                | 4.7                  | 77                |             | PCT patents by origin/                                |   |  | 98 🔾 <             |
|                                   | hers, FTE/mn                          |                                  | Ø 763.0              | 56                |             | Utility models by origing<br>Scientific and technical | al articles/bn PPP\$ GDP                  |  | n/a<br>28 ⋅        |
|                                   | xpenditure on I                       |                                  | Ø 0.5                | 67                | 6.1.5       | Citable documents H-                                  |   |  | 127 🔾              |
|                                   | ersity ranking,                       | investors, top 3, mn US\$ top 3* | 0.0<br>0.0           | 41 C              | 6.2         | Knowledge impact                                      |   | 26.9   | 77                 |
|                                   | o. o. c, . c                          | .op 0                            | 0.0                  |                   | 6.2.1       | Labor productivity gro                                |   |  | n/a                |
| ರ <sup>‡</sup> Infrasi            | tructure                              |                                  | 43.2                 | 60                |             | New businesses/th po<br>Software spending, %          | •   |  | 10 <b>●</b> •      |
| 0.1 Informa                       | #ia.u. a.u.al a.a.u.u.                | isatian taabaalaaisa (IC         | T-\ 60.6             | 75                |             | ISO 9001 quality certif                               |   |  | 25 ●               |
| <b>3.1 Informa</b> 3.1.1 ICT acco |                                       | unication technologies (IC       | <b>Ts) 63.6</b> 78.2 | <b>75</b><br>40   | 6.2.5       | High-tech manufacturi                                 | ing, %                                    |  | 87 🔾               |
| 3.1.2 ICT use                     | •                                     |                                  | 67.1                 | 54                | ▼           | Knowledge diffusion                                   |   |  | 104                |
|                                   | ment's online s                       | ervice*                          | 54.1                 | 96                |             | Intellectual property re<br>Production and export     |   |  | 86<br>n/a          |
| 3.1.4 E-partic                    | •                                     |                                  | 54.8                 | 94                |             | High-tech exports, %                                  |   |  | 113 🔾              |
|                                   | I infrastructur<br>ty output, GWh     |                                  | <b>27.6</b> 6,127.0  | <b>68</b><br>34   | ♦ 6.3.4     | ICT services exports,                                 | % total trade                             | 2.1  | 51                 |
|                                   | s performance                         |                                  | 32.5                 | 76                |             |   |   | 25.0   |                    |
| 3.2.3 Gross c                     | apital formatio                       | n, % GDP                         | 23.0                 | 57                | Ø.          | Creative outputs                                      |   | 35.9   | 33                 |
| -                                 | cal sustainab                         | •                                | 38.6                 | 39                | 7.1         | Intangible assets                                     |   | 30.5   | 66                 |
|                                   | it of energy use<br>mental perform    |                                  | 10.9<br>46.3         | 61<br>68          |             | Trademarks by origin/l                                |   |  | 75<br>n/a          |
|                                   |                                       | al certificates/bn PPP\$ GDF     |                      | 13 •              |             | Global brand value, to<br>Industrial designs by o     |   |  | n/a<br>113 ⊜       |
|                                   |                                       |                                  |                      |                   |             | ICTs and organization                                 | •   |  | 70                 |
| iii Marke                         | t sophistic                           | ation                            | 50.9                 | 41                |             | Creative goods and                                    |   |  | 39                 |
| 4.1 Credit                        |                                       |                                  | 45.0                 | 49                |             |   | rvices exports, % total trade             |  | 49                 |
|                                   | getting credit*                       |                                  | 85.0                 | 14 •              |             | National feature films/I<br>Entertainment and me      | mn pop. 15–69  dia market/th pop. 15–69   | 13.3<br>n/a  | 11 ● ∢<br>n/a      |
|                                   |                                       | ate sector, % GDP                | 49.0                 | 73                |             | Printing and other med                                |   | 3.0  | 4 ● ∢              |
|                                   | ance gross loa                        | ins, % GDP                       | 1.0                  | 24                | 7.2.5       | Creative goods export                                 | s, % total trade                          | 0.1  | 95                 |
| 4.2 Investm<br>4.2.1 Ease of      | nent<br>protecting min                | ority investors*                 | <b>44.9</b> 62.0     | <b>[23]</b><br>60 |             | Online creativity                                     | -i (TI D-) (H                             | 58.4   | 12 ● ∢             |
|                                   | capitalization,                       |                                  | ② 82.6               | 18                |             | Generic top-level dom<br>Country-code TLDs/th         | ains (TLDs)/th pop. 15–69                 | 1.4<br>100.0   | 90<br>1 ● <b>∢</b> |
| 4.2.3 Venture                     | capital investo                       | rs, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP           | n/a                  | n/a               |             | Wikipedia edits/mn po                                 |   | 70.9   | 33                 |
|                                   | -                                     | nts, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP          | n/a                  | n/a               |             | Mobile app creation/b                                 | •   | n/a  | n/a                |
|                                   |                                       | , and market scale               | 62.8                 | 84                |             |   |   |  |                    |
|                                   | tariff rate, weig<br>ic industry dive |                                  | 1.0<br>87.5          | 11 <b>•</b> 62    | ,           |   |   |  |                    |
|                                   | ic market scale                       |                                  |                      | 131 🔾             | ) 🔷         |   |   |  |                    |
|                                   |                                       | •                                |                      | _                 |             |   |   |  |                    |

#### **Morocco**

77

| Output rank                     | Input rank   | Income  | Region  | Population (r                               | mn) GDP, PPP\$ (bn)   | GDP per capita, PPP\$                                   | GII 20                               | )20 rank                      |
|---------------------------------|--|---|---|---|---|---|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 67                              | 84   | Lower middle  | NAWA  | 36.9  | 273.6   | 7,609   | ,                                    | 75                            |
|                                 |  |   | Score/  |   |   |   | Score/                               |                               |
| îî Institu                      | ıtions   |   | Value <b>61.6</b>   | 74 •  | Business sophis   | tication  | Value <b>18.1</b>                    |                               |
| I.1.1 Political                 | <ul> <li>1.1 Political and operational stability*</li> <li>1.2 Government effectiveness*</li> <li>2 Regulatory environment</li> <li>2.1 Regulatory quality*</li> <li>2.2 Rule of law*</li> <li>2.3 Cost of redundancy dismissal</li> </ul> |   | the primary stability*  54.0 80  5.1 Knowledge workers  5.1.1 Knowledge-intensive employment, % |   |   |   | <b>22.1</b> 6.9 35.7                 | <b>97</b><br>115 ()<br>40     |
| .2.1 Regulat                    |  |   | <b>57.7</b> 38.0 43.1   | <b>86</b> 5.1. 86 5.1.                      | <ul><li>3 GERD performed by b</li><li>4 GERD financed by bu</li><li>5 Females employed w/</li></ul>       | ousiness, % GDP @siness, %                              | 0.2                                  | 52<br>61<br>n/a               |
| .2.3 Cost of Busines            |  |   | 20.7<br><b>73.0</b>   | 88 <b>5.2 5.9</b> ♦ 5.2                     | Innovation linkages 1 University-industry R8 2 State of cluster develo                                    |   |                                      | 112 ()<br>114 ()<br>88        |
| .3.2 Ease of                    | resolving insolv   | vency*  | 93.0<br>52.9  | 67 5.2.<br>5.2.                             | .3 GERD financed by ab  | road, % GDP @<br>alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP            |                                      | 76<br>97<br>87                |
| 2.1 Educati                     | ion  | nd research   | 27.5<br>53.2  | 50  | Knowledge absorpti 1 Intellectual property p 2 High-tech imports, %                                       | ayments, % total trade                                  | <b>18.0</b><br>0.3<br>8.5            | <b>103</b><br>79<br>54        |
| 1.1.2 Governm<br>1.1.3 School I | ife expectancy   | ıpil, secondary, % GDP/ca                           | n/a<br>up ② 36.4<br>14.0<br>367.9   | 4 • ◆ 5.3.<br>72 ◆ 5.3.                     | <ul><li>3 ICT services imports,</li><li>4 FDI net inflows, % GD</li><li>5 Research talent, % in</li></ul> | % total trade<br>P                                      | 0.7<br>2.3                           | 90<br>72<br>66                |
| .1.5 Pupil-tea                  | acher ratio, sec<br>education  |   | 18.8<br><b>22.6</b>   | 92<br><b>91</b>                             | Knowledge and   | technology outputs                                      | 20.1                                 | 67                            |
| 2.2 Graduat                     | enrolment, % g<br>es in science a<br>inbound mobili  | ind engineering, %                                  | 38.5<br>19.0<br>2.0   | 77<br>79 <b>6.1</b><br>77 6.1.              | , ,   | PPP\$ GDP   | <b>11.3</b><br>0.7<br>0.2            | <b>75</b><br>74<br>56         |
| 3.1 Researd<br>3.2 Gross e      | ch and develo<br>chers, FTE/mn  <br>xpenditure on F  | pop.<br>R&D, % GDP                                  | <b>6.7</b>  | <b>71</b> 6.1. 50 ♦ 6.1. 50 ♦ 6.1.          |   | n/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>al articles/bn PPP\$ GDP              | n/a<br>14.4<br>11.4                  | n/a<br>60<br>67               |
| .3.4 QS univ                    | ersity ranking,  | investors, top 3, mn US\$<br>top 3*                 | 0.0<br>0.0  |   | Knowledge impact Labor productivity gro New businesses/th po  |   | <b>31.6</b><br>0.1<br>1.9            | <b>60</b><br>63<br>57         |
| ~                               | tructure   |   | 36.3  | 6.2.  | <ul><li>3 Software spending, %</li><li>4 ISO 9001 quality certification</li></ul>                         |   | 0.2<br>3.7                           | 57<br>66                      |
| .1.1 ICT acco                   | ess*<br>*  | unication technologies (10                          | 66.6<br>49.1  | 67 <b>♦ 6.3</b>                             | <ul><li>High-tech manufactur</li><li>Knowledge diffusior</li><li>Intellectual property re</li></ul>       | 1   | 38.5<br><b>17.4</b><br>0.0           | 29 <b>● 63</b> 91 ○           |
| .1.4 E-partic                   | nent's online se<br>ipation*<br><b>I infrastructur</b>   |   | 52.3<br>51.2<br><b>25.0</b>   | 99 6.3.<br>6.3.                             | <ul><li>Production and exports, %</li><li>High-tech exports, %</li><li>ICT services exports,</li></ul>    | t complexity<br>total trade                             | 30.9<br>2.1<br>3.3                   | 90<br>56<br>30 •              |
| .2.2 Logistic                   | ty output, GWh<br>s performance<br>apital formatior  | * ' '   | 1,131.3<br>22.9<br>28.1   | 95<br>103 $\cap$                            | Creative outputs  |   | 22.8                                 | 70                            |
| .3.1 GDP/un<br>.3.2 Environr    | ical sustainab<br>it of energy use<br>mental perform<br>01 environmenta  | •   | 29.1<br>14.5<br>42.3<br>P 0.8   | <b>62 ◆ 7.1</b> 26 <b>● ◆</b> 7.1.85 717171 | 2 Global brand value, to<br>3 Industrial designs by o   | p 5,000, % GDP<br>origin/bn PPP\$ GDP                   | 38.7<br>58.7<br>17.8<br>12.5<br>51.3 | 41 • 37 • 50 10 • 77          |
| <b>iii</b> Marke                | t sophistic  | ation   | 41.9  | 91 7.2                                      | •   |   | <b>5.1</b>                           |                               |
| .1.2 Domest                     | getting credit*<br>ic credit to priv<br>ance gross loa   | ate sector, % GDP<br>ns, % GDP                      | <b>33.1</b><br>45.0<br>87.8<br>0.2  | 101 ○ 7.2.<br>32 • • 7.2.                   | 2 National feature films/   | edia market/th pop. 15–69<br>dia, % manufacturing       | 0.4<br>1.5<br>1.1<br>0.7<br>0.1      | 57<br>75<br>58 ○<br>77<br>101 |
| I.2.2 Market of I.2.3 Venture   | protecting mine<br>capitalization, 9<br>capital investo  | •   | <b>23.3</b><br>70.0<br>55.8<br>0.0<br>0.0   | 98 7.3<br>36 ● 7.3.<br>30 7.3.<br>81 ○ 7.3. | Online creativity   | nains (TLDs)/th pop. 15–69<br>n pop. 15–69<br>pp. 15–69 | 8.8<br>1.5<br>1.1<br>31.8<br>3.3     |                               |
| 4.3.1 Applied<br>4.3.2 Domest   |  | , and market scale<br>ghted avg., %<br>ersification | 69.2<br>3.6<br>② 77.5<br>273.5  | 7.3.<br><b>64</b><br>72<br>84<br>56         | - woole app creation/c  | MII FF  | 3.3                                  | US                            |

NOTES: • indicates a strength;  $\bigcirc$  a weakness; • an income group strength;  $\bigcirc$  an income group weakness; \* an index; † a survey question.  $\odot$  indicates that the economy's data are older than the base year; see appendices for details, including the year of the data, at http://globalinnovationindex.org. Square brackets [] indicate that the data minimum coverage (DMC) requirements were not met at the sub-pillar or pillar level.

273.5 56

# Mozambique

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| Output rank   | Input rank  | put rank Income   | Region   | Population (mn)  |  | GDP, PPP\$ (bn)  | GDP per capita, PPP\$   | GII 2020 ranl   |   |
|---|---|---|--|--|--|--|---|---|---|
| 118   | 122   | Low   | SSF  | 31   | 1.3  | 40.9   | 1,279   | 124   |   |
|   |   |   | Score/<br>Value  | Rank   |  |  |   | Score/<br>Value   | Rank  |
| institu   | ıtions  |   | 43.5   | 127  | <b>₽</b> E   | Business sophist   | ication   | 13.8  | 127   |
| 1.1.1 Political 1.1.2 Governr 1.2 Regular 1.2.1 Regulat 1.2.2 Rule of I 1.2.3 Cost of 1.3 Busines 1.3.1 Ease of 1.3.2 Ease of   | al environment and operational ment effectivenes tory environmen ory quality* law* redundancy disn ss environment starting a busine resolving insolve | es*  nt  nissal  ess*  ency*  | 40.0<br>55.4<br>32.4<br>31.9<br>24.6<br>19.8<br>37.5<br>58.5<br>69.3<br>47.8 | 112<br>120<br><b>126</b> $\diamondsuit$ 115<br>122<br>126 $\diamondsuit$ <b>108</b><br>127 $\diamondsuit$ 78 | 5.1.1 K<br>5.1.2 F<br>5.1.3 G<br>5.1.4 G<br>5.1.5 F<br>5.2 II<br>5.2.1 L<br>5.2.2 S<br>5.2.3 G<br>5.2.4 J<br>5.2.5 F | Knowledge workers Knowledge-intensive efirms offering formal tr BERD performed by busiemales employed w/a nnovation linkages University-industry R& State of cluster develop BERD financed by abroint venture/strategic a Patent families/bn PPF Knowledge absorption  | raining, %  usiness, % GDP  iness, %  indvanced degrees, %  D collaboration <sup>†</sup> pment and depth <sup>†</sup> oad, % GDP  alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP  \$ GDP | 3.9<br>20.7<br>n/a<br>0.5<br>0.7<br><b>18.0</b><br>34.0<br>35.0 | 128 121 ○ ♦ 76 n/a 97 117 83 97 115 34 ● 46 ● 100 ○ ♦ |
| 2.1.2 Governr<br>2.1.3 School I<br>2.1.4 PISA sc  | iture on educatio<br>nent funding/pup<br>life expectancy, y   | il, secondary, % GDP/cap<br>rears<br>naths and science  | 48.0<br>5.5<br>0 40.1<br>0 10.0<br>n/a<br>0 36.5                             | <b>72                                    </b>  | 5.3.2 F<br>5.3.3 K<br>5.3.4 F<br>5.3.5 F   | High-tech imports, % to CT services imports, % to DI net inflows, % GDF Research talent, % in to the desired to the control of | % total trade<br>o<br>ousinesses  | 0.9<br>16.6<br>0.3  | 70 ●<br>114<br>85<br>5 ● ◆<br>86 ○                    |
| <ul><li>2.2.1 Tertiary</li><li>2.2.2 Graduat</li><li>2.2.3 Tertiary</li><li>2.3 Researe</li></ul>   | y education<br>enrolment, % grates in science and<br>inbound mobility<br>ch and developed<br>thers, FTE/mn po   | d engineering, %<br>/, %<br>ment (R&D)  | 2.2<br>7.3<br>9.6<br>0.4<br>1.6<br>② 43.0                                    | <b>128</b> ○ ♦ 119 108 ○ ♦ 103 <b>99</b> 96  | <b>6.1 K</b> 6.1.1 F 6.1.2 F 6.1.3 U   | Knowledge creation<br>Patents by origin/bn Pl<br>PCT patents by origin/<br>Utility models by origin  | bn PPP\$ GDP  | 6.0<br>0.6<br>0.0<br>0.0  | 116<br>101<br>77 ◆<br>98 ○ ◇<br>67<br>75              |
| 2.3.3 Global of 2.3.4 QS univ   | xpenditure on R&<br>corporate R&D in<br>ersity ranking, to<br>tructure  | vestors, top 3, mn US\$   | ② 0.3<br>0.0<br>0.0  | 78<br>41 ○ ♢<br>74 ○ ♢   | 6.1.5 C<br>6.2 K<br>6.2.1 L<br>6.2.2 N   | Citable documents H-i  Knowledge impact  abor productivity growlew businesses/th poly  Software spending, %  | ndex<br>wth, %<br>p. 15–64  | 5.4   | 101   |
| <ul> <li>3.1.1 ICT acc</li> <li>3.1.2 ICT use</li> <li>3.1.3 Governr</li> <li>3.1.4 E-partic</li> <li>3.2 Genera</li> <li>3.2.1 Electrici</li> </ul>  | ess* * ment's online ser ipation* I infrastructure ty output, GWh/i   |   | 24.7<br>12.9<br>51.8<br>52.4<br><b>67.3</b><br>564.8                         | 128<br>125<br>102<br>97<br><b>1</b> • ◆  | 6.2.5 H<br>6.3 K<br>6.3.1 II<br>6.3.2 F<br>6.3.3 H   | SO 9001 quality certification of the control of the | ng, % ceipts, % total trade complexity total trade c  | 15.0<br>0.3   | 99 h/a 124 0 101 114 99 108                           |
|   | s performance* apital formation,  | % GDP   | n/a<br>66.0  | n/a<br>1   | <b>&amp;</b> , (   | Creative outputs   |   | 12.0  | 115   |
| 3.3.1 GDP/un<br>3.3.2 Environ<br>3.3.3 ISO 1400   |   | nce*<br>certificates/bn PPP\$ GDF   | 33.9   | 121 🔾  | 7.1.1 T<br>7.1.2 G<br>7.1.3 In   | ntangible assets<br>rademarks by origin/b<br>Global brand value, top<br>ndustrial designs by o<br>CTs and organizationa  | o 5,000, % GDP<br>rigin/bn PPP\$ GDP  | <b>20.3</b><br>40.8<br>0.0<br>1.0<br>35.8                       | 99<br>58 ●<br>80 ○ ◇<br>71<br>120                     |
| <b>4.1 Credit</b> 4.1.1 Ease of 4.1.2 Domest  | getting credit* ic credit to private ance gross loans   | e sector, % GDP   | 27.8<br>13.4<br>25.0<br>21.7<br>0.2  | 126  | 7.2 C<br>7.2.1 C<br>7.2.2 N<br>7.2.3 E<br>7.2.4 F  | Creative goods and so<br>Cultural and creative sel<br>National feature films/r   | services<br>rvices exports, % total trade<br>nn pop. 15–69<br>dia market/th pop. 15–69<br>lia, % manufacturing  | 2.3<br>n/a<br>2.0<br>n/a<br>n/a                                 | (116)<br>n/a<br>66<br>n/a<br>n/a                      |
| <ul> <li>4.2 Investm</li> <li>4.2.1 Ease of</li> <li>4.2.2 Market of</li> <li>4.2.3 Venture</li> <li>4.2.4 Venture</li> <li>4.3 Trade, of</li> <li>4.3.1 Applied</li> <li>4.3.2 Domest</li> </ul> | nent protecting minor capitalization, % capital investors capital recipients  | rity investors* GDP s, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP s, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP and market scale ted avg., % sification | 20.3 32.0 n/a n/a 0.0 49.6 Ø 4.2 n/a 40.9                                    | [113]<br>120<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>50 ●<br>116<br>76 ♦<br>n/a   | 7.3 C<br>7.3.1 G<br>7.3.2 C<br>7.3.3 V   | Online creativity  | ains (TLDs)/th pop. 15–69<br>pop. 15–69<br>p. 15–69   | <b>5.2</b><br>0.0<br>0.2<br>19.7                                | 123<br>129 ()<br>109<br>122<br>n/a                    |

## **Myanmar**

127

| Output rank   | Input rank   | Income   | Region   | gion Population (mn)  |  | GDP, PPP\$ (bn)  | GDP per capita, PPP\$                                      | GII 20                            | 20 rank                            |
|---|--|--|--|---|--|--|--|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 120   | 128  | Lower middle   | SEAO   | 54  | 4.4  | 275.5  | 5,179  | 129                               |                                    |
|   |  |  | Score/<br>Value                                      | Rank  |  |  |  | Score/<br>Value                   | Rank                               |
| nstitu <u></u>  | tions  |  | 45.4   | 123   | <b>2</b>   | Business sophist   | tication   | 8.7                               | <b>132</b> O <                     |
| 1.1 Political environment 1.1.1 Political and operational stability* 1.1.2 Government effectiveness* 1.2 Regulatory environment 1.2.1 Regulatory quality* 1.2.2 Rule of law* 1.2.3 Cost of redundancy dismissal 1.3 Business environment 1.3.1 Ease of starting a business* 1.3.2 Ease of resolving insolvency* |  | 35.8<br>57.1<br>25.1<br>45.6<br>23.6<br>18.7<br>23.1<br>54.9<br>89.3<br>20.4 | 98<br><b>119</b><br>58 ●                             | 5.1.1 F<br>5.1.2 F<br>5.1.3 (<br>5.1.4 (<br>5.1.5 F<br><b>5.2</b> I<br>5.2.1 U<br>5.2.2 S<br>5.2.3 (<br>5.2.4 U | Knowledge workers Knowledge-intensive employment, % Firms offering formal training, % GERD performed by business, % GDP GERD financed by business, % Females employed w/advanced degrees, % Innovation linkages University-industry R&D collaboration† State of cluster development and depth† GERD financed by abroad, % GDP Joint venture/strategic alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP Patent families/bn PPP\$ GDP |  |  | 132                               |                                    |
| # Huma  | n capital ar   | nd research  | 17.7   | 108   |  | Knowledge absorption   |  | 0.0<br><b>21.1</b>                | 86                                 |
| 2.1.2 Governm<br>2.1.3 School li<br>2.1.4 PISA sca  | ture on educat<br>nent funding/pu<br>ife expectancy  | upil, secondary, % GDP/ca<br>, years<br>, maths and science                  | 20.1<br>1.9<br>p 10.0<br>10.7<br>n/a<br>© 27.2       | <b>127</b>  | 5.3.2 H<br>5.3.3 H<br>5.3.4 F  | ntellectual property particles of the control of th | % total trade<br>P   | 0.2<br>7.3<br>1.1<br>4.0<br>n/a   | 90<br>72<br>68<br>29 ●<br>n/a      |
| 2.2 Tertiary  | education  | •  | 32.7   | 66  |  | Knowledge and  | technology outputs   | 14.4                              | 89                                 |
| 2.2.3 Tertiary  | es in science a<br>inbound mobil<br>ch and develo  | ind engineering, %<br>ity, %<br>pment (R&D)                                  | 18.8<br>33.7<br>0.0<br><b>0.1</b><br>② 29.1          | 99<br>9   | 6.1.1 F<br>6.1.2 F<br>6.1.3 U  | Knowledge creation Patents by origin/bn P PCT patents by origin/ Jtility models by origin Scientific and technics  | bn PPP\$ GDP   |                                   | [123]<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>126  |
| 2.3.3 Global c<br>2.3.4 QS unive  | Gross expenditure on R&D, % GDP Global corporate R&D investors, top 3, mn US\$ QS university ranking, top 3* |  | Ø 0.0<br>0.0<br>0.0                                  | 114   | 6.1.5 (6.2.1 L 6.2.2 N   | Citable documents H-<br>Knowledge impact<br>Labor productivity gro<br>New businesses/th po   | index<br>wth, %<br>p. 15–64                                | 3.2<br>33.5<br>7.3<br>0.4         | 122<br>48 • 1<br>1 • 1             |
|   | tructure   |  | 26.3   |   |  | Software spending, %<br>SO 9001 quality certif   |  | n/a<br>0.8                        | n/a<br>115                         |
| <ul> <li>3.1.1 ICT acce</li> <li>3.1.2 ICT use*</li> <li>3.1.3 Governn</li> <li>3.1.4 E-partici</li> <li>3.2 General</li> <li>3.2.1 Electricit</li> </ul>   | overnment's online service*  |  | 38.0<br>38.9<br>25.9<br>26.2<br><b>25.1</b><br>457.2 | 122   | 6.3.1 I<br>6.3.2 F<br>6.3.3 H  | High-tech manufacturi<br>Knowledge diffusion<br>ntellectual property re<br>Production and export<br>High-tech exports, %<br>CT services exports, \$  | eceipts, % total trade<br>complexity<br>total trade        | 7.1<br>0.0<br>21.4<br>1.3<br>0.6  | 84<br>110<br>88<br>108<br>68<br>99 |
| 3.2.2 Logistics<br>3.2.3 Gross ca   | •  |  | 11.7<br>32.4   | 119   | <b>&amp;</b> , (   | Creative outputs   |  | 7.9                               | 131 🔾                              |
| 3.3.1 GDP/uni<br>3.3.2 Environr<br>3.3.3 ISO 1400   | nental perform<br>11 environment   | e<br>nance*<br>al certificates/bn PPP\$ GDI                                  |  | 91<br>29 ● ◆<br>130 ○ ◇<br>127  | 7.1.1 7<br>7.1.2 0<br>7.1.3 I<br>7.1.4 I   | Intangible assets<br>Trademarks by origin/t<br>Global brand value, to<br>ndustrial designs by o<br>CTs and organizationa   | o 5,000, % GDP<br>rigin/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>al model creation† | 10.6<br>24.2<br>7.6<br>n/a<br>n/a | 83<br>65<br>n/a<br>n/a             |
| Marke   | t sophistic  | ation  | 29.8   | 124 ♦   |  | Creative goods and s<br>Cultural and creative se   | services<br>rvices exports, % total trade                  | <b>7.2</b> 0.2                    | <b>92</b><br>67                    |
| 4.1.2 Domesti<br>4.1.3 Microfin   | edit se of getting credit* mestic credit to private sector, % GDP crofinance gross loans, % GDP              |  | 10.0<br>25.7<br>0.3                                  | 42 ●  | 7.2.3 E<br>7.2.4 F   | National feature films/r<br>Entertainment and me<br>Printing and other med<br>Creative goods export  | 0.9<br>n/a<br>0.4<br>0.9                                   | 87<br>n/a<br>94<br>47 ●           |                                    |
| 4.2.4 Venture   | protecting min<br>capitalization, s<br>capital investo<br>capital recipie                                    |  | 10.1<br>22.0<br>n/a<br>0.0<br>0.0                    | 130 ○ ♦<br>129 ♦<br>n/a<br>72<br>57   | 7.3.1 (<br>7.3.2 (<br>7.3.3 \  | Online creativity Generic top-level dom Country-code TLDs/th Wikipedia edits/mn po Mobile app creation/b   | p. 15–69   | 3.0<br>0.1<br>0.0<br>16.5<br>0.0  | 127                                |
| 4.3.1 Applied<br>4.3.2 Domesti<br>4.3.3 Domesti   | tariff rate, weig<br>c industry dive   | ghted avg., %<br>ersification  | 1.8<br>76.4<br>275.5                                 | 24 ● ◆<br>86<br>55 ●  |  |  |  |                                   |                                    |

Namibia GII 2021 rank

100

| Output rank Input ran          |  | out rank Income                                |                      | Popula                      | ation (mn) | GDP, PPP\$ (bn)                                       | GDP per capita, PPP\$                      | GII 2020 rank       |                      |  |
|--------------------------------|--|--|----------------------|-----------------------------|------------|---|--|---------------------|----------------------|--|
| 110                            | 88   | Upper middle                                   | SSF                  | 2                           | 2.5        | 24.1  | 9,537                                      | 104                 |                      |  |
|                                |  |  |                      |                             |            |   |  |                     |                      |  |
|                                |  |  | Score/<br>Value      | Rank                        |            |   |  | Score/<br>Value     | Rank                 |  |
| ii Institu                     | utions   |  | 61.9                 | 73                          | 🔓 E        | Business sophist                                      | ication                                    | 17.0                | 112 💠                |  |
|                                | al environment   |  | <b>59.0</b><br>71.4  | 61                          |            | Knowledge workers                                     |  | 17.3                | 107 💠                |  |
|                                | the state of the s |  |                      | 54<br>66                    |            | Knowledge-intensive e<br>Firms offering formal tr     |  | 18.1<br>25.4        | 87<br>62             |  |
|                                | tory environm  |  | 52.8<br><b>72.2</b>  | 43 ●                        | 5.1.3      | GERD performed by b                                   | usiness, % GDP Ø                           | 0.0                 | 77                   |  |
| 1.2.1 Regulat                  | tory quality*  |  | 40.7                 | 77                          |            | GERD financed by bus<br>Females employed w/a          | 11.1<br>7.4                                | 75<br>85            |                      |  |
| 1.2.2 Rule of<br>1.2.3 Cost of | redundancy dis   | smissal  | 54.9<br>9.7          | 50 ● <b>♦</b><br>28 ●       |            | nnovation linkages                                    | advanced degrees, % ②                      | 19.1                | 74                   |  |
|                                | ss environmer  |  | 54.6                 | 120 ○ ◊                     | 5.2.1 L    | Jniversity-industry R&                                |  | 42.8                | 64                   |  |
|                                | starting a busing  |  |                      | 120 ○ <b>♦</b> 109 <b>♦</b> |            | State of cluster develo<br>GERD financed by abr       | •  | 44.6<br>0.1         | 79<br>49             |  |
| 1.3.2 Ease 01                  | resolving insolv   | vericy   | 30.9                 | 109 ♦                       | 5.2.4 J    | loint venture/strategic a                             | alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP                | 0.0                 | 50                   |  |
| # Huma                         | ın capital an  | id research                                    | 32.9                 | 57                          |            | Patent families/bn PPF<br><b>Cnowledge absorpti</b> o |  | 0.1<br><b>14.6</b>  | 55<br><b>120</b> ○ ◊ |  |
| 2.1 Educat                     | ion  |  | 82.5                 | [1]                         | 5.3.1 li   | ntellectual property pa                               | ayments, % total trade                     | 0.0                 | 115 🔾 💠              |  |
|                                | liture on educat   |  | ② 8.3                | 1 ● ◆                       |            | High-tech imports, % t<br>CT services imports, 9      |  | 7.4<br>0.6          | 71<br>98             |  |
|                                | ment funding/pt<br>life expectancy   | ıpil, secondary, % GDP/ca<br>, years           | ıp n/a<br>n/a        | n/a<br>n/a                  | 5.3.4 F    | FDI net inflows, % GDI                                | P  | 0.8                 | 109 ♦                |  |
| 2.1.4 PISA so                  | ales in reading,   | maths and science                              | n/a                  | n/a                         | 5.3.5 F    | Research talent, % in I                               | ousinesses                                 | 6.9                 | 67                   |  |
| •                              | eacher ratio, sec  | condary  | ② 25.9               | 106 ♦                       | Jawa J     | Snowledge and   | technology outputs                         | 9.4                 | 119 ♦                |  |
|                                | y education<br>enrolment, % o  | gross  | 24.1                 | <b>104</b> ♦ 92 ♦           | _          | •   | teermology outputs                         |                     |                      |  |
|                                |  | nd engineering, %                              | 12.9                 | 101 0 0                     |            | <b>Knowledge creation</b><br>Patents by origin/bn Pl  | PP\$ GDP                                   | <b>7.9</b> 0.4      | <b>89</b><br>84      |  |
| -                              | inbound mobili<br>ch and develo  | -  | Ø 6.1                | 39 <b>●</b><br><b>92</b>    | 6.1.2 F    | PCT patents by origin/                                | bn PPP\$ GDP                               | 0.2                 | 49                   |  |
|                                | chers, FTE/mn  |  | ② 149.5              | 83 <b>♦</b>                 |            | Utility models by origin                              | ı/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>ıl articles/bn PPP\$ GDP | 0.3<br>12.0         | 43<br>71             |  |
|                                | expenditure on f   |  | Ø 0.4                | 75                          |            | Citable documents H-i                                 |  | 4.9                 | 107                  |  |
|                                | ersity ranking,  | investors, top 3, mn US\$ top 3*               | 0.0<br>0.0           | 41 ○ ♢<br>74 ○ ♢            |            | Cnowledge impact                                      |  |                     | 120 🔾 🗘              |  |
|                                |  |  |                      |                             |            | _abor productivity gro<br>New businesses/th po        |  | -3.1<br>1.2         | 113 ○ ♦<br>79        |  |
| ☆ Infras                       | tructure   |  | 27.2                 | 112 ♦                       | 6.2.3      | Software spending, %                                  | GDP  | 0.1                 | 88                   |  |
|                                |  | unication technologies (IC                     |                      | 98 ♦                        |            | SO 9001 quality certif<br>High-tech manufacturi       |  | 1.7<br>4.7          | 92<br>100 ⊝ ♦        |  |
| 3.1.1 ICT acc<br>3.1.2 ICT use |  |  | 46.0<br>35.8         | 96 ♦<br>101 ♦               | 6.3 K      | Cnowledge diffusion                                   |  | 7.4                 | 105                  |  |
| 3.1.3 Govern                   | ment's online se   | ervice*  | 52.3                 | 99 ♦                        |            | ntellectual property re<br>Production and export      |  | 0.0<br>33.9         | 94<br>80             |  |
| •                              | cipation*  |  | 50.0                 | 103 ♦                       |            | High-tech exports, %                                  |  | 0.9                 | 73                   |  |
|                                | al infrastructur<br>ity output, GWh  |  | <b>9.7</b><br>488.6  | <b>129</b> ○ ♦ 108 ♦        | 6.3.4      | CT services exports, 9                                | % total trade                              | 0.2                 | 124 🔾                |  |
| 3.2.2 Logistic                 | s performance  | k  | n/a                  | n/a                         | RIO        | Creative outputs                                      |  | 15.2                | 105 ^                |  |
|                                | apital formation   |  |                      | 117 🔾 💠                     | (A)        | reative outputs                                       |  | 15.2                | 105 ∨                |  |
|                                | ical sustainab<br>nit of energy use  |  | <b>26.0</b><br>12.5  | <b>78</b><br>42 ●           |            | <b>ntangible assets</b><br>Frademarks by origin/b     | on PDP\$ GDP                               | <b>19.6</b><br>18.9 | <b>101</b><br>94     |  |
| 3.3.2 Environ                  | mental perform   | ance*  | 40.2                 | 88 ♦                        |            | Global brand value, top                               |  | 0.0                 | 80 O ♦               |  |
| 3.3.3 ISO 140                  | 01 environmenta  | al certificates/bn PPP\$ GD                    | P 0.7                | 76                          |            | ndustrial designs by o                                | =  | 3.1                 | 36 <b>●</b>          |  |
| iii Marke                      | et sophistica  | ation  | 41.8                 | 92                          |            | CTs and organizationa<br>Creative goods and s         |  | 46.7<br><b>2.3</b>  | 95<br><b>[115]</b>   |  |
| 4.1 Credit                     |  |  |                      |                             | 7.2.1      | Cultural and creative se                              | rvices exports, % total trade ②            | 0.1                 | 90                   |  |
|                                | getting credit*  |  | <b>35.6</b><br>60.0  | <b>85</b><br>74             |            | National feature films/r<br>Entertainment and me      | nn pop. 15–69<br>dia market/th pop. 15–69  | n/a<br>n/a          | n/a<br>n/a           |  |
|                                | •  | ate sector, % GDP                              | 72.0                 | 45 <b>●</b>                 | 7.2.4 F    | Printing and other med                                | lia, % manufacturing                       | n/a                 | n/a                  |  |
| 4.1.3 Microfir 4.2 Investr     | nance gross loa<br>nent  | 115, 70 GDP                                    | ② 0.0<br><b>31.5</b> | 65<br><b>[66]</b>           |            | Creative goods export                                 | s, % total trade                           | 0.2                 | 77                   |  |
|                                | protecting min   | ority investors*                               | 56.0                 | 82                          |            | <b>Online creativity</b><br>Generic top-level dom     | ains (TLDs)/th pop. 15-69                  | <b>19.4</b><br>8.9  | <b>58</b><br>42 ● ♦  |  |
|                                | capitalization,  |  | 20.8                 | 58<br>n/a                   | 7.3.2      | Country-code TLDs/th                                  | pop. 15-69                                 | 0.9                 | 90                   |  |
|                                | •  | rs, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP hts, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP | n/a<br>n/a           | n/a<br>n/a                  |            | Nikipedia edits/mn po<br>Nobile app creation/bi       | •  | 52.6<br>15.0        | 62<br>34 ●           |  |
|                                |  | , and market scale                             | 58.4                 | 99                          | 7.U.4 IV   | noone app oreation/bi                                 | πιτφασι                                    | 13.0                | U-1 <b>-</b>         |  |
|                                | I tariff rate, weig  | •  | 1.1                  | 13 ●                        |            |   |  |                     |                      |  |
|                                | tic industry dive<br>tic market scale  |  | ② 68.7<br>24.1       | 99 ♦                        |            |   |  |                     |                      |  |
|                                |  | *  |                      | - •                         |            |   |  |                     |                      |  |

GII 2021 rank

## Nepal

111

| Output rank  | Input rank  | Income   | Region  | Population (mn)                               |   | GDP, PPP\$ (bn)  | GDP per capita, PPP\$  |   | GII 2020 ra  |   |
|--|---|--|---|---|---|--|--|---|--|---|
| 116  | 99  | Lower middle   | CSA   | 2   | 9.1   | 103.4  | 3,586  |   | 9  | 95  |
|  |   |  | Score/  | David   |   |  |  |   | core/  | D l.  |
| îii Institu  | utions  |  | Value <b>49.3</b>   |   | <b>≗</b> B  | Business sophist   | tication   |   | Value <b>25.9</b>                                      |   |
| 1.1 Politica 1.1.1 Politica 1.1.2 Govern 1.2 Regula                              | al environment I and operationa ment effectiven atory environma tory quality*   | operational stability* 58.9 100 5.1.1 Knowledge-intensive employment, % effectiveness* 27.4 124 $\circ \circ$ 5.1.2 Firms offering formal training, % environment 45.4 114 5.1.3 GERD performed by business, % GDP |   |   |   | employment, %<br>raining, %<br>usiness, % GDP<br>siness, %   | Ø  | 23.2<br>13.8<br>31.9<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>3.0 | [90]<br>97<br>48 ●<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>101                |   |
| <b>1.3 Busine</b> 1.3.1 Ease of  | 1.3.1 Ease of starting a business* 1.3.2 Ease of resolving insolvency*  |  | <ul> <li>27.2 108</li> <li>64.4 86</li> <li>81.7 104</li> <li>47.2 79</li> <li>5.2.1 University-industry R&amp;D collaboration</li> <li>5.2.2 State of cluster development and dept</li> <li>5.2.3 GERD financed by abroad, % GDP</li> <li>5.2.4 Joint venture/strategic alliance deals/br</li> <li>5.2.5 Patent families/bn PPP\$ GDP</li> </ul> |   |   |  | pment and depth <sup>†</sup><br>oad, % GDP<br>alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP                                      |   | 24.1<br>33.1<br>38.1<br>n/a<br>0.0                     | [49]<br>100<br>109<br>n/a<br>73                                 |
| 2.1.1 Expend<br>2.1.2 Govern<br>2.1.3 School<br>2.1.4 PISA so                    | diture on educat<br>ment funding/pu<br>life expectancy,   | on, % GDP<br>pil, secondary, % GDP/ca<br>years<br>maths and science  | <b>37.9</b> 5.1 ap ② 10.5 13.2 n/a 28.3   | <b>96</b><br>36 ●<br>91<br>79                 | <b>5.3 K</b> 5.3.1 Ir 5.3.2 H 5.3.3 IC 5.3.4 F  | nowledge absorption  | on<br>ayments, % total trade<br>total trade<br>% total trade   |   | n/a<br><b>30.3</b><br>n/a<br>11.4<br>0.2<br>0.5<br>n/a | n/a<br>[56]<br>n/a<br>21 ●<br>124 ○ <<br>117<br>n/a             |
| 2.2.1 Tertiary 2.2.2 Gradua 2.2.3 Tertiary 2.3 Resean 2.3.1 Resean 2.3.2 Gross 6 | rinbound mobili<br>rch and develo<br>chers, FTE/mn<br>expenditure on F  | nd engineering, %<br>ty, %<br>pment (R&D)<br>pop.<br>8&D, % GDP  | 5.9<br>13.3<br>n/a<br>② 0.0<br>2.0<br>n/a<br>② 0.3<br>0.0   | 123 ○ ♦<br>106<br>n/a<br>111 ○ ♦              | 6.1 K<br>6.1.1 P<br>6.1.2 P<br>6.1.3 U<br>6.1.4 S<br>6.1.5 C                                    | inowledge creation<br>atents by origin/bn P<br>CT patents by origin/<br>Itility models by origin<br>cientific and technica<br>itable documents H-i   | bn PPP\$ GDP<br>n/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>al articles/bn PPP\$ GDP   | 0   | 8.7[<br>10.3<br>0.2<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>14.1<br>7.9       | [78]<br>92<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>64 •<br>86                          |
| 2.3.4 QS univ  | 3.3 Global corporate R&D investors, top 3, mn US\$ 3.4 QS university ranking, top 3*  Infrastructure  Information and communication technologies (IC ICT access* 2.2 ICT use* |  | 30.7  | 74 $\bigcirc \diamondsuit$ 98 118 104         | 6.2.1 L<br>6.2.2 N<br>6.2.3 S<br>6.2.4 IS<br>6.2.5 H<br>6.3 K<br>6.3.1 Ir<br>6.3.2 P<br>6.3.3 H | anowledge impact<br>abor productivity gro<br>lew businesses/th po<br>oftware spending, %<br>6O 9001 quality certif<br>ligh-tech manufacturi<br>inowledge diffusion<br>atellectual property re<br>production and export<br>ligh-tech exports, % | p. 15–64 GDP icates/bn PPP\$ GDP ng, % sceipts, % total trade complexity total trade                           | 0   | n/a<br>n/a<br>0.1                                      | 129 O n/a<br>75<br>117 O 108<br>98<br>[84]<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>122 |
| 3.2.1 Electric<br>3.2.2 Logistic   | eity output, GWh<br>cs performance<br>capital formation   | /mn pop.   | 174.9<br>21.7<br>49.1   | 118 O<br>107<br>2 • •                         |   | CT services exports, Screative outputs   | % total trade  |   | 2.7<br>14.5  | 40 <b>●</b> 108   |
| 3.3.1 GDP/ur<br>3.3.2 Environ  | pical sustainab<br>init of energy use<br>imental perform<br>101 environmenta  |  | 15.0<br>5.9<br>32.7<br>0P 0.2   | 109<br>113                                    | 7.1.1 Ti<br>7.1.2 G<br>7.1.3 Ir   | ntangible assets<br>rademarks by origin/b<br>Blobal brand value, to<br>ndustrial designs by o<br>CTs and organizationa   | o 5,000, % GDP<br>rigin/bn PPP\$ GDP   | Ø<br>Ø                                    | 21.8<br>46.8<br>0.0<br>0.2<br>37.9                     | <b>93</b> 49 ● 80 ○ 102 118 ○                                   |
| 4.1 Credit<br>4.1.1 Ease of<br>4.1.2 Domes                                       | et sophistica<br>f getting credit*<br>tic credit to priva<br>nance gross loa  | ate sector, % GDP  | <b>45.8 50.5</b> 75.0 88.1 1.7  | <b>30                                    </b> | 7.2 C<br>7.2.1 C<br>7.2.2 N<br>7.2.3 E<br>7.2.4 P   | creative goods and solutural and creative se lational feature films/r  | services<br>rvices exports, % total trade<br>nn pop. 15–69<br>dia market/th pop. 15–69<br>dia, % manufacturing | 0   |  | 1109]<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>92<br>73                   |
| 4.2.2 Market<br>4.2.3 Venture<br>4.2.4 Venture                                   | f protecting mine<br>capitalization, 9<br>capital investor<br>capital recipier  | 6 GDP<br>rs, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>nts, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP   | 30.5<br>58.0<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>0.0   | 77<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>75                 | 7.3 0<br>7.3.1 G<br>7.3.2 C<br>7.3.3 W  | Inline creativity  | ains (TLDs)/th pop. 15–69<br>p. 15–69<br>p. 15–69  |   | 10.5<br>0.5<br>1.0<br>29.6<br>13.7                     | 91<br>110<br>86<br>106<br>39 ●                                  |
| 4.3.1 Applied  | diversification<br>tariff rate, weig  |  |   | <b>106</b> 129 ○ ♦                            |   |  |  |   |  |   |

NOTES: • indicates a strength;  $\bigcirc$  a weakness; • an income group strength;  $\bigcirc$  an income group weakness; \* an index; † a survey question.  $\odot$  indicates that the economy's data are older than the base year; see appendices for details, including the year of the data, at http://globalinnovationindex.org. Square brackets [] indicate that the data minimum coverage (DMC) requirements were not met at the sub-pillar or pillar level.

② 85.3 65

103.4 82

4.3.2 Domestic industry diversification

### **Netherlands**

6

| utput rank       | Input rank   | Income F                     | Region      | Populat | ion (mn) | GDP, PPP\$ (bn)         | GDP per capita, PPP\$        | GII 20              | 20 rar    |
|------------------|--|------------------------------|-------------|---------|----------|-------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------|-----------|
| 3                | nstitutions  olitical environment olitical and operational stability* overnment effectiveness* egulatory environment egulatory quality* ulle of law* ost of redundancy dismissal usiness environment ase of starting a business* ase of resolving insolvency*  luman capital and research  ducation expenditure on education, % GDP overnment funding/pupil, secondary, % GDP/ chool life expectancy, years ISA scales in reading, maths and science upil-teacher ratio, secondary ertiary education ertiary enrolment, % gross raduates in science and engineering, % ertiary inbound mobility, % esearch and development (R&D) esearchers, FTE/mn pop. ross expenditure on R&D, % GDP lobal corporate R&D investors, top 3, mn US S university ranking, top 3*  Infrastructure formation and communication technologies ET access* ET use* overnment's online service* -participation* eneral infrastructure ectricity output, GWh/mn pop. orgistics performance*  | High                         | EUR         | 17      | 7.1      | 986.8                   | 57,101                       |                     | 5         |
|                  | nstitutions  olitical environment olitical and operational stability* overnment effectiveness* egulatory environment egulatory quality* ule of law* ost of redundancy dismissal usiness environment ase of starting a business* ase of resolving insolvency*  luman capital and research ducation xpenditure on education, % GDP overnment funding/pupil, secondary, % GDP/c chool life expectancy, years ISA scales in reading, maths and science upil-teacher ratio, secondary ertiary education ertiary enrolment, % gross raduates in science and engineering, % ertiary inbound mobility, %  esearch and development (R&D) esearchers, FTE/mn pop. ross expenditure on R&D, % GDP lobal corporate R&D investors, top 3, mn US S university ranking, top 3*  nfrastructure  formation and communication technologies ET access* ET use* overnment's online service* -participation*  |                              | Score/      |         |          |                         |                              | Score/              |           |
| îii Institu      | Score   Park   Store   Store   S                   | Value 61.0                   | Rank<br>5 C |         |          |                         |                              |                     |           |
|                  | Score/ Value Rank   Scor                   |                              |             |         |          |                         |                              |                     |           |
|                  |  | stability*                   |             |         |          |                         | employment, %                | <b>61.4</b><br>48.9 | <b>13</b> |
|                  |  |                              | 90.6        | 7 ●     | 5.1.2 F  | irms offering formal to | raining, %                   | n/a                 | n/a       |
| 2 Regula         | itical environment itical environment itical and operational stability* vernment effectiveness* gulatory environment gulatory quality* e of law* et of redundancy dismissal siness environment se of starting a business* se of resolving insolvency*  Iman capital and research  Gucation  Denditure on education, % GDP vernment funding/pupil, secondary, % GDP/ nool life expectancy, years A scales in reading, maths and science pil-teacher ratio, secondary tiary education tiary enrolment, % gross iduates in science and engineering, % tiary inbound mobility, % search and development (R&D) searchers, FTE/mn pop. searchers, FTE/mn pop. sea sexpenditure on R&D, % GDP shal corporate R&D investors, top 3, mn US university ranking, top 3*  Irastructure  Demation and communication technologies access* use* vernment's online service* vernment's online service* sacticipation* meral infrastructure ctricity output, GWh/mn pop. gistics performance* ses capital formation, % GDP plogical sustainability P/unit of energy use vironmental performance* ses capital formation, % GDP plogical sustainability P/unit of energy use vironmental performance* set of getting credit* mestic credit to private sector, % GDP refinance gross loans, % GDP estment se of protecting minority investors* ricket capitalization, % GDP inture capital investors, deals/bn PPP\$ GDF inture capital irecipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDF inture capital irecipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDF inture capital irecipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDF inture capital irecipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDF inture capital irecipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDF inture capital irecipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDF inture capital irecipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDF inture capital irecipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDF inture capital irecipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDF inture capital irecipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDF inture capital irecipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDF inture capital irecipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDF inture capital irecipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDF inture capital irecipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDF inture capital irecipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDF inture c | nt                           | 88.9        | 14      |          |                         |                              | 1.5                 | 15        |
|                  | itical environment itical environment itical environment itical and operational stability* vernment effectiveness* gulatory environment gulatory quality* e of law* et of redundancy dismissal siness environment ee of starting a business* ee of resolving insolvency*  Iman capital and research guestion permitted the starting a business as eastern through public secondary, % GDP/ resol life expectancy, years A scales in reading, maths and science poil-teacher ratio, secondary titary education tiary enrolment, % gross iduates in science and engineering, % tiary inbound mobility, % search and development (R&D) searchers, FTE/mn pop. seas expenditure on R&D, % GDP bal corporate R&D investors, top 3, mn US university ranking, top 3*  rastructure  promation and communication technologies access* use* vernment's online service* articipation* meral infrastructure circity output, GWh/mn pop. gistics performance* ses capital formation, % GDP plogical sustainability P/unit of energy use promental performance* to 14001 environmental certificates/bn PPP\$ GDP profinance gross loans, % GDP restment the of protecting minority investors* ricket capitalization, % GDP restment the of protecting minority investors* ricket capitalization, % GDP restment the of protecting minority investors* ricket capitalization, and market scale plied tariff rate, weighted avg., % mestic industry diversification   |                              |             |         |          |                         |                              | 56.7<br>21.1        | 16<br>28  |
|                  | itical environment itical environment itical and operational stability* vernment effectiveness* gulatory environment gulatory quality* e of law* et of redundancy dismissal siness environment se of starting a business* se of resolving insolvency*  Iman capital and research  Gucation  Denditure on education, % GDP vernment funding/pupil, secondary, % GDP/ nool life expectancy, years A scales in reading, maths and science pil-teacher ratio, secondary tiary education tiary enrolment, % gross iduates in science and engineering, % tiary inbound mobility, % search and development (R&D) searchers, FTE/mn pop. searchers, FTE/mn pop. sea sexpenditure on R&D, % GDP shal corporate R&D investors, top 3, mn US university ranking, top 3*  Irastructure  Demation and communication technologies access* use*  Ivernment's online service* vernment's online service* sarticipation* meral infrastructure ctricity output, GWh/mn pop. gistics performance* ses capital formation, % GDP plogical sustainability P/unit of energy use vironmental performance* ses capital formation, % GDP plogical sustainability P/unit of energy use vironmental performance* ses capital formation, % GDP conditional performance of the proficate of the proficate of the profication  setit se of getting credit* mestic credit to private sector, % GDP refinance gross loans, % GDP estment se of protecting minority investors* rivet capital investors, deals/bn PPP\$ GDF atture capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDF atture capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDF atture capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDF atture capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDF atture capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDF atture capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDF atture capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDF atture capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDF atture capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDF atture capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDF atture capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDF atture capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDF atture capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDF atture capital recipients, de   | nissal                       |             |         |          | , ,                     | , , -                        | 54.8                | 10        |
|                  | itical environment itical and operational stability* vernment effectiveness* gulatory quality* e of law* sto fredundancy dismissal siness environment eo of starting a business* eo of resolving insolvency* station on education, % GDP vernment funding/pupil, secondary, % GDP/vernment  % gross iduates in science and engineering, % tiary envolument, % gross earchers, FTE/mn pop. searchers, FTE/mn pop. ses expenditure on R&D, % GDP bal corporate R&D investors, top 3, mn US university ranking, top 3*  rastructure  vernment's online service* articipation* neral infrastructure ctricity output, GWh/mn pop. pistics performance* ses capital formation, % GDP sological sustainability P/unit of energy use infrommental performance* interestic performance* interestic credit to private sector, % GDP setment is eof getting credit* mestic credit to trivate sector, % GDP setment is eof protecting minority investors* ricket capitalization, % GDP inture capital investors, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP setment is eof protecting minority investors* ricket capitalization, and market scale biled tariff rate, weighted avg., % mestic industry diversification   |                              |             |         |          |                         | D collaboration <sup>†</sup> | 72.4                | 5         |
|                  | itical environment itical and operational stability* vernment effectiveness* gulatory quality* e of law* sto fredundancy dismissal siness environment se of starting a business* se of resolving insolvency* starting a business eof resolving insolvency* se of resolving insolvency* see of resolving insolvency* see of resolving insolvency* see of resolving insolvency* see of resolving insolvency* see of resolving insolvency* see of resolving insolvency* see of resolving insolvency, years so a scales in reading, maths and science poll-teacher ratio, secondary see oil-teacher ratio, secondary see of general see of                  | ss*                          |             |         |          |                         |                              | 69.0                | 7         |
| 3.2 Ease of      |  | ncy*                         | 84.4        | 7 ●     |          |                         |                              | 0.2                 | 15        |
|                  |  |                              |             |         |          | •                       |                              | 0.1<br>4.7          | 23<br>10  |
| 🙎 Huma           | stitutions  diffical environment  diffical and operational stability* overnment effectiveness* egulatory quality* alle of law* bist of redundancy dismissal usiness environment se of starting a business* se of resolving insolvency*  uman capital and research  ducation penditure on education, % GDP overnment funding/pupil, secondary, % GDP/ chool life expectancy, years SA scales in reading, maths and science upil-teacher ratio, secondary ritary education ritary enrolment, % gross aduates in science and engineering, % ritary inbound mobility, % esearch and development (R&D) esearchers, FTE/mn pop. ose expenditure on R&D, % GDP obal corporate R&D investors, top 3, mn US is university ranking, top 3*  frastructure  formation and communication technologies T access* T use* overnment's online service* participation* eneral infrastructure extricity output, GWh/mn pop. gistics performance* ose capital formation, % GDP cological sustainability DP/unit of energy use vironmental performance* 0 14001 environmental certificates/bn PPP\$ G arket sophistication  edit se of getting credit* omestic credit to private sector, % GDP crofinance gross loans, % GDP restment use of protecting minority investors* arket capitalization, % GDP nure capital investors, deals/bn PPP\$ GDF nure capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDF ade, diversification, and market scale uplied tariff rate, weighted avg., % omestic industry diversification of the proper of              | research                     | 55.9        | 14      |          |                         |                              | 66.9                | 2         |
| I Educat         |  |                              | 62.4        | 20      |          |                         |                              | 8.4                 | 1         |
|                  |  | n, % GDP                     |             |         |          |                         |                              | 11.6                | 20        |
| 1.2 Govern       |  | il, secondary, % GDP/cap     |             |         |          | •                       |                              | 2.4<br>–2.9         | 22<br>127 |
|                  |  |                              |             |         |          |                         |                              | -2.9<br>70.4        | 6         |
|                  |  |                              |             |         | 0.0.0    |                         | 343                          |                     | ·         |
|                  |  | . radi. y                    |             |         | Page K   | nowledge and            | technology outputs           | 54.8                | 7         |
|                  | nstitutions  olitical environment olitical and operational stability* overnment effectiveness* egulatory environment egulatory quality* ule of law* ost of redundancy dismissal usiness environment ase of starting a business* ase of resolving insolvency*  luman capital and research  ducation  xpenditure on education, % GDP overnment funding/pupil, secondary, % GDP/c chool life expectancy, years ISA scales in reading, maths and science upil-teacher ratio, secondary ertiary education ertiary enrolment, % gross raduates in science and engineering, % ertiary inbound mobility, % esearch and development (R&D) esearchers, FTE/mn pop. ross expenditure on R&D, % GDP lobal corporate R&D investors, top 3, mn US S university ranking, top 3*  overnment's online service* -participation* eneral infrastructure ectricity output, GWh/mn pop. ogistics performance* ross capital formation, % GDP cological sustainability DP/unit of energy use not received and performance* ion 14001 environmental certificates/bn PPP\$ Gelarket sophistication   | oss                          |             |         | _        | Ť                       |                              |                     |           |
| 2.2 Gradua       |  | d engineering, %             |             |         |          | -                       |                              | 67.7                | 6         |
| 2.3 Tertiary     |  | , %                          | 11.7        | 16      |          |                         |                              | 8.9<br>4.1          | 11<br>10  |
|                  | -  | • •                          |             |         |          |                         |                              | n/a                 | n/a       |
|                  |  |                              | ,           |         |          |                         | •                            | 41.3                | 16        |
|                  |  |                              |             |         |          |                         | ndex                         | 68.8                | 7         |
|                  | •  |                              |             |         |          |                         |                              | 43.1                | 18        |
|                  |  |                              |             |         |          |                         |                              | –1.2<br>6.4         | 88<br>25  |
| 🛱 Infras         | tructure   |                              | 57.7        | 16      |          |                         | •                            | 0.5                 | 15        |
| 1 Informa        | ation and commun   | nication technologies (ICT   | e) 00 8     | 4.      |          |                         |                              | 7.9                 | 34        |
|                  |  | iloation teorinologies (10 i | •           |         |          | •                       | •                            | 50.3                | 11        |
| 1.2 ICT use      | *  |                              | 88.7        | 6 ● ♦   |          |                         |                              | 53.5                | 8         |
|                  | cical environment ical and operational stability* ernment effectiveness* ulatory environment ulatory quality* of law* of redundancy dismissal iness environment e of starting a business* e of resolving insolvency*  man capital and research cation enditure on education, % GDP ernment funding/pupil, secondary, % GDF ernment funding, maths and science l-teacher ratio, secondary iary environment, % gross duates in science and engineering, % earch and development (R&D) earchers, FTE/mn pop. earchers, FTE/mn pop. sis expenditure on R&D, % GDP sal corporate R&D investors, top 3, mn U enviversity ranking, top 3*  astructure  mation and communication technologie access* use* ernment's online service* ricipation* eral infrastructure tricity output, GWh/mn pop. stics performance* is capital formation, % GDP ogical sustainability /unit of energy use ronmental performance* is capital formation, % GDP ogical sustainability /unit of energy use ronmental performance* la001 environmental certificates/bn PPP\$  rket sophistication  dit e of getting credit* eestic credit to private sector, % GDP ofinance gross loans, % GDP stment e of protecting minority investors* exet capitalization, % GDP urre capital investors, deals/bn PPP\$ GD ure capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GD ure capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GD ure capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GD ure capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GD ure capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GD ure capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GD ure capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GD ure capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GD ure capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GD ure capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GD ure capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GD ure capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GD ure capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GD ure capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GD ure capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GD ure capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GD ure capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GD   | vice*                        |             |         |          |                         |                              | 7.7<br>66.5         | 1<br>27   |
|                  |  |                              |             |         |          |                         |                              | 11.2                | 15        |
|                  |  | nn non                       |             |         | 6.3.4 IC | CT services exports, 9  | % total trade                | 3.6                 | 23        |
|                  | ical and operational stability* ernment effectiveness* ulatory environment ulatory quality* er of law* to fredundancy dismissal iness environment er of starting a business* er of resolving insolvency*  man capital and research cation enditure on education, % GDP ernment funding/pupil, secondary, % GDP ernment funding/pupil, secondary, % GDP ernment funding/pupil, secondary, iary education ary enrolment, % gross duates in science and engineering, % ary inbound mobility, % earch and development (R&D) earchers, FTE/mn pop. es expenditure on R&D, % GDP oal corporate R&D investors, top 3, mn Usuniversity ranking, top 3*  astructure  mation and communication technologies access* use* ernment's online service* articipation* eral infrastructure tricity output, GWh/mn pop. stics performance* es capital formation, % GDP logical sustainability Punit of energy use ronmental performance* as capital formation, % GDP logical sustainability Punit of energy use ronmental performance* as capital formation, % GDP logical sustainability eral infrastructure tricity output, GWh/mn pop. stics performance as capital formation, % GDP logical sustainability Punit of energy use ronmental performance as capital formation, % GDP logical sustainability eral infrastructure tricity output, GWh/mn pop. stics performance as capital formation, % GDP logical sustainability eral infrastructure tricity output, GWh/mn pop. stics performance as capital formation, % GDP logical sustainability eral infrastructure tricity output, GWh/mn pop. stics performance as capital formation, % GDP logical sustainability eral infrastructure tricity output, GWh/mn pop. stics performance as capital formation, % GDP logical sustainability experimental performance as capital formation, % GDP logical sustainability eral infrastructure tricity output, GWh/mn pop.   | ттрор.                       | ,           |         |          |                         |                              |                     |           |
| 2.3 Gross of     | apital formation,  | % GDP                        | 20.9        | 79 🔾    | €, c     | reative outputs         |                              | 52.2                | 7         |
|                  |  | ty                           | 41.3        |         | 7.1 Ir   | ntangible assets        |                              | 51.4                | 16        |
|                  | ٠.   | *                            |             |         |          | -                       | on PPP\$ GDP                 | 42.7                | 56        |
|                  |  |                              |             |         |          |                         |                              | 164.6               | 7         |
| 0.0 100 140      | or environmentary  | ocrimoates/biri i i фabi     | 2.1         | 00      |          |                         | •                            | 4.8<br>80.2         | 25<br>4   |
| <b>iii</b> Marke | et sophisticat   | ion                          | 55.2        | 31      |          | _                       |                              | 36.0                | 18        |
|                  | - Sophiotical  |                              |             |         |          | -                       |                              | 1.9                 | 9         |
| 1 Credit         | matting co   |                              |             |         | 7.2.2 N  | ational feature films/r | nn pop. 15–69                | 7.6                 | 25        |
|                  |  | e sector. % GDP              |             |         |          |                         |                              | 48.9                | 18        |
|                  |  |                              |             |         |          | •                       |                              | 0.9<br>3.2          | 57<br>18  |
|                  | -  |                              |             |         |          | -                       | o, ,, total ilado            | 70.1                | 3         |
|                  |  | ity investors*               |             |         |          | -                       | ains (TLDs)/th pop. 15-69    | 78.9                | <b>5</b>  |
|                  | expenditure on R&D, % GDP I corporate R&D investors, top 3, mn I investive ranking, top 3*  structure  mation and communication technologic cess* se* nment's online service* ticipation* ral infrastructure icity output, GWh/mn pop. icis performance* capital formation, % GDP gical sustainability unit of energy use nmental performance* 1001 environmental certificates/bn PPPS  set sophistication  tof getting credit* stic credit to private sector, % GDP finance gross loans, % GDP tment of protecting minority investors* te capital investors, deals/bn PPPS Gree capital recipients, deals/bn PPPS Gree capital recipients, deals/bn PPPS Gree deals of tariff rate, weighted avg., % stic industry diversification  |                              |             |         |          |                         |                              | 100.0               | 1         |
|                  |  |                              |             |         |          |                         | •                            | 81.1                | 9         |
|                  |  |                              |             |         | 7.3.4 N  | lobile app creation/b   | n PPP\$ GDP                  | 16.3                | 30        |
| -                |  |                              |             |         |          |                         |                              |                     |           |
|                  |  | •                            |             |         |          |                         |                              |                     |           |
| 3.2 Domes        | no madon y divoro  |                              | 0           | 00      |          |                         |                              |                     |           |

### **New Zealand**

Income

Region

Population (mn) GDP, PPP\$ (bn)

Output rank Input rank

GII 2021 rank

26

GII 2020 rank

GDP per capita, PPP\$

| 32   | 19   | High   | SEAO                  | 4.                | .8                     | 205.5  | 41,072             | 2                   | 26                 |
|--|--|--|-----------------------|-------------------|------------------------|--|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|
|  |  |  | Score/                |                   |                        |  |                    | Score/              |                    |
| Inctitu  | utions   |  | 90.7                  | Rank<br>4 ● ◆     | •                      | Business sophistica  | otion              | Value <b>37.7</b>   | Rank<br>30         |
|  |  |  |                       |                   |                        | •  |                    |                     |                    |
|  |  | stahility*   | <b>90.1</b><br>94.6   | 7 • ◆<br>2 • ◆    | <b>5.1</b><br>5.1.1    | Knowledge workers Knowledge-intensive emp  | lovment %          | <b>42.2</b><br>n/a  | <b>[41]</b><br>n/a |
|  | •  | •  | 87.8                  | 11                |                        | Firms offering formal train  |                    | n/a                 | n/a                |
|  |  |  | 97.3                  | 2 • •             |                        | GERD performed by busin  |                    | 0.8                 | 28                 |
| •  | -  | •  | 92.7                  | 3 • ♦             | 5.1.4                  |  |                    | ව 46.4              | 33                 |
| .2 Rule of   |  |  | 96.4                  | 6 ● ♦             | 5.1.5                  | Females employed w/adva  | anced degrees, %   | ව 19.5              | 32                 |
| .3 Cost of   | redundancy dism  | issal  | 8.0                   | 1 ● ♦             | 5.2                    | Innovation linkages  |                    | 33.6                | 28                 |
| Busine   | ss environment   |  | 84.7                  | 19                |                        | University-industry R&D c  |                    | 59.0                | 24                 |
|  |  | SS*  | 100.0                 | 1 ● ♦             |                        | State of cluster developme   | •                  | 46.0                | 69                 |
| .2 Ease of   | resolving insolver   | ncy*   | 69.5                  | 33                |                        | GERD financed by abroad  |                    | D 0.1               | 37<br>19           |
|  |  |  |                       |                   |                        | Joint venture/strategic allia<br>Patent families/bn PPP\$ G  |                    | 0.1<br>1.5          | 25                 |
| 🙎 Huma   | ın capital and   | research   | 54.2                  | 17                |                        |  | ,DI                |                     |                    |
|  |  |  |                       | 44                | <b>5.3</b> 5.3.1       | Knowledge absorption<br>Intellectual property paym   | ents % total trade | <b>37.4</b><br>1.6  | <b>32</b><br>20    |
|  |  | 0/ CDD   | 66.9                  | 11                |                        | High-tech imports, % tota  |                    | 10.8                | 25                 |
|  |  | ,  | 6.3<br>ap 21.3        | 12 <b>♦</b><br>40 |                        | ICT services imports, % to   |                    | 1.7                 | 44                 |
|  | citations  cical environment cical and operational stability* comment effectiveness* culatory environment collatory quality* of law* cof redundancy dismissal consessenvironment cof starting a business* cof resolving insolvency*  cation conditure on education, % GDP conditure on education, % GDP conditive on education, with and science consended in expectancy, years coacles in reading, maths and science consended in expectancy, years coacles in reading, maths and science consended in expectancy consended consended in expectancy consended consended in ex | ip 21.3<br>18.9  | 40<br>8 <b>♦</b>      |                   | FDI net inflows, % GDP |  | 1.2                | 103                 |                    |
|  |  |  | 502.9                 | 13                | 5.3.5                  | Research talent, % in bus  | inesses            | ව <b>31.2</b>       | 42                 |
|  |  |  | Ø 13.6                | 63 🔾              |                        |  |                    |                     |                    |
| Tertiar  | v education  | •  | 47.9                  | 17                | مهمو                   | Knowledge and ted  | chnology outputs   | 29.7                | 39                 |
|  | -  | ss   | 83.0                  | 17                |                        | •  | 3, 11, 1           |                     |                    |
|  |  |  | 21.4                  | 65 🔾              | 6.1                    | Knowledge creation   |                    | 39.4                | 23                 |
| 3 Tertiary   | stitutions  litical environment itical and operational stability* vernment effectiveness* gulatory environment gulatory quality* le of law* st of redundancy dismissal siness environment se of starting a business* les of resolving insolvency*  liman capital and research liman capitaliman capital liman capital liman capital liman capital liman capi | 19.7   | 6 ●                   | 6.1.1             | , ,                    |  | 1.5                | 49                  |                    |
| Resear   | ch and developn  | nent (R&D)   | 47.6                  | 21                |                        | PCT patents by origin/bn   |                    | 1.5                 | 22                 |
|  | •  | ` '  | Ø 5,529.5             | 10                |                        | Utility models by origin/bn<br>Scientific and technical ar   |                    | n/a<br>50.6         | n/a<br>9           |
| .2 Gross e   | expenditure on R&  | D, % GDP   | ② 1.3                 | 27                | 6.1.5                  | Citable documents H-inde   |                    | 34.8                | 28                 |
|  |  | ·  | 48.0                  | 32                |                        |  | ,,,                |                     |                    |
| .4 QS univ   | ersity ranking, top  | 3*   | 49.8                  | 18                | <b>6.2</b>             | Knowledge impact Labor productivity growth   | %                  | <b>32.5</b> 0.5     | <b>56</b><br>58    |
|  |  |  |                       |                   |                        | New businesses/th pop. 1   |                    | 17.8                | 4                  |
| 🌣 Infras   | tructure   |  | 55.5                  | 22                |                        | Software spending, % GD  |                    | 0.3                 | 45                 |
| Informa  |  | :  | OT-\ 00.0             | 0 - 1             | 6.2.4                  | ISO 9001 quality certificat  | es/bn PPP\$ GDP    | 4.5                 | 60                 |
|  |  | ication technologies (i                                      | <b>CTs) 90.6</b> 87.9 | 6 ● ♦             | 6.2.5                  | High-tech manufacturing,   | %                  | 16.0                | 71                 |
| .1 ICT acc<br>.2 ICT use                             |  |  | 82.9                  | 10<br>15          | 6.3                    | Knowledge diffusion  |                    | 17.3                | 64                 |
|  |  | rice*  | 92.9                  | 10 ♦              | 6.3.1                  | Intellectual property receip   | ots, % total trade | 0.7                 | 24                 |
|  |  | 100  | 98.8                  | 4 ● ♦             |                        | Production and export con  |                    | 46.9                | 54                 |
|  | •  |  | 41.5                  | 26                |                        | High-tech exports, % tota  |                    | 1.7                 | 65                 |
|  |  | nn pop.  | 9,126.1               | 17                | 6.3.4                  | ICT services exports, % to   | otal trade         | 1.2                 | 77                 |
|  |  | pop.   | 84.9                  | 15                |                        |  |                    |                     |                    |
|  |  | % GDP  | 20.7                  | 85 🔾              | €,                     | Creative outputs   |                    | 39.8                | 23                 |
| Ecolog   | ical sustainabilit   | v  | 34.3                  | 48                | 7.4                    | luturallela accata   |                    | 45.0                | 00                 |
| -  |  | ,  | 9.5                   | 73 🔾              | <b>7.1</b><br>7.1.1    | Intangible assets Trademarks by origin/bn F  | DDD¢ CDD           | <b>45.6</b><br>83.8 | <b>26</b><br>19    |
| .2 Environ   | mental performan   | ce*  | 71.3                  | 19                |                        | Global brand value, top 5,   |                    | 46.0                | 37                 |
| 3 ISO 140  | 01 environmental c   | ertificates/bn PPP\$ GD                                      | P 1.3                 | 60                | 7.1.3                  | Industrial designs by origin   |                    | 1.5                 | 56                 |
|  |  |  |                       |                   | 7.1.4                  | ICTs and organizational m  |                    | 71.3                | 18                 |
| 🎁 Marke  | et sophisticat   | ion  | 63.0                  | 14                | 7.2                    | Creative goods and serv  |                    | 20.1                | 52                 |
|  |  |  |                       |                   |                        | Cultural and creative service  |                    | 0.4                 | 59                 |
| Credit   |  |  | 83.5                  | 4 • ♦             |                        | National feature films/mn  | •                  | 6.1                 | 37                 |
|  |  | 0/ ODD   | 100.0                 | 1 ● ♦             |                        | Entertainment and media  |                    | 52.5                | 13                 |
|  |  |  | 160.0                 | 6 ● ◆             |                        | Printing and other media,  | •                  | 1.5                 | 27                 |
|  | =  | , 70 GDF   | n/a                   | n/a               | 7.2.5                  | Creative goods exports, 9  | 6 total trade      | 0.5                 | 64                 |
|  |  |  | 34.1                  | 52                | 7.3                    | Online creativity  |                    | 47.9                | 23                 |
| 7 Laco of  |  | •  | 86.0                  | 3 ● ♦             |                        | Generic top-level domains  |                    | 32.2                | 20                 |
|  | capitalization, % (  |  | 46.6<br>0.1           | 36<br>35          |                        | Country-code TLDs/th po  | •                  | 64.6                | 10                 |
| .2 Market  | canital investors  |  | U.1                   | 35                | 7.3.3                  | Wikipedia edits/mn pop. 1  | 5-69               | 80.8                | 10                 |
| .2 Market<br>.3 Venture                              |  |  |                       | 27                | 701                    | Malatin and the first of the fi |                    | ^ -                 | 40                 |
| .2 Market<br>.3 Venture<br>.4 Venture                | capital recipients   | , deals/bn PPP\$ GDP   | 0.1                   | 27                | 7.3.4                  | Mobile app creation/bn Pf  | PP\$ GDP           | 9.7                 | 46                 |
| .2 Market<br>.3 Venture<br>.4 Venture<br>Trade,      | capital recipients diversification, a  | , deals/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>nd market scale                      | 0.1<br><b>71.2</b>    | 57                | 7.3.4                  | Mobile app creation/bn Pf  | PP\$ GDP           | 9.7                 | 46                 |
| .2 Market .3 Venture .4 Venture .4 Trade, .1 Applied | capital recipients   | , deals/bn PPP\$ GDP<br><b>nd market scale</b><br>ed avg., % | 0.1                   |                   | 7.3.4                  | Mobile app creation/bn Pf  | PP\$ GDP           | 9.7                 | 46                 |

# **Niger**

Output rank Input rank

Income

Region

129

GII 2020 rank

|            |                      | input rank                                   | income  | Region             |                      |       | GDP, PPP\$ (bn)                                    | GDP per capita, PPP\$                     | <b>,</b><br>– - |                       | 20 rank              |
|------------|----------------------|--|---|--------------------|----------------------|-------|--|---|-----------------|-----------------------|----------------------|
| 15         | 30                   | 125  | Low   | SSF                | :                    | 24.2  | 30.3   | 1,253                                     |                 | 1                     | 28                   |
|            |                      |  |   | Score/             |                      |       |  |   |                 | Score/                |                      |
| <b></b>    | Institu              | tions  |   | Value 54.8         |                      | •     | Business sophist                                   | tioation                                  |                 | Value 16.2[           |                      |
|            |                      |  |   |                    |                      |       |  | lication                                  |                 |                       | -                    |
|            |                      | environment and operational                  | stability*                                    | <b>40.4</b> 55.4   | <b>116</b><br>112    |       | Knowledge workers<br>Knowledge-intensive           | employment, %                             | Ø               | <b>20.4</b> [<br>15.3 | [100]<br>93 ◆        |
| 1.1.2      | Governm              | nent effectivenes                            | ss*   | 32.8               | 118                  |       | Firms offering formal to                           |   | Ø               | 27.5                  | 56                   |
|            | -                    | ory environmer<br>ory quality*               | nt  | <b>58.7</b> 26.0   | <b>83</b><br>110     |       | GERD performed by b<br>GERD financed by bus        | ,   |                 | n/a<br>n/a            | n/a<br>n/a           |
| 1.2.2      | Rule of la           | aw*  |   | 32.7               | 96                   | 5.1.5 | Females employed w/a                               |   | Ø               | 0.7                   | 118                  |
|            |                      | edundancy dism                               | nissal  | 14.0               | 53 ●                 |       | Innovation linkages<br>University-industry R&      | D collaboration†                          |                 |                       | [1 <b>32]</b><br>n/a |
|            |                      | s environment<br>starting a busine           | ss*   | <b>65.4</b> 91.5   | <b>83</b><br>49 ●    |       | State of cluster develo                            |   |                 | n/a                   | n/a                  |
|            |                      | esolving insolve                             |   | 39.3               | 100                  |       | GERD financed by abr                               | oad, % GDP<br>alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP | ,               | n/a<br>0.0            | n/a<br>110           |
|            | Цитог                | a conital and                                | l was a swah                                  | 0.5                | 100                  |       | Patent families/bn PPF                             |   |                 | 0.0                   | 100 🔾                |
|            |                      | n capital and                                | research                                      |                    | 129                  |       | Knowledge absorption                               |   |                 | 27.0                  | 65 ♦                 |
|            | Education Expendit   | <b>on</b><br>ture on educatio                | n % GDP                                       | <b>18.1</b><br>3.5 | <b>128</b><br>84     |       | intellectual property pa<br>High-tech imports, %   | ayments, % total trade<br>total trade     | Ø               | 0.0<br>9.5            | 120<br>39 ●          |
|            |                      |  | il, secondary, % GDP/c                        |                    | 87                   |       | ICT services imports,                              |   |                 | 2.4                   | 23 ● ◆               |
|            |                      | fe expectancy, y                             | rears<br>naths and science                    |                    | 119 ⊜ <<br>n/a       | /     | FDI net inflows, % GD<br>Research talent, % in     |   |                 | 3.7<br>n/a            | 33 <b>●</b><br>n/a   |
|            |                      | acher ratio, seco                            |   | ② 29.7             | 118                  |       | ·  |   |                 |                       |                      |
| 2.2        | Tertiary             | education                                    |   | 7.4                | 118                  | ميم   | Knowledge and                                      | technology outputs                        |                 | 10.8                  | 114                  |
|            |                      | enrolment, % gro                             | oss<br>d engineering, %                       |                    | 125<br>102           | 6.1   | Knowledge creation                                 |   |                 | 2.4                   | 125                  |
|            |                      | nbound mobility                              | 0 0,  | 5.4                | 43 ●                 |       | Patents by origin/bn P                             |   |                 | 0.1                   | 112<br>98 ○ ◊        |
|            |                      | h and develop                                |   |                    | 122                  |       | PCT patents by origin/<br>Utility models by origir |   | 0               | 0.0                   | 76 ○ ♦               |
|            |                      | hers, FTE/mn po<br>openditure on R8          | •   | ② 26.5<br>n/a      | 104<br>n/a           |       | Scientific and technica<br>Citable documents H-    | al articles/bn PPP\$ GDP                  |                 | 4.6                   | 115<br>118           |
| 2.3.3      | Global co            | orporate R&D inv                             | vestors, top 3, mn US\$                       | 0.0                | 41 0 <               | > 60  | Knowledge impact                                   | index                                     |                 | 3.5<br><b>18.6</b>    | 111                  |
| 2.3.4      | QS unive             | ersity ranking, to                           | p 3*  | 0.0                | 74 🔾 <               | ./    | Labor productivity gro                             | wth, %                                    |                 | 0.9                   | 50 ●                 |
| <b>₽</b> ₽ | Infrast              | ructure                                      |   | 19.6               | 130                  |       | New businesses/th po<br>Software spending, %       | •   |                 | 0.1<br>0.0            | 118<br>114           |
|            |                      |  | nication technologies (l                      | CTe) 21.3          | 132 🔾 <              | 6.2.4 | ISO 9001 quality certif                            | icates/bn PPP\$ GDP                       |                 | 0.3                   | 129                  |
|            | ICT acce             |  | iloation teermologies (i                      | 23.0               |                      | 0.2.3 | High-tech manufacturi                              | 0.  |                 | 15.3                  | 72 <b>♦</b>          |
|            | ICT use*             | nent's online ser                            | vico*   | 3.1<br>29.4        |                      | ./    | Knowledge diffusion<br>Intellectual property re    |   | Ø               | <b>11.5</b> 0.0       | <b>87</b><br>111     |
|            | E-partici            |  | vice  | 29.8               |                      |       | Production and export                              |   | _               | n/a                   | n/a                  |
|            |                      | infrastructure                               |   | 22.1               | 97                   |       | High-tech exports, % ICT services exports, \( \)   |   | Ø               | 0.2<br>3.3            | 109<br>29 ● ◆        |
|            |                      | y output, GWh/r<br>performance*              | nn pop.                                       | 27.0<br>1.1        | 123 O                | >     | •  |   | -               |                       |                      |
|            |                      | apital formation,                            | % GDP   | 32.4               | 19 ●                 | €,    | Creative outputs                                   |   |                 | 4.5[                  | 132]                 |
|            | -                    | <b>cal sustainabili</b> t<br>t of energy use | ty  | 15.4               | <b>123</b><br>102    |       | Intangible assets                                  |   |                 |                       | [132]                |
|            |                      | nental performar                             | nce*  | 30.8               |                      |       | Trademarks by origin/l<br>Global brand value, to   |   |                 | 12.1<br>n/a           | 107<br>n/a           |
| 3.3.3      | ISO 1400             | 1 environmental                              | certificates/bn PPP\$ GI                      | OP 0.2             | 120                  | 7.1.3 | Industrial designs by c                            | origin/bn PPP\$ GDP                       |                 | 0.0                   | 119 🔾 💠              |
| iii        | Marke                | t sophisticat                                | ion   | 40.2               | 100                  |       | ICTs and organizationa  Creative goods and s       |   |                 |                       | n/a<br><b>[125]</b>  |
|            |                      | t dopiniotiout                               | .1011   |                    |                      |       | -  | rvices exports, % total trade             | )               | 0.1                   | 87                   |
|            | Credit<br>Ease of o  | getting credit*                              |   | <b>29.3</b> 70.0   | 109<br>44            |       | National feature films/                            | mn pop. 15–69<br>dia market/th pop. 15–69 | 0               | 0.7<br>n/a            | 92<br>n/a            |
| 4.1.2      | Domesti              | c credit to privat                           | e sector, % GDP                               | 11.2               |                      |       | Printing and other med                             |   |                 | n/a                   |                      |
|            |                      | ance gross loans                             | s, % GDP                                      | ② 0.1              | 59<br>[55]           |       | Creative goods export                              | s, % total trade                          | 0               | 0.0                   | 123                  |
|            | Investm<br>Ease of p | <b>enτ</b><br>orotecting minor               | ity investors*                                | <b>33.3</b> 42.0   | <b>[55]</b><br>102   |       | Online creativity<br>Generic top-level dom         | ains (TLDs)/th pop. 15-69                 |                 | <b>5.4</b><br>0.9     | <b>121</b><br>99 ◆   |
|            |                      | apitalization, %                             |   | n/a                |                      | 7.3.2 | Country-code TLDs/th                               | pop. 15–69                                |                 | 0.0                   | 129                  |
|            |                      |  | , deals/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>s, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP | n/a<br>0.1         | n/a<br>21 ● <b>∢</b> |       | Wikipedia edits/mn po<br>Mobile app creation/b     | · .                                       | 0               | 24.1<br>0.0           | 115<br>94            |
|            |                      |  | and market scale                              | 58.0               | 100                  | 7.0.4 | modiic app creation/b                              | i ψ GDI                                   | _               | 0.0                   | J-1                  |
|            |                      | tariff rate, weight<br>c industry divers     | •   | 9.3<br>88.2        | 112<br>57            |       |  |   |                 |                       |                      |
|            |                      | c market scale, b                            |   | 30.3               |                      |       |  |   |                 |                       |                      |
|            |                      |  |   |                    |                      |       |  |   |                 |                       |                      |

Population (mn) GDP, PPP\$ (bn) GDP per capita, PPP\$

# **Nigeria**

Output rank Input rank

Income

Region

Population (mn) GDP, PPP\$ (bn)

118

GII 2020 rank

GDP per capita, PPP\$

| 124   | 115  | Lower middle S   | SSF   | 20   | 6.1   | 1,044.2 5,066  | -  | 117  |
|---|--|--|---|--|---|--|--|--|
|   |  |  | Score/<br>Value   | Rank   |   |  | Score/<br>Value  | Rank   |
| iii Instit  | utions   |  | 51.0  |  | 2   | Business sophistication  | 23.4   | 76   |
| <ul> <li>1.1.1 Politica</li> <li>1.1.2 Govern</li> <li>1.2 Regula</li> <li>1.2.1 Regula</li> <li>1.2.2 Rule of</li> <li>1.2.3 Cost of</li> <li>1.3 Busine</li> <li>1.3.1 Ease of</li> </ul> | redundancy dess environments factoring a bus                   | nal stability* ness* nent ismissal ent iness*                            | 48.2<br>26.5<br><b>61.0</b><br>21.0<br>23.1<br>8.0<br><b>58.4</b><br>86.2 | 117<br>1 • ◆<br>109<br>81  | 5.1.3<br>5.1.4<br>5.1.5<br><b>5.2</b><br>5.2.1<br>5.2.2 |  | 34.7<br>2 28.4<br>3 30.7<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>6.2<br>17.8<br>26.0<br>45.4<br>n/a | n/a<br>90<br><b>87</b><br>122<br>75          |
|   | f resolving inso   | •  | 30.6  | 110  | 5.2.4   | Joint venture/strategic alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP Patent families/bn PPP\$ GDP   | 0.0  | 92<br>98                                     |
| 2.1.1 Educa<br>2.1.1 Expend<br>2.1.2 Govern<br>2.1.3 School<br>2.1.4 PISA so  | tion<br>diture on educa<br>ment funding/p<br>life expectanc    | oupil, secondary, % GDP/cap<br>y, years ©<br>g, maths and science        | n/a<br>8.7<br>n/a   | [118]<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>115 🔾 💠<br>n/a                                    | <b>5.3</b><br>5.3.1<br>5.3.2<br>5.3.3<br>5.3.4          | Knowledge absorption Intellectual property payments, % total trade High-tech imports, % total trade ICT services imports, % total trade FDI net inflows, % GDP Research talent, % in businesses  | 17.8<br>0.4<br>7.1<br>0.3<br>0.7<br>n/a                                      | 76<br>76<br>114<br>114                       |
| 2.2 Tertiar   | y education  | ,  | 6.6   | [120]  | ميم   | Knowledge and technology outputs   | 8.3  | 123  |
| <ul><li>2.2.2 Gradua</li><li>2.2.3 Tertiary</li><li>2.3 Resear</li><li>2.3.1 Resear</li><li>2.3.2 Gross e</li></ul>   | inbound mob<br>rch and develochers, FTE/mr<br>expenditure on   | and engineering, %<br>ility, %<br>opment (R&D)<br>pop.                   | n/a<br>n/a<br><b>0.0</b>  | 112<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>[123]<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>41 $\bigcirc$ $\diamondsuit$ | 6.1.2<br>6.1.3<br>6.1.4<br>6.1.5                        | PCT patents by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>Utility models by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>Scientific and technical articles/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>Citable documents H-index   | 0.1<br>0.0<br>n/a<br>5.1<br>12.2   | 108<br>63 ●                                  |
|   | versity ranking  | , top 3*   | 0.0<br><b>24.6</b>  | 74 O ♦   | 6.2.2   | Knowledge impact Labor productivity growth, % New businesses/th pop. 15–64 Software spending, % GDP  | 18.2<br>-1.0<br>0.8<br>0.1   | 113<br>83<br>87<br>83                        |
| 3.1 Informa 3.1.1 ICT acc 3.1.2 ICT use 3.1.3 Govern 3.1.4 E-partic 3.2 Genera  | ation and comr<br>cess*<br>e*<br>ment's online s               | ıre  | 36.7<br>31.7<br>14.5<br>51.8  |  | 6.2.4<br>6.2.5<br><b>6.3</b><br>6.3.1<br>6.3.2<br>6.3.3 | ISO 9001 quality certificates/bn PPP\$ GDP High-tech manufacturing, %  Knowledge diffusion Intellectual property receipts, % total trade Production and export complexity High-tech exports, % total trade ICT services exports, % total trade | 0.3<br>n/a<br><b>1.0</b><br>n/a<br>0.0<br>0.1<br>0.2                         | 128 () n/a  131 () () n/a 121 () () 120      |
| •   | es performanc<br>capital formation                             |  | 22.5<br>25.4  | 104<br>43 ●  | <b>&amp;</b> ,  | Creative outputs   | 11.7   | 116  |
| 3.3.1 GDP/ur<br>3.3.2 Enviror   | <b>jical sustaina</b> l<br>nit of energy us<br>nmental perfori | <b>bility</b><br>se  | 7.0<br>31.0   | 122  | <b>7.1</b> 7.1.1 7.1.2 7.1.3 7.1.4                      |  | 16.7<br>10.5<br>3.5<br>2 1.1<br>47.5   | <b>112</b><br>111<br>72<br>64 <b>●</b><br>89 |
| iii Mark  | et sophistic   | ation  | 39.7  | 102  | 7.2   | Creative goods and services  | 9.8  | [80]   |
| 4.1.2 Domes<br>4.1.3 Microfi  | nance gross lo   | vate sector, % GDP   | <b>35.2</b><br>85.0<br>10.5<br>0.1  | 88<br>14 ● ◆<br>127 ○ ◇<br>60  | 7.2.3<br>7.2.4  |  | n/a<br>2 11.3<br>1.5<br>n/a<br>0.0   | 15 ● <b>4</b><br>55<br>n/a                   |
| 4.2.2 Market<br>4.2.3 Venture   | f protecting min<br>capitalization,<br>e capital invest        | nority investors* % GDP ors, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP ents, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP | 20.7<br>72.0<br>9.2<br>0.0<br>0.0   | 110<br>27 ● ◆<br>69<br>70<br>61  | 7.3.3   | Online creativity Generic top-level domains (TLDs)/th pop. 15–69 Country-code TLDs/th pop. 15–69 Wikipedia edits/mn pop. 15–69 Mobile app creation/bn PPP\$ GDP  | 3.7<br>0.5<br>0.4<br>18.1<br>0.4   | 109<br>99<br>126 🔾 🔾                         |
| 4.3.1 Applied   | diversification<br>ditariff rate, we<br>tic industry div       |  |   | <b>82</b><br>106<br>n/a  |   |  |  |  |

NOTES: • indicates a strength;  $\bigcirc$  a weakness; • an income group strength;  $\bigcirc$  an income group weakness; \* an index; † a survey question. ② indicates that the economy's data are older than the base year; see appendices for details, including the year of the data, at http://globalinnovationindex.org. Square brackets [] indicate that the data minimum coverage (DMC) requirements were not met at the sub-pillar or pillar level.

1,044.2 24 ● ♦

### **North Macedonia**

| Output rank                 | Input rank  | Income                      | Region              | Popu                 | lation (mn)      | GDP, PPP\$ (bn)                                      | GDP per capita, PPP\$                   | GII 20              | )20 rar                  |      |
|-----------------------------|---|-----------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|------------------|--|---|---------------------|--------------------------|------|
| 69                          | 40  | Upper middle                | EUR                 |                      | 2.1              | 34.5   | 16,609                                  |                     | 57                       |      |
|                             |   |                             | Score/<br>Value     | Rank                 |                  |  |   | Score/<br>Value     | Rank                     |      |
| nstitu                      | itions  |                             | 68.9                | 52                   | <del>2</del> 1   | Business sophist                                     | tication                                | 25.4                | 65                       |      |
| .1 Politica                 | l environment   | t                           | 58.1                | 65                   | 5.1 I            | Knowledge workers                                    |   | 32.5                | 62                       |      |
| .1.1 Political              | and operation   | al stability*               | 73.2                | 44                   | 5.1.1 H          | Knowledge-intensive e                                |   | 29.9                | 48                       |      |
|                             | nent effectiven   | iess*                       | 50.6                | 74                   |                  | Firms offering formal to                             | •                                       | 39.0                | 31                       |      |
| _                           | tory environm   | ent                         | <b>67.9</b> 56.8    | <b>58</b>            | 51/ (            | GERD performed by b<br>GERD financed by bus          |   | 0.1<br>23.6         | 62<br>63                 |      |
| 2.1 Regular                 | ory quality*<br>aw*   |                             | 40.3                | 49 ·<br>75           |                  | Females employed w/a                                 |   | 15.3                | 48                       |      |
| 2.3 Cost of                 | redundancy di   | smissal                     | 14.4                | 55                   |                  | Innovation linkages                                  |   | 13.5                | 116                      |      |
|                             | ss environme  |                             | 80.7                | 30 ●                 |                  | University-industry R&<br>State of cluster develo    |   | 30.2<br>38.6        | 112 (<br>108 (           |      |
|                             | starting a busi   |                             | 88.6<br>72.7        | 63<br>28 ● ·         | E 0 0 (          | GERD financed by abr                                 |   | 0.0                 | 65                       |      |
| J.Z EdSe OI                 | resolving insol   | vericy                      | 12.1                | 20 ♥ .               | 5.2.4            | Joint venture/strategic                              | alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP ②           | 0.0                 | 94                       |      |
| • Huma                      | n canital ar  | nd research                 | 30.2                | 73                   |                  | Patent families/bn PPF                               |   | 0.0                 | 71                       |      |
| <del></del>                 | -   | 14 100041011                |                     |                      |                  | Knowledge absorption                                 |   | 30.2                | <b>57</b><br>21 <b>(</b> |      |
| 1 Educati                   |   | sian (/ CDD                 | 55.6                |                      |                  | High-tech imports, %                                 | ayments, % total trade<br>total trade   | 1.6<br>5.7          | 103                      |      |
|                             |   | ,                           | n/a<br>p n/a        | n/a<br>n/a           | 5.3.3 I          | CT services imports,                                 | % total trade                           | 1.1                 | 66                       |      |
|                             | enditure on education, % GDP<br>ernment funding/pupil, secondary, % GDP/o<br>pol life expectancy, years<br>A scales in reading, maths and science<br>I-teacher ratio, secondary | life expectancy, years      |                     | 13.5                 | 77               |  | FDI net inflows, % GDI                  |                     | 4.3                      | 26 ( |
|                             |   |                             | 400.1               | 67 0                 |                  | Research talent, % in l                              | Dusinesses                              | 26.6                | 47                       |      |
| •                           |   | condary                     | Ø 8.3               | 13 • •               |                  | Knowledge and  | technology outputs                      | 22.7                | 57                       |      |
| -                           | education<br>enrolment, % e   | aross                       | <b>31.0</b><br>43.1 | <b>72</b><br>68      | ٠٠٠              | Kilowieuge allu                                      | teciniology outputs                     | LL.I                | 01                       |      |
|                             |   | and engineering, %          | 23.6                | 48                   |                  | Knowledge creation                                   | DD4 0DD                                 | 11.5                | 73                       |      |
| 2.3 Tertiary                | inbound mobil   | ity, %                      | 5.2                 | 48                   |                  | Patents by origin/bn P<br>PCT patents by origin/     |   | 1.6<br>0.2          | 43<br>54                 |      |
|                             | ch and develo   |                             | 4.1                 | 83                   |                  | Utility models by origin                             |   | n/a                 | n/a                      |      |
|                             | chers, FTE/mn<br>xpenditure on l  | • •                         | 786.7<br>0.4        | 55<br>74             |                  |  | al articles/bn PPP\$ GDP                | 13.4                | 66                       |      |
|                             | •   | investors, top 3, mn US\$   | 0.4                 | 41 O                 | ♦ 6.1.5 ¢        | Citable documents H-                                 | index                                   | 6.2                 | 94                       |      |
|                             | ersity ranking,   | ·                           | 0.0                 | 74 🔾                 | $_{\odot}$ 6.2 l | <b>Knowledge impact</b><br>Labor productivity gro    | wth 0/                                  | <b>36.8</b><br>–1.1 | <b>35</b><br>85          |      |
|                             |   |                             |                     |                      |                  | New businesses/th po                                 |   | 3.6                 | 39                       |      |
| ₿ <sup>✿</sup> Infras       | tructure  |                             | 46.9                | 49                   | 6.2.3            | Software spending, %                                 | GDP                                     | 0.1                 | 79                       |      |
| 1 Informa                   | tion and comm   | unication technologies (10  | CTs) 71.2           | 56                   |                  | SO 9001 quality certif                               |   | 15.5<br>42.4        | 17 (<br>22 (             |      |
| 1.1 ICT acc                 |   |                             | 67.4                | 65                   |                  | High-tech manufacturi<br><b>Knowledge diffusion</b>  | •                                       | 20.0                | 55                       |      |
| 1.2 ICT use                 |   | d*                          | 60.1                | 61                   |                  | ntellectual property re                              |   | 0.1                 | <b>33</b><br>47          |      |
| 1.3 Governr<br>1.4 E-partic | nent's online s<br>ipation*   | ervice <sup>-</sup>         | 74.1<br>83.3        | 58<br>38             |                  | Production and export                                |   | 45.5                | 57                       |      |
| •                           | l infrastructur   | re                          | 20.1                |                      |                  | High-tech exports, %                                 |   | 2.9                 | 50                       |      |
|                             | ty output, GW   |                             | 2,691.8             | 71                   | 6.3.4 1          | CT services exports, 9                               | % total trade                           | 2.7                 | 41                       |      |
|                             | s performance   |                             | 30.6                | 80                   | RI               | Creative outputs                                     |   | 19.5                | 83                       |      |
|                             | apital formation  |                             | n/a                 |                      |                  | •  |   | 19.5                | - 03                     |      |
|                             | cal sustainab   |                             | <b>49.2</b><br>11.8 | <b>18 ●</b> · 52     | 7                | Intangible assets                                    | DDD4 ODD                                |                     | 109                      |      |
|                             | mental perform  |                             | 55.4                | 41                   | <u> </u>         | Trademarks by origin/b<br>Global brand value, top    |   | n/a<br>0.0          | n/a<br>80                |      |
| 3.3 ISO 1400                | 01 environment  | al certificates/bn PPP\$ GD | P 9.9               | 5 ● ·                |                  | Industrial designs by o                              |   | 2.0                 | 48                       |      |
| مہ                          |   |                             |                     |                      |                  | CTs and organizations                                | al model creation†                      | 41.1                | 112                      |      |
| iii Marke                   | t sophistic   | ation                       | 63.7                | 12 •                 |                  | Creative goods and s                                 |   | 17.9                | 60                       |      |
| 1 Credit                    |   |                             | 41.0                | 64                   |                  | Cultural and creative se<br>National feature films/r | rvices exports, % total trade           | 0.9<br>5.1          | 30<br>44                 |      |
| I.1 Ease of                 | getting credit*   |                             | 80.0                | 23 ●                 |                  |  | dia market/th pop. 15–69                | n/a                 | n/a                      |      |
|                             | ic credit to priv<br>ance gross loa   | ate sector, % GDP           | 51.5                | 65<br>43             | 7.2.4 F          | Printing and other med                               | dia, % manufacturing ②                  | 2.2                 | 12                       |      |
|                             | J   | 1113, 70 UDF                | 0.3                 | 43<br>[2]            |                  | Creative goods export                                | s, % total trade                        | 0.2                 | 84                       |      |
| 2 Investm<br>2.1 Ease of    |   | ority investors*            | <b>82.0</b><br>82.0 | <b>[2]</b><br>12 ● · | •                | Online creativity                                    | oine (TI Do)/th non-15-60               | 23.2                | <b>52</b>                |      |
|                             | capitalization,   | •                           | n/a                 | n/a                  | 7.0.1            | Generic top-level dom<br>Country-code TLDs/th        | ains (TLDs)/th pop. 15–69<br>pop. 15–69 | 6.8<br>5.6          | 47<br>52                 |      |
| 2.3 Venture                 | capital investo   | rs, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP      | n/a                 | n/a                  |                  | Wikipedia edits/mn po                                |   | 68.6                | 41                       |      |
| 2 / Vantura                 | capital recipie   | nts, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP     | n/a                 | n/a                  | 7.3.4            | Mobile app creation/b                                | n PPP\$ GDP                             | 9.3                 | 48                       |      |
|                             |   | and moulest a!-             | 68.1                | 70                   |                  |  |   |                     |                          |      |
| 3 Trade,                    |   | , and market scale          |                     |                      |                  |  |   |                     |                          |      |
| .3 Trade, o                 | diversification<br>tariff rate, weig<br>ic industry dive  | hted avg., %                | 1.9<br>91.5         | 54<br>47             |                  |  |   |                     |                          |      |

## **Norway**

Output rank Input rank

Income

Region

Population (mn) GDP, PPP\$ (bn)

20

GII 2020 rank

GDP per capita, PPP\$

| 28               | 8 13  | High E                                  | UR              |                      | 5.4            | 349.5   | 64,856   |   | 20                |
|------------------|---|---|-----------------|----------------------|----------------|---|--|---|-------------------|
|                  |   |   | Score/<br>Value | Rank                 |                |   |  | Score/<br>Value                         | Rank              |
| 血口               | nstitutions   |   | 92.6            | 3 • ♦                | 2              | Business sophistica                                       | ation  | 45.7                                    | 23                |
|                  | Political environment                                     |   | 91.1            | 4 ●                  | 5.1            | Knowledge workers   |  | 57.6                                    | 21                |
|                  | Political and operational st<br>Government effectiveness  | •                                       | 89.3<br>92.0    | 6<br>5 ●             | 5.1.1<br>5.1.2 | Knowledge-intensive emp<br>Firms offering formal train    |  | 51.7<br>n/a                             | 5 <b>●</b><br>n/a |
|                  | Regulatory environment                                    |   | 96.8            | 3 ●                  |                | GERD performed by busin                                   | •  | 1.1                                     | 19                |
|                  | Regulatory quality*                                       |   | 90.7            | 7 <b>•</b>           |                | GERD financed by busine                                   |  | 42.0                                    | 39 <              |
| 1.2.2 F          | Rule of law*  |   | 99.0            | 2 ●                  |                | Females employed w/adva                                   | anced degrees, %   | 25.9                                    | 12                |
| 1.2.3 C          | Cost of redundancy dismis                                 | ssal                                    | 8.7             | 18                   | 5.2            | Innovation linkages                                       | allah avatiant   | 42.6                                    | <b>20</b>         |
|                  | Business environment                                      |   | 89.9            | 3 ●                  |                | University-industry R&D c<br>State of cluster developme   |  | <ul><li>Ø 61.7</li><li>Ø 64.6</li></ul> | 20<br>15          |
|                  | Ease of starting a business                               |   | 94.3<br>85.4    | 23<br>5 ●            |                | GERD financed by abroad                                   | •  | 0.2                                     | 27                |
| 1.3.2            | Ease of resolving insolvend                               | .y                                      | 65.4            | <b>5</b> •           |                | Joint venture/strategic allia                             |  | 0.1                                     | 18                |
| . O L            | Juman capital and r                                       | essarah                                 | 56.0            | 10                   | 5.2.5          | Patent families/bn PPP\$ 0                                | BDP  | 2.1                                     | 17                |
|                  | Human capital and r                                       | esearch                                 | 56.8            | 13                   | 5.3            | Knowledge absorption                                      |  | 36.9                                    | <b>35</b> <       |
| 2.1 E            | Education   |   | 75.3            | 3 ● ♦                |                | Intellectual property paym                                |  | 0.5                                     | 69 🔾              |
|                  | Expenditure on education,                                 |   | 7.9             | 2 ● ♦                |                | High-tech imports, % total ICT services imports, % to     |  | 7.0<br>3.2                              | 78 O<br>7         |
|                  | Government funding/pupil,                                 | • | 26.1            | 14 ♦                 |                | FDI net inflows, % GDP                                    | otal trade   | 1.1                                     | 106 O             |
|                  | School life expectancy, yea<br>PISA scales in reading, ma |   | 18.1<br>496.9   | 12<br>22             |                | Research talent, % in bus                                 | inesses  | 48.9                                    | 26                |
|                  | Pupil-teacher ratio, second                               |   |                 | 16 ♦                 |                |   |  |   |                   |
|                  | Tertiary education  | ,                                       | 39.7            | 42                   | مهمو           | Knowledge and ted   | chnology outputs   | 35.4                                    | 28 <              |
|                  | Tertiary enrolment, % gros                                | S                                       | 83.0            | 16                   |                | -   |  |   |                   |
|                  | Graduates in science and                                  |   | 21.8            | 62 🔾                 | 6.1            | Knowledge creation  |  | 46.7                                    | 17                |
| 2.2.3 T          | Fertiary inbound mobility, 9                              | %                                       | 4.2             | <b>57</b> $\bigcirc$ |                | Patents by origin/bn PPP\$ PCT patents by origin/bn       |  | 4.5<br>2.0                              | 20<br>18          |
| 2.3 F            | Research and developm                                     | ent (R&D)                               | 55.5            | 19                   |                | Utility models by origin/bri                              |  | n/a                                     | n/a               |
|                  | Researchers, FTE/mn pop                                   |   | 6,673.7         | 6                    | 6.1.4          | Scientific and technical ar                               |  | 45.4                                    | 12                |
|                  | Gross expenditure on R&D                                  |   | 2.1             | 16                   | 6.1.5          | Citable documents H-inde                                  |  | 41.7                                    | 20                |
|                  | Global corporate R&D inve<br>QS university ranking, top   |   | 56.1<br>42.9    | 24<br>28             | 6.2            | Knowledge impact  |  | 39.5                                    | 25                |
| 2.0.4            | 20 driiversity ranking, top                               | 0                                       | 42.3            | 20                   | 6.2.1          | Labor productivity growth                                 | , %  | -0.2                                    | 72 🔾              |
| ₽ <sup>¢</sup> I | nfrastructure   |   | 64.8            | 1●◆                  |                | New businesses/th pop. 1                                  |  | 8.6                                     | 19                |
| <b>W</b> . 1     | illiastructure  |   | 04.0            | 100                  |                | Software spending, % GD ISO 9001 quality certificat       | and the second s | 0.5<br>7.8                              | 18<br>35          |
| 3.1 lı           | nformation and communic                                   | cation technologies (ICTs)              | 86.0            | 18                   |                | High-tech manufacturing,                                  |  | 32.9                                    | 38                |
|                  | CT access*  |   | 76.3            | 45 ♦                 | 6.3            | Knowledge diffusion                                       |  | 20.1                                    | 54 <              |
|                  | CT use*   | *                                       | 89.3            | 3 <b>● ◆</b><br>19   |                | Intellectual property receip                              | ots. % total trade   | 0.3                                     | 31                |
|                  | Government's online servi<br>E-participation*             | Je                                      | 87.6<br>90.5    | 18                   |                | Production and export con                                 |  | 54.0                                    | 43 <              |
|                  | General infrastructure                                    |   | 61.2            | 3 • ♦                |                | High-tech exports, % tota                                 |  | 3.2                                     | 46                |
|                  | Electricity output, GWh/mr                                | n pop.                                  | 27.518.4        | 1 • •                | 6.3.4          | ICT services exports, % to                                | otal trade   | 1.8                                     | 62                |
|                  | ogistics performance*                                     | .                                       | 76.6            | 21                   |                |   |  |   |                   |
| 3.2.3            | Gross capital formation, %                                | GDP                                     | 26.7            | 34                   | <b>68</b> ,    | Creative outputs  |  | 39.3                                    | 25                |
|                  | Ecological sustainability                                 |   | 47.2            | 20                   | 7.1            | Intangible assets   |  | 37.4                                    | 45 <              |
|                  | GDP/unit of energy use                                    |   | 13.9            | 33                   | 7.1.1          | Trademarks by origin/bn F                                 | PPP\$ GDP  | 33.2                                    | 69 🔾              |
|                  | Environmental performanc                                  |   | 77.7            | 9                    |                | Global brand value, top 5,                                |  | 73.2                                    | 27                |
| 3.3.3 K          | SO 14001 environmental ce                                 | rtilicates/bit FFF4 GDF                 | 4.1             | 22                   | 7.1.3          | Industrial designs by origin                              |  | 1.3                                     | 60 O              |
| و فهمو           | Maylest as whistingtic                                    |   | E7.6            | 04                   | 7.1.4          | · ·   |  | 77.4                                    | 10                |
| iii I            | Market sophistication                                     | on                                      | 57.6            | 21                   | 7.2            | Creative goods and serv                                   |  | 27.1                                    | <b>32</b>         |
| 4.1 C            | Credit  |   | 59.2            | 16                   | 7.2.1<br>7.2.2 | Cultural and creative servic<br>National feature films/mn | ' '  | 0.5<br>10.1                             | 50<br>19          |
|                  | Ease of getting credit*                                   |   | 55.0            | 88 🔾                 |                | Entertainment and media                                   |  | 82.8                                    | 3 ● ∢             |
|                  | Domestic credit to private                                |   | 151.4           | 9                    |                | Printing and other media,                                 | •  | 1.1                                     | 45                |
|                  | Microfinance gross loans,                                 | % GDP                                   | n/a             | n/a                  | 7.2.5          | Creative goods exports, 9                                 | 6 total trade  | 0.5                                     | 63 🔾              |
|                  | nvestment   | , improctore*                           | 37.1            | <b>42</b>            | 7.3            | Online creativity   |  | 55.5                                    | 15                |
|                  | Ease of protecting minority<br>Market capitalization, % G |   | 76.0<br>69.0    | 21<br>23             | 7.3.1          | •   |  | 50.6                                    | 15                |
|                  | /enture capital investors, o                              |   | 0.1             | 23<br>21             |                | Country-code TLDs/th po                                   | •  | 63.0                                    | 13                |
|                  | enture capital recipients,                                |   | 0.0             | 34                   |                | Wikipedia edits/mn pop. 1<br>Mobile app creation/bn Pl    |  | 84.3<br>19.5                            | 6 ●<br>28         |
|                  | Trade, diversification, an                                |   | 76.5            | 40                   | 7.0.4          | mobile app orealion/bit Fr                                | , <del>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </del>  | 10.0                                    | 20                |
|                  | Applied tariff rate, weighte                              |   | 2.6             | 59                   |                |   |  |   |                   |
| 4.3.2 E          | Domestic industry diversifi                               | cation                                  | 90.6            | 48                   |                |   |  |   |                   |
| 433 F            | Comestic market scale hr                                  | DDD¢                                    | 349 5           | 49                   |                |   |  |   |                   |

NOTES: • indicates a strength;  $\bigcirc$  a weakness; • an income group strength;  $\bigcirc$  an income group weakness; \* an index; † a survey question. ② indicates that the economy's data are older than the base year; see appendices for details, including the year of the data, at http://globalinnovationindex.org. Square brackets [] indicate that the data minimum coverage (DMC) requirements were not met at the sub-pillar or pillar level.

349.5 49

**Oman** GII 2021 rank

Region

Output rank Input rank

Income

Population (mn) GDP, PPP\$ (bn) GDP per capita, PPP\$

|  | 90  | 67   |  | NAWA  |   | 5.1   | 129.2  | 29,908   |   | 84  |
|--|---|--|--|---|---|---|--|--|---|---|
|  |   |  |  | Score/<br>Value   | Rank  |   |  |  | Score/<br>Value                                   | Rank                                      |
| 血  | Institu   | tions  |  | 62.3  | <b>71</b> ♦   | 2   | Business sophist   | tication   | 20.2  | 94 ♦                                      |
| 1.2<br>1.2.1<br>1.2.2<br>1.2.3<br>1.3<br>1.3.1 | Political a<br>Governm<br>Regulate<br>Regulate<br>Rule of la<br>Cost of r<br>Busines<br>Ease of s | environment<br>and operational s<br>nent effectivenes<br>ory environmen<br>ory quality*<br>aw*<br>edundancy dism<br>s environment<br>starting a busines<br>esolving insolver   | s* t issal   | 62.0<br>73.2<br>56.4<br>56.2<br>51.1<br>61.3<br>n/a<br>68.7<br>93.5<br>44.0 | 52  | 5.1.3<br>5.1.4<br>5.1.5<br><b>5.2</b><br>5.2.1<br>5.2.2 | Knowledge workers Knowledge-intensive of Firms offering formal to GERD performed by bood of GERD financed by buse Females employed w/of Innovation linkages University-industry R& State of cluster develogers GERD financed by abr  | raining, % usiness, % GDP siness, % advanced degrees, %  D collaboration† pment and depth† | 22.4 ② 18.5 n/a ② 0.1 31.8 n/a 23.7 51.5 62.5 0.0 | n/a<br>66                                 |
|  |   |  | •  |   |   |   | Joint venture/strategic a<br>Patent families/bn PPF  | alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>P\$ GDP   | 0.1<br>0.0  |   |
| 2.1.3<br>2.1.4                                 | Education<br>Expendit<br>Governm<br>School li<br>PISA sca   | ture on educatior<br>nent funding/pupil<br>fe expectancy, ye   | n, % GDP<br>, secondary, % GDP/cap<br>ears<br>aths and science                                 | 37.9<br>56.6<br>© 5.0<br>27.0<br>14.3<br>n/a<br>10.6                        | 45<br>44<br>41<br>13 ● ◆<br>66 ◇<br>n/a<br>35         | 5.3.2<br>5.3.3<br>5.3.4                                 | Knowledge absorption Intellectual property particles in the High-tech imports, Moreover in the High-tech imports, FDI net inflows, Moreover in the High-technic in the | ayments, % total trade<br>total trade<br>% total trade<br>P                                | 14.5<br>n/a<br>② 5.5<br>0.3<br>5.4<br>② 0.3       | n/a<br>106 ○<br>117 ○ ◇<br>18 ●           |
| 2.2  | Tertiary  | education  | •  | 52.8  | 10 ● ♦  | 2000  | Knowledge and  | technology outputs   | 11.7  | 107 ○ ◊                                   |
| 2.2.2<br>2.2.3<br><b>2.3</b><br>2.3.1<br>2.3.2 | Graduate<br>Tertiary i<br>Research<br>Research<br>Gross ex  | enrolment, % groes in science and nbound mobility, thand developmers, FTE/mn poppenditure on R& proporate R&D invocate R&D | engineering, %<br>%<br>nent (R&D)<br>o.  | 40.4<br>44.5<br>2.8<br><b>4.3</b><br>② 281.2<br>② 0.2<br>0.0                | 73  | 6.1.2<br>6.1.3<br>6.1.4                                 | Knowledge creation<br>Patents by origin/bn P<br>PCT patents by origin/<br>Utility models by origin<br>Scientific and technica<br>Citable documents H-  | 'bn PPP\$ GDP<br>n/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>al articles/bn PPP\$ GDP                                | <b>7.1</b><br>0.2<br>0.1<br>n/a<br>9.9<br>7.5     | 94<br>67<br>n/a<br>86 ♦                   |
|  | QS unive  | ructure  |  | 9.7 45.1 Ts) 79.7   | 65<br><b>56</b> $\diamond$                            | 6.2.2<br>6.2.3<br>6.2.4                                 | Knowledge impact<br>Labor productivity gro<br>New businesses/th po<br>Software spending, %<br>ISO 9001 quality certif<br>High-tech manufacturi   | p. 15–64<br>GDP<br>icates/bn PPP\$ GDP   | <b>19.4</b><br>-1.7<br>1.4<br>0.0<br>4.5<br>17.5  | 96<br>72<br>102 $\bigcirc$ $\diamondsuit$ |
| 3.1.3<br>3.1.4<br><b>3.2</b><br>3.2.1          | E-partici<br>General<br>Electricit  | nent's online serv<br>pation*<br>infrastructure<br>y output, GWh/m   |  | 80.3<br>69.8<br>85.3<br>83.3<br><b>33.5</b><br>7,801.0                      | 30 ●<br>47 ◇<br>24 ●<br>38<br><b>46</b><br>24 ●       | <b>6.3</b> 6.3.1 6.3.2 6.3.3                            | Knowledge diffusion<br>Intellectual property re<br>Production and export<br>High-tech exports, %<br>ICT services exports,  | eceipts, % total trade<br>t complexity<br>total trade                                      | 8.8<br>n/a<br>32.7<br>② 0.8<br>0.3                | 99<br>n/a<br>82<br>78                     |
|  | -   | s performance*<br>apital formation, 9  | % GDP  | 53.4<br>22.0  | 42<br>68  | <b>&amp;</b> ,  | Creative outputs   |  | 22.5  | 71 ◇                                      |
| 3.3.2  | GDP/unit  | cal sustainabilit<br>t of energy use<br>nental performan<br>1 environmental c  |  | 21.9<br>7.5<br>38.5<br>1.7  | <b>87</b>   | 7.1.2<br>7.1.3  | Intangible assets Trademarks by origin/I Global brand value, to Industrial designs by o ICTs and organizationa   | p 5,000, % GDP<br>rigin/bn PPP\$ GDP   | <b>34.5</b><br>78.2<br>10.4<br>0.1<br>52.5        | 22 ● ◆<br>60<br>114 ○                     |
| iii  | Marke   | t sophisticati   | on   | 43.2  | 84  | 7.2   | Creative goods and   | services   | 5.0   | 105 💠                                     |
|  | Domesti   | getting credit*<br>c credit to private<br>ance gross loans   |  | <b>32.6</b><br>35.0<br>75.1<br>n/a  | <b>99</b>   | 7.2.2<br>7.2.3<br>7.2.4                                 | National feature films/  | dia market/th pop. 15–69<br>dia, % manufacturing   | n/a<br>1.1<br>5.0<br>0.5<br>Ø 0.4                 | 82  |
| 4.2.3<br>4.2.4<br><b>4.3</b><br>4.3.1<br>4.3.2 | Market of<br>Venture of<br>Venture of<br>Trade, d<br>Applied to<br>Domestic                       | protecting minoring apitalization, % (capital investors, capital recipients  | GDP<br>deals/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>nd market scale<br>ed avg., %<br>fication | 24.4<br>56.0<br>25.4<br>0.0<br>n/a<br>72.5<br>1.7<br>88.0<br>129.2          | 88<br>82<br>52<br>45<br>n/a<br>54<br>23 ●<br>59<br>76 | 7.3.2<br>7.3.3  | Online creativity Generic top-level dom Country-code TLDs/th Wikipedia edits/mn po Mobile app creation/b   | p. 15–69   | <b>15.8</b><br>1.6<br>0.3<br>39.3<br>23.7         | 86  |

#### **Pakistan**

| Output rank  | Input rank   | Income   | Region                                 | Por   | oulat | ion (mn                                   | ) GDP, PPP\$ (bn)  | GDP per capita, PPP\$   | GII 20                                    | 20 rank                                    |
|--|--|--|--|---|-------|---|--|---|---|--|
| 77   | 117  | Lower middle   | CSA                                    |   | 220   | 0.9                                       | 1,076.3  | 5,160   | 1   | 07   |
|  |  |  | Score/<br>Value                        | Rank  |       |   |  |   | Score/<br>Value                           | Rank                                       |
| il Institu   | ıtions   |  | 54.0                                   | 99  |       | 2   | Business sophist   | tication  | 21.4                                      | 88   |
| 1.1.1 Political  | I environment<br>and operationa<br>ment effectiven                               | al stability*  | <b>42.8</b><br>57.1<br>35.6            | <b>107</b><br>106<br>110                      |       | 5.1.1<br>5.1.2                            | Knowledge workers<br>Knowledge-intensive e<br>Firms offering formal to   | raining, %  | 32.0                                      | 105<br>46                                  |
|  | tory environmo<br>ory quality*<br>aw*  | ent  | <b>44.9</b><br>26.7<br>29.1            | <b>116</b><br>109<br>107                      |       | 5.1.4                                     | GERD performed by b<br>GERD financed by bus<br>Females employed w/a  | siness, %   | n/a<br>n/a<br>1.6                         | n/a<br>n/a<br>109                          |
| 1.3 Busines  | redundancy dis<br>ss environmen<br>starting a busir                              | it   | 27.2<br><b>74.1</b><br>89.3            | 108<br><b>55</b><br>59                        | •     | 5.2.1<br>5.2.2                            | <b>Innovation linkages</b><br>University-industry R&<br>State of cluster develo  | pment and depth <sup>†</sup>                                      | <b>18.4</b><br>49.0<br>48.6               | <b>78</b><br>42 ● •<br>55                  |
|  | resolving insolv   | •  | 59.0<br><b>14.0</b>                    | 53<br>117                                     | •     | 5.2.4                                     | GERD financed by abr<br>Joint venture/strategic a<br>Patent families/bn PPF  | alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP                                       | 0.0<br>0.0<br>0.0                         | 89<br>57<br>94                             |
| 2.1 Educat<br>2.1.1 Expend<br>2.1.2 Governr<br>2.1.3 School I<br>2.1.4 PISA sc   | ion<br>iture on educat<br>nent funding/pu<br>ife expectancy,<br>ales in reading, | ion, % GDP<br>pil, secondary, % GDP/ca<br>years<br>maths and science | 27.0<br>2.9<br>ap ② 16.0<br>8.3<br>n/a | 121 (<br>100<br>70<br>117 (<br>n/a            | - •   | 5.3.1<br>5.3.2<br>5.3.3<br>5.3.4          | Knowledge absorption intellectual property particular property, % ICT services imports, % FDI net inflows, % GDI Research talent, % in I             | ayments, % total trade<br>total trade<br>% total trade<br>P       | 25.1<br>0.4<br>10.3<br>1.0<br>0.7<br>n/a  | 69<br>71<br>29 ●<br>79<br>115<br>n/a       |
| •  | acher ratio, sec<br><b>/ education</b>   | ondary   | 16.3<br><b>5.7</b>                     | 79<br><b>[124]</b>                            |       | 200                                       | Knowledge and  | technology outputs  | 19.2                                      | 71   |
| 2.2.2 Graduat<br>2.2.3 Tertiary<br>2.3 Researd<br>2.3.1 Researd<br>2.3.2 Gross e | inbound mobili<br>ch and develop<br>chers, FTE/mn p<br>xpenditure on F           | nd engineering, %<br>ty, %<br>pment (R&D)<br>pop.                    | 9.0 n/a n/a 9.2 9.335.6 0 0.2 0.0      | 117 c<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>63<br>75<br>88<br>41 c |       | 6.1.1<br>6.1.2<br>6.1.3<br>6.1.4<br>6.1.5 | Citable documents H-   | bn PPP\$ GDP<br>n/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>al articles/bn PPP\$ GDP        | 15.6<br>0.3<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>18.1<br>17.2 | 88<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>49 • •                 |
| <b>∯</b> <sup>‡</sup> Infras   | ersity ranking, t  |  | 28.4<br>25.4                           |   | • •   | 6.2.1<br>6.2.2<br>6.2.3                   | Knowledge impact<br>Labor productivity gro<br>New businesses/th po<br>Software spending, %<br>ISO 9001 quality certif                                | p. 15–64<br>GDP   | 27.4<br>0.7<br>0.1<br>0.3<br>2.3          | <b>74</b><br>52<br>117 ○<br>33 •           |
| 3.1.1 ICT acc<br>3.1.2 ICT use<br>3.1.3 Governr<br>3.1.4 E-partic                | ess*<br>*<br>ment's online se  |  | 39.0<br>17.9<br>62.9<br>52.4           | 104<br>109<br>117<br>82<br>97                 | \$    | <b>6.3</b> 6.3.1 6.3.2 6.3.3              | High-tech manufacturi<br>Knowledge diffusion<br>Intellectual property re<br>Production and export<br>High-tech exports, %<br>ICT services exports, § | ceipts, % total trade @ceipts, % total trade                      | n/a<br>14.6<br>0.0<br>28.2<br>1.3<br>2.8  | n/a<br><b>71</b><br>84<br>98<br>70<br>36 ● |
| 3.2.2 Logistic   | ty output, GWh<br>s performance'<br>apital formatior                             |  |  | 104<br>112 (<br>113 (                         |       |   | Creative outputs   | total trade   | 18.4                                      | 87   |
| 3.3.1 GDP/un<br>3.3.2 Environi   | ical sustainabi<br>it of energy use<br>mental perform<br>01 environmenta         |  | 20.5<br>10.1<br>33.1<br>P 0.5          | 96<br>67<br>111<br>85                         |       | 7.1.1<br>7.1.2<br>7.1.3                   | Intangible assets<br>Trademarks by origin/t<br>Global brand value, to<br>Industrial designs by o<br>ICTs and organizationa                           | o 5,000, % GDP<br>rigin/bn PPP\$ GDP                              | 30.8<br>30.7<br>n/a<br>0.4<br>51.6        | <b>64</b><br>74<br>n/a<br>90<br>76         |
| Marke  | t sophistica   | ation  | 35.1                                   | 120   | 0     |   | Creative goods and s   | services<br>rvices exports, % total trade                         | <b>1.1</b><br>0.1                         | <b>126</b> ⊖ ∢<br>84                       |
| 4.1.2 Domest   | getting credit*<br>ic credit to priva<br>ance gross loa                          | ate sector, % GDP<br>ns, % GDP                                       | <b>20.9</b> 45.0 18.1 0.2              | 123 (<br>101<br>115<br>50                     | 0     | 7.2.2<br>7.2.3<br>7.2.4                   | National feature films/r   | mn pop. 15–69<br>dia market/th pop. 15–69<br>dia, % manufacturing | 0.1<br>0.1<br>0/a<br>0.1                  | 107 ()<br>62 ()  n/a 107                   |
| 4.2.2 Market of 4.2.3 Venture 4.2.4 Venture                                      | protecting mino<br>capitalization, 9<br>capital investor<br>capital recipier     | % GDP<br>rs, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>nts, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP           | 21.1<br>72.0<br>29.2<br>0.0<br>0.0     | 107<br>27 (<br>49<br>88 (<br>78               |       | 7.3.1<br>7.3.2<br>7.3.3                   | Online creativity Generic top-level dom Country-code TLDs/th Wikipedia edits/mn po Mobile app creation/bi  | p. 15–69  | 0.2                                       | 89<br>106<br>110<br>123 O<br>19 •          |
| 4.3.1 Applied  | tariff rate, weig<br>ic industry dive  | •  | <b>63.2</b><br>8.7<br>n/a              | <b>83</b><br>109<br>n/a                       |       |   |  |   |   |  |

NOTES: • indicates a strength;  $\bigcirc$  a weakness; • an income group strength;  $\bigcirc$  an income group weakness; \* an index; † a survey question.  $\odot$  indicates that the economy's data are older than the base year; see appendices for details, including the year of the data, at http://globalinnovationindex.org. Square brackets [] indicate that the data minimum coverage (DMC) requirements were not met at the sub-pillar or pillar level.

1,076.3 22 ● ◆

### **Panama**

Output rank Input rank

Income

Region

Population (mn) GDP, PPP\$ (bn)

83

GII 2020 rank

GDP per capita, PPP\$

| 1.1 Politic 1.1.1 Politic 1.1.1 Politic 1.1.2 Govern 1.2 Regula 1.2.1 Regula 1.2.2 Rule o 1.2.3 Cost o 1.3 Busin 1.3.1 Ease o 1.3.2 Ease o 1.3.2 Ease o 1.3.2 Ease o 1.3.2 Ease o 1.3.3 Ease o 1.3.4 PISA s 1.5 Pupil-t 1.6 Tertiar 1.7 Tertiar 1.8 Resea 1.8 Resea 1.8 Resea 1.8 Gross 1.8 Global               | st of redundancy dismissal siness environment se of starting a business* se of resolving insolvency*  Iman capital and research  Location  Location  Lovernment funding/pupil, secondary, % GDP  Location Location on the expectancy, years  Location on the expectancy, years  Location on the expectancy of the expectancy of the expectancy  Location on the expectancy of the expectancy of the expectancy  Location of the expectancy of the expectancy  Location of the expectancy of the expectancy  Location of the expectancy of the expectancy  Location of the expectancy of the expectancy  Location of the expectancy of the expectancy  Location of the expectancy of the expectancy  Location of the expectancy of the expectancy  Location of the expectancy o | al   | Score/<br>Value 62.8 58.5 71.4 52.1 64.1 53.0 43.6 18.1 65.8 92.0 39.5     | 69<br>63<br>54<br>68<br>68<br>56<br>67<br>76<br>82 | <ul><li>♦ 5.1.3</li><li>♦ 5.1.4</li><li>♦ 5.1.5</li></ul>                                       | Firms offering formal training, % GERD performed by business, % GDP GERD financed by business, % Females employed w/advanced degrees, %  | Score/<br>Value 18.6 17.4 24.0 21.0 n/a 1.5 10.5 | 103                                 |
|--|--|--|--|--|---|--|--|-------------------------------------|
| 1.1 Politic 1.1.1 Politic 1.1.1 Politic 1.1.2 Govern 1.2 Regula 1.2.1 Regula 1.2.2 Rule o 1.2.3 Cost o 1.3 Busin 1.3.1 Ease o 1.3.2 Ease o 1.3.2 Ease o 1.3.2 Ease o 1.3.2 Ease o 1.3.3 Ease o 1.3.4 PISA s 1.5 Pupil-t 1.6 Tertiar 1.7 Tertiar 1.8 Resea 1.8 Resea 1.8 Resea 1.8 Gross 1.8 Global               | itutions ical environment cal and operational stability* rrment effectiveness* ulatory environment llatory quality* of law* of redundancy dismissal ness environment of starting a business* of resolving insolvency*  nan capital and research eation nditure on education, % GDP rmment funding/pupil, secondary, % GDP/co ol life expectancy, years scales in reading, maths and science -teacher ratio, secondary ary enrolment, % gross uates in science and engineering, % ary inbound mobility, % earch and development (R&D) archers, FTE/mn pop. se expenditure on R&D, % GDP al corporate R&D investors, top 3, mn USS niversity ranking, top 3*  astructure mation and communication technologies ( ccess* se' rmment's online service* rticipation* eral infrastructure ricity output, GWh/mn pop. stics performance* se capital formation, % GDP orgical sustainability funit of energy use onmental performance* 4001 environmental certificates/bn PPP\$ GI   | al   | <b>58.5</b> 71.4 52.1 <b>64.1</b> 53.0 43.6 18.1 <b>65.8</b> 92.0          | 63<br>54<br>68<br>68<br>56<br>67<br>76             | <ul> <li>♦ 5.1.1</li> <li>♦ 5.1.2</li> <li>♦ 5.1.3</li> <li>♦ 5.1.4</li> <li>♦ 5.1.5</li> </ul> | Knowledge workers Knowledge-intensive employment, % Firms offering formal training, % GERD performed by business, % GDP GERD financed by business, % Females employed w/advanced degrees, %            | 17.4<br>24.0<br>2 11.0<br>n/a<br>2 1.5<br>10.5   | 106                                 |
| 1.1.1 Politica 1.1.2 Govern 1.2 Regula 1.2.1 Regula 1.2.2 Rule o 1.2.3 Cost o 1.3 Busine 1.3.1 Ease o 1.3.2 Ease o 2.1 Expen 2.1.1 Expen 2.1.2 Govern 2.1.3 Schoo 2.1.4 PISA s 2.1.5 Pupil-t 2.2 Tertian 2.2.1 Tertian 2.2.1 Tertian 2.2.2 Gradua 2.2.3 Tertian 2.3.1 Resea 2.3.1 Resea 2.3.2 Gross 2.3.3 Global | al and operational stal<br>nment effectiveness*<br>latory environment<br>atory quality*<br>if law*<br>of redundancy dismiss.<br>ess environment<br>of starting a business*<br>of resolving insolvency<br>an capital and re-<br>lation  | al   | 71.4<br>52.1<br><b>64.1</b><br>53.0<br>43.6<br>18.1<br><b>65.8</b><br>92.0 | 54<br>68<br>68<br>56<br>67<br>76                   | <ul> <li>♦ 5.1.1</li> <li>♦ 5.1.2</li> <li>♦ 5.1.3</li> <li>♦ 5.1.4</li> <li>♦ 5.1.5</li> </ul> | Knowledge-intensive employment, % Firms offering formal training, % GERD performed by business, % GDP GERD financed by business, % Females employed w/advanced degrees, %                              | 24.0<br>11.0<br>n/a<br>2 1.5<br>10.5             | 66                                  |
| 1.3.1 Ease of 1.3.2 Ease of 1.3.2 Ease of 1.3.2 Educa 2.1.1 Expen 2.1.2 Govern 2.1.3 School 2.1.4 PISA's 2.1.5 Pupil-t 2.2.1 Tertian 2.2.2 Gradua 2.2.3 Tertian 2.2.3 Resea 2.3.1 Resea 2.3.2 Gross 2.3.3 Global   | of starting a business* of resolving insolvency an capital and re ation diture on education, 9   |  | 92.0   |  | 5.2   | Innovation linkages  | 18.6   | 67 ⋄ <b>75</b> ⋄                    |
| 2.1.1 Expen 2.1.2 Govern 2.1.3 Schoo 2.1.4 PISA s 2.1.5 Pupil-t 2.2 Tertian 2.2.1 Tertian 2.2.2 Tertian 2.2.3 Tertian 2.3.1 Resea 2.3.1 Resea 2.3.2 Gross 2.3.3 Global   | diture on education, 9   |  | 19.5   | 46<br>99<br><b>99</b>                              | 5.2.2<br>5.2.3<br>5.2.4<br>5.2.5  | Joint venture/strategic alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP Patent families/bn PPP\$ GDP   | 37.1<br>47.5<br>0.1<br>0.0<br>0.3                | 94                                  |
| <ul><li>2.2.1 Tertiar</li><li>2.2.2 Gradui</li><li>2.2.3 Tertiar</li><li>2.3 Resea</li><li>2.3.1 Resea</li><li>2.3.2 Gross</li><li>2.3.3 Global</li></ul>  | scales in reading, math  | condary, % GDP/cap<br>s<br>s and science                               | 31.6<br>② 3.2<br>② 9.2<br>② 12.9<br>364.8<br>② 13.6                        | 92<br>93 (<br>83<br>76 (<br>62                     | 5.3.2<br>5.3.3<br>5.3.4   | ICT services imports, % total trade<br>FDI net inflows, % GDP<br>Research talent, % in businesses  | 19.7<br>0.2<br>7.7<br>0.3<br>8.2<br>n/a          | 94                                  |
| 2.3.1 Reseat<br>2.3.2 Gross<br>2.3.3 Global  | ry enrolment, % gross<br>ates in science and en<br>ry inbound mobility, %  | gineering, %   | 25.1<br>② 47.8<br>② 15.4<br>n/a  | <b>84</b><br>65<br>97<br>n/a                       | 6.1.2   | Knowledge and technology outputs  Knowledge creation Patents by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP PCT patents by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP   | 5.0<br>0.2<br>0.2                                | 113 ♦ 112 ♦ 91 55                   |
|  | rchers, FTE/mn pop.<br>expenditure on R&D,<br>I corporate R&D invest   | % GDP  | <b>1.7</b> ② 39.1 ② 0.1 0.0 3.7  | 98<br>97 (<br>96<br>41 (<br>72                     | <ul> <li>♦ 6.1.3</li> <li>♦ 6.1.4</li> <li>♦ 6.1.5</li> <li>♦ 6.2</li> <li>6.2.1</li> </ul>     | Utility models by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP Scientific and technical articles/bn PPP\$ GDP Citable documents H-index  Knowledge impact Labor productivity growth, %  | 0.0<br>4.8<br>12.2<br><b>11.1</b><br>n/a         | n/a                                 |
| · •  | nation and communica   | tion technologies (ICT   | 46.8<br>(s) 60.8<br>64.9   | <b>50 81</b> 70                                    | 6.2.3<br>6.2.4<br>6.2.5   | New businesses/th pop. 15–64<br>Software spending, % GDP<br>ISO 9001 quality certificates/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>High-tech manufacturing, %   | 4.8<br>0.2<br>1.6<br>7.3                         | 32 ●<br>67<br>93 ◇<br>96 ◇          |
| 3.1.4 E-parti  | nment's online service<br>icipation*<br>ral infrastructure   |  | 57.7<br>62.4<br>58.3<br><b>39.7</b><br>2,740.2                             | 66<br>83<br>89<br><b>30 6</b>                      | 6.3.2<br>6.3.3  | Knowledge diffusion Intellectual property receipts, % total trade Production and export complexity High-tech exports, % total trade ICT services exports, % total trade                                | 16.7<br>0.0<br>38.3<br>5.1<br>1.1                | 66<br>74<br>73<br>36 ●<br>81        |
|  | •  | aDP  | 57.1<br>33.8   | 37<br>13 <b>•</b>                                  | . €,  | Creative outputs   | 25.8   | 58                                  |
| 3.3.1 GDP/u<br>3.3.2 Enviro  | unit of energy use<br>nmental performance  | ficates/bn PPP\$ GDP   | <b>39.8</b> 23.5 47.3 0.2  | 36 6<br>5 64<br>105                                | 7.1   | Intangible assets Trademarks by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP Global brand value, top 5,000, % GDP Industrial designs by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP ICTs and organizational model creation <sup>†</sup>                 | <b>25.0</b><br>33.0<br>12.2<br>0.0<br>57.4       | <b>87</b>                           |
| 4.1 Credit<br>4.1.1 Ease of<br>4.1.2 Domes   | t of getting credit* stic credit to private se finance gross loans, %  | ctor, % GDP  | <b>47.6</b><br>80.0<br>86.8<br>0.4   | 97<br>40<br>23<br>33<br>39                         | 7.2.3<br>7.2.4  | Entertainment and media market/th pop. 15–69 Printing and other media, % manufacturing   | 25.3<br>0.4<br>0.4<br>n/a<br>2.5                 | 37<br>53<br>100 ○ ◇<br>n/a<br>6 • ◆ |
| 4.2.1 Ease of 4.2.2 Market 4.2.3 Ventur 4.2.4 Ventur   | tment of protecting minority in the capitalization, % GD re capital investors, de re capital recipients, de to diversification, and  | nvestors*<br>o<br>als/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>als/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>market scale | 16.9<br>56.0<br>24.5<br>0.0<br>0.0<br>57.7<br>② 5.4                        | 126 (<br>82<br>53<br>79<br>77<br>101<br>93         | 7.3.1<br>7.3.2<br>7.3.3   | Creative goods exports, % total trade  Online creativity Generic top-level domains (TLDs)/th pop. 15–69 Country-code TLDs/th pop. 15–69 Wikipedia edits/mn pop. 15–69 Mobile app creation/bn PPP\$ GDP | 28.0<br>56.4<br>1.3<br>48.6<br>6.0               | 23 • 38 13 • 79 ◊ 68 ◊ 54           |

# **Paraguay**

88

| Output rank                     | <u> </u>                                | Income                           | Region              |                 | •          | `                   | n) GDP, PPP\$ (bn)                                  | GDP per capita, PPP\$                     | GII 20              |                    |
|---------------------------------|---|----------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------|------------|---------------------|---|---|---------------------|--------------------|
| 87                              | 90                                      | Upper middle                     | LCN                 |                 | 7          | 7.1                 | 90.7  | 12,503                                    |                     | 97                 |
|                                 |   |                                  | Score/              |                 |            |                     |   |   | Score/              |                    |
| <u> </u>                        |   |                                  | Value               |                 | •          | _0_                 | B :   |   | Value               |                    |
| 🔟 Institu                       | tions                                   |                                  | 50.9                | 110             | $\diamond$ | $\mathbf{M}$        | Business sophist                                    | lication                                  | 25.4                | 66                 |
|                                 | environment                             |                                  | 47.3                | 97              | $\Diamond$ | 5.1                 | Knowledge workers                                   |   | 27.7                | 80                 |
|                                 | and operation<br>nent effectiven        | •                                | 64.3<br>38.8        | 80<br>101       | $\Diamond$ | 5.1.1<br>5.1.2      | Knowledge-intensive e<br>Firms offering formal tr   |   | 18.6<br>46.4        | 83<br>21           |
|                                 | ory environm                            |                                  | 46.4                | 111             | $\Diamond$ |                     | GERD performed by b                                 | •   | n/a                 |                    |
| •                               | ory quality*                            |                                  | 38.2                | 85              | ~          |                     | GERD financed by bus                                |   | 0.4                 | 98                 |
| 2.2 Rule of la                  |   | amia a al                        | 32.1                | 98              |            |                     | Females employed w/a                                | advanced degrees, %                       |                     | 72                 |
|                                 | edundancy di                            |                                  | 29.4                | 117             |            | <b>5.2</b><br>5.2.1 | Innovation linkages University-industry R&          | D collaboration <sup>†</sup>              | <b>12.7</b><br>24.5 |                    |
|                                 | s environmer<br>starting a busi         |                                  | <b>59.0</b> 76.0    |                 |            |                     | State of cluster develo                             |   | 40.4                |                    |
|                                 | resolving insol                         |                                  | 42.1                | 94              |            |                     | GERD financed by abr                                |   | 0.0                 | 67                 |
|                                 |   |                                  |                     |                 |            |                     | Patent families/bn PPF                              | alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP @<br>P\$ GDP  | 0.0<br>0.0          |                    |
| 💾 Humai                         | n capital ar                            | nd research                      | 19.8                | 98              | <b>\Q</b>  | 5.3                 | Knowledge absorption                                | •   | 35.7                | 39                 |
| 1 Educati                       | on                                      |                                  | 33.8                | 108             | $\Diamond$ | 5.3.1               | Intellectual property pa                            | ayments, % total trade                    | 0.1                 | 98                 |
| 1.1 Expendi                     | ture on educat                          | ,                                | ② 3.4               | 87              |            |                     | High-tech imports, %                                |   | 22.8                | 6                  |
|                                 | • .                                     | upil, secondary, % GDP/cap       |                     | 84<br>90        | $\Diamond$ |                     | ICT services imports, 9<br>FDI net inflows, % GDI   |   | 0.0<br>1.2          |                    |
|                                 | fe expectancy<br>ales in reading        | , years<br>, maths and science   | ② 12.2<br>n/a       | n/a             | $\Diamond$ |                     | Research talent, % in I                             |   |                     | n/a                |
|                                 | acher ratio, sed                        |                                  | ② 18.4              | 89              |            |                     |   |   |                     |                    |
| 2 Tertiary                      | education                               |                                  | 23.8                | [88]            |            | موم                 | Knowledge and                                       | technology outputs                        | 10.0                | 117                |
|                                 | enrolment, %                            |                                  | ② 34.6<br>n/a       | 80<br>n/a       |            | 6.1                 | Knowledge creation                                  |   | 3.0                 | [122]              |
|                                 | inbound mobil                           | and engineering, %<br>lity, %    | n/a                 | n/a             |            | 6.1.1               | Patents by origin/bn Pl                             |   | 0.3                 | 89                 |
| •                               |   | pment (R&D)                      | 1.8                 | 97              |            |                     | PCT patents by origin/                              |   | n/a                 |                    |
| 3.1 Researc                     | hers, FTE/mn                            | pop.                             | <b>Ø</b> 139.7      | 84              | $\Diamond$ |                     | Utility models by origin<br>Scientific and technica | al articles/bn PPP\$ GDP                  | n/a<br>2.4          |                    |
|                                 | (penditure on l                         |                                  | ② 0.1<br>0.0        | 97<br>41        | 0 \$       |                     | Citable documents H-i                               |   | 4.0                 |                    |
|                                 | ersity ranking,                         | investors, top 3, mn US\$ top 3* | 3.0                 | 73              | 00         | 6.2                 | Knowledge impact                                    |   |                     | 108                |
|                                 | , ,,                                    | •                                |                     |                 |            |                     | Labor productivity groven New businesses/th po      |   | -0.7<br>0.2         | 77<br>110          |
| p <sup>‡</sup> Infrasi          | ructure                                 |                                  | 38.9                | 77              |            |                     | Software spending, %                                | •   | 0.0                 |                    |
| 1 Informat                      | ion and comm                            | nunication technologies (IC      | Ts) 59.2            | 85              |            |                     | ISO 9001 quality certification                      |   | 4.5                 | 61                 |
| I.1 ICT acce                    |   | iamoation toormologico (re       | 45.0                | 99              | $\Diamond$ |                     | High-tech manufacturi                               | =   |                     | 76                 |
| 1.2 ICT use*                    | .,                                      |                                  | 46.2                | 88              |            | <b>6.3</b><br>6.3.1 | Knowledge diffusion<br>Intellectual property re     |   | <b>7.6</b><br>n/a   |                    |
| 1.3 Governn<br>1.4 E-partic     | nent's online s<br>pation*              | ervice                           | 70.6<br>75.0        | 65<br>57        |            |                     | Production and export                               | •   | 31.1                | 88                 |
|                                 | infrastructur                           | re                               | 30.4                | 61              | •          |                     | High-tech exports, % t                              |   | 0.6                 | 87                 |
| 2.1 Electricit                  | ty output, GWI                          | h/mn pop.                        | 7,013.9             | 29              | • +        | 6.3.4               | ICT services exports, 9                             | % total trade                             | 0.1                 | 126                |
|                                 | s performance                           |                                  | 34.2                | 73              | _          | @1                  | Creative outputs                                    |   | 24.8                | 62                 |
|                                 | apital formation                        |                                  | 24.8<br><b>27.1</b> | 48<br><b>71</b> | •          |                     |   |   |                     |                    |
|                                 | <b>cal sustainab</b><br>t of energy use |                                  | 12.4                | 46              | •          | <b>7.1</b><br>7.1.1 | Intangible assets Trademarks by origin/b            | on DDD\$ CDD                              | <b>41.7</b> 119.2   | <b>36</b>          |
| 3.2 Environr                    | nental perform                          | nance*                           | 46.4                | 67              |            |                     | Global brand value, to                              |   | 0.0                 | 80                 |
| 3.3 ISO 1400                    | 1 environment                           | al certificates/bn PPP\$ GDF     | 0.3                 | 92              |            | 7.1.3               | Industrial designs by o                             | •   |                     | 50                 |
| مرابع المامية<br>معاليم المامية | t a a mhiatia                           | ation                            | 40.0                | 90              |            | 7.1.4               | ICTs and organizationa                              |   | 41.8                |                    |
| Marke                           | t sophistic                             | auon                             | 42.0                | 89              |            | <b>7.2</b><br>7.2.1 | Creative goods and s                                | services<br>rvices exports, % total trade |                     | <b>[98]</b><br>107 |
| 1 Credit                        |   |                                  | 38.5                | 75              |            |                     | National feature films/r                            | •   | n/a                 |                    |
|                                 | getting credit*<br>c credit to priv     | ate sector, % GDP                | 40.0<br>46.7        | 113<br>75       | $\Diamond$ |                     |   | dia market/th pop. 15-69                  | n/a                 |                    |
|                                 | ance gross loa                          |                                  | 40.7                |                 | • +        |                     | Printing and other med<br>Creative goods export     |   | 0.1<br>0.1          | 34<br>111          |
| 2 Investm                       | ent                                     |                                  | 34.0                | [53]            |            | 7.2.3               | Online creativity                                   | o, , o total liado                        | 9.5                 |                    |
|                                 |   | ority investors*                 | 34.0                | 118             | $\Diamond$ | 7.3.1               | •   | ains (TLDs)/th pop. 15-69                 | 1.7                 | 85                 |
|                                 | apitalization, S                        | % GDP<br>ors, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP | n/a<br>n/a          | n/a<br>n/a      |            |                     | Country-code TLDs/th                                | pop. 15–69                                | 1.5                 | 74                 |
|                                 | •                                       | nts, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP          | n/a<br>n/a          | n/a<br>n/a      |            |                     | Wikipedia edits/mn po<br>Mobile app creation/bi     | •   | 36.7<br>0.0         | 90<br>97           |
|                                 |   | , and market scale               | 53.6                | 111             | $\Diamond$ | 1.0.4               | wonie app creation/bi                               | птт фар                                   | 0.0                 | 91                 |
| 3.1 Applied                     | tariff rate, weig                       | ghted avg., %                    | 5.0                 | 84              | -          |                     |   |   |                     |                    |
|                                 | c industry dive<br>c market scale       |                                  | n/a<br>90.7         | n/a<br>87       |            |                     |   |   |                     |                    |
| oo romesti                      | u market scale                          | . UU EEED                        | 90.7                | 0/              |            |                     |   |   |                     |                    |

NOTES: • indicates a strength;  $\bigcirc$  a weakness; • an income group strength;  $\bigcirc$  an income group weakness; \* an index; † a survey question.  $\odot$  indicates that the economy's data are older than the base year; see appendices for details, including the year of the data, at http://globalinnovationindex.org. Square brackets [] indicate that the data minimum coverage (DMC) requirements were not met at the sub-pillar or pillar level.

90.7 87

#### Peru

**70** 

| Output rank                      | Input rank                            | Income  | Region              | Popul               | ation (mn      | ) GDP, PPP\$ (bn)                                    | GDP per capita, PPP\$                     | GII 20             | 20 rank             |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|---------------------|---------------------|----------------|--|---|--------------------|---------------------|
| 82                               | 52                                    | Upper middle                                    | LCN                 | •                   | 33.0           | 385.7  | 11,516                                    |                    | 76                  |
|                                  |                                       |   | Score/<br>Value     | Rank                |                |  |   | Score/<br>Value    | Rank                |
| ii Institu                       | tions                                 |   | 62.5                | 70                  | 2              | Business sophist                                     | tication                                  | 34.3               | 37                  |
| 1.1 Politica                     | l environment                         | t   | 53.6                | 83                  | 5.1            | Knowledge workers                                    |   | 58.0               | [20]                |
|                                  | and operation                         | •   | 62.5                | 89                  |                | Knowledge-intensive                                  |   | 24.4               | 62                  |
|                                  | nent effectiven                       |   | 49.1<br><b>69.6</b> | 78<br><b>50</b>     |                | Firms offering formal to<br>GERD performed by b      | •   | 65.9<br>n/a        | 6 ●<br>n/a          |
| •                                | t <b>ory environm</b><br>ory quality* | ent   | 58.2                | 45 <b>♦</b>         | 5.1.4          | GERD financed by bus                                 | siness, %                                 | n/a                | n/a                 |
| 1.2.2 Rule of I                  |                                       |   | 33.9                | 95                  |                | Females employed w/a                                 | advanced degrees, %                       | 17.4               | 40                  |
|                                  | redundancy dis                        |   | 11.4                | 36 <b>●</b>         |                | Innovation linkages<br>University-industry R&        | D collaboration†                          | <b>16.5</b> 31.4   | <b>99</b><br>107 () |
|                                  | ss environmer<br>starting a busir     |   | <b>64.3</b><br>82.1 | <b>87</b><br>102    | 5.2.2          | State of cluster develo                              | pment and depth <sup>†</sup>              |                    | 101                 |
|                                  | resolving insolv                      |   | 46.6                | 82                  |                | GERD financed by abr                                 | oad, % GDP<br>alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP | n/a<br>0.0         | n/a<br>120 ⊜        |
|                                  |                                       |   |                     |                     |                | Patent families/bn PPF                               |   | 0.0                | 65                  |
| <b>Huma</b>                      | n capital an                          | nd research                                     | 34.3                | 53                  | 5.3            | Knowledge absorption                                 | on  | 28.3               | 60                  |
| 2.1 Educati                      |                                       |   | 42.7                | 85                  |                |  | ayments, % total trade                    | 0.7                | 61                  |
| •                                | ture on educat                        |   | 3.8                 | 73                  |                | High-tech imports, % ICT services imports,           |   | 8.6<br>1.8         | 52<br>39            |
|                                  | nent funding/pu<br>ife expectancy     | ıpil, secondary, % GDP/cap<br>. vears           | 2 14.8<br>2 15.0    | 77<br>52            | 5.3.4          | FDI net inflows, % GD                                | P   | 3.4                | 41                  |
| 2.1.4 PISA sca                   | ales in reading,                      | maths and science                               | 401.5               | 66 🔾                | 5.3.5          | Research talent, % in                                | businesses                                | n/a                | n/a                 |
| •                                | acher ratio, sec                      | condary   | 13.5                | 60                  | 200            | Knowledge and  | technology outputs                        | 14.0               | 87                  |
| -                                | reducation<br>enrolment, % g          | aross   | <b>53.5</b> ② 70.7  | 8 ● 4               | - Carrie       | Knowledge and  | technology outputs                        | 14.9               | 01                  |
| ,                                |                                       | and engineering, %                              | ② 29.6              | 17 <b>●</b>         |                | Knowledge creation                                   |   | 9.4                | 82                  |
| .2.3 Tertiary                    | inbound mobili                        | ity, %  | n/a                 | n/a                 |                | Patents by origin/bn P<br>PCT patents by origin/     |   | 0.3<br>0.1         | 87<br>65            |
|                                  | ch and develo                         |   | 6.8                 | 69                  |                | Utility models by origin                             |   | 0.6                | 33                  |
|                                  | hers, FTE/mn  <br>xpenditure on f     | •   | n/a<br>② 0.1        | n/a<br>101 ⊝        |                |  | al articles/bn PPP\$ GDP                  | 5.4                | 107 🔾               |
|                                  |                                       | investors, top 3, mn US\$                       | 0.0                 | 41 0 0              | >              | Citable documents H-                                 | index                                     | 14.3               | 57                  |
| 2.3.4 QS unive                   | ersity ranking,                       | top 3*  | 18.1                | 55                  |                | Knowledge impact<br>Labor productivity gro           | wth. %                                    | <b>29.5</b><br>3.3 | <b>66</b><br>14 ●   |
| with Justine                     |                                       |   | 00.0                | 70                  | 6.2.2          | New businesses/th po                                 | p. 15-64                                  | 3.8                | 37                  |
| <b>ద</b> ⇔ Infrast               | tructure                              |   | 38.8                | 78                  |                | Software spending, % ISO 9001 quality certif         |   | 0.3<br>4.0         | 50<br>64            |
|                                  |                                       | unication technologies (IC                      | •                   | 77                  |                | High-tech manufacturi                                |   | 13.6               | 80                  |
| 3.1.1 ICT acce<br>3.1.2 ICT use* |                                       |   | 52.1<br>46.3        | 88<br>87            | 6.3            | Knowledge diffusion                                  | -<br>                                     | 5.9                | 116 🔾               |
|                                  | nent's online se                      | ervice*   | 75.3                | 52                  |                | Intellectual property re                             |   | 0.1                | 70                  |
| 3.1.4 E-partic                   | •                                     |   | 76.2                | 55                  |                | Production and export<br>High-tech exports, %        |   | 25.2<br>0.3        | 103 O<br>98         |
|                                  | l infrastructur                       |   | 19.8                | 112 ()<br>88        |                | ICT services exports,                                |   |                    | 107 🔾               |
|                                  | ty output, GWh<br>s performance       |   | 1,717.9<br>30.0     | 82                  |                |  |   |                    |                     |
| 3.2.3 Gross ca                   | apital formation                      | n, % GDP  | 19.2                | 93                  | <b>&amp;</b> , | Creative outputs                                     |   | 21.2               | 77                  |
|                                  | cal sustainab                         |   | 34.2                | 49                  | 7.1            | Intangible assets                                    |   | 30.3               | 67                  |
|                                  | it of energy use<br>nental perform    |   | 17.2<br>44.0        | 13 ● <b>4</b><br>79 | 7.1.1          | Trademarks by origin/l                               |   | 66.1               | 30 ●                |
|                                  | •                                     | al certificates/bn PPP\$ GDF                    |                     | 58                  |                | Global brand value, to<br>Industrial designs by c    |   | 6.5<br>0.3         | 67<br>98            |
|                                  |                                       |   |                     |                     |                | ICTs and organization                                |   | 48.6               | 86                  |
| Marke                            | t sophistic                           | ation   | 52.2                | 38                  |                | Creative goods and                                   |   | 9.9                | 79                  |
| .1 Credit                        |                                       |   | 56.8                | 19 ● ∢              |                | Cultural and creative se<br>National feature films/i | rvices exports, % total trade             | 0.1<br>1.1         | 85<br>83            |
| 1.1.1 Ease of                    | getting credit*                       |   | 75.0                | 34                  | 1.2.2          |  | dia market/th pop. 15-69                  | 7.6                | 41                  |
|                                  | ic credit to priv<br>ance gross loa   | ate sector, % GDP                               | 45.0<br>5.8         | 77<br>1 <b>●  4</b> |                | Printing and other med                               |   | 2.1                | 14 <b>•</b>         |
| l.2 Investm                      | •                                     | , // GDI  | 21.1                | 106                 | 1.2.5          | Creative goods export                                | s, % total trade                          | 0.3                | 71<br><b>76</b>     |
|                                  |                                       | ority investors*                                | 68.0                | 44                  |                | Online creativity<br>Generic top-level dom           | ains (TLDs)/th pop. 15-69                 | <b>14.1</b><br>5.1 | <b>76</b><br>53     |
|                                  | capitalization,                       |   | 44.2                | 37                  | 7.3.2          | Country-code TLDs/th                                 | pop. 15–69                                | 1.7                | 72                  |
|                                  |                                       | rs, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP  nts, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP | ② 0.0<br>0.0        | 83 ○<br>90 ○        |                | Wikipedia edits/mn po                                | •   | 49.3               | 67                  |
|                                  |                                       | , and market scale                              | 78.6                | 31 ●                | 7.3.4          | Mobile app creation/b                                | 11 PPP\$ GDP                              | 0.5                | 79                  |
|                                  | tariff rate, weig                     |   | 0.7                 | 6 ●                 |                |  |   |                    |                     |
|                                  | ic industry dive                      |   | 89.6                | 52                  |                |  |   |                    |                     |
| 1.3.3 Domesti                    | ic market scale                       | e, on PPP\$                                     | 385.7               | 47                  |                |  |   |                    |                     |

# **Philippines**

Income

Region

Output rank Input rank

**5**4

GII 2020 rank

| 40  | )  | 72   | Lower middle  | SEAO  |   | 10  | 9.6   | 933.9   | 8,574   |   | 50                                |
|---|--|--|---|---|---|-----|---|---|---|---|-----------------------------------|
|   |  |  |   | Score/<br>Value   | Rank  |     |   |   |   | Score/<br>Value                                   | Rank                              |
| <u>m</u> Ir   | nstitutio  | ns   |   | 56.3  | 90  |     | 2   | Business sophisti   | cation  | 36.3  | 33                                |
| .1.1 Po<br>.1.2 G<br>.2 R<br>.2.1 R<br>.2.2 R<br>.2.3 C<br>.3 B<br>.3.1 E | colitical and Government degulatory degulatory dule of law* cost of reductions are dusiness ease of star |  | al stability* ess* ent smissal nt   | <b>55.4</b> 62.5 51.8 <b>50.2</b> 43.7 34.1 27.4 <b>63.2</b> 71.3 55.1  | 74<br>89<br>69<br>104<br>71<br>94<br>114<br>94<br>125<br>60 |     | 5.1.3<br>5.1.4<br>5.1.5<br><b>5.2</b><br>5.2.1<br>5.2.2 | Knowledge workers Knowledge-intensive er Firms offering formal tra GERD performed by bus GERD financed by busi Females employed w/ar Innovation linkages University-industry R&E State of cluster develop GERD financed by abro | aining, % GDP Geness, % GDP Geness, % GDP Geness, % GDP Geness, % GDP Geness, % GDP GDP GDP GDP GDP GDP GDP GDP GDP GDP | 0.1<br>38.0<br>12.4<br>17.1<br>43.7<br>42.3       | 47 77 8 70 49 60 94 61 92 92      |
| .0.2 L  |  | Jiving insor   | ventoy  | 00.1  |   |     |   | Joint venture/strategic al<br>Patent families/bn PPPS   | liance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP   | 0.0   | 44<br>80                          |
| .1.1 E:<br>.1.1 E:<br>.1.2 G:<br>.1.3 S:                                  | ducation<br>expenditure<br>dovernment<br>school life e   | e on educat<br>t funding/pu<br>expectancy                          | maths and science   | 27.9<br>37.9<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>2 13.1<br>349.7<br>25.2   | [97]<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>80<br>78                              | 0   | 5.3.2<br>5.3.3<br>5.3.4                                 | Knowledge absorptio<br>Intellectual property pay<br>High-tech imports, % to<br>ICT services imports, %<br>FDI net inflows, % GDP<br>Research talent, % in b   | yments, % total trade<br>otal trade<br>6 total trade  | 53.8<br>0.8<br>26.8<br>1.2<br>2.7<br>51.8         | 10 • 58                           |
|   | ertiary ed   |  | •   | <b>39.8</b> ② 35.5  | <b>41</b><br>79   | •   |   | Knowledge and t   | echnology outputs   | 37.1  | 24                                |
| 2.2 G<br>2.3 Te<br>.3 R<br>3.1 R<br>3.2 G<br>3.3 G                        | araduates i<br>ertiary inbo<br>desearch a<br>desearcher<br>aross expe<br>Global corp                     | ound mobili<br>and develo<br>s, FTE/mn<br>nditure on I             | nd engineering, % ty, %  pment (R&D) pop. R&D, % GDP investors, top 3, mn US\$                            | <ul> <li>35.5</li> <li>28.7</li> <li>n/a</li> <li>6.1</li> <li>105.7</li> <li>0.2</li> <li>0.0</li> <li>20.3</li> </ul> | 19 n/a 74 87 95 41  |     | 6.1.3<br>6.1.4<br>6.1.5<br><b>6.2</b>                   | PCT patents by origin/b<br>Utility models by origin/<br>Scientific and technical<br>Citable documents H-in<br>Knowledge impact  | on PPP\$ GDP<br>bn PPP\$ GDP<br>articles/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>idex   | 19.1<br>0.5<br>0.0<br>2.5<br>2.1<br>14.8<br>33.6  | 55<br>79<br>80<br>80<br>124<br>55 |
|   | nfrastru   |  |   | 36.1  | 86  |     | 6.2.2<br>6.2.3  | Labor productivity grow<br>New businesses/th pop<br>Software spending, % (<br>ISO 9001 quality certific   | o. 15–64<br>GDP   | 1.6<br>0.3<br>0.2<br>4.2                          | 31<br>109<br>59<br>63             |
| 1.1 IC<br>1.2 IC<br>1.3 G<br>1.4 E-<br>2 G<br>2.1 EI                      | CT access' CT use* Government -participat General inf (lectricity o                                      | t's online so<br>ion*<br>frastructur<br>utput, GWh                 | <b>e</b><br>/mn pop.  | 44.1<br>40.2<br>72.9<br>75.0<br><b>21.5</b><br>930.1  | 98<br>60<br>57<br><b>101</b>                                | •   | 6.2.5<br><b>6.3</b><br>6.3.1<br>6.3.2<br>6.3.3          | High-tech manufacturin<br>Knowledge diffusion<br>Intellectual property rec<br>Production and export of<br>High-tech exports, % to<br>ICT services exports, %  | ig, %<br>eipts, % total trade<br>complexity<br>otal trade   | 40.3<br><b>58.7</b><br>0.0<br>59.5<br>32.3<br>5.4 | 27<br><b>5</b><br>80<br>35<br>1   |
|   |  | erformance<br>al formation   |   | 39.8<br>19.1  | 59<br>95  | •   | €,  | Creative outputs  |   | 24.2  | 65                                |
| 3.1 G<br>3.2 E  | DP/unit of<br>nvironmen  | sustainab<br>energy use<br>Ital perform                            | •   | 28.9<br>15.1<br>38.4<br>1.0   | 63<br>21<br>92<br>67  | ••  | <b>7.1</b> 7.1.1 7.1.2 7.1.3 7.1.4                      | Intangible assets Trademarks by origin/bi Global brand value, top Industrial designs by or ICTs and organizational  | 5,000, % GDP<br>igin/bn PPP\$ GDP   | 29.9<br>34.0<br>40.3<br>1.1<br>61.7               | <b>71</b> 66 39 65 39             |
| îii N   | /larket s  | ophistic   | ation   | 42.9  | 86  |     | 7.2   | Creative goods and se   | ervices   | 27.0  | 33                                |
| I.1 Ea  | omestic c  | ting credit*<br>redit to priv<br>e gross loa                       | ate sector, % GDP<br>ns, % GDP  | <b>23.4</b> 40.0 48.0 0.0   | 119<br>113<br>74<br>70                                      |     | 7.2.3<br>7.2.4  | National feature films/m<br>Entertainment and med<br>Printing and other medi<br>Creative goods exports  | ia market/th pop. 15–69<br>a, % manufacturing   | 4.0   | 74<br>89<br>49<br>87<br>10        |
| 2.1 Ea<br>2.2 M<br>2.3 Ve<br>2.4 Ve<br>3 Ti<br>3.1 A                      | Market cap<br>lenture cap<br>lenture cap<br>lade, dive<br>lapplied tari                                  | tecting minitalization, soital investo oital recipier resification | rs, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP hts, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP hts, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP hts, and market scale hted avg., % | 22.7<br>60.0<br>78.6<br>0.0<br>0.0<br>82.6<br>1.7<br>93.4   | 71<br>21<br>77<br>74<br>21<br>22<br>39                      | • • | 7.3.2<br>7.3.3  | Online creativity Generic top-level doma Country-code TLDs/th Wikipedia edits/mn pop Mobile app creation/bn   | . 15–69   | 10.0<br>1.1<br>0.4<br>37.5<br>2.8                 | 92<br>93<br>100<br>89<br>67       |

Population (mn) GDP, PPP\$ (bn) GDP per capita, PPP\$

Poland GII 2021 rank

Population (mn) GDP, PPP\$ (bn)

Output rank Input rank

Income

Region

40

GII 2020 rank

GDP per capita, PPP\$

| 42                                      | 37 High E  | EUR   | 3  | 87.8                                  | 1,280.7  | 33,739  | ;   | 38   |                              |
|---|--|---|--|---------------------------------------|--|---|---|--|------------------------------|
|   |  |   | Score/<br>Value                                | Rank                                  |  |   |   | Score/<br>Value                            | Rank                         |
| <u>îi</u> Ins                           | stitutions   |   | 73.2   | 38                                    | 2  | Business sophistica   | tion  | 34.2                                       | 38                           |
| 1 Poli                                  | litical environment<br>itical and operational st<br>vernment effectiveness   |   | <b>68.3</b> 76.8 64.0                          | <b>43</b><br>37<br>42                 |  | Firms offering formal training  | ng, %   | <b>45.1</b> 39.9 21.7                      | 32<br>27<br>72               |
| .1 Rec                                  | gulatory environment<br>gulatory quality*<br>e of law*<br>st of redundancy dismis  | aal   | <b>71.5</b><br>70.0<br>58.6<br>18.8            | <b>47</b><br>31<br>47 ⋄<br>78 ○       | 5.1.4  | GERD performed by busine<br>GERD financed by busines<br>Females employed w/adva<br>Innovation linkages  | ss, %   | 0.8<br>53.2<br>21.6<br><b>20.0</b>         | 26<br>23<br>27               |
| Bus<br>1 Eas                            | siness environment<br>se of starting a business<br>se of resolving insolvence  | *   | <b>79.7</b><br>82.9<br>76.5                    | 35<br>99 ○ ◇<br>23 ●                  | 5.2.1<br>5.2.2<br>5.2.3                        | University-industry R&D co<br>State of cluster developme<br>GERD financed by abroad,<br>Joint venture/strategic alliar  | ent and depth <sup>†</sup><br>, % GDP                 | 38.3<br>46.7<br>0.1<br>0.0                 | 86<br>63<br>42<br>68         |
| ⊈ Hu                                    | ıman capital and r   | esearch   | 42.3   | 37                                    | 5.2.5  | Patent families/bn PPP\$ G  |   | 0.3  | 3                            |
| Edu<br>1 Exp<br>2 Gov<br>3 Sch<br>4 PIS | ucation  penditure on education, vernment funding/pupil, nool life expectancy, yea A scales in reading, ma bil-teacher ratio, second         | % GDP<br>secondary, % GDP/cap<br>ars<br>ths and science | 57.0<br>4.6<br>20.9<br>16.0<br>512.8<br>2 10.5 | <b>43</b> 56 43 37 9 ● 34             | 5.3.2<br>5.3.3<br>5.3.4                        | Knowledge absorption<br>Intellectual property paym<br>High-tech imports, % total<br>ICT services imports, % to<br>FDI net inflows, % GDP<br>Research talent, % in busin | trade<br>tal trade                                    | 37.4<br>1.2<br>8.8<br>1.4<br>2.6<br>47.9   | 33<br>50<br>50<br>69<br>29   |
|   | tiary education  | iai y   | 35.1   | 60                                    | 90.40  | Knowledge and tec   | hnology outputs                                       | 30.6                                       | 30                           |
| .2 Gra<br>.3 Tert<br>Res                | tiary enrolment, % gros<br>aduates in science and o<br>tiary inbound mobility, <sup>9</sup><br>search and developmo<br>searchers, FTE/mn pop | engineering, %<br>%<br>ent (R&D)                        | 68.6<br>21.7<br>3.6<br><b>34.7</b><br>3,187.8  | 35<br>63<br>58<br><b>33</b><br>30     |  | PCT patents by origin/bn F<br>Utility models by origin/bn   | PPP\$ GDP<br>PPP\$ GDP                                | 27.2<br>3.3<br>0.3<br>0.7<br>27.0          | 3:<br>2:<br>4:<br>3:<br>3:   |
| .3 Glo<br>.4 QS                         | oss expenditure on R&D<br>bal corporate R&D inve<br>university ranking, top  | stors, top 3, mn US\$                                   | 1.3<br>45.4<br>29.1                            | 28<br>35<br>40                        | 6.1.5<br><b>6.2</b><br>6.2.1<br>6.2.2          | Citable documents H-inde<br>Knowledge impact<br>Labor productivity growth,<br>New businesses/th pop. 18   | x<br>%<br>5–64  | 36.5<br><b>35.3</b><br>2.3<br>1.4          | 20<br><b>4</b> :<br>2:<br>70 |
| Info                                    | rastructure  ormation and communic access*   | cation technologies (ICTs                               | 50.1<br>s) 82.7<br>75.7                        | <b>24 ●</b> 48                        | 6.2.4  | Software spending, % GDI<br>ISO 9001 quality certificate<br>High-tech manufacturing, 0  | es/bn PPP\$ GDP                                       | 0.2<br>8.8<br>32.6                         | 60<br>3:                     |
| 2 ICT<br>3 Gov<br>4 E-p                 |  | ce*   | 72.9<br>85.9<br>96.4<br><b>31.0</b>            | 38<br>22 ●<br>9 • ◆                   | 6.3.2<br>6.3.3                                 | Knowledge diffusion<br>Intellectual property receip<br>Production and export con<br>High-tech exports, % total  | nplexity<br>trade                                     | 29.3<br>0.2<br>69.3<br>6.3                 | 37<br>42<br>23<br>29         |
| .1 Elec<br>.2 Log                       | ctricity output, GWh/mr<br>gistics performance*<br>oss capital formation, %  |   | 4,253.2<br>69.3<br>18.1                        | 52<br>27<br>99 ○                      | 6.3.4  | Creative outputs  | tai trade   | 2.8<br>29.6                                | 50                           |
| Ecc<br>.1 GDI<br>.2 Env                 | blogical sustainability<br>P/unit of energy use<br>vironmental performanc<br>0 14001 environmental ce  | e*  | <b>36.5</b><br>11.7<br>60.9<br>2.9             | <b>40</b><br>54<br>37<br>30           | <b>7.1</b><br>7.1.1<br>7.1.2<br>7.1.3<br>7.1.4 | Intangible assets Trademarks by origin/bn P Global brand value, top 5,0 Industrial designs by origin ICTs and organizational mo   | 000, % GDP<br>n/bn PPP\$ GDP                          | <b>29.5</b><br>32.0<br>33.8<br>n/a<br>51.9 | 73<br>73<br>42<br>n/a        |
| ĭ Ma                                    | arket sophisticatio  | on  | 48.3   | 60                                    | <b>7.2</b><br>7.2.1                            | Creative goods and service<br>Cultural and creative service   |   | <b>29.4</b><br>1.2                         | <b>2</b> (                   |
| 2 Dor                                   | edit<br>se of getting credit*<br>mestic credit to private :<br>crofinance gross loans,   |   | 38.3<br>75.0<br>50.8<br>0.1                    | <b>77</b><br>34<br>67<br>57 ○         | 7.2.2<br>7.2.3<br>7.2.4                        | National feature films/mn p<br>Entertainment and media r<br>Printing and other media, 9<br>Creative goods exports, %  | oop. 15–69<br>market/th pop. 15–69<br>% manufacturing | 1.8<br>12.1<br>1.2<br>4.5                  | 7<br>3<br>3<br>1             |
| .1 Eas<br>.2 Mar<br>.3 Ven              | estment<br>se of protecting minority<br>rket capitalization, % G<br>nture capital investors, c<br>nture capital recipients,                  | DP<br>leals/bn PPP\$ GDP                                | 20.8<br>66.0<br>30.3<br>0.0<br>0.0             | 108 ○<br>50<br>47 ○<br>63 ○<br>68 ○   | 7.3.2<br>7.3.3                                 | Online creativity Generic top-level domains Country-code TLDs/th pop Wikipedia edits/mn pop. 15 Mobile app creation/bn PP   | o. 15–69<br>5–69                                      | <b>30.1</b> 7.1 26.9 68.5 15.5             | 39<br>40<br>20<br>42<br>32   |
| 3.1 App<br>3.2 Dor                      | de, diversification, an<br>blied tariff rate, weighte<br>mestic industry diversifi<br>mestic market scale, bn                                | d avg., %<br>cation                                     | <b>85.7</b><br>1.8<br>98.6<br>1,280.7          | <b>11 ●</b> 25 7 <b>●</b> 20 <b>●</b> |  | ••  |   |  |                              |

# **Portugal**

31

| Output rank  | Input rank                                  | Income                             | Region              | Popula              | ation (mn | GDP, PPP\$ (bn)                                    | GDP per capita, PPP\$         | GII 20             | 20 ran            |
|--|---|------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-----------|--|-------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| 30   | 32  | High                               | EUR                 | 1                   | 0.2       | 339.9  | 33,131                        | 3                  | 31                |
|  |   |                                    | Score/<br>Value     | Rank                |           |  |                               | Score/<br>Value    | Rank              |
| î Înstitu  | ıtions                                      |                                    | 80.4                | 25                  | <b>2</b>  | Business sophis                                    | tication                      | 33.6               | 41                |
| <del></del>  | l environment                               |                                    | 78.2                | 25                  |           | Knowledge workers                                  |                               | 42.5               | 39                |
|  | and operational s                           | stability*                         | 82.1                | 24                  |           | Knowledge-intensive                                | employment, %                 | 36.3               | 36                |
| .1.2 Governr   | ment effectiveness                          | s*                                 | 76.3                | 26                  |           | Firms offering formal t                            | •                             | 29.0               | 54 ⊜              |
| -  | tory environmen                             | t                                  | 77.5                | 34                  |           | GERD performed by b<br>GERD financed by bus        |                               | 0.7<br>48.3        | 31<br>30          |
| <ul><li>.2.1 Regulate</li><li>.2.2 Rule of I</li></ul> | ory quality*                                |                                    | 68.8<br>76.6        | 37<br>24            |           | Females employed w/s                               |                               | 17.1               | 41                |
|  | redundancy dismi                            | issal                              | 17.0                | 67 O                | 5.2       | Innovation linkages                                |                               | 25.1               | 46                |
| .3 Busines   | ss environment                              |                                    | 85.5                | 18 ●                |           | University-industry R8                             |                               | 55.1               | 29                |
|  | starting a busines                          |                                    | 90.9                | 53                  |           | State of cluster develo<br>GERD financed by abr    |                               | 54.1<br>0.1        | 39<br>40          |
| .3.2 Ease of   | resolving insolven                          | ncy*                               | 80.2                | 14 ●                |           |  | alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP   | 0.0                | 64                |
| a O Huma   | n conital and                               | yaaaayala                          | 40.0                | 04                  | 5.2.5     | Patent families/bn PPF                             | P\$ GDP                       | 0.6                | 31                |
| Huma   | n capital and                               | research                           | 49.3                | 24                  |           | Knowledge absorpti                                 |                               | 33.3               | 47                |
| .1 Educati   |   |                                    | 63.9                | 15 ●                |           | Intellectual property p<br>High-tech imports, %    | ayments, % total trade        | 0.8<br>9.9         | 45<br>37          |
|  | iture on education                          |                                    | 5.0<br>p 29.6       | 38<br>8 • ◆         |           | ICT services imports,                              |                               | 1.1                | 71 (              |
|  | ife expectancy, ye                          | , secondary, % GDP/ca<br>ears      | p 29.6<br>16.7      | 21                  |           | FDI net inflows, % GD                              |                               | 3.8                | 31                |
|  | ales in reading, ma                         |                                    | 492.0               | 26                  | 5.3.5     | Research talent, % in                              | businesses                    | 38.3               | 34                |
| •  | acher ratio, secon                          | ndary                              | Ø 9.3               | 21                  | (F)(C)    |  |                               | 01.0               | 0.4               |
| •  | education                                   |                                    | 43.8                | 26                  |           | Knowledge and                                      | technology outputs            | 31.9               | 34                |
|  | enrolment, % gro                            |                                    | 65.7<br>27.9        | 39<br>24            | 6.1       | Knowledge creation                                 |                               | 31.2               | 31                |
|  | inbound mobility,                           |                                    | 7.9                 | 33                  |           | Patents by origin/bn P                             |                               | 2.6                | 29                |
| .3 Resear  | ch and developm                             | nent (R&D)                         | 40.3                | 27                  |           | PCT patents by origin/<br>Utility models by origin |                               | 0.8<br>0.1         | 30<br>51 (        |
|  | hers, FTE/mn por                            |                                    | 4,905.6             | 18                  |           |  | al articles/bn PPP\$ GDP      | 50.2               | 10                |
|  | xpenditure on R&I                           | D, % GDP<br>estors, top 3, mn US\$ | 1.4<br>45.6         | 26<br>34            | 6.1.5     | Citable documents H-                               | index                         | 32.7               | 30                |
|  | ersity ranking, top                         |                                    | 29.0                | 41                  |           | Knowledge impact                                   |                               | 43.3               | 17 €              |
|  |   |                                    |                     |                     |           | Labor productivity gro<br>New businesses/th po     |                               | –1.2<br>6.5        | 90 (<br>24        |
| ద్ద <sup>భ</sup> Infrasi                               | tructure                                    |                                    | 52.6                | 31                  |           | Software spending, %                               | •                             | 0.5                | 8                 |
| .1 Informa   | tion and communi                            | ication technologies (IC           | Ts) 81.2            | 27                  |           | ISO 9001 quality certif                            |                               | 18.1               | 15 🗨              |
| .1.1 ICT acc   |   | ication technologies (ic           | 86.0                | 18 •                |           | High-tech manufactur                               | •                             | 29.7               | 43                |
| .1.2 ICT use   |   |                                    | 73.0                | 37                  |           | Knowledge diffusion<br>Intellectual property re    |                               | <b>21.0</b><br>0.1 | <b>52</b><br>49   |
| .1.3 Governr<br>.1.4 E-partic                          | ment's online serv                          | rice*                              | 83.5<br>82.1        | 35<br>41            |           | Production and export                              |                               | 62.4               | 33                |
| •  | l infrastructure                            |                                    | 33.8                | 44                  | 6.3.3     | High-tech exports, %                               | total trade                   | 3.4                | 45                |
|  | ty output, GWh/m                            | nn pop.                            | 5,032.0             | 43                  | 6.3.4     | ICT services exports,                              | % total trade                 | 1.8                | 61                |
| .2.2 Logistic  | s performance*                              |                                    | 74.1                | 23                  | Q1        | Cus stive systemate                                |                               | 00.0               | 00                |
|  | apital formation, 9                         |                                    | 19.2                | 94 🔾                | <b>6</b>  | Creative outputs                                   |                               | 39.3               | 26                |
|  | ical sustainability<br>it of energy use     | у                                  | <b>42.8</b><br>15.7 | <b>31</b><br>20     |           | Intangible assets                                  |                               | 50.1               | 19 €              |
|  | mental performan                            | ce*                                | 67.0                | 27                  |           | Trademarks by origin/l                             |                               | 91.7<br>50.7       | 12 <b>•</b> 36    |
|  |   | ertificates/bn PPP\$ GD            | P 2.8               | 31                  |           | Global brand value, to<br>Industrial designs by c  |                               | 7.3                | 18 (              |
|  |   |                                    |                     |                     |           | ICTs and organization                              | =                             | 64.8               | 30                |
| 🌃 Marke  | t sophisticati                              | ion                                | 48.6                | 56                  |           | Creative goods and                                 |                               | 20.1               | 53                |
| .1 Credit  |   |                                    | 41.0                | 63                  |           |  | rvices exports, % total trade | 0.6                | 41                |
| .1.1 Ease of   | getting credit*                             |                                    | 45.0                | 101 ○ ◊             |           | National feature films/<br>Entertainment and me    | dia market/th pop. 15-69      | 5.2<br>36.1        | 42<br>21          |
|  | ic credit to private                        |                                    | 90.7                | 28                  | 7.2.4     | Printing and other med                             | dia, % manufacturing          | 1.1                | 47                |
|  | ance gross loans,                           | , % GDP                            | n/a                 | n/a                 |           | Creative goods export                              | s, % total trade              | 1.3                | 39                |
| I.2. Investm<br>I.2.1 Ease of                          | nent<br>protecting minorit                  | tv investors*                      | <b>23.9</b> 62.0    | <b>93</b> ○<br>60 ○ |           | Online creativity                                  | -i (TI D-) (H                 | 36.7               | 30                |
|  | capitalization, % (                         | •                                  | ② 29.2              | 48 🔾                |           | Generic top-level dom<br>Country-code TLDs/th      | ains (TLDs)/th pop. 15–69     | 19.6<br>55.9       | 29<br>14 <b>•</b> |
| .2.3 Venture   | capital investors,                          | deals/bn PPP\$ GDP                 | 0.1                 | 40                  |           | Wikipedia edits/mn po                              |                               | 64.9               | 45                |
|  |   | , deals/bn PPP\$ GDP               | 0.0                 | 39                  | 7.3.4     | Mobile app creation/b                              | n PPP\$ GDP                   | 4.4                | 59                |
| -  | diversification, and                        |                                    | 81.0                | <b>25</b><br>25     |           |  |                               |                    |                   |
|  | tariff rate, weighte<br>ic industry diversi |                                    | 1.8<br>100.0        | 25<br>1 ●           |           |  |                               |                    |                   |
|  | ic market scale h                           |                                    | 340.0               |                     |           |  |                               |                    |                   |

NOTES: • indicates a strength;  $\bigcirc$  a weakness; • an income group strength;  $\bigcirc$  an income group weakness; \* an index; † a survey question.  $\odot$  indicates that the economy's data are older than the base year; see appendices for details, including the year of the data, at http://globalinnovationindex.org. Square brackets [] indicate that the data minimum coverage (DMC) requirements were not met at the sub-pillar or pillar level.

340.0 50

#### **Qatar**

68

| Output rank                          | Input rank   | Income                                  | Region               | Popu                | lation (mn | ) GDP, PPP\$ (bn)                                 | GDP per capita, PPP\$                     | GII 20             | 20 rank           |
|--------------------------------------|--|---|----------------------|---------------------|------------|---|---|--------------------|-------------------|
| 70                                   | date environment al and operational stability* inment effectiveness* atory environment atory quality* flaw* fredundancy dismissal ess environment at starting a business* of resolving insolvency* an capital and research eacher ratio, secondary, % GDP/cat life expectancy, years cales in reading, maths and science eacher ratio, secondary ry education ye enrolment, % gross ates in science and engineering, % yinbound mobility, % arch and development (R&D) rechers, FTE/mn pop. expenditure on R&D, % GDP corporate R&D investors, top 3, mn US\$ versity ranking, top 3* structure ation and communication technologies (licess* e* e* mement's online service* icipation* al infrastructure city output, GWh/mn pop. cs performance* | NAWA                                    |                      | 2.9                 | 257.5      | 91,897  |   | 70                 |                   |
|                                      |  |   | Score/<br>Value      | Rank                |            |   |   | Score/<br>Value    | Rank              |
| nstitu                               | itions   |   | 66.0                 | <b>57</b> <         |            | Business sophis                                   | tication                                  | 19.9               | 96 🤇              |
| 1.1 Politica                         | l environment  |   | 69.2                 | 41                  |            | Knowledge workers                                 |   | 12.9               | 118 🔾             |
|                                      |  | ,                                       | 75.0<br>66.3         | 40<br>39            |            | Knowledge-intensive e<br>Firms offering formal to |   | 18.1<br>n/a        | 86 (<br>n/a       |
|                                      |  |   | 66.8                 |                     |            | GERD performed by b                               |   |                    | 69 (              |
| -                                    | -  | •                                       | 61.3                 | 40                  | 5.1.4      | GERD financed by bus                              |   | 9.3                | 77 <              |
| 1.2.2 Rule of I                      |  | ecal                                    | 66.1<br>23.2         | 36<br>100 <         |            | Females employed w/a Innovation linkages          | advanced degrees, % ②                     | 4.5<br><b>22.8</b> | 96 < <b>55</b>    |
|                                      |  | SSAI                                    | 62.0                 |                     |            | University-industry R&                            | D collaboration†                          | 65.4               | 14 <b>●</b>       |
|                                      |  | s*                                      | 86.1                 | 84                  | 5.2.2      | State of cluster develo                           |   | 54.1               | 38                |
| 1.3.2 Ease of                        | resolving insolven   | cy*                                     | 38.0                 | 107 <               |            | GERD financed by abr<br>Joint venture/strategic:  | oad, % GDP<br>alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP | 0.0<br>0.1         | 93 ○ <<br>34      |
| A                                    |  |   |                      |                     |            | Patent families/bn PPF                            |   | 0.0                | 69                |
| Huma                                 | n capital and i  | research                                | 29.8                 | <b>75</b> <         |            | Knowledge absorpti                                |   | 24.1               | 72                |
| 2.1 Educati                          |  |   | 40.1                 | 94                  | F 2 0      | Intellectual property pa<br>High-tech imports, %  | ayments, % total trade ②                  | 0.1<br>7.5         | 102 O O           |
|                                      |  |   | 2.7<br>n/a           | 105 ⊖ <<br>n/a      |            | ICT services imports, '                           |   | 2.9                | 9 ●               |
|                                      | 0117   | • | 12.3                 | 89 <                | 5.3.4      | FDI net inflows, % GD                             | P   | -0.7               | 123 🔾             |
|                                      |  |   | 413.5                |                     | > 5.3.5    | Research talent, % in                             | businesses                                | 16.1               | 57 <              |
| •                                    |  | dary                                    | 11.8                 | 47                  | مهمر       | Knowledge and                                     | technology outputs                        | 16.8               | <b>79</b> <       |
| -                                    |  | SS                                      | <b>42.0</b><br>18.9  | <b>37</b><br>98 <   | >          |   | teermology outputs                        |                    | 10                |
| 2.2.2 Graduat                        | tes in science and   | engineering, %                          | 24.2                 | 43                  | 6.1        | Knowledge creation<br>Patents by origin/bn P      | DD¢ CDD                                   | <b>8.7</b> 0.2     | <b>87</b> < 102   |
| -                                    |  |   | 35.3                 | 1 ● ∢               | 6.1.2      | PCT patents by origin/                            |   | 0.2                | 66                |
|                                      | •  |   | <b>7.4</b> ② 577.3   | <b>67</b> < 63 <    | 6.1.3      | Utility models by origin                          | n/bn PPP\$ GDP                            | n/a                | n/a               |
|                                      |  |   | ② 0.5                | 66                  | 0.1.4      | Scientific and technica<br>Citable documents H-   | al articles/bn PPP\$ GDP                  | 12.2<br>10.2       | 70 < 76           |
|                                      | •  |   | 0.0                  | 41 0 <              | >          | Knowledge impact                                  | iii dox                                   | 30.0               | 62                |
| 2.3.4 QS univ                        | ersity ranking, top  | 3^                                      | 12.6                 | 61                  |            | Labor productivity gro                            | wth, %                                    | -2.6               | 109 0             |
| # <sup>‡</sup> Infrasi               | tructure   |   | 52.3                 | 34                  |            | New businesses/th po<br>Software spending, %      | •   | 6.3<br>0.3         | 26 <b>●</b><br>32 |
| ~                                    |  |   |                      |                     | 6.2.4      | ISO 9001 quality certif                           |   | 3.1                | 73                |
| 3.1 Information 3.1.1 ICT accordance |  | cation technologies (IC                 | <b>Ts) 70.8</b> 79.8 | <b>57</b> < 34      | 6.2.5      | High-tech manufactur                              | ing, %                                    | 34.7               | 35                |
| 3.1.2 ICT use                        |  |   | 72.1                 | 41                  |            | Knowledge diffusion                               |   | 11.8               | 86 0              |
|                                      |  | ce*                                     | 65.9                 | 76                  | 622        | Intellectual property re<br>Production and export |   | n/a<br>36.7        | n/a<br>74 ⊜       |
|                                      | •  |   | 65.5<br><b>64.4</b>  | 77 <<br><b>2 ● </b> | 6.3.3      | High-tech exports, %                              | total trade                               | 0.3                | 96                |
|                                      |  | n pop.                                  | 17,222.5             | 6 •                 | . 0.3.4    | ICT services exports,                             | % total trade                             | 1.1                | 79                |
| 3.2.2 Logistic                       | s performance*   |   | 66.3                 | 29 ●                |            | Creative outputs                                  |   | 04.7               | 63                |
|                                      | apital formation, %  |   | n/a                  | n/a                 |            | Creative outputs                                  |   | 24.7               | <b>0</b> 3 \      |
| -                                    | i <b>cal sustainability</b><br>it of energy use  | 1                                       | <b>21.7</b><br>7.7   | <b>89</b> < 94      | 7.1        | Intangible assets                                 | DDDA ODD                                  | 32.7               | 58                |
|                                      | mental performand  | ce*                                     | 37.1                 | 99 <                | ^          | Trademarks by origin/l<br>Global brand value, to  |   | 5.0<br>97.5        | 121 ○ ♢           |
| 3.3.3 ISO 1400                       | 01 environmental ce  | ertificates/bn PPP\$ GDF                | 1.7                  | 51                  |            | Industrial designs by o                           |   | n/a                | n/a               |
| ا الدائية                            |  |   | 40.0                 | 00                  |            | ICTs and organization                             |   | 63.9               | 33                |
| Marke                                | et sophistication  | on                                      | 43.2                 | 83                  |            | Creative goods and s                              | services<br>rvices exports, % total trade | <b>20.4</b> 0.3    | <b>50</b><br>62   |
| 4.1 Credit                           |  |   | 43.2                 | 55                  | 7.2.2      | National feature films/                           |   | 23.0               | 4 ● ♦             |
|                                      | getting credit*<br>ic credit to private  | sector % GDP                            | 45.0<br>100.9        | 101 ○ <             | 1.2.0      |   | dia market/th pop. 15-69                  | 19.6               | 28                |
|                                      | ance gross loans,  |   | n/a                  | n/a                 |            | Printing and other med<br>Creative goods export   | ,   | 0.7                | 72<br>82          |
| 4.2 Investm                          |  |   |                      | 128 🔾               | 7.3        | Online creativity                                 |   | 12.9               | 81 0              |
|                                      | protecting minority  |   | 28.0                 | 124 0 <             | 7.3.1      | Generic top-level dom                             | ains (TLDs)/th pop. 15-69                 | 3.4                | 60                |
|                                      | capitalization, % G<br>capital investors, o  | deals/bn PPP\$ GDP                      | 87.0<br>0.0          | 17 <b>●</b><br>60   |            | Country-code TLDs/th<br>Wikipedia edits/mn po     |   | 2.6<br>45.8        | 63<br>73 <        |
|                                      |  | deals/bn PPP\$ GDP                      | Ø 0.0                | 89 🔾                |            | Mobile app creation/b                             | •   | 0.4                | 73 〈<br>83        |
|                                      | diversification, ar  |   | 70.8                 | 59                  |            | .,  | ·   |                    |                   |
|                                      | tariff rate, weighte   | •                                       | 3.5<br>81.8          | 67<br>72            |            |   |   |                    |                   |
|                                      | ic industry diversif<br>ic market scale, br  |   | 257.5                | 72<br>59            |            |   |   |                    |                   |
|                                      | ,  | *                                       |                      |                     |            |   |   |                    |                   |

# **Republic of Korea**

Income

Region

Output rank Input rank

GII 2021 rank

5

GII 2020 rank

| Outp                                  | <b>5</b>  | 9  | High   | SEAO  | <b>51</b>                            |                                  | 2,293.5  | 44,292  |   | 20 rank<br>10                              |
|---------------------------------------|---|--|--|---|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|---|---|--|
|                                       |   |  |  | Score/  |                                      |                                  |  |   | Score/  |  |
|                                       |   |  |  | Value   |                                      | <b>—</b>                         |  |   | Value   |  |
| <u> </u>                              | Institu   | tions  |  | 79.5  | 28                                   |                                  | Business sophist   | ication   | 60.1  | 7  |
| 1.1<br>1.1.1<br>1.1.2<br>1.2          | Political<br>Governm  | I environment<br>and operational<br>nent effectivenes<br>ory environme             | ss*  | <b>82.1</b><br>83.9<br>81.2<br><b>68.2</b>                | <b>18</b> 13 21 <b>57</b> ◊          | 5.1.1<br>5.1.2                   | Knowledge workers<br>Knowledge-intensive of<br>Firms offering formal to<br>GERD performed by b   | raining, %  | <b>78.1</b><br>39.1<br>n/a<br>3.7                 | 1 ● ◆<br>28 ◇<br>n/a<br>2 ● ◆              |
| 1.2.1<br>1.2.2                        | Regulato<br>Rule of la  | ory quality*<br>aw*  |  | 71.5<br>78.2  | 29 <><br>23                          | 5.1.5                            | GERD financed by bus<br>Females employed w/s   |   | 76.9<br>20.2                                      | 3 <b>• ◆</b><br>30                         |
| <b>1.3</b><br>1.3.1                   | Busines<br>Ease of s  | redundancy disn<br>ss environment<br>starting a busine                             | ss*  | 27.4<br><b>88.1</b><br>93.4<br>82.9                       | 110 $\bigcirc \diamondsuit$ 10 31 10 | 5.2.1<br>5.2.2                   | Innovation linkages University-industry R& State of cluster develo GERD financed by abr  | pment and depth <sup>†</sup>                                | <b>48.3</b> 62.5 61.6 0.1                         | <b>15</b><br>18<br>24<br>46                |
| 1.3.2                                 |   | resolving insolve<br>n capital and   | •  | 67.4  | 1 • •                                | 5.2.4<br>5.2.5                   | Joint venture/strategica<br>Patent families/bn PPF   | alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>P\$ GDP                      | 0.0<br>11.0                                       | 37   |
| 2.1.3                                 | Education<br>Expendit<br>Governm<br>School li<br>PISA sca             | on<br>ture on educatio<br>nent funding/pup<br>ife expectancy, y                    | n, % GDP<br>il, secondary, % GDP/ca<br>ears<br>naths and science | <b>61.5</b><br>4.6  | 22<br>55<br>11 ◆<br>26<br>6<br>53    | 5.3.1<br>5.3.2<br>5.3.3<br>5.3.4 | Knowledge absorption tellectual property particles and property particles are the control of the | ayments, % total trade<br>total trade<br>% total trade<br>P | 54.0<br>1.5<br>15.9<br>0.5<br>0.8<br>82.3         | 8<br>25<br>11<br>104 ○ ◇<br>111 ○<br>1 • ◆ |
| <b>2.2</b> 2.2.1                      | Tertiary<br>Tertiary  | education<br>enrolment, % gr   | •  | <b>51.0</b> 95.9 29.3                                     | <b>13</b> 4 ◆ 18                     | _                                | Knowledge and Knowledge creation   | technology outputs  | 54.5<br>66.1                                      | 8<br>7                                     |
|                                       | Tertiary i  | inbound mobility  ch and develop   | , %  | 2.7<br><b>89.8</b>  | 71 ○ <b>♦</b>                        | 6.1.1<br>6.1.2                   | Patents by origin/bn P<br>PCT patents by origin/<br>Utility models by origin   | bn PPP\$ GDP  | 74.5<br>8.7<br>2.2                                | 1 ● <b>♦</b><br>1 ● <b>♦</b><br>11         |
| 2.3.2<br>2.3.3                        | Gross ex<br>Global c  | hers, FTE/mn po<br>openditure on R&<br>orporate R&D in<br>ersity ranking, to       | D, % GDP<br>vestors, top 3, mn US\$                              | 8,407.8<br>4.6<br>90.2<br>74.9                            | 1 • ◆<br>2 • ◆<br>4 •<br>9           | 6.1.4<br>6.1.5<br><b>6.2</b>     |  | al articles/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>index                           | 30.0<br>45.1<br><b>40.0</b><br>1.1                | 29<br>17<br><b>23</b><br>41                |
| <b>D</b>                              |   | tructure   |  | 59.2  | 12                                   | 6.2.3                            | New businesses/th po<br>Software spending, %<br>ISO 9001 quality certif  | GDP   | 2.6<br>0.2<br>6.2                                 | 51<br>66<br>45                             |
| 3.1.3<br>3.1.4<br><b>3.2</b><br>3.2.1 | ICT acce<br>ICT use*<br>Governn<br>E-partici<br>General<br>Electricit | nent's online ser<br>ipation*<br>I infrastructure<br>ty output, GWh/r              |  | 90.0<br>89.1<br>100.0<br>100.0<br><b>49.4</b><br>11,358.9 | 1 • + 8 5 + 1 • + 1 • 11 11          | <b>6.3</b> 6.3.1 6.3.2 6.3.3     | High-tech manufacturi<br>Knowledge diffusion<br>Intellectual property re<br>Production and export<br>High-tech exports, %<br>ICT services exports, '   | ceipts, % total trade<br>complexity<br>total trade          | 59.1<br><b>57.2</b><br>1.2<br>92.6<br>24.1<br>0.9 | 5<br>7<br>18<br>3 • ◆<br>1 • ◆             |
| 3.2.3                                 | Gross ca  | s performance*<br>apital formation,  |  | 72.7<br>31.3  | 25<br>23 ◆                           | <b>&amp;</b> ,                   | Creative outputs   |   | 52.1  | 8  |
| 3.3.2                                 | GDP/uni<br>Environn   | cal sustainabili<br>t of energy use<br>nental performa<br>11 environmental         |  | 33.4<br>7.7<br>66.5<br>P 2.6                              | <b>50</b>                            | 7.1.1<br>7.1.2<br>7.1.3          | Intangible assets Trademarks by origin/I Global brand value, to<br>Industrial designs by o<br>ICTs and organizationa   | o 5,000, % GDP<br>rigin/bn PPP\$ GDP                        | <b>74.1</b><br>99.1<br>191.6<br>26.6<br>64.0      | 1 • ♦<br>8 •<br>5<br>1 • ♦<br>32 ○         |
| iii                                   |   | t sophisticat  | ion  | 60.0  | 18                                   |                                  | Creative goods and s<br>Cultural and creative se   | services<br>rvices exports, % total trade                   | <b>32.4</b> 0.6                                   | <b>20</b><br>40                            |
|                                       | Domesti   | getting credit*<br>c credit to privat<br>ance gross loans                          | e sector, % GDP<br>s, % GDP                                      | 64.2<br>65.0<br>151.7<br>n/a                              | <b>12</b><br>61 ⊖<br>8<br>n/a        | 7.2.3<br>7.2.4                   | National feature films/i<br>Entertainment and me<br>Printing and other med<br>Creative goods export  | dia market/th pop. 15–69<br>lia, % manufacturing            | 12.5<br>51.7<br>0.3<br>3.6                        | 13<br>16<br>100 $\bigcirc$ $\Diamond$      |
| 4.2.2<br>4.2.3<br>4.2.4               | Market of<br>Venture of<br>Venture of                                 | protecting minor<br>capitalization, %<br>capital investors<br>capital recipients   | GDP<br>, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>s, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP             | 31.5<br>74.0<br>② 91.6<br>0.1<br>0.0                      | 65                                   | 7.3.1<br>7.3.2<br>7.3.3          | Online creativity<br>Generic top-level dom<br>Country-code TLDs/th<br>Wikipedia edits/mn po<br>Mobile app creation/b   | p. 15–69  | 28.1<br>8.2<br>8.2<br>61.8<br>32.5                | 37   |
| 4.3.2                                 | Applied to Domesti  | liversification, a<br>tariff rate, weigh<br>c industry divers<br>c market scale, l | ification  | 97.3<br>2,293.5   | 16<br>82 O<br>14<br>14               |                                  |  |   |   |  |

Population (mn) GDP, PPP\$ (bn) GDP per capita, PPP\$

# Republic of Moldova

64

| Output rank                     | Government effectiveness*  Regulatory environment  Regulatory quality*  Rule of law*  Cost of redundancy dismissal  Business environment  Ease of starting a business*  Ease of resolving insolvency*  Ease of resolving insolvency*  Education  Expenditure on education, % GDP Government funding/pupil, secondary, % GDP/cap School life expectancy, years  42.1 93  5.1.2 Firms offering formal training, %  5.1.3 GERD performed by business, % GDP  5.1.4 GERD financed by business, %  5.1.5 Females employed w/advanced degrees, %  Innovation linkages  1.1.6 Innovation linkages  1.2.1 University-industry R&D collaboration¹  5.2.2 State of cluster development and depth¹  5.2.3 GERD financed by abroad, % GDP  5.2.4 Joint venture/strategic alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP  5.2.5 Patent families/bn PPP\$ GDP  5.3.1 Linkages  5.4.6 Self Starting a business, % total trade  5.4.7 Starting a business, %  5.2.1 University-industry R&D collaboration¹  5.2.2 State of cluster development and depth¹  5.2.3 GERD financed by abroad, % GDP  5.2.4 Joint venture/strategic alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP  5.2.5 Patent families/bn PPP\$ GDP  5.3.1 Linkages  5.3.1 Linkages  5.3.1 Foll net inflows, % total trade  5.3.3 FDI net inflows, % GDP | GII 20                       | 20 rank              |                   |                |   |  |                   |                  |
|---------------------------------|--|------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------|----------------|---|--|-------------------|------------------|
| 54                              | 80   | Lower middle                 | EUR                  |                   | 4.0            | 34.9  | 13,253   |                   | 59               |
|                                 |  |                              |                      |                   |                |   |  | Score/            |                  |
| îii Institu                     | ıtions   |                              |                      |                   | <u> </u>       | Business sophis                                   | tication                                       | Value <b>21.7</b> | Rank<br>87       |
| _                               |  | •                            |                      | 92                |                |   |  | 30.5              | 67               |
| 1.1.1 Political                 | and operation  | al stability*                | 64.3                 | 80                | 5.1.1          | Knowledge-intensive                               |  | 31.1              | 46               |
|                                 |  |                              |                      |                   |                |   |  | 38.1              | 33<br>76 ⊝       |
| -                               | -  | ent                          |                      |                   |                |   |  | 15.5              | 70 O             |
| 1.2.2 Rule of I                 |  |                              |                      |                   | 5.1.5          | Females employed w/s                              | advanced degrees, %                            | 16.4              | 42               |
| 1.2.3 Cost of                   | redundancy dis   | smissal                      | 23.7                 | 101               |                | -   | D II - b t t                                   | 13.0              |                  |
|                                 |  |                              |                      |                   | F 0 0          |   |  |                   | 116 ○<br>126 ○ < |
|                                 | •  |                              |                      |                   | 5.2.3          | GERD financed by abr                              | oad, % GDP                                     | 0.0               | 75               |
|                                 | J 11   |                              |                      |                   |                |   |  | n/a<br>0.2        | n/a<br>45   •    |
| <b>Huma</b>                     | n capital ar   | nd research                  | 28.8                 | 77                |                |   | ·  | 21.6              | 45 <b>82</b>     |
| <del></del>                     |  |                              | 51 7                 | 63                |                |   |  | 0.5               | <b>62</b>        |
|                                 |  | tion, % GDP                  |                      |                   | 5.3.2          | High-tech imports, %                              | total trade                                    | 7.6               | 67               |
|                                 | 0 1  |                              |                      |                   | ,              | •   |  | 1.9<br>2.8        | 35 ·<br>60       |
|                                 |  |                              |                      |                   |                |   |  |                   | 69               |
|                                 |  |                              |                      |                   |                | ,,,,  |  |                   |                  |
|                                 |  | ,                            |                      |                   |                | Knowledge and                                     | technology outputs                             | 24.2              | 54               |
|                                 |  |                              |                      |                   | 6.1            | Knowledge creation                                |  | 30.2              | 34               |
|                                 |  |                              |                      |                   |                | •   | PP\$ GDP                                       | 2.4               | 34<br>31 ●       |
| •                               |  | • /                          |                      |                   | 6.1.2          | PCT patents by origin/                            | bn PPP\$ GDP                                   | 0.1               | 59               |
|                                 |  |                              |                      |                   |                |   |  | 3.8<br>7.4        | 1 <b>●</b> 98    |
| 2.3.2 Gross ex                  | xpenditure on I  | R&D, % GDP                   |                      |                   | 6.1.5          |   |  | 6.0               | 96               |
|                                 | •  |                              |                      |                   | 6.0            | Knowledge impact                                  |  | 19.9              | 104              |
| 2.3.4 QO UIIIV                  | ersity ranking,  | юрз                          | 0.0                  | 74                | 6.2.1          | Labor productivity gro                            |  | -1.1              | 84               |
| <b>♂</b> Infrasi                | tructure   |                              | 36.5                 | 82                |                | New businesses/th po<br>Software spending, %      | •  | 1.9<br>0.1        | 59<br>87         |
|                                 |  |                              |                      |                   |                | ISO 9001 quality certif                           |  | 2.6               | 81               |
| 3.1 Informati<br>3.1.1 ICT acce |  | unication technologies (IC   | Ts) <b>68.0</b> 66.4 | <b>62</b><br>68   |                | High-tech manufactur                              |  | 16.2              | 70               |
| 3.1.2 ICT use*                  |  |                              | 54.2                 | 73                | <b>♦</b> 6.3   | Knowledge diffusion                               |  | 22.4              | 51               |
|                                 | ment's online s  | ervice*                      | 75.3                 | 52                | 620            | Intellectual property re<br>Production and export |  | 0.1<br>39.7       | 63<br>70         |
| 3.1.4 E-partic                  | -  |                              | 76.2                 | 55                | •              | High-tech exports, %                              |  | 0.9               | 74               |
|                                 | I infrastructur<br>ty output, GWh  |                              | <b>22.2</b> 1,520.3  | <b>95</b><br>90   |                | ICT services exports,                             |  | 5.0               | 15 ●             |
|                                 | s performance  |                              | 1,520.3              |                   |                |   |  |                   |                  |
| •                               | apital formation   |                              | 25.5                 | 41                | €,             | Creative outputs                                  |  | 28.5              | 53               |
|                                 | cal sustainab  |                              |                      | 105               | 7.1            | Intangible assets                                 |  | 43.3              | 34               |
|                                 | it of energy use   |                              | 6.0                  | 107 (<br>76       | 1.1.1          | Trademarks by origin/                             |  | 87.8              | 14 ●             |
|                                 | mental perform<br>01 environment   | al certificates/bn PPP\$ GDI | 44.4<br>0.3          | 97                | 7.1.2<br>7.1.3 | Global brand value, to<br>Industrial designs by o |  | 0.0<br>12.5       | 80 ○<br>9 ●      |
|                                 |  |                              |                      |                   | 7.1.3          | ICTs and organization                             | •  | 48.3              | 87               |
| <b>Marke</b>                    | t sophistic  | ation                        | 44.9                 | 74                | 7.2            | Creative goods and                                |  | 8.2               | 88               |
| 4.1 Credit                      |  |                              | 33.6                 | 94                | 7.2.1          |   | rvices exports, % total trade<br>mn pop. 15–69 | 0.9               | 32               |
|                                 | getting credit*  |                              | 70.0                 | 44                |                | National feature films/<br>Entertainment and me   | mn pop. 15–69<br>dia market/th pop. 15–69      | 0.3<br>n/a        | 101 ⊜<br>n/a     |
|                                 |  | ate sector, % GDP            | 24.8                 | 105               | 7.2.4          | Printing and other med                            | dia, % manufacturing                           | 0.7               | 74               |
|                                 | ance gross loa   | ins, % GDP                   | 0.7                  | 30                | 7.2.5          | Creative goods export                             | s, % total trade                               | 0.1               | 97               |
| 4.2 Investm<br>4.2.1 Ease of    |  | ority investors*             | <b>39.1</b><br>68.0  | <b>[38]</b><br>44 | 7.3            | Online creativity                                 | -i (TI D-) (H                                  | 19.1              | 60               |
|                                 | capitalization,  | •                            | n/a                  | n/a               | 7.3.1<br>7.3.2 | Generic top-level dom<br>Country-code TLDs/th     | ains (TLDs)/th pop. 15–69                      | 2.1<br>2.3        | 75<br>66         |
| 1.2.3 Venture                   | capital investo  | rs, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP       | n/a                  | n/a               |                | Wikipedia edits/mn po                             |  | 45.2              | 75               |
|                                 | -  | nts, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP      | 0.0                  | 42                |                | Mobile app creation/b                             | •  | 27.4              | 20 ●             |
| -                               |  | , and market scale           | 61.8                 | 86<br>71          |                |   |  |                   |                  |
|                                 | tariff rate, weig<br>ic industry dive  |                              | ② 3.5<br>80.1        | 71<br>78          |                |   |  |                   |                  |
|                                 | io madoti y arve   |                              | 24.0                 | 110 -             |                |   |  |                   |                  |

NOTES: • indicates a strength;  $\bigcirc$  a weakness; • an income group strength;  $\bigcirc$  an income group weakness; \* an index; † a survey question. ② indicates that the economy's data are older than the base year; see appendices for details, including the year of the data, at http://globalinnovationindex.org. Square brackets [] indicate that the data minimum coverage (DMC) requirements were not met at the sub-pillar or pillar level.

34.9 116  $\odot$ 

### Romania

| Output ran                    | stitutions  plitical environment plitical and operational stability* overnment effectiveness* egulatory environment egulatory quality* alle of law* ost of redundancy dismissal usiness environment ase of starting a business* ase of resolving insolvency*  uman capital and research  ducation expenditure on education, % GDP evernment funding/pupil, secondary, % GDP/ ethool life expectancy, years SA scales in reading, maths and science apil-teacher ratio, secondary entiary education ritary enrolment, % gross raduates in science and engineering, % entiary inbound mobility, % esearch and development (R&D) esearchers, FTE/mn pop. ess expenditure on R&D, % GDP obal corporate R&D investors, top 3, mn US es university ranking, top 3*  firastructure formation and communication technologies T access* | Income                      | Region           | Population (mn) |          | nn) GDP, PPP\$ (bn)                                | GDP per capita, PPP\$                     | GII 20              | 20 ran                   |
|-------------------------------|--|-----------------------------|------------------|-----------------|----------|--|---|---------------------|--------------------------|
| 50                            | 54   | High                        | EUR              | 1               | 19.2     | 584.9  | 30,141                                    |                     | 46                       |
|                               |  |                             | Score/           |                 |          |  |   | Score/              |                          |
| î Instit                      | utions   |                             | Value<br>68.1    | 53 <            | <b>÷</b> | Business sophist                                   | tication                                  | Value <b>28.0</b>   | 54                       |
| <u> </u>                      |  |                             | 52.8             | 86 ◊            |          | Knowledge workers                                  |   | 33.4                | 60                       |
|                               |  | stability*                  | 69.6             | 60 ♦            |          | Knowledge-intensive                                | employment, %                             | 24.0                | 65                       |
| .1.2 Gover                    | nment effectivenes   | SS*                         | 44.4             | 89 ♦            |          | Firms offering formal to                           |   | 20.5                | 77 0                     |
|                               |  | nt                          | 78.0             | 33              | E 1 /    | GERD performed by b<br>GERD financed by bus        |   | 0.3<br>57.1         | 48<br>15 ●               |
|                               |  |                             | 55.6<br>56.3     | 52 <> 49 <>     | 515      | Females employed w/a                               |   | 11.4                | 64                       |
|                               |  | nissal                      | 8.0              | 1 ● ♦           |          | Innovation linkages                                |   | 16.1                | 103 🗆                    |
| .3 Busin                      | ess environment  |                             | 73.4             | 57              |          | University-industry R&                             |   | 38.2                | 88                       |
|                               | •  |                             | 87.7             | 73              |          | State of cluster develo<br>GERD financed by abr    |   | 42.4<br>0.0         | 90<br>55                 |
| .3.2 Ease 0                   | resolving insolve  | ncy*                        | 59.1             | 51              |          |  | alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP               | 0.0                 | 93 (                     |
| • Hum                         | an canital and   | Lrosoarch                   | 28.9             | 76 ◊            | 5.2.5    | Patent families/bn PPF                             | P\$ GDP                                   | 0.0                 | 66                       |
|                               |  | research -                  | 20.9             |                 |          | Knowledge absorption                               |   | 34.5                | 44                       |
|                               |  | - 0/ ODD                    | 41.5             | 90 ♦            | E 0 0    | Intellectual property pa<br>High-tech imports, %   | ayments, % total trade total trade        | 0.9<br>10.0         | 40<br>34                 |
|                               |  |                             | 3.1<br>16.4      | 95 ○ ♦          | 533      | ICT services imports,                              |   | 2.6                 | 14                       |
|                               |  |                             | 14.3             | 67 ♦            | 5.3.4    | FDI net inflows, % GD                              |   | 2.9                 | 52                       |
|                               |  |                             | 427.8            | 49 ♦            | 5.3.5    | Research talent, % in                              | businesses                                | 26.5                | 48                       |
| •                             |  | ndary                       | ② 11.8           | 48              | مهمو     | Knowledge and                                      | technology outputs                        | 31.8                | 35                       |
|                               | -  | nee                         | <b>38.5</b> 51.0 | <b>46</b><br>62 | - Age    | Knowledge and                                      | technology outputs                        | 31.0                | <b>3</b> 5               |
|                               | , , ,  |                             | 28.1             | 23              |          | Knowledge creation                                 |   | 12.0                | 71                       |
| 2.3 Tertiar                   | y inbound mobility   | v, %                        | 5.4              | 44              |          | Patents by origin/bn P<br>PCT patents by origin/   |   | 1.5<br>0.1          | 48<br>71                 |
|                               | •  |                             | 6.8              | 70 ♦            | 6.1.3    | Utility models by origin                           |   | 0.1                 | 59                       |
|                               |  | •                           | 896.0<br>0.5     | 52 <> 68        | 0.1.4    |  | al articles/bn PPP\$ GDP                  | 14.2                | 62                       |
|                               |  |                             | 0.0              | 41 ○ ◊          |          | Citable documents H-                               | index                                     | 18.8                | 44                       |
| .3.4 QS un                    | versity ranking, to  | p 3*                        | 7.1              | 69 ♦            | 6.2      | <b>Knowledge impact</b><br>Labor productivity gro  | wth 04                                    | <b>45.3</b><br>2.1  | 1 <b>2 (</b>             |
| .4.                           |  |                             |                  |                 |          | New businesses/th po                               |   | 7.3                 | 21                       |
| <b>ద్ద<sup>‡</sup> I</b> nfra | structure  |                             | 51.5             | 37              |          | Software spending, %                               |   | 0.2                 | 58                       |
| .1 Inform                     | ation and commur   | nication technologies (IC)  | s) 73.9          | 52              |          | ISO 9001 quality certif<br>High-tech manufacturi   |   | 16.3<br>44.1        | 16 <b>(</b>              |
|                               |  |                             | 73.4             | 51 ♦            | 6.3      | Knowledge diffusion                                | <b>o</b> .                                | 38.0                | 23                       |
| 1.2 ICT us                    |  | vice*                       | 68.9<br>72.4     | 50 ♦<br>61      |          | Intellectual property re                           |   | 0.1                 | 60                       |
|                               |  | VICC                        | 81.0             | 46              |          | Production and export                              |   | 69.0                | 25                       |
| .2 Gener                      | al infrastructure  |                             | 29.0             | 65              |          | High-tech exports, % ICT services exports, 9       |   | 6.6<br>5.9          | 27<br>10 (               |
|                               | city output, GWh/r   | nn pop.                     | 3,309.2          | 61              | 0.0.4    | io i sciviocs exports,                             | 70 total trade                            | 0.0                 | 10                       |
| -                             | cs performance* capital formation,   | % CDP                       | 49.8<br>22.6     | 47<br>62        | @!       | Creative outputs                                   |   | 22.2                | 72                       |
|                               | gical sustainabili   |                             | 51.7             | 9 ●             |          |  |   |                     |                          |
|                               | nit of energy use  | ·y                          | 14.9             | 23 •            |          | <b>Intangible assets</b><br>Trademarks by origin/l | hn PPP\$ GDP                              | <b>26.1</b><br>38.2 | <b>83</b><br>61          |
|                               | nmental performar  |                             | 64.7             | 32              | 7.1.2    | Global brand value, to                             |   | 20.7                | 48                       |
| .3.3 ISO 14                   | 001 environmental  | certificates/bn PPP\$ GDP   | 7.9              | 10 ● ♦          | 7.1.0    | Industrial designs by o                            | •   | 1.6                 | 55                       |
| Mark                          | et sophisticat   | tion                        | 44.7             | 76              |          | ICTs and organization                              |   | 50.0                | 82                       |
| iii Mark                      | et sopriisticat  | .1011                       | 77./             | 10              |          | Creative goods and s<br>Cultural and creative se   | ervices<br>ervices exports, % total trade | <b>16.1</b><br>1.8  | <b>63</b><br>12 <b>•</b> |
| .1 Credit                     |  |                             | 35.3             | 87              |          | National feature films/                            | · ·                                       | 2.0                 | 69                       |
|                               | of getting credit*<br>stic credit to privat  | e sector. % GDP             | 80.0<br>24.7     | 23<br>106 ○ ◊   |          |  | dia market/th pop. 15–69                  | 7.1                 | 44                       |
|                               | inance gross loans   |                             | 0.0              | 73 🔾            | 1.2.7    | Printing and other med<br>Creative goods export    |   | 0.9<br>0.8          | 58<br>54                 |
| .2 Invest                     | ment   |                             | 17.4             | 123 ⊖ ♦         |          | Online creativity                                  | -,  | 20.6                | 56                       |
|                               | f protecting minor   |                             | 62.0             | 60              | 7.3.1    | -  | ains (TLDs)/th pop. 15-69                 | 4.5                 | 56                       |
|                               | t capitalization, %<br>e capital investors   | GDP<br>, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP | 10.4<br>0.0      | 68 ○ ♦          | 1.0.2    | Country-code TLDs/th                               |   | 13.5                | 36                       |
|                               | •  | s, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP       | 0.0              | 76 0            | 7.0.0    | Wikipedia edits/mn po<br>Mobile app creation/b     | •   | 54.3<br>9.6         | 59<br>47                 |
|                               |  | and market scale            | 81.5             | 23 ●            | 7.0.4    | ιπορίιο αρρ οι σατίοι / Δ                          | птт фар                                   | 3.0                 | 71                       |
| .3.1 Applie                   | d tariff rate, weight  | ted avg., %                 | 1.8              | 25              |          |  |   |                     |                          |
|                               | stic industry divers   |                             | 95.7<br>584.8    | 24<br>35        |          |  |   |                     |                          |

NOTES: • indicates a strength;  $\bigcirc$  a weakness; • an income group strength;  $\bigcirc$  an income group weakness; \* an index; † a survey question.  $\odot$  indicates that the economy's data are older than the base year; see appendices for details, including the year of the data, at http://globalinnovationindex.org. Square brackets [] indicate that the data minimum coverage (DMC) requirements were not met at the sub-pillar or pillar level.

95.7 24 584.8 35

### **Russian Federation**

15

| Output rank                    | Input rank   | Income                              | Region              | Popula           | ition (mn)  | GDP, PPP\$ (bn)                                      | GDP per capita, PPP\$                     | GII 20              | 20 rank                    |
|--------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|---------------------|------------------|-------------|--|---|---------------------|----------------------------|
| 52                             | 43   | Upper middle                        | EUR                 | 14               | 15.9        | 4,021.7  | 27,394                                    | 4                   | 17                         |
|                                |  |                                     |                     |                  |             |  |   |                     |                            |
|                                |  |                                     | Score/<br>Value     | Rank             |             |  |   | Score/<br>Value     | Rank                       |
| ii Institu                     | ıtions   |                                     | 63.1                | 67               | <b>2</b> E  | Business sophist                                     | ication                                   | 31.8                | 44                         |
| 1.1 Politica                   | ıl environment   | t                                   | 57.4                | 67               | 5.1 k       | Knowledge workers                                    |   | 38.2                | 46                         |
|                                | and operationa<br>ment effectiven  |                                     | 64.3<br>54.0        | 80<br>62         |             | Knowledge-intensive e<br>Firms offering formal tr    |   | 44.9<br>11.8        | 18 ● ♦ 94 ○ ◊              |
|                                | tory environm  |                                     | 55.7                | 9 <b>2</b>       |             | GERD performed by b                                  |   | 0.6                 | 34                         |
| 1.2.1 Regulat                  |  | Cit                                 | 32.2                |                  | 5.1.4       | GERD financed by bus                                 | siness, %                                 | 30.2                | 60                         |
| 1.2.2 Rule of                  |  |                                     | 27.7                | 109 ○ ♦          |             | emales employed w/a                                  | advanced degrees, %                       | 26.2                | 10 ● ♦                     |
|                                | redundancy dis   |                                     | 17.3                | 69               |             | nnovation linkages<br>Jniversity-industry R&         | D collaboration†                          | <b>17.7</b><br>44.0 | <b>88</b><br>58            |
|                                | ss environmer<br>starting a busir  |                                     | <b>76.1</b> 93.1    | <b>45</b><br>38  |             | State of cluster develo                              |   | 45.5                | 73                         |
|                                | resolving insolv   |                                     | 59.1                | 52               |             | GERD financed by abr                                 |   | 0.0                 | 63                         |
|                                | _  |                                     |                     |                  |             | Joint venture/strategic a<br>Patent families/bn PPF  | alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP               | 0.0<br>0.2          | 72<br>50                   |
| 🙎 Huma                         | n capital an   | nd research                         | 47.9                | 29 ♦             |             | Cnowledge absorption                                 |   | 39.5                | 29 ♦                       |
| 2.1 Educat                     | ion  |                                     | 57.6                | [40]             |             |  | ayments, % total trade                    | 1.6                 | 29 <b>▼</b><br>23 <b>●</b> |
|                                | iture on educat  | ion, % GDP                          | 4.7                 | 52               |             | High-tech imports, %                                 |   | 9.1                 | 43                         |
|                                | 0 1  | ıpil, secondary, % GDP/cap          |                     | n/a              |             | CT services imports, 9 FDI net inflows, % GDI        |   | 1.3<br>1.4          | 60<br>97 ⊝                 |
|                                | life expectancy  |                                     | 15.7<br>481.3       | 41<br>31 ◆       |             | Research talent, % in I                              |   | 48.0                | 28 ♦                       |
|                                |  |                                     | n/a                 | n/a              |             | •  |   |                     |                            |
| •                              | A scales in reading, maths and science il-teacher ratio, secondary iary education ary enrolment, % gross duates in science and engineering, % ary inbound mobility, % earch and development (R&D) earchers, FTE/mn pop. ss expenditure on R&D, % GDP | ,                                   | 50.8                | 14 ● ♦           | ere l       | Knowledge and  | technology outputs                        | 26.7                | 48                         |
|                                |  | gross                               | 84.6                | 15 ● ♦           | 64 1        | Cuevaledue evention                                  |   | 25.0                | 06 4                       |
|                                |  |                                     | 31.1                | 13 ● ◆           |             | <b>Knowledge creation</b><br>Patents by origin/bn Pl | PP\$ GDP                                  | <b>35.8</b><br>5.7  | <b>26</b> ♦ 15 ● ♦         |
| -                              |  | -                                   | 4.5                 | 51               |             | PCT patents by origin/                               |   | 0.3                 | 45                         |
|                                |  |                                     | <b>35.2</b> 2,746.7 | <b>32</b> ♦ 33 ♦ |             | Utility models by origin                             |   | 2.3                 | 10 ● ♦                     |
|                                |  | •                                   | 1.0                 | 38               |             | Scientific and technica<br>Citable documents H-i     | ll articles/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>index         | 10.6<br>37.7        | 80<br>23 ● ◆               |
|                                |  | investors, top 3, mn US\$           | 39.0                | 40 ♦             |             | Knowledge impact                                     |   | 28.6                | 68                         |
| 2.3.4 QS univ                  | ersity ranking,  | top 3°                              | 48.4                | 21 ● ♦           |             | _abor productivity gro                               | wth, %                                    | 1.1                 | 44                         |
| # <sup>‡</sup> Infras          | tructure   |                                     | 42.5                | 63               |             | New businesses/th po                                 | •   | 3.3                 | 43                         |
| 🏚 · IIII as                    | tructure   |                                     | 42.5                | 03               |             | Software spending, %<br>SO 9001 quality certif       |   | 0.3<br>1.1          | 43<br>105 ⊝                |
|                                |  | unication technologies (IC          | •                   | 36 ♦             |             | High-tech manufacturi                                |   | 25.7                | 48                         |
| 3.1.1 ICT acc<br>3.1.2 ICT use |  |                                     | 72.8<br>72.5        | 54<br>39 ◆       | 6.3 k       | Knowledge diffusion                                  |   | 15.6                | 68                         |
|                                | ment's online se   | ervice*                             | 81.8                | 39 <b>▼</b>      |             | ntellectual property re                              |   | 0.2                 | 38 ♦                       |
| 3.1.4 E-partic                 | ipation*   |                                     | 86.9                | 27               |             | Production and export                                |   | 43.0                | 64<br>52                   |
|                                | l infrastructur  | e                                   | 29.0                | 64               |             | High-tech exports, % t<br>CT services exports, 9     |   | 2.6<br>1.3          | 71                         |
|                                | ity output, GWh  |                                     | 7,705.0             | 26 ♦             |             |  |   |                     |                            |
|                                | s performance<br>apital formation  |                                     | 33.0<br>22.9        | 74<br>59         | <b>8!</b> ( | Creative outputs                                     |   | 26.4                | 56                         |
|                                | ical sustainab   |                                     |                     | 101 0 ◊          |             | ntangible assets                                     |   | 35.6                | 50                         |
|                                | it of energy use   |                                     | 4.8                 | 117 🔾 💠          |             | ntangible assets<br>Frademarks by origin/b           | on PPP\$ GDP                              | <b>59.</b> 7        | <b>50</b><br>35            |
|                                | mental perform   |                                     | 50.5                | 56               |             | Global brand value, top                              |   | 44.8                | 38                         |
| 3.3.3 ISO 140                  | 01 environment   | al certificates/bn PPP\$ GDF        | 0.2                 | 107 🔾            |             | ndustrial designs by o                               |   | 1.1                 | 67                         |
| Allower                        | t conhistic  | otion                               | 40.0                | 61               |             | CTs and organizations                                |   | 58.4                | 49                         |
| Marke                          | et sophistica  | ation                               | 48.0                | 61               |             | Creative goods and s<br>Cultural and creative se     | services<br>rvices exports, % total trade | <b>9.7</b><br>1.0   | <b>81</b><br>27            |
| 4.1 Credit                     |  |                                     | 40.1                | 70               |             | National feature films/r                             |   | 1.2                 | 79                         |
|                                | getting credit*  | ate sector % CDD                    | 80.0<br>52.4        | 23<br>63         |             |  | dia market/th pop. 15-69                  | 7.0                 | 45                         |
|                                | ance gross loa   | ate sector, % GDP<br>.ns, % GDP     | 0.0                 | 03<br>78 ⊜       |             | Printing and other med<br>Creative goods export      | _   | 0.6<br>0.4          | 80 ⊜<br>68                 |
| 4.2 Investn                    | -  |                                     | 19.8                | 116 🔾            |             | Orealive goods export<br>Online creativity           | o, /u lulai liaue                         | 24.8                | 47                         |
|                                | protecting min   | ority investors*                    | 60.0                | 71               |             |  | ains (TLDs)/th pop. 15-69                 | 2 <b>4.8</b><br>3.4 | <b>47</b><br>61            |
|                                | capitalization,  |                                     | ② 40.9              | 38               |             | Country-code TLDs/th                                 |   | 14.1                | 35                         |
|                                | •  | rs, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP              | 0.0<br>0.0          | 55<br>92 ⊜       |             | Wikipedia edits/mn po                                | •   | 58.8                | 54                         |
|                                |  | nts, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP             | 83.9                | 92 ○             | 7.3.4 N     | Mobile app creation/bi                               | n PPP\$ GDP                               | 21.6                | 25                         |
|                                | tariff rate, weig  | , and market scale<br>ahted avg., % | 5.3                 | 17 ● ◆<br>91     |             |  |   |                     |                            |
|                                | ic industry dive   |                                     | 92.5                | 44               |             |  |   |                     |                            |
| 4.3.3 Domest                   | ic market scale  | e, bn PPP\$                         | 4,021.7             | 6 ● ♦            |             |  |   |                     |                            |
|                                |  |                                     |                     |                  |             |  |   |                     |                            |

#### **Rwanda**

Output rank Input rank

Income

Region

Population (mn) GDP, PPP\$ (bn)

102

GII 2020 rank

GDP per capita, PPP\$

| 108 91 Low  | SSF  | 1:                                    | 3.0   | 30.3 2,393   |  | 91   |
|---|--|---------------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
|   | Score/<br>Value  | Rank                                  |   |  | Score/<br>Value  | Rank   |
| nstitutions   | 67.0   | 54 ◆                                  | 2   | Business sophistication  | 22.0   | 82   |
| Political environment  1.1. Political and operational stability*  1.2. Government effectiveness*  Pegulatory environment  1.2.1 Regulatory quality*  1.2.2 Rule of law*  1.2.3 Cost of redundancy dismissal  1.3 Business environment   | <b>61.5</b><br>75.0<br>54.8<br><b>64.4</b><br>45.5<br>48.7<br>17.3 | 55                                    | 5.1.3<br>5.1.4<br>5.1.5<br><b>5.2</b>                   |  | 12.9<br>8.9<br>35.9<br>⊘ 0.0<br>⊘ 0.6<br>4.0<br>32.4<br>33.0 | 112<br>38<br>75<br>96 ○<br>98<br><b>31</b> ● |
| 3.1 Ease of starting a business* 3.2 Ease of resolving insolvency*  | <b>75.2</b><br>93.2<br>57.2  | 33 <b>◆ ♦</b> 57 <b>♦</b>             | 5.2.2<br>5.2.3<br>5.2.4                                 | State of cluster development and depth <sup>†</sup>  | 46.3<br>© 0.2<br>0.1<br>n/a                                  | 66<br>18 ●<br>26 ●                           |
| Human capital and research  2.1 Education 2.1.1 Expenditure on education, % GDP 2.1.2 Government funding/pupil, secondary, % GDP/c 2.1.3 School life expectancy, years 2.1.4 PISA scales in reading, maths and science 2.1.5 Pupil-teacher ratio, secondary   | 35.6<br>3.1<br>221.4<br>11.2<br>n/a<br>② 20.1                      | <b>104</b><br>96<br>38 <b>●</b><br>99 | 5.3.2<br>5.3.3<br>5.3.4                                 | Knowledge absorption Intellectual property payments, % total trade High-tech imports, % total trade ICT services imports, % total trade FDI net inflows, % GDP Research talent, % in businesses  | 20.8<br>n/a<br>8.5<br>0.5<br>3.5<br>© 5.6                    | 55   |
| 2 Tertiary education 2.1 Tertiary enrolment, % gross 2.2 Graduates in science and engineering, % 2.3 Tertiary inbound mobility, %   | <b>7.6</b> 6.2 13.0 3.6  |                                       | <b>6.1</b> 6.1.1 6.1.2                                  | Knowledge and technology outputs  Knowledge creation Patents by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP PCT patents by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP   | 8.0<br>② 0.2<br>0.0  | 96<br>88<br>93<br>98 ○                       |
| <ul> <li>3. Research and development (R&amp;D)</li> <li>3.1 Researchers, FTE/mn pop.</li> <li>3.2 Gross expenditure on R&amp;D, % GDP</li> <li>3.3 Global corporate R&amp;D investors, top 3, mn US</li> <li>3.4 QS university ranking, top 3*</li> </ul>   | 3.2<br>② 13.9<br>② 0.6<br>\$ 0.0                                   |                                       | 6.1.3<br>6.1.4<br>6.1.5<br><b>6.2</b>                   | Utility models by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP  | 0.3<br>14.1<br>4.0<br><b>28.2</b><br>5.8                     | 41<br>63<br>114<br><b>70</b>                 |
| p <sup>⊄</sup> Infrastructure   | 30.4   | 101                                   | 6.2.2   | New businesses/th pop. 15–64 Software spending, % GDP  | 1.5<br>0.0   | 67<br>101                                    |
| Information and communication technologies ( 1.1.1 ICT access* 1.1.2 ICT use* 1.1.3 Government's online service* 1.1.4 E-participation* 1.2 General infrastructure 1.2.1 Electricity output, GWh/mn pop.  | (ICTs) 43.6<br>28.3<br>21.4<br>61.8<br>63.1<br>30.5<br>n/a         | 85 ◆<br>82 ◆<br><b>60</b>             | 6.2.4<br>6.2.5<br><b>6.3</b><br>6.3.1<br>6.3.2<br>6.3.3 | ISO 9001 quality certificates/bn PPP\$ GDP High-tech manufacturing, %  Knowledge diffusion Intellectual property receipts, % total trade Production and export complexity High-tech exports, % total trade ICT services exports, % total trade | 0.5<br>n/a<br><b>4.0</b><br>n/a<br>n/a<br>0.5<br>0.7         | n/a<br><b>[123]</b><br>n/a                   |
| .2.2 Logistics performance* .2.3 Gross capital formation, % GDP   | 43.1<br>20.8   | 56 <b>♦</b><br>83                     | €,  | Creative outputs   | 11.5   | 117  |
| <ul> <li>3.3 Ecological sustainability</li> <li>3.1 GDP/unit of energy use</li> <li>3.2 Environmental performance*</li> <li>3.3 ISO 14001 environmental certificates/bn PPP\$ G</li> </ul>  | n/a<br>33.8  | 115<br>n/a<br>107<br>131 〇            | <b>7.1</b> 7.1.1 7.1.2 7.1.3 7.1.4                      | Intangible assets Trademarks by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP Global brand value, top 5,000, % GDP Industrial designs by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP ICTs and organizational model creation <sup>†</sup>   | 16.7<br>10.8<br>0.0<br>0.1<br>51.0                           | 110<br>80 〇                                  |
| Market sophistication   | 41.7   | 93                                    | <b>7.2</b><br>7.2.1                                     | Creative goods and services Cultural and creative services exports, % total trade  |  | <b>[110]</b><br>101                          |
| .1. Credit .1.1 Ease of getting credit* .1.2 Domestic credit to private sector, % GDP .1.3 Microfinance gross loans, % GDP .2 Investment .2.1 Ease of protecting minority investors*  | 60.7<br>95.0<br>21.4<br>② 6.7<br>24.5<br>44.0                      | 14                                    | 7.2.2<br>7.2.3<br>7.2.4<br>7.2.5<br><b>7.3</b>          | National feature films/mn pop. 15–69 Entertainment and media market/th pop. 15–69 Printing and other media, % manufacturing Creative goods exports, % total trade Online creativity  | 3.2<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>0.1<br><b>9.1</b>                       | 59<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>100<br><b>100</b>        |
| <ul> <li>1.2.2 Market capitalization, % GDP</li> <li>1.2.3 Venture capital investors, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP</li> <li>1.2.4 Venture capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDF</li> <li>1.3 Trade, diversification, and market scale</li> <li>1.3.1 Applied tariff rate, weighted avg., %</li> <li>1.3.2 Domestic industry diversification</li> </ul> | 31.0<br>n/a<br>0.1<br><b>39.9</b><br>9.6                           | 45<br>n/a<br>28 ●<br><b>125</b> ○     | 7.3.3   | Generic top-level domains (TLDs)/th pop. 15–69<br>Country-code TLDs/th pop. 15–69<br>Wikipedia edits/mn pop. 15–69<br>Mobile app creation/bn PPP\$ GDP   | 0.1<br>0.1<br>29.9<br>n/a                                    |  |

NOTES: • indicates a strength;  $\bigcirc$  a weakness; • an income group strength;  $\bigcirc$  an income group weakness; \* an index; † a survey question. ② indicates that the economy's data are older than the base year; see appendices for details, including the year of the data, at http://globalinnovationindex.org. Square brackets [] indicate that the data minimum coverage (DMC) requirements were not met at the sub-pillar or pillar level.

30.3 122

### Saudi Arabia

66

| Output rank  | Input rank                                 | Income                   | Region              | Popula              | tion (mn) | GDP, PPP\$ (bn)                                   | GDP per capita, PPP\$                   | GII 20             | 20 ran              |
|--|--|--------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-----------|---|---|--------------------|---------------------|
| 72   | 59   | High                     | NAWA                | 34                  | 4.8       | 1,608.6   | 46,273                                  |                    | 66                  |
|  |  |                          | Score/<br>Value     | Ponk                |           |   |   | Score/<br>Value    | Donk                |
| nstitu   | tions                                      |                          | 53.3                |                     | <b>2</b>  | Business sophist                                  | tication                                | 21.1               | 89                  |
| .1 Politica  | l environment                              |                          | 55.6                | 73 ♦                |           | Knowledge workers                                 |   | 16.6               | [108]               |
| .1.1 Political   | and operational st                         | •                        | 51.8                | 119 ○ ◊             | 5.1.1 k   | Knowledge-intensive e                             |   | n/a                | n/a                 |
|  | nent effectiveness                         |                          | 57.5                | 54 ♦                |           | Firms offering formal to<br>GERD performed by b   |   | n/a<br>n/a         | n/a<br>n/a          |
| -  | ory environment<br>ory quality*            |                          | <b>57.6</b><br>41.7 | <b>87</b> ♦ 75 ♦    |           | GERD financed by bus                              | ,                                       | n/a                | n/a                 |
| .2.2 Rule of la  |  |                          | 51.2                | 55 ♦                | 5.1.5 F   | emales employed w/a                               | advanced degrees, %                     | 5.5                | 93                  |
| .2.3 Cost of r   | edundancy dismis                           | ssal                     | 23.7                | 102 ♦               |           | nnovation linkages                                | D                                       | 30.5               | 34                  |
|  | s environment                              |                          |                     | 129 ○ ◊             |           | Jniversity-industry R&<br>State of cluster develo |   | 52.9<br>68.5       | 35<br>8 <b>●</b>    |
|  | starting a business<br>resolving insolvend |                          | 93.1                | 36<br>129 ⊖ ♦       |           | GERD financed by abr                              |   | n/a                | n/a                 |
| O.E Edoo on  | occiving inconvent                         | ,,                       | 0.0                 | 120 0 0             |           |   | alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP             | 0.0                | 70                  |
| 🙎 Humai  | n capital and r                            | esearch                  | 45.7                | 32                  |           | Patent families/bn PPF                            |   | 0.3                | 36                  |
| <del></del>  |  |                          |                     |                     |           | Knowledge absorption                              | <b>on</b><br>ayments, % total trade   ② | <b>16.3</b> 0.0    | <b>110</b><br>122 ⊜ |
| <ol> <li>Educati</li> <li>Expendi</li> </ol>           | <b>on</b><br>ture on education,            | % GDP                    | <b>59.6</b><br>n/a  | 1 <b>30]</b><br>n/a |           | High-tech imports, %                              |   | 7.1                | 77                  |
|  | ,  | secondary, % GDP/cap     |                     | n/a                 |           | CT services imports,                              |   | 0.7                | 89                  |
|  | fe expectancy, yea                         |                          | 16.0                | 36                  |           | FDI net inflows, % GDI<br>Research talent, % in I |   | 0.4<br>n/a         | 119 ⊜<br>n/a        |
|  | ales in reading, ma<br>acher ratio, second |                          | 386.2<br>13.6       | 71 ○ ♢<br>61        | 0.0.0     | research talent, 70 mm                            | 00311103303                             | 11/4               | 11/4                |
| •  | education                                  | iai y                    | 36.6                | 51                  | 744       | Knowledge and                                     | technology outputs                      | 19.6               | 69                  |
| -  | enrolment, % gros                          | S                        | 70.9                | 29 ●                | _         | Ť   | toomiology outputs                      |                    |                     |
|  | es in science and                          | •                        | 22.0                | 61                  |           | Knowledge creation<br>Patents by origin/bn P      | PP¢ GDP                                 | <b>17.1</b><br>1.0 | <b>60</b><br>64     |
| •  | inbound mobility, 9                        |                          | 4.4                 | 54                  |           | PCT patents by origin/                            |   | 0.6                | 32                  |
|  | ch and developme<br>hers, FTE/mn pop       |                          | <b>40.9</b><br>n/a  | <b>26 ●</b><br>n/a  |           | Jtility models by origin                          |   | n/a                | n/a                 |
|  | openditure on R&D                          |                          | Ø 0.8               | 47                  |           | Scientific and technica<br>Citable documents H-i  | al articles/bn PPP\$ GDP                | 15.9<br>22.7       | 53<br>38            |
| 3.3 Global c   | orporate R&D inve                          | stors, top 3, mn US\$    | 62.7                | 22 ●                |           |   | iliuex                                  | 27.5               | 72                  |
| .3.4 QS unive  | ersity ranking, top                        | 3*                       | 43.7                | 24 ●                |           | <b>Knowledge impact</b><br>∟abor productivity gro | wth, %                                  | -2.0               | 101                 |
| ద్ద <sup>ద</sup> Infrast                               | ru i otu i vo                              |                          | 45.1                | E4 ^                |           | New businesses/th po                              | •                                       | 0.5                | 99                  |
| or illirasi  | ructure                                    |                          | 45.1                | 54 ◇                |           | Software spending, %<br>SO 9001 quality certif    |   | 0.3<br>1.3         | 37<br>102           |
|  |  | cation technologies (IC  |                     | 48                  |           | High-tech manufacturi                             |   | 35.6               | 33                  |
| <ol> <li>1.1 ICT acce</li> <li>1.2 ICT use*</li> </ol> |  |                          | 81.5<br>76.3        | 28 <b>●</b><br>34   | 6.3 H     | Cnowledge diffusion                               |   | 14.3               | 72                  |
|  | nent's online servi                        | ce*                      | 68.8                | 71 ♦                |           | ntellectual property re                           |   | n/a                | n/a                 |
| 1.4 E-partici  | pation*                                    |                          | 71.4                | 66                  |           | Production and export<br>High-tech exports, %     | , ,                                     | 59.4<br>0.1        | 36<br>118 ∈         |
|  | infrastructure                             |                          | 39.1                | 32                  |           | CT services exports, 9                            |   | 0.7                | 92                  |
|  | ty output, GWh/mr<br>s performance*        | n pop.                   | 11,221.2<br>44.8    | 12 <b>●</b><br>54   |           |   |   |                    |                     |
|  | apital formation, %                        | GDP                      | 27.6                | 31                  | €,        | Creative outputs                                  |   | 20.9               | 78                  |
|  | cal sustainability                         |                          | 21.7                | 90 ♦                | 7.1 I     | ntangible assets                                  |   | 30.9               | 63                  |
| 3.1 GDP/uni  | t of energy use                            |                          | 8.3                 | 88                  |           | Frademarks by origin/b                            | on PPP\$ GDP                            | 14.0               | 104                 |
|  | nental performanc                          |                          | 44.0                | 79 ♦                |           | Global brand value, to                            |   | 110.9              | 19 (                |
| 3.3 150 1400   | ) i environmental ce                       | ertificates/bn PPP\$ GDF | 0.3                 | 96 ♦                |           | ndustrial designs by o                            | =                                       | 0.2                | 101 (               |
| Marke  | t sophisticatio                            | nn .                     | 51.9                | 39                  |           | CTs and organizationa<br>Creative goods and s     |   | 61.5<br>8.3        | 40<br><b>86</b>     |
| IIII Walke   | t-sopmsticatio                             | /II                      |                     |                     |           | •   | rvices exports, % total trade           | <b>8.3</b> 0.0     | 100 (               |
| 1 Credit   | antting aradit*                            |                          | <b>40.5</b>         | <b>67</b>           | 7.2.2     | National feature films/r                          | mn pop. 15–69                           | n/a                | n/a                 |
|  | getting credit*<br>c credit to private:    | sector, % GDP            | 60.0<br>② 54.0      | 74<br>62            |           |   | dia market/th pop. 15-69                | 15.9               | 29<br>40            |
|  | ance gross loans,                          |                          | n/a                 | n/a                 |           | Printing and other med<br>Creative goods export   |   | 1.2<br>0.2         | 40<br>81            |
| 2 Investm  | ent  |                          | 35.7                | 46                  |           | Online creativity                                 | , | 13.3               | 79                  |
|  | orotecting minority                        |                          | 86.0                | 3 • ♦               | 7.3.1     | Generic top-level dom                             | ains (TLDs)/th pop. 15-69               | 2.7                | 69                  |
|  | capitalization, % G                        | DP<br>deals/bn PPP\$ GDP | 144.1<br>0.0        | 6 <b>● ◆</b><br>49  |           | Country-code TLDs/th                              |   | 0.8                | 92                  |
|  | •  | deals/bn PPP\$ GDP       | 0.0                 | 80 O                |           | Wikipedia edits/mn po<br>Mobile app creation/b    | •                                       | 49.4<br>0.5        | 66<br>80            |
|  | liversification, an                        |                          | 79.6                | 29 ●                | 1.0.4 ľ   | viodile app creation/bi                           | птт фарг                                | 0.3                | 30                  |
| .3.1 Applied   | tariff rate, weighte                       | d avg., %                | ② 4.8               | 83 ♦                |           |   |   |                    |                     |
|  | c industry diversifi                       |                          | 89.5                | 53                  |           |   |   |                    |                     |
| .s.s Domesti   | c market scale, bn                         | PPP\$                    | 1,608.6             | 17 ●                |           |   |   |                    |                     |

# Senegal

105

| Output rank                     | Input rank                            | Income  | Region                                  | Pop                      | oulati     | ion (mn)         | GDP, PPP\$ (bn)                                       | GDP per capita, PPP\$         | GII 2                     | 020 ranl          |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|---|--------------------------|------------|------------------|---|-------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|
| 102                             | 105                                   | Lower middle                                      | SSF                                     |                          | 16         | .7               | 58.1  | 3,463                         |                           | 102               |
|                                 |                                       |   | Score/<br>Value                         | Rank                     |            |                  |   |                               | Score/<br>Value           | Rank              |
| nstitu                          | ıtions                                |   | 63.0                                    | 68                       | •          | <u></u>          | Business sophist                                      | ication                       |                           | 131 ○             |
| <del></del>                     | l environment                         | •   | 57.3                                    | 68                       | •          |                  | Knowledge workers                                     |                               | 6.9                       | 127 🔾             |
| I.1.1 Political                 | and operation                         | al stability*                                     | 73.2                                    | 44                       | •          | 5.1.1 H          | Knowledge-intensive e                                 |                               | ② 6.4                     | 116 🔾             |
|                                 | ment effectiven                       |   | 49.4                                    | 75                       | •          |                  | Firms offering formal tr<br>GERD performed by be      | •                             | ව 17.4<br>n/a             |                   |
| -                               | <b>tory environm</b><br>ory quality*  | ent   | <b>63.8</b> 40.6                        | <b>69</b><br>79          | <b>*</b>   |                  | GERD financed by bus                                  |                               | 2 2.1                     |                   |
| I.2.2 Rule of I                 | , , ,                                 |   | 41.7                                    | 73                       | •          | 5.1.5 F          | Females employed w/a                                  | dvanced degrees, %            | ව 0.6                     | 120 🔾             |
| I.2.3 Cost of                   | redundancy dis                        | smissal   | 14.8                                    | 58                       |            |                  | Innovation linkages                                   | D collaborationt              | 15.3                      |                   |
|                                 | ss environme                          |   | <b>67.7</b> 91.2                        | <b>76</b><br>51 <b>●</b> |            |                  | University-industry R&<br>State of cluster develo     |                               | 40.0<br>41.2              |                   |
|                                 | starting a busing resolving insolving |   | 44.3                                    | 87                       | •          | 5.2.3            | GERD financed by abr                                  | oad, % GDP                    | D.0                       | 54                |
|                                 |                                       |   |   |                          |            |                  | Joint venture/strategic a<br>Patent families/bn PPF   | alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP   | 0.0<br>0.0                |                   |
| 🙎 Huma                          | n capital ar                          | nd research                                       | 18.2                                    | 104                      |            |                  | Knowledge absorption                                  |                               | 15.3                      |                   |
| 2.1 Educati                     | ion                                   |   | 37.3                                    | 99                       |            |                  | Intellectual property pa                              |                               | 0.1                       |                   |
|                                 | iture on educat                       | tion, % GDP                                       | 4.8                                     | 45                       |            |                  | High-tech imports, % t                                |                               | 4.9                       |                   |
|                                 | • •                                   | upil, secondary, % GDP/cap                        |   | 47                       | - ^        |                  | ICT services imports, 9<br>FDI net inflows, % GDI     |                               | 2.0<br>3.5                |                   |
|                                 | life expectancy<br>ales in reading    | , years<br>, maths and science                    | 8.8<br>n/a                              | 114 ∈<br>n/a             | J 🔷        |                  | Research talent, % in b                               |                               | ව 0.1                     |                   |
| 2.1.5 Pupil-tea                 | acher ratio, sed                      | condary   | ② 20.4                                  | 96                       |            |                  |   |                               |                           |                   |
| -                               | education                             |   | 12.9                                    |                          |            | 444              | Knowledge and   | technology outputs            | 14.6                      | 88                |
|                                 | enrolment, % g<br>tes in science a    | gross<br>and engineering, %                       | 13.1<br>n/a                             |                          |            | 6.1 I            | Knowledge creation                                    |                               | 5.3                       | 110               |
|                                 | inbound mobil                         |   | 7.6                                     | 34                       | • •        |                  | Patents by origin/bn Pl                               |                               | 0.2                       |                   |
|                                 | ch and develo                         |   | 4.5                                     | 79                       |            |                  | PCT patents by origin/<br>Utility models by origin    |                               | 0.0<br>0.0                |                   |
|                                 | chers, FTE/mn<br>xpenditure on l      |   | <ul><li>Ø 564.3</li><li>Ø 0.6</li></ul> | 65<br>60                 | •          | 6.1.4            | Scientific and technica                               | l articles/bn PPP\$ GDP       | 9.5                       |                   |
|                                 |                                       | investors, top 3, mn US\$                         | 0.0                                     | 41 (                     |            |                  | Citable documents H-i                                 | ndex                          | 6.8                       |                   |
| 2.3.4 QS univ                   | ersity ranking,                       | top 3*  | 0.0                                     | 74 (                     | ⊃ <b>◇</b> |                  | <b>Knowledge impact</b><br>Labor productivity gro     | wth %                         | <b>25.2</b><br>2.4        |                   |
| with the fire                   |                                       |   | 00.0                                    | 400                      |            | 6.2.2            | New businesses/th po                                  | p. 15–64                      | 0.5                       | 100               |
| <b>ජූ</b> <sup>‡</sup> Infras   | tructure                              |   | 28.8                                    | 108                      |            |                  | Software spending, %<br>ISO 9001 quality certifi      |                               | 0.2<br>1.4                |                   |
|                                 |                                       | unication technologies (IC)                       | •                                       |                          |            |                  | High-tech manufacturi                                 |                               | ۱. <del>4</del><br>16.6 ی |                   |
| 3.1.1 ICT acco<br>3.1.2 ICT use |                                       |   | 36.0<br>28.5                            | 114<br>105               |            | 6.3 I            | Knowledge diffusion                                   |                               | 13.4                      | 76                |
|                                 | ment's online s                       | ervice*   |   | 108                      |            |                  | Intellectual property re                              |                               | 0.1                       |                   |
| 3.1.4 E-partic                  | ipation*                              |   | 44.0                                    |                          |            |                  | Production and export<br>High-tech exports, % t       |                               | 29.4<br>0.1               |                   |
|                                 | I infrastructur<br>ty output, GW      |   | <b>25.1</b><br>306.6                    | 80<br>115                |            |                  | CT services exports,                                  |                               | 2.8                       |                   |
|                                 | s performance                         |   |   | 121 (                    | ⊃ <b>♦</b> |                  |   |                               |                           |                   |
|                                 | apital formation                      |   | 33.1                                    | 16                       |            | <b>&amp;</b> , ( | Creative outputs                                      |                               | 14.4                      | 109               |
| -                               | ical sustainab                        | -   | 21.8                                    | 88                       | _          | 7.1 I            | Intangible assets                                     |                               | 20.2                      | 100               |
|                                 | it of energy use<br>mental perform    |   | 12.4<br>30.7                            |                          | •          |                  | Trademarks by origin/b                                | · ·                           | 9.6                       |                   |
|                                 |                                       | al certificates/bn PPP\$ GDP                      |   | 106                      |            |                  | Global brand value, top<br>Industrial designs by o    |                               | 16.4<br>0.3               |                   |
|                                 |                                       |   |   |                          |            |                  | CTs and organizationa                                 | =                             | 58.1                      |                   |
| iii Marke                       | t sophistic                           | ation   | 37.7                                    | 107                      |            |                  | Creative goods and s                                  |                               | 8.9                       |                   |
| l.1 Credit                      |                                       |   | 35.7                                    | 84                       |            |                  | Cultural and creative sei<br>National feature films/r | rvices exports, % total trade | 1.0<br>0.2                |                   |
|                                 | getting credit*                       |   | 65.0                                    | 61                       |            |                  |   | dia market/th pop. 15-69      | n/a                       |                   |
|                                 | ic credit to priv<br>ance gross loa   | rate sector, % GDP                                | 29.3<br>1.6                             | 97<br>18 <b>€</b>        |            |                  | Printing and other med                                |                               | ② 0.8                     |                   |
| I.2 Investm                     | _                                     | , // (1)  | 17.8                                    | 121                      | -          |                  | Creative goods exports                                | s, % total trade              | 0.1                       |                   |
|                                 |                                       | ority investors*                                  | 44.0                                    | 98                       |            |                  | <b>Online creativity</b><br>Generic top-level doma    | ains (TLDs)/th pop. 15–69     | <b>8.4</b><br>1.0         | 1 <b>06</b><br>95 |
|                                 | capitalization,                       |   | n/a                                     |                          |            | 7.3.2            | Country-code TLDs/th                                  | pop. 15–69                    | 0.2                       | 112               |
|                                 |                                       | rs, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>nts, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP | 0.0<br>0.0                              | 64<br>62                 |            |                  | Wikipedia edits/mn po<br>Mobile app creation/br       |                               |                           | 109               |
|                                 |                                       | , and market scale                                | 59.6                                    | 97                       |            | 1.3.4 ľ          | wobiie app creation/bi                                | птерарғ                       | n/a                       | n/a               |
| I.3.1 Applied                   | tariff rate, weig                     | hted avg., %                                      | 9.1                                     | 111                      |            |                  |   |                               |                           |                   |
| 4.3.2 Domest                    | ic industry dive                      | ersification                                      | ② 84.8                                  | 67                       |            |                  |   |                               |                           |                   |

NOTES: • indicates a strength;  $\bigcirc$  a weakness; • an income group strength;  $\bigcirc$  an income group weakness; \* an index; † a survey question.  $\odot$  indicates that the economy's data are older than the base year; see appendices for details, including the year of the data, at http://globalinnovationindex.org. Square brackets [] indicate that the data minimum coverage (DMC) requirements were not met at the sub-pillar or pillar level.

58.1 98

② 84.8 67

4.3.2 Domestic industry diversification

Serbia GII 2021 rank

**54** 

| Output rank                     | Input rank                           | Income                      | Region             | Popula             | ation (mn) | GDP, PPP\$ (bn)                                       | GDP per capita, PPP\$                     | GII 20             | 20 rank             |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|------------|---|---|--------------------|---------------------|
| 57                              | 50                                   | Upper middle                | EUR                |                    | 8.7        | 130.7   | 18,840                                    | 5                  | 53                  |
|                                 |                                      |                             |                    |                    |            |   |   |                    |                     |
|                                 |                                      |                             | Score/<br>Value    | Rank               |            |   |   | Score/<br>Value    | Rank                |
| iii Institu                     | ıtions                               |                             | 69.3               | 50                 | <b>₽</b> E | Business sophist                                      | ication                                   | 25.5               | 63                  |
| 1.1 Politica                    | ıl environment                       |                             | 57.3               | 70                 | 5.1 k      | Cnowledge workers                                     |   | 28.7               | 77                  |
| 1.1.1 Political                 | and operations                       | al stability*               | 69.6               | 60                 | 5.1.1 k    | Knowledge-intensive e                                 |   | 28.0               | 53                  |
|                                 | ment effectiven                      |                             | 51.1               | 72                 |            | Firms offering formal tr<br>GERD performed by b       |   | 38.3<br>0.4        | 32<br>46            |
| 1.2 Regulat                     | tory environm                        | ent                         | <b>72.5</b> 46.5   | <b>41</b><br>64    |            | GERD financed by bus                                  |   | 9.1                | 78 O                |
| 1.2.2 Rule of                   | , , ,                                |                             | 43.6               | 68                 | 5.1.5 F    | emales employed w/a                                   | advanced degrees, %                       | 15.0               | 50                  |
| 1.2.3 Cost of                   | redundancy dis                       | smissal                     | 8.0                | 1 ● ◆              |            | nnovation linkages                                    | D   | 19.8               | 72                  |
|                                 | ss environmer                        |                             | 78.1               | 38                 |            | Jniversity-industry R&<br>State of cluster develo     |   | 38.5<br>38.6       | 85<br>107 ⊝         |
|                                 | starting a busir<br>resolving insolv |                             | 89.3<br>67.0       | 60<br>38           |            | GERD financed by abr                                  | •   | 0.2                | 24 ♦                |
| 1.0.2 2400 01                   | rocciving incom                      | ionoy                       | 07.0               | 00                 |            | •   | alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP               | 0.0                | 80                  |
| . Huma                          | n capital an                         | nd research                 | 32.3               | 62                 |            | Patent families/bn PPF                                |   | 0.1                | 58                  |
| <del></del>                     |                                      |                             |                    |                    |            | <b>Cnowledge absorption</b> ntellectual property pa   | on<br>ayments, % total trade              | <b>27.9</b><br>1.0 | <b>61</b><br>38     |
| 2.1 Educat<br>2.1.1 Expend      | <b>ion</b><br>iture on educat        | ion % GDP                   | <b>43.2</b> 3.6    | <b>83</b><br>81    |            | High-tech imports, %                                  |   | 7.2                | 75                  |
| •                               |                                      | ıpil, secondary, % GDP/ca   |                    | 88 🔾               |            | CT services imports,                                  |   | 2.4                | 21 ♦                |
|                                 | life expectancy                      |                             | 14.7               | 60                 |            | FDI net inflows, % GDI<br>Research talent, % in I     |   | 7.6<br>9.6         | 13 ● ♦              |
|                                 | •                                    | maths and science           | 442.5<br>7.9       | 44<br>9 <b>● ◆</b> |            | hesearch talent, 70 in i                              | Jusinesses                                | 9.0                | 04 (                |
| •                               | acher ratio, sec                     | oridary                     |                    |                    |            | Cnowledge and   | technology outputs                        | 29.1               | 43                  |
| -                               | / education<br>enrolment, % g        | aross                       | <b>43.1</b> 67.8   | <b>32</b><br>36    | <u> </u>   | thowicage and   | teermology outputs                        | 20.1               | -10                 |
|                                 |                                      | nd engineering, %           | 28.4               | 20                 |            | Cnowledge creation                                    |   | 23.4               | 42                  |
| 2.2.3 Tertiary                  | inbound mobili                       | ty, %                       | 4.6                | 50                 |            | Patents by origin/bn Pl<br>PCT patents by origin/     |   | 1.3<br>0.2         | 54<br>51            |
|                                 | ch and develo                        |                             | 10.6               | 56                 |            | Jtility models by origin                              |   | 0.6                | 35                  |
|                                 | chers, FTE/mn  <br>xpenditure on f   | •                           | 2,087.2<br>0.9     | 40 <b>◆</b> 41     |            |   | l articles/bn PPP\$ GDP                   | 41.0               | 17 ● ♦              |
|                                 |                                      | investors, top 3, mn US\$   | 0.9                | 41 0 0             | >          | Citable documents H-i                                 | ndex                                      | 14.9               | 54                  |
|                                 | ersity ranking,                      |                             | 0.0                | 74 ○ ◊             |            | Cnowledge impact                                      | wth 0/                                    | <b>34.8</b><br>0.7 | <b>45</b><br>53     |
|                                 |                                      |                             |                    |                    |            | _abor productivity gro<br>New businesses/th po        |   | 1.9                | 58                  |
| ∯ <sup>‡ Infras</sup>           | tructure                             |                             | 48.7               | 44 ◆               | 6.2.3      | Software spending, %                                  | GDP                                       | 0.0                | 104 🔾 🔾             |
| 3.1 Informa                     | tion and comm                        | unication technologies (IC  | Ts) 74.1           | 50                 |            | SO 9001 quality certif                                |   | 21.4<br>25.4       | 10 ● <b>♦</b><br>49 |
| 3.1.1 ICT acc                   |                                      |                             | 75.2               | 49 ♦               | •          | High-tech manufacturi                                 | ng, %                                     |                    |                     |
| 3.1.2 ICT use                   |                                      |                             | 59.8               | 62                 |            | <b>(nowledge diffusion</b><br>ntellectual property re | ceints % total trade                      | <b>29.1</b><br>0.2 | <b>39</b><br>41     |
| 3.1.3 Governi<br>3.1.4 E-partic | ment's online se                     | ervice*                     | 79.4<br>82.1       | 42<br>41           |            | Production and export                                 |   | 59.3               | 38                  |
| •                               | l infrastructur                      | Δ                           | 27.1               | 70                 |            | High-tech exports, %                                  |   | 1.8                | 64                  |
|                                 | ity output, GWh                      |                             | 5,252.4            | 41                 | 6.3.4      | CT services exports, 9                                | % total trade                             | 5.5                | 12 ● ◆              |
| 3.2.2 Logistic                  | s performance                        | *                           | 36.9               | 64                 | 01         | Overetive entende                                     |   | 01.4               | 70                  |
|                                 | apital formation                     |                             | 22.1               | 65                 | @} (       | Creative outputs                                      |   | 21.4               | 76                  |
|                                 | ical sustainab<br>it of energy use   |                             | <b>45.0</b><br>7.6 | <b>25</b> ♦ 96 ○   | 7.1        | ntangible assets                                      |   | 20.8               | 98 🔾                |
|                                 | mental perform                       |                             | 55.2               | 43 ♦               |            | Frademarks by origin/b<br>Global brand value, top     |   | 24.2               | 84<br>80 - ^        |
|                                 |                                      | al certificates/bn PPP\$ GD |                    | 3 ● ◆              |            | ndustrial designs by o                                |   | 0.0<br>1.0         | 80 ⊜ ♢<br>70        |
|                                 |                                      |                             |                    |                    |            | CTs and organizationa                                 | •   | 51.7               | 75                  |
| iii Marke                       | t sophistic                          | ation                       | 48.4               | 58                 | 7.2        | Creative goods and s                                  | ervices                                   | 20.2               | 51                  |
| 4.1 Credit                      |                                      |                             | 33.2               | 96                 |            |   | rvices exports, % total trade             | 1.8                | 10 ● ♦              |
|                                 | getting credit*                      |                             | 65.0               | 9 <b>6</b><br>61   |            | National feature films/r                              | nn pop. 15–69<br>dia market/th pop. 15–69 | 5.6<br>n/a         | 39<br>n/a           |
| 4.1.2 Domest                    | ic credit to priv                    | ate sector, % GDP           | 42.0               | 80                 |            | Printing and other med                                |   | 1.0                | 55                  |
| 4.1.3 Microfin                  | ance gross loa                       | ns, % GDP                   | 0.2                | 44                 |            | Creative goods export                                 |   | 0.6                | 59                  |
| 4.2 Investn                     |                                      |                             | 35.6               |                    |            | Online creativity                                     |   | 23.8               | 51                  |
|                                 | protecting mine<br>capitalization, 9 | ,                           | 70.0<br>② 3.7      | 36<br>74 ⊝         |            |   | ains (TLDs)/th pop. 15-69                 | 1.3                | 91                  |
|                                 |                                      | rs, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP      | 9 3.7<br>n/a       | n/a                |            | Country-code TLDs/th<br>Vikipedia edits/mn po         |   | 5.5<br>69.8        | 53<br>36 ◆          |
|                                 | •                                    | nts, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP     | n/a                | n/a                |            | Mobile app creation/bi                                | •   | 15.8               | 30 <b>▼</b><br>31   |
| 4.3 Trade,                      | diversification                      | , and market scale          | 76.4               | 41                 | •          |   | , -                                       |                    | -                   |
|                                 | tariff rate, weig                    | •                           | ② 1.4              | 17 <b>•</b>        |            |   |   |                    |                     |
|                                 | ic industry dive                     |                             | 96.9<br>130.7      | 17 <b>●</b><br>75  |            |   |   |                    |                     |
| 4.3.3 DOMEST                    | ic market scale                      | ;, DII                      | 130.7              | 15                 |            |   |   |                    |                     |

### 8

11.8 38

69.6

100.0

23 24.5

38

**Singapore** 

| 13  | Input rank  1   | High   | SEAO  | 5.  | .9  | 551.6  | 95,603  |   | 8   |
|---|---|--|---|---|---|--|---|---|---|
|   |   |  | Score/<br>Value   | Pank  |   |  |   | Score/<br>Value   | Pank  |
| 🟛 Institu   | tions   |  | 95.1  | 1 • ◆   | <b>2</b>  | Business sophist   | ication   | 62.7  | 3 •   |
| Political 1.1 Political 1.2 Governn 2 Regulat 2.1 Regulat 2.2 Rule of l 2.3 Cost of r 3 Busines 3.1 Ease of s | environment<br>and operational<br>ent effectivenes<br>ory environmer<br>ry quality*       | es*<br>nt<br>nissal  | 100.0<br>100.0<br>100.0<br>99.1<br>100.0<br>96.2<br>8.0<br>86.3<br>98.2<br>74.3 | 1 • • 1 • • 1 • • 8 1 • • 17 4 • • 25           | 5.1 F<br>5.1.1 F<br>5.1.2 F<br>5.1.3 C<br>5.1.4 C<br>5.1.5 F<br>5.2 I<br>5.2.1 U<br>5.2.2 S | Knowledge workers Knowledge-intensive e Firms offering formal tr GERD performed by b GERD financed by bus Females employed w/a nnovation linkages University-industry R& State of cluster develog GERD financed by abr   | employment, % raining, % usiness, % GDP iness, % advanced degrees, %  D collaboration <sup>†</sup> pment and depth <sup>†</sup> | <b>65.3</b><br>58.3<br>n/a  | 10<br>2 en/a<br>20<br>24<br>6<br>13<br>8<br>6<br>33 |
| J.Z Lase OII  | esolving insolve  | псу  | 74.5  | 23  | 5.2.4   |  | alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP   | 0.2<br>2.4  | 5<br>15   |
| 1.1 Education 1.1 Expendir 1.2 Governm 1.3 School li 1.4 PISA sca   | ure on educatio<br>ent funding/pup<br>fe expectancy, y                                    | n, % GDP<br>il, secondary, % GDP/ca<br>ears<br>naths and science       | 58.7  54.0  2.9  21.4  16.5  556.5  11.3  | 9<br>54 ○<br>102 ○ ◇<br>39<br>25<br>2 • ◆<br>42 | 5.3.1 I<br>5.3.2 I<br>5.3.3 I<br>5.3.4 F  | Knowledge absorption tellectual property particular property particular technimports, % to the technimports of the technical services imports, % GDI net inflows, % GDI Research talent, % in I  | ayments, % total trade<br>total trade<br>% total trade<br>>   | 70.7<br>2.8<br>22.2<br>2.4<br>27.1<br>51.5                        | 1 6<br>8<br>7<br>20<br>3 6<br>21                    |
| 2 Tertiary  | education<br>enrolment, % gro   | •  | <b>63.1</b> 88.9  | <b>2</b> • ◆ 10                                 |   | Knowledge and  | technology outputs  | 48.1  | 13  |
| 2.2 Graduate 2.3 Tertiary i  3 Researc 3.1 Researc 3.2 Gross ex 3.3 Global c                                  | es in science and<br>nbound mobility<br>th and developiners, FTE/mn po<br>penditure on R8 | d engineering, % , %  ment (R&D) pp. kD, % GDP vestors, top 3, mn US\$ | 33.5<br>② 19.2<br><b>59.1</b><br>② 6,821.1<br>② 1.8<br>50.0<br>68.1             | 10 ◆ 7 15 5 19 30 12                            | 6.1.1 F<br>6.1.2 F<br>6.1.3 U<br>6.1.4 S<br>6.1.5 G<br>6.2 F<br>6.2.1 L                     | Knowledge creation Patents by origin/bn Pl PCT patents by origin/ Jtility models by origin Scientific and technica Citable documents H-i Knowledge impact Labor productivity gro New businesses/th po  | bn PPP\$ GDP<br>//bn PPP\$ GDP<br>Il articles/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>ndex<br>wth, %  | 35.5<br>3.0<br>2.3<br>n/a<br>27.6<br>38.4<br>46.7<br>-0.3<br>10.0 | 28<br>26<br>16<br>n/a<br>33<br>22<br>11<br>73       |
| \$ <sup>‡</sup> Infrast   | ructure   |  | 57.8  | 15  | 6.2.3   | Software spending, %   | GDP   | 0.3   | 52  |
| 1.1 ICT acce<br>1.2 ICT use*<br>1.3 Governn<br>1.4 E-partici<br>2 General<br>2.1 Electricit                   | ss* nent's online servetion* infrastructure y output, GWh/r                               |  | 90.5<br>77.4<br>96.5<br>97.6<br><b>46.7</b><br>9,556.1                          | 7 7 28 ♦ 5 6 15                                 | 6.2.5 H<br>6.3 H<br>6.3.1 H<br>6.3.2 F<br>6.3.3 H   | SO 9001 quality certified by the control of the con | ng, % ceipts, % total trade complexity total trade  | 5.5<br>76.2<br><b>62.1</b><br>1.4<br>86.7<br>25.3<br>2.5          | 55<br>1<br>4<br>15<br>5<br>1<br>46                  |
| _   | performance* upital formation,  | % GDP  | 90.5<br>24.8  | 7<br>49 ()                                      | <b>%</b> ,  | Creative outputs   |   | 42.9  | 17  |
| 3.1 GDP/uni<br>3.2 Environn   | cal sustainabili<br>t of energy use<br>nental performar<br>1 environmental                |  | <b>36.3</b><br>14.4<br>58.1<br>P 1.8  | <b>42</b><br>27<br>38 ♦<br>49                   | 7.1.1 7<br>7.1.2 0<br>7.1.3 I   | ntangible assets<br>Frademarks by origin/b<br>Global brand value, top<br>ndustrial designs by o<br>CTs and organizationa   | o 5,000, % GDP<br>rigin/bn PPP\$ GDP  | <b>40.2</b><br>19.2<br>153.8<br>0.7<br>74.6                       | <b>40</b><br>92<br>9<br>79<br>14                    |
| Credit 1.1 Ease of o  | t sophisticat<br>getting credit*<br>c credit to privat<br>ance gross loans<br>ent         | e sector, % GDP  | 75.9<br>62.5<br>75.0<br>120.8<br>n/a<br>88.4                                    | 5 • 13 34 18 n/a 1 • •                          | 7.2 (7.2.1 (7.2.2 N<br>7.2.3 E<br>7.2.4 F   | Creative goods and s<br>Cultural and creative se<br>National feature films/r   | services<br>rvices exports, % total trade<br>nn pop. 15–69<br>dia market/th pop. 15–69<br>lia, % manufacturing                  | 39.0<br>3.5<br>2.8<br>38.8<br>0.5<br>3.5                          | 13<br>1<br>61<br>20<br>91<br>17                     |

NOTES: ● indicates a strength; ○ a weakness; ◆ an income group strength; ○ an income group weakness; \* an index; † a survey question. ② indicates that the economy's data are older than the base year; see appendices for details, including the year of the data, at http://globalinnovationindex.org. Square brackets [] indicate that the data minimum coverage (DMC) requirements were not met at the sub-pillar or pillar level.

3 • **♦** 4 •

39

3 ●

79 ○ ◊

86.0

0.7

0.3

76.6

0.4

551.6

② 80.1

200.6

7.3.3 Wikipedia edits/mn pop. 15-69

7.3.4 Mobile app creation/bn PPP\$ GDP

7.3.1 Generic top-level domains (TLDs)/th pop. 15–69
7.3.2 Country-code TLDs/th pop. 15–69

4.2.1 Ease of protecting minority investors\*

4.3.1 Applied tariff rate, weighted avg., %

4.3.2 Domestic industry diversification

4.3.3 Domestic market scale, bn PPP\$

4.2.3 Venture capital investors, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP

4.2.4 Venture capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP

4.3 Trade, diversification, and market scale

4.2.2 Market capitalization, % GDP

### **Slovakia**

Output rank Input rank

Income

Region

**37** 

GII 2020 rank

Population (mn) GDP, PPP\$ (bn) GDP per capita, PPP\$

| 35   | 42   | High   | EUR  | 5                                      | 5.5                              | 175.7   | 32,184  |   | 39                             |
|--|--|--|--|--|----------------------------------|---|---|---|--------------------------------|
|  |  |  | Score/<br>Value                                | Rank                                   |                                  |   |   | Score/<br>Value                           | Rank                           |
| ii Institu                                       | itions   |  | 72.8   | 39                                     | 2                                | Business sophist  | ication   | 32.5                                      | 43                             |
| 1.1.1 Political<br>1.1.2 Governr                 | I environment<br>and operational st<br>nent effectiveness<br>tory environment              | •  | <b>71.1</b><br>82.1<br>65.6<br><b>72.1</b>     | <b>39</b> 24 41 <b>44</b>              |                                  | Knowledge workers<br>Knowledge-intensive e<br>Firms offering formal to<br>GERD performed by b                                     | raining, %  | <b>43.6</b><br>34.2<br>43.3<br>0.5        | <b>38</b><br>41<br>25<br>40    |
| 1.2.1 Regulate<br>1.2.2 Rule of I                | ory quality*   | esal   | 69.8<br>61.4<br>18.8                           | 34<br>40<br>78                         |                                  | GERD financed by bus<br>Females employed w/a<br>Innovation linkages   |   | 46.8<br>15.3<br><b>23.2</b>               | 32<br>47<br><b>54</b>          |
| 1.3 Busines<br>1.3.1 Ease of                     | ss environment<br>starting a business<br>resolving insolvend                               | <b>*</b>                                       | <b>75.1</b> 84.8 65.5                          | <b>51</b><br>91 ○ ♦<br>42              | 5.2.1<br>5.2.2<br>5.2.3<br>5.2.4 | University-industry R&<br>State of cluster develor<br>GERD financed by abrudoint venture/strategical                              | pment and depth <sup>†</sup><br>oad, % GDP<br>alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP | 37.7<br>46.2<br>0.1<br>n/a                | 90 O 68<br>41<br>n/a           |
| # Huma   | n capital and ı  | esearch  | 32.8   | 58 ◊                                   | 5.2.5<br><b>5.3</b>              | Patent families/bn PPF<br>Knowledge absorption  |   | 0.2<br><b>30.7</b>                        | 42<br><b>55</b>                |
| 2.1.2 Governn<br>2.1.3 School I<br>2.1.4 PISA sc | iture on education,  | secondary, % GDP/cap<br>ars<br>ths and science | 49.5<br>3.9<br>20.7<br>14.5<br>469.4<br>② 11.2 | 67<br>70<br>45<br>63<br>38<br>41       | 5.3.1<br>5.3.2<br>5.3.3<br>5.3.4 | Intellectual property pa<br>High-tech imports, %<br>ICT services imports, \$<br>FDI net inflows, % GDI<br>Research talent, % in I | ayments, % total trade<br>total trade<br>% total trade<br>>               | 0.8<br>12.1<br>1.1<br>2.9<br>24.8         | 59<br>19 ●<br>69<br>53<br>50   |
| 2.2 Tertiary                                     | education  | ·  | 31.5   | 69 💠                                   |                                  | Knowledge and   | technology outputs  | 34.3                                      | 30                             |
| 2.2.2 Graduat<br>2.2.3 Tertiary                  | enrolment, % gros<br>les in science and<br>inbound mobility, on<br>the and developm        | engineering, %<br>%                            | 45.4<br>22.1<br>8.0<br><b>17.5</b>             | 67 ♦ 59 31 <b>46</b>                   | 6.1.2                            | Knowledge creation<br>Patents by origin/bn P<br>PCT patents by origin/  | bn PPP\$ GDP  | <b>24.2</b> 1.3 0.3                       | <b>39</b><br>55<br>41          |
| 2.3.1 Researd<br>2.3.2 Gross e                   | hers, FTE/mn pop<br>xpenditure on R&D  |  | 3,111.0<br>0.8<br>0.0                          | 31<br>46<br>41 $\bigcirc$ $\Diamond$   | 6.1.4<br>6.1.5                   | Citable documents H-i   | ll articles/bn PPP\$ GDP  | 1.5<br>25.8<br>17.4                       | 15 •<br>37<br>47               |
| 2.3.4 QS univ                                    | ersity ranking, top  | 3*   | 50.5   | 57<br><b>39</b>                        | 6.2.2<br>6.2.3                   | Knowledge impact<br>Labor productivity grov<br>New businesses/th po<br>Software spending, %                                       | p. 15–64<br>GDP   | <b>49.7</b><br>-0.1<br>5.3<br>0.3         | 8 ●<br>68<br>30<br>41          |
| 3.1.1 ICT acco                                   | ess*   | cation technologies (IC                        | 73.3   | <b>54</b> ♦ 52 ♦                       |                                  | ISO 9001 quality certif<br>High-tech manufacturi<br>Knowledge diffusion   | ng, %   | 21.0<br>60.1<br><b>29.0</b>               | 11 ●<br>4 ●<br><b>40</b>       |
| 3.1.4 E-partic <b>3.2 Genera</b>                 | nent's online servi  |  | 77.1<br>71.8<br>70.2<br><b>26.9</b><br>4,899.4 | 30<br>63<br>70 ♦<br><b>72</b> ♦        | 6.3.1<br>6.3.2<br>6.3.3          | Intellectual property re<br>Production and export<br>High-tech exports, % I<br>ICT services exports, 9                            | ceipts, % total trade<br>complexity<br>total trade                        | 0.0<br>76.5<br>8.1<br>1.7                 | 75<br>15 •<br>22 •<br>63       |
| 3.2.2 Logistic                                   | s performance*<br>apital formation, %  |  | 45.5<br>19.6                                   | 52<br>91 ()                            | <b>&amp;</b> ,'                  | Creative outputs  |   | 33.0                                      | 43                             |
| 3.3.1 GDP/un<br>3.3.2 Environ                    | cal sustainability<br>it of energy use<br>mental performand<br>on environmental ce         |  | <b>51.4</b><br>11.0<br>68.3<br>9.3             | <b>12 ●</b> 59 26 ● 9 ● ◆              | 7.1.2<br>7.1.3                   | Intangible assets Trademarks by origin/t Global brand value, to Industrial designs by o ICTs and organizationa                    | o 5,000, % GDP<br>rigin/bn PPP\$ GDP                                      | <b>32.7</b><br>54.2<br>1.7<br>1.9<br>65.0 | <b>57</b> 39 77 ○ 49 28        |
| <b>iii</b> Marke                                 | t sophistication   | on   | 44.9   | 73                                     | 7.2                              | Creative goods and s  |   | 38.9                                      | <b>14 ●</b>                    |
| 1.1.2 Domest                                     | getting credit*<br>ic credit to private<br>ance gross loans,                               |  | <b>47.4</b><br>70.0<br>62.9<br>n/a             | <b>41</b><br>44<br>54<br>n/a           | 7.2.2<br>7.2.3<br>7.2.4          | National feature films/r  | dia market/th pop. 15–69<br>lia, % manufacturing                          | 0.3<br>6.6<br>n/a<br>0.6<br>6.8           | 60<br>35<br>n/a<br>81 ○<br>9 • |
| 4.2.2 Market of 4.2.3 Venture                    | protecting minority<br>capitalization, % G<br>capital investors, o                         |  | <b>15.2</b> 56.0                               | <b>129</b> ○ ♦ 82 ○ 71 ○ ♦ 69 ○ ♦ 88 ○ | <b>7.3</b> 7.3.1 7.3.2 7.3.3     | Online creativity   | ains (TLDs)/th pop. 15–69<br>pop. 15–69<br>p. 15–69                       | 27.7<br>3.0<br>31.4<br>63.2<br>11.5       | <b>39</b> 64 22 ● 47 45        |
| 4.3.1 Applied<br>4.3.2 Domest                    | diversification, an<br>tariff rate, weighte<br>ic industry diversif<br>ic market scale, br | d avg., %<br>cation                            | <b>72.0</b><br>1.8<br>84.2<br>175.6            | <b>55</b> 25 69 68                     |                                  |   |   |   |                                |

#### **Slovenia**

32

| Output rank             | Input rank                                    | Income F                            | Region          | Popula           | ation (mn | GDP, PPP\$ (bn)                                    | GDP per capita, PPP\$                     | GII 20          | 20 ran            |
|-------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|-----------------|------------------|-----------|--|---|-----------------|-------------------|
| 36                      | 27  | High                                | EUR             | 2                | 2.1       | 79.7   | 38,506                                    | 3               | 32                |
|                         |   |                                     | Score/<br>Value | Rank             |           |  |   | Score/<br>Value | Rank              |
| nstitu                  | utions  |                                     | 82.9            | 20               | <b>2</b>  | Business sophist                                   | tication                                  | 42.8            | 27                |
| I.1 Politica            | al environment                                |                                     | 76.0            | 31               | 5.1       | Knowledge workers                                  |   | 59.2            | 18                |
| .1.1 Politica           | l and operational s                           | ,                                   | 78.6            | 34               | 5.1.1     | Knowledge-intensive                                |   | 43.2            | 22                |
| i.1.2 Govern            | ment effectivenes                             | s*                                  | 74.7            | 28               |           | Firms offering formal to                           | •   | 44.0            | 23                |
| _                       | tory environmen                               | ıt                                  | 83.9            | 23               |           | GERD performed by b<br>GERD financed by bus        |   | 1.5<br>62.6     | 14<br>11 <b>•</b> |
| I.2.1 Regulat           | tory quality*<br>law*                         |                                     | 69.9<br>76.2    | 33<br>25         |           | Females employed w/a                               |   | 21.8            | 26                |
|                         | redundancy dism                               | issal                               | 10.7            | 34               |           | Innovation linkages                                |   | 32.6            | 30                |
|                         | ss environment                                |                                     | 88.7            | 7 • ♦            |           | University-industry R&                             |   | 49.6            | 40<br>74 (        |
|                         | starting a busines                            |                                     | 93.0            | 39<br>8 <b>●</b> |           | State of cluster develo<br>GERD financed by abr    |   | 45.4<br>0.3     | 12                |
| .s.z Ease or            | resolving insolver                            | icy                                 | 84.4            | <b>○</b> •       |           |  | alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP               | 0.0             | 49                |
| • Huma                  | n capital and                                 | research                            | 48.3            | 28               | 5.2.5     | Patent families/bn PPF                             | P\$ GDP                                   | 1.7             | 23                |
| 7 Thuma                 | in-capital allu                               | Toocaron                            |                 |                  |           | Knowledge absorption                               |   | 36.6            | 37                |
| .1 Educat               |   | - 0/ ODD                            | 59.6            | 31               |           | Intellectual property pa<br>High-tech imports, %   | ayments, % total trade total trade        | 0.6<br>6.6      | 63<br>86 (        |
|                         | liture on education                           | n, % GDP<br>I, secondary, % GDP/cap | 4.8<br>22.8     | 48<br>29         |           | ICT services imports, 9                            |   | 1.5             | 50                |
|                         | life expectancy, ye                           |                                     | 17.6            | 15               | 5.3.4     | FDI net inflows, % GDI                             | P   | 2.8             | 56                |
|                         | ales in reading, m                            |                                     | 503.7           | 11               | 5.3.5     | Research talent, % in I                            | businesses                                | 60.7            | 11 (              |
| •                       | eacher ratio, secor                           | ndary                               | ② 15.1          | 72 ♦             | 200       | V  |   | 00.0            | 00                |
|                         | y education                                   |                                     | 44.3            | 23               |           | Knowledge and                                      | technology outputs                        | 33.0            | 32                |
|                         | enrolment, % gro<br>tes in science and        |                                     | 77.1<br>27.2    | 24<br>27         | 6.1       | Knowledge creation                                 |   | 33.9            | 29                |
|                         | inbound mobility,                             | 0 0,                                | 4.5             | 53               |           | Patents by origin/bn P                             |   |                 | 21                |
| .3 Resear               | ch and developn                               | nent (R&D)                          | 41.1            | 25               |           | PCT patents by origin/<br>Utility models by origin |   | 0.2             | 28<br>50 (        |
|                         | chers, FTE/mn po                              | •                                   | 5,052.3         | 17               |           |  | al articles/bn PPP\$ GDP                  | 56.1            | 4 (               |
|                         | expenditure on R&                             | vestors, top 3, mn US\$             | 2.0<br>51.9     | 17<br>27         | 6.1.5     | Citable documents H-                               | index                                     | 19.2            | 43                |
|                         | ersity ranking, top                           |                                     | 11.3            | 63               |           | Knowledge impact                                   |   | 38.5            | 28                |
|                         |   |                                     |                 |                  |           | Labor productivity gro<br>New businesses/th po     |   | -0.9<br>3.1     | 81 (<br>45        |
| ద్ద <sup>ధ</sup> Infras | tructure                                      |                                     | 53.9            | 27               |           | Software spending, %                               | •   | 0.1             | 89                |
| .1 Informa              | ation and commun                              | ication technologies (ICT           | īs) 82.1        | 25               |           | ISO 9001 quality certif                            |   | 21.0            | 12 (              |
| .1.1 ICT acc            |   | iloation teenhologies (10 i         | 84.8            | 20               |           | High-tech manufacturi                              | •   | 41.2            | 23                |
| .1.2 ICT use            |   |                                     | 72.5            | 40               |           | Knowledge diffusion<br>Intellectual property re    |   | <b>26.5</b> 0.2 | <b>43</b>         |
|                         | ment's online serv                            | vice*                               | 85.3<br>85.7    | 24<br>29         |           | Production and export                              |   | 81.3            | 10                |
| •                       | il infrastructure                             |                                     | 34.6            | 29<br><b>41</b>  | 6.3.3     | High-tech exports, %                               | total trade                               | 5.4             | 33                |
|                         | ity output, GWh/m                             | nn pop.                             | 7,605.7         | 27               | 6.3.4     | ICT services exports,                              | % total trade                             | 1.7             | 66                |
|                         | s performance*                                | r · r                               | 58.9            | 34               | Q I       | 0 "  |   | 040             |                   |
| .2.3 Gross o            | capital formation,                            | % GDP                               | 21.9            | 70               | <b>6</b>  | Creative outputs                                   |   | 34.3            | 38                |
|                         | ical sustainabilit                            | У                                   | 45.1            | <b>24</b>        | 7.1       | Intangible assets                                  |   | 36.3            | 48                |
|                         | nit of energy use<br>mental performan         | nce*                                | 11.1<br>72.0    | 57<br>18         |           | Trademarks by origin/b                             |   | 68.4            | 26                |
|                         |   | certificates/bn PPP\$ GDP           | 5.6             | 18               |           | Global brand value, top<br>Industrial designs by o |   | 6.7<br>2.7      | 66 (<br>39        |
|                         |   |                                     |                 |                  |           | ICTs and organizationa                             |   | 61.9            | 38                |
| 🌃 Marke                 | et sophisticat                                | ion                                 | 45.1            | 71               | 7.2       | Creative goods and s                               | services                                  | 23.6            | 42                |
| .1 Credit               |   |                                     | 30.5            | 102 ○ ◊          |           |  | rvices exports, % total trade             | 0.9             | 34                |
|                         | getting credit*                               |                                     | 45.0            | 102 0 0          |           | National feature films/r<br>Entertainment and me   | mn pop. 15–69<br>dia market/th pop. 15–69 | 14.1<br>n/a     | 9 <b>€</b><br>n/a |
| .1.2 Domes              | tic credit to private                         |                                     | 42.5            | 79 ○ ◊           |           | Printing and other med                             |   | 1.5             | 28                |
|                         | nance gross loans                             | , % GDP                             | n/a             | n/a              |           | Creative goods export                              |   | 8.0             | 49                |
| .2 Investr              |   | tu invoctoro*                       | 30.5            | 67               |           | Online creativity                                  |   | 41.1            | 29                |
|                         | protecting minoricapitalization, %            |                                     | 78.0<br>13.7    | 18<br>65 ⊝       |           |  | ains (TLDs)/th pop. 15–69                 | 20.9            | 28                |
|                         | •   | deals/bn PPP\$ GDP                  | n/a             | n/a              |           | Country-code TLDs/th Wikipedia edits/mn po         |   | 28.5<br>74.9    | 24<br>23          |
| .2.4 Venture            | capital recipients                            | , deals/bn PPP\$ GDP                | 0.0             | 49               |           | Mobile app creation/b                              | •   | 36.7            | 12                |
| -                       | diversification, a                            |                                     | 74.4            | 47               |           |  |   |                 |                   |
|                         | l tariff rate, weight<br>tic industry diversi |                                     | 1.8<br>98.2     | 25<br>10 •       |           |  |   |                 |                   |

NOTES: • indicates a strength;  $\bigcirc$  a weakness; • an income group strength;  $\bigcirc$  an income group weakness; \* an index; † a survey question. ② indicates that the economy's data are older than the base year; see appendices for details, including the year of the data, at http://globalinnovationindex.org. Square brackets [] indicate that the data minimum coverage (DMC) requirements were not met at the sub-pillar or pillar level.

98.2

10 ●

79.7 88 🔾

4.3.2 Domestic industry diversification

### **South Africa**

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| Output rai                 | trank Input rank Income                      | Region                                 | Popula              | ition (mn)           | GDP, PPP\$ (bn) | GDP per capita, PPP\$                             | GII 20                                      | 20 rank             |                     |
|----------------------------|--|--|---------------------|----------------------|-----------------|---|---|---------------------|---------------------|
| 68                         | 55   | Upper middle                           | SSF                 | 5                    | 9.3             | 710.8   | 11,911                                      | (                   | 60                  |
|                            |  |  | Score/<br>Value     | Rank                 |                 |   |   | Score/<br>Value     | Rank                |
| 🟦 Inst                     | tutions                                      |  | 66.8                | 55                   | <b>2</b> E      | Business sophist                                  | tication                                    | 29.3                | 51                  |
|                            | cal environment                              |  | 60.6                | 57                   |                 | Knowledge workers                                 |   | 32.2                | 64                  |
|                            | al and operational<br>Inment effectiven      | •                                      | 64.3<br>58.8        | 80<br>51             |                 | Knowledge-intensive e<br>Firms offering formal to |   | 24.5<br>n/a         | 61<br>n/a           |
|                            | latory environm                              |  | 71.8                | 46                   |                 | GERD performed by b                               | •   |                     | 47                  |
| 1.2.1 Regu                 | atory quality*                               |  | 47.6                | 61                   |                 | GERD financed by bus                              |   |                     | 41<br>65            |
| 1.2.2 Rule                 | of law*<br>of redundancy dis                 | emiceal                                | 44.7<br>9.3         | 66<br>25 ●           |                 | remales employed w/s                              | advanced degrees, %                         | 11.1<br><b>23.4</b> | 65<br><b>53</b>     |
|                            | ess environmer                               |  | 67.9                | 75                   |                 | Jniversity-industry R&                            | D collaboration†                            | 52.5                | 36                  |
|                            | of starting a busir                          |  | 81.2                | 107 🔾                |                 | State of cluster develo                           |   | 49.1                | 52                  |
| 1.3.2 Ease                 | of resolving insolv                          | vency*                                 | 54.6                | 63                   |                 | GERD financed by abr<br>loint venture/strategic   | oad, % GDP @<br>alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP | 0.1                 | 43<br>36 <b>∢</b>   |
| - O 11                     |  |  |                     |                      |                 | Patent families/bn PPF                            |   | 0.2                 | 41                  |
| Hun                        | an capital an                                | id research                            | 31.4                | 67                   |                 | Cnowledge absorption                              |   | 32.3                | 51                  |
|                            | ation  |  | 51.9                | 62                   |                 | ntellectual property pa<br>High-tech imports, %   | ayments, % total trade                      | 1.8<br>10.1         | 15 ● <b>∢</b><br>32 |
|                            | nditure on educat                            | ion, % GDP<br>.pil, secondary, % GDP/c | 6.5<br>ap 22.9      | 8 <b>● ◆</b><br>26   |                 | CT services imports, %                            |   | 1.2                 | 65                  |
|                            | ol life expectancy                           |  | ap 22.9<br>13.5     | 76                   | 5.3.4 F         | FDI net inflows, % GDI                            | P   | 1.1                 | 105 🔾               |
|                            |  | maths and science                      | n/a                 | n/a                  | 5.3.5 F         | Research talent, % in l                           | businesses                                  | 18.6                | 56                  |
| •                          | teacher ratio, sec                           | condary                                | ② 28.6              | 115 🔾 💠              | 1000            | (nowledge and                                     | technology outputs                          | 21.9                | 61                  |
|                            | ry education<br>ry enrolment, % o            | arnes                                  | <b>18.6</b> 23.8    | <b>98</b> ○ ♦ 94 ♦   |                 | Mowiedge and                                      | technology outputs                          | 21.9                | 01                  |
|                            |  | and engineering, %                     | 18.3                | 84 🔾                 |                 | Knowledge creation                                |   | 20.5                | 52                  |
| 2.2.3 Tertia               | ry inbound mobili                            | ity, %                                 | 3.6                 | 60                   |                 | Patents by origin/bn P<br>PCT patents by origin/  |   | 0.7<br>0.4          | 71<br>38            |
|                            | arch and develo                              |  | 23.7                | 43                   |                 | Jtility models by origin                          |   | n/a                 | n/a                 |
|                            | archers, FTE/mn  <br>expenditure on f        | •                                      | ② 517.7<br>② 0.8    | 66<br>44             |                 |   | al articles/bn PPP\$ GDP                    | 21.6                | 40                  |
|                            |  | investors, top 3, mn US\$              |                     | 38 ♦                 |                 | Citable documents H-                              | index                                       | 30.1                | 32 ● •              |
| 2.3.4 QS u                 | niversity ranking,                           | top 3*                                 | 31.4                | 39                   |                 | <b>Cnowledge impact</b><br>∟abor productivity gro | wth. %                                      | <b>32.7</b> 0.3     | <b>55</b><br>60     |
|                            |  |  |                     |                      |                 | New businesses/th po                              |   |                     | 13 ● ∢              |
| <b>A</b> ™ Intra           | structure                                    |  | 36.3                | 83                   |                 | Software spending, %                              |   | 0.4<br>4.6          | 24 ● •<br>58        |
|                            |  | unication technologies (I              | •                   | 74                   |                 | SO 9001 quality certif<br>High-tech manufacturi   |   | 20.5                | 62                  |
| 3.1.1 ICT a<br>3.1.2 ICT u | ccess*                                       |  | 51.5<br>53.2        | 89<br>75             |                 | Cnowledge diffusion                               | •   | 12.5                | 81                  |
|                            | nment's online s                             | ervice*                                | 74.7                | 55                   |                 | ntellectual property re                           |   | 0.1                 | 55                  |
| 3.1.4 E-pa                 | ticipation*                                  |  | 75.0                | 57                   |                 | Production and export<br>High-tech exports, %     |   | 43.3<br>2.2         | 63<br>54            |
|                            | ral infrastructur                            |  | 25.0                | 82                   |                 | CT services exports, 9                            |   | 0.6                 | 98 🔾                |
|                            | icity output, GWh<br>tics performance        |  | 4,227.6<br>61.7     | 53<br>32 ◆           |                 |   |   |                     |                     |
|                            | capital formation                            |  | 13.2                | 119 0 ♦              | €, (            | Creative outputs                                  |   | 20.6                | 79                  |
|                            | gical sustainab                              | •                                      | 20.4                | 97 💠                 | 7.1 I           | ntangible assets                                  |   | 32.2                | 60                  |
|                            | unit of energy use<br>onmental perform       |  | 5.6<br>43.1         | 112 ○ ♦<br>82        | 7.1.1           | rademarks by origin/b                             |   | 28.3                | 77                  |
|                            |  | al certificates/bn PPP\$ G[            |                     | 61                   |                 | Global brand value, top<br>ndustrial designs by o |   | 88.3<br>1.3         | 23 ● <b>←</b><br>62 |
|                            |  | ·                                      |                     |                      |                 | CTs and organization                              | •   | 58.7                | 48                  |
| Mar Mar                    | ket sophistica                               | ation                                  | 57.0                | 23 ● ◆               |                 | Creative goods and s                              |   | 6.5                 | 97                  |
| 4.1 Cred                   |  |  | 47.2                | 40                   |                 |   | rvices exports, % total trade               | 0.2                 | 71                  |
|                            | of getting credit*                           |  | <b>47.3</b> 60.0    | <b>42</b><br>74      |                 | National feature films/r<br>Entertainment and me  | mn pop. 15–69<br>dia market/th pop. 15–69   | 0.6<br>7.5          | 96 ⊜<br>43          |
| 4.1.2 Dom                  | stic credit to priv                          | ate sector, % GDP                      | 139.5               | 11 ● ♦               |                 | Printing and other med                            |   | n/a                 | n/a                 |
|                            | finance gross loa<br>                        | ns, % GDP                              | 0.0                 | 69 🔾                 | 7.2.5           | Creative goods export                             | s, % total trade                            | 8.0                 | 55                  |
|                            | tment<br>of protecting mine                  | ority investors*                       | <b>51.0</b><br>80.0 | <b>18 • ♦</b> 13 • ♦ |                 | Online creativity                                 | (TID) (1)                                   | 11.3                | 88                  |
|                            | et capitalization, 9                         |  | 295.9               | 1 • •                |                 | Generic top-level dom<br>Country-code TLDs/th     | ains (TLDs)/th pop. 15–69                   | 3.0<br>9.7          | 65<br>41            |
|                            | •  | rs, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP                 | 0.1                 | 37                   |                 | Vikipedia edits/mn po                             |   | 34.2                | 94                  |
|                            |  | nts, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP                |                     | 44                   | 7.3.4 N         | Mobile app creation/b                             | n PPP\$ GDP                                 | 0.6                 | 78 🔾                |
|                            | e, diversification<br>and tariff rate, weigh | , and market scale                     | <b>72.7</b><br>5.4  | <b>52</b><br>92      |                 |   |   |                     |                     |
|                            | ed tariii rate, welg<br>estic industry dive  |  | ② 81.7              | 92<br>73             |                 |   |   |                     |                     |
|                            | stic market scale                            |  | 710.8               | 32 ●                 |                 |   |   |                     |                     |

# **Spain**

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| 1.1<br>1.1.1<br>1.1.2<br>1.2.1<br>1.2.2<br>1.2.3<br>1.3.1<br>1.3.1<br>1.3.2      | ut rank   | Input rank   | Income F  | Region                                    | Popul                 | ation (mn)                 | GDP, PPP\$ (bn)   | GDP per capita, PPP\$                               | GII 20                              | 20 ran                |
|--|---|--|---|---|-----------------------|----------------------------|---|---|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| 1.1<br>1.1.1<br>1.1.2<br>1.2<br>1.2.1<br>1.2.2<br>1.2.3<br>1.3<br>1.3.1<br>1.3.2 | 29  | 28   | High  | EUR                                       | •                     | 46.8                       | 1,773.4   | 38,143  | 3                                   | 30                    |
| 1.1<br>1.1.1<br>1.1.2<br>1.2<br>1.2.1<br>1.2.2<br>1.2.3<br>1.3<br>1.3.1<br>1.3.2 |   |  |   | Score/<br>Value                           | Dank                  |                            |   |   | Score/<br>Value                     | Dank                  |
| 1.1<br>1.1.1<br>1.1.2<br>1.2.1<br>1.2.2<br>1.2.3<br>1.3.1<br>1.3.1               | Institu   | tions  |   | 77.5                                      | 31                    | <b>2</b>                   | Business sophist  | ication   | 35.5                                | 35                    |
| 1.1.1<br>1.1.2<br>1.2<br>1.2.1<br>1.2.2<br>1.2.3<br>1.3.1<br>1.3.1<br>1.3.2      |   | l environment  |   | 73.0                                      | 37                    |                            | Knowledge workers   |   | 47.3                                | 29                    |
| 1.2<br>1.2.1<br>1.2.2<br>1.2.3<br>1.3<br>1.3.1<br>1.3.2                          | Political   | and operational s  | •   | 73.2                                      | 44                    | 5.1.1 I                    | Knowledge-intensive e   |   | 33.8                                | 42                    |
| 1.2.1<br>1.2.2<br>1.2.3<br>1.3<br>1.3.1<br>1.3.2                                 | Governn   | nent effectivenes  | s*  | 72.8                                      | 32                    |                            | Firms offering formal tr<br>GERD performed by b                                     | 0,  | n/a                                 | n/a<br>32             |
| 1.2.2<br>1.2.3<br>1.3<br>1.3.1<br>1.3.2  |   | cory environment<br>ory quality*   | t   | <b>76.6</b><br>71.0                       | <b>35</b><br>30       |                            | GERD financed by bus  |   | 0.7<br>49.5                         | 28                    |
| 1.3<br>1.3.1<br>1.3.2<br>2.1   | Rule of la  | , , ,  |   | 71.0                                      | 31                    |                            | Females employed w/a  |   | 23.1                                | 20                    |
| 1.3.1<br>1.3.2<br>2.1  | Cost of r   | redundancy dismi   | ssal  | 17.4                                      | 73 🔾                  |                            | Innovation linkages   | <b>.</b>  | 25.0                                | 47                    |
| 1.3.2  |   | s environment  |   | 83.1                                      | 25                    |                            | University-industry R&<br>State of cluster develo                                   |   | 41.8<br>57.8                        | 70 O                  |
| 2.1  |   | starting a busines<br>resolving insolven   |   | 86.9<br>79.2                              | 75 ○ <b>○</b> 17 ●    | /                          | GERD financed by abr  | •   | 0.1                                 | 39                    |
|  | Lusc of i   | CSOIVING INSOIVE   | Су  | 75.2                                      | ., •                  |                            | •   | alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP                         | 0.0                                 | 53                    |
|  | Humai   | n capital and  | research  | 47.4                                      | 30                    |                            | Patent families/bn PPF  |   | 0.6                                 | 32                    |
|  |   | •  |   |   |                       |                            | <b>Knowledge absorptio</b><br>Intellectual property pa                              | on<br>ayments, % total trade                        | <b>34.3</b><br>1.3                  | <b>45</b><br>28       |
| 2.1.1  | <b>Educati</b><br>Expendi   | <b>on</b><br>ture on education   | . % GDP   | <b>56.0</b> 4.2                           | <b>46</b><br>61 ⊜     | 5.3.2 I                    | High-tech imports, %  | total trade   | 6.7                                 | 82 🔾                  |
|  |   |  | , secondary, % GDP/cap  | 19.1                                      | 55 🔾                  |                            | ICT services imports, 9   |   | 1.7                                 | 42                    |
|  |   | ife expectancy, ye   |   | 17.8                                      | 13 ●                  |                            | FDI net inflows, % GDI<br>Research talent, % in I                                   |   | 2.5<br>38.1                         | 70<br>35              |
|  |   | ales in reading, macher ratio, secon   |   | 482.3<br>② 11.5                           | 29<br>44              | 0.0.0                      | rieseareri talerit, 70 irri   | 343111033C3   | 00.1                                | 00                    |
|  | •   | education  | aar y   | 42.1                                      | 36                    | مهمو                       | Knowledge and   | technology outputs                                  | 36.2                                | 26                    |
|  | -   | enrolment, % gro   | ss  | 91.1                                      | 7 ●                   | 04                         | Vll   |   | 00.4                                | 05                    |
|  |   | es in science and  | 0 0,  | 22.3                                      | 57                    |                            | <b>Knowledge creation</b><br>Patents by origin/bn Pl                                | PP\$ GDP  | <b>38.1</b><br>1.6                  | <b>25</b><br>45       |
|  | -   | inbound mobility,  |   | 3.5                                       | 61 🔾                  |                            | PCT patents by origin/  |   | 0.8                                 | 29                    |
|  |   | ch and developm<br>hers, FTE/mn por  |   | <b>44.1</b> 3,080.5                       | <b>23</b><br>32       |                            | Utility models by origin  |   | 1.3                                 | 17                    |
|  |   | kpenditure on R&I  |   | 1.2                                       | 31                    |                            | Scientific and technica<br>Citable documents H-i                                    | ll articles/bn PPP\$ GDP                            | 37.7<br>60.0                        | 22<br>11 •            |
|  |   | •  | estors, top 3, mn US\$  | 71.5                                      | 14 ●                  |                            | Knowledge impact  | naox  | 42.6                                | 20                    |
| 2.3.4  | QS unive  | ersity ranking, top  | 3*  | 43.4                                      | 26                    |                            | Labor productivity gro  | wth, %  | -2.4                                | 107 🔾                 |
| <u>μ</u> ά:  | Infract   | tructure   |   | 50.0                                      | 13 ●                  |                            | New businesses/th po  | •   | 3.1                                 | 46                    |
| ₩'   | IIIII asi   | ructure  |   | 58.2                                      | 15 0                  |                            | Software spending, % ISO 9001 quality certifi                                       |   | 0.6<br>15.4                         | 4 <b>●</b><br>18      |
|  |   |  | cation technologies (ICT  | •   | 19                    |                            | High-tech manufacturi   |   | 35.3                                | 34                    |
|  | ICT acce  |  |   | 85.7<br>82.1                              | 19<br>17 ●            | 6.3 I                      | Knowledge diffusion   |   | 28.0                                | 42                    |
|  |   | nent's online serv   | ice*  | 88.8                                      | 17                    |                            | Intellectual property re  |   | 0.6                                 | 26                    |
| 3.1.4  | E-partici   | ipation*   |   | 84.5                                      | 36                    |                            | Production and export<br>High-tech exports, % t                                     |   | 63.0<br>3.8                         | 32<br>43              |
|  |   | infrastructure   |   | 37.6                                      | 34                    |                            | ICT services exports, 9   |   | 3.2                                 | 31                    |
|  |   | ty output, GWh/m<br>s performance*   | in pop.   | 5,820.4<br>82.8                           | 37<br>17              |                            |   |   |                                     |                       |
|  |   | apital formation, 9  | 6 GDP   | 20.3                                      | 87 🔾                  | €,′                        | Creative outputs  |   | 36.2                                | 32                    |
|  |   | cal sustainabilit  | <b>/</b>  | 51.7                                      | 10 ●                  | 7.1 I                      | Intangible assets   |   | 44.6                                | 30                    |
|  |   | t of energy use  | *   | 14.7                                      | 24                    |                            | Trademarks by origin/b  | on PPP\$ GDP  | 47.2                                | 48                    |
|  |   | nental performan<br>11 environmental c   | ertificates/bn PPP\$ GDP  | 74.3<br>6.4                               | 14 ●<br>15 ● <b>◆</b> |                            | Global brand value, top   |   | 95.4                                | 21                    |
| 0.0.0  | 100 1100  | or orivinorii iloritai o   | ortinoatoo, birriri q abi   | 0.1                                       | 10 🗸 🕻                | 7.1.0                      | Industrial designs by o<br>ICTs and organizationa                                   |   | 9.6<br>63.4                         | 12 <b>●</b> 34        |
| ííí.   | Marke   | t sophisticati   | on  | 54.2                                      | 32                    |                            | Creative goods and s  |   | 21.2                                | 47                    |
|  | Credit  |  |   | 40.2                                      | 25                    | 7.2.1                      | Cultural and creative se  | rvices exports, % total trade                       | 1.2                                 | 25                    |
|  | orean   | getting credit*  |   | <b>49.3</b> 60.0                          | <b>35</b><br>74 ⊜     |                            | National feature films/r  | nn pop. 15–69<br>dia market/th pop. 15–69           | 7.3<br>31.0                         | 28<br>23              |
| 4.1.2  | Ease of o   |  |   | 94.7                                      | 27                    |                            | Printing and other med  |   | 1.2                                 | 39                    |
|  | Domesti   | c credit to private  | ,   |   |                       |                            | •   |   |                                     |                       |
|  | Domesti<br>Microfina  | c credit to private<br>ance gross loans,   | ,   | n/a                                       | n/a                   | 7.2.5                      | Creative goods export   | s, % total trade                                    | 0.8                                 | 52                    |
|  | Domesti<br>Microfina<br>Investm   | c credit to private<br>ance gross loans,<br>ent  | % GDP   | n/a<br><b>28.0</b>                        | <b>72</b> O           | 7.3                        | Online creativity   |   | 34.3                                | 31                    |
|  | Domesti<br>Microfina<br>Investm<br>Ease of  | c credit to private<br>ance gross loans,<br>ent<br>protecting minorit  | % GDP y investors*  | n/a<br><b>28.0</b><br>72.0                | <b>72</b>             | <b>7.3</b> (7.3.1 (        | Online creativity Generic top-level dom   | ains (TLDs)/th pop. 15–69                           | <b>34.3</b> 28.3                    | <b>31</b><br>22       |
| 4.2.4  | Domesti<br>Microfina<br>Investm<br>Ease of p<br>Market of                                   | c credit to private<br>ance gross loans,<br>tent<br>protecting minorit<br>capitalization, % (  | % GDP y investors*  | n/a<br><b>28.0</b>                        | <b>72</b> O           | <b>7.3</b> (7.3.1 (7.3.2 ( | Online creativity Generic top-level dom Country-code TLDs/th                        | ains (TLDs)/th pop. 15–69<br>pop. 15–69             | <b>34.3</b> 28.3 17.7               | <b>31</b><br>22<br>32 |
| 1.3  | Domesti<br>Microfina<br>Investm<br>Ease of p<br>Market of<br>Venture                        | c credit to private<br>ance gross loans,<br>nent<br>protecting minorit<br>capitalization, % (<br>capital investors,  | % GDP y investors* GDP  | n/a<br><b>28.0</b><br>72.0<br>58.6        | <b>72</b> ○ 27 27     | 7.3 (7.3.1 (7.3.2 (7.3.3 ) | Online creativity Generic top-level dom   | ains (TLDs)/th pop. 15–69<br>pop. 15–69<br>p. 15–69 | <b>34.3</b> 28.3                    | <b>31</b><br>22       |
| 4.3.1<br>4.3.2   | Domesti<br>Microfina<br>Investm<br>Ease of p<br>Market of<br>Venture<br>Venture<br>Trade, d | c credit to private<br>ance gross loans,<br>tent<br>protecting minorit<br>capitalization, % (<br>capital investors,<br>capital recipients<br>liversification, al | % GDP  y investors* GDP  deals/bn PPP\$ GDP , deals/bn PPP\$ GDP and market scale | n/a<br><b>28.0</b><br>72.0<br>58.6<br>0.0 | <b>72</b> ○ 27 27 42  | 7.3 (7.3.1 (7.3.2 (7.3.3 ) | Online creativity Generic top-level dom. Country-code TLDs/th Wikipedia edits/mn po | ains (TLDs)/th pop. 15–69<br>pop. 15–69<br>p. 15–69 | <b>34.3</b><br>28.3<br>17.7<br>73.0 | 31<br>22<br>32<br>31  |

NOTES: • indicates a strength;  $\bigcirc$  a weakness; • an income group strength;  $\bigcirc$  an income group weakness; \* an index; † a survey question.  $\bigcirc$  indicates that the economy's data are older than the base year; see appendices for details, including the year of the data, at http://globalinnovationindex.org. Square brackets [] indicate that the data minimum coverage (DMC) requirements were not met at the sub-pillar or pillar level.

94.1 34

1,773.4 16 ● ◆

4.3.2 Domestic industry diversification

### **Sri Lanka**

95

| utput rank                 | out rank Input rank Income             | Region                                | Population (m     |                     | GDP, PPP\$ (bn) | GDP per capita, PPP\$                                | GII 20   | )20 ra             |                   |
|----------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|-----------------|--|--|--------------------|-------------------|
| 85                         | 103                                    | Lower middle                          | CSA               | 2                   | 1.4             | 287.7  | 13,114   | 1                  | 101               |
|                            |  |                                       | Score/<br>Value   | Rank                |                 |  |  | Score/<br>Value    | Rank              |
| 航 Institu                  | tions                                  |                                       |                   | 119 🔾               | <b>÷</b> 1      | Business sophist                                     | ication  | 25.6               | 62                |
|                            | l environment                          |                                       | 54.7              | 79                  |                 | Cnowledge workers                                    |  | 23.7               | 87                |
| 1.1 Political              | and operation                          | al stability*                         | 67.9              | 71                  | 5.1.1 k         | Knowledge-intensive e                                |  | 23.0               | 68                |
|                            | nent effectiven                        |                                       | 48.1              | 81                  |                 | Firms offering formal tr<br>GERD performed by b      |  |                    | 83<br>73          |
| 2 Regulate<br>2.1 Regulate | ory environmory quality*               | ent                                   | <b>21.3</b> 38.7  | <b>130</b> ○ ♦ 83   | 5.1.4           | GERD financed by bus                                 | siness, %                                      | 40.3               | 44                |
| 2.2 Rule of la             | aw*                                    |                                       | 46.4              | 63 ♦                |                 | emales employed w/a                                  | advanced degrees, % ②                          |                    | 100               |
|                            | redundancy dis                         |                                       | 58.5              | 130 🔾 🗘             |                 | nnovation linkages<br>Jniversity-industry R&         | D collaboration <sup>†</sup>                   | <b>21.3</b> 48.7   | <b>62</b><br>44   |
|                            | ss environmer<br>starting a busir      |                                       | <b>66.6</b> 88.2  | <b>79</b><br>68     | 5.2.2           | State of cluster develo                              | pment and depth <sup>†</sup>                   | 50.4               | 44                |
|                            | resolving insolv                       |                                       | 45.0              | 85                  |                 | GERD financed by abr                                 | oad, % GDP ② alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP       | 0.0<br>0.1         | 79<br>28 <b>•</b> |
|                            |  |                                       |                   |                     |                 | Patent families/bn PPF                               |  | 0.0                | 73                |
| Humai                      | n capital an                           | d research                            | 13.5              | 118 0 0             |                 | Knowledge absorption                                 |  | 31.7               | 53                |
| 1 Educati                  |  |                                       |                   | 114 🔾               |                 | ntellectual property pa<br>High-tech imports, % t    | ayments, % total trade total trade             | n/a<br>7.7         | n/a<br>64         |
| •                          | ture on educat                         | ion, % GDP<br>pil, secondary, % GDP/c | 2.1<br>ap 6.7     | 112 ○ ♦<br>99 ○ ♦   |                 | CT services imports, %                               |  | 2.3                | 26                |
|                            | ife expectancy,                        | • •                                   | 14.1              | 70 ♦                |                 | DI net inflows, % GDI                                |  | 1.4                | 95                |
|                            | _                                      | maths and science                     | n/a<br>② 17.5     | n/a<br>85           | 5.3.5 F         | Research talent, % in I                              | ousinesses                                     | 20.0               | 54                |
| •                          | acher ratio, sec<br>r <b>education</b> | oridary                               | 9.9               | 113                 | مهمو            | Knowledge and  | technology outputs                             | 19.7               | 68                |
| -                          | enrolment, % (                         | gross                                 | 21.1              | 97                  | _               |  |  |                    |                   |
|                            |  | nd engineering, %                     | n/a               | n/a                 |                 | <b>Knowledge creation</b><br>Patents by origin/bn Pl | PP\$ GDP                                       | <b>7.7</b><br>1.2  | <b>90</b><br>59   |
| -                          | inbound mobili<br>ch and develo        | -                                     | 0.5<br><b>0.9</b> | 97 ()<br><b>106</b> | 6.1.2 F         | PCT patents by origin/                               | bn PPP\$ GDP                                   | 0.1                | 69                |
|                            | hers, FTE/mn                           |                                       | Ø 106.4           | 86                  |                 | Utility models by origin                             | ı/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>ıl articles/bn PPP\$ GDP     | n/a<br>4.7         | n/a<br>114        |
|                            | kpenditure on F                        |                                       | Ø 0.1             | 100                 |                 | Citable documents H-i                                |  | 10.6               | 72                |
|                            | orporate R&D  <br>ersity ranking, t    | nvestors, top 3, mn US\$<br>op 3*     | 0.0               | 41 ○ ♢<br>74 ○ ♢    | 6.2 F           | Knowledge impact                                     |  | 26.3               | 79                |
|                            | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,  |                                       |                   |                     |                 | _abor productivity gro<br>New businesses/th po       |  | 1.0<br>0.7         | 46<br>88          |
| 🌣 Infrast                  | tructure                               |                                       | 39.7              | 73 ♦                |                 | Software spending, %                                 | •  | 0.4                | 22                |
| Informat                   | tion and comm                          | unication technologies (              | ICTs) 57.4        | 88                  |                 | SO 9001 quality certif                               |  | 4.2                | 62                |
| .1 ICT acce                | ess*                                   |                                       | 49.1              | 92                  |                 | High-tech manufacturi<br><b>Knowledge diffusion</b>  | •  | 7.7<br><b>25.0</b> | 95<br><b>46</b>   |
| .2 ICT use* .3 Governn     | nent's online se                       | arvice*                               | 37.4<br>71.8      | 100<br>63 ◆         |                 | ntellectual property re                              |  | n/a                | n/a               |
| .4 E-partic                |  | or vioc                               | 71.4              | 66                  |                 | Production and export                                |  | 35.6               | 77                |
|                            | infrastructur                          |                                       | 22.1              | 96                  |                 | High-tech exports, % t<br>CT services exports, 9     |  | 0.9<br>4.8         | 75<br>16          |
|                            | ty output, GWh<br>s performance        |                                       | 711.5<br>25.6     | 103<br>90           |                 |  |  |                    |                   |
| -                          | apital formation                       |                                       | 24.4              | 53                  | €,′             | Creative outputs                                     |  | 15.8               | 100               |
| -                          | cal sustainab                          | -                                     | 39.5              | 37 ● ♦              | 7.1 I           | ntangible assets                                     |  | 21.1               | 97                |
|                            | t of energy use<br>nental perform      |                                       | 23.7<br>39.0      | 4 ● ◆<br>90         |                 | rademarks by origin/b                                |  | 22.5               | 88                |
|                            |  | al certificates/bn PPP\$ GI           |                   | 59 ♦                |                 | Global brand value, top<br>ndustrial designs by o    |  | 15.7<br>1.6        | 53<br>54          |
| مر                         |  |                                       |                   |                     |                 | CTs and organizationa                                | •  | 47.5               | 91                |
| Marke                      | t sophistica                           | ation                                 | 35.8              | 118 🔾               |                 | Creative goods and s                                 |  | 13.9               |                   |
| Credit                     |  |                                       |                   | 116 🔾               |                 | Sultural and creative se<br>National feature films/r | rvices exports, % total trade<br>nn pop. 15-69 | n/a<br>1.0         | n/a<br>85         |
|                            | getting credit*                        | ate sector, % GDP                     | 40.0<br>49.8      | 113 ()<br>70        | 7.2.3 E         | Entertainment and me                                 | dia market/th pop. 15-69                       | n/a                | n/a               |
|                            | ance gross loa                         |                                       | 0.5               | 35                  |                 | Printing and other med<br>Creative goods export      | . •  |                    | 11<br>67          |
| 2 Investm                  | ent                                    |                                       | 20.7              |                     |                 | Online creativity                                    | -,   | 7.4                |                   |
|                            | protecting mine                        |                                       | 72.0              | 27 ● ♦              | 7.3.1           | Generic top-level dom                                | ains (TLDs)/th pop. 15-69                      | 0.7                | 101               |
|                            | capitalization, %<br>capital investo   | % GDP<br>rs, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP       | 19.3<br>0.0       | 60<br>78 ⊝          |                 | Country-code TLDs/th<br>Vikipedia edits/mn po        |  | 0.9<br>30.0        | 89<br>104         |
|                            | •                                      | nts, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP               |                   | 71                  |                 | Mobile app creation/bi                               | •  | 0.7                | 77                |
| -                          |  | , and market scale                    | 61.1              | 90                  |                 |  |  |                    |                   |
|                            | tariff rate, weig<br>c industry dive   | •                                     | 13.3<br>84.0      | 127 ○ ♦<br>70       |                 |  |  |                    |                   |
|                            |  |                                       | C                 |                     |                 |  |  |                    |                   |

#### **Sweden**

2

| tput rank Input rank Income 2 High  | Region<br>EUR   | Populat           | 0.1                 | GDP, PPP\$ (bn)<br>551.5                           | GDP per capita, PPP\$ <b>52,477</b> | GII 20              | 2        |
|---|-----------------|-------------------|---------------------|--|-------------------------------------|---------------------|----------|
| z z ingii   | LOIT            | .\                | J.1                 | 331.3  | 02,477                              | ,                   | _        |
|   | Score/<br>Value | Rank              |                     |  |                                     | Score/<br>Value     | Ranl     |
| Institutions  | 88.8            | 9                 | 2                   | Business sophist                                   | ication                             | 68.1                | 1        |
| Political environment   | 89.4            | 8                 | 5.1                 | Knowledge workers                                  |                                     | 77.3                | 3        |
| Political and operational stability*  | 85.7            | 11                |                     | Knowledge-intensive e                              |                                     | 54.4                | 3        |
| 2 Government effectiveness*   | 91.3            | 6                 |                     | Firms offering formal tr                           | •                                   |                     | 3        |
| Regulatory environment  | 90.5            | 13                |                     | GERD performed by b                                |                                     | 2.4                 | 4        |
| 1 Regulatory quality*   | 90.6            | 8                 |                     | GERD financed by bus<br>Females employed w/a       |                                     | 60.8<br>26.4        | 12       |
| 2 Rule of law*  | 97.0            | 4 ●               |                     |  | lavarioca acgreco, 70               |                     |          |
| 3 Cost of redundancy dismissal  | 14.4            | 55 🔾              | <b>5.2</b>          | Innovation linkages<br>University-industry R&      | D collaboration <sup>†</sup>        | <b>70.3</b><br>67.1 | 2<br>11  |
| Business environment  | 86.3            | 16                |                     | State of cluster develo                            |                                     | 60.2                | 25       |
| 1 Ease of starting a business* 2 Ease of resolving insolvency*  | 93.1<br>79.5    | 37<br>16          |                     | GERD financed by abr                               | •                                   | 0.3                 | - 8      |
| 2 Ease of resolving insolvency  | 79.5            | 10                |                     | •  | alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP         | 0.3                 | 2        |
|   | 24.4            | 0                 | 5.2.5               | Patent families/bn PPF                             | \$ GDP                              | 6.7                 | 1        |
| Human capital and research  | 64.1            | 2 • ◆             | 5.3                 | Knowledge absorption                               | on                                  | 56.6                | 6        |
| Education   | 74.3            | 4 • ◆             | 5.3.1               | Intellectual property pa                           | ayments, % total trade              | 2.4                 | 11       |
| 1 Expenditure on education, % GDP   | 7.6             | 5 ♦               |                     | High-tech imports, %                               |                                     | 8.2                 | 57       |
| 2 Government funding/pupil, secondary, % GDP/cap  |                 | 24                |                     | ICT services imports, 9                            |                                     | 3.4                 | 5        |
| 3 School life expectancy, years   | 19.7            | 3 ● ♦             |                     | FDI net inflows, % GDI                             |                                     | 3.0                 | 48       |
| 4 PISA scales in reading, maths and science   | 502.5           | 14                | 5.3.5               | Research talent, % in I                            | ousinesses                          | 71.5                | 5        |
| 5 Pupil-teacher ratio, secondary  | Ø 12.6          | 52 🔾              |                     |  |                                     |                     |          |
| Tertiary education  | 43.9            | 25                | مهمو                | Knowledge and                                      | technology outputs                  | 60.3                | 2        |
| 1 Tertiary enrolment, % gross   | 72.5            | 27                | 6.1                 | Knowledge exection                                 |                                     | 78.4                | 2        |
| 2 Graduates in science and engineering, %   | 26.6            | 30                | <b>6.1</b><br>6.1.1 | Knowledge creation<br>Patents by origin/bn Pl      | PP\$ CDP                            | 10.8                | 8        |
| 3 Tertiary inbound mobility, %  | 7.2             | 35                |                     | PCT patents by origin/                             |                                     | 7.9                 | 1        |
| Research and development (R&D)  | 74.1            | 5                 |                     | Utility models by origin                           |                                     | n/a                 | n/a      |
| 1 Researchers, FTE/mn pop.  | 7,734.8         | 3 ● ♦             |                     |  | l articles/bn PPP\$ GDP             | 54.4                | 5        |
| <ul><li>.2 Gross expenditure on R&amp;D, % GDP</li><li>.3 Global corporate R&amp;D investors, top 3, mn US\$</li></ul>  | 3.4<br>77.9     | 3 <b>●</b><br>10  | 6.1.5               | Citable documents H-i                              | ndex                                | 59.4                | 12       |
| 4 QS university ranking, top 3*   | 57.8            | 16                | 6.2                 | Knowledge impact                                   |                                     | 44.1                | 14       |
| ar Go drivoroity running, top o   | 07.0            | 10                |                     | Labor productivity gro                             |                                     | -0.1                | 70       |
| □ Infractructure  | 60.6            | 3 • ♦             |                     | New businesses/th po                               |                                     | 7.2                 | 22       |
| F Infrastructure  | 62.6            | 300               |                     | Software spending, %                               |                                     | 0.5                 | 11       |
| Information and communication technologies (IC  | Ts) 84.8        | 22                |                     | ISO 9001 quality certifi<br>High-tech manufacturi  |                                     | 7.5<br>48.3         | 37<br>15 |
| 1 ICT access*   | 80.0            | 33                |                     | •  | ng, 70                              |                     |          |
| 2 ICT use*  | 87.2            | 7                 |                     | Knowledge diffusion                                | acinto 0/ total trada               | 58.4                | 6        |
| 3 Government's online service*  | 90.0            | 15                |                     | Intellectual property re<br>Production and export  | •                                   | 3.2<br>83.1         | 8        |
| 4 E-participation*  | 82.1            | 41                |                     | High-tech exports, %                               |                                     | 7.2                 | 23       |
| General infrastructure  | 53.3            | 6 ♦               |                     | ICT services exports,                              |                                     | 6.4                 | -8       |
| .1 Electricity output, GWh/mn pop.  | 16,383.0        | 7                 |                     | , ,  |                                     |                     |          |
| 2 Logistics performance* 3 Gross capital formation, % GDP   | 93.1<br>24.5    | 2 ●<br>52 ○       | @!                  | Creative outputs                                   |                                     | 52.9                | Ę        |
|   |                 |                   | ره                  |  |                                     |                     |          |
| Ecological sustainability  1 GDP/unit of energy use   | <b>49.6</b>     | <b>17</b><br>58 ⊜ | 7.1                 | Intangible assets                                  |                                     | 57.3                | 8        |
| .1 GDP/unit of energy use<br>.2 Environmental performance*  | 11.0<br>78.7    | 58 ()<br>8        |                     | Trademarks by origin/k                             |                                     | 43.9                | 53       |
| <ol> <li>ISO 14001 environmental certificates/bn PPP\$ GDF</li> </ol>   |                 | 12 ♦              |                     | Global brand value, top<br>Industrial designs by o |                                     | 221.3               | 27<br>27 |
| 10 100 1 100 1 011 merman and a mineral and | 0               | •                 |                     | ICTs and organizationa                             | •                                   | 4.3<br>82.7         | 21       |
| Market sophistication   | 64.6            | 11                |                     | •  |                                     |                     |          |
| Market sophistication   | 04.0            | 11                | <b>7.2</b><br>721   | Creative goods and s                               | rvices exports, % total trade       | <b>33.0</b><br>1.8  | 19<br>11 |
| Credit  | 57.6            | 17                |                     | National feature films/r                           | •                                   | 10.0                | 20       |
| 1 Ease of getting credit*   | 60.0            | 74 🔾              |                     |  | dia market/th pop. 15-69            | 57.1                | 10       |
| 2 Domestic credit to private sector, % GDP  | 132.7           | 15                |                     | Printing and other med                             |                                     | 0.9                 | 61       |
| 3 Microfinance gross loans, % GDP   | n/a             | n/a               |                     | Creative goods export                              |                                     | 1.8                 | 32       |
| Investment  | 54.8            | 16                | 7.3                 | Online creativity                                  |                                     | 63.7                | 7        |
| 1 Ease of protecting minority investors*  | 72.0            | 27                |                     | -  | ains (TLDs)/th pop. 15-69           | 43.1                | 17       |
| 2 Market capitalization, % GDP  | n/a             | n/a               |                     | Country-code TLDs/th                               | . ,                                 | 69.6                | 7        |
|   | 0.2             | 12                | 700                 | Milianadia adita/wan na                            | - 1F CO                             | 016                 |          |
| <ul><li>3 Venture capital investors, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP</li><li>4 Venture capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP</li></ul>  | 0.1             | 15                |                     | Wikipedia edits/mn po<br>Mobile app creation/bi    | •                                   | 81.6<br>56.2        | 9        |

NOTES: • indicates a strength;  $\bigcirc$  a weakness; • an income group strength;  $\bigcirc$  an income group weakness; \* an index; † a survey question.  $\odot$  indicates that the economy's data are older than the base year; see appendices for details, including the year of the data, at http://globalinnovationindex.org. Square brackets [] indicate that the data minimum coverage (DMC) requirements were not met at the sub-pillar or pillar level.

**81.4 24** 1.8 25 ○

96.2 20

551.5 38

**4.3** Trade, diversification, and market scale 4.3.1 Applied tariff rate, weighted avg., %

4.3.2 Domestic industry diversification

### **Switzerland**

| Institutions  | utput rank     | Input rank           | Income   | Region | Populati | on (mn)      | GDP, PPP\$ (bn)          | GDP per capita, PPP\$        | GII 20 | 20 ra          |
|---|----------------|----------------------|--|--------|----------|--------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|--------|----------------|
| Institutions  | 1              | 4                    | High   | EUR    | 8.       | 7            | 590.9                    | 68,340                       |        | 1              |
| Institutions  |                |                      |  |        |          |              |                          |                              |        |                |
| 1 Political environment 1 Political environment 1 Political and operational stability* 1 Political and operational stability* 1 Political and operational stability* 1 Political and operational stability* 1 Political and operational stability* 2 Regulatory environment 2 Regulatory environment 3 Regulatory cytainty* 3 Regulatory cytainty* 3 Rose of law* 2 Regulatory environment 3 Political environment 3 Politica           | îii Institu    | ıtions               |  |        |          | <u> </u>     | Business sophist         | ication                      |        | Rank<br>4      |
| 11. Political and operational stability*   89.3 6   5.1.1   Knowledge-intensive employment, %   1.0   |                |                      |  |        |          |              |                          |                              |        |                |
| 2 Regulatory environment  |                |                      | ability*   |        |          |              |                          | employment, %                |        | <b>5</b><br>6  |
| 2.1 Regulatory quality* 2.2 To cot of redundancy dismissal 2.3 Cost of redundancy dismissal 3.1 Subiness environment 3.2 Ease of starting a business 2 3.2 Ease of resolving insolvency* 3.3 Ease of resolving insolvency* 3.4 Ease of starting a business 2 3.5 Ease of resolving insolvency* 3.5 Ease of resolving insolvency* 3.6 Ease of resolving insolvency* 3.7 Ease of resolving insolvency* 3.8 Ease of resolving insolvency* 3.9 Ease of resolving insolvency* 3.1 Education 4.1 Expenditure on education, % GDP 4.2 Government funding/pupil, secondary, % GDPcap 5.1 Split-leader raile, secondary 4 5.2 To retriary education 4.5 Leader factor raile, secondary 4 5.2 Graduates in scelenge and engineering, % 5.2 Secure raile, secondary 4 5.2 Graduates in scelenge and engineering, % 5.2 Secure raile, secondary 4 5.2 Graduates in scelenge and engineering, % 5.2 Secure raile, secondary 4 5.2 Graduates in science and engineering, % 5.2 Secure raile, secondary 4 5.3 Research and development (R&D) 5.4 Flori information and doewnount mobility, % 5.5 Infrastructure 5.2 Infrastructure 5.2 Infrastructure 5.2 Control infrastructure 5.2 C           | 1.2 Governr    | ment effectiveness*  | •  | 94.0   | 2 ● ◆    | 5.1.2 F      | Firms offering formal tr | aining, %                    | n/a    | n/a            |
| 2.2 Cost of redundancy dismissal 97.0 3   | •              | tory environment     |  |        |          |              |                          |                              |        | 6<br>6         |
| 3.7   Cost of reclundancy dismissal   10.1   31   5.2   Subsines environment   75.5   47   5.2   Subsines environment   75.5   47   5.2   Subsines environment   75.6   48   5.2   Subsines environment   75.6   48   5.2   Subsines environment   75.6   75.2   Subsines environmental environmenta            |                |                      |  |        |          |              |                          |                              |        | 31             |
| Business environment  |                |                      | sal  |        |          |              |                          | , , .                        |        | 4              |
| 1.1 Ease of starting a business* 2 Ease of starting a business* 2 Ease of resolving insolvency* 2 Ease of resolving insolvency* 3 Covernment funding/pupil, secondary (GDP) 3 Education 4 Equantiture on education, % GDP 5 Covernment funding/pupil, secondary, % GDP/cap 427, 77 5 Covernment funding/pupil, secondary, % GDP/cap 427 5 Covernment funding/pupil, secondary, % GDP/cap 427 5 Covernment funding/pupil, secondary, % GDP/cap 427 5 Covernment fu           |                |                      | <del></del>  |        |          |              |                          | D collaboration†             |        | 2              |
| Human capital and research  |                |                      | *  |        |          | 5.2.2        | State of cluster develo  | pment and depth <sup>†</sup> |        | 4              |
| Education   61.3   24   53.1   Intellectual property payments, % total trade   62   63.2   63.2   64.2   63.3   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   | .2 Ease of     | resolving insolvenc  | y*   | 62.6   | 44 💠     |              |                          |                              |        | 26<br>12       |
| Education   | -              |                      |  |        |          |              |                          |                              |        | 1              |
| Education   | 🙎 Huma         | n capital and re     | esearch  | 60.7   | 6        |              |                          |                              |        | 11             |
| Expenditure on education, % GDP   | Educati        | ion                  |  | 61.2   | 24       |              |                          |                              |        | 6              |
| 2 Government funding/pupil, secondary, % GDP/cap 3.7 School life expectancy, years 498.2 21 5 Pupil-teacher ratio, secondary 9 7 25 7 Tertiary ductation 45.1 21 61.4 49.2 21 62 Graduates in science and engineering, % 25.2 38 3. Tertiary inbound mobility, % 17.7 9 63. Tertiary characteristic secondary 75.8 3 ◆ 6.1 6.1 Patents by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP 15.6 6.2 Gross expenditure on R&D, % GDP 2 0 3.2 6 3 Global corporate R&D investors, top 3, nn US\$ 4 QS university ranking, top 3* 6 Infrastructure 6 2.7 2 ◆ 6 6 Infrastructure 6 2.7 2 ◆ 6 6 Infrastructure 6 2.7 2 ◆ 6 6 Infrastructure 6 2.7 2 ◆ 6 6 Infrastructure 6 2.7 2 ◆ 6 6 Infrastructure 6 2.8 Converses superoduction technologies (ICTs) 7 18 General infrastructure 8 2.9 3 Gross capsilal formation, % GDP 2 2 0 C Electricity output, GWh/mp pp. 8 22.2 5 2 8 Collidate or provided triangle for a company of the company of          |                |                      | % GDP  |        |          | 5.3.2 H      | High-tech imports, %     | total trade                  | 6.2    | 93             |
| PisA scales in reading, maths and science   |                | ,                    |  |        | 17       |              |                          |                              |        | 4              |
| 5 Pupli-leacher ratio, secondary   9.7   25   |                |                      |  |        |          |              | ,                        |                              |        | 81<br>25       |
| Tertiary education  |                | •                    |  |        |          | J.J.J F      | nesearch talent, 70 in i | Jusinesses                   | 45.1   | 25             |
| 1.1 Tertiary enrolment, % gross 61.4 49 25.2 Graduates in science and engineering, % 25.2 38 5.3 Tertiary inbound mobility, % 17.7 9 17.6 Gross expenditure on R&D, % GDP   | •              |                      | ai y   |        |          | LAWA I       | Cnowledge and            | technology outputs           | 63.0   | 1              |
| 2. Graduates in science and engineering, % 25.2 38  | -              | <i>*</i>             | 2  |        |          | اليا         | thowledge and            | teciniology outputs          | 00.5   | _ '            |
| Research and development (R&D)   75.8   3   |                |                      |  |        |          |              |                          |                              |        | 1              |
| Research and development (R&D)  | .3 Tertiary    | inbound mobility, 9  | 6  | 17.7   | 9        |              | , ,                      |                              |        | 1              |
| .1 ResearChers, File/mn pop.  | Resear         | ch and developme     | ent (R&D)  | 75.8   | 3 ● ♦    |              |                          |                              |        | 1<br>n/a       |
| 3. Global corporate R&D investors, top 3, mn US\$ 9.0 6   |                |                      |  |        |          |              |                          |                              |        | 3              |
| 4. QS university ranking, top 3*    Say   4   6.2   Knowledge impact   55.4   6.21   Labor productivity growth, %   -0.1   Labor productivity   -0.1   Labor productivity   -0.1   Labor productivity   -0.1   Labor producti           |                |                      |  |        |          | 6.1.5        | Citable documents H-i    | ndex                         | 66.1   | 10             |
| Infrastructure  |                |                      |  |        |          | 6.2 H        | Knowledge impact         |                              | 55.4   | 2              |
| Infrastructure  |                | ,                    |  |        |          |              |                          |                              |        | 67             |
| Information and communication technologies (ICTs)   87.8   15   15   15   15   15   15   15   1   | th Infras      | tructure             |  | 62.7   | 2 • ◆    |              | •                        | •                            |        | 33<br>2        |
| ICT access*   87.2   15   90.4   1  | •              |                      |  |        |          |              |                          |                              |        | 23             |
| 1   |                |                      | ation technologies (IC   | •      |          | 6.2.5 H      | High-tech manufacturi    | ng, %                        | 68.5   | 2              |
| 3.3 Government's online service* 4.4 E-participation* 90.5 18 6.3.2 Production and export complexity 94.0 6.3.3 High-tech exports, % total trade 7.2 6.3.4 Ilgh-tech exports, % total trade 7.2 6.3.4 Ilgh-tech exports, % total trade 7.2 6.3.4 ICT services exports, % total trade 7.2 6.3.4 ICT services exports, % total trade 7.2 6.3.4 ICT services exports, % total trade 7.2 6.3.4 ICT services exports, % total trade 7.2 6.3.4 ICT services exports, % total trade 7.2 6.3.4 ICT services exports, % total trade 7.2 6.3.4 ICT services exports, % total trade 7.2 6.3.4 ICT services exports, % total trade 7.2 6.3.4 ICT services exports, % total trade 7.2 6.3.4 ICT services exports, % total trade 7.2 6.3.4 ICT services exports, % total trade 7.2 6.3.4 ICT services exports, % total trade 7.2 6.3.4 ICT services exports, % total trade 7.2 6.3.4 ICT services exports, % total trade 7.2 6.3.4 ICT services exports, % total trade 8.3.4 ICT services exports, % total trade 9.3.4 Intallegitude, top 5,000, % GDP 9.3.6 Industrial designs by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP 9.4. ICTs and organizational model creation 1  |                |                      |  |        |          |              |                          |                              | 49.7   | 12             |
| General infrastructure   42.1   24   24   24   24   24   24   24   2  |                |                      | e*   |        |          |              |                          |                              |        | 1              |
| 2. General infrastructure 2. Electricity output, GWh/mn pop. 2. Logistics performance* 3. Gross capital formation, % GDP 3. Secological sustainability 3. Gross capital formation, % GDP 3. Secological sustainability 3. Gross capital formation, % GDP 3. Secological sustainability 3. Gross capital formation, % GDP 3. Secological sustainability 3. Gross capital formation, % GDP 3. Secological sustainability 3. Gross capital formation, % GDP 3. Secological sustainability 3. Gross capital formation, % GDP 3. Secological sustainability 3. Gross capital formation, % GDP 3. Secological sustainability 3. Gross capital formation, % GDP 3. Secological sustainability 3. Gross capital formation, % GDP 3. Secological sustainability 3. Gross capital formation, % GDP 3. Secological sustainability 3. Gross capital formation, % GDP 3. Secological sustainability 3. Gross capital formation, % GDP 3. Secological sustainability 3. Gross capital formation, % GDP 3. Secological sustainability 3. Gross capital formation, % GDP 3. Secological sustainability 3. Gross capital formation, % GDP 3. Secological sustainability 3. Gross capital formation, % GDP 3. Secological sustainability 3. Gross capital formation, % GDP 3. Secological sustainability 3. Industrial designs by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP 4. Creative goods and services 47.5 47. Creative goods and services 47.5 47. Creative goods and services 47.5 47. Creative goods and services 47.5 47. Printing and other media, % manufacturing 47. Secological sustainability 47. Secological sustainability 47. Secological brand value, top 5,000, % GDP 47. Creative goods and services 47. Creative goods and services 47. Secological sustainability 47. Secological sustainability 47. Secological sustainability 47. Secological brand value, top 5,000, % GDP 4   | .4 E-partic    | cipation*            |  | 90.5   | 18       |              |                          |                              |        | 2<br>25        |
| Electricity output, GWh/mn pop.   |                |                      |  |        |          |              | •                        |                              |        | 43             |
| 22.0 67 ○   |                |                      | pop.   |        |          |              | •                        |                              |        |                |
| Secological sustainability   Secondary              |                |                      | GDP  |        |          | <b>8</b> ! 0 | Creative outputs         |                              | 60.2   | 2              |
| 23.4 6 ↑ 7.1.1 Trademarks by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP 66.2 Environmental performance* 81.5 3 ● 7.1.2 Global brand value, top 5,000, % GDP 236.0 IsO 14001 environmental certificates/bn PPP\$ GDP 3.7 24 IcTs and organizational model creation 77.4 IcTs and organizational model areation 77.4 IcTs and organizational model areation 77.4 IcTs and organizational model areation 77.4 IcTs and organizational model areation 77.4 IcTs and organizational model areation 77.4 IcTs and organizational model areation 77.4 IcT         |                |                      |  |        |          |              |                          |                              | 62.4   | -              |
| 2. Environmental performance* 3. ISO 14001 environmental certificates/bn PPP\$GDP 3. 71.2 Global brand value, top 5,000, % GDP 5.4 ICTs and organizational model creation ↑ 77.4    Market sophistication   | •              | -                    |  |        |          |              |                          | on PPP\$ GDP                 |        | <b>5</b><br>29 |
| Market sophistication   |                | •                    |  |        |          |              | , ,                      | ·                            |        | 2              |
| Market sophistication  71.5 6  Credit  Ease of getting credit* Domestic credit to private sector, % GDP Microfinance gross loans, % GDP  Investment  Ease of protecting minority investors* Market capitalization, % GDP  Wenture capital investors, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP  Venture capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP  Trade, diversification, and market scale Applied tariff rate, weighted avg., %  Credit  69.2 7  65.0 61 ○ 7.2.1 Cultural and creative services exports, % total trade 60.6  7.2.2 National feature films/mn pop. 15–69 97.4  National feature films/mn pop. 15–69 97.4  Printing and other media, % manufacturing 7.2.5 Creative goods exports, % total trade 7.2.6 Vereative goods exports, % total trade 7.2.7 Venturing and other media, % manufacturing 7.2.8 Venture goods exports, % total trade 7.2.9 Venture domains (TLDs)/th pop. 15–69 100.0  7.3.1 Generic top-level domains (TLDs)/th pop. 15–69 100.0  7.3.2 Venture capital investors, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP 10.1 8  7.3.3 Wikipedia edits/mn pop. 15–69 7.3.4 Wobile app creation/bn PPP\$ GDP 25.8 Venture capital rate, weighted avg., % 1.7 Sountry-code TLDs/th pop. 15–69 100.0  7.3.4 Wobile app creation/bn PPP\$ GDP 25.8 Venture capital rate, weighted avg., % 1.7 Sountry-code TLDs/th pop. 15–69 100.0 1      | .3 ISO 140     | 01 environmental cei | rtificates/bn PPP\$ GDP  | 3.7    | 24       |              |                          |                              | 5.4    | 23             |
| Credit Credit 69.2 7 7.2.2 National feature films/mn pop. 15–69 19.4 1 Ease of getting credit* 2 Domestic credit to private sector, % GDP 3 Microfinance gross loans, % GDP 174.6 4 ↑ 7.2.4 Printing and other media, % manufacturing 7.2.5 Creative goods exports, % total trade 3.7 2 Cultural and creative services exports, % total trade 97.4 Printing and other media, % manufacturing 1.1 Ease of protecting minority investors* 1 Ease of protecting minority investors* 2 Market capitalization, % GDP 237.8 3 ↑ 7.3.2 Country-code TLDs/th pop. 15–69 3 Venture capital investors, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP 4 Venture capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP 5 Venture capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP 6 Venture capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP 7 And Paplied tariff rate, weighted avg., % 6 Applied tariff rate, weighted avg., % 6 Comestic industry diversification 90.5 49 ○  | **             |                      |  |        |          |              | =                        |                              |        | 9              |
| Credit         69.2         7         7.2.2         National feature films/mn pop. 15–69         19.4           1.1 Ease of getting credit*         65.0         61 ○         7.2.3         Entertainment and media market/th pop. 15–69         97.4           2.2 Domestic credit to private sector, % GDP         0         174.6         4         ★ 7.2.4         Printing and other media, % manufacturing         ∅         1.1           3. Microfinance gross loans, % GDP         n/a         n/a         7.2.5         Creative goods exports, % total trade         3.7           1. Investment         70.6         10         7.3         Online creativity         66.3           2. Market capitalization, % GDP         237.8         3 ◆ ★ 7.3.2         Country-code TLDs/th pop. 15–69         59.2           2. Warket capital investors, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP         0.4         7 ◆ 7.3.3         Wikipedia edits/mn pop. 15–69         100.0           3. Venture capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP         0.1         8         7.3.4         Wobile app creation/bn PPP\$ GDP         25.8           4. Venture capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP         6.1         95 ○ ♦         46         46         46           5. Opmestic industry diversification         6.1         95 ○ ♦         95 ○ ♦         95 ○ ♦         95 ○ ♦ <td><b>■</b> Marke</td> <td>et sophisticatio</td> <td>n</td> <td>71.5</td> <td>6</td> <td></td> <td>•</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>3</td>  | <b>■</b> Marke | et sophisticatio     | n  | 71.5   | 6        |              | •                        |                              |        | 3              |
| 1. Ease of getting credit* 2. Domestic credit to private sector, % GDP 3. Microfinance gross loans, % GDP 3. Investment 4. Ease of protecting minority investors* 5. Market capitalization, % GDP 5. Venture capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP 5. Venture capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP 7. Septemble 1. Venture capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP 7. Septemble 1. Venture capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP 7. Septemble 1. Venture capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP 7. Septemble 1. Venture capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP 7. Septemble 1. Venture capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP 7. Septemble 1. Venture capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP 7. Septemble 1. Venture capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP 7. Septemble 1. Venture capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP 7. Septemble 1. Venture 2 | Credit         |                      |  | 69.2   | 7        |              |                          | ' '                          |        | 39<br>6        |
| Domestic credit to private sector, % GDP  |                |                      |  |        | 61 🔾     |              |                          |                              |        | 2              |
| Investment   70.6   10   7.3   Online creativity   66.3     Ease of protecting minority investors*   50.0   92 ○ ○   7.3.1   Generic top-level domains (TLDs)/th pop. 15–69   59.2     Market capitalization, % GDP   237.8   3 ● ◆   7.3.2   Country-code TLDs/th pop. 15–69   100.0     Venture capital investors, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP   0.4   7 ◆   7.3.3   Wikipedia edits/mn pop. 15–69   76.6     Venture capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP   0.1   8   7.3.4   Mobile app creation/bn PPP\$ GDP   25.8     Trade, diversification, and market scale   74.6   46     Applied tariff rate, weighted avg., %   6.1   95 ○ ○     Domestic industry diversification   90.5   49 ○   PRIOR   PRIOR   PRIOR     Trade, diversification   90.5   49 ○   PRIOR   PRIOR     Trade, diversification   90.5   49 ○   PRIOR     Trade, diversification   90.5   49 ○   PRIOR     Trade, diversification   90.5   49 ○   PRIOR     Trade, diversification   90.5   49 ○   PRIOR     Trade, diversification   90.5   49 ○   PRIOR     Trade, diversification   90.5   49 ○   PRIOR     Trade, diversification   90.5   49 ○   PRIOR     Trade, diversification   90.5   49 ○   PRIOR     Trade, diversification   90.5   49 ○   PRIOR     Trade, diversification   90.5   49 ○   PRIOR     Trade, diversification   90.5   49 ○   PRIOR     Trade, diversification   90.5   49 ○   PRIOR     Trade, diversification   90.5   49 ○   PRIOR     Trade, diversification   90.5   PRIOR     Trade, diversification   90.5   PRIOR     Trade, diversification   90.5   PRIOR     Trade, diversification   90.5   PRIOR     Trade, diversification   90.5   PRIOR     Trade, diversification   90.5   PRIOR     Trade, diversification   90.5   PRIOR     Trade, diversification   90.5   PRIOR     Trade, diversification   90.5   PRIOR     Trade, diversification   90.5   PRIOR     Trade, diversification   90.5   PRIOR     Trade, diversification   90.5   PRIOR     Trade, diversification   90.5   PRIOR     Trade, diversification   90.5   PRIOR     Trade, diversification   90.5   PRIOR     Trade, diversification   90.5           |                | •                    | ,  |        |          | 7.2.4 F      | Printing and other med   | lia, % manufacturing @       | 1.1    | 41             |
| 1. Ease of protecting minority investors* 2. Market capitalization, % GDP 237.8 3   |                |                      | % GDP  |        |          | 7.2.5        | Creative goods export    | s, % total trade             | 3.7    | 13             |
| .2 Market capitalization, % GDP 237.8 3 ◆ 7.3.2 Country-code TLDs/th pop. 15-69 100.0  .3 Venture capital investors, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP 0.4 7 ◆ 7.3.3 Wikipedia edits/mn pop. 15-69 76.6  .4 Venture capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP 0.1 8 7.3.4 Mobile app creation/bn PPP\$ GDP 25.8  .5 Trade, diversification, and market scale  |                |                      | invoctoro*   |        |          |              |                          |                              |        | 4              |
| 2.3 Venture capital investors, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP 2.4 Venture capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP 3.3 Wikipedia edits/mn pop. 15–69 7.3.4 Wobile app creation/bn PPP\$ GDP 25.8  Trade, diversification, and market scale 1.1 Applied tariff rate, weighted avg., % 3.1 Applied tariff rate, weighted avg., % 3.2 Domestic industry diversification 3.4 Wikipedia edits/mn pop. 15–69 7.3.4 Wobile app creation/bn PPP\$ GDP 25.8  46 25 26 27 28 29 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20  |                |                      |  |        |          |              |                          | ` ' ' ' '                    |        | 11             |
| 2.4 Venture capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP  0.1 8 7.3.4 Mobile app creation/bn PPP\$ GDP  25.8  Trade, diversification, and market scale  1.1 Applied tariff rate, weighted avg., %  1.2 Domestic industry diversification  90.5 49   |                |                      |  |        |          |              | •                        |                              |        | 1<br>16        |
| Trade, diversification, and market scale 1.1 Applied tariff rate, weighted avg., % 1.2 Domestic industry diversification 1.3 Trade, diversification 1.4 46 1.5 Option of the property of the p          |                | •                    | and the second s |        |          |              |                          | •                            |        | 22             |
| 3.2 Domestic industry diversification 90.5 49 O   | 3 Trade, o     | diversification, and | d market scale   | 74.6   | 46       |              |                          | •                            |        | -              |
| ·   |                |                      | •  |        |          |              |                          |                              |        |                |
| 5.5 Domestic market scale, DN PPP\$ 590.9 34  |                | •                    |  |        |          |              |                          |                              |        |                |
|   | omest ט.ג      | ic market scale, bn  | PPP\$  | 590.9  | 34       |              |                          |                              |        |                |

# **Tajikistan**

Income

Region

Population (mn) GDP, PPP\$ (bn)

Output rank Input rank

103

GII 2020 rank

GDP per capita, PPP\$

| 96   | 6 104   | Low  | CSA   | -   | 9.5   | 33.7   | 3,560   | 1   | 09  |
|--|---|--|---|---|---|--|---|---|---|
|  |   |  | Score/  |   |   |  |   | Score/  |   |
|  |   |  | Value   |   |   |  |   | Value   |   |
| <u> </u>   | nstitutions   |  | 47.7  | 118   | lacksquare  | Business sophisti  | cation  | 13.2  | 129]  |
| 1.1.1 F<br>1.1.2 G<br>1.2 F<br>1.2.1 F<br>1.2.2 F<br>1.2.3 G<br>1.3.1 E<br>1.3.2 E | Political environment Political and operational st Government effectiveness Regulatory environment Regulatory quality* Rule of law* Cost of redundancy dismis Business environment Ease of starting a business Ease of resolving insolvent Human capital and in Education | ssal<br>s*<br>cy*<br>research  | 37.9<br>58.9<br>27.3<br>44.3<br>17.1<br>14.4<br>21.7<br>60.8<br>93.2<br>28.4<br>25.2                    | 100<br>125<br>118<br>128<br>130 O 93<br>105<br>34 • 122 | 5.1.3<br>5.1.4<br>5.1.5<br><b>5.2</b><br>5.2.1<br>5.2.2<br>5.2.3<br>5.2.4<br>5.2.5<br><b>5.3</b><br>5.3.1 | Knowledge workers Knowledge-intensive er Firms offering formal tra GERD performed by bus GERD financed by busi Females employed w/ar Innovation linkages University-industry R&E State of cluster develop GERD financed by abro Joint venture/strategic al Patent families/bn PPPS Knowledge absorptio Intellectual property pay High-tech imports, % to | aining, % siness, % GDP ness, % Ø dvanced degrees, %  O collaboration† ment and depth† ad, % GDP Ø liance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP Ø \$ GDP n yments, % total trade | 13.6 n/a 24.3 n/a 1.6 n/a 13.7 47.2 32.5 0.0 0.0 12.2 0.0 n/a | n/a 64 n/a 90 n/a 115 47 ● 4 119 98 75 100 ○ <    |
| 2.1.2 G<br>2.1.3 S<br>2.1.4 F  | Expenditure on education,<br>Government funding/pupil,<br>School life expectancy, ye<br>PISA scales in reading, ma<br>Pupil-teacher ratio, second   | secondary, % GDP/cap<br>ars<br>aths and science  | ② 5.2<br>n/a<br>② 11.4<br>n/a<br>② 15.4   | 30 ●<br>n/a<br>97<br>n/a<br>76                          | 5.3.3<br>5.3.4  | ICT services imports, %<br>FDI net inflows, % GDP<br>Research talent, % in b   | 6 total trade<br>usinesses  | 0.3<br>2.7<br>n/a   | 121 ←<br>64 ●<br>n/a                              |
|  | Fertiary education  |  | 23.4  | 89  |   | Knowledge and t  | echnology outputs   | 16.6  | 80 ◆  |
| 2.2.2 G<br>2.2.3 T<br><b>2.3 F</b><br>2.3.1 F<br>2.3.2 G                           | Fertiary enrolment, % gros<br>Graduates in science and<br>Fertiary inbound mobility, '<br>Research and developm<br>Researchers, FTE/mn pop<br>Gross expenditure on R&D<br>Global corporate R&D inve   | engineering, %<br>%<br>ent (R&D)<br>o.<br>o, % GDP   | <ul> <li>31.3</li> <li>22.0</li> <li>0.8</li> <li>0.6</li> <li>n/a</li> <li>0.1</li> <li>0.0</li> </ul> | 85<br>60 ●<br>92<br>113<br>n/a<br>107<br>41 ○ <         | 6.1.3<br>6.1.4<br>6.1.5   | Knowledge creation<br>Patents by origin/bn PP<br>PCT patents by origin/b<br>Utility models by origin/<br>Scientific and technical<br>Citable documents H-in  | on PPP\$ GDP bn PPP\$ GDP articles/bn PPP\$ GDP   | 23.1<br>0.4<br>0.0<br>3.6<br>4.3<br>1.1                       | 44 ● 4<br>83<br>98 ○ 4<br>5 ● 4<br>116<br>131 ○ 4 |
| <b>☆</b> II<br>3.1 II  | QS university ranking, top  Infrastructure  Information and communication   |  | •   | 123   | 6.2.1<br>6.2.2<br>6.2.3<br>6.2.4  | Knowledge impact<br>Labor productivity grow<br>New businesses/th pop<br>Software spending, % of<br>ISO 9001 quality certific<br>High-tech manufacturin   | o. 15–64<br>GDP<br>cates/bn PPP\$ GDP   | 20.7<br>4.7<br>0.2<br>0.1<br>0.2<br>2.8                       | 7 ● 4<br>114<br>95<br>132 ○ <<br>108 ○            |
| 3.1.2 KG<br>3.1.3 G<br>3.1.4 E<br><b>3.2</b> G<br>3.2.1 E                          | CT access* CT use* Government's online servi E-participation* General infrastructure Electricity output, GWh/mi Logistics performance*  |  | 41.4<br>15.0<br>31.8<br>34.5<br><b>14.9</b><br>2,169.2<br>13.6  | 106<br>122<br>124<br>119<br><b>118</b><br>78<br>118     | 6.3.2<br>6.3.3<br>6.3.4   | Knowledge diffusion<br>Intellectual property rec<br>Production and export of<br>High-tech exports, % to<br>ICT services exports, %   | complexity<br>otal trade  | 0.0<br>18.7<br>n/a<br>0.3                                     | n/a<br>111  |
|  | Gross capital formation, %  |  | 17.8  | 100   | <b>&amp;</b> ,  | Creative outputs   |   | 14.8  | 107   |
| 3.3.1 G<br>3.3.2 E   | Ecological sustainability<br>GDP/unit of energy use<br>Environmental performand<br>SO 14001 environmental co  | ce*  | 19.6<br>8.5<br>38.2<br>0.1  |   |   | Intangible assets Trademarks by origin/bi Global brand value, top Industrial designs by or ICTs and organizational   | 5,000, % GDP<br>igin/bn PPP\$ GDP ②   | 16.5<br>18.1<br>0.0<br>0.0<br>44.4                            | 114<br>96<br>80 0 <<br>119 0 <<br>99              |
| iii N  | Market sophistication   | on   | 52.5  | 37 ● <  | <b>7.2</b><br>7.2.1   | Creative goods and se  |   | 12.3  |   |
| 4.1.1 E<br>4.1.2 D   | Credit Ease of getting credit* Comestic credit to private Microfinance gross loans,   |  | <b>57.1</b><br>90.0<br>11.8<br>5.7  | 18 • • 10 • • 125<br>1 • •                              | 7.2.2<br>7.2.3<br>7.2.4   | National feature films/m<br>Entertainment and med<br>Printing and other medi<br>Creative goods exports   | ia market/th pop. 15–69<br>a, % manufacturing   | 1.8<br>n/a<br>1.6<br>n/a                                      | 103<br>72<br>n/a<br>24 ●<br>n/a                   |
| 4.2.1 E<br>4.2.2 N<br>4.2.3 V<br>4.2.4 V<br><b>4.3.1</b> A<br>4.3.1 A              | nvestment Ease of protecting minority Market capitalization, % G /enture capital investors, o /enture capital recipients, frade, diversification, ar Applied tariff rate, weighte Domestic industry diversif Domestic market scale, br                                    | iDP<br>deals/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>deals/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>ad market scale<br>d avg., %<br>ication | 40.0<br>40.0<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>60.3<br>② 5.0<br>80.8<br>33.7                                      | [35] 110 n/a n/a n/a 84 74 119                          | 7.3.3   | Online creativity Generic top-level doma Country-code TLDs/th Wikipedia edits/mn pop Mobile app creation/bn  | o. 15–69  |   | 77<br>128<br>104<br>82<br>n/a                     |

# **Thailand**

43

| Output rank   | Input rank  | Income  | Region   | Population   | on (mn)  | GDP, PPP\$ (bn)  | GDP per capita, PPP\$  | GII 20   | 20 rank   |
|---|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|---|
| 46  | 47  | Upper middle  | SEAO   | 69.  | 8  | 1,261.5  | 18,073   |  | 44  |
|   |   |   | Score/<br>Value  | Rank   |  |  |  | Score/<br>Value  | Rank  |
| institu   | tions   |   | 64.2   | 64   | 🔓 B  | Business sophist   | ication  | 34.7   | 36 ◆  |
| 1.1 Political 1.1.1 Governr 1.2 Regulat 1.2.1 Regulat 1.2.2 Rule of I 1.2.3 Cost of I 1.3 Busines 1.3.1 Ease of 1.3.2 Ease of 1.3.2 Huma  2.1 Educati 2.1.1 Expendi | I environment and operationa nent effectivene tory environme ory quality* aw* redundancy dis as environmen starting a busin resolving insolv n capital an ton ture on educati | al stability* ess* ent  missal  tt eess* eency*  d research   | 61.7<br>67.9<br>58.6<br>46.3<br>46.5<br>49.4<br>36.0<br>84.6<br>92.4<br>76.8<br>31.7<br>42.4<br>© 4.1        | 54<br>71<br>52<br>112 ○ ◇ 63<br>57<br>124 ○ ◇ 43<br>22 ◆  63  86 64 59 | 5.1 K<br>5.1.1 K<br>5.1.2 F<br>5.1.3 G<br>5.1.4 G<br>5.1.5 F<br>5.2.1 U<br>5.2.2 S<br>5.2.3 G<br>5.2.4 J<br>5.2.5 S<br>5.2.4 J<br>5.2.5 K<br>5.2.5 K<br>5.2.5 K<br>5.2.6 K | inowledge workers inowledge-intensive e irms offering formal trier. ERD performed by busemales employed w/anovation linkages iniversity-industry R&tate of cluster development of the industry in the intensive state of cluster development venture/strategic attent families/bn PPP inowledge absorption tellectual property paligh-tech imports, % to services imports, % to | employment, % aining, % © usiness, % GDP iness, % © dvanced degrees, %  D collaboration† oment and depth† oad, % GDP ulliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP \$ GDP on ayments, % total trade otal trade % total trade | 37.3 13.8 18.0 0.8 80.8 9.9 20.2 54.4 52.2 0.0 0.1 46.4 1.7 14.2 0.3 | 51<br>98 \( \infty\) \(  \) 84 \( \cdot\) 27 \( \cdot\) \(  \) 70 \(  \) 67 \(  \) 30 \( \cdot\) \(  \) 41 \(  \) 56 \(   \) 18 \( \cdot\) \(   \) 116 \( \cdot\) |
| <ul><li>2.1.4 PISA sci</li><li>2.1.5 Pupil-tea</li><li>2.2 Tertiary</li></ul>   | acher ratio, sec<br>education   | maths and science ondary  | <ul><li>15.4</li><li>412.4</li><li>26.2</li><li>35.4</li></ul>   | 45<br>61<br>109 $\bigcirc$ $\diamondsuit$                              | 5.3.5 R  | DI net inflows, % GDF tesearch talent, % in the second sec  |  | 1.8<br>60.8<br>29.7  | 85<br>10 ● ◆<br><b>40</b>   |
| 2.2.2 Graduat<br>2.2.3 Tertiary<br>2.3 Researd<br>2.3.1 Researd<br>2.3.2 Gross ex   | inbound mobili<br>ch and develop<br>hers, FTE/mn p<br>xpenditure on F   | nd engineering, % ty, % pment (R&D) pop.  | <ul> <li>49.3</li> <li>27.9</li> <li>1.3</li> <li>17.4</li> <li>1,350.3</li> <li>1.0</li> <li>0.0</li> </ul> | 64<br>25<br>85<br><b>47</b><br>48<br>39<br>41 $\bigcirc$ $\Diamond$    | 6.1.1 P<br>6.1.2 P<br>6.1.3 U<br>6.1.4 S<br>6.1.5 C  | itable documents H-i   | bn PPP\$ GDP<br>/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>I articles/bn PPP\$ GDP   | 22.9<br>0.6<br>0.1<br>2.4<br>8.9<br>21.2                             | <b>47</b> 75 57 9 • ◆ 93 39   |
| <b>☆</b> Infrast  |   | op 3*<br>unication technologies (IC   | 33.4<br>43.0<br>CTs) 68.4  | <ul><li>37</li><li>61</li><li>60</li></ul>                             | 6.2.1 La<br>6.2.2 N<br>6.2.3 S<br>6.2.4 IS   | abor productivity grown the washesses/th poportion of tware spending, % 60 9001 quality certifications.  | o. 15–64<br>GDP<br>cates/bn PPP\$ GDP  | 35.0<br>-0.1<br>1.1<br>0.2<br>6.8                                    | 44<br>66<br>80<br>55<br>39  |
| <ul> <li>3.1.1 ICT acces</li> <li>3.1.2 ICT uses</li> <li>3.1.3 Governr</li> <li>3.1.4 E-partic</li> <li>3.2 Genera</li> <li>3.2.1 Electricis</li> </ul>            | ess*<br>nent's online se<br>ipation*<br>I infrastructure<br>ty output, GWh  | ervice*<br>e<br>/mn pop.  | 57.8<br>59.2<br>79.4<br>77.4<br><b>33.1</b><br>2,738.5   | 81<br>63<br>42<br>51<br><b>48</b><br>69                                | <b>6.3 K</b> 6.3.1 In 6.3.2 P 6.3.3 H  | ligh-tech manufacturi<br>inowledge diffusion<br>intellectual property re-<br>roduction and export<br>ligh-tech exports, % to<br>CT services exports, 9   | ceipts, % total trade<br>complexity<br>otal trade  | 45.1<br><b>31.2</b><br>0.1<br>70.9<br>13.4<br>0.2                    | 17 ◆ 33 ◆ 69 22 ◆ 11 ● ◆  |
| •   | s performance*<br>apital formatior  |   | 63.3<br>24.0   | 31 <b>♦</b><br>54  | <b>€</b> , c   | reative outputs  |  | 27.3   | 55  |
| 3.3.1 GDP/uni<br>3.3.2 Environr   | cal sustainabi<br>it of energy use<br>mental perform<br>01 environmenta   |   | <b>27.6</b><br>9.2<br>45.4<br>P 2.4  | <b>68</b><br>78<br>70<br>35  | 7.1.1 Tr<br>7.1.2 G<br>7.1.3 In  | ntangible assets<br>rademarks by origin/b<br>Blobal brand value, top<br>ndustrial designs by o<br>CTs and organizationa  | o 5,000, % GDP<br>rigin/bn PPP\$ GDP   | 30.2<br>24.2<br>62.5<br>2.6<br>60.3                                  | <b>68</b><br>85<br>31<br>41<br>43 ◆   |
| <b>4.1 Credit</b> 4.1.1 Ease of 4.1.2 Domesti   |   | ate sector, % GDP   | 55.6<br>52.0<br>70.0<br>143.4<br>② 0.0   | 27   | 7.2.1 C<br>7.2.2 N<br>7.2.3 E<br>7.2.4 P   | creative goods and solutural and creative sellational feature films/r  | ervices vices exports, % total trade nn pop. 15–69 dia market/th pop. 15–69 ia, % manufacturing  | <b>37.1</b> n/a 1.5 10.7   | 15 ● ♦<br>n/a<br>74<br>35 ♦<br>71<br>8 ● ♦  |
| <ul> <li>4.2 Investm</li> <li>4.2.1 Ease of</li> <li>4.2.2 Wenture</li> <li>4.2.4 Venture</li> <li>4.3.1 Applied</li> <li>4.3.2 Domesti</li> </ul>                  | protecting mine<br>capitalization, %<br>capital investor<br>capital recipier  | ority investors* % GDP rs, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP rts, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP rts, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP rts, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP rts, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP resident r | 31.8<br>86.0<br>108.0<br>0.0<br>0.0<br>83.1<br>⊘ 3.5<br>97.0<br>1,261.5                                      | 64<br>3  | <b>7.3</b> 0<br>7.3.1 G<br>7.3.2 C<br>7.3.3 W  | Inline creativity  | ains (TLDs)/th pop. 15–69<br>pop. 15–69<br>p. 15–69  | 11.9<br>5.5<br>0.4<br>39.3<br>3.9                                    | 84<br>52<br>102<br>86<br>61   |

## Togo

Output rank Input rank

Income

Region

Population (mn) GDP, PPP\$ (bn) GDP per capita, PPP\$

125

GII 2020 rank

| 12   | 29 110  | Low   | SSF  | 8   | 3.3   | 13.6  | 1,640   | 1   | 25                                    |
|--|---|---|--|---|---|---|---|---|---------------------------------------|
| <u></u>  | Institutions  |   | Score/<br>Value  |   | •   | Rusiness sonhistics   | tion  | Score/<br>Value                                       |                                       |
| 1.1<br>1.1.1<br>1.1.2<br>1.2.1<br>1.2.2<br>1.2.3<br>1.3.1<br>1.3.2 | Institutions  Political environment Political and operational st Government effectiveness Regulatory environment Regulatory quality* Rule of law* Cost of redundancy dismis Business environment Ease of starting a business Ease of resolving insolvent Human capital and in Education Expenditure on education, | ssal s* cy* research % GDP  | 57.1 41.0 62.5 30.3 59.1 25.7 31.2 13.1 71.1 95.1 47.0 17.5 41.7 5.4 | <b>88</b><br>25 ● ◆                             | 5.1.3<br>5.1.4<br>5.1.5<br>5.2<br>5.2.1<br>5.2.2<br>5.2.3<br>5.2.4<br>5.2.5<br>5.3.1<br>5.3.2 | Knowledge workers Knowledge-intensive emplifirms offering formal traini GERD performed by busine GERD financed by busines Females employed w/adva Innovation linkages University-industry R&D co State of cluster developme GERD financed by abroad Joint venture/strategic alliar Patent families/bn PPP\$ G Knowledge absorption Intellectual property paym- High-tech imports, % total ICT services imports, % total | loyment, % © ng, % © ess, % GDP ss, % unced degrees, % © billaboration† ent and depth† , % GDP ce deals/bn PPP\$ GDP © DP ents, % total trade © | 33.7 n/a n/a 0.9 3.0 n/a n/a n/a 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 14.3 | [91]<br>94                            |
| 2.1.3<br>2.1.4<br>2.1.5  | Government funding/pupil,<br>School life expectancy, ye<br>PISA scales in reading, ma<br>Pupil-teacher ratio, second<br>Tertiary education  | ars @<br>ths and science  | 12.7<br>n/a<br>26.2  | 75<br>85 ◆<br>n/a<br>108<br>[114]               | 5.3.4   | FDI net inflows, % GDP<br>Research talent, % in busi  | nesses  | 0.3<br>n/a  | 121                                   |
| 2.2.1<br>2.2.2<br>2.2.3<br><b>2.3</b><br>2.3.1<br>2.3.2<br>2.3.3   | Tertiary enrolment, % gros<br>Graduates in science and<br>Tertiary inbound mobility,<br>Research and developm<br>Researchers, FTE/mn pop<br>Gross expenditure on R&D<br>Global corporate R&D inve<br>QS university ranking, top   | engineering, % % ent (R&D) .  | 14.0<br>n/a<br>n/a<br><b>1.4</b><br>48.1                             | 105   | 6.1.2<br>6.1.3<br>6.1.4<br>6.1.5<br><b>6.2</b><br>6.2.1                                       | Knowledge creation Patents by origin/bn PPP\$ PCT patents by origin/bn F Utility models by origin/bn Scientific and technical art Citable documents H-inde Knowledge impact Labor productivity growth,  | GDP PPP\$ GDP PPP\$ GDP icles/bn PPP\$ GDP x  | 0.1<br>0.0<br>0.0<br>11.0<br>1.7                      |                                       |
| 3.1  | Infrastructure  | cation technologies (ICTs   |  | 113 ♦   | 6.2.3<br>6.2.4  | New businesses/th pop. 19<br>Software spending, % GD<br>ISO 9001 quality certificate<br>High-tech manufacturing,  | P<br>es/bn PPP\$ GDP  | 0.6<br>0.1<br>1.9<br>n/a                              | 92<br>94 ◆<br>89 ◆<br>n/a             |
| 3.1.2<br>3.1.3<br>3.1.4<br><b>3.2</b><br>3.2.1                     | ICT access* ICT use* Government's online servi E-participation*  General infrastructure Electricity output, GWh/ml  |   | 50.0<br>51.2<br><b>31.5</b><br>50.2                                  | 118<br>116<br>106<br>99<br><b>54</b> ●<br>122 ○ | 6.3.2<br>6.3.3  | Knowledge diffusion<br>Intellectual property receip<br>Production and export cor<br>High-tech exports, % total<br>ICT services exports, % to  | nplexity<br>trade   | 9.1<br>0.0<br>25.8<br>0.0<br>1.7                      | 98<br>110 ○<br>101<br>126 ○ ◇<br>64 ● |
|  | Logistics performance*<br>Gross capital formation, %  | GDP   | 18.6<br>38.3   | 110<br>8 ●                                      | €,  | Creative outputs  |   | 10.3  | 119                                   |
| 3.3.1<br>3.3.2   | Ecological sustainability<br>GDP/unit of energy use<br>Environmental performand<br>ISO 14001 environmental co   | e*  | <b>12.7</b><br>4.0<br>29.5<br>0.6                                    | <b>132</b> ○<br>119<br>122<br>79 ◆              | 7.1.3   | Intangible assets Trademarks by origin/bn P Global brand value, top 5,0 Industrial designs by origin ICTs and organizational me   | 000, % GDP<br>n/bn PPP\$ GDP  |   | <b>130</b> ○ ♦ 100 46 ● ♦ 85 n/a      |
| <b>4.1</b><br>4.1.1<br>4.1.2                                       | Market sophistication  Credit  Ease of getting credit*  Domestic credit to private Microfinance gross loans,  | sector, % GDP   | <b>36.9 40.2</b> 70.0 35.1 2.0                                       | <b>69</b> 44 ● 88 ◆ 12 ●                        | <b>7.2</b> 7.2.1 7.2.2 7.2.3 7.2.4  | Creative goods and service<br>Cultural and creative service<br>National feature films/mn p<br>Entertainment and media n<br>Printing and other media, 9  | ices<br>es exports, % total trade<br>pop. 15–69<br>market/th pop. 15–69<br>% manufacturing  | 12.7<br>1.7<br>0.7<br>n/a<br>n/a                      | 14 ● ◆<br>93<br>n/a<br>n/a            |
| 4.2<br>4.2.1<br>4.2.2<br>4.2.3<br>4.2.4<br>4.3<br>4.3.1<br>4.3.2   | Investment Ease of protecting minority Market capitalization, % G Venture capital investors, o Venture capital recipients, Trade, diversification, ar Applied tariff rate, weighte Domestic industry diversif Domestic market scale, br   | r investors* DP deals/bn PPP\$ GDP deals/bn PPP\$ GDP d market scale d avg., % cation | 42.0<br>42.0<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>28.5<br>11.0<br>n/a             |   | <b>7.3</b> 7.3.1 7.3.2 7.3.3  | Creative goods exports, % Online creativity Generic top-level domains Country-code TLDs/th pop Wikipedia edits/mn pop. 1: Mobile app creation/bn PF   | (TLDs)/th pop. 15–69<br>o. 15–69<br>5–69  | 0.0<br><b>11.7</b><br>0.6<br>0.1<br>36.4<br>n/a       | <b>85</b>                             |

# **Trinidad and Tobago**

07

| Output rank   | ut rank Input rank Income  | Region  | Population (mr                              |                                   | GDP, PPP\$ (bn)                                    | GDP per capita, PPP\$   | GII 2020 rar   |                                    |                                     |
|---|--|---|---|-----------------------------------|--|---|--|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 95  | 97   | High  | LCN   | 1                                 | .4   | 36.4  | 25,964   | •                                  | 98                                  |
|   |  |   | Score/                                      |                                   |  |   |  | Score/                             |                                     |
| îî Institu  | itions   |   | Value <b>62.0</b>                           | 72 <                              | <b>≗</b> B   | Business sophist  | ication  | Value <b>18.3</b>                  |                                     |
| 1.1 Politica<br>1.1.1 Political<br>1.1.2 Governm                                    | l environment<br>and operational s<br>ment effectivenes<br>tory environmen                         | s*  | <b>59.1</b><br>71.4<br>52.9<br><b>58.4</b>  | 60 • ⋄<br>54 • ⋄<br>64 ⋄<br>84 ⋄  | <b>5.1 K</b> 5.1.1 K 5.1.2 F 5.1.3 G               | inowledge workers<br>inowledge-intensive e<br>irms offering formal to<br>ERD performed by b   | employment, % © raining, % © usiness, % GDP ©  | 28.0                               | <b>85</b> < 49 ● 55 86 ○ <          |
|   |  | issal   | 39.6<br>43.6<br>20.5<br><b>68.5</b>         | 80                                | 5.1.5 F<br><b>5.2 Ir</b><br>5.2.1 U                | nnovation linkages<br>Iniversity-industry R&  | advanced degrees, % ②  D collaboration <sup>†</sup>  | <b>15.9</b> 33.3                   | 73 ← 57 ● 104 ← 99 ←                |
| .3.2 Ease of  | starting a busines   | ncy*  | 88.6<br>48.4                                | 64<br>75 ♦                        | 5.2.3 G<br>5.2.4 J                                 | tate of cluster develo<br>ERD financed by abroint venture/strategica<br>atent families/bn PPF   | oad, % GDP<br>alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP  | 43.0<br>0.0<br>0.0<br>0.0          | 86 <<br>66<br>58 ●<br>77            |
| 2.1. Educati<br>2.1.1 Expendi<br>2.1.2 Governn<br>2.1.3 School I<br>2.1.4 PISA sca  | iture on education<br>nent funding/pupi<br>ife expectancy, ye                                      | n, % GDP<br>I, secondary, % GDP/cap<br>ears<br>aths and science |   |                                   | 5.3.1 Ir<br>5.3.2 H<br>5.3.3 IO<br>5.3.4 F         | inowledge absorption tellectual property particular property particular property, % (CT services imports, % (CT) articular property, % (CT) articular property (CT) articular | ayments, % total trade<br>total trade ©<br>% total trade   | 0.6<br>6.5<br>0.5<br>–1.4          | 123 ○ < 65 88 105 < 125 ○ 77 <      |
| <b>Tertiary</b> 2.2.1 Tertiary 2.2.2 Graduat 2.2.3 Tertiary                         | reducation<br>enrolment, % gro<br>es in science and<br>inbound mobility,                           | oss<br>I engineering, %<br>%                                    | <b>n/a</b><br>n/a<br>n/a<br>n/a             | <b>[n/a]</b><br>n/a<br>n/a<br>n/a | <b>6.1 K</b> 6.1.1 P                               | Inowledge and Inowledge creation attents by origin/bn PicT patents by origin/   | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·  | <b>3.5</b><br>0.0<br>0.0           | 83<br>119<br>124 O<br>84            |
| 2.3.1 Researc<br>2.3.2 Gross ex<br>2.3.3 Global c                                   | ch and developn<br>hers, FTE/mn po<br>xpenditure on R&<br>corporate R&D inv<br>ersity ranking, top | p.<br>D, % GDP<br>restors, top 3, mn US\$                       | 2.0<br>② 567.0<br>② 0.1<br>0.0<br>0.0       | 94                                | 6.1.3 U<br>6.1.4 S<br>6.1.5 C                      | Itility models by origin<br>cientific and technica<br>titable documents H-i<br>cnowledge impact   | n/bn PPP\$ GDP ©<br>Il articles/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>Index  |                                    | 65<br>104<br>106                    |
|   | tructure   |   | 33.8  | 90 ♦                              | 6.2.2 N<br>6.2.3 S                                 | abor productivity gro<br>lew businesses/th po<br>oftware spending, %  | p. 15–64<br>GDP  | 0.5<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>2.2           | 56<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>85              |
| 3.1.1 ICT acce<br>3.1.2 ICT use*<br>3.1.3 Governm<br>3.1.4 E-partici<br>3.2 General | ess*<br>ment's online serv<br>ipation*<br>I infrastructure   |   | 77.7<br>55.6<br>61.2<br>61.9<br><b>20.6</b> | 71                                | 6.2.5 H<br>6.3 K<br>6.3.1 Ir<br>6.3.2 P<br>6.3.3 H | SO 9001 quality certif<br>ligh-tech manufacturi<br>inowledge diffusion<br>ntellectual property re<br>roduction and export<br>ligh-tech exports, % the<br>CT services exports, \$2   | ng, % ceipts, % total trade complexity total trade   | n/a<br>10.9<br>0.0<br>45.1<br>2.0  | 85 n/a 92 81 58 59 • 123 ○          |
| 3.2.2 Logistics   | ty output, GWh/n<br>s performance*<br>apital formation, '  |   | 6,636.7<br>17.1<br>n/a                      | 31 ●<br>113 ◇<br>n/a              | <b>&amp;</b> , c                                   | reative outputs   |  | 15.6                               | 103                                 |
| 3.3.1 GDP/uni<br>3.3.2 Environr   | cal sustainabilit<br>it of energy use<br>mental performan<br>01 environmental o                    |   | 16.8<br>2.5<br>47.5<br>0.5                  | <b>117</b>                        | 7.1.1 Ti<br>7.1.2 G<br>7.1.3 Ir                    | ntangible assets<br>rademarks by origin/t<br>llobal brand value, to<br>ndustrial designs by o<br>CTs and organizationa  | o 5,000, % GDP<br>rigin/bn PPP\$ GDP   | 19.5<br>22.4<br>0.0<br>0.5<br>49.8 | 102 < 89 < 80 < 84<br>83 <          |
| I.1 Credit<br>I.1.1 Ease of I   | et sophisticat getting credit* ic credit to private ance gross loans                               | e sector, % GDP   | 35.8<br>32.0<br>65.0<br>40.1<br>∅ 0.0       |                                   | 7.2 C<br>7.2.1 C<br>7.2.2 N<br>7.2.3 E<br>7.2.4 P  | creative goods and solutural and creative se lational feature films/r   | services<br>rvices exports, % total trade<br>nn pop. 15–69<br>dia market/th pop. 15–69<br>dia, % manufacturing | 0.0<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>n/a           | 97<br>97<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>89 |
| 1.2.2 Market of<br>1.2.3 Venture<br>1.2.4 Venture                                   | protecting minori<br>capitalization, % of<br>capital investors,<br>capital recipients              | GDP<br>deals/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP               | 34.8<br>64.0<br>n/a<br>② 0.0<br>n/a         | 56 ●<br>n/a<br>51<br>n/a          | 7.3 0<br>7.3.1 G<br>7.3.2 C<br>7.3.3 W             | Inline creativity   | ains (TLDs)/th pop. 15–69<br>pop. 15–69<br>p. 15–69  | 21.9<br>4.2<br>1.5<br>58.8<br>n/a  | <b>54</b> ● ₹ 58 ● 75 ●             |
| 4.3.1 Applied<br>4.3.2 Domesti  | diversification, a<br>tariff rate, weight<br>ic industry divers<br>ic market scale, b              | ification   | <b>40.5</b> ② 8.6 n/a 36.4                  | <b>124</b> ○ ♦ 107 ♦ n/a 114 ♦    |  |   |  |                                    |                                     |

### **Tunisia**

Output rank Input rank

Income

Region

Population (mn) GDP, PPP\$ (bn)

71

GII 2020 rank

GDP per capita, PPP\$

| 6          | 64 78 Lower middle              | NAW         | AWA                         |       | 11                  |                 | 123.6            | 10,382              |  | 65                                   |                   |                      |        |
|------------|---------------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------|-------|---------------------|-----------------|------------------|---------------------|--|--------------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------|--------|
|            |                                 |             |                             |       | core/<br>Value      | Rank            |                  |                     |  |                                      | Score<br>Valu     | e/<br>e Rank         |        |
| 血          | Institutior                     | าร          |                             | (     | 61.4                | 75              | •                | 2                   | Business sophisti                                  | cation                               | 16.               | 5 114                | 0      |
|            | Political env<br>Political and  |             |                             |       | <b>53.1</b><br>62.5 | <b>84</b><br>89 |                  | <b>5.1</b> 5.1.1    | Knowledge workers<br>Knowledge-intensive er        | mployment, %                         | <b>19.</b> 0      | <b>6 102</b><br>9 78 |        |
| 1.1.2      | Government                      | effectiver  | ness*                       |       | 48.4                | 80              | •                |                     | Firms offering formal tra                          | aining, %                            | 19.               |                      |        |
|            | Regulatory                      |             | ient                        |       | 56.7                | 90              |                  | 5.1.3<br>5.1.4      | GERD performed by bu<br>GERD financed by busi      |                                      | ② 0.1<br>② 18.9   |                      |        |
|            | Regulatory q                    | uality*     |                             |       | 32.1                | 101             |                  |                     | Females employed w/a                               |                                      | Ø 8.              |                      |        |
|            | Rule of law*<br>Cost of redu    | ndancv di   | smissal                     |       | 48.4<br>21.6        | 60<br>92        | •                | 5.2                 | Innovation linkages                                |                                      | 13.               |                      | $\cap$ |
|            | Business en                     | ,           |                             |       | 74.4                | 54              | •                |                     | University-industry R&D                            | ocollaboration†                      | 32.               |                      | _      |
|            | Ease of start                   |             |                             |       | 94.6                |                 | • •              |                     | State of cluster develop                           | •                                    | 39.               |                      |        |
| 1.3.2      | Ease of resol                   | lving insol | vency*                      |       | 54.2                | 64              |                  |                     | GERD financed by abro                              |                                      | ② 0.0             |                      |        |
|            |                                 |             |                             |       |                     |                 |                  | 5.2.4<br>5.2.5      | Patent families/bn PPP                             | lliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>\$ GDP | 0.0               |                      |        |
| 22         | Human ca                        | apital aı   | nd research                 | 4     | 12.7                | 35              | • •              | 5.3                 | Knowledge absorptio                                |                                      | 16.               |                      | 0      |
| 0.4        | Falusation                      |             |                             |       | 74.0                |                 | • •              |                     | Intellectual property pa                           |                                      | 0.                |                      |        |
|            | <b>Education</b><br>Expenditure | on educa    | tion % GDP                  | 0     | <b>71.2</b> 6.6     | _               | • •              |                     | High-tech imports, % to                            |                                      | 9.                |                      | _      |
|            | •                               |             | upil, secondary, % GDP/ca   |       | 52.4                |                 | • •              |                     | ICT services imports, %                            |                                      | 0.4               |                      | 0      |
|            | School life ex                  | • .         | • •                         | 0     | 15.1                | 50              | •                |                     | FDI net inflows, % GDP                             |                                      | 2.5               |                      |        |
|            |                                 | _           | , maths and science         |       | 371.4               | 74              | 0                | 5.3.5               | Research talent, % in b                            | usinesses                            | Ø 5.              | 2 71                 |        |
|            | Pupil-teache                    |             | condary                     |       | 13.6                | 64              |                  | E-02                | V 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1            |                                      | 0.4               |                      |        |
|            | Tertiary edu                    |             |                             |       | 48.6                |                 | • +              |                     | Knowledge and t                                    | echnology outputs                    | 24.0              | 0 55                 | K      |
|            | Tertiary enro                   |             | gross<br>and engineering, % |       | 31.8<br>43.3        | 82              | • +              | 6.1                 | Knowledge creation                                 |                                      | 24.:              | 2 38                 | • (    |
|            | Tertiary inbo                   |             | •                           |       | 2.2                 | 75              | • •              |                     | Patents by origin/bn PP                            | PP\$ GDP                             | Ø 1.              |                      |        |
|            | -                               |             | -                           |       | 8.2                 | 65              |                  |                     | PCT patents by origin/b                            |                                      | 0.0               |                      |        |
|            | Researchers                     |             | pment (R&D)                 | Ø 1,7 |                     | 42              | •                |                     | Utility models by origin/                          |                                      | n/s               |                      |        |
|            |                                 |             | R&D, % GDP                  | Ø .,. | 0.6                 | 58              | •                | 6.1.4<br>6.1.5      | Scientific and technical<br>Citable documents H-ir |                                      | 40.9<br>11.3      |                      | • •    |
|            | •                               |             | investors, top 3, mn US\$   |       | 0.0                 |                 | 0 0              |                     |  | iuex                                 |                   |                      |        |
| 2.3.4      | QS university                   | / ranking,  | top 3*                      |       | 0.0                 | 74              | $\circ \diamond$ | <b>6.2</b>          | Knowledge impact Labor productivity grow           | uth %                                | <b>29.</b><br>–1. |                      |        |
|            |                                 |             |                             |       |                     |                 |                  |                     | New businesses/th pop                              |                                      | 1.                |                      |        |
| <b>₽</b> ¤ | Infrastruc                      | ture        |                             | 3     | 34.2                | 89              |                  |                     | Software spending, %                               |                                      | 0.3               |                      | • (    |
| 3.1        | Information                     | and comm    | unication technologies (l   | CTc)  | 61.7                | 78              | •                |                     | ISO 9001 quality certific                          |                                      | 8.                |                      | • (    |
|            | ICT access*                     | and Comm    | iuriication technologies (i | O 13) | 61.5                | 73              | •                | 6.2.5               | High-tech manufacturing                            | ıg, %                                | 24.               | 3 51                 |        |
|            | ICT use*                        |             |                             |       | 53.8                | 74              | •                | 6.3                 | Knowledge diffusion                                |                                      | 18.               |                      |        |
| 3.1.3      | Government                      | 's online s | ervice*                     |       | 62.4                | 83              |                  |                     | Intellectual property rec                          | · ·                                  | 0.                |                      |        |
| 3.1.4      | E-participation                 | on*         |                             |       | 69.0                | 73              |                  |                     | Production and export of High-tech exports, % to   |                                      | 51.0<br>4.0       |                      | _`     |
|            | General infr                    |             |                             |       |                     | 128             | $\circ \diamond$ |                     | ICT services exports, %                            |                                      | 1.3               |                      | •      |
|            | Electricity ou                  |             |                             | ,     | 16.7                | 85              |                  |                     | •  |                                      |                   |                      |        |
|            | Logistics per<br>Gross capita   |             |                             |       | 24.3<br>10.3        | 100<br>124      | 00               | a.                  | Creative outputs                                   |                                      | 20.               | 6 [80]               |        |
|            |                                 |             |                             |       | 30.0                | 58              | •                | <b>U</b> )          | •  |                                      |                   |                      |        |
|            | Ecological s<br>GDP/unit of e   |             | •                           |       | 12.0                | 50              | •                | 7.1                 | Intangible assets                                  | - DDD¢ ODD                           |                   | 5 [65]               |        |
|            | Environment                     |             |                             |       | 46.7                | 65              | •                |                     | Trademarks by origin/b<br>Global brand value, top  |                                      | n/a<br>n/a        |                      |        |
| 3.3.3      | ISO 14001 en                    | vironment   | al certificates/bn PPP\$ GD | )P    | 1.9                 | 45              | •                | 7.1.2               | Industrial designs by or                           |                                      | Ø 1.3             |                      |        |
|            |                                 |             |                             |       |                     |                 |                  | 7.1.4               | ICTs and organizational                            | •                                    | 42.               |                      | 0      |
| 111        | Market so                       | phistic     | ation                       | 4     | 40.7                | 98              |                  | 7.2                 | Creative goods and se                              | ervices                              | 12.               | 9 [70]               |        |
|            |                                 | •           |                             |       |                     |                 |                  | 7.2.1               |  | vices exports, % total trade         | n/                |                      |        |
|            | Credit                          | na orodi±*  |                             |       | <b>35.9</b>         | 83              |                  |                     | National feature films/m                           |                                      | Ø 1.              |                      |        |
|            | Ease of getting                 |             | ate sector, % GDP           |       | 50.0<br>86.6        | 94<br>34        | • •              |                     | Entertainment and med                              |                                      | 1.:               |                      | 0      |
|            | Microfinance                    |             |                             | ~     | 0.5                 | 34              | - •              |                     | Printing and other medi<br>Creative goods exports  | _                                    | n/a<br>② 2.0      |                      | _      |
|            | Investment                      | J           | •                           |       | 22.3                | 103             |                  |                     | = :  | , 70 total trade                     |                   |                      | •      |
|            |                                 | ecting min  | ority investors*            |       | 62.0                | 60              |                  | <b>7.3</b><br>7.3.1 | Online creativity Generic top-level doma           | ins (TLDs)/th pop. 15-69             | <b>8.</b> :       | <b>3 107</b> 8 67    | ,      |
|            | Market capit                    | -           | •                           |       | 21.8                | 57              |                  |                     | Country-code TLDs/th                               |                                      | 1.                |                      | •      |
|            |                                 |             | ors, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP     |       | 0.0                 | 47              |                  |                     | Wikipedia edits/mn pop                             |                                      | 31.               |                      |        |
| 4.2.4      | Venture capi                    | tal recipie | nts, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP     |       | 0.0                 | 37              |                  | 7.3.4               | Mobile app creation/bn                             | PPP\$ GDP                            | 0.                |                      | 0      |
|            |                                 |             | , and market scale          |       | 63.9                | 78              |                  |                     |  |                                      |                   |                      |        |
|            |                                 |             | ghted avg., %               | 0     | 9.4                 | 113             | 0                |                     |  |                                      |                   |                      |        |
|            | Domestic inc<br>Domestic ma     |             |                             |       | 88.5<br>23.6        | 56<br>78        |                  |                     |  |                                      |                   |                      |        |
| 4.0.0      | DOLLIGSTIC UIS                  | ai NGL SUdi | 5, ΝΙΙ ΓΓΓΦ                 | ı     | 20.0                | 10              |                  |                     |  |                                      |                   |                      |        |

# **Turkey**

| utput rank  | Input rank   | Income  | Region  | Popu                              | lation (mn)                              | GDP, PPP\$ (bn)   | GDP per capita, PPP\$                   | GII 20              | 20 ra           |
|---|--|---|---|-----------------------------------|--|---|---|---------------------|-----------------|
| 41  | 45   | Upper middle  | NAWA  |                                   | 84.3                                     | 2,381.6   | 28,294                                  | 5                   | 51              |
|   |  |   | Score/  | Dank                              |  |   |   | Score/              | Dank            |
| <u>π</u> Institu  | tions  |   | Value <b>56.0</b>                               | 93                                | <u> </u>                                 | Business sophist  | ication                                 | Value               | 46              |
|   |  |   |   |                                   |  |   |   |                     |                 |
|   | I environment<br>and operations  |   | <b>55.3</b> 62.5                                | <b>75</b><br>89                   |  | <b>Knowledge workers</b><br>Knowledge-intensive e                       | mployment %                             | <b>37.3</b> 22.8    | <b>49</b><br>69 |
|   | nent effectiven  |   | 51.7  | 70                                |  | Firms offering formal tr  |   | 30.7                | 50              |
| 2 Regulat   | ory environm   | ent   | 49.1  | 109 🔾                             |  | GERD performed by b   |   | 0.7                 | 33              |
| 2.1 Regulate  | -  |   | 43.3  | 72                                |  | GERD financed by bus  |   | 56.3                | 18              |
| 2.2 Rule of l   |  |   | 39.3  | 78                                |  | emales employed w/a   | advanced degrees, %                     | 10.1                | 69              |
|   | redundancy dis   |   | 29.8  | 118 🔾                             |  | nnovation linkages<br>Jniversity-industry R&                            | D collaboration <sup>†</sup>            | <b>18.4</b> 43.3    | <b>79</b><br>62 |
|   | s environmer   |   | 63.6  | 91                                |  | State of cluster develo   |   | 49.7                | 48              |
|   | starting a busii<br>resolving insol <sup>,</sup>   |   | 88.8<br>38.5                                    | 62<br>104 ()                      |  | GERD financed by abr  | •                                       | 0.0                 | 71              |
| J.Z Lase OI   | resolving insol  | vericy  | 30.5  | 104 (                             | 5.2.4                                    | Joint venture/strategic a   | alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP             | 0.0                 | 115             |
| • Humai   | n capital ar   | id research   | <b>19</b> 5                                     | 26                                | 5.2.5 F                                  | Patent families/bn PPF  | S GDP                                   | 0.4                 | 33              |
| Tiulila   | n capital al   | la rescaren   | 48.5  | _20 \                             |  | Knowledge absorption  |   | 36.8                | 36              |
| Educati   |  |   | 73.0  | [6]                               |  |   | ayments, % total trade                  | 0.8                 | 56<br>62        |
|   | ture on educat   | *   | n/a   | n/a                               |  | High-tech imports, % t<br>CT services imports, 9                        |   | 7.8<br>0.9          | 6∠<br>84        |
|   | nent tunding/pl<br>ife expectancy  | ıpil, secondary, % GDP/cap  | n/a<br>18.2                                     | n/a<br>11 ● <b>∢</b>              | 521                                      | DI net inflows, % GDI   |   | 1.4                 | 100             |
|   |  | maths and science   | 462.5   | 41                                | ,  | Research talent, % in b   |   | 61.8                | 9               |
|   | acher ratio, sec   |   | ② 16.4  | 80                                |  |   |   |                     |                 |
| 2 Tertiary  | education  | •   | 44.0  | 24                                | ere l                                    | Knowledge and   | technology outputs                      | 25.3                | 50              |
| -   | enrolment, %   | gross   | 113.2   | 2 ● ◆                             |  |   |   |                     |                 |
|   |  | nd engineering, %   | 19.4  | 75                                |  | <b>Knowledge creation</b><br>Patents by origin/bn Pl                    |   | <b>25.6</b><br>3.4  | <b>37</b><br>24 |
| .3 Tertiary   | inbound mobil  | ty, %   | 1.7   | 80                                |  | PCT patents by origin/  |   | 0.7                 | 31              |
|   | ch and develo  |   | 28.4  | 38 ∢                              |  | Jtility models by origin  |   | 1.2                 | 20              |
|   | hers, FTE/mn   | •   | 1,624.3   | 43                                |  |   | l articles/bn PPP\$ GDP                 | 16.0                | 52              |
|   | xpenditure on I<br>orporate R&D  | investors, top 3, mn US\$   | 1.1<br>50.2                                     | 36 <b>4</b> 29 <b>4</b>           | 6.1.5                                    | Citable documents H-i   | ndex                                    | 28.3                | 35              |
|   | ersity ranking,  |   | 23.1  | 45                                |  | Knowledge impact  |   | 36.0                | 38              |
|   |  |   |   |                                   |  | abor productivity gro   |   | 3.6                 | 12              |
| ht Infrasi  | tructure   |   | 47.0  | 48                                |  | New businesses/th po<br>Software spending, %                            |   | 1.6<br>0.5          | 65<br>20        |
|   |  |   |   |                                   |  | SO 9001 quality certifi   |   | 3.3                 | 70              |
|   |  | unication technologies (IC  | <b>Ts) 75.4</b> 67.3                            | <b>47</b><br>66                   | 6.2.5 H                                  | High-tech manufacturi   | ng, %                                   | 23.5                | 55              |
| .1 ICT acce<br>.2 ICT use*  |  |   | 59.1  | 64                                | 6.3 F                                    | Knowledge diffusion   |   | 14.3                | 73              |
|   | nent's online s  | ervice*   | 85.9  | 22                                |  | ntellectual property re   |   | 0.0                 | 76              |
| .4 E-partic   |  |   | 89.3  | 23                                | ,  | Production and export   | . ,                                     | 58.7                | 40              |
| 2 General   | l infrastructur  | e   | 34.4  | 42                                |  | High-tech exports, % t<br>CT services exports, 9                        |   | 1.8<br>0.7          | 61<br>94        |
|   | ty output, GWh   |   | 3,744.2   | 57                                | 0.0.7                                    | OT SCIVIOUS EXPORTS,  | o total trade                           | 0.7                 | 54              |
| -   | s performance  |   | 51.0  | 46                                | @10                                      | Creative outputs  |   | 35.3                | 35              |
|   | apital formation   |   | 28.2  | 26                                | <b>a</b> , (                             | oreative outputs  |   | 00.0                | 00              |
| -   | cal sustainab<br>it of energy use  | -   | <b>31.2</b><br>15.8                             | <b>54</b><br>19 ● •               |  | ntangible assets  |   | 50.2                | 18              |
|   | nental perform   |   | 42.6  | 84                                | 7.1.1                                    | Frademarks by origin/b  |   | 100.6               | 6               |
|   |  | al certificates/bn PPP\$ GDF  |   | 66                                |  | Global brand value, top<br>ndustrial designs by o                       |   | 27.9<br>15.9        | 45<br>5         |
|   |  |   |   |                                   |  | CTs and organizationa   | •                                       | 44.2                | 100             |
| Marko   | t sophistic  | ation   | 49.7  | 49                                |  | Creative goods and s  |   | 16.7                | 61              |
| INIGILIZE   |  |   |   |                                   |  | -   | rvices exports, % total trade           | 0.1                 | 82              |
|   |  |   | <b>40.4</b>                                     | <b>68</b>                         |  | National feature films/r  |   | 2.6                 | 62              |
| Credit  | aattina orodit*  | ata agataw (/ CDD   | 75.0<br>65.4                                    | 34<br>51                          |  |   | dia market/th pop. 15–69                | 5.0                 | 47<br>75        |
| Credit<br>1 Ease of   | getting credit*  | are sector % Give   | 00.4  | 77 O                              |  | Printing and other med<br>Creative goods exports                        |   | 0.7<br>3.1          | 75<br>19        |
| Credit<br>1 Ease of 9   | getting credit*<br>ic credit to priv<br>ance gross loa   |   | ② 0.0   |                                   | 1.2.0                                    | -   | o, 70 total flaue                       |                     |                 |
| Credit 1 Ease of 9 2 Domesti 3 Microfin   | ic credit to priv<br>ance gross loa  |   |   |                                   | 70 /                                     |   |   |                     |                 |
| Credit 1 Ease of 9 2 Domesti 3 Microfin 2 Investm   | ic credit to priv<br>ance gross loa  | ns, % GDP   | <ul><li>0.0</li><li>21.6</li><li>76.0</li></ul> |                                   |  | Online creativity<br>Seneric top-level dom:                             | ains (TLDs)/th non 15–69                | <b>23.9</b> 11.4    | <b>50</b>       |
| Credit 1 Ease of 2 Domesti 3 Microfin 2 Investm 2.1 Ease of 2.2 Market of   | ic credit to privance gross loanent protecting minicapitalization, S   | ns, % GDP<br>ority investors*<br>% GDP  | <b>21.6</b> 76.0 23.3                           | <b>105</b> ○ 21 55                | 7.3.1                                    | -   | ains (TLDs)/th pop. 15–69<br>pop. 15–69 | 23.9<br>11.4<br>2.2 | 36<br>68        |
| Credit 1 Ease of 2 Domesti 2 Microfin 2 Investm 1 Ease of 3 2 Market of 3 3 Venture   | ic credit to privance gross loa<br>ent<br>protecting min<br>capitalization, so<br>capital investo                        | ns, % GDP<br>ority investors*<br>% GDP<br>rs, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP  | <b>21.6</b> 76.0 23.3 0.0                       | <b>105</b> ○ 21 55 85 ○           | 7.3.1 (<br>7.3.2 (                       | Generic top-level dom   | pop. 15–69                              | 11.4                | 36              |
| Credit 1 Ease of 0 2 Domesti 3 Microfin 2 Investm 2.1 Ease of 1 2.2 Market 0 2.3 Venture 2.4 Venture                              | ic credit to privance gross loanent protecting min capitalization, scapital investo capital recipier                     | ns, % GDP  ority investors* % GDP rs, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP nts, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP                                      | <b>21.6</b> 76.0 23.3 0.0 0.0                   | 105 ○<br>21<br>55<br>85 ○<br>83 ○ | 7.3.1 (<br>7.3.2 (<br>7.3.3 V<br>7.3.4 M | Generic top-level doma<br>Country-code TLDs/th                          | pop. 15–69<br>p. 15–69                  | 11.4<br>2.2         | 36<br>68        |
| Credit 1 Ease of .2 Domesti 3 Microfin 2 Investm 2.1 Ease of .2 Market c 2.3 Venture 2.4 Venture 3 Trade, c                       | c credit to priv<br>ance gross loa<br>nent<br>protecting min<br>capitalization, s<br>capital investo<br>capital recipied | ority investors* % GDP rs, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP nts, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP , and market scale                              | 21.6<br>76.0<br>23.3<br>0.0<br>0.0              | 105 ○ 21 55 85 ○ 83 ○ 10 • •      | 7.3.1 (<br>7.3.2 (<br>7.3.3 V<br>7.3.4 M | Generic top-level dom:<br>Country-code TLDs/th<br>Vikipedia edits/mn po | pop. 15–69<br>p. 15–69                  | 11.4<br>2.2<br>52.8 | 36<br>68<br>61  |
| Credit 1.1 Ease of 9 1.2 Domesti 1.3 Microfin 2 Investm 2.1 Ease of 9 2.2 Market 0 2.3 Venture 2.4 Venture 3 Trade, o 3.1 Applied | ic credit to privance gross loanent protecting min capitalization, scapital investo capital recipier                     | ority investors* % GDP rs, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP ots, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP ots, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP ots, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP | <b>21.6</b> 76.0 23.3 0.0 0.0                   | 105 ○<br>21<br>55<br>85 ○<br>83 ○ | 7.3.1 (<br>7.3.2 (<br>7.3.3 V<br>7.3.4 M | Generic top-level dom:<br>Country-code TLDs/th<br>Vikipedia edits/mn po | pop. 15–69<br>p. 15–69                  | 11.4<br>2.2<br>52.8 | 36<br>68<br>61  |

# **Uganda**

119

| Output rank  | Input rank                                     | Income F                        | Region             | Popula                     | tion (mn) | GDP, PPP\$ (bn)  | GDP per capita, PPP\$                     | GII 2                          | 020 ranl                 |
|--|--|---------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|-----------|--|---|--------------------------------|--------------------------|
| 122  | 119  | Low                             | SSF                | 4                          | 5.7       | 106.6  | 2,585                                     |                                | 114                      |
|  |  |                                 | Score/             |                            |           |  |   | Score                          |                          |
| îî Institu   | ıtions   |                                 | Value<br>56.5      | Rank<br>89                 | <u>.</u>  | Business sophist   | ication                                   |                                | Rank                     |
| <del></del>  |  |                                 |                    |                            |           |  |   |                                |                          |
|  | I environment and operational                  | stability*                      | <b>44.7</b> 58.9   | 100                        |           | <b>Knowledge workers</b><br>Knowledge-intensive e  | employment, %                             | 2 10.3                         | <b>120</b> 109           |
| .1.2 Governr   | ment effectivenes                              | SS*                             | 37.6               | 104                        |           | Firms offering formal tr   | 0,  | 2 34.7                         |                          |
| -  | tory environme                                 | nt                              | 67.4               | 59 ● ♦                     |           | GERD performed by b<br>GERD financed by bus  |   | ව <b>0.</b> 0<br>ව <b>3</b> .4 |                          |
| <ul><li>.2.1 Regulate</li><li>.2.2 Rule of I</li></ul> | ory quality*<br>aw*                            |                                 | 33.7<br>38.4       | 96<br>80                   |           | Females employed w/a   | •   | ව 0.1                          |                          |
|  | redundancy disn                                | nissal                          | 8.7                | 18 ● ♦                     |           | Innovation linkages  |   | 22.6                           |                          |
|  | ss environment                                 |                                 |                    | 111                        |           | University-industry R&<br>State of cluster develo  |   | 43.1<br>43.3                   |                          |
|  | starting a busine<br>resolving insolve         |                                 | 71.4<br>43.6       | 123 ♦<br>89                |           | GERD financed by abr   | •   | ② 0.1                          |                          |
| 1.0.2 Lasc 01  | resolving insolve                              | iloy                            | 40.0               | 00                         |           |  | alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP               | 0.0                            |                          |
| <b>Huma</b>  | n capital and                                  | l research                      | 8.1                | 131 ○ ◊                    |           | Patent families/bn PPF   |   | n/a                            |                          |
| 2.1 Educati  | •  |                                 | 11 5               | [131]                      |           | <b>Knowledge absorptio</b><br>Intellectual property pa   | ayments, % total trade                    | <b>13.5</b>                    |                          |
|  | iture on educatio                              | n, % GDP                        | 2.1                | [131]<br>111 ⊝ ♦           | 5.3.2 H   | High-tech imports, %   | total trade                               | ව 6.1                          | l 95                     |
| .1.2 Governn   | ment funding/pup                               | il, secondary, % GDP/cap        | n/a                | n/a                        |           | CT services imports, 9   |   | 0.3<br>3.1                     |                          |
|  | ife expectancy, y                              | rears<br>naths and science      | n/a<br>n/a         | n/a<br>n/a                 |           | FDI net inflows, % GDI<br>Research talent, % in I  |   | ا.د<br>2 4.0                   |                          |
|  | acher ratio, seco                              |                                 | n/a                | n/a                        |           | •  |   |                                |                          |
| •  | education                                      | ,                               | 12.0               | 110                        | 1         | Knowledge and  | technology outputs                        | 11.9                           | 105                      |
| ,  | enrolment, % gr                                |                                 |                    | 124 🔾                      | 6.1 I     | Knowledge creation   |   | 9.1                            | l 86                     |
|  | es in science and inbound mobility             | d engineering, %                | n/a<br>② 10.7      | n/a<br>18 ● ♦              |           | Patents by origin/bn Pl  | PP\$ GDP                                  | ව 0.1                          |                          |
| •  | ch and develop                                 |                                 | 0.7                |                            |           | PCT patents by origin/   |   | 0.0                            |                          |
|  | chers, FTE/mn po                               | • •                             | ② 27.8             | 103                        |           | Utility models by origin   | /bn PPP\$ GDP<br>I articles/bn PPP\$ GDP  | n/a<br>13.8                    |                          |
|  | xpenditure on R8                               |                                 | ② 0.1              | 98                         |           | Citable documents H-i  |   | 10.6                           |                          |
|  | corporate R&D in<br>ersity ranking, to         | vestors, top 3, mn US\$         | 0.0<br>0.0         | 41 ○ ♦                     | 6.2 I     | Knowledge impact   |   | 19.3                           | 3 109                    |
| o. r Qo univ   | orony ranking, to                              | Po                              | 0.0                | 7100                       |           | Labor productivity gro   |   | 0.9                            |                          |
| <b>♂</b> Infrast                                       | tructure                                       |                                 | 30.0               | 103                        |           | New businesses/th po<br>Software spending, %   |   | 0.0<br>0.0                     |                          |
| 3.1 Informa  | tion and commu                                 | nication technologies (ICT      | s) 40.0            | 100 🛦                      | 6.2.4 I   | SO 9001 quality certif   | cates/bn PPP\$ GDP                        | 1.1                            | 106                      |
| 3.1.1 ICT acc  |  | ilication technologies (iC i    | 25.4               | 127 🔾                      |           | High-tech manufacturi  | ng, %                                     | n/a                            |                          |
| 3.1.2 ICT use  |  |                                 | 19.2               |                            |           | <b>Knowledge diffusion</b><br>Intellectual property re   | ceinte % total trade                      | <b>7.</b> 3                    |                          |
| 3.1.3 Governr<br>3.1.4 E-partic                        | nent's online ser                              | vice*                           | 58.2<br>57.1       | 90 <b>♦</b><br>91 <b>♦</b> |           | Production and export  |   | 32.4                           |                          |
| ·  | l infrastructure                               |                                 | 31.1               | 56 ●                       |           | High-tech exports, %   |   | ② <b>0.3</b>                   |                          |
|  | ty output, GWh/r                               | nn pop.                         | n/a                | n/a                        | 6.3.4 I   | CT services exports, 9   | % total trade                             | 0.3                            | 3 110                    |
|  | s performance*                                 | 0/ 000                          | 24.6               | 98                         | RI        | Creative outputs   |   | a n                            | 126                      |
|  | apital formation,<br>i <b>cal sustainabili</b> |                                 | 26.9               | 33 ●                       |           |  |   | 0.0                            | 120                      |
| •  | it of energy use                               | ıy                              | <b>18.9</b><br>n/a | <b>109</b><br>n/a          |           | I <b>ntangible assets</b><br>Trademarks by origin/b  | on DDD\$ CDD                              | <b>15.6</b><br>2 15.2          |                          |
| 3.3.2 Environr   | mental performa                                |                                 | 35.6               | 101                        |           | Global brand value, to   |   | 0.0                            |                          |
| 3.3.3 ISO 1400   | 01 environmental                               | certificates/bn PPP\$ GDP       | 0.4                | 91                         |           | Industrial designs by o  | •   | ② 0.3                          | 3 99                     |
| Marke  | t sophisticat                                  | tion                            | 37.2               | 111                        |           | CTs and organizationation of the control of the con |   | 42.7<br><b>1.0</b>             | 7 104<br><b>) [127]</b>  |
| .1 Credit  |  |                                 | 30.5               | 104                        |           |  | rvices exports, % total trade             | 0.0                            |                          |
|  | getting credit*                                |                                 | 60.0               | 74                         |           | National feature films/r<br>Entertainment and me   | nn pop. 15-69<br>dia market/th pop. 15-69 | n/a<br>n/a                     |                          |
|  |  | e sector, % GDP                 | 13.9               | 122                        | 7.2.4 F   | Printing and other med   | lia, % manufacturing                      | n/a                            | a n/a                    |
|  | ance gross loans                               | 5, 70 UDF                       | 1.4                | 23 •                       |           | Creative goods export  | s, % total trade                          | ② 0.1                          |                          |
| <ol> <li>Investm</li> <li>Ease of</li> </ol>           | nent<br>protecting minor                       | ity investors*                  | <b>32.2</b> 56.0   | <b>[62]</b><br>82 ◆        |           | Online creativity  | ains (TLDs)/th pop. 15–69                 | <b>3.7</b><br>0.2              | <b>7 128</b> (2<br>2 116 |
| .2.2 Market  | capitalization, %                              | GDP .                           | n/a                | n/a                        |           | Generic top-level dom<br>Country-code TLDs/th  | , , , ,                                   | 0.2                            |                          |
|  |  | , deals/bn PPP\$ GDP            | n/a                | n/a                        | 7.3.3 \   | Wikipedia edits/mn po  | p. 15–69                                  | 15.6                           | 5 <b>128</b> $\odot$     |
|  |  | s, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP           | 0.0                | 52                         | 7.3.4     | Mobile app creation/bi   | n PPP\$ GDP                               | n/a                            | a n/a                    |
| -  | tariff rate, weigh                             | and market scale<br>ted avg., % | <b>49.0</b><br>8.1 | <b>117</b><br>103          |           |  |   |                                |                          |
| 1.3.2 Domest   | ic industry divers                             | sification                      | n/a                | n/a                        |           |  |   |                                |                          |
| 133 Domest   | ic market scale I                              | nn PPP\$                        | 106.6              | 81 🔺                       |           |  |   |                                |                          |

NOTES: • indicates a strength;  $\bigcirc$  a weakness; • an income group strength;  $\bigcirc$  an income group weakness; \* an index; † a survey question.  $\odot$  indicates that the economy's data are older than the base year; see appendices for details, including the year of the data, at http://globalinnovationindex.org. Square brackets [] indicate that the data minimum coverage (DMC) requirements were not met at the sub-pillar or pillar level.

106.6 81 ◆

4.3.3 Domestic market scale, bn PPP\$

**Ukraine** GII 2021 rank

| Output rank | Input rank | Income       | Region | Population (mn) | GDP, PPP\$ (bn) | GDP per capita, PPP\$ | GII 2020 rank |
|-------------|------------|--------------|--------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------------|---------------|
| 37          | 76         | Lower middle | EUR    | 43.7            | 527.9           | 12,710                | 45            |

| ;   | 37 76 Lower middle  | EUR   | 43.   |   | 527.9  | 12,710  |   | 45   |   |  |
|---|---|---|---|---|--|---|---|--|---|--|
|   |   | Score/<br>Value   | Dank  |   |  |   | Score/<br>Value                             | Dank   |   |  |
| 血   | Institutions  | 56.2  | 91  | <del>.</del>  | Business sophisticat   | ion   | 28.9  | 53   |   |  |
| .1<br>.1.1<br>.1.2<br>.2<br>.2.1          | Political environment Political and operational stability* Government effectiveness* Regulatory environment Regulatory quality* Rule of law*  | <b>46.0</b> 50.0 44.1 <b>61.3</b> 36.7 28.3                     | <b>101</b><br>123 ○ ◇<br>90<br><b>78</b><br>92<br>108 | 5.1.3<br>5.1.4  | Knowledge workers  | yment, %<br>g, %<br>ss, % GDP   | 38.9<br>37.5<br>24.3<br>0.3<br>30.5<br>30.2 | 45<br>32<br>64<br>49<br>59<br>2              |   |  |
| <b>.3</b><br>.3.1<br>.3.2                 | Cost of redundancy dismissal  Business environment  Ease of starting a business*  Ease of resolving insolvency*   |   | 52<br>117 O   | 5.2.2<br>5.2.3<br>5.2.4                                 | Innovation linkages University-industry R&D coll State of cluster developmen GERD financed by abroad, Joint venture/strategic allianc Patent families/bn PPP\$ GD  | t and depth <sup>†</sup><br>% GDP<br>e deals/bn PPP\$ GDP                         | 18.0<br>42.3<br>40.3<br>0.1<br>0.0<br>0.2   | 84<br>67<br>100<br>38<br>116 (               | 0 |  |
| .1.1<br>.1.2<br>.1.3<br>.1.4              | Education Expenditure on education, % GDP Government funding/pupil, secondary, % GDP/cap School life expectancy, years PISA scales in reading, maths and science Pupil-teacher ratio, secondary     | 38.2<br>61.3<br>5.4<br>30.3<br>② 14.9<br>462.7<br>7.8           | 23  | 5.3.2<br>5.3.3<br>5.3.4                                 | Knowledge absorption<br>Intellectual property paymer<br>High-tech imports, % total t<br>ICT services imports, % total<br>FDI net inflows, % GDP<br>Research talent, % in busing                                      | rade @  | 1.0<br>3.6                                  | 59<br>46<br>36<br>78<br>36<br>45             |   |  |
| .2.1<br>.2.2<br>.2.3                      | Tertiary education Tertiary enrolment, % gross Graduates in science and engineering, % Tertiary inbound mobility, % Research and development (R&D)  | <b>42.8</b> ② 82.7 25.1 3.5 <b>10.4</b> ② 988.1                 | 33  | 6.1.3   | Knowledge creation Patents by origin/bn PPP\$ 0 PCT patents by origin/bn PP Utility models by origin/bn P  | GDP<br>P\$ GDP<br>PP\$ GDP  | 32.3<br>35.7<br>3.7<br>0.3<br>14.9          |  | • |  |
| 3.2<br>3.3<br>3.4                         |   | © 0.5<br>0.0<br>20.6  | 69<br>41 ○ ♢<br>51 ◆                                  | <b>6.2</b> 6.2.1 6.2.2                                  | Scientific and technical artic<br>Citable documents H-index<br>Knowledge impact<br>Labor productivity growth, 9<br>New businesses/th pop. 15-<br>Software spending, % GDP  | <b>%</b>  | 9.1<br>17.0<br><b>31.4</b><br>0.7<br>0.5    | 90<br>51<br><b>61</b><br>54<br>61<br>17      | • |  |
| 1.2<br>1.3<br>1.4<br><b>2</b><br>2.1      | Information and communication technologies (ICT ICT access* ICT use* Government's online service* E-participation*  General infrastructure  Electricity output, GWh/mn pop.  Logistics performance* | 64.9<br>65.0<br>45.5<br>68.2<br>81.0<br>12.8<br>3,546.9<br>36.4 | <b>69</b>   | 6.2.4<br>6.2.5<br><b>6.3</b><br>6.3.1<br>6.3.2<br>6.3.3 | ISO 9001 quality certificates<br>High-tech manufacturing, %<br>Knowledge diffusion<br>Intellectual property receipts<br>Production and export comp<br>High-tech exports, % total to<br>ICT services exports, % total | s, % total trade<br>olexity<br>rade   | 3.3<br>18.4<br><b>29.8</b><br>0.1<br>52.4   | 72<br>65<br><b>35</b><br>48<br>44<br>60<br>9 | • |  |
| 2.3<br><b>3</b><br>3.1<br>3.2             | Gross capital formation, % GDP  Ecological sustainability GDP/unit of energy use Environmental performance* ISO 14001 environmental certificates/bn PPP\$ GDP                                       | 6.9<br><b>19.2</b>  | 125 ○ ◊   | <b>7.1</b><br>7.1.1<br>7.1.2                            | Creative outputs Intangible assets Trademarks by origin/bn PP Global brand value, top 5,00 Industrial designs by origin/ICTs and organizational mod  | 00, % GDP<br>bn PPP\$ GDP   | <b>45.0</b><br>96.8<br>3.1<br>8.3<br>55.6   | 29<br>10 0<br>74<br>15 0<br>58               | • |  |
| . <b>1</b><br>1.1<br>1.2                  | Market sophistication  Credit Ease of getting credit* Domestic credit to private sector, % GDP Microfinance gross loans, % GDP  | <b>42.3 34.3</b> 75.0  30.1  ② 0.0                              | <b>90</b> 34 94 79 ○                                  | <b>7.2</b><br>7.2.1<br>7.2.2<br>7.2.3<br>7.2.4          | Creative goods and service<br>Cultural and creative services<br>National feature films/mn po<br>Entertainment and media m<br>Printing and other media, %   | es<br>exports, % total trade<br>pp. 15–69<br>arket/th pop. 15–69<br>manufacturing | 7.0<br>0.5<br>0.6<br>n/a<br>0.8             | 93<br>47<br>97 0<br>n/a<br>68<br>78          | 0 |  |
| 2<br>2.1<br>2.2<br>2.3<br>2.4<br>3<br>3.1 | Investment Ease of protecting minority investors*   | 17.9<br>68.0  | 120 ○ 44 73 ○ ◇ 68 93 ○ ◇ 44 ♦ 89 51                  | <b>7.3</b> 7.3.1 7.3.2 7.3.3                            | Creative goods exports, % to Online creativity Generic top-level domains (Country-code TLDs/th pop. Wikipedia edits/mn pop. 15-Mobile app creation/bn PPP  | TLDs)/th pop. 15–69<br>15–69<br>-69   | 26.4<br>4.5<br>5.1<br>65.0<br>29.1          | <b>45</b> 55 55 44                           | • |  |

# **United Arab Emirates**

Income

Region

Output rank Input rank

GII 2021 rank

33

GII 2020 rank

| 47   | 23  | High  | NAWA  | 9                                   | .9                           | 647.6   | 58,466  | •   | 34                              |
|--|---|---|---|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|---|---|---|---------------------------------|
|  |   |   | Score/<br>Value                             | Rank                                |                              |   |   | Score/<br>Value                           | Rank                            |
| <u>त्त</u> ी In                              | stitutions  |   | 78.4  | 30                                  | 2                            | Business sophisti   | cation  | 47.2                                      | 22                              |
| 1.1 Po                                       | olitical environment<br>olitical and operational sta<br>overnment effectiveness*  | ability*  | <b>78.6</b> 73.2 81.2                       | <b>24</b><br>44<br>20               |                              | Knowledge workers<br>Knowledge-intensive er<br>Firms offering formal tra  | aining, %   | <b>51.4</b> 36.0 n/a                      | <b>26</b><br>37<br>n/a          |
| 2.1 Re                                       | egulatory environment<br>egulatory quality*<br>ule of law*  |   | <b>84.5</b> 69.1 68.9                       | <b>21</b><br>36<br>33               | 5.1.4                        | GERD performed by busing GERD financed by busing Females employed w/ac  | ness, %   | 74.3                                      | 29<br>5 (<br>77 (               |
| <b>3 B</b> u<br>3.1 Ea                       | ost of redundancy dismis<br>usiness environment<br>use of starting a business   | *   | 8.0<br><b>72.0</b><br>94.8                  | 1 ● ◆ <b>61</b> 16                  | 5.2.2                        | Innovation linkages University-industry R&D State of cluster develop GERD financed by abro  | ment and depth <sup>†</sup>                                   | <b>42.5</b><br>62.1<br>68.5<br>n/a        | 21<br>19<br>9<br>n/a            |
|  | use of resolving insolvenc<br>uman capital and r  | -   | 49.3<br><b>49.9</b>                         | 72<br><b>22</b>                     | 5.2.4<br>5.2.5               | Joint venture/strategic al<br>Patent families/bn PPP\$  | liance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>S GDP                            | 0.2<br>0.1                                | 15<br>59                        |
| I Ed<br>I.1 Ex<br>I.2 Go<br>I.3 Sc<br>I.4 PI | ducation  spenditure on education,  overnment funding/pupil,  shool life expectancy, yea  SA scales in reading, may  upil-teacher ratio, second | % GDP<br>secondary, % GDP/cap<br>irs<br>ths and science | 52.0<br>3.1<br>n/a<br>15.7<br>433.5<br>10.5 | 61<br>94 ○ ♦<br>n/a<br>43<br>47 ○ ♦ | 5.3.2<br>5.3.3<br>5.3.4      | Knowledge absorption<br>Intellectual property pay<br>High-tech imports, % to<br>ICT services imports, %<br>FDI net inflows, % GDP<br>Research talent, % in br | yments, % total trade<br>otal trade<br>o total trade          | 47.7<br>0.8<br>13.0<br>1.0<br>2.8<br>77.9 | 16<br>54<br>17<br>75<br>57<br>2 |
|  | ertiary education   | 2   | <b>59.2</b>                                 | 3 • ♦                               |                              | Knowledge and t   | echnology outputs   | 22.2                                      | 59                              |
| 2.2 Gr<br>2.3 Te                             | rtiary enrolment, % gros<br>raduates in science and e<br>rtiary inbound mobility, %   | ngineering, %<br>%                                      | 52.6<br>31.0<br>② 48.6                      | 60<br>15 ◆<br>1 • ◆                 | <b>6.1</b> 6.1.1 6.1.2       | Knowledge creation<br>Patents by origin/bn PP<br>PCT patents by origin/b  |   | <b>5.9</b><br>0.1<br>0.1                  | 105<br>105<br>60                |
| .1 Re<br>.2 Gr                               | esearch and developme<br>esearchers, FTE/mn pop.<br>ross expenditure on R&D<br>obal corporate R&D inve  | , % GDP   | 38.6<br>② 2,378.9<br>② 1.3<br>64.9          | <b>28</b><br>36<br>29<br>19         |                              | Utility models by origin/<br>Scientific and technical<br>Citable documents H-in   | bn PPP\$ GDP<br>articles/bn PPP\$ GDP                         | 0.0<br>7.7<br>12.8                        | 75<br>97<br>60                  |
| 8.4 QS                                       | S university ranking, top 3   |   | 35.8<br>58.1                                | 33<br>14 •                          | 6.2.2                        | Knowledge impact<br>Labor productivity grow<br>New businesses/th pop<br>Software spending, % (  | . 15–64   | <b>29.5</b><br>-0.8<br>3.0<br>0.3         | 65<br>80<br>48<br>40            |
|  | formation and communic  | ation technologies (IC                                  | •   | 12 •                                |                              | ISO 9001 quality certific<br>High-tech manufacturin   |   | 5.6<br>26.3                               | 51<br>46                        |
| .2 IC<br>.3 Go<br>.4 E- <sub>I</sub>         | T access* T use* overnment's online servic participation* eneral infrastructure   | e*  | 87.3<br>83.7<br>90.0<br>94.0<br><b>52.9</b> | 13 ●<br>12 ●<br>15<br>16            | 6.3.2                        | Knowledge diffusion<br>Intellectual property rec<br>Production and export of<br>High-tech exports, % to   | complexity  | <b>31.3</b><br>1.1<br>43.6<br>9.4         | 32<br>19<br>62<br>17            |
| .1 Ele<br>.2 Lo                              | ectricity output, GWh/mn<br>ogistics performance*   |   | 14,120.8<br>88.6                            | 8 <b>●</b><br>11 <b>● ◆</b>         |                              | Creative outputs  | total trade   | 2.0                                       | 58                              |
|  | oss capital formation, % cological sustainability   | GDP   | 27.7<br><b>32.7</b>                         | 30<br><b>51</b>                     | -,                           | ·   |   | 33.8                                      | 40                              |
| 3.1 GE<br>3.2 En                             | DP/unit of energy use<br>ovironmental performance<br>O 14001 environmental ce   |   | 10.1<br>55.6                                | 66<br>40<br>32                      | 7.1.2<br>7.1.3               | Intangible assets Trademarks by origin/br Global brand value, top Industrial designs by ori ICTs and organizational   | 5,000, % GDP<br>gin/bn PPP\$ GDP                              | 33.1<br>8.1<br>133.4<br>0.1<br>67.3       | 55<br>115<br>14<br>111<br>24    |
| ĭίΜ  | arket sophisticatio   | n   | 56.7  | 26                                  | <b>7.2</b><br>7.2.1          | Creative goods and se   |   | <b>50.5</b><br>n/a                        | <b>2</b><br>n/a                 |
| .1 Ea<br>.2 Do                               | redit use of getting credit* comestic credit to private s icrofinance gross loans, 9  | ,   | <b>50.6</b><br>70.0<br>77.6<br>n/a          | <b>28</b><br>44<br>39<br>n/a        | 7.2.2<br>7.2.3<br>7.2.4      | National feature films/m<br>Entertainment and med<br>Printing and other media<br>Creative goods exports   | n pop. 15–69<br>ia market/th pop. 15–69<br>a, % manufacturing | 10.6<br>25.9<br>1.4<br>7.2                | 18<br>25<br>30<br>6             |
| 2.1 Ea<br>2.2 Ma<br>2.3 Ve                   | vestment<br>ase of protecting minority<br>arket capitalization, % Gl<br>enture capital investors, d<br>enture capital recipients, o             | OP<br>eals/bn PPP\$ GDP                                 | <b>41.1</b><br>80.0<br>58.0<br>0.1<br>0.1   | 34<br>13 ◆<br>29<br>20<br>18        | <b>7.3</b> 7.3.1 7.3.2 7.3.3 | Online creativity   | ins (TLDs)/th pop. 15–69<br>pop. 15–69<br>. 15–69             | <b>18.4</b><br>10.6<br>7.8<br>46.4<br>9.1 | 64<br>38<br>44<br>71<br>50      |
| 3.1 Ap<br>3.2 Do                             | ade, diversification, and oplied tariff rate, weighted omestic industry diversification market scale, but                                       | d avg., %<br>cation                                     | <b>78.4</b><br>3.9<br>92.9<br>647.7         | <b>34</b><br>73<br>43<br>33         |                              |   | •   |   |                                 |

Population (mn) GDP, PPP\$ (bn) GDP per capita, PPP\$

# **United Kingdom**

4

| Output ran               | k Input rank                                      | Income Re                | egion               | Pop                      | ulation    | (mn)           | GDP, PPP\$ (bn)                                      | GDP per capita, PPP\$                      | GII 20             | 20 rai         |
|--------------------------|---|--------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|------------|----------------|--|--|--------------------|----------------|
| 6                        | 7   | High I                   | EUR                 |                          | 67.9       |                | 2,978.6  | 44,288                                     |                    | 4              |
|                          |   |                          | Score/<br>Value     | Rank                     |            |                |  |  | Score/<br>Value    | Rank           |
| 🗰 Insti                  | tutions   |                          | 86.6                | 15                       |            | <del>•</del> 1 | Business sophist                                     | ication                                    | 49.7               | 21             |
| 1 Politic                | cal environment                                   |                          | 80.0                | 21                       | 5.         | .1 1           | Knowledge workers                                    |  | 61.2               | 14             |
|                          | al and operational sta                            | ability*                 | 75.0                | 40                       |            |                | Knowledge-intensive                                  | employment, %                              | 50.6               | 7              |
| 1.2 Gover                | nment effectiveness*                              |                          | 82.6                | 18                       |            |                | Firms offering formal tr                             | •  | n/a                | n/a            |
| _                        | atory environment                                 |                          | 92.4                | 9                        |            |                | GERD performed by b<br>GERD financed by bus          |  | 1.2<br>54.8        | 18<br>19       |
| 2.1 Regula<br>2.2 Rule o | atory quality*                                    |                          | 86.0                | 13<br>16                 |            |                | Females employed w/a                                 |  | 24.1               | 17             |
|                          | of redundancy dismiss                             | sal                      | 88.9<br>9.3         | 25                       |            |                | nnovation linkages                                   | <b>o</b> ,                                 | 47.0               | 17             |
|                          | ess environment                                   |                          | 87.4                | 12                       |            |                | Jniversity-industry R&                               | D collaboration†                           | 63.7               | 16             |
|                          | of starting a business                            | *                        | 94.6                | 17                       |            |                | State of cluster develo                              | •  | 59.7               | 26             |
| 3.2 Ease                 | of resolving insolvenc                            | y*                       | 80.3                | 13                       |            |                | GERD financed by abr                                 |  | 0.2                | 16             |
|                          |   |                          |                     |                          |            |                | Patent families/bn PPF                               | alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP                | 0.2<br>2.0         | 13<br>20       |
| 🙎 Hum                    | an capital and re                                 | esearch                  | 58.2                | 10                       |            |                | Knowledge absorption                                 |  | 40.7               | 27             |
| l Educa                  | ation   |                          | 59.7                | 28                       |            |                |  | ayments, % total trade                     | 1.7                | 19             |
|                          | ation<br>diture on education,                     | % GDP                    | <b>59.7</b> 5.4     | 2 <b>8</b><br>21         |            |                | High-tech imports, %                                 |  | 10.8               | 23             |
|                          |   | secondary, % GDP/cap     | 20.8                | 44 0                     |            |                | CT services imports,                                 |  | 1.5                | 51             |
|                          | I life expectancy, yea                            |                          | 17.2                | 16                       |            |                | FDI net inflows, % GDI                               |  | 2.8                | 59             |
|                          | scales in reading, mat                            |                          | 503.5               | 12                       |            | .3.5 1         | Research talent, % in I                              | ousinesses                                 | 41.9               | 32             |
|                          | teacher ratio, second                             | ary @                    |                     | 82 🔾                     |            | مره            | Vnowledge end  | toobnology outputo                         | E0 2               | 10             |
|                          | ry education                                      | _                        | 47.4                | 18                       |            |                | Knowledge and  | technology outputs                         | 52.3               | 10             |
|                          | y enrolment, % gross<br>ates in science and e     |                          | 61.4<br>26.9        | 48 ⊜<br>28               | 6.         | .1 1           | Knowledge creation                                   |  | 65.0               | 8              |
|                          | y inbound mobility, %                             | •                        | 18.3                | 8                        |            |                | Patents by origin/bn Pl                              | •  | 5.6                | 16             |
|                          | arch and developme                                |                          | 67.7                | 9                        |            |                | PCT patents by origin/                               |  | 2.0                | 19             |
|                          | rchers, FTE/mn pop.                               | (1.0.2)                  | 4,701.2             | 19                       |            |                | Utility models by origin                             | l/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>Il articles/bn PPP\$ GDP | n/a<br>43.7        | n/a<br>13      |
|                          | expenditure on R&D,                               |                          | 1.8                 | 21                       | 6.         |                | Citable documents H-i                                |  | 100.0              | 1              |
|                          | I corporate R&D inves                             |                          | 84.5                | 8 •                      |            |                | Knowledge impact                                     |  | 43.1               | 19             |
| 3.4 QS un                | iversity ranking, top 3                           | 3*                       | 94.9                | 2 •                      | •          |                | _abor productivity gro                               | wth, %                                     | -3.0               | 112            |
| . et                     |   |                          |                     |                          |            |                | New businesses/th po                                 |  | 15.6               | 8              |
| 🌣 Infra                  | structure   |                          | 59.7                | 10                       |            |                | Software spending, %                                 |  | 0.5                | 14             |
| Inform                   | nation and communic                               | ation technologies (ICTs | 93.4                | 2 ●                      |            |                | SO 9001 quality certif<br>High-tech manufacturi      |  | 8.3<br>44.9        | 33<br>18       |
| .1 ICT ac                | cess*   |                          | 93.9                | 3 ●                      | •          |                | •  | •  |                    |                |
| .2 ICT us                |   |                          | 86.2                | 9                        | 6          |                | Knowledge diffusion<br>ntellectual property re       |  | <b>48.9</b><br>2.8 | <b>15</b><br>8 |
|                          | nment's online servic                             | e*                       | 95.9<br>97.6        | 6 <b>●</b><br>6 <b>●</b> | <u>'</u> ۔ |                | Production and export                                |  | 78.7               | 13             |
| .4 E-part                | •   |                          |                     |                          | 6.         | .3.3 I         | High-tech exports, % t                               | total trade                                | 8.6                | 19             |
|                          | r <b>al infrastructure</b><br>city output, GWh/mn | non                      | <b>34.7</b> 4,804.5 | <b>40</b><br>48 ○        | ♦ 6.       | .3.4 I         | CT services exports, 9                               | % total trade                              | 3.3                | 28             |
|                          | ics performance*                                  | рор.                     | 90.1                | 9                        | _          | - •            |  |  |                    |                |
| _                        | capital formation, %                              | GDP                      | 15.7                |                          | o 💠 🤅      | <b>3</b> , (   | Creative outputs                                     |  | 54.0               | 4              |
| B Ecolo                  | gical sustainability                              |                          | 50.9                | 14                       | 7.         | 1 1            | ntangible assets                                     |  | 56.0               | 10             |
|                          | ınit of energy use                                |                          | 17.2                | 12                       | 7.         |                | Frademarks by origin/b                               | on PPP\$ GDP                               | 53.8               | 40             |
|                          | nmental performance                               |                          | 81.3                | 4 •                      | 7.         | .1.2           | Global brand value, to                               | 5,000, % GDP                               | 160.7              | 8              |
| 3.3 150 14               | 001 environmental cer                             | rtificates/bn PPP\$ GDP  | 3.6                 | 26                       |            |                | ndustrial designs by o                               | •  | 8.5                | 14             |
| <b>₩</b>                 | ot conhistication                                 |                          | 70.4                | 4.0                      |            |                | CTs and organizationa                                |  | 79.1               | 6              |
| Mark                     | cet sophisticatio                                 | n                        | 78.1                | 4 ●                      |            |                | Creative goods and s                                 |  | 44.8               | 6              |
| Credi                    | t   |                          | 65.3                | 10                       |            |                | Juiturai and creative se<br>National feature films/r | rvices exports, % total trade              | 2.5<br>6.2         | 6<br>36        |
|                          | of getting credit*                                |                          | 75.0                | 34                       |            |                |  | dia market/th pop. 15-69                   | 61.8               | 8              |
|                          | stic credit to private s                          |                          | 133.6               | 14                       | 7.         | .2.4 I         | Printing and other med                               | lia, % manufacturing                       | 1.9                | 18             |
|                          | inance gross loans, 9                             | 70 GDP                   | n/a                 | n/a                      |            | .2.5           | Creative goods export                                | s, % total trade                           | 3.5                | 16             |
| 2 Invest                 |   | in contact               | 80.0                | 5 ●                      |            |                | Online creativity                                    |  | 59.0               | 10             |
|                          | of protecting minority<br>t capitalization, % GI  |                          | 84.0<br>n/a         | 7<br>n/a                 |            |                | •  | ains (TLDs)/th pop. 15–69                  | 60.1               | 10             |
|                          | e capital investors, d                            |                          | 0.3                 | 9                        |            |                | Country-code TLDs/th<br>Wikipedia edits/mn po        |  | 69.4               | 8<br>11        |
|                          | re capital recipients, o                          |                          | 0.2                 | 7                        |            |                | Wikipedia edits/mn po<br>Mobile app creation/bi      | •  | 80.0<br>22.4       | 24             |
|                          | , diversification, and                            |                          | 89.1                | 3 ●                      |            | 1              |  | ψ ω Ει                                     |                    | 4              |
|                          | d tariff rate, weighted                           |                          | 1.8                 | 25 🔾                     |            |                |  |  |                    |                |
|                          | stic industry diversific                          |                          | 98.6                | 6 ●                      | )          |                |  |  |                    |                |
| 3.3 Dome                 | stic market scale, bn                             | PPP\$                    | 2,978.6             | 9                        |            |                |  |  |                    |                |

# **United Republic of Tanzania**

Region

Population (mn) GDP, PPP\$ (bn)

Income

Output rank Input rank

GII 2021 rank

90

GII 2020 rank

GDP per capita, PPP\$

| 65  | 120  | Lower middle   | SSF   |  | 59         | .7   | 165.3   | 2,851  |   | 88   |
|---|--|--|---|--|------------|--|---|--|---|--|
|   |  |  | Score/<br>Value   | Rank   |            |  |   |  | Score/<br>Value   | Rank   |
| <u></u> Ir  | nstitutions  |  | 52.7  | 103  |            | 2  | Business sophistica   | ation  | 16.0  | 119  |
| I.1.1 Po<br>I.1.2 G<br>I.2.1 Ro<br>I.2.2 Ro<br>I.2.3 C<br>I.3.3 B<br>I.3.1 Ea | colitical environmen olitical and operation inverse egulatory environment egulatory quality* under of law* eost of redundancy districts environment ase of starting a busiase of resolving insolving | al stability* ness* nent smissal nt ness*  | <b>63.2</b> 26.7 31.5 9.3 <b>56.7</b> 74.4                        | 122<br>119<br>122<br>73<br>108<br>102<br>25<br>114<br>119<br>102 | * * • •    | 5.1.3<br>5.1.4<br>5.1.5<br><b>5.2</b><br>5.2.1<br>5.2.2<br>5.2.3 | Females employed w/adva<br>Innovation linkages<br>University-industry R&D c<br>State of cluster developme<br>GERD financed by abroad                                      | ing, % less, % GDP less, % GDP less, % GDP less, % GDP less, % GDP less, % GDP less, % GDP less, % GDP less, % GDP | 3.4<br>30.7<br>n/a<br>0.1<br>0.4<br><b>22.1</b><br>47.2<br>50.7 | 50<br>n/a<br>101<br>122 ○<br><b>59</b> •<br>46 •<br>43 •<br>29 • |
| • • H   | luman capital aı   | nd research  | 10.9  | 125  | $\Diamond$ |  | Joint venture/strategic allia<br>Patent families/bn PPP\$ G   |  | 0.0   | 96   |
| 2.1 E<br>2.1.1 E<br>2.1.2 G<br>2.1.3 S<br>2.1.4 P                             | ducation<br>xpenditure on educa  | tion, % GDP<br>upil, secondary, % GDP/cap @<br>, years<br>, maths and science  | <b>29.1</b><br>3.7  |  | \$         | 5.3.2<br>5.3.3<br>5.3.4  | Knowledge absorption<br>Intellectual property paymr<br>High-tech imports, % tota<br>ICT services imports, % to<br>FDI net inflows, % GDP<br>Research talent, % in bus     | I trade data trade   | 16.2<br>0.1<br>7.8<br>0.2<br>1.8<br>n/a                         | 63 ●<br>127<br>84  |
| 2.2 Te  | ertiary education  | •  | 1.0   | 130  |            |  | Knowledge and ted   | chnology outputs   | 12.2  | 100  |
| 2.2.2 G<br>2.2.3 Te<br>2.3.1 R<br>2.3.1 R<br>2.3.2 G<br>2.3.3 G               | · ·  | and engineering, % ity, % pment (R&D) pop. R&D, % GDP investors, top 3, mn US\$  |   | 65<br>41   |            | 6.1.3  | Knowledge creation Patents by origin/bn PPP\$ PCT patents by origin/bn lutility models by origin/bn Scientific and technical ar Citable documents H-inde Knowledge impact | PPP\$ GDP<br>I PPP\$ GDP<br>ticles/bn PPP\$ GDP  | 5.5<br>0.2<br>0.0<br>0.0<br>9.0<br>10.0                         | 109<br>99<br>98 0<br>74<br>91<br>79                              |
| <b>⇔</b> Ir<br>3.1 In   |  | nunication technologies (ICTs  | 29.9  | 105<br>115   |            | 6.2.2<br>6.2.3<br>6.2.4  | Labor productivity growth<br>New businesses/th pop. 1<br>Software spending, % GD<br>ISO 9001 quality certificat<br>High-tech manufacturing,                               | 5–64<br>P<br>es/bn PPP\$ GDP   | 4.1<br>0.2<br>0.0<br>0.5<br>8.7                                 | 124 🔾  |
| 3.1.2 IC<br>3.1.3 G<br>3.1.4 E-<br>3.2 G                                      | CT access* CT use* iovernment's online s -participation* ieneral infrastructur lectricity output, GW   | re   | 27.7<br>9.6<br>55.3<br>56.0<br><b>35.6</b><br>128.4               | 124<br>130<br>95<br>93<br><b>38</b><br>119                       | • •        | 6.3<br>6.3.1<br>6.3.2<br>6.3.3                                   | Knowledge diffusion<br>Intellectual property receip<br>Production and export con<br>High-tech exports, % tota<br>ICT services exports, % to                               | ots, % total trade<br>mplexity<br>I trade  | 41.7<br>2.0   | <b>94</b><br>109<br>67<br>57 ●<br>120                            |
|   | ogistics performance<br>iross capital formatio   |  | n/a<br>38.1   | n/a<br>9   | • +        | <b>&amp;</b> ,   | Creative outputs  |  | 31.4  | [44]   |
| 3.3.1 G<br>3.3.2 E  | cological sustainab<br>iDP/unit of energy us<br>nvironmental perforn<br>SO 14001 environment   | е  |   | 91<br>116<br>115   |            |  | Intangible assets Trademarks by origin/bn F Global brand value, top 5, Industrial designs by origin ICTs and organizational m   | 000, % GDP<br>n/bn PPP\$ GDP   | 47.2<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>47.2                               | n/a<br>n/a   |
| iii v   | larket sophistic   | ation  | 37.5  | 109  |            | <b>7.2</b><br>7.2.1  | Creative goods and service Cultural and creative service  |  | <b>28.7</b>   | <b>[28]</b><br>n/a   |
| l.1.1 Ea<br>l.1.2 D<br>l.1.3 M  | redit<br>ase of getting credit*<br>lomestic credit to priv<br>licrofinance gross loa   |  | <b>27.6</b> 65.0 12.1 0.1   | 114<br>61<br>124<br>55   |            | 7.2.2<br>7.2.3<br>7.2.4  | National feature films/mn  <br>Entertainment and media<br>Printing and other media,<br>Creative goods exports, 9  | pop. 15–69<br>market/th pop. 15–69<br>% manufacturing  | n/a<br>n/a<br>1.7   | n/a<br>n/a<br>22 ●   |
| 4.2.1 Ea<br>4.2.2 M<br>4.2.3 Ve<br>4.2.4 Ve<br>4.3.1 A<br>4.3.2 D             | •  | % GDP  ors, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP  ors, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP  ors, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP  ors, and market scale  ghted avg., %  ersification | 27.4<br>50.0<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>0.0<br>57.6<br>8.4<br>67.0<br>165.3 | 92 n/a n/a 64 103 105 100 70                                     |            | 7.3.3  | Online creativity Generic top-level domains Country-code TLDs/th po Wikipedia edits/mn pop. 1 Mobile app creation/bn Pl   | p. 15–69<br>5–69   | 0.2<br>0.2<br>12.4  | 130 ○<br>120<br>111<br>130 ○<br>n/a                              |

# **United States of America**

Region

Income

Output rank Input rank

GII 2021 rank

3

Population (mn) GDP, PPP\$ (bn) GDP per capita, PPP\$ GII 2020 rank

| - Outp  | 4  | 3  | High  | NAC   | 33   |   | 20,807.3  | 63,051   |  | 20 rank<br><b>3</b>                   |
|---|--|--|---|---|--|---|---|--|--|---------------------------------------|
|   |  |  |   | Score/<br>Value   | Rank   |   |   |  | Score/<br>Value  | Rank                                  |
| 血   | Institu  | tions  |   | 87.6  | 12   | <b>2</b>  | Business sophis   | tication   | 63.0   | 2 • •                                 |
| 1.2<br>1.2.1<br>1.2.2<br>1.2.3                          | Political<br>Governm<br>Regulat<br>Regulato<br>Rule of la<br>Cost of r | redundancy dism  | es*   | 80.8<br>75.0<br>83.7<br>91.0<br>78.7<br>85.2<br>8.0                       | 19 40  | 5.1.1<br>5.1.2<br>5.1.3<br>5.1.4<br>5.1.5<br><b>5.2</b> | Knowledge workers Knowledge-intensive of Firms offering formal to GERD performed by bus GERD financed by bus Females employed w/will Innovation linkages University-industry R8 | raining, %<br>usiness, % GDP<br>siness, %<br>advanced degrees, %   | 73.5<br>52.0<br>n/a<br>2.3<br>63.1<br>28.0<br>59.9<br>74.4 | 4 4 n/a 5 10 5 • 5 3 • •              |
|   | Ease of s  | ss environment<br>starting a busine<br>resolving insolve                         | ncy*  | 91.0<br>91.6<br>90.5  | 48<br>2 • ◆  | 5.2.2<br>5.2.3<br>5.2.4                                 | State of cluster develo<br>GERD financed by abr   | pment and depth <sup>†</sup><br>road, % GDP<br>alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP                                     | 73.7<br>0.2<br>0.2<br>3.4                                  | 1 ● ◆<br>19<br>6 ◆<br>12              |
| 2.1.3   | Educati<br>Expendi<br>Governm<br>School li<br>PISA sca                 | ture on educatio<br>nent funding/pup<br>ife expectancy, y                        | n, % GDP<br>I, secondary, % GDP/ca<br>ears<br>naths and science                                       | 58.1  57.6  © 5.0  ap 22.7  16.3  495.3  © 14.6                           | 11<br>41<br>42<br>31<br>29<br>24<br>71 $\bigcirc$ $\Diamond$ | 5.3.1<br>5.3.2<br>5.3.3<br>5.3.4                        | Knowledge absorpti<br>Intellectual property p<br>High-tech imports, %<br>ICT services imports,<br>FDI net inflows, % GD<br>Research talent, % in                                | ayments, % total trade<br>total trade<br>% total trade<br>P  | 55.7<br>1.6<br>16.9<br>1.6<br>1.6<br>72.5                  | 7<br>22<br>10<br>47<br>89 0<br>4      |
| 2.2<br>2.2.1<br>2.2.2<br>2.2.3<br>2.3<br>2.3.1          | Tertiary Tertiary Graduate Tertiary Researc                            | education<br>enrolment, % gr   | oss<br>d engineering, %<br>, %<br>nent (R&D)  | 38.6<br>88.3<br>19.0<br>5.2<br>78.3<br>②4,408.2<br>3.1                    | <b>45</b> 11 78 ○ 47 <b>2</b> • ◆ 22 8                       | <b>6.1</b> 6.1.1 6.1.2 6.1.3 6.1.4                      | Knowledge creation Patents by origin/bn P PCT patents by origin/ Utility models by origin Scientific and technica   | 'bn PPP\$ GDP<br>n/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>al articles/bn PPP\$ GDP  | <b>72.9</b> 13.3 2.8 n/a 18.9                              | 3 • 4<br>1 • 4<br>12<br>n/a<br>46     |
| 2.3.3<br>2.3.4  | Global c<br>QS university<br>Infrast<br>Informat                       | orporate R&D in<br>ersity ranking, to<br>tructure<br>tion and commun             | estors, top 3, mn US\$  | 100.0<br>98.8<br>55.3<br>CTs) 90.1  | 1 • •<br>1 • •   | <b>6.2</b> 6.2.1 6.2.2 6.2.3 6.2.4                      | Citable documents H-<br>Knowledge impact<br>Labor productivity gro<br>New businesses/th pc<br>Software spending, %<br>ISO 9001 quality certif<br>High-tech manufactur           | wth, %<br>p. 15–64<br>GDP<br>icates/bn PPP\$ GDP   | 100.0<br><b>56.9</b><br>1.6<br>n/a<br>1.1<br>1.0<br>44.9   | 1 • 4<br>30 • n/a<br>1 • 4<br>110 • 4 |
| 3.1.3<br>3.1.4<br><b>3.2</b><br>3.2.1                   | ICT use* Governn E-partici General Electricit                          | nent's online ser  |   | 83.5<br>82.1<br>94.7<br>100.0<br><b>45.1</b><br>13,284.9<br>85.3          | 22<br>18<br>7<br>1 <b>●</b><br>18<br>9                       | 6.3.1<br>6.3.2<br>6.3.3                                 | Knowledge diffusion<br>Intellectual property re<br>Production and expor<br>High-tech exports, %<br>ICT services exports,  | eceipts, % total trade<br>t complexity<br>total trade  | <b>47.7</b> 4.3 79.7 8.8 2.0                               | 16<br>1 ● 4<br>11<br>18<br>56         |
|   |  | apital formation,  | % GDP   | 20.3  | 86 🔾   | <b>4</b> ,  | Creative outputs  |  | 47.8   | 12                                    |
| 3.3.2   | GDP/uni<br>Environn  | cal sustainabili<br>t of energy use<br>nental performai<br>11 environmental      |   | 30.8<br>9.1<br>69.3<br>OP 0.2   | 55   | 7.1.1<br>7.1.2<br>7.1.3                                 | Intangible assets<br>Trademarks by origin/l<br>Global brand value, to<br>Industrial designs by o<br>ICTs and organizations  | p 5,000, % GDP<br>origin/bn PPP\$ GDP  | 48.8<br>21.5<br>209.5<br>1.1<br>83.7                       | 21<br>91 0 <<br>4 6<br>66<br>1 • 6    |
| 4.1.3   | Credit<br>Ease of onesti<br>Microfina                                  | ance gross loans   | e sector, % GDP   | 81.5<br>88.0<br>95.0<br>191.8<br>n/a                                      | 1 • • 4 • 2 • • n/a  | 7.2<br>7.2.1<br>7.2.2<br>7.2.3<br>7.2.4<br>7.2.5        | Creative goods and secultural and creative second and creative second and creative second and creative second and creative goods exports.                                       | services<br>rvices exports, % total trade<br>mn pop. 15–69<br>dia market/th pop. 15–69<br>dia, % manufacturing | 43.0<br>1.9<br>2.9<br>100.0<br>1.4<br>3.0                  | 7<br>8<br>60 ○<br>1 • •<br>31<br>21   |
| 4.2.2<br>4.2.3<br>4.2.4<br><b>4.3</b><br>4.3.1<br>4.3.2 | Market of<br>Venture<br>Venture<br>Trade, d<br>Applied<br>Domesti      | protecting minor<br>capitalization, %<br>capital investors<br>capital recipients | GDP<br>, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>s, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>and market scale<br>ted avg., %<br>iffication | 73.2<br>71.6<br>② 152.9<br>0.3<br>0.3<br>83.4<br>13.8<br>98.6<br>20,807.3 | 9  | 7.3.1<br>7.3.2<br>7.3.3                                 | Online creativity Generic top-level dom Country-code TLDs/tt Wikipedia edits/mn po Mobile app creation/b  | p. 15–69   | <b>50.4</b><br>100.0<br>2.1<br>69.5<br>27.4                | 21<br>1 • 4<br>70 <<br>40 <<br>21     |

# **Uruguay**

65

| Output rank   | Input rank  | Income  | Region   | Popula                                    | tion (mn)   | GDP, PPP\$ (bn)  | GDP per capita, PPP\$  | GII 20                                    | 20 rank                                   |
|---|---|---|--|---|---|--|--|---|---|
| 63  | 69  | High  | LCN  | 3   | 3.5   | 75.3   | 21,338   | (   | 69  |
|   |   |   | Score/<br>Value  | Ponk                                      |   |  |  | Score/<br>Value                           | Donk                                      |
| î Institu   | tions   |   | 70.3   | 44  | <b>≗</b> E  | Business sophist   | tication   | 22.4                                      | 81  |
| 1.1 Politica<br>1.1.1 Political   | l environment<br>and operational<br>nent effectivenes                       | •   | <b>72.0</b><br>83.9<br>66.1                            | <b>38</b><br>13 <b>●</b><br>40            | <b>5.1 K</b> 5.1.1 K 5.1.2 F                        | Knowledge workers<br>Knowledge-intensive e<br>Firms offering formal tr   | employment, %<br>raining, %  | <b>27.0</b> 22.3 53.3                     | <b>82</b><br>71<br>14 ●                   |
| 1.2.1 Regulate<br>1.2.2 Rule of l   | ory environmer<br>ory quality*<br>aw*<br>redundancy dism                    |   | <b>67.3</b> 56.8 63.1 20.8                             | <b>60</b>                                 | 5.1.4 G<br>5.1.5 F                                  | GERD performed by book<br>GERD financed by bused<br>Gemales employed w/annovation linkages   |  | 9 0.1<br>4.6<br>10.4<br><b>17.0</b>       | 63<br>83 ()<br>68<br><b>95</b>            |
| 1.3.1 Ease of s<br>1.3.2 Ease of s  | ss environment<br>starting a busine<br>resolving insolve                    | ncy*  | <b>71.6</b><br>89.6<br>53.6                            | <b>65</b><br>56<br>65                     | 5.2.2 S<br>5.2.3 G<br>5.2.4 J                       | University-industry R&<br>State of cluster develo<br>GERD financed by abr<br>oint venture/strategic a<br>Patent families/bn PPF  | pment and depth <sup>†</sup><br>oad, % GDP<br>alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP  | 39.5<br>45.2<br>0.0<br>0.0<br>0.2         | 79<br>76<br>59<br>88<br>44                |
| 2.1 Educati<br>2.1.1 Expendi<br>2.1.2 Governn<br>2.1.3 School I<br>2.1.4 PISA sca   | ture on educatio<br>nent funding/pup<br>ife expectancy, y                   | n, % GDP<br>il, secondary, % GDP/c<br>ears<br>naths and science | 31.7 52.3 5.0 ap 16.1 ② 16.8 423.5 ③ 12.7              | <b>59</b> 37 69 ♦ 20 ● 52 ♦ 55            | 5.3 K<br>5.3.1 Ir<br>5.3.2 H<br>5.3.3 IG<br>5.3.4 F | Knowledge absorption   | on<br>ayments, % total trade<br>total trade<br>% total trade<br>P  | 23.1<br>0.8<br>6.6<br>2.8<br>3.0<br>0.6   | <b>74</b> 52 85 12 ● 50 81 ○              |
| <b>2.2 Tertiary</b> 2.2.1 Tertiary 2.2.2 Graduat  | education<br>enrolment, % gro   | oss<br>d engineering, %   | 33.4<br>② 63.1<br>② 17.5<br>n/a                        | 65  | <b>6.1 K</b> 6.1.1 P                                | Cnowledge and Cnowledge creation Patents by origin/bn Ple CT patents by origin/  | The state of the s | 21.4<br>11.7<br>0.3<br>n/a                | <b>63 72</b> 86 n/a                       |
| 2.3.1 Researc<br>2.3.2 Gross ex<br>2.3.3 Global c   |   | op.<br>kD, % GDP<br>vestors, top 3, mn US\$                     |  | 61  | 6.1.3 L<br>6.1.4 S<br>6.1.5 C                       | Itility models by origin   | n/bn PPP\$ GDP   | 0.3<br>16.2<br>11.2<br>32.2               | 42<br>51<br>68<br><b>57</b>               |
| <b>⇔</b> Infrast  | ersity ranking, to  | p 3"<br>nication technologies (l                                | 21.2<br>45.4<br>(CTs) 80.5                             | 49<br>53 ♦                                | 6.2.1 L<br>6.2.2 N<br>6.2.3 S<br>6.2.4 IS           | abor productivity gro<br>lew businesses/th po<br>software spending, %<br>SO 9001 quality certifi   | p. 15–64<br>GDP<br>icates/bn PPP\$ GDP   | 2.1<br>1.3<br>0.2<br>13.2                 | 27<br>78<br>62<br>22 •                    |
| <ul> <li>3.1.1 ICT acce</li> <li>3.1.2 ICT use*</li> <li>3.1.3 Governn</li> <li>3.1.4 E-partici</li> <li>3.2 General</li> <li>3.2.1 Electricit</li> </ul> | nent's online servipation*  I infrastructure  ty output, GWh/r              | vice*   | 77.7<br>74.4<br>84.1<br>85.7<br><b>20.0</b><br>4,653.2 | 42<br>36<br>31<br>29<br><b>111</b> ○ ♦    | 6.3.1 Ir<br>6.3.2 P<br>6.3.3 H                      | And the control of th | ceipts, % total trade<br>complexity<br>total trade   | 20.3<br>20.3<br>0.3<br>44.4<br>0.8<br>3.6 | 73<br><b>53</b><br>32<br>60<br>77<br>25 ● |
|   | s performance*<br>apital formation,   | % GDP   | 29.6<br>16.3   | 84  | <b>%</b> , c  | Creative outputs   |  | 24.5                                      | 64  |
| 3.3.1 GDP/uni<br>3.3.2 Environr   | cal sustainabili<br>t of energy use<br>nental performar<br>11 environmental |   | 35.8<br>14.6<br>49.1<br>OP 2.9                         | <b>45</b> 25 ● 58 ♦ 29 ●                  | 7.1.1 T<br>7.1.2 G<br>7.1.3 Ir                      | ntangible assets<br>rademarks by origin/b<br>Blobal brand value, top<br>ndustrial designs by o<br>CTs and organizationa  | o 5,000, % GDP<br>rigin/bn PPP\$ GDP   | 29.5<br>52.6<br>0.0<br>0.7<br>58.4        | <b>72</b><br>43<br>80 ○<br>77<br>50       |
| <b>iii</b> Marke  | t sophisticat   | ion   | 37.6   | 108 ○ ◊                                   | 7.2 C   | reative goods and s  | services   | 14.4                                      | 64  |
| 4.1.2 Domesti   | getting credit*<br>c credit to privat<br>ance gross loans                   | e sector, % GDP<br>s, % GDP                                     | 27.9<br>60.0<br>28.1<br>② 0.0                          | <b>113</b> ○                              | 7.2.2 N<br>7.2.3 E<br>7.2.4 P                       | lational feature films/r   | dia market/th pop. 15–69<br>lia, % manufacturing   | 1.3<br>9 4.7<br>n/a<br>1.1<br>0.0         | 20 ●<br>46<br>n/a<br>46<br>112 ○          |
| 4.2.2 Market of 4.2.3 Venture   | protecting minor<br>capitalization, %<br>capital investors                  |   | 23.9<br>30.0<br>n/a<br>0.2<br>0.0                      | <b>95</b><br>122 ○ ♦<br>n/a<br>19 •<br>66 | 7.3.1 G<br>7.3.2 C<br>7.3.3 V                       | Online creativity<br>Generic top-level dom<br>Country-code TLDs/th<br>Vikipedia edits/mn po<br>Mobile app creation/bi  | p. 15–69   | 24.7<br>6.4<br>11.5<br>69.8<br>8.6        | 48<br>49<br>40<br>37<br>51                |
|   | liversification, a  | and market scale  | <b>61.1</b>  | <b>91</b> ♦                               |   |  |  |   |   |

NOTES: • indicates a strength;  $\bigcirc$  a weakness; • an income group strength;  $\bigcirc$  an income group weakness; \* an index; † a survey question.  $\odot$  indicates that the economy's data are older than the base year; see appendices for details, including the year of the data, at http://globalinnovationindex.org. Square brackets [] indicate that the data minimum coverage (DMC) requirements were not met at the sub-pillar or pillar level.

5.3 89 ♦

75.1 89 🔾

75.3 90

4.3.1 Applied tariff rate, weighted avg., %

4.3.2 Domestic industry diversification

4.3.3 Domestic market scale, bn PPP\$

# **Uzbekistan**

86

| Output rank   | Input rank   | Income   | Region   | Populati   | ion (mn)  | GDP, PPP\$ (bn)  | GDP per capita, PPP\$   | GII 20  | 20 rank                                 |
|---|--|--|--|--|---|--|---|---|---|
| 100   | 75   | Lower middle   | CSA  | 33   | 5.5   | 250.2  | 7,378   |   | 93                                      |
|   |  |  | Score/<br>Value  | Rank   |   |  |   | Score/<br>Value                                 | Rank                                    |
| institu   | tions  |  | 55.8   | 94   | 🔓 B   | Business sophist   | ication   | 14.8  | 123]                                    |
| Political 1.1.1 Political 1.1.1.2 Governn 1.2 Regulat 1.2.1 Regulat 1.2.2 Rule of l 1.2.3 Cost of l 1.3.1 Busines 1.3.1 Ease of l 1.3.2 Ease of l 1.3.2 Educati | Political environment  Political and operational stability*  Government effectiveness*  Regulatory environment  Regulatory quality*  Regulatory quality*  Cost of redundancy dismissal  Business environment  Ease of starting a business*  Ease of resolving insolvency*  Human capital and research  Education |  | 47.6<br>64.3<br>39.2<br>49.9<br>17.5<br>19.1<br>17.3<br>69.8<br>96.2<br>43.5<br>30.4 | 126 ○ ♦<br>123   ♦<br>69<br><b>72</b><br>8 • •<br>90 | 5.1 K 5.1.1 K 5.1.2 F 5.1.3 G 5.1.4 G 5.1.5 F 5.2 Ir 5.2.1 U 5.2.2 S 5.2.3 G 5.2.4 J 5.2.5 P 5.3 K 5.3.1 Ir | inowledge workers inowledge-intensive eims offering formal trace. ERD performed by bus emales employed w/annovation linkages iniversity-industry R& tate of cluster developieRD financed by abroint venture/strategic attent families/bn PPF (nowledge absorption) | employment, % raining, % usiness, % GDP iness, % advanced degrees, %  D collaboration† pment and depth† pad, % GDP alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP GDP ayments, % total trade | 22.8<br>n/a<br>16.9<br>0.1<br>42.4<br>n/a       |   |
| 2.1.2 Governn<br>2.1.3 School I<br>2.1.4 PISA sca<br>2.1.5 Pupil-tea  | nent funding/pu<br>ife expectancy,<br>ales in reading,<br>acher ratio, sec   | ipil, secondary, % GDP/cap<br>, years<br>maths and science                           | n/a<br>12.5<br>n/a<br>10.9   | n/a<br>87<br>n/a<br>37 • ◆                           | 5.3.3 IC<br>5.3.4 F<br>5.3.5 R  | CT services imports, 9<br>DI net inflows, % GDI<br>lesearch talent, % in I   | % total trade<br>Dusinesses   | 0.3<br>2.8<br>2 12.9                            | 115<br>58<br>60                         |
| 2.2.1 Tertiary<br>2.2.2 Graduat<br>2.2.3 Tertiary   | es in science a<br>inbound mobili<br>ch and develo<br>hers, FTE/mn p   | nd engineering, %<br>ty, %<br>pment (R&D)<br>pop.                                    | 32.0<br>12.6<br>34.5<br>0.2<br>2.0<br>② 476.2<br>② 0.1                               | 68<br>108<br>7 • ◆<br>105 ○<br>95<br>69<br>99        | 6.1 K<br>6.1.1 P<br>6.1.2 P<br>6.1.3 U<br>6.1.4 S   | nowledge creation atents by origin/bn Pl CT patents by origin/tility models by origin  | bn PPP\$ GDP<br>/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>I articles/bn PPP\$ GDP  | 17.9<br>10.6<br>1.5<br>0.0<br>1.1<br>2.1<br>4.4 | 77 47 98 0 < 22 • 125 0 112             |
| 2.3.4 QS unive  | ersity ranking, t  | investors, top 3, mn US\$ top 3*  unication technologies (IC                         | 0.0<br>0.0<br>40.4<br>Ts) 66.9   | 41 ○ ◇<br>74 ○ ◇<br>72 ◆<br>65 ◆                     | 6.2 K<br>6.2.1 L<br>6.2.2 N<br>6.2.3 S<br>6.2.4 IS  | inowledge impact<br>abor productivity grow<br>lew businesses/th poleoftware spending, %<br>SO 9001 quality certificity<br>ligh-tech manufacturi  | wth, %<br>p. 15–64<br>GDP<br>icates/bn PPP\$ GDP  | 35.1<br>4.6<br>1.6<br>n/a<br>2.3<br>24.0        | <b>42 ● 4</b> 8 ● 4 63 n/a 83 52        |
| 3.1.4 E-partic<br>3.2 General<br>3.2.1 Electrici  | nent's online se<br>ipation*<br>I <b>infrastructur</b><br>ty output, GWh   | e<br>/mn pop.  | 60.1<br>48.3<br>78.2<br>81.0<br><b>35.7</b><br>1,908.6                               | 76 ◆ 84 46 ◆ 46 ◆ 37 ◆ 82                            | <b>6.3 K</b> 6.3.1 Ir 6.3.2 P 6.3.3 H   | ğ.   |   | 8.0<br>0.0<br>34.4<br>0.1<br>0.8                | 102<br>103<br>79<br>119<br>87           |
|   | s performance'<br>apital formatior   |  | 24.6<br>39.5   | 95<br>7 <b>● ◆</b>                                   | <b>%</b> , c  | reative outputs  |   | 12.3  | 113                                     |
| 3.3.1 GDP/uni<br>3.3.2 Environr<br>3.3.3 ISO 1400   | iross capital formation, % GDP<br>cological sustainability<br>GDP/unit of energy use<br>nvironmental performance*<br>GO 14001 environmental certificates/bn PPP\$ GD   |  | 18.7<br>5.8<br>44.3<br>9 0.2   | <b>111</b> 110 77 ◆ 116                              | 7.1.1 To<br>7.1.2 G<br>7.1.3 In   | Intangible assets  1 Trademarks by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP  2 Global brand value, top 5,000, % GDP  3 Industrial designs by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP  |   |   | [ <b>106]</b><br>71<br>n/a<br>69<br>n/a |
| <b>4.1 Credit</b><br>4.1.1 Ease of 4.1.2 Domesti  | Ease of getting credit*<br>Domestic credit to private sector, % GDP<br>Microfinance gross loans, % GDP   |  | <b>30.2</b><br>65.0<br>30.0<br>0.0   | 24 ● ◆ 105 61 95 80 ○                                | 7.2.1 C<br>7.2.1 C<br>7.2.2 N<br>7.2.3 E<br>7.2.4 P   | Creative goods and services  |   | n/a<br>5.9<br>0.0<br>4.2<br>n/a<br>0.7<br>0.2   | 95<br>47<br>n/a<br>79<br>86             |
| 4.2.2 Market of<br>4.2.3 Venture<br>4.2.4 Venture<br>4.3 Trade, of<br>4.3.1 Applied   | protecting mino<br>capitalization, 9<br>capital investor<br>capital recipier   | % GDP rs, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP nts, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP , and market scale hted avg., % | 70.0<br>70.0<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>70.4<br>© 8.7<br>95.9<br>250.2                  | [11] 36 ● n/a n/a n/a 62 110 22 ● ◆ 60               | 7.3 C<br>7.3.1 G<br>7.3.2 C<br>7.3.3 W  | Inline creativity  | ains (TLDs)/th pop. 15–69<br>pop. 15–69<br>p. 15–69   | <b>5.3</b> 0.0 1.1 23.7 0.0                     | 122<br>131 0 <<br>82<br>116<br>99 0     |

# Viet Nam

44

| Output rank | Input rank | Income       | Region | Population (mn) | GDP, PPP\$ (bn) | GDP per capita, PPP\$ | GII 2020 rank |
|-------------|------------|--------------|--------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------------|---------------|
| 38          | 60         | Lower middle | SEAO   | 97.3            | 1,047.3         | 10,755                | 42            |

|   |   | Score/<br>Value  | Rank  |   |   |  | Score/<br>Value   | Rank  |
|---|---|--|---|---|---|--|---|---|
| 血   | Institutions  | 58.8   | 83  |   | 2   | Business sophistication  | 30.8  | 47 ◆  |
| 1.2<br>1.2.1<br>1.2.2<br>1.2.3<br>1.3<br>1.3.1          | Political environment Political and operational stability* Government effectiveness* Regulatory environment Regulatory quality* Rule of law* Cost of redundancy dismissal Business environment Ease of starting a business* Ease of resolving insolvency* | 60.5<br>78.6<br>51.5<br>54.3<br>36.6<br>46.3<br>24.6<br>61.6<br>85.1<br>38.0 | 58<br>34<br>71<br>98<br>93<br>64<br>104<br>101<br>88<br>106 G | • | 5.1.3<br>5.1.4<br>5.1.5<br><b>5.2</b><br>5.2.1<br>5.2.2<br>5.2.3<br>5.2.4 | Knowledge workers Knowledge-intensive employment, % Firms offering formal training, % ② GERD performed by business, % GDP ③ GERD financed by business, % @ Females employed w/advanced degrees, %  Innovation linkages University-industry R&D collaboration† State of cluster development and depth† GERD financed by abroad, % GDP ② Joint venture/strategic alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP | 31.0<br>13.2<br>22.2<br>0.4<br>64.1<br>8.0<br>22.1<br>53.0<br>63.6<br>0.0 | 66<br>100 ○<br>68<br>44 ◆<br>79<br>58<br>34 ◆<br>17<br>64<br>74 |
| 22  | Human capital and research  | 28.1   | 79  |   | 5.2.5<br><b>5.3</b>   | Patent families/bn PPP\$ GDP  Knowledge absorption   | 0.0<br><b>39.2</b>  | 92<br><b>30</b> ◆   |
| 2.1.3<br>2.1.4  | Education Expenditure on education, % GDP Government funding/pupil, secondary, % GDP/cap School life expectancy, years PISA scales in reading, maths and science Pupil-teacher ratio, secondary   | 54.2<br>4.2<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>0 502.0<br>18.6                                 | [52]<br>62<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>16<br>91                          | • | 5.3.1<br>5.3.2<br>5.3.3<br>5.3.4  | Intellectual property payments, % total trade High-tech imports, % total trade ICT services imports, % total trade FDI net inflows, % GDP Research talent, % in businesses   | 0.2<br>25.7<br>0.1<br>6.3<br>24.1   | 91<br>3 • ◆<br>129 ○ ◇<br>16 •<br>52                            |
| 2.2   | Tertiary education Tertiary enrolment, % gross  | <b>23.2</b> 28.6   | <b>90</b><br>87   |   |   | Knowledge and technology outputs   | 29.4  | 41 ◆  |
| 2.2.2<br>2.2.3<br><b>2.3</b><br>2.3.1<br>2.3.2<br>2.3.3 | Graduates in science and engineering, % Tertiary inbound mobility, %  Research and development (R&D) Researchers, FTE/mn pop.   | 20.5<br>22.7<br>0.4<br><b>6.9</b><br>Ø 707.7<br>Ø 0.5<br>0.0<br>8.9          | 54<br>102 ©<br><b>68</b><br>57<br>64<br>41 ©<br>66            |   | 6.1.3<br>6.1.4<br>6.1.5<br><b>6.2</b>                                     | Knowledge creation Patents by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP PCT patents by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP Utility models by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP Scientific and technical articles/bn PPP\$ GDP Citable documents H-index Knowledge impact Labor productivity growth, %  | 9.8<br>0.7<br>0.0<br>0.4<br>10.4<br>13.0<br>36.4<br>5.8                   | 79 73 88 38 83 58 36  |
| <b>₽</b> ₽  | Infrastructure  | 38.2   | 79  | • |   | New businesses/th pop. 15–64 ② Software spending, % GDP  | 1.1<br>0.3  | 81<br>49  |
| 3.1.3<br>3.1.4<br><b>3.2</b><br>3.2.1<br>3.2.2          | Information and communication technologies (ICT ICT access* ICT use* Government's online service* E-participation*  General infrastructure Electricity output, GWh/mn pop. Logistics performance* Gross capital formation, % GDP                          | 52.8<br>55.6<br>65.3<br>70.2<br>33.1<br>2,521.9<br>57.0<br>26.2              | 79 87 71 78 70 47 74 38 39                                    | • | 6.2.5<br>6.3<br>6.3.1<br>6.3.2<br>6.3.3<br>6.3.4                          | ISO 9001 quality certificates/bn PPP\$ GDP High-tech manufacturing, %  Knowledge diffusion Intellectual property receipts, % total trade Production and export complexity High-tech exports, % total trade ICT services exports, % total trade  Creative outputs   | 3.8<br>29.9<br><b>41.9</b><br>0.0<br>47.2<br>32.1<br>0.3                  | 65<br>42  |
| 3.3<br>3.3.1  | Ecological sustainability GDP/unit of energy use  | <b>20.5</b><br>8.1   | <b>95</b><br>90   |   | 7.1   | Intangible assets  | 41.9  | 35 ♦  |
| 3.3.2<br>3.3.3  | Environmental performance* ISO 14001 environmental certificates/bn PPP\$ GDP  | 33.4<br>1.5  |   | • |   | Trademarks by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP Global brand value, top 5,000, % GDP Industrial designs by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP ICTs and organizational model creation <sup>†</sup>   | 73.3<br>80.8<br>2.2<br>54.4   | 23 ◆<br>25 ◆<br>45<br>63  |
| <u>iii</u>  | Market sophistication   | 57.2   | 22  | • | <b>7.2</b><br>721   | Creative goods and services Cultural and creative services exports, % total trade  | <b>26.0</b> 0.1   | <b>35</b> ♦ 91 ⊜  |
| 4.1.3<br><b>4.2</b><br>4.2.1<br>4.2.2                   | Credit Ease of getting credit* Domestic credit to private sector, % GDP Microfinance gross loans, % GDP Investment Ease of protecting minority investors* Market capitalization, % GDP Venture capital investors, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP                      | 66.1<br>80.0<br>137.9<br>3.1<br>20.6<br>54.0<br>55.8<br>0.0                  | 9 • 23 12 • 11 • 111 • 88 31 71                               | • | 7.2.2<br>7.2.3<br>7.2.4<br>7.2.5<br><b>7.3</b><br>7.3.1<br>7.3.2          | Autional feature films/mn pop. 15–69  Entertainment and media market/th pop. 15–69 Printing and other media, % manufacturing Creative goods exports, % total trade  Online creativity Generic top-level domains (TLDs)/th pop. 15–69 Country-code TLDs/th pop. 15–69 Wikipedia edits/mn pop. 15–69   | 1.2<br>2.8<br>0.9<br>5.8<br><b>23.9</b><br>2.5<br>2.1                     | 81<br>52 • •<br>64<br>11 • •<br>49 •<br>71 •<br>69 •<br>79      |
| <b>4.3</b><br>4.3.1<br>4.3.2                            | Venture capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP <b>Trade, diversification, and market scale</b> Applied tariff rate, weighted avg., %  Domestic industry diversification  Domestic market scale, bn PPP\$  | 0.0<br><b>85.0</b><br>1.7<br>98.3<br>1,047.3                                 | 54<br>15 •<br>21<br>9 •<br>23                                 | • |   | Mobile app creation/bn PPP\$ GDP   | 47.9  | 10 • ◆  |

GII 2020 rank

5.1 120

0.0 82

GDP per capita, PPP\$

Yemen GII 2021 rank

Population (mn) GDP, PPP\$ (bn)

| 1  | 25   | 132  | Low   | NAWA   | 29  | 8.0   | 62.7  | 1,931  |   | 1   | 31   |
|--|--|--|---|--|---|---|---|--|---|---|--|
|  |  |  |   | Score/<br>Value  | Rank  |   |   |  |   | Score/<br>Value   | Rank   |
| <u></u>  | Institut   | ions   |   | 27.6   | 132 ○ ◇   | 2   | Business sophistic  | ation  |   | 18.6  | 102  |
| .2.1<br>.2.2<br>.2.3<br>.3.1                     | Political a<br>Governme<br>Regulator<br>Regulator<br>Rule of lav<br>Cost of re<br>Business<br>Ease of st |  | ss*  nt  nissal   | 0.0<br>0.0<br><b>30.8</b><br>0.0<br>0.0<br>27.4<br><b>51.9</b><br>76.8 | 132 $\bigcirc$ $\diamondsuit$ 127 $\diamondsuit$ 132 $\bigcirc$ $\diamondsuit$ 132 $\bigcirc$ $\diamondsuit$ 110 $\diamondsuit$ | 5.1.3<br>5.1.4<br>5.1.5<br><b>5.2</b><br>5.2.1<br>5.2.2<br>5.2.3<br>5.2.4 | Knowledge workers Knowledge-intensive em Firms offering formal trait GERD performed by busin- Females employed w/adv Innovation linkages University-industry R&D State of cluster developm GERD financed by abroat Joint venture/strategia. | ning, % iness, % GDP ess, % vanced degrees, %  collaboration† nent and depth† d, % GDP ance deals/bn PPP\$ GDI | <ul><li>Ø</li><li>Ø</li><li>Ø</li></ul> | 11.4   12.4 14.3 n/a n/a 1.1 17.0 31.0 n/a 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0. | 102<br>91<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>113<br><b>124</b><br>127<br>122<br>n/a<br>103 |
| 2  | Human  | capital and  | research  | 10.1   | [127]   | 5.2.5<br><b>5.3</b>   | Patent families/bn PPP\$  Knowledge absorption  | GDP  |   | 0.0<br><b>32.5</b>  | 100<br><b>50</b>   |
| .1.3   | Governme<br>School life<br>PISA scale  | ure on educatio<br>ent funding/pup<br>e expectancy, y                | il, secondary, % GDP/ca<br>rears<br>naths and science                   | n/a  | [ <b>126]</b> n/a 86 112 n/a 110  | 5.3.1<br>5.3.2<br>5.3.3<br>5.3.4  | Intellectual property payr<br>High-tech imports, % tot<br>ICT services imports, %<br>FDI net inflows, % GDP<br>Research talent, % in bu   | al trade<br>total trade  |   | 3.3<br>2.4<br>0.3<br>–1.3<br>n/a  | 5<br>127<br>122<br>124   |
| 2.2  |  | education  |   | 8.4  | 115   | مهمو  | Knowledge and te  | chnology output  | S                                       | 7.2   | 126  |
| 2.2.2<br>2.2.3<br>2.3<br>2.3.1<br>2.3.2<br>2.3.3 | Graduates<br>Tertiary in<br>Research<br>Research<br>Gross exp<br>Global co                               | bound mobility<br>h and develop<br>ers, FTE/mn po<br>penditure on R& | d engineering, % y, %  ment (R&D) pp. kD, % GDP vestors, top 3, mn US\$ | n/a<br>n/a   | 56 <b>●</b><br>[ <b>123]</b><br>n/a   | 6.1.3<br>6.1.4<br>6.1.5<br><b>6.2</b>                                     | Knowledge creation Patents by origin/bn PPP PCT patents by origin/bn Utility models by origin/b Scientific and technical a Citable documents H-inc Knowledge impact Labor productivity growt  | PPP\$ GDP<br>n PPP\$ GDP<br>rticles/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>lex  | Ø                                       | 6.6<br>0.9<br>n/a<br>0.0<br>10.6<br>3.3<br>10.1<br>-3.7                           | 97<br>66<br>n/a<br>69<br>81<br>121<br>123<br>114                         |
| υ¢   | Infrastr   | ucture   |   | 19.8   | 129   | 6.2.2   | New businesses/th pop.  | 15-64  |   | n/a   | n/a  |
| 3.1<br>3.1.1                                     |  | on and commu   | nication technologies (I  | CTs) 25.2  |   | 6.2.4   | Software spending, % G<br>ISO 9001 quality certificated<br>High-tech manufacturing  | ites/bn PPP\$ GDP  | Ø                                       | 0.1<br>0.2<br>1.2   | 99<br>131<br>110   |

6.3 Knowledge diffusion

6.3.1 Intellectual property receipts, % total trade

| 3.1.2<br>3.1.3<br>3.1.4 | Information and communication technologies (ICTs) ICT access* ICT use* Government's online service* E-participation* General infrastructure | 31.0             | 126<br>128<br>123                             |
|-------------------------|---|------------------|---|
| 3.2.1                   | Electricity output, GWh/mn pop.   | 126.6            | 120   |
| 3.2.2                   | Logistics performance*  | 10.2             | 120   |
| 3.2.3                   | Gross capital formation, % GDP  | 6.4              | 126 ○ ♦                                       |
| <b>3.3</b> 3.3.1        | <b>Ecological sustainability</b> GDP/unit of energy use   | <b>31.5</b> 21.1 | <b>53                                    </b> |
| 3.3.2                   | Environmental performance*  | n/a              | n/a   |
| 3.3.3                   | ISO 14001 environmental certificates/bn PPP\$ GDP   | 0.1              | 123   |

Output rank Input rank

Income

Region

| í          | Market sophistication   |        | 29.0                              | 125   |
|------------|---|--------|-----------------------------------|---|
| 4.1        | Credit  1 Ease of getting credit* 2 Domestic credit to private sector, % GDP 3 Microfinance gross loans, % GDP  | Ø      | 0.3<br>0.0<br>5.6<br>0.1          | 132 0 0<br>132 0 0<br>130 0 0                     |
| 4.2<br>4.2 | <ul> <li>Investment</li> <li>Ease of protecting minority investors*</li> <li>Market capitalization, % GDP</li> <li>Venture capital investors, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP</li> <li>Venture capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP</li> </ul> |        | 26.0<br>26.0<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>n/a | [80]<br>126<br>n/a<br>n/a<br>n/a                  |
| 4.3        | <ul> <li>Trade, diversification, and market scale</li> <li>Applied tariff rate, weighted avg., %</li> <li>Domestic industry diversification</li> <li>Domestic market scale, bn PPP\$</li> </ul>                                     | Ø<br>Ø | <b>60.6</b> 5.0 75.1 62.7         | <b>92 ● ∢</b><br>87 <b>●</b><br>91<br>94 <b>●</b> |

| 0.0.1 | intellectual property receipts, 70 total trade        | 0.0  | 02            |
|-------|---|------|---------------|
| 6.3.2 | Production and export complexity                      | 13.6 | 116 ♦         |
| 6.3.3 | High-tech exports, % total trade                      | 0.1  | 124           |
| 6.3.4 | ICT services exports, % total trade                   | 0.9  | 84 ●          |
|       |   |      |               |
| a.    | Creative outputs                                      | 12.2 | 114           |
| 40    | Orodavo outputo                                       |      | •••           |
| 7.1   | Intangible assets                                     | 22.4 | 91 ●          |
| 7.1.1 | Trademarks by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP                     | 66.5 | 28 ● ♦        |
| 7.1.2 | Global brand value, top 5,000, % GDP                  | 0.0  | 80 ○ ◊        |
| 7.1.3 | Industrial designs by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP             | 0.7  | 78 ●          |
| 7.1.4 | ICTs and organizational model creation <sup>†</sup>   | 21.7 | 125 ○ ◊       |
| 7.2   | Creative goods and services                           | 0.0  | [132]         |
| 7.2.1 | Cultural and creative services exports, % total trade | n/a  | n/a           |
| 7.2.2 | National feature films/mn pop. 15-69                  | n/a  | n/a           |
| 7.2.3 | Entertainment and media market/th pop. 15-69          | 0.0  | 63 $\bigcirc$ |
| 7.2.4 | Printing and other media, % manufacturing             | n/a  | n/a           |
| 7.2.5 | Creative goods exports, % total trade                 | 0.0  | 128           |
| 7.3   | Online creativity                                     | 3.8  | 126           |
| 7.3.1 | Generic top-level domains (TLDs)/th pop. 15-69        | 0.4  | 114           |
| 7.3.2 | . , , , ,   | 0.0  | 130           |
| 7.3.3 | , ,   | 19.1 | 125           |
| 7.3.4 | Mobile app creation/bn PPP\$ GDP                      | 0.2  | 84 ♦          |
| 1.3.4 | iviobile app creation/bit FPP\$ GDP                   | 0.2  | 04            |
|       |   |      |               |

# **Z**ambia

121

| Output rank                      | Input rank  | Income                           | Region                      | Populati                 | on (mn)           | GDP, PPP\$ (bn)   | GDP per capita, PPP\$         | GII 20               | 20 rank                    |
|----------------------------------|---|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|---|-------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|
| 127                              | 111   | Lower middle                     | SSF                         | 18.                      | .4                | 62.4  | 3,302                         | 1                    | 22                         |
|                                  |   |                                  | Score/                      |                          |                   |   |                               | Score/               |                            |
| î Institu                        | ıtiono  |                                  | Value                       | Rank 125 ○ ◇             | •                 | Business sophist  | tication                      | Value <b>22.0</b>    | Rank<br>83                 |
| _ <del></del>                    |   |                                  |                             |                          |                   |   | lication                      |                      |                            |
| 1.1.1 Political                  | Il environment<br>and operationa<br>ment effectiven | al stability*                    | <b>42.2</b><br>55.4<br>35.6 | <b>108</b><br>112<br>108 | 5.1.1 k           | <b>Knowledge workers</b><br>Knowledge-intensive e<br>Firms offering formal to |                               | 31.5<br>19.1<br>36.6 | [ <b>65]</b><br>81<br>37 ● |
| •                                | tory environm<br>ory quality*                       | ent                              | <b>23.8</b> 29.0            | <b>129</b> ○ ♦ 105       | 5.1.4             | GERD performed by b<br>GERD financed by bus                                   | siness, %                     | n/a<br>n/a           | n/a<br>n/a                 |
| 1.2.2 Rule of I<br>1.2.3 Cost of | law*<br>redundancy dis                              | smissal                          | 34.5<br>50.6                | 92<br>128 ⊝ ◊            | 5.2 I             | nnovation linkages  |                               | 2 6.2<br><b>17.8</b> | 88<br><b>86</b>            |
|                                  | ss environmer                                       |                                  | 67.1                        | 78 ●                     |                   | Jniversity-industry R&<br>State of cluster develo                             |                               | 32.2<br>42.1         | 105<br>95                  |
|                                  | starting a busir<br>resolving insol                 |                                  | 84.9<br>49.3                | 90<br>71 ●               | 5.2.3             | GERD financed by abr  |                               | n/a<br>0.0           | n/a<br>91                  |
| • Huma                           | n canital ar  | nd research                      | 17.9                        | [107]                    | 5.2.5 F           | Patent families/bn PPF  | P\$ GDP                       | 0.0                  | 89                         |
|                                  | •   | ia rescuren                      |                             |                          |                   | <b>(nowledge absorption</b>   | on<br>ayments, % total trade  | <b>16.6</b> 0.2      | <b>107</b><br>93           |
| 2.1 Educat 2.1.1 Expend          | <b>ion</b><br>iture on educat                       | tion. % GDP                      | <b>51.4</b><br>4.6          | [ <b>65]</b><br>54 ●     |                   | High-tech imports, %  |                               | 5.1                  | 112                        |
| 2.1.2 Governr                    | ment funding/pເ                                     | upil, secondary, % GDP/ca        | ap n/a                      | n/a                      |                   | CT services imports, <sup>c</sup><br>FDI net inflows, % GDI                   |                               | 0.9<br>2.7           | 82<br>63 ●                 |
|                                  | life expectancy<br>ales in reading                  | , years<br>, maths and science   | n/a<br>n/a                  | n/a<br>n/a               |                   | Research talent, % in I   |                               | n/a                  | n/a                        |
|                                  | acher ratio, sec                                    |                                  | ② 21.1                      | 98                       | E-100 .           |   |                               |                      | 400                        |
|                                  | / education<br>enrolment, % of                      | aross                            |                             | [127]<br>126 ⊝ ♦         |                   | Knowledge and   | technology outputs            | 9.0                  | 120                        |
| 2.2.2 Graduat                    | tes in science a                                    | and engineering, %               | n/a                         |                          |                   | Cnowledge creation  | DD¢ ODD                       | 5.8                  |                            |
| -                                | inbound mobil                                       | •                                |                             | n/a                      |                   | Patents by origin/bn P<br>PCT patents by origin/                              |                               | 0.0<br>0.0           | 123 ()<br>92               |
|                                  | ch and develo<br>chers, FTE/mn                      |                                  |                             | [123]<br>n/a             |                   | Jtility models by origin  |                               | n/a                  | n/a                        |
|                                  | xpenditure on I                                     | • •                              | n/a                         | n/a                      |                   | Scientific and technica<br>Citable documents H-i                              | al articles/bn PPP\$ GDP      | 8.8<br>6.9           | 95<br>90                   |
|                                  | •   | investors, top 3, mn US\$        | 0.0<br>0.0                  | 41 ○ ♢<br>74 ○ ♢         |                   | Cnowledge impact  |                               | 14.1                 | 117                        |
| 2.5.4 Q5 UIIIV                   | ersity ranking,                                     | юрз                              | 0.0                         | 7400                     | 6.2.1 L           | abor productivity gro   |                               | -1.8                 | 98 <                       |
| <b>♂</b> Infras                  | tructure  |                                  | 24.9                        | 119 💠                    |                   | New businesses/th po<br>Software spending, %                                  | •                             | 1.1<br>0.0           | 82<br>113 〈                |
| 3.1 Informa                      | tion and comm                                       | unication technologies (10       | CTs) 28.5                   | 126 ⊝ ♦                  | 6.2.4 I           | SO 9001 quality certif  | icates/bn PPP\$ GDP           | 0.5                  | 120                        |
| 3.1.1 ICT acc                    |   | ianication teorniologics (i      | 35.3                        | 116                      |                   | High-tech manufacturi   | •                             | D 10.1               | 88                         |
| 3.1.2 ICT use                    |   | awiaa*                           | 22.1                        | 111                      |                   | <b>(nowledge diffusion</b><br>ntellectual property re                         |                               | <b>7.1</b><br>n/a    | <b>108</b><br>n/a          |
| 3.1.3 Governr<br>3.1.4 E-partic  | ment's online se<br>ipation*                        | ervice"                          | 25.9<br>31.0                | 128 ○ ♢<br>124 ○ ♢       | 6.3.2 F           | Production and export   | complexity                    | 29.6                 | 93                         |
| -                                | l infrastructur                                     | re                               | 30.7                        | 59 ●                     |                   | High-tech exports, % :<br>CT services exports, 9                              |                               | 0.3<br>0.2           | 101<br>119                 |
|                                  | ty output, GWh                                      |                                  | 933.0                       | 99                       | 0.0.1             | or corvious experts,  | , o total il ado              | 0.2                  | 110                        |
| •                                | s performance<br>apital formation                   |                                  | 35.3                        | 105<br>12 ●              | <b>&amp;</b> ,' ( | Creative outputs  |                               | 9.5                  | 125 🔾                      |
|                                  | ical sustainab                                      |                                  | 15.3                        | 125 ⊝ ♦                  | 7.1 I             | ntangible assets  |                               | 14.8                 | 120                        |
|                                  | it of energy use<br>mental perform                  |                                  | 5.5<br>34.7                 | 113<br>103               | 7.1.1 T           | rademarks by origin/b   |                               | 16.8                 | 97                         |
|                                  |   | al certificates/bn PPP\$ GD      |                             | 112                      | 7.1.3 l           | Global brand value, top<br>ndustrial designs by o<br>CTs and organizationa    | rigin/bn PPP\$ GDP            | 0.0<br>0.9<br>37.3   | 80 ○ <<br>75 ●<br>119 ○ <  |
| iii Marke                        | t sophistic   | ation                            | 42.9                        | 87                       | 7.2               | Creative goods and s  | services                      |                      | [130]                      |
| 4.1 Credit                       |   |                                  | 40.0                        | 71 ●                     |                   | Cultural and creative se<br>National feature films/r                          | rvices exports, % total trade | 0.0<br>n/a           | 112 ⊜<br>n/a               |
|                                  | getting credit*                                     | rata acatas IV ODD               | 95.0                        | 4 ● ♦                    | 7.2.3 E           | Entertainment and me  | dia market/th pop. 15-69      | n/a                  | n/a                        |
|                                  | ic credit to priv<br>iance gross loa                | rate sector, % GDP<br>ans, % GDP | 15.6<br>0.1                 | 118<br>63                |                   | Printing and other med<br>Creative goods export                               |                               | n/a<br>0.1           | n/a<br>99                  |
| 4.2 Investm                      | •   |                                  | 24.6                        | 84                       |                   | Online creativity   | o, /o total lique             |                      | 109                        |
|                                  |   | ority investors*                 | 60.0                        | 71 <b>●</b>              | 7.3.1             | Generic top-level dom   | ains (TLDs)/th pop. 15-69     | 0.1                  | 124 🔾                      |
|                                  | capitalization, 9<br>capital investo                | % GDP<br>rs, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP  | ② 13.6<br>n/a               | 66<br>n/a                |                   | Country-code TLDs/th<br>Vikipedia edits/mn po                                 |                               | 0.1<br>26.2          | 115<br>110                 |
|                                  | •   | nts, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP          | 0.0                         | 46 ●                     |                   | vikipedia edits/mn po<br>Mobile app creation/bi                               | •                             | 26.2<br>n/a          | 110<br>n/a                 |
|                                  |   | , and market scale               | <b>64.0</b> ② 3.4           | <b>77 ●</b><br>65 ●      |                   |   |                               |                      |                            |
|                                  | tariff rate, weig<br>ic industry dive               |                                  | ② 79.1                      | 81                       |                   |   |                               |                      |                            |
| 133 Domest                       | ic market scale                                     | hn DDD\$                         | 62.3                        | 95                       |                   |   |                               |                      |                            |

NOTES: • indicates a strength;  $\bigcirc$  a weakness; • an income group strength;  $\bigcirc$  an income group weakness; \* an index; † a survey question.  $\odot$  indicates that the economy's data are older than the base year; see appendices for details, including the year of the data, at http://globalinnovationindex.org. Square brackets [] indicate that the data minimum coverage (DMC) requirements were not met at the sub-pillar or pillar level.

4.3.3 Domestic market scale, bn PPP\$

GII 2021 rank

# **Zimbabwe**

Income

Region

Output rank Input rank

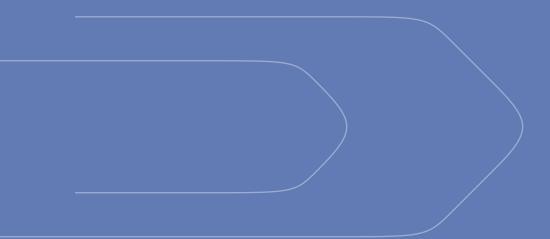
113

GII 2020 rank

Population (mn) GDP, PPP\$ (bn) GDP per capita, PPP\$

| 10!                  |                     | 116                                    | Lower middle                           | SSF                  | - Popi              | 14.9                | 39.2   | 2.583  |   |                    | 20 rank<br><b>20</b> |
|----------------------|---------------------|--|--|----------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--|--|---|--------------------|----------------------|
| 103                  | 5                   | 110                                    | Lower illidate                         | 331                  |                     | 14.9                | 39.2   | 2,565  |   | •                  | 20                   |
|                      |                     |  |  | Score/               |                     |                     |  |  | ; | Score/             |                      |
| r ir                 | nstitut             | ions                                   |  |                      | Rank<br>129         | ♦                   | Business sophis                                      | tication   |   | Value <b>18.7</b>  |                      |
|                      |                     | environment                            |  |                      | 131 🔾               |                     | Knowledge workers                                    |  |   | 22.3               |                      |
| 1.1.1 Po             | olitical a          | ınd operationa                         | ıl stability*                          | 48.2                 | 127                 | ♦ 5.1.1             | Knowledge-intensive                                  |  |   | 12.8               | 101                  |
|                      |                     | ent effectivene<br>ory environme       |  | 23.9<br><b>37.6</b>  | 131 ○<br><b>123</b> |                     | Firms offering formal t<br>GERD performed by b       |  | Ø | 26.4<br>n/a        | 59<br>n/a            |
|                      | -                   | ry quality*                            | ant.                                   |                      | 131 🔾               |                     | GERD financed by but                                 |  |   | n/a                | n/a                  |
| 1.2.2 R              |                     | w*<br>edundancy dis                    | missal                                 | 13.6<br>25.3         | 131 O<br>105        | $\Diamond$          | Females employed w/<br>Innovation linkages           | advanced degrees, %  |   | 7.5<br><b>17.5</b> | 84<br><b>91</b>      |
|                      |                     | s environmen                           |  |                      | 122                 | 5.2.1               | University-industry R8                               |  | Ø | 29.0               | 115                  |
|                      |                     | tarting a busin                        |  |                      |                     | $\vee$              | State of cluster develor GERD financed by about      | •  | 0 | 31.4<br>n/a        | 121 <<br>n/a         |
| 1.3.2 E              | ase of re           | esolving insolv                        | ency"                                  | 32.9                 | 115                 | 5.2.4               | Joint venture/strategic                              | alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP  | 1 | 0.1                | 33 ● ◀               |
| 2º H                 | luman               | capital an                             | d research                             | 24.6                 | 88                  |                     | Patent families/bn PPI                               | ·  |   | 0.0<br><b>16.4</b> | 100 ○ <<br>108       |
| 2.1 E                | ducatio             | on                                     |  | 46.8                 | 76                  |                     | Knowledge absorpti<br>Intellectual property p        | ayments, % total trade   |   | 0.1                | 109                  |
| 2.1.1 Ex             | xpendit             | ure on educati                         | ,                                      | 5.9                  | 17 ●                |                     | High-tech imports, %                                 |  |   | 6.7<br>0.7         | 83<br>94             |
|                      |                     | ent funding/pu<br>e expectancy,        | pil, secondary, % GDP/ca<br>vears      | ap ② 22.2<br>② 11.4  |                     |                     | ICT services imports,<br>FDI net inflows, % GD       |  |   | 1.8                | 83                   |
| 2.1.4 PI             | ISA scal            | les in reading,                        | maths and science                      | n/a                  | n/a                 | 5.3.5               | Research talent, % in                                | businesses   |   | n/a                | n/a                  |
|                      | •                   | cher ratio, sec                        | ondary                                 | ② 22.5               |                     | مهمر                | Knowledge and  | technology outputs   |   | 11.7               | 100                  |
|                      | -                   | education<br>nrolment, % g             | ross                                   | <b>26.6</b> ② 10.0   |                     | _                   | ·  |  | 1 |                    |                      |
| 2.2.2 G              | iraduate            | s in science a                         | nd engineering, %                      | ② 30.2               |                     | <b>6.1</b><br>6.1.1 | Knowledge creation<br>Patents by origin/bn P         |  | 0 | <b>9.2</b> 0.2     | <b>84</b><br>97      |
|                      | -                   | nbound mobili<br><b>h and develo</b> j | -                                      | ② 0.5<br><b>0.3</b>  |                     | 6.1.2               | PCT patents by origin                                | /bn PPP\$ GDP  | Ŭ | 0.1                | 74                   |
|                      |                     | iers, FTE/mn p                         |  | ② 99.5               |                     |                     | Utility models by origin<br>Scientific and technical | n/bn PPP\$ GDP<br>al articles/bn PPP\$ GDP   |   | n/a<br>15.1        | n/a<br>57 ●          |
|                      |                     | penditure on F                         | R&D, % GDP<br>nvestors, top 3, mn US\$ | n/a<br>0.0           |                     | 6.1.5               | Citable documents H-                                 | The state of the s |   | 7.5                | 87                   |
|                      |                     | rsity ranking, t                       | ·                                      | 0.0                  |                     | ♦ 6.2               | Knowledge impact                                     |  |   | 20.2               | 103                  |
| <b>.</b>             |                     |  |  |                      |                     |                     | Labor productivity gro<br>New businesses/th po       |  |   | -4.2<br>2.1        | 117 <<br>54 ●        |
| <b>∯</b> ‡ Ir        | nfrastr             | ructure                                |  | 19.8                 | 128                 |                     | Software spending, % ISO 9001 quality certif         |  |   | 0.2<br>3.7         | 69<br>67             |
|                      |                     |  | unication technologies (I              | ,                    | 108                 |                     | High-tech manufactur                                 |  | Ø | 21.7               | 59                   |
| 3.1.1 IC<br>3.1.2 IC | CT acces<br>CT use* | SS                                     |  | 38.4<br>27.0         | 110<br>106          |                     | Knowledge diffusion                                  |  |   | 5.6                | 117                  |
|                      |                     | ent's online se                        | ervice*                                | 52.3                 |                     |                     | Intellectual property re<br>Production and expor     | •  | Ø | 0.0<br>22.4        | 77<br>106            |
| 3.1.4 E-             |                     | oauon<br>infrastructur                 | a                                      | 45.2<br><b>2.9</b>   | 108<br><b>131</b> ○ | 6.3.3               | High-tech exports, %                                 | total trade  |   | 0.6                | 88                   |
| 3.2.1 EI             | lectricity          | output, GWh                            | /mn pop.                               | 652.3                | 105                 | 0.3.4               | ICT services exports,                                | % total trade  |   | 0.3                | 109                  |
|                      |                     | performance*<br>pital formation        |  | 3.4<br>n/a           |                     | <b>&amp;!</b>       | Creative outputs                                     |  |   | 15.7               | 101                  |
|                      |                     | al sustainabi                          |  |                      |                     |                     | Intangible assets                                    |  |   | 12.0               | 126 <                |
|                      |                     | of energy use                          |  |                      | 122 🔾               |                     | Trademarks by origin/                                | bn PPP\$ GDP   | Ø |                    | 126 🔾                |
|                      |                     | ental perform<br>I environmenta        | ance"<br>Il certificates/bn PPP\$ G[   |                      | 100<br>63 ●         | <b>A</b>            | Global brand value, to<br>Industrial designs by o    |  |   | 14.9<br>n/a        | 54 <b>●</b><br>n/a   |
|                      |                     |  |  |                      |                     | 7.1.0               | ICTs and organization                                | =  |   | 29.7               | 123 🔾                |
| ãí v                 | /larket             | sophistica                             | ntion                                  | 46.7                 | 64 ●                |                     | Creative goods and                                   |  |   | 29.8               | [24]                 |
|                      | redit               |  |  | 34.1                 | 92                  |                     | Cultural and creative se<br>National feature films/  | ervices exports, % total trade<br>mn pop. 15–69  | ) | n/a<br>n/a         | n/a<br>n/a           |
|                      | _                   | etting credit*                         | ate sector, % GDP                      | 65.0<br>51.8         |                     | 7.2.3               | Entertainment and me                                 | dia market/th pop. 15-69   | _ | n/a                | n/a                  |
|                      |                     | nce gross loa                          |  | ② 0.0                |                     |                     | Printing and other med<br>Creative goods export      | _  | Ø | 0.5<br>3.5         | 82<br>15 ● <b>∢</b>  |
|                      | nvestme             |  |  | 54.0                 |                     |                     | Online creativity                                    |  |   | 9.0                | 101                  |
|                      |                     | rotecting mind<br>apitalization, %     | ority investors*<br>6 GDP              | 54.0<br>n/a          |                     |                     | •  | ains (TLDs)/th pop. 15–69  |   | 0.5                | 111<br>91            |
| 4.2.3 Ve             | enture c            | apital investor                        | s, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP                  | n/a                  | n/a                 |                     | Country-code TLDs/th<br>Wikipedia edits/mn po        |  |   | 0.8<br>28.7        |                      |
|                      |                     |  | its, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP                | n/a                  |                     | 7.3.4               | Mobile app creation/b                                | n PPP\$ GDP  |   | n/a                | n/a                  |
|                      |                     | versification,<br>ariff rate, weig     | and market scale<br>hted avg., %       | <b>51.9</b><br>② 5.0 |                     |                     |  |  |   |                    |                      |
| 4.3.2 D              | omestic             | industry dive                          | rsification                            | ② 58.2               |                     | $\Diamond$          |  |  |   |                    |                      |
| 4.3.3 D              | omestic             | market scale                           | , טוו דדדק                             | 39.2                 | 111                 |                     |  |  |   |                    |                      |

# **Appendices**



# Appendix I The Global Innovation Index rational and origins, its conceptual framework and data limitations

#### **Rationale and origins**

The Global Innovation Index (GII) was launched in 2007 (see Box Annex 1). The goal was to find and determine metrics and methods that could capture a picture of innovation in society that is as complete as possible.

There were several motivations for setting this goal. First, innovation is important for driving economic progress and competitiveness – both for developed and developing economies. Many governments are putting innovation at the center of their growth strategies. Second, the definition of innovation has broadened – it is no longer restricted to research and development (R&D) laboratories and published scientific papers. Innovation is more general and horizontal in nature, and includes social, business model and technical aspects. Last, but not least, recognizing and celebrating innovation in emerging markets is critical for inspiring people – especially the next generation of entrepreneurs and innovators.

#### Box Annex 1: History of the GII (2007–2021)

The GII project was launched by Professor Soumitra Dutta in 2007 during his tenure at INSEAD. WIPO started its association with the GII in 2011 and began co-publishing the GII in 2012. In 2013, Cornell University joined as co-publisher, with Professor Dutta representing the GII at Cornell University and Bruno Lanvin at INSEAD. The GII continued to be co-published by Cornell University, INSEAD and WIPO up to 2020. As of 2021, the GII is published by WIPO in partnership with the Portulans Institute, various corporate and academic network partners and the GII Advisory Board.

Now in its 14<sup>th</sup> edition, the GII helps to create an environment in which innovation factors are under continual evaluation. It provides a key tool for decision-makers and a rich database of detailed metrics that are convenient for refining innovation policies.

Measuring innovation outputs and their impact remains difficult, hence great emphasis is placed on measuring the climate and infrastructure for innovation and on assessing related outcomes.

Although the final results take the shape of several rankings, the GII is more concerned with improving the "journey" to better measurement, understanding innovation, and identifying targeted policies, good practices and other levers that foster innovation. The rich data metrics, at index, sub-index or indicator level, can be used to monitor performance over time and to benchmark developments against economies within the same region or income group classification.

### **Defining innovation in the GII**

The GII adopts a broad notion of innovation, originally elaborated in the *Oslo Manual* developed by the European Communities and the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD). In its fourth edition, the *Oslo Manual* 2018 introduces a more general definition of innovation:

An innovation is a new or improved product or process (or combination thereof) that differs significantly from the unit's previous products or processes and that has been made available to potential users (product) or brought into use by the unit (process).

This update of the Oslo Manual also introduces a series of definitions associated with innovation in business activities and for different types of innovation firms. In this context, innovation translates as improvements made to outcomes in the form of either new goods or services or any combination of these. While the GII focuses on a more general definition of innovation, it is important to highlight how these definitions capture the evolution of the way innovation has been perceived and understood over the last two decades.

Economists and policymakers previously focused on R&D-based technological product innovation, largely produced in-house and mostly in manufacturing industries. Innovation of this nature was executed by a highly educated labor force in R&D-intensive companies. The process leading to such innovation was conceptualized as closed, internal and localized. Technological breakthroughs were necessarily "radical" and took place at the "global knowledge frontier." This characterization implied the existence of leading and lagging economies, with low- or middle-income economies only playing "catch up."

Today, innovation capability is increasingly seen as the ability to exploit new technological combinations; it embraces the notion of incremental innovation and "innovation without research." Non-R&D innovative expenditure is an important component of reaping the rewards of technological innovation. Interest in understanding how innovation evolves in low- and middle-income economies is increasing, along with an awareness that incremental forms of innovation can impact development. Furthermore, the process of innovation itself has changed significantly. Investment in innovation-related activity and intangible assets has consistently intensified at the firm, economy and global levels, adding both new innovation actors from outside high-income economies and non-profit actors. The structure of knowledge production activity is more complex and geographically dispersed than ever.2

A key challenge is to find metrics that capture innovation as it actually happens in the world today. Direct official measures that quantify innovation outputs remain extremely scarce. For example, there are no official statistics on the amount of innovative activity - defined as the number of new products, processes, or other innovations – for any given innovation actor, let alone for any given country (see the GII 2013, Chapter 1, Annex 1, Box 1). Most measurements also struggle to appropriately capture the innovation outputs of a wider spectrum of innovation actors, such as the services sector or public entities. This includes innovation surveys, which have contributed greatly to the measurement of innovation activities, but fail to provide a good and reliable sense of cross-economy innovation output performance, and are often not applicable to developing economies where innovation is often informal.3

The GII aims to improve the measurement of innovation in order to provide a more complete picture of innovation ecosystems across the globe.

#### The GII conceptual framework

The overall GII ranking is based on two sub-indices that are both equally important in presenting a complete picture of innovation; the Innovation Input Sub-Index and the Innovation Output Sub-Index. Hence, three indices are calculated:

- Innovation Input Sub-Index: Five input pillars capture elements of the economy that enable and facilitate innovative activities.
- Innovation Output Sub-Index: Innovation outputs are
  the result of innovative activities within the economy.
  Although the Output Sub-Index includes only two
  pillars, it carries the same weight as the Input
  Sub-Index in calculating the overall GII scores.
- The overall GII score is the average of the Input and Output Sub-Indices, on which the GII economy rankings are then produced.

Each of the five input and two output pillars is divided into three sub-pillars, each of which is composed of individual indicators, a total of 81 this year (see the Economy profiles section for the Framework of the Global Innovation Index 2021). A deeper elaboration of the conceptual framework and pillars can be found in last year's edition. Sub-pillars are calculated using the weighted average of its individual indicators and are normalized to take the form of *scores* between 0 and 100. Pillar scores are calculated using the weighted average of its sub-pillar scores.

### Adjustments to the GII model in 2021

Annex Table 1 summarizes adjustments to the GII 2021 framework. A total of 11 indicators were modified this year. The methodology of five indicators changed, three are new indicators, two indicators were dropped, and one indicator changed name.

Annex Table 1
Changes to the GII 2021 framework

|       | GII 2020  | Adjustment             |       | GII 2021  |
|-------|---|------------------------|-------|---|
| 4.2.3 | Venture capital<br>deals/bn PPP\$<br>GDP            | Methodology<br>revised | 4.2.3 | Venture capital<br>investors, deals/bn<br>PPP\$ GDP           |
|       |   | New indicator          | 4.2.4 | Venture capital<br>recipients, deals/<br>bn PPP\$ GDP         |
| 4.3.2 | Intensity of local competition <sup>†</sup>         | Removed                |       |   |
|       |   | New indicator          | 4.3.2 | Domestic industry diversification                             |
| 5.2.4 | JV-strategic<br>alliance deals/bn<br>PPP\$ GDP      | Methodology<br>revised | 5.2.4 | Joint venture/<br>strategic alliance<br>deals/bn PPP\$<br>GDP |
| 6.1.4 | Scientific &<br>technical articles/<br>bn PPP\$ GDP | Methodology<br>revised | 6.1.4 | Scientific and<br>technical articles/<br>bn PPP\$ GDP         |
| 6.2.1 | Growth rate<br>of PPP\$ GDP/<br>worker, %           | Indicator name changed | 6.2.1 | Labor productivity growth, %                                  |
| 6.2.5 | High- & medium-<br>high-tech<br>manufacturing, %    | Methodology<br>revised | 6.2.5 | High-tech manufacturing, %                                    |
|       |   | New indicator          | 6.3.2 | Production and export complexity                              |
| 6.3.2 | High-tech net exports, % total trade                | Methodology<br>revised | 6.3.3 | High-tech exports, % total trade                              |
| 6.3.4 | FDI net outflows,<br>% GDP                          | Removed                |       |   |

Source: Global Innovation Index 2021, WIPO.

Notes: Refer to the Sources and definitions (Appendix III) for a detailed explanation of terminology and acronyms.

### **Data limitations and treatment**

This year the GII model includes 132 economies, which represent 94.3% of the world's population and 99.0% of the world's GDP in purchasing power parity current international dollars.

The timeliest possible indicators are used for the GII 2021: from the non-missing data, 30.0% are from 2020, 41.4%

are from 2019, 17.5% are from 2018, 5.9% are from 2017, 1.2% are from 2016, and the small remainder of 4.0% are from earlier years. $^5$ 

The GII 2021 model includes 81 indicators, which fall into three categories:

- quantitative/objective/hard data (63 indicators);
- composite indicators/index data (15 indicators); and
- survey/qualitative/subjective/soft data (3 indicators).

This year, for an economy to feature in the GII 2021, the minimum symmetric data coverage is at least 36 indicators in the Innovation Input Sub-Index (66%) and 18 indicators in the Innovation Output Sub-Index (66%), with scores for at least two sub-pillars per pillar. In the GII 2021, 132 economies had sufficient data available to be included in the Index. For each economy, only the most recent yearly data were considered. As a rule, the GII indicators consider data from as far back as 2011, with a few exceptions.

### Missing values

For the sake of transparency and replicability of results, missing values are not estimated; they are indicated with "n/a" and are not considered in the sub-pillar score. In return, the European Commission's Competence Centre on Composite Indicators and Scoreboards at the Joint Research Centre (JRC-COIN) audit (see Appendix II) assesses the robustness of the GII modeling choices (no imputation of missing data, fixed predefined weights and arithmetic averages) by imputing missing data, applying random weights and using geometric averages. Since 2012, based on this assessment, a confidence interval has been provided for each ranking in the GII as well as the Input and Output Sub-Indices (Appendix II).

#### **Treatment of series with outliers**

Potentially problematic indicators with outliers that could polarize results and unduly bias the rankings were treated according to the rules listed below, as per the recommendations of the JRC-COIN. Only hard data indicators were treated (32 out of 63).

#### First rule: selection

Problematic indicators were identified by skewness and kurtosis. The problematic indicators had:

- an absolute value of skewness greater than 2.25; and
- a kurtosis greater than 3.5.6

#### Second rule: treatment

Indicators with one to five outliers (30 cases) were winsorized; the values distorting the indicator distribution were assigned the next highest value, up to the level where skewness and/or kurtosis had the values specified above.<sup>7</sup>

Indicators with five or more outliers and for which skewness or kurtosis did not enter within the ranges specified above were transformed using natural logarithms after multiplication by a given factor f. Since only "goods" were affected (i.e., indicators for which higher values indicate better outcomes, as opposed to "bads"), the following formula was used:

$$\ln \left[ \frac{(max \times f - 1) (economy \ value - min)}{max - min} + 1 \right]$$

where "min" and "max" are the minimum and maximum indicator sample values.<sup>9</sup>

#### **Normalization**

The 81 indicators were then normalized into the [0, 100] range, with higher scores representing better outcomes. Normalization was according to the min–max method, where the "min" and "max" values were the minimum and maximum indicator sample values, respectively. Index and survey data were exceptions; the original series range of values was kept as min and max values ([0, 1] for UNPAN indices; [1, 7] for the World Economic Forum Executive Opinion Survey questions; [0, 100] for World Bank's World Governance Indicators; etc.). The following formulas were applied:

Goods: 
$$\frac{economy\ value - min}{max - min} \times 100$$
Bads: 
$$\frac{max - economy\ value}{max - min} \times 100$$

# Caveats on the year-to-year comparison of rankings

The GII compares the performance of national innovation systems across economies and presents the changes in economy rankings over time.

Importantly, scores and rankings from one year to the next are not directly comparable. Each ranking reflects the relative positioning of a particular economy based on the conceptual framework, the data coverage and the sample of economies of that GII edition, also reflecting changes in the underlying indicators at source and in data availability.

A few factors influence year-on-year rankings of an economy:

- the actual performance of the economy in question;
- adjustments made to the GII framework (changes in indicator composition and measurement revisions);
- data updates, the treatment of outliers, and missing values; and
- the inclusion or exclusion of economies in the sample.

Additionally, the following characteristics complicate the time-series analysis based on simple GII rankings or scores:

- Missing values. The GII produces relative index scores, which means that a missing value for one economy affects the index score of other economies. Because the number of missing values decreases every year, this problem reduces over time.
- Reference year. The data underlying the GII do not refer to a single year but to several years, depending on the latest available year for any given variable. In addition, the reference years for different variables are not the same for each economy, in an attempt to limit the number of missing data points.
- Normalization factor. Most GII variables are normalized using either GDP or population, with the intention of enabling cross-economy comparability.
   Yet, this implies that year-on-year changes in individual indicators may be driven either by the variable (numerator) or by its normalization factor (denominator).
- Consistent data collection. Measuring the change in year-on-year performance relies on the consistent collection of data over time. Changes in the definition of variables or in the data collection process could create movements in the rankings that are unrelated to performance.

A detailed economy study based on the GII database and the economy profile over time, coupled with analytical work on the ground, including that of innovation actors and decision-makers, yields the best results in terms of monitoring an economy's innovation performance, as well as in identifying possible avenues for improvement.

#### **Notes:**

- 1 Eurostat and OECD, 2018.
- 2 See WIPO (2011–2021) for bi-annual elaborations on the changing nature and geographic dispersion of innovation. See Arundel et al. (2021) for an elaboration on the role and measurement of knowledge and technology transfer between innovation actors.
- 3 On innovation in the informal economy, see Kraemer-Mbula and Wunsch-Vincent (2017).
- 4 See WIPO (2020), Appendix 1: https://www.wipo.int/edocs/pubdocs/en/wipo\_pub\_gii\_2020-appendix1.pdf.
- 5 The GII is calculated based on 9,647 data points out of a possible 10,692 (132 economies multiplied by 81 indicators), implying that 9.8% of data points are missing. The Sources and Definitions (Appendix III) include the range of years used for each indicator. If an indicator for an economy is missing, it is marked as "n/a" in the Economy profiles.
- 6 Based on Groeneveld and Meeden (1984), which sets the criteria of absolute skewness above 1 and kurtosis above 3.5. The skewness criterion was relaxed to account for the small sample at hand (132 economies).
- 7 This distributional issue affects the following variables: 2.1.5, 3.2.1, 4.2.2, 5.2.3, 5.2.4, 5.3.2, 5.3.3, 5.3.4, 6.1.5, 7.2.2, 7.2.4 and 7.3.1 (1 outlier); 2.2.3, 5.3.1 and 7.1.3 (2 outliers); 4.2.4, 6.1.3, 6.3.4, 7.1.1, 7.2.1, 7.3.2 and 7.3.4 (3 outliers); 5.2.5, 6.3.1 and 7.2.5 (4 outliers); and 4.2.3, 6.1.1, 6.1.2 and 6.3.3 (5 outliers). An exception was made this year by also winsorizing an indicator that had six outliers: 4.1.3.
- 8 Indicators 2.3.3 and 4.3.3 were treated using log-transformation (factor *f* of 1).
- 9 This formula achieves two things: converting all series into "goods" and scaling the series to the range [1, max] so that natural logs are positive starting at 0, where "min" and "max" are the minimum and maximum indicator sample values. The corresponding formula for "bads" is:

$$\ln \left[ \frac{(\max x_f - 1)x(\max - economy \ value)}{\max - \min + 1} \right]$$

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# Appendix II Joint Research Centre (JRC) statistical audit of the 2021 Global Innovation Index

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Conceptual and practical challenges are inevitable when trying to understand and model the fundamentals of innovation at the national level worldwide. Now in its 14<sup>th</sup> edition, the Global Innovation Index (GII) 2021 takes up these conceptual challenges and also deals with the practical challenges relating to data quality and methodological choices.

This appendix summarises the comprehensive audit of the GII, conducted for the eleventh consecutive year by the European Commission's Competence Centre on Composite Indicators and Scoreboards (COIN) at the Joint Research Centre (JRC) in Ispra.

As in previous editions, the present JRC-COIN audit focuses on the statistical soundness of the multi-level structure of the index as well as on the impact of key modeling assumptions on the results. The independent statistical assessment of the GII provided by the JRC-COIN guarantees the transparency and reliability of the index for both policymakers and other stakeholders, thus facilitating more accurate priority setting and policy formulation in the innovation field.

As in past GII reports, the JRC-COIN analysis complements the economy rankings with confidence intervals for the GII, the Innovation Input Sub-Index and the Innovation Output Sub-Index, in order to better appreciate the robustness of these rankings to the computation methodology. Finally, the JRC-COIN analysis includes an assessment of the added value of the GII and a measure of "distance to the efficiency frontier" of innovation by using data envelopment analysis. This is a shortened version of the audit, the full audit is available at https://www.wipo.int/edocs/pubdocs/en/wipo\_pub\_gii\_2021-appendix1.pdf.

#### Main conclusions

The JRC-COIN analysis suggests that the conceptualized multilevel structure of the GII 2021 – with its 81 indicators, 21 sub-pillars, 7 pillars and 2 sub-indices comprising the overall index – is statistically sound and balanced: that is, each sub-pillar makes a similar contribution to the variation of its respective pillar. The refinements made by the developing team have helped to enhance the already strong statistical coherence in the GII framework, in which the capacity of the 81 (but two) indicators to distinguish economies' performance is maintained at the sub-pillar level or higher in all but two cases.

The decision not to impute missing values, which is common in comparable contexts and justified on the grounds of transparency and replicability, can at times have an undesirable impact on some economy scores, with the additional negative side-effect that it might encourage economies not to report low data values. The GII team's adoption, in 2016, of a more stringent data coverage threshold (at least 66 percent data availability for each of the input- and output-related indicators, separately) has notably improved confidence in the economy rankings for the GII and the two sub-indices.

Additionally, the GII team's decision, in 2012, to use weights as scaling coefficients during the index development constitutes a significant departure from the traditional, yet erroneous, vision of weights as a reflection of indicators' importance in a weighted average. It is hoped that such an approach will be adopted by other developers of composite indicators to avoid situations where bias sneaks in when least expected.

The strong correlations between the GII components are proven not to be a sign of redundancy of information in the GII. For more than 43 percent (up to 65 percent) of the 132 economies included in the GII 2021, the GII ranking and the rankings of any of the 7 pillars differ by 10 positions or more. This demonstrates the added value of the GII ranking, which helps to highlight other components of innovation that are not immediately apparent from an analysis of the seven pillars separately. At the same time, this finding points to the value of duly considering the merits of the GII pillars, sub-pillars and their constituent indicators individually. By doing so, economy-specific strengths and bottlenecks in innovation can be identified and serve as an input for evidence-based policymaking.

To test the impact of the GII modeling assumptions, a number of different models were tested in this audit based on different approaches to imputing of missing data, aggregation at the pillar level and assignment of weights. Using these models, the 90 percent confidence intervals relating to the ranking positions that an economy might have had under different model assumptions were computed. For the vast majority of economies these intervals are sufficiently narrow to allow meaningful inferences to be drawn: the intervals comprise fewer than 10 positions for 80 percent (106 out of 132) of the economies. Some caution is needed when considering two economies - Brunei Darussalam and the United Republic of Tanzania – which have GII rankings that are highly sensitive to the methodological choices. Consequently, their GII ranks – between the 82<sup>nd</sup> (Brunei Darussalam) and 90th position (United Republic of Tanzania) in the GII classification - should be interpreted cautiously and certainly not taken at face value. This is a remarkable improvement compared to GII versions up to 2016, when more than 40 economies had confidence interval widths of more than 20 positions. The improvement in the confidence that can be placed in the GII 2021 rankings is the direct result of the decision to

adopt a more stringent criterion for an economy's inclusion since 2016, which now requires at least 66 percent data availability within each of the two sub-indices. Some caution is also warranted in regard to the Input Sub-Index for seven economies – Algeria, Belarus, Botswana, Brunei Darussalam, Cabo Verde, Mauritius and the Plurinational State of Bolivia - that have 90 percent confidence interval widths of more than 20 positions (up to 31 for Botswana). A similar degree of caution is also needed in the Output Sub-Index for four economies - Brunei Darussalam, Malawi, Togo and the United Republic of Tanzania - that have 90 percent confidence interval widths of more than 20 positions (up to 40 for Tanzania). Compared to the GII 2019, the higher data availability in the Output Sub-Index this year has led to a much lower number of economies with very wide intervals (4 compared to 13 in the GII 2019 edition), which is a noteworthy improvement.

Although ranks for a few economies, in the GII 2021 overall or in the two sub-indices, appear to be sensitive to the methodological choices, the published rankings for the vast majority can be considered to be representative of the plurality of scenarios simulated in this audit. Taking the median rank as the benchmark for an economy's expected rank in the realm of the GII's unavoidable methodological uncertainties, 75 percent of the economies are found to shift fewer than three positions with respect to the median rank in the GII, or in the Input and Output Sub-Indices.

In order to offer full transparency and complete information, Annex Table 2 reports the GII 2021 Index and Input and Output Sub-Indices' economy ranks together with the simulated 90 percent confidence intervals to allow a better appreciation of the robustness of the results to the choice of weights and aggregation formula and the impact of estimating missing data (where applicable).

All things considered, the present JRC-COIN audit findings confirm that the GII 2021 meets international quality standards for statistical soundness, which indicates that the GII is a reliable benchmarking tool for innovation practices at the economy level around the world.

Finally, the "distance to the efficiency frontier" measure calculated using data envelopment analysis can be used both as a measure of efficiency and as a suitable approach to benchmarking economies' multidimensional performance on innovation without imposing a fixed and common set of weights that may not be fair to a particular economy. The decision made by the GII team to abandon the efficiency ratio (ratio of Output to Input Sub-Index) is particularly laudable. In fact, ratios of composite indicators (Output to Input Sub-Index in this case) come with much higher uncertainty than the sum of the components (Input plus Output Sub-Index, equivalent to the GII). For this reason, developers and users of indices alike need to approach efficiency ratios of this nature with

great care. The GII should not represent the ultimate and definitive ranking of economies with respect to innovation. On the contrary, the GII best represents an ongoing attempt to find metrics and approaches that capture the richness of innovation more effectively, continuously adapting the GII framework to reflect the improved availability of statistics and the theoretical advances in the field. In any case, the GII should be regarded as a sound attempt, based on the principle of transparency, matured over 14 years of constant refinements, to pave the way for better and more informed innovation policies worldwide.

Annex Table 2
GII 2021 and Input/Output Sub-Indices: Ranks and 90 percent confidence intervals

|   | GII 2021       |                                  | In most Oc | de la des                        | Output Sub-Index |                      |  |
|---|----------------|----------------------------------|------------|----------------------------------|------------------|----------------------|--|
|   | Rank           | Interval                         | Rank       | ub-Index<br>Interval             | Rank             | Interval             |  |
| Switzerland                               | 1              | [1, 1]                           | 4          | [2, 4]                           | 1                | [1, 1]               |  |
| Sweden                                    | 2              | [2, 2]                           | 2          | [1, 4]                           | 2                | [2, 3]               |  |
| United States                             | 3              | [3, 4]                           | 3          | [2, 5]                           | 4                | [3, 8]               |  |
| Jnited Kingdom                            | 4              | [4, 7]                           | 7          | [6, 9]                           | 6                | [4, 8]               |  |
| Republic of Korea                         | 5              | [3, 5]                           | 9          | [7, 12]                          | 5                | [4, 5]               |  |
| Netherlands                               | 6              | [6, 8]                           | 12         | [8, 14]                          | 3                | [3, 7]               |  |
| Finland                                   | 7              | [5, 8]                           | 6          | [4, 9]                           | 9                | [9, 10]              |  |
| Singapore                                 | 8              | [6, 10]                          | 1          | [1, 3]                           | 13               | [12, 14]             |  |
| Denmark                                   | 9              | [9, 10]                          | 5          | [5, 7]                           | 11               | [11, 11]             |  |
| Germany                                   | 10             | [7, 10]                          | 14         | [11, 15]                         | 8                | [5, 8]               |  |
| rance                                     | 11             | [11, 13]                         | 17         | [16, 18]                         | 10               | [9, 10]              |  |
| China                                     | 12             | [11, 14]                         | 25         | [21, 26]                         | 7                | [2, 7]               |  |
| Japan                                     | 13             | [12, 14]                         | 11         | [9, 13]                          | 14               | [12, 14]             |  |
| long Kong, China                          | 14             | [11, 23]                         | 10         | [8, 15]                          | 17               | [12, 29]             |  |
| srael                                     | 15             | [14, 16]                         | 18         | [11, 20]                         | 12               | [12, 17]             |  |
| Canada                                    | 16             | [15, 19]                         | 8          | [5, 13]                          | 23               | [20, 25]             |  |
| celand                                    | 17             | [16, 18]                         | 20         | [19, 22]                         | 16               | [14, 17]             |  |
| Austria                                   | 18             | [17, 19]                         | 16         | [13, 18]                         | 24               | [20, 24]             |  |
| reland                                    | 19             | [16, 20]                         | 22         | [18, 23]                         | 19               | [16, 21]             |  |
| lorway                                    | 20             | [19, 23]                         | 13         | [10, 16]                         | 28               | [27, 28]             |  |
| stonia                                    | 21             | [19, 22]                         | 24         | [22, 26]                         | 20               | [17, 20]             |  |
| Belgium                                   | 22             | [21, 25]                         | 21         | [19, 22]                         | 26               | [24, 27]             |  |
| uxembourg.                                | 23             | [21, 24]                         | 26         | [23, 28]                         | 18               | [17, 22]             |  |
| Czech Republic                            | 24             | [20, 25]                         | 30         | [29, 30]                         | 15               | [14, 17]             |  |
| Australia                                 | 25             | [23, 27]                         | 15         | [13, 19]                         | 33               | [31, 36]             |  |
| New Zealand                               | 26             | [26, 30]                         | 19         | [18, 24]                         | 32               | [31, 36]             |  |
| //alta                                    | 27             | [25, 28]                         | 29         | [27, 32]                         | 22               | [20, 26]             |  |
| Cyprus                                    | 28             | [25, 28]                         | 31         | [30, 33]                         | 21               | [19, 22]             |  |
| aly                                       | 29             | [27, 30]                         | 33         | [31, 33]                         | 25               | [23, 26]             |  |
| Spain                                     | 30             | [29, 30]                         | 28         | [26, 31]                         | 29               | [27, 29]             |  |
| Portugal                                  | 31             | [31, 32]                         | 32         | [29, 33]                         | 30               | [29, 31]             |  |
| Slovenia                                  | 32             | [31, 32]                         | 27         | [26, 30]                         | 36               | [33, 36]             |  |
| Jnited Arab Emirates                      | 33             | [33, 36]                         | 23         | [23, 25]                         | 47               | [45, 52]             |  |
| Hungary                                   | 34             | [33, 34]                         | 34         | [34, 37]                         | 31               | [29, 33]             |  |
| Bulgaria                                  | 35             | [33, 36]                         | 46         | [40, 48]                         | 27               | [25, 30]             |  |
| Malaysia                                  | 36             | [34, 36]                         | 36         | [34, 38]                         | 34               | [32, 34]             |  |
| Slovakia                                  | 37             | [37, 40]                         | 42         | [40, 46]                         | 35               | [34, 36]             |  |
| _atvia                                    | 38             | [37, 39]                         | 38         | [37, 40]                         | 39               | [39, 40]             |  |
| ithuania                                  | 39             | [37, 40]                         | 35         | [34, 38]                         | 43               | [41, 44]             |  |
| Poland                                    | 40             | [37, 40]                         | 37         | [35, 38]                         | 42               | [40, 44]             |  |
| ūrkey                                     | 41             | [41, 41]                         | 45         | [39, 51]                         | 41               | [40, 43]             |  |
| Croatia                                   | 42             | [42, 48]                         | 41         | [40, 47]                         | 48               | [47, 50]             |  |
| hailand                                   | 43             | [42, 45]                         | 47         | [40, 49]                         | 46               | [45, 47]             |  |
| /iet Nam                                  | 44             | [42, 47]                         | 60         | [55, 69]                         | 38               | [37, 39]             |  |
| Russian Federation                        | 45             | [43, 47]                         | 43         | [39, 47]                         | 52               | [50, 54]             |  |
| ndia                                      | 46             | [43, 48]                         | 57         | [47, 58]                         | 45               | [41, 47]             |  |
| Greece                                    | 47             | [42, 50]                         | 39         | [36, 43]                         | 60               | [56, 61]             |  |
| Romania                                   | 48             | [48, 52]                         | 54         | [47, 58]                         | 50               | [48, 55]             |  |
| Jkraine                                   | 49             | [43, 53]                         | 76         | [63, 77]                         | 37               | [37, 38]             |  |
| Montenegro                                | 50             | [49, 58]                         | 53         | [52, 62]                         | 53               | [50, 60]             |  |
| Philippines                               | 51             | [47, 55]                         | 72         | [61, 77]                         | 40               | [38, 43]             |  |
| /auritius                                 | 52             | [49, 66]                         | 48         | [41, 69]                         | 58               | [57, 67]             |  |
| Chile                                     | 53             | [49, 55]                         | 44         | [40, 46]                         | 61               | [59, 62]             |  |
| Serbia                                    | 54             | [51, 56]                         | 50         | [48, 54]                         | 57               | [54, 59]             |  |
| Mexico                                    | 55             | [51, 56]                         | 62         | [54, 64]                         | 51               | [50, 53]             |  |
| Costa Rica                                | 56             | [51, 58]                         | 66         | [59, 68]                         | 49               | [49, 54]             |  |
| Brazil                                    | 57             | [53, 59]                         | 56         | [47, 59]                         | 59               | [56, 60]             |  |
| Mongolia                                  | 58             | [55, 62]                         | 65         | [60, 75]                         | 55               | [46, 61]             |  |
| North Macedonia                           | 59             | [55, 61]                         | 40         | [39, 58]                         | 69               | [62, 70]             |  |
| ran (Islamic Republic of)                 | 60             | [57, 65]                         | 86         | [77, 92]                         | 44               | [44, 45]             |  |
| South Africa                              | 61             | [60, 64]                         | 55         | [47, 59]                         | 68               | [65, 68]             |  |
| Belarus                                   | 62             | [49, 64]                         | 68         | [47, 70]                         | 62               | [47, 63]             |  |
| JCIAI US                                  |                |                                  |            |                                  |                  |                      |  |
| Peorgia                                   | ຂາ             | [61 60]                          | 40         |                                  |                  |                      |  |
|   | 63             | [61, 69]                         | 49         | [48, 68]                         | 74               | [69, 74]             |  |
| Georgia<br>Republic of Moldova<br>Jruguay | 63<br>64<br>65 | [61, 69]<br>[58, 66]<br>[62, 66] | 80<br>69   | [48, 68]<br>[76, 82]<br>[63, 72] | 54<br>63         | [52, 55]<br>[61, 63] |  |

Annex Table 2
GII 2021 and Input/Output Sub-Indices: Ranks and 90 percent confidence intervals (continued)

|                                  | GII 2021 |                          | Innut C | Sub-Index                | Output Sub-Index |                          |  |
|----------------------------------|----------|--------------------------|---------|--------------------------|------------------|--------------------------|--|
|                                  | Rank     | Interval                 | Rank    | Interval                 | Rank             | Interval                 |  |
| Colombia                         | 67       | [62, 69]                 | 58      | [49, 58]                 | 75               | [72, 75]                 |  |
| Qatar                            | 68       | [67, 71]                 | 64      | [60, 71]                 | 70               | [68, 74]                 |  |
| Armenia                          | 69       | [64, 71]                 | 85      | [83, 90]                 | 56               | [54, 58]                 |  |
| Peru                             | 70       | [68, 73]                 | 52      | [48, 64]                 | 82               | [78, 83]                 |  |
| Tunisia                          | 71       | [68, 78]                 | 78      | [69, 82]                 | 64               | [63, 75]                 |  |
| Kuwait                           | 72       | [72, 78]                 | 73      | [70, 80]                 | 73               | [68, 74]                 |  |
| Argentina                        | 73       | [67, 75]                 | 77      | [63, 79]                 | 71               | [67, 73]                 |  |
| Jamaica                          | 74       | [68, 76]                 | 82      | [72, 87]                 | 66               | [62, 74]                 |  |
| Bosnia and Herzegovina           | 75       | [73, 82]                 | 70      | [68, 81]                 | 80               | [77, 84]                 |  |
| Oman                             | 76       | [73, 79]                 | 67      | [60, 69]                 | 90               | [83, 90]                 |  |
| Morocco                          | 77       | [70, 78]                 | 84      | [80, 87]                 | 67               | [64, 67]                 |  |
| Bahrain                          | 78       | [73, 81]                 | 63      | [56, 71]                 | 99               | [86, 99]                 |  |
| Kazakhstan                       | 79       | [77, 83]                 | 61      | [56, 65]                 | 101              | [96, 101]                |  |
| Azerbaijan                       | 80       | [80, 91]                 | 74      | [72, 83]                 | 91               | [89, 98]                 |  |
| Jordan                           | 81       | [77, 83]                 | 79      | [73, 83]                 | 81               | [78, 83]                 |  |
| Brunei Darussalam                | 82       | [77, 111]                | 51      | [46, 67]                 | 115              | [106, 127]               |  |
| Panama                           | 83       | [76, 85]                 | 83      | [77, 91]                 | 79               | [68, 86]                 |  |
| Albania                          | 84       | [82, 86]                 | 71      | [70, 79]                 | 92               | [91, 96]                 |  |
| Kenya                            | 85       | [78, 86]                 | 89      | [84, 95]                 | 76               | [75, 79]                 |  |
| Uzbekistan                       | 86       | [84, 90]                 | 75      | [71, 83]                 | 100              | [93, 101]                |  |
| Indonesia                        | 87       | [80, 87]                 | 87      | [83, 92]                 | 84               | [78, 85]                 |  |
| Paraguay                         | 88       | [86, 92]                 | 90      | [84, 94]                 | 87               | [79, 96]                 |  |
| Cabo Verde                       | 89       | [89, 97]                 | 96      | [89, 110]                | 88               | [81, 101]                |  |
| United Republic of Tanzania      | 90       | [89, 112]                | 120     | [116, 124]               | 65               | [64, 104]                |  |
| Ecuador                          | 91       | [89, 97]                 | 92      | [89, 100]                | 94               | [90, 96]                 |  |
| Lebanon                          | 92       | [88, 95]                 | 94      | [84, 96]                 | 97               | [88, 97]                 |  |
| Dominican Republic               | 93       | [92, 100]                | 93      | [90, 99]                 | 98               | [97, 104]                |  |
| Egypt                            | 94       | [85, 96]                 | 102     | [95, 103]                | 86               | [81, 91]                 |  |
| Sri Lanka                        | 95       | [84, 97]                 | 103     | [93, 107]                | 85               | [79, 88]                 |  |
| El Salvador                      | 96       | [89, 99]                 | 100     | [95, 102]                | 89               | [83, 102]                |  |
| Trinidad and Tobago              | 97       | [89, 98]                 | 97      | [86, 102]                | 95               | [89, 99]                 |  |
| Kyrgyzstan                       | 98       | [96, 109]                | 81      | [80, 89]                 | 119              | [115, 121]               |  |
| Pakistan                         | 99       | [90, 101]                | 117     | [100, 117]               | 77               | [76, 87]                 |  |
| Namibia                          | 100      | [96, 106]                | 88      | [85, 97]                 | 110              | [107, 113]               |  |
| Guatemala                        | 101      | [95, 107]                | 112     | [108, 119]               | 83               | [81, 89]                 |  |
| Rwanda                           | 102      | [99, 110]                | 91      | [87, 102]                | 108              | [106, 113]               |  |
| Tajikistan                       | 103      | [98, 107]                | 104     | [100, 117]               | 96               | [89, 97]                 |  |
| Bolivia (Plurinational State of) | 104      | [100, 109]               | 95      | [83, 104]                | 111              | [109, 116]               |  |
| Senegal                          | 105      | [100, 108]               | 105     | [97, 116]                | 102              | [97, 103]                |  |
| Botswana                         | 106      | [96, 113]                | 98      | [85, 116]                | 109              | [107, 113]               |  |
| Malawi                           | 107      | [100, 116]               | 118     | [114, 123]               | 93               | [87, 113]                |  |
| Honduras                         | 108      | [97, 110]                | 101     | [96, 108]                | 106              | [99, 109]                |  |
| Cambodia                         | 109      | [102, 110]               | 106     | [100, 109]               | 104              | [102, 105]               |  |
| Madagascar                       | 110      | [101, 118]               | 127     | [126, 129]               | 78               | [76, 94]                 |  |
| Nepal                            | 111      | [102, 113]               | 99      | [96, 107]                | 116              | [101, 118]               |  |
| Ghana                            | 112      | [102, 113]               | 114     | [105, 117]               | 103              | [101, 111]               |  |
| Zimbabwe                         | 113      | [108, 123]               | 116     | [104, 123]               | 105              | [104, 120]               |  |
| Côte d'Ivoire                    | 114      | [112, 119]               | 107     | [103, 117]               | 121              | [119, 124]               |  |
| Burkina Faso                     | 115      | [115, 126]               | 108     | [107, 119]               | 123              | [122, 128]               |  |
| Bangladesh                       | 116      | [115, 120]               | 121     | [119, 127]               | 113              | [111, 115]               |  |
| Lao People's Democratic Republic | 117      | [112, 122]               | 123     | [111, 126]               | 112              | [107, 120]               |  |
| Nigeria Nigeria                  | 118      | [114, 125]               | 115     | [106, 118]               | 124              | [122, 128]               |  |
| Uganda                           | 119      | [113, 125]               | 119     | [100, 110]               | 122              | [121, 125]               |  |
| Algeria                          | 120      | [113, 125]               | 109     | [98, 120]                | 128              | [126, 131]               |  |
| Zambia                           | 121      | [119, 127]               | 111     | [104, 118]               | 127              | [124, 130]               |  |
| Mozambique                       | 121      | [115, 128]               | 122     | [114, 126]               | 118              | [124, 130]               |  |
|                                  | 123      |                          | 124     |                          | 117              |                          |  |
| Cameroon<br>Mali                 | 124      | [114, 127]<br>[116, 125] | 126     | [115, 125]<br>[122, 126] | 114              | [114, 126]<br>[113, 116] |  |
| Togo                             | 125      | [107, 127]               | 110     | [122, 126]               | 129              | [104, 129]               |  |
| <u>Iogo</u><br>Ethiopia          | 125      |                          | 129     |                          | 107              |                          |  |
|                                  | 126      | [123, 129]               | 129     | [128, 129]               | 120              | [106, 124]               |  |
| Myanmar<br>Ranin                 |          | [114, 128]               |         | [125, 129]               |                  | [106, 120]               |  |
| Benin                            | 128      | [125, 131]               | 113     | [110, 122]               | 132              | [129, 132]               |  |
| Niger                            | 129      | [120, 129]               | 125     | [119, 128]               | 130              | [117, 130]               |  |
| Guinea                           | 130      | [130, 132]               | 130     | [130, 132]               | 126              | [117, 131]               |  |
| Yemen                            | 131      | [128, 132]               | 132     | [130, 132]               | 125              | [123, 127]               |  |
| Angola                           | 132      | [130, 132]               | 131     | [130, 132]               | 131              | [130, 132]               |  |

# Appendix III Sources and definitions

This appendix complements the Economy profiles and the online data tables by providing the title, description, definition and source for each of the 81 indicators included in the Global Innovation Index (GII) this year.

For all 132 economies in the GII in 2021, the most recent values, within the period 2011 to 2020, were used for each indicator, with a few noted exceptions (see Appendix I). The year provided next to the indicator description (directly below the indicator title) corresponds to the year when data were most frequently available for economies. When more than one year is considered, the period used is indicated at the end of the indicator's source in parentheses.

Of the 81 indicators, 63 variables are hard data, 15 are composite indicators, marked with (\*), and 3 are survey questions from the World Economic Forum's Executive Opinion Survey (EOS), marked with (†). In some cases, additional markings are provided at the end of the indicator description. Instances marked with a signal indicators that were assigned half weights and those marked are indicators where higher scores indicate poorer outcomes, commonly known as "bads."

Appendix I presents more details on the computation.

Some indicators are scaled during computation to make them comparable across economies. Indicators are scaled either in relation to other comparable indicators or through division by gross domestic product (GDP) in current U.S. dollars, purchasing power parity GDP in international dollars (PPP\$ GDP), population, total trade, etc. In all cases, the scaling factor used was the value that corresponded to the same year of the indicator.



#### 1. Institutions

#### 1.1. Political environment

#### 1.1.1. Political and operational stability\*

Political, legal, operational or security risk index\*ab | 2020

Index that measures the likelihood and severity of political, legal, operational or security risks affecting business operations. Scores are annualized and standardized.

Source: IHS Markit, *Country Risk Scores*, aggregated for end Q1, Q2, Q3 and Q4 2020. (https://ihsmarkit.com/industry/economics-country-risk.html).

#### 1.1.2. Government effectiveness\*

Government effectiveness index\* | 2019

Index that reflects perceptions of the quality of public services, the quality of the civil service and the degree of its independence from political pressures, the quality of policy formulation and implementation, and the credibility of the government's commitment to such policies. Scores are standardized.

Source: World Bank, Worldwide Governance Indicators, 2019 update. (http://info.worldbank.org/governance/wgi/#home).

#### 1.2. Regulatory environment

#### 1.2.1. Regulatory quality\*

Regulatory quality index\*a | 2019

Index that reflects perceptions of the ability of the government to formulate and implement sound policies and regulations that permit and promote private-sector development. Scores are standardized.

Source: World Bank, Worldwide Governance Indicators, 2019 update. (http://info.worldbank.org/governance/wgi/#home).

### 1.2.2. Rule of law\*

Rule of law index\*a | 2019

Index that reflects perceptions of the extent to which agents have confidence in and abide by the rules of society, and in particular the quality of contract enforcement, property rights, the police and the courts, as well as the likelihood of crime and violence. Scores are standardized.

Source: World Bank, Worldwide Governance Indicators, 2019 update. (http://info.worldbank.org/governance/wgi/#home).

#### 1.2.3. Cost of redundancy dismissal

Sum of notice period and severance pay for redundancy dismissal (salary in weeks, averages for workers with 1, 5 and 10 years of tenure, with a minimum threshold of 8 weeks)<sup>b</sup> | 2019

Redundancy costs measure the cost of advance notice requirements and severance payments due when terminating a redundant worker, expressed in weeks of salary. The average value of notice requirements and severance payments applicable to a worker with 1 year of tenure, a worker with 5 years, and a worker with 10 years are also considered. One month is recorded as 4 and 1/3 weeks. If the redundancy cost adds up to 8 or fewer weeks of salary, a value of 8 is assigned but the actual number of weeks is published. If the cost adds up to more than 8 weeks of salary, the score is the number of weeks.

Source: World Bank, *Doing Business 2020*, *Comparing Business Regulation in 190 Economies*. The World Bank has temporarily suspended its *Doing Business* data collection but it will be resumed at a later stage. (https://www.doingbusiness.org/en/reports/global-reports/doing-business-2020).

#### 1.3. Business environment

#### 1.3.1. Ease of starting a business\*

Ease of starting a business\* | 2019

The ranking of economies on the ease of starting a business is determined by sorting their scores. These scores are the simple average of the scores for each of the component indicators. The World Bank's *Doing Business* records all procedures officially required, or commonly undertaken in practice, for an entrepreneur to start up and formally operate an industrial or commercial business, as well as the time and cost to complete these procedures and the paid-in minimum capital requirement. These procedures include obtaining all necessary licenses and permits and completing any required notifications, verifications or inscriptions for the company and employees with relevant authorities. Data are collected from limited liability companies based in the largest business cities. For 11 economies, namely Bangladesh, Brazil, China, India, Indonesia, Japan, Mexico, Nigeria, Pakistan, the Russian Federation and the United States of America, the data are also collected for the second-largest business cities.

Source: World Bank, *Doing Business 2020*, *Comparing Business Regulation in 190 Economies*. The World Bank has temporarily suspended its *Doing Business* data collection but it will be resumed at a later stage. (https://www.doingbusiness.org/en/reports/global-reports/doing-business-2020).

#### 1.3.2. Ease of resolving insolvency\*

Ease of resolving insolvency\* | 2019

Doing Business studies the time, cost and outcome of insolvency proceedings involving domestic legal entities. These variables are used to calculate the recovery rate, which is recorded as cents on the dollar recovered by secured creditors through reorganization, liquidation or debt enforcement (foreclosure or receivership) proceedings. To determine the present value of the amount recovered by creditors, Doing Business uses the lending rates from the International Monetary Fund, supplemented with data from central banks and the Economist Intelligence Unit.

The data for the resolving insolvency indicators are derived from questionnaire responses by local insolvency practitioners and verified through a study of laws and regulations as well as public information on insolvency systems. The ranking of economies on the ease of resolving insolvency is determined by taking the simple average of their scores for the recovery rate and the strength of the insolvency framework index. More information on the methodology is available on the *Doing Business* website (https://www.doingbusiness.org/en/methodology/resolving-insolvency).

Source: World Bank, *Doing Business 2020*, *Comparing Business Regulation in 190 Economies*. The World Bank has temporarily suspended its *Doing Business* data collection but it will be resumed at a later stage. (https://www.doingbusiness.org/en/reports/global-reports/doing-business-2020).



### 2. Human capital and research

#### 2.1. Education

#### 2.1.1. Expenditure on education, % GDP

Government expenditure on education (% of GDP) | 2017

Total general (local, regional and central) government expenditure on education (current, capital and transfers), expressed as a percentage of GDP. It includes expenditure funded by transfers from international sources to government.

Source: UNESCO Institute for Statistics (UIS) online database and Eurostat (2010–19). (http://data.uis.unesco.org; https://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/data/database).

# 2.1.2. Government funding/pupil, secondary, % GDP/ cap

Government funding per secondary pupil (% of GDP per capita) | 2017

Average total (current, capital and transfers) general government expenditure per student, at secondary level, expressed as a percentage of GDP per capita.

Source: UNESCO Institute for Statistics (UIS) online database (2010–19). (http://data.uis.unesco.org).

#### 2.1.3. School life expectancy, years

School life expectancy, primary to tertiary education, both sexes (years) | 2018

Total number of years that a person of school entrance age can expect to spend within the primary to tertiary levels of education. For a child of a given age, the school life expectancy is calculated as the sum of the age-specific enrolment rates for primary to tertiary levels of education. The part of the enrolment that is not distributed by age is divided by the school-age population for the primary to tertiary level of education in which they are enrolled and multiplied by the duration of that level of education. The result is then added to the sum of the age-specific enrolment rates. A relatively high value indicates a greater probability of children spending more years in education and a higher overall retention rate within the education system. It must be noted that the expected number of years does not necessarily coincide with the expected number of grades of education completed due to grade repetition.

Source: UNESCO Institute for Statistics (UIS) online database (2010–20). (http://data.uis.unesco.org).

#### 2.1.4. PISA scales in reading, maths and science

PISA scales in reading, mathematics and science<sup>a</sup> | 2018

PISA is the OECD's (Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development) Programme for International Student Assessment. PISA measures 15-year-olds' ability to use their reading, mathematics and science knowledge skills. Results from PISA indicate the quality and equity of learning outcomes attained around the world. The 2018 PISA survey is the seventh round of the triennial assessment.

The indicator is built using the average of the reading, mathematics and science scores for each country. PISA scores are set in relation to the variation in results observed across all test participants in a country. There is, theoretically, no minimum or maximum score in PISA; rather, the results are scaled to fit approximately normal distributions, with means around 500 score points and standard deviations around 100 score points.

The 2018 scores for China correspond to the provinces/municipalities of Beijing, Shanghai, Jiangsu and Zhejiang only. The 2018 scores for Azerbaijan correspond only to the capital Baku. The 2018 average scores for Spain are based only on the scores for mathematics and science, as the reading scores were not published by the OECD due to implausible student response behavior.

Source: OECD Programme for International Student Assessment (PISA) (2015–18). (www.pisa. oecd.org).

### 2.1.5. Pupil-teacher ratio, secondary

Pupil-teacher ratio, secondary<sup>ab</sup> | 2019

The number of pupils enrolled in secondary school divided by the number of secondary school teachers (regardless of their teaching assignment). Where the data are missing for the secondary education level as a whole, the ratios for upper-secondary are reported; if these are also missing, the ratios for lower-secondary are reported instead. A high pupil-teacher ratio suggests that each teacher has to be responsible for a large number of pupils. In other words, the higher the pupil-teacher ratio, the lower the relative access of pupils to teachers.

Source: UNESCO Institute for Statistics (UIS) online database (2010–20). (http://data.uis.unesco.org).

### 2.2. Tertiary education

#### 2.2.1. Tertiary enrolment, % gross

School enrolment, tertiary (% gross) | 2018

The ratio of total tertiary enrolment, regardless of age, to the population of the age group that officially corresponds to the tertiary level of education. Tertiary education, whether or not at an advanced research qualification, normally requires, as a minimum condition of admission, the successful completion of education at the secondary level. The school enrolment ratio can exceed 100% due to grade repetition and the inclusion of under-aged and over-aged students, who are early or late entrants.

Source: UNESCO Institute for Statistics (UIS) online database (2010–20). (http://data.uis.unesco.org).

#### 2.2.2. Graduates in science and engineering, %

Graduates from Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics programs (% of total tertiary graduates) | 2018

The share of all tertiary-level graduates in natural sciences, mathematics, statistics, information and technology, manufacturing, engineering and construction as a percentage of all tertiary-level graduates. Data for Israel, Japan, Mexico, the Republic of Korea, the United Kingdom and the United States of America are taken from the OECD Main Science and Technology Indicators database. Data for Malta, Portugal and Romania are taken from Eurostat.

Source: UNESCO Institute for Statistics (UIS) online database; Eurostat database; and OECD, Main Science and Technology Indicators (MSTI) database, March 2021 (2010–20). (http://data.uis.unesco.org; https://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/data/database; https://stats.oecd.org/Index.aspx?DataSetCode=MSTI\_PUB).

#### 2.2.3. Tertiary inbound mobility, %

Tertiary inbound mobility rate (%)<sup>a</sup> | 2018

The number of students from abroad studying in a given country as a percentage of the total tertiary-level enrolment in that country.

Source: UNESCO Institute for Statistics (UIS) online database (2010–19). (http://data.uis.unesco.org).

#### 2.3. Research and development (R&D)

#### 2.3.1. Researchers FTE/mn pop.

Researchers, full-time equivalent (FTE) (per million population) | 2019

Researchers in R&D are professionals engaged in the conception or creation of new knowledge. They conduct research and improve or develop concepts, theories, models, techniques, instrumentation, software or operational methods. Data collected from UNESCO Institute for Statistics, Eurostat and OECD Main Science and Technology Indicators.

Source: UNESCO Institute for Statistics (UIS) online database; Eurostat; OECD, Main Science and Technology Indicators (MSTI) database, March 2021 (2010–19). (http://data.uis.unesco.org; https://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/data/database; https://stats.oecd.org/Index.aspx?DataSetCode=MSTI\_PUB).

# **2.3.2.** Gross expenditure on R&D (GERD), % GDP Gross expenditure on R&D (% of GDP) | 2019

Total domestic intramural expenditure on R&D during a given period as a percentage of GDP. "Intramural R&D expenditure" is all expenditure for R&D performed within a statistical unit or sector of the economy during a specific period, regardless of the source of funding. Data collected from UNESCO Institute for Statistics, Eurostat and OECD Main Science and Technology Indicators.

Source: UNESCO Institute for Statistics (UIS) online database; Eurostat, Eurostat database; OECD, Main Science and Technology Indicators (MSTI) database, 2021 (2010–19). (http://data.uis.unesco.org; https://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/data/database; https://stats.oecd.org/Index.aspx?DataSet-Code=MSTI\_PUB).

### 2.3.3. Global corporate R&D investors, top 3, mn US\$

Average expenditure of the top three global companies by R&D, million US\$ | 2020

Average expenditure on R&D of the top three global companies. If a country has fewer than three global companies listed, the figure is either the average of the sum of the two companies listed or the total for a single listed company. A score of 0 is given to countries with no listed companies. The data include economies outside the European Union (EU).

Source: The 2020 EU Industrial R&D Investment Scoreboard. (https://iri.jrc.ec.europa.eu/scoreboard/2020-eu-industrial-rd-investment-scoreboard).

#### 2.3.4. QS university ranking, top 3\*

Average score of the top three universities according to the QS world university ranking\* | 2020

Average score of the top three universities per country. If fewer than three universities are listed in the QS ranking of the global top 1,000 universities, the sum of the scores of the listed universities is divided by three, thus implying a score of zero for the non-listed universities. The 2021 ranking corresponds to data extracted in 2020.

Source: QS Quacquarelli Symonds Ltd, *QS World University Ranking, Top Universities*. (https://www.topuniversities.com/university-rankings/world-university-rankings/2021).



#### 3. Infrastructure

# 3.1. Information and communication technologies (ICTs)

#### 3.1.1. ICT access\*

ICT access index\*a | 2019

The ICT access index, previously part of the International Telecommunication Union (ITU) ICT Development Index, is a composite index that weights five ICT indicators (20% each): (1) Fixed telephone subscriptions per 100 inhabitants; (2) Mobile cellular telephone subscriptions per 100 inhabitants; (3) International Internet bandwidth (bit/s) per Internet user; (4) Percentage of households with a computer; and (5) Percentage of households with Internet access.

Source: GII calculations based on the World Telecommunication/ICT Indicators Database (released January 2020) following the methodology of the ITU ICT Development Index 2017. (https://www.itu.int/en/ITU-D/Statistics/Pages/publications/mis2017.aspx).

### 3.1.2. ICT use\*

ICT use index\*a | 2019

The ICT use index, previously part of the International Telecommunication Union (ITU) ICT Development Index, is a composite index that weights three ICT indicators (one third each): (1) Percentage of individuals using the Internet; (2) Fixed (wired) broadband Internet subscriptions per 100 inhabitants; (3) Active mobile broadband subscriptions per 100 inhabitants.

Source: GII calculations based on the World Telecommunication/ICT Indicators Database (released January 2020) following the methodology of the ITU ICT Development Index 2017. (https://www.itu.int/en/ITU-D/Statistics/Pages/publications/mis2017.aspx).

#### 3.1.3. Government's online service\*

Government's online service index\*a | 2020

The Online Services Index component of the E-Government Development Index is a composite indicator measuring the use of ICTs by governments in delivering public services at the national level. To arrive at a set of Online Service Index values for 2020, a total of 215 online United Nations Volunteer researchers from 96 countries, covering 66 languages, assessed each country's national website in the native language, including the national portal, e-services portal and e-participation portal, as well as the websites of the related ministries of education, labor, social

services, health, finance and environment, as applicable. The total number of points scored by each country is normalized to a range of 0 to 1. The online index value for a given country is equal to the actual total score less the lowest total score divided by the range of total score values for all countries.

Note: The precise meaning of these values varies from one edition of the Survey to the next, as understanding of the potential of e-government changes and the underlying technology evolves. See the link below for more details.

Source: United Nations Public Administration Network, *E-Government Survey 2020*. (https://publicadministration.un.org/egovkb/en-us/Reports/UN-E-Government-Survey-2020).

#### 3.1.4. E-participation\*

Online E-Participation Index\*a | 2020

The E-Participation Index (EPI) is derived as a supplementary index to the United Nations E-Government Survey. It extends the scope of the Survey by focusing on government use of online services in providing information to its citizens ("e-information sharing"), interacting with stakeholders ("e-consultation") and engaging in decision-making processes ("e-decision-making"). A country's EPI reflects the e-participation mechanisms that are deployed by its government in comparison to all other countries. The purpose of this measure is not to prescribe any specific practice, but rather to offer insight into how different countries are using online tools to promote interaction between government and citizens, as well as between citizens, for the benefit of all. As the EPI is a qualitative assessment based on the availability and relevance of participatory services available on government websites, the comparative ranking of countries is for illustrative purposes only and serves as an indicator of the broad trends in promoting citizen engagement. The index ranges from 0 to 1, with 1 showing greater e-participation. Mathematically, the EPI is normalized by taking the total score value for a given country, subtracting the lowest total score for any country in the survey and dividing by the range of total score values for all countries.

Note: The precise meaning of these values varies from one edition of the Survey to the next, as understanding of the potential of e-government changes and the underlying technology evolves. See the link below for more details.

Source: United Nations Public Administration Network, *E-Government Survey 2020*. (https://publicadministration.un.org/egovkb/en-us/Reports/UN-E-Government-Survey-2020).

#### 3.2. General infrastructure

#### 3.2.1. Electricity output, GWh/mn pop.

Electricity output (GWh per million population)<sup>a</sup> | 2018

Electricity production, measured at the terminals of all alternator sets in a station. In addition to hydropower, coal, oil, gas and nuclear power generation, this indicator covers generation by geothermal, solar, wind, tide and wave energy, as well as that from combustible renewables and waste. Production includes the output of plants that are designed to produce solely electricity as well as the output of combined heat and power plants. Electricity output in GWh is scaled by population.

Source: International Energy Agency (IEA) World Energy Balances, July 2020 edition and February 2021 edition (selected economies) (2018–19). (https://www.iea.org/reports/world-energy-balances-overview).

#### 3.2.2. Logistics performance\*

Logistics Performance Index\*a | 2018

A multidimensional assessment of logistics performance, the Logistics Performance Index (LPI) ranks 160 countries, combining data on six core performance components into a single aggregate measure including customs performance, infrastructure quality and timeliness of shipments. The data used in the ranking come from a survey of logistics professionals who are asked questions about the foreign countries in which they operate. The LPI's six components are: (1) Customs: the efficiency of customs and border management clearance; (2) Infrastructure: the quality of trade and transport infrastructure; (3) International shipments: the ease of arranging competitively priced shipments; (4) Services quality: the competence and quality of logistics services; (5) Tracking and tracing: the ability to track and trace consignments; and (6) Timeliness: the frequency with which shipments reach consignees within scheduled or expected delivery times. The LPI therefore consists of both qualitative and quantitative measures and helps to build profiles of logistics friendliness for these countries.

Source: World Bank and Turku School of Economics, Logistics Performance Index 2018; Arvis et al., 2018, Connecting to Compete 2018: Trade Logistics in the Global Economy – The Logistics Performance Index and its Indicators. (https://data.worldbank.org/indicator/LP.LPI.OVRL. XQ; https://openknowledge.worldbank.org/bitstream/handle/10986/29971/LPI2018.pdf).

### 3.2.3. Gross capital formation, % GDP

Gross capital formation (% of GDP) | 2020

Gross capital formation is expressed as the ratio of total investment in current local currency to GDP in current local currency. Investment or gross capital formation is measured by the total value of the gross fixed capital formation and changes in inventories and acquisitions less disposals of valuables for a unit or sector, on the basis of the System of National Accounts (SNA) 1993.

Source: International Monetary Fund, World Economic Outlook Database, October 2020. (https://www.imf.org/en/Publications/SPROLLs/world-economic-outlook-databases).

#### 3.3. Ecological sustainability

### 3.3.1. GDP/unit of energy use

GDP per total energy supply (per thousand 2015 PPP\$ GDP) | 2018

Purchasing power parity gross domestic product (2015 PPP\$ GDP) per total energy supply (TES). TES is made up of the cost of production + imports – exports – international marine bunkers – international aviation bunkers +/– stock changes. GDP/TES is an indicator of energy productivity.

Source: International Energy Agency (IEA) World Energy Balances, July 2020 edition (2018–19). (https://www.iea.org/reports/world-energy-balances-overview)

#### 3.3.2. Environmental performance\*

Environmental Performance Index\* | 2020

The 2020 Environmental Performance Index (EPI) ranks 180 countries on different categories covering environmental health and ecosystem vitality. These indicators provide a gauge of how close countries are to achieving established environmental policy targets. The EPI offers a scorecard that highlights leaders and laggards in environmental performance and provides practical guidance for countries that aspire to move toward a sustainable future. The index ranges from 0 to 100, with 100 indicating best performance.

Source: Yale University and Columbia University, 2020 Environmental Performance Index. (https://epi.yale.edu/epi-results/2020/component/epi).

## 3.3.3. ISO 14001 environmental certificates/bn PPP\$ GDP

ISO 14001 Environmental management systems – Number of certificates issued (per billion PPP\$ GDP) | 2019

ISO 14001 specifies the requirements for an environmental management system that an organization can use to enhance its environmental performance. ISO 14001 is intended for use by an organization that is seeking to manage its environmental responsibilities in a systematic manner that contributes to the environmental pillar of sustainability. ISO 14001 helps an organization to achieve the intended outcomes of its environmental management system, providing value for the environment, the organization itself and interested parties. Consistent with the organization's environmental policy, the intended outcomes of an environmental management system include enhancement of environmental performance, fulfillment of compliance obligations and achievement of environmental objectives. ISO 14001 is applicable to any organization, regardless of size, type or nature, and applies to the environmental aspects of its activities, products and services that the organization determines it can either control or influence from a life cycle perspective. ISO 14001 does not state specific environmental performance criteria. It can be used in whole or in part to systematically improve environmental management. Claims of conformity to ISO 14001, however, are not acceptable unless all its requirements are incorporated into an organization's environmental management system and fulfilled without exclusion. The data are reported per billion PPP\$ GDP.

Source: International Organization for Standardization, *ISO Survey of Certifications to Management System Standards*, 2019; International Monetary Fund, World Economic Outlook Database, October 2020. (https://www.iso.org/the-iso-survey.html; https://www.imf.org/en/Publications/SPROLLs/world-economic-outlook-databases).



### 4. Market sophistication

#### 4.1. Credit

#### 4.1.1. Ease of getting credit\*

Ease of getting credit\* | 2019

The ranking of economies on the ease of getting credit is determined by sorting their scores for getting credit.

These scores are the score for the sum of the strength of the legal rights index (range 0-12) and the depth of credit information index (range 0-8). The World Bank's Doing Business measures the legal rights of borrowers and lenders with respect to secured transactions through one set of indicators and the reporting of credit information through another. The first set of indicators measures whether certain features that facilitate lending exist within the applicable collateral and bankruptcy laws. The second set measures the coverage, scope and accessibility of credit information available through credit reporting service providers, such as credit bureaus or credit registries. Although Doing Business compiles data on getting credit for public registry coverage (% of adults) and for private bureau coverage (% of adults), these indicators are not included in the ranking.

Source: World Bank, *Doing Business 2020*, *Comparing Business Regulation in 190 Economies*. The World Bank has temporarily suspended its *Doing Business* data collection but it will be resumed at a later stage. (https://www.doingbusiness.org/en/reports/global-reports/doing-business-2020).

## 4.1.2. Domestic credit to private sector, % GDP

Domestic credit to private sector (% of GDP) | 2019

Domestic credit to private sector refers to financial resources provided to the private sector by financial corporations, such as through loans, purchases of non-equity securities, and trade credits and other accounts receivable, that establish a claim for repayment. For some countries these claims include credit to public enterprises. The financial corporations include monetary authorities and deposit money banks, as well as other financial corporations where data are available (including corporations that do not allow transferable deposits but do accept such liabilities as time and savings deposits). Examples of other financial corporations are finance and leasing companies, money lenders, insurance corporations, pension funds and foreign exchange companies.

Source: International Monetary Fund, International Financial Statistics and data files; World Bank and OECD GDP estimates; extracted from the World Bank's World Development Indicators database (2010–19). (https://data.imf.org; http://data.worldbank.org).

#### 4.1.3. Microfinance gross loans, % GDP

Microfinance institutions: Gross loan portfolio (% of GDP)<sup>a</sup> | 2018

Combined gross loan balances of microfinance institutions (current US\$) in a country as a percentage of its GDP (current US\$).

Source: Microfinance Information Exchange, MIX Market database; International Monetary Fund, World Economic Outlook Database, October 2020 (2011–19). (https://datacatalog.worldbank.org/dataset/mix-market; https://www.imf.org/external/pubs/ft/weo/2019/02/weodata/index.aspx).

#### 4.2. Investment

### 4.2.1. Ease of protecting minority investors\*

Ease of protecting minority investors\* | 2019

This ranking is the sum of the scores for the extent of conflict of interest regulation index and the extent of shareholder governance index. The extent of conflict of interest regulation index measures the protection of shareholders against directors' misuse of corporate assets for personal gain by distinguishing three aspects of regulation that address conflicts of interest: (1) transparency of related-party transactions (extent of disclosure index); (2) shareholders' ability to sue and hold directors liable for self-dealing (extent of director liability index); (3) access to evidence and allocation of legal expenses in shareholder litigation (ease of shareholder suits index). The extent of shareholder governance index measures shareholders' rights in corporate governance by distinguishing three aspects of good governance: (1) shareholders' rights and role in major corporate decisions (extent of shareholder rights index); (2) governance safeguards protecting shareholders from undue board control and entrenchment (extent of ownership and control index); (3) corporate transparency on ownership stakes, compensation, audits and financial prospects (extent of corporate transparency index). The index also measures whether a subset of relevant rights and safeguards are available in limited companies. The data come from a questionnaire administered to corporate and securities lawyers and are based on securities regulations, company laws, civil procedure codes and court rules of evidence.

Source: World Bank, *Doing Business 2020*, *Comparing Business Regulation in 190 Economies*. The World Bank has temporarily suspended its *Doing Business* data collection but it will be resumed at a later date. (https://www.doingbusiness.org/en/reports/global-reports/doing-business-2020).

#### 4.2.2. Market capitalization, % GDP

Market capitalization of listed domestic companies (% of GDP, three-year average) | 2019

Market capitalization (also known as "market value") is the share price times the number of shares outstanding (including their several classes) for listed domestic companies. Investment funds, unit trusts, and companies whose only business goal is to hold shares of other listed companies are excluded. Data are the average of the end-of-year values for the last three years.

Source: World Federation of Exchanges database; extracted from the World Bank's World Development Indicators database (2011–19). (https://www.world-exchanges.org/our-work/statistics; http://data.worldbank.org).

# **4.2.3. Venture capital investors, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP**Number of venture capital deals invested in (per billion PPP\$ GDP, three-year average) | 2020

Refinitiv Eikon data on private equity deals, per deal, with information on the location of the firm investing in a venture capital (VC) deal, among other details. The data extraction corresponds to a query on VC deals between January 1, 2018 and December 31, 2020, with the data aggregated by the location of the investing firm. The data represent the three-year average of 2018–20 deals invested in and are reported per billion PPP\$ GDP.

Source: Refinitiv (a London Stock Exchange Group (LSEG) business) Eikon (private equity screener) accessed April 23, 2021; International Monetary Fund, World Economic Outlook Database, October 2020 (2018–20). (https://solutions.refinitiv.com/eikon-trading-software; https://www.imf.org/en/Publications/SPROLLs/world-economic-outlook-databases).

### 4.2.4. Venture capital recipients, deals/bn PPP\$ GDP

Number of venture capital deals received (per billion PPP\$ GDP, three-year average) | 2020

Refinitiv data on private equity deals, per deal, with information on the location of the firm receiving the VC investment, among other details. The data exraction corresponds to a query on VC deals between January 1, 2018 and December 31, 2020, with the data aggregated by the location invested

in. The data represent the three-year average of 2018–20 deals received and are reported per billion PPP\$ GDP.

Source: Refinitiv (an LSEG business) Eikon (private equity screener) accessed April 23, 2021; International Monetary Fund, World Economic Outlook Database October 2020 (2018–20). (https://solutions.refinitiv.com/eikon-trading-software; https://www.imf.org/en/Publications/SPROLLs/world-economic-outlook-databases).

#### 4.3. Trade, diversification, and market scale

#### 4.3.1. Applied tariff rate, weighted avg., %

Tariff rate, applied, weighted average, all products (%)<sup>ab</sup> | 2019

Weighted average applied tariff is the average of effectively applied rates weighted by the product import shares corresponding to each partner country. Data are classified using the Harmonized System of trade at the six- or eight-digit level. Tariff line data were matched to Standard International Trade Classification (SITC) revision 3 codes to define commodity groups and import weights. As far as possible, specific rates have been converted to their ad valorem equivalent rates and have been included in the calculation of weighted average tariffs. Effectively applied tariff rates at the six- and eight-digit product level are averaged for products in each commodity group. When the effectively applied rate is unavailable, the most favored nation rate is used instead.

Source: World Bank, based on data from United Nations Conference on Trade and Development's (UNCTAD) Trade Analysis Information System (TRAINS) database and the World Trade Organization's (WTO) Integrated Database (IDB) and Consolidated Tariff Schedules (CTS) Database; extracted from World Bank's World Development Indicators database (2013–19). (http://data.worldbank.org; https://www.wto.org).

#### 4.3.2. Domestic industry diversification

Domestic industry diversification (based on manufacturing output)<sup>b</sup> | 2018

Herfindahl-Hirschman Index (HHI) for the domestic industry defined as the sum of the squared shares of sub-sectors in total manufacturing output. The HHI is a measure of concentration and can help to determine the extent to which a country's industrial system is diversified across different industrial sub-sectors (or, conversely, concentrated in a few industrial sub-sectors). In the context of measuring domestic industry diversification, the HHI is calculated by squaring the shares of individual

sub-sectors in total domestic manufacturing output and then summing the squares. A country with a perfectly diversified industrial system will have an index close to zero, whereas a country that is active in only one industrial sub-sector will have a value of one (least diversified). That is, the more diversified a country's industry is, the lower its HHI value will be.

Source: United Nations Industrial Development Organization (UNIDO), Industrial Statistics Database, two-digit level of International Standard Industrial Classification (ISIC) Revision 3 (INDSTAT 2 2021); EQUIP (Enhancing the Quality of Industrial Policies) *Tool 4: Diversification – Domestic and Export Dimensions*, 2015 (2011–19) (http://stat.unido.org; www.equip-project.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/08/EQuIP\_Tool-4\_V150821.pdf).

#### 4.3.3. Domestic market scale, bn PPP\$

Domestic market scale as measured by GDP, bn PPP\$ | 2020

The domestic market size is measured by GDP based on the PPP valuation of country GDP, in current international dollars (billions).

Source: International Monetary Fund, World Economic Outlook Database, October 2020. (https://www.imf.org/en/Publications/SPROLLs/world-economic-outlook-databases).



### 5. Business sophistication

#### 5.1. Knowledge workers

# **5.1.1. Knowledge-intensive employment,** % Employment in knowledge-intensive services

Employment in knowledge-intensive services (% of workforce) | 2019

Sum of people in categories 1 to 3 as a percentage of total people employed, according to the International Standard Classification of Occupations (ISCO). Categories included in ISCO-08 are: 1 Managers; 2 Professionals; 3 Technicians and Associate Professionals. Where ISCO-08 data were not available, ISCO-88 data were used. Categories included in ISCO-88 are: 1 Legislators, senior officials and managers; 2 Professionals; 3 Technicians and associate professionals.

Source: International Labour Organization (ILO), ILOSTAT Database of Labour Statistics (2010–20). (www.ilo.org/ilostat).

## 5.1.2. Firms offering formal training, %

Firms offering formal training (% of firms) | 2019

The percentage of firms offering formal training programs for their permanent, full-time employees in the sample of firms in the World Bank's Enterprise Survey in each country.

Source: World Bank, Enterprise Surveys (2010–20). (www.enterprisesurveys.org).

### 5.1.3. GERD performed by business, % GDP

GERD: Performed by business enterprise (% of total GDP) | 2019

Gross expenditure on R&D performed by business enterprise as a percentage of GDP. For the definition of GERD, see indicator 2.3.2.

Source: UNESCO Institute for Statistics (UIS) online database; Eurostat, Eurostat database; OECD, Main Science and Technology Indicators (MSTI) database, 2019 (2010–19). (http://data.uis.unesco.org; https://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/data/database; https://stats.oecd.org/Index.aspx?DataSet-Code=MSTI\_PUB).

#### 5.1.4. GERD financed by business, %

GERD financed by business enterprise (% of total GERD) | 2018

Gross expenditure on R&D financed by business enterprise as a percentage of total gross expenditure on R&D. For the definition of GERD, see indicator 2.3.2. Plurinational State of Bolivia and Burkina Faso use data for 2009.

Source: UNESCO Institute for Statistics (UIS) online database; Eurostat, Eurostat database; OECD, Main Science and Technology Indicators (MSTI) database, 2019 (2010–19). (http://data.uis.unesco.org; https://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/data/database; https://stats.oecd.org/Index.aspx?DataSet-Code=MSTI\_PUB).

# **5.1.5.** Females employed w/advanced degrees, % Females employed with advanced degrees, % total employed (25+ years old)<sup>a</sup> | 2019

The percentage of females employed with advanced degrees out of total employed. The employed comprise all persons of working age who, during a specified brief period, were in one of the following categories: (1) paid employment; or (2) self-employment. Data are disaggregated by level of education, which refers to the highest level of education completed, classified according to the International Standard Classification of Education (ISCE). Data for Canada are based on Table 14-10-0020-01 of the country's Labour Force Survey estimates.

Source: International Labour Organization, ILOSTAT Database of Labour Statistics; Statistics Canada. Table 14-10-0020-01 Unemployment rate, participation rate and employment rate by educational attainment, annual, accessed February 10, 2020 (2011–20). (www.ilo.org/ilostat; https://www150.statcan.gc.ca/t1/tbl1/en/tv.action?pid=1410002001).

#### 5.2. Innovation linkages

#### 5.2.1. University-industry R&D collaboration<sup>†</sup>

The extent to which businesses and universities collaborate on R&D<sup>†a</sup> | 2020

Average answer to the survey question: In your country, to what extent do businesses and universities collaborate on research and development (R&D)? [1 = not at all; 7 = to a great extent]

Source: World Economic Forum, Executive Opinion Survey 2020 (2018–20), Appendix C of *The Global Competitiveness Report 2020*. (www3. weforum.org/docs/WEF\_
TheGlobalCompetitivenessReport2020.pdf).

#### 5.2.2. State of cluster development and depth<sup>†</sup>

How widespread clusters are<sup>†</sup> | 2020

Average answer to the survey question: In your country, how widespread are well-developed and deep clusters (geographic concentrations of firms, suppliers, producers of related products and services, and specialized institutions in a particular

field)? [1 = nonexistent; 7 = widespread in many fields].

Source: World Economic Forum, Executive Opinion Survey 2020 (2018–20), Appendix C of *The Global Competitiveness Report 2020*. (www3. weforum.org/docs/WEF\_
TheGlobalCompetitivenessReport2020.pdf).

#### 5.2.3. GERD financed by abroad, % GDP

GERD financed by abroad (% of total GDP) | 2018

Percentage of gross expenditure on R&D financed by abroad (billions, national currency) – that is, with foreign financing as a percentage of GDP (billions, national currency). For the definition of GERD, see indicator 2.3.2.

Source: UNESCO Institute for Statistics (UIS) online database; Eurostat, Eurostat database; OECD, Main Science and Technology Indicators (MSTI) database, 2019 (2010–19). (http://data.uis.unesco.org; https://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/data/database; https://stats.oecd.org/Index.aspx?DataSet-Code=MSTI\_PUB).

## 5.2.4. Joint venture/strategic alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP

Number of joint venture/strategic alliance deals, fractional counting (per billion PPP\$ GDP, three-year average) | 2020

Refinitiv's data on joint ventures/strategic alliances, per deal, with details on the country of origin of partner firms, among others. The data extraction corresponds to a query on joint venture/strategic alliance deals between January 1, 2018 and December 31, 2020. The nation of each company participating in a deal (*n* companies per deal) is allocated, per deal, a score equivalent to 1/*n* (with the effect that all country scores add up to the total number of deals). The data are reported per billion PPP\$ GDP.

Source: Refinitive (an LSEG business) SDC Platinum database; International Monetary Fund World Economic Outlook Database, October 2020. (https://www.refinitiv.com/en/financial-data/deals-data/joint-venture-deals; https://www.imf.org/en/Publications/SPROLLs/world-economic-outlook-databases).

#### 5.2.5. Patent families/bn PPP\$ GDP

Number of patent families filed in at least two offices (per billion PPP\$ GDP) | 2017

A patent family is a set of interrelated patent applications filed in one or more countries or jurisdictions to protect the same invention. Patent families containing applications filed in at least two different offices is a subset of patent families where protection of the same invention is sought in at least two different countries. In this report, "patent families data" refers to patent families containing applications filed in at least two intellectual property (IP) offices; the data are scaled by PPP\$ GDP (billions). A patent is a set of exclusive rights granted by law to applicants for inventions that are new, non-obvious and industrially applicable. A patent is valid for a limited period of time (generally 20 years) and within a defined territory. The patent system is designed to encourage innovation by providing innovators with time-limited exclusive legal rights, thus enabling them to reap the rewards of their innovative activity.

Source: World Intellectual Property Organization, Intellectual Property Statistics; International Monetary Fund, World Economic Outlook Database, October 2020. (www.wipo.int/ipstats; https://www.imf.org/en/Publications/SPROLLs/world-economic-outlook-databases).

#### 5.3. Knowledge absorption

# **5.3.1.** Intellectual property payments, % total trade Charges for use of intellectual property, i.e., payments (%, total trade, three-year average) | 2019

Charges for the use of intellectual property not included elsewhere, i.e., payments (% of total trade), average of three most recent years or most recent. Value is calculated according to the Extended Balance of Payments Services Classification EBOPS 2010 - that is, code SH: Charges for the use of intellectual property not included elsewhere, as a percentage of total trade. Total trade is defined as the sum of total imports of code G goods and code SOX commercial services (excluding government goods and services not included elsewhere) plus total exports of code G goods and code SOX commercial services (excluding government goods and services not included elsewhere), divided by 2. According to the sixth edition of the International Monetary Fund's Balance of Payments Manual, the item "Goods" covers general merchandise, net exports of goods under merchanting and non-monetary gold. The "commercial services" category is defined as being equal to "services" minus "government goods and services not included elsewhere." Receipts are between residents and non-residents for the use of proprietary rights (such as patents, trademarks, copyrights, industrial processes and designs, including trade secrets and franchises), and for licenses to reproduce or distribute (or both) intellectual property embodied in produced originals or prototypes (such as copyrights on books and manuscripts, computer software,

cinematographic works and sound recordings) and related rights (such as for live performances and television, cable or satellite broadcast).

Source: World Trade Organization, Trade in Commercial Services database, values based on the classification of the sixth (2009) edition of the International Monetary Fund's *Balance of Payments and International Investment Position Manual* and Balance of Payments database. (https://www.imf.org/external/pubs/ft/bop/2007/pdf/bpm6.pdf; www.oecd.org/std/its/EBOPS-2010.pdf).

### 5.3.2. High-tech imports, % total trade

High-tech imports (% of total trade) | 2019

High-technology imports as a percentage of total trade. High-technology exports and imports contain technical products with a high intensity of R&D, defined by the Eurostat classification, which is based on Standard International Trade Classification (SITC) Revision 4 and the OECD definition. Commodities belong to the following sectors: aerospace; computers and office machines; electronics – telecommunications; pharmacy; scientific instruments; electrical machinery; chemistry; non-electrical machinery; and armament.

Source: World Trade Organization, United Nations, Comtrade Database; Eurostat, *Annex 5: High-tech aggregation by SITC Rev. 4*, April 2009 (2015–19). (http://comtrade.un.org; http://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/cache/metadata/Annexes/htec\_esms\_an5.pdf).

#### 5.3.3. ICT services imports, % total trade

Telecommunications, computer, and information services imports (% of total trade)<sup>a</sup> | 2019

Telecommunications, computer, and information services as a percentage of total trade according to the OECD's Extended Balance of Payments Services Classification EBOPS 2010, coded SI: Telecommunications, computer, and information services. For the definition of total trade, see indicator 5.3.1.

Source: World Trade Organization, Trade in Commercial Services database, values based on the classification of the sixth (2009) edition of the International Monetary Fund's *Balance of Payments and International Investment Position Manual* and Balance of Payments database. (https://www.imf.org/external/pubs/ft/bop/2007/pdf/bpm6.pdf; www.oecd.org/std/its/EBOPS-2010.pdf).

#### 5.3.4. FDI net inflows, % GDP

Foreign direct investment (FDI), net inflows (% of GDP, three-year average)<sup>a</sup> | 2019

Foreign direct investment is the average of the most recent three years of net inflows of investment to acquire a lasting management interest (10 percent or more of voting stock) in an enterprise operating in an economy other than that of the investor. It is the sum of equity capital, reinvestment of earnings, other long-term capital, and short-term capital as shown in the balance of payments. This data series shows net inflows (new investment inflows less disinvestment) in the reporting economy from foreign investors, and is divided by GDP.

Source: International Monetary Fund, International Financial Statistics and Balance of Payments databases, World Bank, International Debt Statistics, and World Bank and OECD GDP estimates; extracted from the World Bank's World Development Indicators database, 2019 (2018–19). (http://data.worldbank.org).

#### 5.3.5. Research talent, % in businesses

Researchers in business enterprise (%) | 2019

Researchers in the business enterprise sector (measured in full-time equivalence, FTE) refers to researchers as professionals engaged in the conception or creation of new knowledge, products, processes, methods and systems, as well as in the management of these projects, broken down by the sectors in which they are employed (business enterprise, government, higher education and private non-profit organizations). In the context of R&D statistics, the business enterprise sector includes all firms, organizations and institutions whose primary activity is the market production of goods or services (other than higher education) for sale to the general public at an economically significant price, and the mainly private non-profit institutions serving them; the core of this sector is made up of private enterprises.

Source: UNESCO Institute for Statistics (UIS) online database; Eurostat; OECD, Main Science and Technology Indicators (MSTI) database, March 2021 (2010–19). (http://data.uis.unesco.org; https://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/data/database; https://stats.oecd.org/Index.aspx?DataSet-Code=MSTI\_PUB).



# 6. Knowledge and technology outputs

#### 6.1. Knowledge creation

#### 6.1.1. Patents by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP

Number of resident patent applications filed at a given national or regional patent office (per billion PPP\$ GDP) | 2019

The definition of a patent can be found in the description of indicator 5.2.5. A resident patent application refers to an application filed with an IP office for or on behalf of the first-named applicant's country of residence. For example, an application filed with the Japan Patent Office by a resident of Japan is considered a resident application for Japan. Similarly, an application filed with the European Patent Office (EPO) by an applicant who resides in any of the EPO member states, for example Germany, is considered a resident application for that member state (Germany). Data are scaled by PPP\$ GDP (billions).

Source: World Intellectual Property Organization, Intellectual Property Statistics; International Monetary Fund, World Economic Outlook Database, October 2020 (2010–19). (www.wipo.int/ipstats; https://www.imf.org/en/Publications/SPROLLs/world-economic-outlook-databases).

#### 6.1.2. PCT patents by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP

Number of Patent Cooperation Treaty applications (per billion PPP\$ GDP) $^{\rm a}$  | 2020

A PCT application refers to an international patent application filed through the WIPO-administered Patent Cooperation Treaty (PCT). The PCT system makes it possible to seek patent protection for an invention simultaneously in a number of countries by filing a single international patent application. The origin of PCT applications is defined by the residence of the first-named applicant. Data are available only for those economies which are PCT Contracting States (153 to date). Data are scaled by PPP\$ GDP (billions).

Source: World Intellectual Property Organization, Intellectual Property Statistics; International Monetary Fund, World Economic Outlook Database, October 2020. (www.wipo.int/ipstats; https://www.imf.org/en/Publications/SPROLLs/world-economic-outlook-databases).

#### 6.1.3. Utility models by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP

Number of resident utility model applications filed at the national patent office (per billion PPP\$ GDP) | 2019

A utility model (UM) is a special form of patent right. The terms and conditions for granting a UM are slightly different from those for patents and include a shorter term of protection and less stringent patentability requirements. A resident UM application refers to an application filed with an IP office for or on behalf of the first-named applicant's country of residence. For example, an application filed with the IP office of Germany by a resident of Germany is considered a resident application for Germany. Data are scaled by PPP\$ GDP (billions).

Source: World Intellectual Property Organization, Intellectual Property Statistics; International Monetary Fund, World Economic Outlook Database, October 2020 (2010–19). (www.wipo.int/ipstats; https://www.imf.org/en/Publications/SPROLLs/world-economic-outlook-databases).

#### 6.1.4. Scientific and technical articles/bn PPP\$ GDP

Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per billion PPP\$ GDP) | 2020

The number of articles published in science and technology. This encompasses 182 different research categories belonging to research areas including engineering, chemistry, physics, environmental sciences, computer science, mathematics, biochemistry, molecular biology, oncology, agriculture, cell biology and many more. Article counts are taken from a set of journals covered by the Science Citation Index Expanded (SCIE) and the Social Sciences Citation Index (SSCI). Articles are classified by year of publication and assigned to each economy on the basis of the institutional address(es) listed in the article.

Articles are counted on a count basis (rather than a fractional basis) – that is, for articles with collaborating institutions from multiple economies, each economy receives credit on the basis of its participating institutions. The data are reported per billion PPP\$ GDP.

Source: Clarivate, Web of Science, accessed March 15, 2021; International Monetary Fund, World Economic Outlook Database, October 2020. (https://clarivate.com/webofsciencegroup/solutions/web-of-science; https://www.imf.org/en/Publications/SPROLLs/world-economic-outlook-databases).

#### 6.1.5. Citable documents H-index

The H-index is the economy's number of published articles (H) that have received at least H citations | 2020

The H-index expresses the journal's number of articles (H) that have received at least H citations. It quantifies both journal scientific productivity and scientific impact, and is also applicable to scientists, journals, and so on. The H-index is tabulated from the number of citations received in subsequent years by articles published in a given year, divided by the number of articles published that year.

Source: SCImago (2021) SJR – SCImago Journal & Country Rank, retrieved March 2021. (www.scimagojr.com).

### 6.2. Knowledge impact

#### 6.2.1. Labor productivity growth, %

Growth rate of GDP per person employed (%, three-year average) | 2020

Growth rate of real GDP per person employed, average of three most recent available years (2018, 2019, 2020). Growth of GDP per person engaged provides a measure of labor productivity (defined as output per unit of labor input). GDP per person employed is GDP divided by total employment in the economy.

Source: The Conference Board Total Economy Database™ Output, Labor and Labor Productivity, 1950–2020, April 2021 preliminary release. (https://www.conference-board.org/data/economydatabase).

#### 6.2.2. New businesses/th pop. 15-64

New business density (new registrations per thousand population, 15–64 years old)<sup>a</sup> | 2018

Number of newly registered corporations per 1,000 persons of working-age (15–64 years old). The units of measurement are private, formal sector companies with limited liability. Data corrections relative to the 2016 survey were implemented by the World Bank for Panama.

Source: World Bank, *Doing Business 2020*, *Entrepreneurship Project* (2009–18). (https://www.doingbusiness.org/en/data/exploretopics/entrepreneurship).

#### 6.2.3. Software spending, % GDP

Total computer software spending (% of GDP) | 2020

Computer software spending includes the total value of purchased or leased packaged software, such as operating systems, database systems, programming tools, utilities and applications. It excludes expenditures for internal software development and outsourced custom software development. The data are a combination of actual figures and estimates. Data are reported as a percentage of GDP.

Source: IHS Markit, Information and Communication Technology Database. (https://www.ihs.com/index.html).

#### 6.2.4. ISO 9001 quality certificates/bn PPP\$ GDP

ISO 9001 Quality management systems – number of certificates issued (per billion PPP\$ GDP) | 2019

ISO 9001 specifies requirements for a quality management system when an organization needs to demonstrate its ability to provide products and services that meet both customer and applicable statutory and regulatory requirements. It aims to enhance customer satisfaction through the effective application of the system, including processes for improving the system and ensuring conformity to customer and applicable statutory and regulatory requirements. All the requirements of ISO 9001 are generic and are intended to be applicable to any organization, regardless of its type or size, or the products and services it provides. The data are reported per billion PPP\$ GDP.

Source: International Organization for Standardization (ISO), ISO Survey of Certifications to Management System Standards, 2019; International Monetary Fund, World Economic Outlook database, October 2020. (https://www.iso.org/the-iso-survey.html; https://www.imf.org/en/Publications/SPROLLs/world-economic-outlook-databases).

#### 6.2.5. High-tech manufacturing, %

High-tech and medium-high-tech manufacturing (% of total manufacturing output) | 2018

High-technology and medium-high-technology output as a percentage of total manufacturing output, on the basis of the OECD classification of Technology Intensity Definition, itself based on International Standard Industrial Classification (ISIC) Revision 4 and ISIC Revision 3, and using data from the INDSTAT 2 database of the United Nations Industrial Development Organization (UNIDO).

Source: United Nations Industrial Development Organization (UNIDO), Industrial Statistics Database INDSTAT 2, 2020; OECD, Directorate for Science, Technology and Industry, Economic Analysis and Statistics Division, "ISIC Rev. 3 Technology Intensity Definition: Classification of Manufacturing Industries into Categories Based on R&D Intensities" (2010–18). (https://stat.unido.org; www.oecd.org/sti/ind/48350231.pdf).

#### 6.3. Knowledge diffusion

#### 6.3.1. Intellectual property receipts, % total trade

Charges for use of intellectual property, i.e., receipts (% total trade, three-year average)<sup>a</sup> | 2019

Charges for the use of intellectual property not included elsewhere, i.e. receipts (% of total trade), average of three most recent years or most recent. Value is calculated according to the Extended Balance of Payments Services Classification EBOPS 2010 - that is, code SH: Charges for the use of intellectual property not included elsewhere, as a percentage of total trade. Receipts are between residents and non-residents for the use of proprietary rights (such as patents, trademarks, copyrights, industrial processes and designs, including trade secrets and franchises), and for licenses to reproduce or distribute (or both) intellectual property embodied in produced originals or prototypes (such as copyrights on books and manuscripts, computer software, cinematographic works and sound recordings) and related rights (such as for live performances and television, cable, or satellite broadcast). For the definition of total trade, see indicator 5.3.1.

Source: World Trade Organization, Trade in Commercial Services database, values based on the classification of the sixth (2009) edition of the International Monetary Fund's *Balance of Payments and International Investment Position Manual* and Balance of Payments database (2010–19). (https://www.imf.org/external/pubs/ft/bop/2007/pdf/bpm6.pdf; www.oecd.org/std/its/EBOPS-2010.pdf).

#### 6.3.2. Production and export complexity

The Economic Complexity Index<sup>a</sup> | 2018

The Economic Complexity Index is a ranking of countries based on the diversity and complexity of their export basket. High-complexity countries are home to a range of sophisticated, specialized capabilities and are therefore able to produce a highly diversified set of complex products. Determining the economic complexity of a country is not solely dependent on a country's productive knowledge. Information about how many capabilities the country has is contained not only in

the absolute number of products that it makes, but also in the ubiquity of those products (the number of countries that export the product) and in the sophistication and diversity of the products that those other countries make. Economic complexity expresses the diversity and sophistication of the productive capabilities embedded in the exports of each country.

Source: The Atlas of Economic Complexity, Growth Lab at Harvard University. (https://atlas.cid.harvard.edu).

#### 6.3.3. High-tech exports, % total trade

High-tech exports (% of total trade) | 2019

High-technology exports as a percentage of total trade. See indicator 5.3.2 for details. Data for Hong Kong, China are corrected for re-exports using data from the Trade Data Monitor.

Source: World Trade Organization, United Nations, Comtrade database; Eurostat, *Annex 5: High-tech aggregation by SITC Rev. 4*, April 2009 (2015–19). (http://comtrade.un.org; https://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/cache/metadata/Annexes/htec\_esms\_an5.pdf).

#### 6.3.4. ICT services exports, % total trade

Telecommunications, computer, and information services exports (% of total trade) | 2019

Telecommunications, computer, and information services as a percentage of total trade according to the Extended Balance of Payments Services Classification EBOPS 2010, coded SI: Telecommunications, computer, and information services.

Source: Source: World Trade Organization, Trade in Commercial Services database, values based on the classification of the sixth (2009) edition of the International Monetary Fund's *Balance of Payments and International Investment Position Manual* and Balance of Payments database (2019). (https://www.imf.org/external/pubs/ft/bop/2007/pdf/bpm6.pdf; www.oecd.org/std/its/EBOPS-2010.pdf).

## **&**,

### 7. Creative outputs

#### 7.1. Intangible assets

#### 7.1.1. Trademarks by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP

Number of classes in resident trademark applications issued at a given national or regional office (per billion PPP\$ GDP) | 2019

A trademark is a sign used by the owner of certain products or provider of certain services to distinguish them from the products or services of other companies. A trademark can consist of words or a combination of words and other elements, such as slogans, names, logos, figures and images, letters, numbers, sounds and moving images. The procedures for registering trademarks are governed by the legislation and procedures of national and regional IP offices. Trademark rights are limited to the jurisdiction of the IP office that registers the trademark. Trademarks can be registered by filing an application at the relevant national or regional office(s) or by filing an international application through the Madrid System. A resident trademark application refers to an application filed with an IP office for or on behalf of the first-named applicant's country of residence. For example, an application filed with the Japan Patent Office by a resident of Japan is considered to be a resident application for Japan. Similarly, an application filed with the Office for Harmonization in the Internal Market (OHIM) by an applicant who resides in any of the EU member states, such as France, is considered to be a resident application for that member state (France). This indicator is based on class count - the total number of goods and services classes specified in resident trademark applications. Data are scaled by PPP\$ GDP (billions).

Source: World Intellectual Property Organization, Intellectual Property Statistics; International Monetary Fund, World Economic Outlook Database, October 2020 (2012–19). (www.wipo.int/ipstats; https://www.imf.org/en/Publications/SPROLLs/world-economic-outlook-databases).

# **7.1.2.** Global brand value, top 5,000, % GDP Global brand value of the top 5,000 brands (per billion PPP\$ GDP) | 2020

Sum of global brand values, top 5,000 as a percentage of GDP. Brand Finance calculates brand value using the royalty relief methodology, which determines the value that a company would be willing to pay to license its brand if it did not own it. The methodology is compliant with industry standards set in ISO 10668. This approach involves estimating the future revenue attributable to a brand and calculating a royalty rate that would be

charged for the use of the brand. Brand Finance's study is based on publicly available information on the largest brands in the world. This indicator assesses the economy's brands in the top 5,000 global brand database and produces the sum of the brand values corresponding to that economy. This sum is then scaled by GDP. A score of 0 is assigned where there are no brands in the country that make the top 5,000 ranking. A score of n/a is assigned where Brand Finance has been unable to determine if there are brands from the country that would rank within the top 5,000 due to data availability limitations.

Source: Brand Finance database; International Monetary Fund, World Economic Outlook Database, October 2020. (https://brandirectory.com; https://brandfinance.com/knowledge-centre; https://www.imf.org/en/Publications/SPROLLs/world-economic-outlook-databases).

#### 7.1.3. Industrial designs by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP

Number of designs contained in resident industrial design applications filed at a given national or regional office (per billion PPP\$ GDP)<sup>a</sup> | 2019

An industrial design is a set of exclusive rights granted by law to applicants to protect the ornamental or aesthetic aspect of their products. An industrial design is valid for a limited period of time and within a defined territory. A resident industrial design application refers to an application filed with the IP office for or on behalf of the applicant's country of residence. For example, an application filed with the Japan Patent Office by a resident of Japan is considered to be a resident application for Japan. Similarly, an application filed with the Office for Harmonization in the Internal Market (OHIM) by an applicant who resides in any of the OHIM member states, such as Italy, is considered to be a resident application for that member state (Italy). This indicator is based on design count - the total number of designs contained in the resident industrial design applications. Data are scaled by PPP\$ GDP (billions).

Source: World Intellectual Property Organization, Intellectual Property Statistics; International Monetary Fund, World Economic Outlook Database, October 2020 (2014–19). (www.wipo.int/ipstats; https://www.imf.org/en/Publications/SPROLLs/world-economic-outlook-databases).

#### 7.1.4. ICTs and organizational model creation<sup>†</sup>

Extent to which ICTs enable new organizational models<sup>†</sup> | 2018

Average answer to the question: In your country, to what extent do ICTs enable new organizational models (e.g., virtual teams, remote working, telecommuting) within companies? [1 = not at all; 7 = to a great extent]

Source: World Economic Forum, Executive Opinion Survey 2019. (www3.weforum.org/docs/WEF\_GCR\_2019\_Appendix\_B.pdf).

#### 7.2. Creative goods and services

## 7.2.1. Cultural and creative services exports, % total trade

Cultural and creative services exports (% of total trade)<sup>a</sup> | 2019

Creative services exports as a percentage of total exports according to the Extended Balance of Payments Services Classification EBOPS 2010 – that is, EBOPS code SI3: Information services; code SJ22: Advertising, market research, and public opinion polling services; code SK1: Audio-visual and related services; and code SK23: Heritage and recreational services as a percentage of total trade. See indicator 5.3.1 for the full definition of total trade.

Source: World Trade Organization, Trade in Commercial Services database, values based on the classification of the sixth (2009) edition of the International Monetary Fund's *Balance of Payments and International Investment Position Manual* and Balance of Payments database (2011–19). (https://timeseries.wto.org; www.oecd.org/std/its/EBOPS-2010.pdf).

#### 7.2.2. National feature films/mn pop. 15-69

Number of national feature films produced (per million population, 15–69 years old)<sup>a</sup> | 2017

A feature film is defined as a film with a running time of 60 minutes or longer. It includes works of fiction, animation and documentaries. It is intended for commercial exhibition in cinemas. Feature films produced exclusively for television broadcasting, as well as newsreels and advertising films, are excluded. Data are reported per million population aged 15–69 years old.

Source: UNESCO Institute for Statistics (UIS) online database; United Nations, Department of Economic and Social Affairs, Population Division, World Population Prospects: The 2019 Revision (population) (2010–17). (http://data.uis.unesco.org; https://population.un.org/wpp).

#### 7.2.3. Entertainment and media market/th pop. 15-69

Global entertainment and media market (per thousand population, 15–69 years old)<sup>a</sup> | 2020

The Global Entertainment & Media Outlook (the Outlook) is a comprehensive source of global analyses and five-year forecasts of consumer and advertising spending across different territories and entertainment and media segments.

The E-sports dataset has been expanded with the addition of E-sports media rights, providing a richer picture of this fast-emerging market. A number of changes have also been made to the segmentation of the Outlook to better reflect the shape of the modern entertainment and media market. The Music and Radio segments have been merged, along with the new Podcasts data, to create the new Music, radio and podcasts segment, reflecting the growing interconnectedness of the audio entertainment market. Additionally, the Video games segment has been merged with E-sports to create the new Video games and e-sports segment, capturing the close relationship between the two markets.

The figures for Algeria, Bahrain, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Morocco, Oman, Qatar, the Islamic Republic of Iran, Malta, Tunisia and Yemen were estimated from a total corresponding to Middle East and North Africa (MENA) countries using a breakdown of total GDP (current US\$) for the above-mentioned countries to define referential percentages.

Source: Calculations were derived from PwC's Global Entertainment and Media Outlook, 2020–2024; United Nations, Department of Economic and Social Affairs, Population Division, World Population Prospects: The 2019 Revision (population); World Economic Outlook Database, October 2020 (current US\$ GDP); Middle East & North Africa in the World Bank's DataBank. (www.pwc.com/outlook; https://population.un.org/wpp; https://www.imf.org/en/Publications/SPROLLs/world-economic-outlook-databases; http://data.worldbank.org/region/middle-east-and-north-africa).

#### 7.2.4. Printing and other media, % manufacturing

Printing publications and other media output (% of manufacturing total output)<sup>a</sup> | 2018

Printing and reproduction of recorded media output (ISIC Revision 4 Division 18, group 181 with class 1811 and 1812 and group 182 with class 1820) as a percentage of total manufacturing output (ISIC Revision 4, section C). Where data for ISIC Revision 4 were not available, data from ISIC Revision 3 were used (ISIC Revision 3 group 222, classes 2221, 2222 and 2230).

Source: United Nations Industrial Development Organization, Industrial Statistics Database; four-digit level of International Standard Industrial Classification (ISIC) Revision 4 (INDSTAT 4 2020) and ISIC Revision 3 (2010–18). (https://stat.unido.org).

## 7.2.5. Creative goods exports, % total trade

Creative goods exports (% of total trade) | 2019

Total value of creative goods exports (current US\$) over total trade. For the definition of total trade, see indicator 5.3.1.

Source: United Nations, Comtrade database; 2009 UNESCO Framework for Cultural Statistics, Table 3, International trade of cultural goods and services defined with the Harmonised System (HS) 2007 codes; World Trade Organization, Trade in Commercial Services database, itself based on the sixth (2009) edition of the International Monetary Fund's Balance of Payments and International Investment Position Manual and Balance of Payments database (2012–19). (http://comtrade. un.org; https://unstats.un.org/unsd/statcom/doc10/BG-FCS-E.pdf; https://www.wto.org/english/res\_e/statis\_e/tradeserv\_stat\_e.htm; https://www.oecd.org/sdd/its/EBOPS-2010.pdf).

#### 7.3. Online creativity

# 7.3.1. Generic top-level domains (TLDs)/th pop. 15–69

Generic top-level domains (TLDs) (per thousand population, 15–69 years old) | 2020

A generic top-level domain (TLD) is one of the categories of TLDs maintained by the Internet Assigned Numbers Authority (IANA) for use on the Internet. Generic TLDs can be unrestricted (.com, .info, .net and .org) or restricted - that is, used on the basis of fulfilling eligibility criteria (.biz, .name and .pro). Of these, the statistic covers the five generic domains .biz, .info, .org, .net and .com. Generic domains .name and .pro, and sponsored domains (.arpa, .aero, .asia, .cat, .coop, .edu, .gov, .int, .jobs, .mil, .museum, .tel and .travel) are not included. Neither are country-code top-level domains (refer to indicator 7.3.2). The statistic represents the total number of registered domains (i.e., net totals by December 2020, existing domains + new registrations - expired domains). Data are collected on the basis of a 4 percent random sample of the total population of domains drawn from the root zone files (a complete listing of active domains) for each TLD. The geographic location of a domain is determined by the registration address for the domain name registrant that is returned from a whois query. These registration data are parsed by country and

postal code and then aggregated to any number of geographic levels, such as county, city or economy. The original hard data were scaled by thousand population, 15–69 years old. For confidentiality reasons, only normalized values are reported; while relative positions are preserved, magnitudes are not.

Source: ZookNIC Inc; United Nations, Department of Economic and Social Affairs, Population Division, *World Population Prospects: The 2019 Revision* (population). (www.zooknic.com; https://population.un.org/wpp).

#### 7.3.2. Country-code TLDs/th pop. 15-69

Country-code top-level domains (TLDs) (per thousand population, 15–69 years old) | 2020

A country-code top-level domain (TLD) is one of the categories of TLDs maintained by the Internet Assigned Numbers Authority (IANA) for use on the Internet. Country-code TLDs are two-letter domains especially designated for a particular economy, country or autonomous territory. The statistic represents the total number of registered domains (i.e., net totals by December 2020, existing domains + new registrations - expired domains). Data are collected from the registry responsible for each country-code TLD and represent the total number of domain registrations in the country-code TLD. Each country-code TLD is assigned to the country with which it is associated rather than based on the registration address of the registrant. ZookNIC reports that, for the country-code TLDs it covers, 85-100 percent of domains are registered in the same country; the only exceptions are the country-code TLDs that have been licensed for worldwide commercial use. Data are reported per thousand population, 15-69 years old. For confidentiality reasons, only normalized values are reported; while relative positions are preserved, magnitudes are not.

Source: ZookNIC Inc; United Nations, Department of Economic and Social Affairs, Population Division, *World Population Prospects: The 2019 Revision* (population). (www.zooknic.com; https://population.un.org/wpp).

#### 7.3.3. Wikipedia edits/mn pop. 15-69

Wikipedia yearly edits by country (per million population, 15–69 years old) | 2020

Data extracted from Wikimedia Foundation's internal data sources. For every country with more than 100,000 edit counts in 2020, the data from 2020 are used. Data are reported per million population, 15–69 years old. Data from China are treated as missing and classified as "n/a."

Source: Wikimedia Foundation; United Nations, Department of Economic and Social Affairs, Population Division. World Population Prospects: The 2019 Revision (population). (https://wikimediafoundation.org; https://esa.un.org/unpd/wpp).

#### 7.3.4. Mobile app creation/bn PPP\$ GDP

Global downloads of mobile apps (scaled by per billion PPP\$ GDP) | 2020

Global downloads of mobile apps, by origin of the headquarters of the developer/firm, scaled by PPP\$ GDP (billions). Global downloads are compiled by App Annie Intelligence, public data sources and the company's proprietary forecast model based on data from Google Play Store and iOS App Store in each country between January 1, 2020 and December 31, 2020. Since data for China are not available for Google Play Store and only for iOS App Store, data from China are treated as missing and classified as "n/a."

Source: App Annie Intelligence; International Monetary Fund, World Economic Outlook Database, October 2020 (2016–20). (https://www.appannie.com; https://www.imf.org/en/Publications/SPROLLs/world-economic-outlook-databases).

# Appendix IV Global Innovation Index science and technology cluster methodology

Since 2016 the Global Innovation Index (GII) has sought to identify Science and Technology (S&T) clusters using a bottom-up approach. This approach disregards administrative or political borders and instead pinpoints those geographical areas showing a high density of inventors and scientific authors. The resultant clusters often encompass several municipal districts, sub-federal states, and sometimes even two or more countries.

The same methodology used in previous editions of the GII was employed in the compilation of this year's list of the top 100 GII S&T clusters worldwide (Bergquist and Fink, 2020: 43–63). It comprised:

- selecting inventors listed in published patent applications under WIPO's Patent Cooperation Treaty (PCT) spanning the period 2015 to 2019;
- selecting authors listed in scientific publications in the Web of Science's Science Citation Index Expanded (SCIE) covering the same period;
- geocoding inventor and author addresses and then applying the density-based spatial clustering of applications with noise (DBSCAN) algorithm to the geocoded inventor and author points.

The WIPO PCT patent dataset consists of approximately 1.1 million patent applications published between 2015 and 2019 containing 3.2 million inventor addresses. For the SCIE, the dataset comprises 9.1 million articles published during the same period containing 27.7 million listed author addresses.

The geocoding of addresses for this report is as follows. PCT inventor addresses were geocoded using the Environmental Systems Research Institute (ESRI) ArcGIS World Geocoder service.¹ When the ESRI address matches proved either insufficiently accurate or ambiguous, the city name in the address string was extracted and matched using records in the city level dataset from the GeoNames Gazetteer database.² This latter database gives the geolocation of cities around the globe and contains 48,000 geocoded cities. This same city matching approach was applied to all SCIE author addresses.

Overall, 96.4% of inventor addresses were geocoded at either the city level or a more accurate level, while 95.5% of scientific author addresses were geocoded at the city level. Annex Table 5 provides a summary of the geocoding results for the top 20 countries, which together account for the majority of inventor and scientific author addresses. As shown in the table, the coverage of geocoded addresses across all 20 countries is typically above 95%, only falling below 90% in one instance.

Addresses were clustered by applying the DBSCAN algorithm. This algorithm requires pre-defined radius and density parameters. As in previous years, a radius of 15 km and a density of 4,500 was applied. Equal weight was given to inventors and authors by expressing data points as a share of total inventor and author addresses, respectively. Given that the number of scientific articles far exceeds the number of patents, cluster identification based on the raw data points would have resulted in clusters shaped predominantly by the scientific author landscape.

The result was an initial list of 227 clusters. After review, neighboring clusters were merged if the edge of a cluster was within 3–5 km of another and where the co-author/co-inventor relationships were higher than they were for any other relationship with any other cluster or non-cluster points. A total of 22 clusters met these criteria, mergers reducing the overall number of clusters identified to 216.3

The remaining 216 clusters were then put into rank by counting the number of patents and scientific articles in a given cluster. Numbers were aggregated utilizing fractional counting, where counts reflect the share of a patent's inventors and an article's authors present in a particular cluster. In addition, mirroring the equal weighting approach described above, fractional counts are relative to the total numbers of patents and scientific articles.

To produce an intensity ranking, the European Commission's Global Human Settlement Layer (GHSL) population distribution data were matched geographically to the top 100 clusters identified in the overall ranking. Just as with inventor/author geocoded locations, this population data allowed us to define the total population of a cluster using a bottom-up approach. We chose to delimit a cluster's area as being all the space within 0.05 degrees of each inventor/author location. Overlaying the resultant cluster polygons on top of the population data and aggregating all points which lay within the polygon gave a total population estimate for each cluster.<sup>4</sup> The clusters were then ranked by dividing the total S&T share by population.

### Annex Table 3

### Top 100 clusters, 2021

| 1         Tokyo-<br>Yokohama         JP         10.78         1.61         12.40         0           2         Sherzhen-<br>Hong Kong-<br>Guangzhou         CN/HK         7.79         1.51         9.30         0           3         Beijing         CN         2.62         2.95         5.57         1           4         Seoul         KR         3.93         1.61         5.54         -1           5         San Jose-<br>San Francisco,<br>CA         US         3.69         1.03         4.72         0           6         Osaka-Kobe-<br>Kyoto         US         1.44         1.47         2.91         0           7         Boston-<br>Cambridge, MA         US         1.14         1.47         2.91         0           8         Shanghai         CN         1.36         1.49         2.85         1           9         New York City,<br>NY         US         1.11         1.54         2.66         -1           10         Paris         FR         1.26         1.02         2.28         0           11         San Diego, CA         US         1.74         0.24         1.99         0           12         Nagoya         JP         1.74   | Cluster<br>rank | Cluster name            | Economy | Share<br>of total<br>PCT filings<br>(%) | Share<br>of total<br>publications<br>(%) | Total | Rank<br>chang |
|--|-----------------|-------------------------|---------|---|--|-------|---------------|
| 2   Shenzhen-Hong Kong-Guangzhou   Shenzhen-Hong Kong-Guangzhou   Shejling   CN   2.62   2.95   5.57   1   4   Seoul   KR   3.93   1.61   5.54   -1   5   San Jose-San Francisco, CA   San Francisco, CA   Cambridge, MA   Shanghai   CN   1.36   1.47   2.91   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0  | 1               | Tokyo-                  |         |   | · · ·                                    |       |               |
| Secondary   Seco | 2               | Shenzhen-<br>Hong Kong- | CN/HK   | 7.79                                    | 1.51                                     | 9.30  | 0             |
| Seoul KR   3.93   1.61   5.54   -1   | 3               |                         | CN      | 2.62                                    | 2.95                                     | 5.57  | 1             |
| San Francisco, CA         San Francisco, CA         San Francisco, CA         San Francisco, CA         San Francisco, CA         San Francisco, Cambridge, MA         JP         2.88         0.72         3.60         0           7         Boston—Cambridge, MA         US         1.44         1.47         2.91         0           8         Shanghai         CN         1.36         1.49         2.85         1           9         New York City, NY         US         1.11         1.54         2.66         -1           10         Paris         FR         1.26         1.02         2.28         0           11         San Diego, CA         US         1.77         0.38         2.15         0           12         Nagoya         JP         1.74         0.24         1.99         0           13         Washington, DC—Baltimore, MD         US         0.43         1.44         1.86         0           14         Los Angeles, CA         US         0.89         0.78         1.67         0           15         London GB         0.42         1.21         1.63         0           16         Houston, TX         US         0.96         0.51         1.46 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-1</td>  |                 |                         |         |   |  |       | -1            |
| Ryoto  | 5               | San Francisco,          | US      | 3.69                                    | 1.03                                     | 4.72  | 0             |
| Cambridge, MA         Shanghai         CN         1.36         1.49         2.85         1           9 New York City, NY         US         1.11         1.54         2.66         -1           10 Paris         FR         1.26         1.02         2.28         0           11 San Diego, CA         US         1.77         0.38         2.15         0           12 Nagoya         JP         1.74         0.24         1.99         0           12 Nagoya         JP         1.74         0.24         1.99         0           13 Washington, DC-Baltimore, MD-C-Baltimore, M   | 6               |                         | JP      | 2.88                                    | 0.72                                     | 3.60  | 0             |
| 9         New York City, NY         US         1.11         1.54         2.66         -1           10         Paris         FR         1.26         1.02         2.28         0           11         San Diego, CA         US         1.77         0.38         2.15         0           12         Nagoya         JP         1.74         0.24         1.99         0           13         Washington, DC-Baltimore, MD         US         0.43         1.44         1.86         0           14         Los Angeles, CA         US         0.89         0.78         1.67         0           15         London         GB         0.42         1.21         1.63         0           16         Houston, TX         US         0.96         0.51         1.46         0           16         Houston, TX         US         0.96         0.51         1.46         0           17         Seattle, WA         US         1.05         0.38         1.42         0           18         Nanjing         CN         0.21         1.07         1.28         3           19         Amsterdam-         NL         0.40         0.88 <th< td=""><td>7</td><td></td><td>US</td><td>1.44</td><td>1.47</td><td>2.91</td><td>0</td></th<>  | 7               |                         | US      | 1.44                                    | 1.47                                     | 2.91  | 0             |
| NY   | 8               | Shanghai                | CN      | 1.36                                    | 1.49                                     | 2.85  | 1             |
| 11         San Diego, CA         US         1.77         0.38         2.15         0           12         Nagoya         JP         1.74         0.24         1.99         0           13         Washington, DeBaltimore, MD         US         0.43         1.44         1.86         0           14         Los Angeles, CA         US         0.89         0.78         1.67         0           15         London         GB         0.42         1.21         1.63         0           16         Houston, TX         US         0.96         0.51         1.46         0           17         Seattle, WA         US         1.05         0.38         1.42         0           18         Nanjing         CN         0.21         1.07         1.28         3           19         Amsterdam-Rottedam         NL         0.40         0.88         1.28         -1           20         Cologne         DE         0.73         0.53         1.26         -1           21         Hangzhou         CN         0.60         0.60         1.20         4           22         Daejeon         KR         0.87         0.29         1   | 9               |                         | US      | 1.11                                    | 1.54                                     | 2.66  | -1            |
| 12         Nagoya         JP         1.74         0.24         1.99         0           13         Washington, DC-Baltimore, MD         US         0.43         1.44         1.86         0           14         Los Angeles, CA         US         0.89         0.78         1.67         0           15         London         GB         0.42         1.21         1.63         0           17         Seattle, WA         US         1.05         0.38         1.42         0           18         Nanjing         CN         0.21         1.07         1.28         3           19         Amsterdam-Rotterdam         NL         0.40         0.88         1.28         -1           20         Cologne         DE         0.73         0.53         1.26         -1           21         Hangzhou         CN         0.60         0.60         0.60         1.20         4           22         Daejeon         KR         0.87         0.29         1.16         0           23         Chicago, IL         US         0.50         0.64         1.14         -3           24         Munich         DE         0.74         0.36<   | 10              | Paris                   | FR      | 1.26                                    | 1.02                                     | 2.28  | 0             |
| 13         Washington, DC-Baltimore, MD         US         0.43         1.44         1.86         0           14         Los Angeles, CA         US         0.89         0.78         1.67         0           15         London         GB         0.42         1.21         1.63         0           16         Houston, TX         US         0.96         0.51         1.46         0           17         Seattle, WA         US         1.05         0.38         1.42         0           18         Nanjing         CN         0.21         1.07         1.28         3           19         Amsterdam-Rotterdam-Rotterdam         NL         0.40         0.88         1.28         -1           20         Cologne         DE         0.73         0.53         1.26         -1           21         Hangzhou         CN         0.60         0.60         1.00         4           22         Daejeon         KR         0.87         0.29         1.16         0           22         Daejeon         KR         0.87         0.29         1.16         0           23         Chicago, IL         US         0.50         0.64  |                 |                         |         |   |  |       |               |
| DC-Baltimore, MD   |                 |                         |         |   |  |       |               |
| CA         CA           15         London         GB         0.42         1.21         1.63         0           16         Houston, TX         US         0.96         0.51         1.46         0           17         Seattle, WA         US         1.05         0.38         1.42         0           18         Nanjing         CN         0.21         1.07         1.28         3           19         Amsterdam-Rotterdam         NL         0.40         0.88         1.28         -1           20         Cologne         DE         0.73         0.53         1.26         -1           21         Hangzhou         CN         0.60         0.60         1.20         4           22         Daejeon         KR         0.87         0.29         1.16         0           23         Chicago, IL         US         0.50         0.64         1.14         -3           24         Munich         DE         0.74         0.36         1.09         -1           25         Wuhan         CN         0.24         0.82         1.05         4           26         Stuttgart         DE         0.82   | 13              | DC-Baltimore,           | US      | 0.43                                    | 1.44                                     | 1.86  | 0             |
| 16         Houston, TX         US         0.96         0.51         1.46         0           17         Seattle, WA         US         1.05         0.38         1.42         0           18         Nanjing         CN         0.21         1.07         1.28         3           19         Amsterdam-Rotterdam         NL         0.40         0.88         1.28         -1           20         Cologne         DE         0.73         0.53         1.26         -1           21         Hangzhou         CN         0.60         0.60         0.60         1.20         4           22         Daejeon         KR         0.87         0.29         1.16         0           23         Chicago, IL         US         0.50         0.64         1.14         -3           24         Munich         DE         0.74         0.36         1.09         -1           25         Wuhan         CN         0.24         0.82         0.21         1.03         0           26         Stuttgart         DE         0.82         0.21         1.03         0           27         Tel Aviv         IL         0.66         0.  | 14              |                         | US      | 0.89                                    | 0.78                                     | 1.67  | 0             |
| 17         Seattle, WA         US         1.05         0.38         1.42         0           18         Nanjing         CN         0.21         1.07         1.28         3           19         Amsterdam-Rotterdam Rotterdam Rotterdam Rotterdam Rotterdam Rotterdam Rotterdam Rotterdam         NL         0.40         0.88         1.28         -1           20         Cologne         DE         0.73         0.53         1.26         -1           21         Hangzhou         CN         0.60         0.60         1.20         4           22         Daejeon         KR         0.87         0.29         1.16         0           23         Chicago, IL         US         0.50         0.64         1.14         -3           24         Munich         DE         0.74         0.36         1.09         -1           25         Wuhan         CN         0.24         0.82         0.21         1.03         0           26         Stuttgart         DE         0.82         0.21         1.03         0           27         Tel Aviv- Jerusalem         IL         0.66         0.35         1.01         -3           28         Taipei-Hsinchu<  | 15              | London                  | GB      | 0.42                                    | 1.21                                     | 1.63  | 0             |
| 18         Nanjing         CN         0.21         1.07         1.28         3           19         Amsterdam-Rotterdam-Rotterdam-Rotterdam         NL         0.40         0.88         1.28         -1           20         Cologne         DE         0.73         0.53         1.26         -1           21         Hangzhou         CN         0.60         0.60         1.20         4           22         Daejeon         KR         0.87         0.29         1.16         0           23         Chicago, IL         US         0.50         0.64         1.14         -3           24         Munich         DE         0.74         0.36         1.09         -1           25         Wuhan         CN         0.24         0.82         1.05         4           26         Stuttgart         DE         0.82         0.21         1.03         0           27         Tel Aviv-Jerusalem         IL         0.66         0.35         1.01         -3           28         Taipei-Hsinchu         TW         0.29         0.69         0.97         -1           29         Singapore         SG         0.38         0.52   | 16              | Houston, TX             | US      | 0.96                                    | 0.51                                     | 1.46  | 0             |
| 19   | 17              | Seattle, WA             | US      | 1.05                                    | 0.38                                     | 1.42  | 0             |
| Rotterdam  |                 | , ,                     |         |   | 1.07                                     | 1.28  |               |
| 21         Hangzhou         CN         0.60         0.60         1.20         4           22         Daejeon         KR         0.87         0.29         1.16         0           23         Chicago, IL         US         0.50         0.64         1.14         -3           24         Munich         DE         0.74         0.36         1.09         -1           25         Wuhan         CN         0.24         0.82         0.21         1.03         0           26         Stuttgart         DE         0.82         0.21         1.03         0           27         Tel Aviv- Jerusalem         IL         0.66         0.35         1.01         -3           28         Taipei-Hsinchu         TW         0.29         0.69         0.97         -1           29         Singapore         SG         0.38         0.52         0.90         -1           30         Philadelphia, PA US         0.31         0.58         0.89         1           31         Melbourne         AU         0.19         0.69         0.87         4           32         Moscow         RU         0.18         0.68         0.86   |                 | Rotterdam               |         |   |  |       |               |
| 22         Daejeon         KR         0.87         0.29         1.16         0           23         Chicago, IL         US         0.50         0.64         1.14         -3           24         Munich         DE         0.74         0.36         1.09         -1           25         Wuhan         CN         0.24         0.82         1.05         4           26         Stuttgart         DE         0.82         0.21         1.03         0           27         Tel Aviv-Jerusalem         IL         0.66         0.35         1.01         -3           28         Taipei-Hsinchu         TW         0.29         0.69         0.97         -1           29         Singapore         SG         0.38         0.52         0.90         -1           30         Philadelphia, PA US         0.31         0.58         0.89         1           31         Melbourne         AU         0.19         0.69         0.87         4           32         Moscow         RU         0.18         0.68         0.86         0           33         Xi'an         CN         0.08         0.77         0.86         7 <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>   |                 | -                       |         |   |  |       |               |
| 23         Chicago, IL         US         0.50         0.64         1.14         -3           24         Munich         DE         0.74         0.36         1.09         -1           25         Wuhan         CN         0.24         0.82         1.05         4           26         Stuttgart         DE         0.82         0.21         1.03         0           27         Tel Aviv- Jerusalem         IL         0.66         0.35         1.01         -3           28         Taipei-Hsinchu         TW         0.29         0.69         0.97         -1           29         Singapore         SG         0.38         0.52         0.90         -1           30         Philadelphia, PA US         0.31         0.58         0.89         1           31         Melbourne         AU         0.19         0.69         0.87         4           32         Moscow         RU         0.18         0.68         0.86         0           33         Xi'an         CN         0.08         0.77         0.86         7           34         Minneapolis, MN         US         0.58         0.27         0.85         -4 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>  |                 |                         |         |   |  |       |               |
| 24         Munich         DE         0.74         0.36         1.09         -1           25         Wuhan         CN         0.24         0.82         1.05         4           26         Stuttgart         DE         0.82         0.21         1.03         0           27         Tel Aviv-Jerusalem         IL         0.66         0.35         1.01         -3           28         Taipei-Hsinchu         TW         0.29         0.69         0.97         -1           29         Singapore         SG         0.38         0.52         0.90         -1           30         Philadelphia, PA US         0.31         0.58         0.89         1           31         Melbourne         AU         0.19         0.69         0.87         4           32         Moscow         RU         0.18         0.68         0.86         0           33         Xi'an         CN         0.08         0.77         0.86         7           34         Minneapolis, MS         US         0.58         0.27         0.85         -4           35         Stockholm         SE         0.54         0.31         0.84         -2   |                 | -                       |         |   |  |       |               |
| 25         Wuhan         CN         0.24         0.82         1.05         4           26         Stuttgart         DE         0.82         0.21         1.03         0           27         Tel Aviv-Jerusalem         IL         0.66         0.35         1.01         -3           28         Taipei-Hsinchu         TW         0.29         0.69         0.97         -1           29         Singapore         SG         0.38         0.52         0.90         -1           30         Philadelphia, PA US         0.31         0.58         0.89         1           31         Melbourne         AU         0.19         0.69         0.87         4           32         Moscow         RU         0.18         0.68         0.86         0           33         Xi'an         CN         0.08         0.77         0.86         7           34         Minneapolis, MS         US         0.58         0.27         0.85         -4           35         Stockholm         SE         0.54         0.31         0.84         -2           36         Eindhoven         BE/NL         0.76         0.07         0.83         -2   |                 | <u> </u>                |         |   |  |       |               |
| 26         Stuttgart         DE         0.82         0.21         1.03         0           27         Tel Aviv-Jerusalem         IL         0.66         0.35         1.01         -3           28         Taipei-Hsinchu         TW         0.29         0.69         0.97         -1           29         Singapore         SG         0.38         0.52         0.90         -1           30         Philadelphia, PA US         0.31         0.58         0.89         1           31         Melbourne         AU         0.19         0.69         0.87         4           32         Moscow         RU         0.18         0.68         0.86         0           33         Xi'an         CN         0.08         0.77         0.86         7           34         Minneapolis, MS         US         0.58         0.27         0.85         -4           35         Stockholm         SE         0.54         0.31         0.84         -2           36         Eindhoven         BE/NL         0.76         0.07         0.83         -2           37         Sydney         AU         0.23         0.58         0.81  |                 |                         |         |   |  |       |               |
| 27         Tel Aviv— Jerusalem         IL         0.66         0.35         1.01         -3           28         Taipei-Hsinchu         TW         0.29         0.69         0.97         -1           29         Singapore         SG         0.38         0.52         0.90         -1           30         Philadelphia, PA US         0.31         0.58         0.89         1           31         Melbourne         AU         0.19         0.69         0.87         4           32         Moscow         RU         0.18         0.68         0.86         0           33         Xi'an         CN         0.08         0.77         0.86         7           34         Minneapolis, MS         US         0.58         0.27         0.85         -4           35         Stockholm         SE         0.54         0.31         0.84         -2           36         Eindhoven         BE/NL         0.76         0.07         0.83         -2           37         Sydney         AU         0.23         0.58         0.81         0           38         Raleigh, NC         US         0.27         0.54         0.80         <   |                 |                         |         |   |  |       |               |
| 29         Singapore         SG         0.38         0.52         0.90         -1           30         Philadelphia, PA US         0.31         0.58         0.89         1           31         Melbourne         AU         0.19         0.69         0.87         4           32         Moscow         RU         0.18         0.68         0.86         0           33         Xi'an         CN         0.08         0.77         0.86         7           34         Minneapolis, MN         US         0.58         0.27         0.85         -4           35         Stockholm         SE         0.54         0.31         0.84         -2           36         Eindhoven         BE/NL         0.76         0.07         0.83         -2           37         Sydney         AU         0.23         0.58         0.81         0           38         Raleigh, NC         US         0.27         0.54         0.80         -2           39         Chengdu         CN         0.15         0.62         0.77         8           40         Toronto, ON         CA         0.22         0.54         0.76         -1     <  |                 | Tel Aviv-               |         |   |  |       |               |
| 30         Philadelphia, PA US         0.31         0.58         0.89         1           31         Melbourne         AU         0.19         0.69         0.87         4           32         Moscow         RU         0.18         0.68         0.86         0           33         Xi'an         CN         0.08         0.77         0.86         7           34         Minneapolis, MN         US         0.58         0.27         0.85         -4           35         Stockholm         SE         0.54         0.31         0.84         -2           36         Eindhoven         BE/NL         0.76         0.07         0.83         -2           37         Sydney         AU         0.23         0.58         0.81         0           38         Raleigh, NC         US         0.27         0.54         0.80         -2           39         Chengdu         CN         0.15         0.62         0.77         8           40         Toronto, ON         CA         0.22         0.54         0.76         -1           41         Tehran         IR         0.02         0.74         0.75         2  | 28              | Taipei-Hsinchu          | TW      | 0.29                                    | 0.69                                     | 0.97  | -1            |
| 31         Melbourne         AU         0.19         0.69         0.87         4           32         Moscow         RU         0.18         0.68         0.86         0           33         Xi'an         CN         0.08         0.77         0.86         7           34         Minneapolis, MN         US         0.58         0.27         0.85         -4           35         Stockholm         SE         0.54         0.31         0.84         -2           36         Eindhoven         BE/NL         0.76         0.07         0.83         -2           37         Sydney         AU         0.23         0.58         0.81         0           38         Raleigh, NC         US         0.27         0.54         0.80         -2           39         Chengdu         CN         0.15         0.62         0.77         8           40         Toronto, ON         CA         0.22         0.54         0.76         -1           41         Tehran         IR         0.02         0.74         0.75         2           42         Frankfurt Am Main         DE         0.47         0.28         0.75 <t< td=""><td>29</td><td>Singapore</td><td>SG</td><td>0.38</td><td>0.52</td><td>0.90</td><td>-1</td></t<>   | 29              | Singapore               | SG      | 0.38                                    | 0.52                                     | 0.90  | -1            |
| 32         Moscow         RU         0.18         0.68         0.86         0           33         Xi'an         CN         0.08         0.77         0.86         7           34         Minneapolis, MN         US         0.58         0.27         0.85         -4           35         Stockholm         SE         0.54         0.31         0.84         -2           36         Eindhoven         BE/NL         0.76         0.07         0.83         -2           37         Sydney         AU         0.23         0.58         0.81         0           38         Raleigh, NC         US         0.27         0.54         0.80         -2           39         Chengdu         CN         0.15         0.62         0.77         8           40         Toronto, ON         CA         0.22         0.54         0.76         -1           41         Tehran         IR         0.02         0.74         0.75         2           42         Frankfurt Am Main         DE         0.47         0.28         0.75         -4           43         Brussels         BE         0.30         0.44         0.72 <t< td=""><td>30</td><td>Philadelphia, PA</td><td>US</td><td>0.31</td><td>0.58</td><td>0.89</td><td>1</td></t<>   | 30              | Philadelphia, PA        | US      | 0.31                                    | 0.58                                     | 0.89  | 1             |
| 33         Xi'an         CN         0.08         0.77         0.86         7           34         Minneapolis, MN         US         0.58         0.27         0.85         -4           35         Stockholm         SE         0.54         0.31         0.84         -2           36         Eindhoven         BE/NL         0.76         0.07         0.83         -2           37         Sydney         AU         0.23         0.58         0.81         0           38         Raleigh, NC         US         0.27         0.54         0.80         -2           39         Chengdu         CN         0.15         0.62         0.77         8           40         Toronto, ON         CA         0.22         0.54         0.76         -1           41         Tehran         IR         0.02         0.74         0.75         2           42         Frankfurt Am Main         DE         0.47         0.28         0.75         -4           43         Brussels         BE         0.30         0.44         0.73         -2           44         Portland, OR         US         0.58         0.14         0.72  | 31              | Melbourne               | AU      | 0.19                                    | 0.69                                     | 0.87  | 4             |
| 34         Minneapolis, MN         US         0.58         0.27         0.85         -4           35         Stockholm         SE         0.54         0.31         0.84         -2           36         Eindhoven         BE/NL         0.76         0.07         0.83         -2           37         Sydney         AU         0.23         0.58         0.81         0           38         Raleigh, NC         US         0.27         0.54         0.80         -2           39         Chengdu         CN         0.15         0.62         0.77         8           40         Toronto, ON         CA         0.22         0.54         0.76         -1           41         Tehran         IR         0.02         0.74         0.75         2           42         Frankfurt Am Main         DE         0.47         0.28         0.75         -4           43         Brussels         BE         0.30         0.44         0.73         -2           44         Portland, OR         US         0.58         0.14         0.72         -2           45         Berlin         DE         0.31         0.40         0.71  | 32              | Moscow                  | RU      | 0.18                                    | 0.68                                     | 0.86  | 0             |
| MN         SE         0.54         0.31         0.84         -2           36         Eindhoven         BE/NL         0.76         0.07         0.83         -2           37         Sydney         AU         0.23         0.58         0.81         0           38         Raleigh, NC         US         0.27         0.54         0.80         -2           39         Chengdu         CN         0.15         0.62         0.77         8           40         Toronto, ON         CA         0.22         0.54         0.76         -1           41         Tehran         IR         0.02         0.74         0.75         2           42         Frankfurt Am Main         DE         0.47         0.28         0.75         -4           43         Brussels         BE         0.30         0.44         0.73         -2           44         Portland, OR         US         0.58         0.14         0.72         -2           45         Berlin         DE         0.31         0.40         0.71         -1           46         Madrid         ES         0.13         0.58         0.71         -1 <tr< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr<>   |                 |                         |         |   |  |       |               |
| 36         Eindhoven         BE/NL         0.76         0.07         0.83         -2           37         Sydney         AU         0.23         0.58         0.81         0           38         Raleigh, NC         US         0.27         0.54         0.80         -2           39         Chengdu         CN         0.15         0.62         0.77         8           40         Toronto, ON         CA         0.22         0.54         0.76         -1           41         Tehran         IR         0.02         0.74         0.75         2           42         Frankfurt Am Main         DE         0.47         0.28         0.75         -4           43         Brussels         BE         0.30         0.44         0.73         -2           44         Portland, OR         US         0.58         0.14         0.72         -2           45         Berlin         DE         0.31         0.40         0.71         -1           46         Madrid         ES         0.13         0.58         0.71         -1           47         Barcelona         ES         0.22         0.49         0.71 <t< td=""><td></td><td>MN</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>  |                 | MN                      |         |   |  |       |               |
| 37         Sydney         AU         0.23         0.58         0.81         0           38         Raleigh, NC         US         0.27         0.54         0.80         -2           39         Chengdu         CN         0.15         0.62         0.77         8           40         Toronto, ON         CA         0.22         0.54         0.76         -1           41         Tehran         IR         0.02         0.74         0.75         2           42         Frankfurt Am Main         DE         0.47         0.28         0.75         -4           43         Brussels         BE         0.30         0.44         0.73         -2           44         Portland, OR         US         0.58         0.14         0.72         -2           45         Berlin         DE         0.31         0.40         0.71         -1           46         Madrid         ES         0.13         0.58         0.71         -1           47         Barcelona         ES         0.22         0.49         0.71         -1           48         Milan         IT         0.21         0.44         0.65         0 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>  |                 |                         |         |   |  |       |               |
| 38         Raleigh, NC         US         0.27         0.54         0.80         -2           39         Chengdu         CN         0.15         0.62         0.77         8           40         Toronto, ON         CA         0.22         0.54         0.76         -1           41         Tehran         IR         0.02         0.74         0.75         2           42         Frankfurt Am Main         DE         0.47         0.28         0.75         -4           43         Brussels         BE         0.30         0.44         0.73         -2           44         Portland, OR         US         0.58         0.14         0.72         -2           45         Berlin         DE         0.31         0.40         0.71         -1           46         Madrid         ES         0.13         0.58         0.71         -1           47         Barcelona         ES         0.22         0.49         0.71         -1           48         Milan         IT         0.21         0.44         0.65         0           49         Istanbul         TR         0.28         0.36         0.64         2 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>   |                 |                         |         |   |  |       |               |
| 39         Chengdu         CN         0.15         0.62         0.77         8           40         Toronto, ON         CA         0.22         0.54         0.76         -1           41         Tehran         IR         0.02         0.74         0.75         2           42         Frankfurt Am Main         DE         0.47         0.28         0.75         -4           43         Brussels         BE         0.30         0.44         0.73         -2           44         Portland, OR         US         0.58         0.14         0.72         -2           45         Berlin         DE         0.31         0.40         0.71         -1           46         Madrid         ES         0.13         0.58         0.71         -1           47         Barcelona         ES         0.22         0.49         0.71         -1           48         Milan         IT         0.21         0.44         0.65         0           49         Istanbul         TR         0.28         0.36         0.64         2           50         Zürich         CH/DE         0.29         0.34         0.63         -1 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>  |                 |                         |         |   |  |       |               |
| 40         Toronto, ON         CA         0.22         0.54         0.76         -1           41         Tehran         IR         0.02         0.74         0.75         2           42         Frankfurt Am Main         DE         0.47         0.28         0.75         -4           43         Brussels         BE         0.30         0.44         0.73         -2           44         Portland, OR         US         0.58         0.14         0.72         -2           45         Berlin         DE         0.31         0.40         0.71         -1           46         Madrid         ES         0.13         0.58         0.71         -1           47         Barcelona         ES         0.22         0.49         0.71         -1           48         Milan         IT         0.21         0.44         0.65         0           49         Istanbul         TR         0.28         0.36         0.64         2           50         Zürich         CH/DE         0.29         0.34         0.63         -1   |                 | • •                     |         |   |  |       |               |
| 41         Tehran         IR         0.02         0.74         0.75         2           42         Frankfurt Am Main         DE         0.47         0.28         0.75         -4           43         Brussels         BE         0.30         0.44         0.73         -2           44         Portland, OR         US         0.58         0.14         0.72         -2           45         Berlin         DE         0.31         0.40         0.71         -1           46         Madrid         ES         0.13         0.58         0.71         -1           47         Barcelona         ES         0.22         0.49         0.71         -1           48         Milan         IT         0.21         0.44         0.65         0           49         Istanbul         TR         0.28         0.36         0.64         2           50         Zürich         CH/DE         0.29         0.34         0.63         -1   |                 |                         |         |   |  |       |               |
| 42         Frankfurt Am Main         DE         0.47         0.28         0.75         -4           43         Brussels         BE         0.30         0.44         0.73         -2           44         Portland, OR         US         0.58         0.14         0.72         -2           45         Berlin         DE         0.31         0.40         0.71         -1           46         Madrid         ES         0.13         0.58         0.71         -1           47         Barcelona         ES         0.22         0.49         0.71         -1           48         Milan         IT         0.21         0.44         0.65         0           49         Istanbul         TR         0.28         0.36         0.64         2           50         Zürich         CH/DE         0.29         0.34         0.63         -1   |                 |                         |         |   |  |       |               |
| 44         Portland, OR         US         0.58         0.14         0.72         -2           45         Berlin         DE         0.31         0.40         0.71         -1           46         Madrid         ES         0.13         0.58         0.71         -1           47         Barcelona         ES         0.22         0.49         0.71         -1           48         Milan         IT         0.21         0.44         0.65         0           49         Istanbul         TR         0.28         0.36         0.64         2           50         Zürich         CH/DE         0.29         0.34         0.63         -1  |                 | Frankfurt Am            |         |   |  |       |               |
| 45         Berlin         DE         0.31         0.40         0.71         -1           46         Madrid         ES         0.13         0.58         0.71         -1           47         Barcelona         ES         0.22         0.49         0.71         -1           48         Milan         IT         0.21         0.44         0.65         0           49         Istanbul         TR         0.28         0.36         0.64         2           50         Zürich         CH/DE         0.29         0.34         0.63         -1   | 43              | Brussels                | BE      | 0.30                                    | 0.44                                     | 0.73  | -2            |
| 46         Madrid         ES         0.13         0.58         0.71         -1           47         Barcelona         ES         0.22         0.49         0.71         -1           48         Milan         IT         0.21         0.44         0.65         0           49         Istanbul         TR         0.28         0.36         0.64         2           50         Zürich         CH/DE         0.29         0.34         0.63         -1  | 44              | Portland, OR            | US      | 0.58                                    | 0.14                                     | 0.72  | -2            |
| 47         Barcelona         ES         0.22         0.49         0.71         -1           48         Milan         IT         0.21         0.44         0.65         0           49         Istanbul         TR         0.28         0.36         0.64         2           50         Zürich         CH/DE         0.29         0.34         0.63         -1   | 45              | Berlin                  | DE      | 0.31                                    | 0.40                                     | 0.71  | -1            |
| 48         Milan         IT         0.21         0.44         0.65         0           49         Istanbul         TR         0.28         0.36         0.64         2           50         Zürich         CH/DE         0.29         0.34         0.63         -1   | 46              | Madrid                  | ES      | 0.13                                    | 0.58                                     | 0.71  | -1            |
| 49         Istanbul         TR         0.28         0.36         0.64         2           50         Zürich         CH/DE         0.29         0.34         0.63         -1  |                 |                         |         |   |  |       |               |
| <b>50</b> Zürich CH/DE 0.29 0.34 0.63 -1   |                 |                         |         |   |  |       |               |
|  |                 |                         |         |   |  |       |               |
|  |                 |                         |         |   |  |       |               |
|  |                 |                         |         |   |  |       |               |

|                 |                              |         |   | -  |       |                |
|-----------------|------------------------------|---------|---|--|-------|----------------|
| Cluster<br>rank | Cluster name                 | Economy | Share<br>of total<br>PCT filings<br>(%) | Share<br>of total<br>publications<br>(%) | Total | Rank<br>change |
| 52              | Tianjin                      | CN      | 0.08                                    | 0.53                                     | 0.61  | 4              |
| 53              | Qingdao                      | CN      | 0.28                                    | 0.32                                     | 0.60  | 16             |
| 54              | Montréal, QC                 | CA      | 0.28                                    | 0.32                                     | 0.60  | -2             |
| 55              | Heidelberg-                  | DE      | 0.19                                    | 0.41                                     | 0.59  | -2<br>-2       |
|                 | Mannheim                     |         |   |  |       |                |
| 56              | Copenhagen                   | DK      | 0.28                                    | 0.30                                     | 0.59  | -2             |
| 57              | Atlanta, GA                  | US      | 0.16                                    | 0.40                                     | 0.56  | -2             |
| 58              | Cambridge                    | GB      | 0.26                                    | 0.29                                     | 0.55  | -1             |
| 59              | Changsha                     | CN      | 0.06                                    | 0.48                                     | 0.54  | 7              |
| 60              | Rome                         | IT      | 0.08                                    | 0.45                                     | 0.53  | -2             |
| 61              | Cincinnati, OH               | US      | 0.37                                    | 0.15                                     | 0.52  | -2             |
| 62              | Bengaluru                    | IN      | 0.32                                    | 0.20                                     | 0.52  | -2             |
| 63              | Suzhou                       | CN      | 0.33                                    | 0.18                                     | 0.51  | 9              |
| 64              | Delhi                        | IN      | 0.09                                    | 0.41                                     | 0.50  | 3              |
| 65              | Dallas, TX                   | US      | 0.29                                    | 0.20                                     | 0.49  | -3             |
| 66              | São Paulo                    | BR      | 0.07                                    | 0.41                                     | 0.48  | -5             |
| 67              | Pittsburgh, PA               | US      | 0.15                                    | 0.33                                     | 0.48  | -3             |
| 68              | Nuremberg-<br>Erlangen       | DE      | 0.33                                    | 0.14                                     | 0.47  | -5             |
| 69              | Chongqing                    | CN      | 0.09                                    | 0.38                                     | 0.47  | 8              |
| 70              | Ann Arbor, MI                | US      | 0.12                                    | 0.35                                     | 0.47  | -5             |
| 71              | Vienna                       | AT      | 0.14                                    | 0.30                                     | 0.44  | -1             |
| 72              | Oxford                       | GB      | 0.14                                    | 0.31                                     | 0.44  | -1             |
| 73              | Hefei                        | CN      | 0.07                                    | 0.37                                     | 0.44  | 6              |
| 74              | Helsinki                     | FI      | 0.25                                    | 0.19                                     | 0.44  | -6             |
| 75              | Harbin                       | CN      | 0.02                                    | 0.40                                     | 0.42  | 5              |
| 76              | Jinan                        | CN      | 0.07                                    | 0.34                                     | 0.41  | 6              |
| 77              | Vancouver, BC                | CA      | 0.13                                    | 0.27                                     | 0.41  | -3             |
| 78              | Lyon                         | FR      | 0.22                                    | 0.19                                     | 0.41  | -2             |
| 79              | Busan                        | KR      | 0.20                                    | 0.20                                     | 0.40  | -4             |
| 80              | Cleveland, OH                | US      | 0.12                                    | 0.27                                     | 0.39  | -7             |
| 81              | Changchun                    | CN      | 0.02                                    | 0.37                                     | 0.39  | 6              |
| 82              | Phoenix, AZ                  | US      | 0.23                                    | 0.16                                     | 0.39  | -4             |
| 83              | Hamamatsu                    | JP      | 0.33                                    | 0.04                                     | 0.37  | 2              |
| 84              | Kanazawa                     | JP      | 0.32                                    | 0.05                                     | 0.37  | 7              |
| 85              | Ottawa, ON                   | CA      | 0.18                                    | 0.19                                     | 0.37  | -4             |
| 86              | Brisbane                     | AU      | 0.11                                    | 0.25                                     | 0.36  | -3             |
| 87              | Bridgeport-<br>New Haven, CT | US      | 0.12                                    | 0.24                                     | 0.36  | -3             |
| 88              | Austin, TX                   | US      | 0.20                                    | 0.15                                     | 0.35  | -2             |
| 89              | Ankara                       | TR      | 0.04                                    | 0.30                                     | 0.35  | -1             |
| 90              | Shenyang                     | CN      | 0.04                                    | 0.30                                     | 0.34  | 14             |
| 91              | Hamburg                      | DE      | 0.17                                    | 0.17                                     | 0.34  | -1             |
| 92              | Lausanne                     | CH/FR   | 0.17                                    | 0.17                                     | 0.34  | -3             |
| 93              | Mumbai                       | IN      | 0.13                                    | 0.21                                     | 0.34  | 5              |
| 94              | Lund-Malmö                   | SE      | 0.20                                    | 0.13                                     | 0.33  | 2              |
| 95              | Manchester                   | GB      | 0.09                                    | 0.23                                     | 0.32  | -2             |
| 96              | St. Louis, MO                | US      | 0.09                                    | 0.23                                     | 0.32  | -2             |
| 97              | Dalian                       | CN      | 0.06                                    | 0.26                                     | 0.32  | 13             |
| 98              | Daegu                        | KR      | 0.16                                    | 0.16                                     | 0.32  | 3              |
| 99              | Göteborg                     | SE      | 0.18                                    | 0.14                                     | 0.32  | 1              |
| 100             | Warsaw                       | PL      | 0.04                                    | 0.28                                     | 0.32  | -1             |
|                 |                              |         |   |  |       |                |

0.61 -1 Source: WIPO Statistics Database, April 2021

### Annex Table 4

## Ranking of S&T intensity, 2015–2019

| Intensity<br>rank | Cluster name                         | Economy  | PCT<br>applications<br>per capita <sup>a</sup> | Scientific<br>publications<br>per capita <sup>a</sup> | Total S&T<br>share<br>per capita <sup>a</sup> | Rank<br>change |
|-------------------|--------------------------------------|----------|--|---|---|----------------|
| 1                 | Cambridge                            | GB       | 6,051  | 54,840  | 1.27  | 0              |
| 2                 | Eindhoven                            | BE/NL    | 8,274  | 6,116   | 0.81  | 1              |
| 3                 | Ann Arbor, MI                        | US       | 2,137  | 49,399  | 0.80  | 2              |
| 4                 | Oxford                               | GB       | 2,899  | 54,032  | 0.79  | -2             |
| 5                 | San Jose-<br>San Francisco,<br>CA    | US       | 6,595  | 15,217  | 0.77  | -1             |
| 6                 | Daejeon                              | KR       | 5,752  | 15,903  | 0.73  | 1              |
| 7                 | Boston-<br>Cambridge,<br>MA          | US       | 3,898  | 32,690  | 0.72  | -1             |
| 8                 | Seattle, WA                          | US       | 4,846  | 14,432  | 0.60  | 0              |
| 9                 | San Diego, CA                        | US       | 5,314  | 9,380   | 0.58  | 0              |
| 10                | Raleigh, NC                          | US       | 1,850  | 30,887  | 0.52  | 1              |
| 11                | Lund-Malmö                           | SE       | 3,551  | 19,940  | 0.50  | -1             |
| 12                | Kanazawa                             | JP       | 4,022  | 5,241   | 0.47  | 5              |
| 13                | Munich                               | DE       | 3,210  | 12,759  | 0.44  | 2              |
| 14                | Lausanne                             | CH/FR    | 2,756  | 21,535  | 0.44  | -1             |
| 15                | Stockholm                            | SE       | 3,042  | 14,369  | 0.42  | -1             |
| 16                | Göteborg                             | SE       | 2,425  | 16,374  | 0.38  | 0              |
| 17                | Nuremberg-<br>Erlangen<br>Copenhagen | DE<br>DK | 2,762<br>1,929                                 | 9,619   | 0.38  | 2              |
| 19                | Bridgeport-<br>New Haven,<br>CT      | US       | 1,160  | 19,079  | 0.36  | 9              |
| 20                | Pittsburgh,<br>PA                    | US       | 1,146  | 21,186  | 0.36  | 2              |
| 21                | Tokyo-<br>Yokohama                   | JP       | 3,232  | 3,996   | 0.34  | 5              |
| 22                | Portland, OR                         | US       | 3,031  | 6,022   | 0.34  | -1             |
| 23                | Helsinki                             | FI       | 2,240  | 14,230  | 0.33  | -5             |
| 24                | Ottawa, ON                           | CA       | 1,581  | 14,097  | 0.33  | 5              |
| 25                | Zürich                               | CH/DE    | 1,710  | 16,534  | 0.33  | -1             |
| 26                | Stuttgart                            | DE       | 2,905  | 6,066   | 0.33  | 1              |
| 27<br>28          | Hamamatsu<br>Minneapolis,<br>MN      | JP<br>US | 2,891<br>2,462                                 | 2,780<br>9,426  | 0.32  | 5<br>-5        |
| 29                | Washington,<br>DC-Baltimore,<br>MD   | US       | 748  | 20,741  | 0.31  | 6              |
| 30                | Heidelberg-<br>Mannheim              | DE       | 1,980  | 10,513  | 0.31  | 0              |
| 31                | Cleveland, OH                        | US       | 958  | 17,401  | 0.29  | 2              |
| 32                | Houston, TX                          | US       | 1,973  | 8,679   | 0.29  | -1             |
| 33                | Beijing                              | CN       | 1,442  | 13,441  | 0.29  | 3              |
| 34                | Cincinnati, OH                       | US       | 2,227  | 7,612   | 0.28  | 0              |
| 35                | Seoul                                | KR       | 1,920  | 6,502   | 0.25  | 2              |
| 36                | Atlanta, GA                          | US       | 667  | 14,332  | 0.24  | 6              |
| 37                | Nagoya                               | JP       | 2,162  | 2,513   | 0.23  | 2              |
| 38                | Melbourne                            | AU       | 515  | 15,468  | 0.23  | 13             |
| 39<br>40          | Sydney Osaka-Kobe- Kyoto             | JP       | 710<br>1,956                                   | 14,631<br>4,037                                       | 0.23  | 7              |
| 41                | Frankfurt Am<br>Main                 | DE       | 1,439  | 7,006   | 0.22  | 8              |
| 42<br>43          | St. Louis, MO<br>Philadelphia,<br>PA | US       | 714<br>806                                     | 15,481<br>12,710                                      | 0.22<br>0.22                                  | _2<br>5        |
| 44<br>45          | Lyon<br>Vancouver,<br>BC             | FR<br>CA | 1,305<br>776                                   | 9,074<br>13,157                                       | 0.22<br>0.22                                  | 2<br>–1        |
| 46                | Denver, CO                           | US       | 932  | 11,651  | 0.21  | -3             |
| 47                | Brisbane                             | AU       | 611  | 11,857  | 0.21  | 8              |
| 48                | Paris                                | FR       | 1,241  | 8,323   | 0.21  | 4              |
| 49                | Chicago, IL                          | US       | 1,003  | 10,678  | 0.21  | 1              |
| 50                | Austin, TX                           | US       | 1,443  | 8,939   | 0.20  | -12            |
|                   |                                      |          |  |   |   |                |

| tensity<br>ink | Cluster name                         | Economy | PCT<br>applications<br>per capita <sup>a</sup> | Scientific<br>publications<br>per capita <sup>a</sup> | Total S&T<br>share<br>per capita <sup>a</sup> | Rank<br>change |  |
|----------------|--------------------------------------|---------|--|---|---|----------------|--|
| 51             | Shenzhen-<br>Hong Kong-<br>Guangzhou | CN/HK   | 1,759  | 2,818   | 0.19  | 6              |  |
| 52             | Amsterdam-<br>Rotterdam              | NL      | 643  | 11,700  | 0.19  | 2              |  |
| 53             | Nanjing                              | CN      | 320  | 13,467  | 0.18  | 13             |  |
| 54             | Toronto, ON                          | CA      | 529  | 11,038  | 0.18  | 8              |  |
| 55             | Berlin                               | DE      | 870  | 9,124   | 0.18  | 1              |  |
| 56             | Vienna                               | AT      | 675  | 12,195  | 0.18  | -3             |  |
| 57             | Montréal, QC                         | CA      | 599  | 10,774  | 0.18  | 3              |  |
| 58             | London                               | GB      | 499  | 11,827  | 0.18  | 0              |  |
| 59             | New York City,<br>NY                 | US      | 777  | 8,907   | 0.17  | 2              |  |
| 60             | Brussels                             | BE      | 783  | 9,549   | 0.17  | -1             |  |
| 61             | Hangzhou                             | CN      | 907  | 7,524   | 0.17  | 7              |  |
| 62             | Milan                                | IT      | 537  | 9,324   | 0.16  | 5              |  |
| 63             | Barcelona                            | ES      | 549  | 9,970   | 0.16  | 1              |  |
| 64             | Tel Aviv–<br>Jerusalem               | IL      | 1,130  | 4,980   | 0.16  | -1             |  |
| 65             | Rome                                 | IT      | 248  | 12,266  | 0.15  | 0              |  |
| 66             | Xi'an                                | CN      | 152  | 11,490  | 0.15  | 11             |  |
| 67             | Los Angeles,<br>CA                   | US      | 810  | 5,887   | 0.14  | 3              |  |
| 68             | Cologne                              | DE      | 874  | 5,215   | 0.14  | 4              |  |
| 69             | Phoenix, AZ                          | US      | 904  | 5,005   | 0.14  | 2              |  |
| 70             | Qingdao                              | CN      | 691  | 6,541   | 0.14  | 14             |  |
| 71             | Wuhan                                | CN      | 317  | 8,991   | 0.14  | 10             |  |
| 72             | Dallas, TX                           | US      | 844  | 4,749   | 0.13  | 1              |  |
| 73             | Changsha                             | CN      | 158  | 11,127  | 0.13  | 5              |  |
| 74             | Singapore                            | SG      | 587  | 6,557   | 0.13  | 0              |  |
| 75             | Hamburg                              | DE      | 780  | 6,471   | 0.13  | -6             |  |
| 76             | Madrid                               | ES      | 260  | 9,245   | 0.13  | -1             |  |
| 77             | Warsaw                               | PL      | 177  | 10,150  | 0.12  | -1             |  |
| 78             | Daegu                                | KR      | 690  | 5,622   | 0.12  | n.a.           |  |
| 79             | Changchun                            | CN      | 70   | 9,587   | 0.12  | 4              |  |
| 80             | Tehran                               | IR      | 28   | 9,414   | 0.11  | 5              |  |
| 81             | Shanghai                             | CN      | 595  | 5,388   | 0.11  | 1              |  |
| 82             | Busan                                | KR      | 612  | 5,120   | 0.11  | -3             |  |
| 83             | Jinan                                | CN      | 205  | 8,349   | 0.11  | 3              |  |
| 84             | Manchester                           | GB      | 340  | 7,375   | 0.11  | -4             |  |
| 85             | Harbin                               | CN      | 41   | 8,451   | 0.09  | 4              |  |
| 86             | Hefei                                | CN      | 171  | 7,776   | 0.09  | 1              |  |
| 87             | Taipei-Hsinchu                       | TW      | 288  | 5,731   | 0.09  | 1              |  |
| 88             | Dalian                               | CN      | 203  | 6,895   | 0.09  | n.a.           |  |
| 89             | Chongqing                            | CN      | 166  | 6,098   | 0.09  | 4              |  |
| 90             | Chengdu                              | CN      | 165  | 5,812   | 0.08  | 4              |  |
| 91             | Suzhou                               | CN      | 594  | 2,771   | 0.08  | 0              |  |
| 92             | Tianjin                              | CN      | 110  | 6,018   | 0.08  | 0              |  |
| 93             | Moscow                               | RU      | 147  | 4,591   | 0.07  | 2              |  |
| 94             | Ankara                               | TR      | 108  | 6,088   | 0.07  | -4             |  |
| 95             | Shenyang                             | CN      | 81   | 5,042   | 0.06  | n.a.           |  |
| 96             | Bengaluru                            | IN      | 288  | 1,469   | 0.04  | 1              |  |
| 97             | Istanbul                             | TR      | 205  | 2,210   | 0.04  | -1             |  |
| 98             | São Paulo                            | BR      | 41   | 2,006   | 0.03  | 0              |  |
| 99             | Delhi                                | IN      | 39   | 1,506   | 0.02  | 0              |  |
| 100            | Mumbai                               | IN      | 68   | 942   | 0.01  | 0              |  |

Source: WIPO Statistics Database, April 2021.

Notes:  $^{\rm a}$  Per capita figures refer to 1,000,000 of population. n.a. indicates not applicable.

#### Annex Table 5

#### Summary of geocoding results

|                            | PCT applications    |  |                          |                     |   |   |  |                          |
|----------------------------|---------------------|--|--------------------------|---------------------|---|---|--|--------------------------|
| Country                    | Number of addresses | City-level<br>address<br>accuracy<br>(%) | Publications covered (%) | Number of addresses | Block-level<br>address<br>accuracy<br>(%) | Sub-city<br>level<br>address<br>accuracy<br>(%) | City-level<br>address<br>accuracy<br>(%) | Applications covered (%) |
| United States of America   | 6,182,602           | 96.88                                    | 98.16                    | 854,454             | 94.42                                     | 5.29  | 0.14                                     | 99.87                    |
| China                      | 4,055,364           | 98.86                                    | 99.40                    | 552,389             | 86.81                                     | 0.06  | 8.53                                     | 95.47                    |
| Japan                      | 1,155,048           | 92.06                                    | 95.38                    | 566,043             | 31.60                                     | 27.42   | 39.11                                    | 98.51                    |
| Germany                    | 1,324,151           | 97.36                                    | 98.19                    | 262,762             | 97.45                                     | 0.50  | 1.70                                     | 99.81                    |
| Republic of Korea          | 765,479             | 94.63                                    | 96.95                    | 231,499             | 0.08                                      | 0.96  | 79.62                                    | 87.33                    |
| United Kingdom             | 1,347,330           | 96.64                                    | 97.74                    | 81,471              | 69.54                                     | 20.72   | 8.27                                     | 98.61                    |
| France                     | 1,068,353           | 92.93                                    | 95.09                    | 107,038             | 88.02                                     | 1.65  | 6.08                                     | 96.67                    |
| Italy                      | 1,053,749           | 95.60                                    | 97.05                    | 41,973              | 89.28                                     | 5.09  | 4.83                                     | 99.30                    |
| India                      | 692,442             | 91.19                                    | 93.66                    | 39,998              | 33.29                                     | 48.56   | 16.28                                    | 98.47                    |
| Canada                     | 854,790             | 98.37                                    | 98.99                    | 41,732              | 96.80                                     | 2.56  | 0.50                                     | 99.79                    |
| Spain                      | 804,686             | 96.84                                    | 98.07                    | 26,229              | 77.23                                     | 10.76   | 11.22                                    | 99.40                    |
| Australia                  | 815,110             | 85.97                                    | 89.98                    | 20,479              | 92  | 4.98  | 2.37                                     | 99.46                    |
| Netherlands                | 494,358             | 97.38                                    | 98.50                    | 50,950              | 85.84                                     | 0.34  | 13.53                                    | 99.73                    |
| Brazil                     | 614,712             | 98.60                                    | 99.55                    | 9,423               | 83.13                                     | 11.50   | 4.76                                     | 99.65                    |
| Sweden                     | 287,747             | 97.63                                    | 98.18                    | 42,930              | 94.30                                     | 0.80  | 4.52                                     | 99.68                    |
| Russian Federation         | 370,048             | 98.96                                    | 99.24                    | 14083               | 88.35                                     | 5.28  | 5.25                                     | 99.50                    |
| Switzerland                | 318,693             | 90.68                                    | 92.40                    | 36,586              | 90.90                                     | 2.36  | 3.60                                     | 97.92                    |
| Turkey                     | 376,436             | 96.35                                    | 96.71                    | 14,422              | 38.02                                     | 47.74   | 11.51                                    | 97.55                    |
| Iran (Islamic Republic of) | 396,857             | 97.15                                    | 98.35                    | 774                 | 0.39                                      | 2.58  | 92.51                                    | 94.68                    |
| Israel                     | 152,955             | 91.04                                    | 95.38                    | 29,351              | 58.76                                     | 3.32  | 29.55                                    | 95.78                    |

Source: WIPO Statistics Database, April 2021.

Note: Listed are the top 20 countries with the highest combined shares of scientific articles and patents. PCT inventor addresses were geocoded to the highest level of detail. Due to the far larger volume of scientific author addresses, these were geocoded only to city level. DEA is Data Envelopment Analysis.

#### **Notes**

- 1 ESRI ArcGIS World Geocoder service. https://www.esri.com/en-us/arcgis/products/arcgis-world-geocoder.
- 2 GeoNames. http://geonames.org.
- 3 The mergers were: Guangzhaou with Shenzhen-Hong Kong; Hsinchu with Taipei; Matsudo with Tokyo-Yokohama; Jureselem with Tel Aviv; Istanbul Europe with Istanbul Asia; Rotterdam with Amsterdam; Irvine with Los Angeles; Boulder with Denver; Worcester with Boston-Cambridge; Dortmund with Cologne; Baltimore with Washington DC.
- 4 See Bergquist and Fink (2020: 61–63) for a more detailed description of how population data was matched to clusters: https://www.wipo.int/edocs/pubdocs/en/wipo\_pub\_gii\_2020.pdf.

#### Reference

K. Bergquist and C. Fink (2020). The top 100 science and technology clusters. In Dutta, S., B. Lanvin and S. Wunsch-Vincent (eds), *The Global Innovation Index 2020: Who Will Finance Innovation?* Ithaca, NY, Fontainebleau, and Geneva: Cornell University, INSEAD, and WIPO.

#### The Global Innovation Index 2021

The Global Innovation Index 2021 (GII) takes the pulse of the most recent global innovation trends and ranks the innovation ecosystem performance of 132 economies, while highlighting innovation strengths and weaknesses and particular gaps in innovation metrics.

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